NATCO GROUP INC

Form 3

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(Print or Type Responses)

FORM 3 UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

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INITIAL STATEMENT OF BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF

SECURITIES

30(h) of the Investment Company Act of 1940

Name and Address of Reporting Person * Â Jean Robert Gregory		2. Date of Event Requiring Statement (Month/Day/Year)		3. Issuer Name and Ticker or Trading Symbol NATCO GROUP INC [NTG]				
	(First)	(Middle)	10/24/2008		4. Relationship of Reporting Person(s) to Issuer			5. If Amendment, Date Original Filed(Month/Day/Year)
11210 EQUIT	(Street)				Director _X_ Officer (give title below		Owner r ow)	6. Individual or Joint/Group Filing(Check Applicable Line) _X_ Form filed by One Reporting Person Form filed by More than One
					51. 11 714			Reporting Person
(City)	(State)	(Zip)		Table I - I	Non-Derivat	tive Securit	ies Be	neficially Owned
1.Title of Security (Instr. 4)	/			2. Amount of Beneficially (Instr. 4)		3. Ownership Form: Direct (D) or Indirect (I) (Instr. 5)	4. Na Owne (Instr	•
Common stock	k - restric	ted stock	1)	1,200		D	Â	
Common stock	k - restric	ted stock	2)	1,980		D	Â	
Common stock	k - restric	ted stock (3)	2,590		D	Â	
Common stock	ζ.			100		D	Â	
Reminder: Report owned directly or	indirectly. Persor	ns who res	pond to the cained in this	collection of	· .	SEC 1473 (7-02	2)	
required to respond unless the form dis currently valid OMB control number.				-	lays a			

Table II - Derivative Securities Beneficially Owned (e.g., puts, calls, warrants, options, convertible securities)

1. Title of Derivative 2. Date Exercisable and 3. Title and Amount of 4. 5. 6. Nature of Indirect Security Expiration Date Securities Underlying Conversion Ownership Beneficial

(Instr. 4)	(Month/Day/Year)		Derivative Security (Instr. 4)		or Exercise Price of	Form of Derivative	Ownership (Instr. 5)	
	Date Exercisable	Expiration Date			Derivative Security	Security: Direct (D) or Indirect (I) (Instr. 5)		
Stock Option - Right to Buy	09/09/2007(4)	09/09/2014	Common Stock	5,333	\$ 8.055	D	Â	
Stock Option - Right to Buy	06/13/2008(4)	06/13/2018	Common Stock	1,503	\$ 11.43	D	Â	
Stock Option - Right to Buy	(5)	06/22/2016	Common Stock	2,116	\$ 37.785	D	Â	
Stock Option - Right to Buy	(6)	06/06/2014	Common Stock	1,020	\$ 44.7	D	Â	
Stock Option - Right to Buy	(7)	07/09/2015	Common Stock	3,100	\$ 48.185	D	Â	

Reporting Owners

Reporting Owner Name / Address	Relationships					
• 0	Director	10% Owner	Officer	Other		
Jean Robert Gregory 11210 EQUITY DRIVE HOUSTON, TX 77041	Â	Â	Sr. VP-Automation&Controls	Â		

Signatures

R. Gregory Jean 11/03/2008

**Signature of Person Date

Reporting Person

Explanation of Responses:

- * If the form is filed by more than one reporting person, see Instruction 5(b)(v).
- ** Intentional misstatements or omissions of facts constitute Federal Criminal Violations. See 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 15 U.S.C. 78ff(a).

Restrictions on this grant of restricted stock lapse (a) as to all of the shares on June 22, 2009, provided that the recipient has continuously served as an employee from the date of the award until such date or, (b) if earlier, pursuant to the 2004 stock incentive plan or upon

- (1) occurrence of a Corporate Change as defined in such plan, provided, in either case, that the recipient has been continuously employed by the Company or a subsidiary on such date or the date of such Corporate Change. The shares are subject to forfeiture upon termination of emploument prior to the time the restirctions lapse.
 - Restrictions on this grant of restricted stock lapse (a) as to all of the shares on June 6, 2010, provided that the recipient has continuously served as an employee from the date of the award until such date or, (b) if earlier, pursuant to the 2004 stock incentive plan or upon
- (2) occurrence of a Corporate Change as defined in such plan, provided, in either case, that the recipient has been continuously employed by the Company or a subsidiary on such date or the date of such Corporate Change. The shares are subject to forfeiture upon termination of emploument prior to the time the restirctions lapse.

Restrictions on this grant of restricted stock lapse (a) as to all of the shares on July 9, 2011, provided that the recipient has continuously served as an employee from the date of the award until such date or, (b) if earlier, pursuant to the 2006 long-term incentive compensation

(3) plan or upon occurrence of a Corporate Change as defined in such plan, provided, in either case, that the recipient has been continuously employed by the Company or a subsidiary on such date or the date of such Corporate Change. The shares are subject to forfeiture upon termination of emploument prior to the time the restirctions lapse.

Reporting Owners 2

- (4) Stock options vest in 1/3 increments on the first, second and third anniversaries of the date of grant. All options in this grant have vested.
- (5) Stock options vest in 1/3 increments on the first, second and third anniversaries of the date of grant. Two-thirds of this grant have vested, and the remaining one-third will vest on June 22, 2009.
- (6) Stock options vest in 1/3 increments on the first, second and third anniversaries of the date of grant. One-third of this grant has vested, and the remaining two-thirds will vest on June 6, 2010 and 2011, respectively.
- (7) Stock options vest in 1/3 increments on the first, second and third anniversaries of the date of grant. One-third of the grant will vest on each of July 9, 2009, 2010 and 2011.

Note: File three copies of this Form, one of which must be manually signed. If space is insufficient, *See* Instruction 6 for procedure. Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB number. ont style="font-family:inherit;font-size:10pt;">)

```
(16
)
—
(281
)
Net favorable development
$
(22,983
)
$
(13,051
)
$
(16,524
)
$
(327
)
$
(52,885
```

The net favorable development of \$52,885 for the three months ended September 30, 2016 was primarily attributable to favorable development within Validus Re and Talbot of \$33,033 and \$18,691, respectively. The Validus Re favorable development was attributable to favorable development on event reserves of \$18,200, related primarily to Tianjin and the 2015 Chilean earthquake, and \$14,800 of favorable development on attritional losses. The favorable development related to Talbot was attributable to favorable development on attritional losses.

```
Three Months Ended September 30, 2015

Property Marine Specialty Liability Total
$(27,613) $(13,556) $(9,306) $— $(50,475)
```

Explanation of Responses:

Validus Re

Talbot	(9,706) (14,854)	(11,412)	_	(35,972)	
Western World (a)	(1,054) —	_	(4,000)	(5,054)	
AlphaCat	(2,248) —	_	_	(2,248)	
Net favorable development (a)	\$(40,62)	1) \$(28,410)	\$(20,718)	\$(4,000)	\$(93,749)	

Upon closing the acquisition of Western World, an adjustment of \$15,586 was made to increase net reserves to reflect fair value. This adjustment was amortized to income through a reduction in losses and loss expenses of \$2,524 during the three months ended September 30, 2015, benefiting the loss ratio by 3.9 percentage points. The remaining fair value adjustment of \$2,340 was fully amortized during 2015.

The Validus Re segment experienced favorable development on prior years primarily due to favorable development on attritional losses and event specific reserves; whereas, the Talbot segment experienced favorable development on prior years primarily due to favorable development on attritional losses and certain events, including the Thailand floods. The Western World segment experienced favorable development on prior years primarily due to the amortization of the fair value adjustment made at the acquisition date as well as favorable development on attritional losses.

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Validus Holdings, Ltd.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for percentages, share and per share information)

```
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016
                                            Specialty Liability Total
                        Property Marine
Validus Re
                        $(52,036) $(14,967) $(22,591) $—
                                                               $(89,594)
Talbot
                        (30,969)(10,511)(28,259)—
                                                               (69,739
Western World
                        (2.576)
                                                      (5,888) (8,464)
                               ) —
AlphaCat
                        (742
                                                               (1,608)
                                            (866
Net favorable development $(86,323) $(25,478) $(51,716) $(5,888) $(169,405)
```

The net favorable development of \$169,405 for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was primarily attributable to favorable development within Validus Re, Talbot and Western World of \$89,594, \$69,739 and \$8,464, respectively. The favorable development across all operating segments was primarily attributable to favorable development on both attritional losses of \$160,400 and event reserves of \$9,000.

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015					
	Property	Marine	Specialty	Liability	Total	
Validus Re	\$(58,437) \$(29,225)	\$(18,388)	\$ —	\$(106,050)	
Talbot	(47,141) (51,178)	(24,926)	_	(123,245)	
Western World (a)	(4,648) —	_	(10,991)	(15,639)	
AlphaCat	(3,092) —	_	_	(3,092)	
Net favorable development (a)	\$(113,318	\$ (80,403)	\$(43,314)	\$(10,991)	\$(248,026)	

Upon closing the acquisition of Western World, an adjustment of \$15,586 was made to increase net reserves to reflect fair value. This adjustment was amortized to income through a reduction in losses and loss expenses of \$8,639 during the six months ended September 30, 2015, benefiting the loss ratio by 4.4 percentage points. The remaining fair value adjustment of \$2,340 was fully amortized during 2015.

The Validus Re segment experienced favorable development on prior years primarily due to favorable development on attritional losses and event specific reserves; whereas, the Talbot segment experienced favorable development on prior years primarily due to favorable development on attritional losses and certain events, including the Thailand floods. The Western World segment experienced favorable development on prior years primarily due to the amortization of the fair value adjustment made at the acquisition date as well as favorable development on attritional losses.

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Validus Holdings, Ltd.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for percentages, share and per share information)

10. Reinsurance

The Company's reinsurance balances recoverable at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 were as follows:

• •	September 30,	December 31,
	2016	2015
Loss reserves recoverable on unpaid:		
Outstanding losses	\$ 174,210	\$ 135,723
IBNR	270,399	214,863
Total loss reserves recoverable	444,609	350,586
Paid losses recoverable	36,069	23,071
Total reinsurance balances recoverable	\$ 480,678	\$ 373,657

The Company enters into reinsurance and retrocession agreements in order to mitigate its accumulation of loss, reduce its liability on individual risks, enable it to underwrite policies with higher limits and increase its aggregate capacity. The cession of insurance and reinsurance does not legally discharge the Company from its primary liability for the full amount of the policies, and the Company is required to pay the loss and bear collection risk if the reinsurer fails to meet its obligations under the reinsurance or retrocession agreement. Amounts recoverable from reinsurers are estimated in a manner consistent with the underlying liabilities.

Credit risk

The Company evaluates the financial condition of its reinsurers and monitors concentration of credit risk arising from its exposure to individual reinsurers. The reinsurance program is generally placed with reinsurers whose rating, at the time of placement, was A- or better as rated by Standard & Poor's or the equivalent with other rating agencies. Exposure to a single reinsurer is also controlled with restrictions dependent on rating. As at September 30, 2016, \$474,367 or 98.7% (December 31, 2015: \$368,638 or 98.7%) of the Company's reinsurance balances recoverable were either fully collateralized or recoverable from reinsurers rated A- or better.

At September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the provision for uncollectible reinsurance relating to reinsurance balances recoverable was \$5,140 and \$4,997, respectively. To estimate this provision for uncollectible reinsurance, reinsurance balances recoverable are first allocated to applicable reinsurers. This determination is based on a process rather than an estimate, although an element of judgment is applied, especially in relation to ceded IBNR. The Company then uses default factors to determine the portion of a reinsurer's balance deemed to be uncollectible. Default factors require considerable judgment and are determined in part using the current rating, or rating equivalent, of each reinsurer as well as other key considerations and assumptions.

Top ten reinsurers

Reinsurance balances recoverable by reinsurer as at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 were as follows:

	September	r 30, 201	6	December	31, 201	15
	Reinsuran	ce % of To	sto1	Reinsuran Recoverab	ce % of T	oto1
	Recoverab	ole of To	nai	Recoverab	ole of T	otai
Top 10 reinsurers	\$401,760	83.6	%	\$303,108	81.1	%
Other reinsurers' balances > \$1 million	73,005	15.2	%	61,222	16.4	%
Other reinsurers' balances < \$1 million	5,913	1.2	%	9,327	2.5	%
Total	\$480,678	100.0	%	\$373,657	100.0	%

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Validus Holdings, Ltd.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for percentages, share and per share information)

The following tables show the reinsurance balances recoverable due from, and the ratings associated with, the Company's top ten reinsurers as at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

	Septem	ber 30, 2016		
Top 10 Reinsurers	Rating	Reinsurance Recoverable	% of T	`otal
Swiss Re	AA-	\$ 84,388	17.7	%
Fully collateralized reinsurers	NR	84,296	17.5	%
Lloyd's Syndicates	A+	77,607	16.1	%
Hannover Re	AA-	49,699	10.3	%
Everest Re	A+	46,130	9.6	%
Munich Re	AA-	17,498	3.6	%
Hamilton Re	A-	12,502	2.6	%
Transatlantic Re	A+	11,624	2.4	%
Toa Re	A+	9,011	1.9	%
XL Re	A+	9,005	1.9	%
Total		\$ 401,760	83.6	%
	D	1 21 2015		
	Decem	ber 31, 2015		
Top 10 Poincurers		Reinsurance	% of T	otal
Top 10 Reinsurers	Rating	· ·	% of T	`otal
Top 10 Reinsurers Swiss Re		Reinsurance	% of T	otal %
•	Rating	Reinsurance Recoverable		
Swiss Re	Rating AA-	Reinsurance Recoverable \$ 83,048	22.2	%
Swiss Re Lloyd's Syndicates	Rating AA- A+	Reinsurance Recoverable \$ 83,048 66,356	22.2 17.8	% %
Swiss Re Lloyd's Syndicates Hannover Re	Rating AA- A+ AA-	Reinsurance Recoverable \$ 83,048 66,356 43,765	22.2 17.8 11.7	% % %
Swiss Re Lloyd's Syndicates Hannover Re Everest Re	Rating AA- A+ AA- A+	Reinsurance Recoverable \$ 83,048 66,356 43,765 43,060	22.2 17.8 11.7 11.5	% % %
Swiss Re Lloyd's Syndicates Hannover Re Everest Re Munich Re	Rating AA- A+ AA- A+ AA-	Reinsurance Recoverable \$ 83,048 66,356 43,765 43,060 18,707	22.2 17.8 11.7 11.5 5.0	% % % %
Swiss Re Lloyd's Syndicates Hannover Re Everest Re Munich Re Transatlantic Re	Rating AA- A+ AA- A+ AA- A+ A-	Reinsurance Recoverable \$ 83,048 66,356 43,765 43,060 18,707 11,923	22.2 17.8 11.7 11.5 5.0 3.2	% % % % %
Swiss Re Lloyd's Syndicates Hannover Re Everest Re Munich Re Transatlantic Re Hamilton Re	Rating AA- A+ AA- A+ AA- A+ A-	Reinsurance Recoverable \$ 83,048 66,356 43,765 43,060 18,707 11,923 10,898	22.2 17.8 11.7 11.5 5.0 3.2 2.9	% % % % %
Swiss Re Lloyd's Syndicates Hannover Re Everest Re Munich Re Transatlantic Re Hamilton Re National Indemnity Company	Rating AA- A+ AA- A+ AA- A+ A- A+	Reinsurance Recoverable \$ 83,048 66,356 43,765 43,060 18,707 11,923 10,898 10,293	22.2 17.8 11.7 11.5 5.0 3.2 2.9 2.8	% % % % %
Swiss Re Lloyd's Syndicates Hannover Re Everest Re Munich Re Transatlantic Re Hamilton Re National Indemnity Company XL Re	Rating AA- A+ AA- A+ AA- A+ A- A+ A- AA+ A-	Reinsurance Recoverable \$ 83,048 66,356 43,765 43,060 18,707 11,923 10,898 10,293 8,728	22.2 17.8 11.7 11.5 5.0 3.2 2.9 2.8 2.3	% % % % % %

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Validus Holdings, Ltd.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for percentages, share and per share information)

11. Share capital

The Company is authorized to issue up to an aggregate of 571,428,571 common and preferred shares with a par value of \$0.175 per share.

(a) Preferred shares

On June 13, 2016, the Company issued 6,000 shares of its 5.875% Non-Cumulative Preferred Shares, Series A (the "Series A Preferred Shares") (equivalent to 6,000,000 Depositary Shares, each of which represents a 1/1,000th interest in a Series A Preferred Share), \$0.175 par value and \$25,000 liquidation preference per share (equivalent to \$25 per Depositary Share). The Series A Preferred Shares were registered and sold under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and were issued at a price to the public of \$25,000 per share (equivalent to \$25 per Depositary Share). After underwriting discounts and expenses, the Company received net proceeds of \$144,852 which will be used for general corporate purposes.

The Depositary Shares, representing the Series A Preferred Shares, are traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "VRPRA." The Series A Preferred Shares have no stated maturity date and are redeemable, in whole or in part, at the Company's option on and after June 15, 2021, at a redemption price of \$25,000 per Series A Preferred Share (equivalent to \$25 per Depositary Share), plus declared and unpaid dividends. The Company may also redeem all, but not less than all, of the Series A Preferred Shares before the redemption date at a redemption price of \$26,000 per share (equivalent to \$26 per Depositary Share), plus declared and unpaid dividends, if the Company is required to submit a proposal to the holders of the Series A Preferred Shares concerning an amalgamation, consolidation, merger or other similar corporate transaction or change in Bermuda law. The Series A Preferred Shares may also be redeemed before the redemption date at a redemption price of \$25,000 per Series A Preferred Share (equivalent to \$25 per Depositary Share), plus declared and unpaid dividends, in whole, if there is a change in tax law, or in whole or in part, in the case of a capital disqualification event.

Dividends on the Series A Preferred Shares, when, as and if declared by the Company's Board of Directors or a duly authorized committee thereof, will accrue and be payable on the liquidation preference amount from the original issue date, on a non-cumulative basis, quarterly in arrears on each dividend payment date at an annual rate of 5.875%. The Company will be restricted from paying dividends on and repurchasing its common shares, unless certain dividend payments are made on the Series A Preferred Shares.

Upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, holders of the Series A Preferred Shares and any parity shares are entitled to receive out of our assets available for distribution to shareholders, before any distribution is made to holders of common shares or other junior shares, a liquidating distribution in the amount of \$25,000 per Series A Preferred Share (equivalent to \$25 per Depositary Share) plus declared and unpaid dividends. Distributions will be made pro rata in accordance with the respective aggregate liquidation preferences of the Series A Preferred Shares and any parity shares and only to the extent of our assets, if any, that are available after satisfaction of all liabilities to creditors.

Holders of the Series A Preferred Shares have no voting rights, except with respect to certain fundamental changes in the terms of the Series A Preferred Shares and in the case of certain dividend non-payments or as otherwise required by Bermuda law or the Company's bye-laws.

The following table is a summary of the Preferred shares issued and outstanding:

The following those is a summary of the freferred shares issue	ca ana ca
	Preferred
	Shares
Preferred shares issued and outstanding, December 31, 2015	_
Preferred shares issued	6,000
Preferred shares issued and outstanding, September 30, 2016	6,000

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Validus Holdings, Ltd.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for percentages, share and per share information)

(b) Common Shares

The holders of common shares are entitled to receive dividends and are allocated one vote per share, provided that, if the controlled shares of any shareholder or group of related shareholders constitute more than 9.09 percent of the outstanding common shares of the Company, their voting power will be reduced to 9.09 percent.

The Company may from time to time repurchase its securities, including common shares, Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures and Senior Notes. On February 3, 2015, the Board of Directors of the Company approved an increase in the Company's common share purchase authorization to \$750,000. This amount is in addition to the \$2,274,401 of common shares repurchased by the Company through February 3, 2015 under its previously authorized share repurchase programs.

The Company has repurchased 80,191,448 common shares for an aggregate purchase price of \$2,687,746 from the inception of its share repurchase program to September 30, 2016. The Company had \$336,655 remaining under its authorized share repurchase program as at September 30, 2016.

The Company expects the purchases under its share repurchase program to be made from time to time in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions. The timing, form and amount of the share repurchases under the program will depend on a variety of factors, including market conditions, the Company's capital position relative to internal and rating agency targets, legal requirements and other factors. The repurchase program may be modified, extended or terminated by the Board of Directors at any time.

The following table is a summary of the common share activity during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Share Activity	During the
	Nine Months	Ended
	September 30	,
	2016	2015
Common shares issued, beginning of period	160,570,772	155,554,224
Restricted share awards vested, net of shares withheld	608,024	610,714
Restricted share units vested, net of shares withheld	18,486	13,260
Options exercised	27,983	782,465
Warrants exercised	_	1,461,715
Direct issuance of common stock	_	639
Performance share awards vested, net of shares withheld	48,088	11,524
Common shares issued, end of period	161,273,353	158,434,541
Treasury shares, end of period	(81,830,323)	(76,436,650)
Common shares outstanding, end of period	79,443,030	81,997,891
(c) Dividends		

On August 3, 2016, the Company announced a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.35 (2015: \$0.32) per common share and a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.3753472 per depositary share on its outstanding Series A Preferred Shares. The common share dividend was paid on September 30, 2016 to holders of record on September 15, 2016. The preferred share dividend was paid on September 15, 2016 to holders of record on September 1, 2016.

On May 5, 2016 the Company announced a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.35 (2015: \$0.32) per common share. This dividend was paid on June 30, 2016 to holders of record on June 15, 2016.

On February 2, 2016 the Company announced a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.35 (2015: \$0.32) per common share. This dividend was paid on March 31, 2016 to holders of record on March 15, 2016.

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Validus Holdings, Ltd.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for percentages, share and per share information)

12. Stock plans

(a) Long Term Incentive Plan

The Company's Amended and Restated 2005 Long Term Incentive Plan ("LTIP") provides for grants to employees of options, stock appreciation rights ("SARs"), restricted shares, restricted share units, performance shares, dividend equivalents or other share-based awards. The total number of shares reserved for issuance under the LTIP are 2,753,292 shares of which 1,258,962 shares remain available for issuance at September 30, 2016. The LTIP is administered by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. No SARs have been granted to date. Grant prices are established at the fair market value of the Company's common shares at the date of grant. i. Options

Options may be exercised for voting common shares upon vesting. Outstanding options have a life of 10 years and vest either pro rata or at the end of the required service period from the date of grant. Fair value of the option awards at the date of grant is determined using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

Expected volatility is based on stock price volatility of comparable publicly-traded companies. The Company used the simplified method consistent with U.S. GAAP authoritative guidance on stock compensation expenses to estimate expected lives for options granted during the period as historical exercise data was not available and the options met the requirement as set out in the guidance.

The Company has not granted any stock option awards since September 4, 2009. These stock option awards were fully amortized during the year ended December 31, 2012.

Activity with respect to options for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 was as follows:

	Nine Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2016			2015		
	Options	Grant Date	Weighted Average Grant Date Exercise Price	Options	Grant Date	Weighted Average Grant Date Exercise Price
Options outstanding, beginning of period	65,401	\$ 7.74	\$ 20.17	1,160,057	\$ 7.12	\$ 17.74
Options exercised	(35,351)	8.16	17.82	(1,094,656)	7.09	17.60
Options outstanding, end of period ii Restricted share awards	30,050	\$ 7.24	\$ 22.93	65,401	\$ 7.74	\$ 20.17

Restricted shares granted under the LTIP vest either pro rata or at the end of the required service period and contain certain restrictions during the vesting period, relating to, among other things, forfeiture in the event of termination of employment and transferability. The Company recognized share compensation expenses during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 of \$9,159 (2015: \$9,081) and \$27,805 (2015: \$26,213), respectively. The expenses represent the proportionate accrual of the fair value of each grant based on the remaining vesting period. Activity with respect to unvested restricted share awards for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 was as follows:

	Nine Mont	hs Ended	Nine Months Ended		
	September 30, 2016		September 30, 2015		
	Restricted Share Awards	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Restricted Share Awards	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	
1	2 739 446	\$ 38.25	2 858 711	\$ 35.81	

Restricted share awards outstanding, beginning of period 2,739,446 \$ 38.25

Restricted share awards granted	559,516 48.78	706,341 43.58
Restricted share awards vested	(789,547) 37.36	(783,704) 34.40
Restricted share awards forfeited	(33,070) 40.25	(52,642) 38.03
Restricted share awards outstanding, end of period	2.476.345 \$ 40.88	2.728.706 \$ 38.19

At September 30, 2016, there were \$67,472 (December 31, 2015: \$69,143) of total unrecognized share compensation expenses in respect of restricted share awards that are expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.4 years (December 31, 2015: 2.4 years).

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Validus Holdings, Ltd.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for percentages, share and per share information)

iii. Restricted share units

Restricted share units under the LTIP vest either ratably or at the end of the required service period and contain certain restrictions during the vesting period, relating to, among other things, forfeiture in the event of termination of employment and transferability. The Company recognized share compensation expenses during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 of \$290 (2015: \$310) and \$978 (2015: \$851), respectively. The expenses represent the proportionate accrual of the fair value of each grant based on the remaining vesting period.

Activity with respect to unvested restricted share units for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 was as follows:

	Nine Moi	nths Ended	Nine Months Ended		
	Septembe	er 30, 2016	September 30, 20		
		Weighted	Weighted		
	Restricted	dAverage	Restricted Average		
	Share Un	i t Grant Date	Share Uni Grant Da		
	Fair Value			Fair Value	
Restricted share units outstanding, beginning of period	114,337	\$ 38.47	103,484	\$ 36.54	
Restricted share units granted	21,609	48.83	28,057	42.91	
Restricted share units vested	(23,982)	38.18	(19,455)	34.58	
Restricted share units issued in lieu of cash dividends	2,436	39.10	2,337	37.21	
Restricted share units forfeited	(8,338)	44.34	(892)	35.42	
Restricted share units outstanding, end of period	106,062	\$ 40.20	113,531	\$ 38.47	

At September 30, 2016, there were \$2,526 (December 31, 2015: \$2,790) of total unrecognized share compensation expenses in respect of restricted share units that are expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.5 years (December 31, 2015: 2.6 years).

iv. Performance share awards

The performance share awards contain a performance based component. The performance component relates to the compounded growth in the Dividend Adjusted Diluted Book Value per Share ("DBVPS") over a three-year period relative to the Company's peer group. For performance share awards granted during the period, the grant date DBVPS is based on the DBVPS at the end of the most recent financial reporting year. The Dividend Adjusted Performance Period End DBVPS will be the DBVPS three years after the grant date DBVPS. The fair value estimate earns over the requisite attribution period and the estimate will be reassessed at the end of each performance period which will reflect any adjustments in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income in the period in which they are determined. The Company recognized share compensation expenses during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 of \$1,052 (2015: \$592) and \$3,682 (2015: \$1,215), respectively.

Activity with respect to unvested performance share awards for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 was as follows:

was as follows.	Nine Months Ended			
	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2015		
	Weighted	Weighted		
	Performan Aeverage	Performan Aeverage		
	Share Awardant Dat	e Share AwaGdant Date		
	Fair Value	Fair Value		
Performance share awards outstanding, beginning of period	172,594 \$ 40.70	106,369 \$ 36.03		
Performance share awards granted	125,290 48.75	81,569 45.03		
Performance share awards vested	(57,581) 36.11	(15,344) 31.38		

Performance share awards conversion adjustment 45,517 36.82 — — Performance share awards outstanding, end of period 285,820 \$ 44.53 172,594 \$ 40.70

At September 30, 2016, there were \$7,898 (December 31, 2015: \$4,011) of total unrecognized share compensation expenses in respect of performance share awards that are expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of

2.3 years (December 31, 2015: 2.1 years).

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(b) Total share compensation expenses

The breakdown of share compensation expenses by award type for the periods indicated was as follows:

	Three M	onths	Nine Months		
	Ended		Ended Septem		
	Septemb	er 30,	30,		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Restricted share awards	\$9,159	\$9,081	\$27,805	\$26,213	
Restricted share units	290	310	978	851	
Performance share awards	1,052	592	3,682	1,215	
Total	\$10,501	\$9,983	\$32,465	\$28,279	

13. Debt and financing arrangements

The Company's financing structure as at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 is comprised of debentures and senior notes payable along with credit and other facilities.

The Company's outstanding debentures and senior notes payable as at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 were as follows:

	September 30,	December 3	31,
	2016	2015	
Deferrable debentures:			
2006 Junior Subordinated	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	
2007 Junior Subordinated	139,800	139,800	
Flagstone 2006 Junior Subordinated	134,618	134,118	
Flagstone 2007 Junior Subordinated	113,750	113,750	
Total debentures payable	538,168	537,668	
2010 Senior notes payable	250,000	250,000	
Less: Unamortized debt issuance costs	(4,689)	(4,839)
Total senior notes payable	245,311	245,161	
Total debentures and senior notes payable	\$ 783,479	\$ 782,829	

The Company's outstanding credit and other facilities as at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 were as follows:

	Septembe	r 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	
	Commitment Outstanding		Commitm	Drawn and ent outstanding
Credit and other facilities:				
\$85,000 syndicated unsecured letter of credit facility	\$85,000	\$ —	\$85,000	\$ —
\$300,000 syndicated secured letter of credit facility	300,000	107,208	300,000	235,540
\$24,000 secured bi-lateral letter of credit facility	24,000	11,726	24,000	10,543
\$20,000 AlphaCat Re secured letter of credit facility	20,000	20,000	30,000	30,000
\$25,000 IPC bi-lateral facility	25,000	5,553	25,000	9,241
\$236,000 Flagstone bi-lateral facility	236,000	164,014	236,000	193,764
Total credit and other facilities	\$690,000	\$ 308,501	\$700,000	\$ 479,088

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(a) Senior notes and junior subordinated deferrable debentures

The following table summarizes the key terms of the Company's senior notes and junior subordinated deferrable debentures:

Description	Issuance date	Amount	Maturity date	Interest Ra Issuance Date	te as at September 30, 2016	Interest payments due
2006 Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures	June 15, 2006	\$150,000	June 15, 2036	9.069% ^(a)	5.831% ^(e)	Quarterly
Flagstone 2006 Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures	August 23, 2006	\$134,618	September 15, 2036	3.540% ^(b)	6.463% ^(e)	Quarterly
2007 Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures	June 21, 2007	\$200,000	June 15, 2037	8.480% ^(c)	5.180% ^(e)	Quarterly
Flagstone 2007 Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures	June 8, 2007	\$88,750	July 30, 2037	3.000% ^(b)	5.900% ^(e)	Quarterly
Flagstone 2007 Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures	September 20, 2007	\$25,000	September 15, 2037	3.100% ^(b)	5.983% ^(e)	Quarterly
2010 Senior Notes due 2040	January 26, 2010	\$250,000	January 26, 2040	8.875% ^(d)	8.875% ^(d)	Semi-annually in arrears

- (a) Fixed interest rate for 5 years, floating interest rate of three-month LIBOR plus 3.550% thereafter, reset quarterly.
- (b) Floating interest rate of three-month LIBOR plus amount stated, reset quarterly.
- $(c) Fixed interest \ rate \ for \ 5 \ years, \ floating \ interest \ rate \ of \ three-month \ LIBOR \ plus \ 2.950\% \ thereafter, \ reset \ quarterly.$
- (d) Fixed interest rate.
- (e) Fixed interest rate as a result of interest rate swap contracts entered into by the Company.

Senior Notes

The 2010 Senior Notes due 2040 (the "2010 Senior Notes") were part of a registered public offering and mature on January 26, 2040. The Company may redeem the notes, in whole at any time, or in part from time to time, at the Company's option on not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice, at a make-whole redemption price as described in "Description of the Notes - Optional Redemption" in the 2010 Senior Notes prospectus supplement. In addition, the Company may redeem the notes, in whole, but not in part, at any time upon the occurrence of certain tax events as described in "Description of the Notes - Redemption for Tax Purposes" in the prospectus supplement.

Debt issuance costs are amortized to income over the life of the 2010 Senior Notes and are presented on a net basis within the senior notes payable balance in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets. There were no redemptions made during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

The 2010 Senior Notes are unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Company and rank equally in right of payment with all of the Company's existing and future unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. The 2010 Senior Notes will be effectively junior to all of the Company's future secured debt, to the extent of the value of the collateral securing such debt, and will rank senior to all our existing and future subordinated debt. The 2010 Senior Notes are structurally subordinated to all obligations of the Company's subsidiaries.

Future payments of principal of \$250,000 on the 2010 Senior Notes are all expected to be after 2021.

Junior subordinated deferrable debentures

The Company participated in private placements of junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures due 2036 and 2037 (respectively, the "2006 Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures" and "2007 Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures").

Debt issuance costs for the 2006 and 2007 Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures were amortized to income over the five year optional redemption periods. They are redeemable at the Company's option at par. There were no redemptions made during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

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As part of the acquisition of Flagstone, the Company assumed junior subordinated deferrable debentures due 2036 and 2037 (respectively, the "Flagstone 2006 Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures" and "Flagstone 2007 Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures"). These debentures are redeemable quarterly at par. There were no redemptions made during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

Future payments of principal of \$538,168 on the debentures discussed above are all expected to be after 2021. (b) Credit facilities

i.\$85,000 syndicated unsecured letter of credit facility and \$300,000 syndicated secured letter of credit facility On December 9, 2015, the Company entered into a \$85,000 five year unsecured letter of credit ("LOC") facility with various counterparties as co-documentation agents and the lenders party thereto, which provides for LOC and revolving credit availability for the Company (the "Five Year Unsecured Facility") (the full \$85,000 of which is available for LOC's and/or revolving loans). The Five Year Unsecured Facility was provided by a syndicate of commercial banks. LOC's under the Five Year Unsecured Facility are available to support obligations in connection with the reinsurance business of the Company and its subsidiaries. Loans under the Five Year Unsecured Facility are available for the general corporate and working capital purposes of the Company. The Company may request that existing lenders under the Five Year Unsecured Facility or prospective additional lenders agree to make available additional commitments from time to time so long as the aggregate commitments under the Five Year Unsecured Facility do not exceed \$150,000.

Also on December 9, 2015, the Company entered into a \$300,000 five year secured LOC facility, with the same parties, which provides for LOC availability for the Company (the "Five Year Secured Facility" and together with the Five Year Unsecured Facility, the "Credit Facilities"). The Five Year Secured Facility was also provided by a syndicate of commercial banks. LOC's under the Five Year Secured Facility will be available to support obligations in connection with the reinsurance business of the Company and its subsidiaries. The Company may request that existing lenders under the Five Year Secured Facility or prospective additional lenders agree to make available additional commitments from time to time so long as the aggregate commitments under the Five Year Secured Facility do not exceed \$400,000. The obligations of the Company under the Five Year Secured Facility are secured by cash and securities deposited into cash collateral accounts from time to time with The Bank of New York Mellon.

As of September 30, 2016, there was \$nil outstanding LOC's under the Five Year Unsecured Facility and \$107,208 in outstanding LOC's under the Five Year Secured Facility.

The Credit Facilities contain covenants that include, among other things (i) the requirement that the Company initially maintain a minimum level of consolidated net worth of at least \$2,600,000 and, commencing with the end of the fiscal quarter ending June 30, 2015, to be increased quarterly by an amount equal to 25.0% of the Company's consolidated net income (if positive) for such quarter plus 50.0% of the aggregate increases in the consolidated shareholders' equity of the Company during such fiscal quarter by reason of the issuance and sale of common equity interests of the Company, including upon any conversion of debt securities of the Company into such equity interests, (ii) the requirement that the Company maintain at all times a consolidated total debt to consolidated total capital ratio not greater than 0.35:1.00, and (iii) the requirement that Validus Reinsurance, Ltd. and any other material insurance subsidiaries maintain a financial strength rating by A.M. Best of not less than "B++" (Fair). In addition, the Credit Facilities contain customary negative covenants applicable to the Company, including limitations on the ability to pay dividends and other payments in respect of equity interests at any time that the Company is otherwise in default with respect to certain provisions under the respective Credit Facilities, limitations on the ability to incur liens, sell assets, merge or consolidate with others, enter into transactions with affiliates, and limitations on the ability of its subsidiaries to incur indebtedness. The Credit Facilities also contain customary affirmative covenants, representations and warranties and events of default for credit facilities of its type. As of September 30, 2016, and throughout the reporting periods presented, the Company was in compliance with all covenants and restrictions under the Credit

Facilities.

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ii. \$25,000 IPC bi-lateral facility

The Company assumed an existing evergreen LOC facility through the acquisition of IPC Holdings, Ltd. (the "IPC bi-lateral facility"). As of September 30, 2016, there were \$5,553 outstanding LOC's issued under the IPC bi-lateral facility (December 31, 2015: \$9,241). As of September 30, 2016, and throughout the reporting periods presented, the Company was in compliance with all covenants and restrictions under the IPC bi-lateral facility. iii. \$24,000 secured bi-lateral letter of credit facility

The Company is party to an evergreen secured bi-lateral LOC facility with Citibank Europe plc (the "Secured bi-lateral LOC facility"). As of September 30, 2016, \$11,726 (December 31, 2015: \$10,543) of LOC's were outstanding under the Secured bi-lateral LOC facility. The Secured bi-lateral LOC facility has no fixed termination date and as of September 30, 2016, and throughout the reporting periods presented, the Company was in compliance with all covenants and restrictions under the Secured bi-lateral LOC facility.

iv. \$20,000 AlphaCat Re secured letter of credit facility

During 2013, AlphaCat Re entered into a secured evergreen LOC facility with Comerica Bank. This facility provided for LOC's issued by AlphaCat Re to be used to support its reinsurance obligations. During the second quarter of 2016 the available amount under this facility was reduced to \$20,000 from \$30,000. As of September 30, 2016, \$20,000 (December 31, 2015: \$30,000) of LOC's were outstanding under this facility. As of September 30, 2016, and throughout the reporting periods presented, AlphaCat Re was in compliance with all covenants and restrictions under the AlphaCat Re secured LOC facility.

v. \$236,000 Flagstone bi-lateral facility

As part of the Flagstone Acquisition, the Company assumed an evergreen LOC Master Agreement between Citibank Europe plc and Flagstone Reassurance Suisse, S.A. (the "Flagstone Bi-Lateral Facility"). As of September 30, 2016, the Flagstone Bi-Lateral Facility had \$164,014 (December 31, 2015: \$193,764) LOC's issued and outstanding. As of September 30, 2016, and throughout the reporting periods presented, the Company was in compliance with all covenants and restrictions under the Flagstone Bi-Lateral Facility.

vi. Cash and investments pledged as collateral

The Company has pledged cash and investments as collateral under the Company's credit facilities in the total amount of \$548,669 (December 31, 2015: \$826,535) as detailed in the table below:

Cash and investments

	pledged as	s collateral
Description	September	r D ecember 31,
Description	2016	2015
\$300,000 syndicated secured letter of credit facility	\$158,456	\$ 370,909
\$24,000 secured bi-lateral letter of credit facility	48,295	47,607
AlphaCat Re secured letter of credit facility	20,019	30,153
\$236,000 Flagstone bi-lateral facility	321,899	377,866
Total	\$548,669	\$ 826,535

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(c) Finance expenses

Finance expenses consist of interest on the junior subordinated deferrable debentures and senior notes, the amortization of debt offering costs, credit facility fees, bank charges, Talbot Funds at Lloyds ("FAL") facility, AlphaCat financing fees and other charges as follows:

1		5	Three M	onths	Nine Months	
			Ended September		Ended Se	eptember
			30,		30,	
			2016	2015	2016	2015
2006 Junior Sub	ordinated Deferrable D	ebentures	\$2,135	\$2,235	\$6,557	\$6,633
2007 Junior Sub	ordinated Deferrable D	ebentures	1,851	1,848	5,512	5,492
Flagstone 2006 J	Junior Subordinated De	eferrable Debentures	2,271	2,274	6,760	6,735
Flagstone 2007 J	Junior Subordinated De	ferrable Debentures	1,784	1,807	5,317	5,335
2010 Senior Not	es due 2040		5,597	5,597	16,791	16,791
Credit facilities			463	1,293	1,359	4,193
Bank charges, Ta	albot FAL facility and	other charges (a)	276	1,149	489	3,608
AlphaCat fees (b))		144	2,309	1,105	9,374
Total finance exp	penses		\$14,521	\$18,512	\$43,890	\$58,161

⁽a) On November 30, 2015, the Company terminated its Talbot FAL Facility provided and arranged by Lloyds Bank plc and ING Bank N.V., London Branch.

14. Accumulated other comprehensive loss

The changes in accumulated other comprehensive loss, by component for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 was as follows:

	Foreign currency translation adjustment	Minimum pension liability	Cash flow hedge	Total
Three Months Ended September 30, 2016				
Balance beginning of period, net of tax	\$(17,149)	\$ 730	\$(1,763)	\$(18,182)
Net current period other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(1,370)	(1,101)	(439)	(2,910)
Balance end of period, net of tax	\$(18,519)	\$ (371)	\$(2,202)	\$(21,092)
Three Months Ended September 30, 2015	*		* / 5 = 0	***
Balance beginning of period, net of tax	\$(8,374)	` ′		\$(9,066)
Net current period other comprehensive loss, net of tax	* '	` /	75	(1,803)
Balance end of period, net of tax	\$(10,224)	\$ (81)	\$(564)	\$(10,869)
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016				
Balance beginning of period, net of tax	\$(11,834)			\$(12,569)
Net current period other comprehensive loss, net of tax	* '	(705)		
Balance end of period, net of tax	\$(18,519)	\$ (371)	\$(2,202)	\$(21,092)

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015

⁽b) Includes finance expenses incurred by AlphaCat Managers Ltd. in relation to fund raising for the AlphaCat sidecars, the AlphaCat ILS funds and AlphaCat direct.

Balance beginning of period, net of tax	\$ (8,118) \$ (210) \$(228) \$(8,556)
Net current period other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(2,106) 129	(336) (2,313)
Balance end of period, net of tax	\$ (10,224) \$ (81) \$(564) \$(10,869)

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15. Commitments and contingencies

(a) Funds at Lloyd's

Talbot operates in Lloyd's through a corporate member, Talbot 2002 Underwriting Capital Ltd ("T02"), which is the sole participant in Syndicate 1183. Lloyd's sets T02's required capital annually based on Syndicate 1183's business plan, rating environment and reserving environment together with input arising from Lloyd's discussions with, inter alia, regulatory and rating agencies. Such capital, called Funds at Lloyd's, comprises cash and investments. The Company provided FAL in the amount of \$617,000 for the 2016 underwriting year (2015 underwriting year: \$595,100). The amounts which are provided as FAL are not available for distribution to the Company for the payment of dividends. Talbot's corporate member may also be required to maintain funds under the control of Lloyd's in excess of its capital requirement and such funds also may not be available for distribution to the Company for the payment of dividends.

(b)Lloyd's Central Fund

Whenever a member of Lloyd's is unable to pay its debts to policyholders, such debts may be payable by the Lloyd's Central Fund. If Lloyd's determines that the Central Fund needs to be increased, it has the power to assess premium levies on current Lloyd's members up to 3% of a member's underwriting capacity in any one year. The Company does not believe that any assessment is likely in the foreseeable future and has not provided any allowance for such an assessment. However, based on the Company's 2016 underwriting capacity at Lloyd's of £600,000, at the September 30, 2016 exchange rate of £1 equals \$1.2983 and assuming the maximum 3% assessment, the Company would be assessed approximately \$23,369.

(c) Investment affiliate commitments

As discussed in Note 6, "Investments in affiliates," on December 20, 2011, the Company entered into an Assignment and Assumption Agreement with Aquiline Capital, pursuant to which it assumed total capital commitments of \$50,000 in respect of the Aquiline II Partnership. The Company's remaining unfunded commitment at September 30, 2016 was \$2,934 (December 31, 2015: \$3,413).

On October 2, 2014, the Company assumed an additional investment in the Aquiline II Partnership as part of the Western World acquisition, representing a total capital commitment of \$10,000. The Company's remaining unfunded capital commitment at September 30, 2016 was \$587 (December 31, 2015: \$683).

On November 7, 2014, the Company entered into a Subscription Agreement with the Aquiline III General Partner, pursuant to which it assumed total capital commitments of \$100,000 in respect of the Aquiline III Partnership. The Company's remaining unfunded capital commitment at September 30, 2016 was \$70,174 (December 31, 2015: \$86,110).

(d) AlphaCat commitments

On December 29, 2014, the Company entered into an agreement with an AlphaCat ILS fund pursuant to which it assumed total capital commitments of \$20,000. On December 29, 2015, the Company assumed an additional capital commitment of \$20,000. The Company's remaining unfunded capital commitment at September 30, 2016 was \$nil (December 31, 2015: \$10,000).

On December 30, 2015, the Company entered into an agreement with another AlphaCat ILS fund pursuant to which it assumed total capital commitments of \$25,000. The Company's remaining unfunded capital commitment at September 30, 2016 was \$nil (December 31, 2015: \$9,536).

(e) Fixed maturity commitments

At September 30, 2016, the Company had an outstanding commitment to participate in certain secured loan facilities through participation agreements with an established loan originator. The undrawn amount under the revolver facility participations as at September 30, 2016 was \$29,595 (December 31, 2015: \$34,888).

During 2016, the Company entered into a loan commitment of \$25,000 of which the remaining unfunded loan commitment as at September 30, 2016 was \$nil.

(f) Other investment commitments

At September 30, 2016, the Company had capital commitments in certain other investments of \$308,000 (December 31, 2015: \$263,000). The Company's remaining unfunded capital commitment to these investments at September 30, 2016 was \$165,448 (December 31, 2015: \$185,548).

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16. Related party transactions

The transactions listed below are classified as related party transactions as principals and/or directors of each counterparty are members of the Company's board of directors.

(a) Aquiline Capital Partners LLC

Group Ark Insurance

Pursuant to reinsurance agreements with a subsidiary of Group Ark Insurance Holdings Ltd. ("Group Ark"), the Company recognized gross premiums written during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 of \$1,096 (2015: \$322) and \$3,067 (2015: \$2,718), respectively with \$654 included in premiums receivable at September 30, 2016 (December 31, 2015: \$82). The Company also recognized reinsurance premiums ceded during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 of \$41 (2015: \$23) and \$41 (2015: \$24), respectively and had reinsurance balances payable of \$4 at September 30, 2016 (December 31, 2015: \$4). The Company recorded \$853 of loss reserves recoverable at September 30, 2016 (December 31, 2015: \$790). Earned premium adjustments were recorded during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 of \$1,276 (2015: \$870) and \$2,275 (2015: \$2,187), respectively. Until July 2016, Aquiline Capital were shareholders of Group Ark. Christopher E. Watson, a director of the Company and senior principal of Aquiline Capital, serves as a director of Group Ark. Conning

On November 24, 2009, the Company entered into an Investment Management Agreement with Conning, Inc. ("Conning") to manage a portion of the Company's investment portfolio. Aquiline Capital acquired Conning on June 16, 2009. Jeffrey W. Greenberg, a director of the Company, serves as a director of Conning Holdings Corp., the parent company of Conning. During the three months ended September 30, 2015, Aquiline Capital disposed of its investment in Conning. Therefore, effective September 30, 2015, Conning was no longer a related party. Investment management fees earned by Conning for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 were \$436 and \$841, respectively. Aquiline II

On December 20, 2011, the Company entered into an Agreement with Aquiline Capital and Aquiline II General Partner pursuant to which the Company has assumed 100% of Aquiline Capital's interest in the Aquiline II Partnership representing a total capital commitment of \$50,000 (the "Aquiline II Commitment"), as a limited partner in the Partnership (the "Transferred Interest"). On October 2, 2014, the Company assumed an additional investment in the Aquiline II Partnership as part of the Western World acquisition representing a total capital commitment of \$10,000. Messrs. Greenberg and Watson, directors of the Company, serve as managing principal and senior principal, respectively, of Aquiline Capital. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company incurred \$nil and \$440 (2015:\$155 and \$1,092), respectively, in partnership fees and made net capital contributions (distributions) of \$nil and \$575 (2015: (\$3,684) and \$5,293), respectively.

Aquiline III

On November 7, 2014, the Company entered into a Subscription Agreement (the "Subscription Agreement") with the Aquiline III General Partner pursuant to which the Company is committing and agreeing to purchase limited partnership or other comparable limited liability equity interests (the "Limited Partnership Interests") in the "Aquiline III Partnership, and/or one or more Alternative Investment Vehicles and Intermediate Entities (together with the Aquiline III Partnership, the "Fund" or the "Entities") with a capital commitment (the "Aquiline III Commitment") in an amount equal to \$100,000, as a limited partner in the Aquiline III Partnership. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company incurred \$520 and \$1,095 (2015: \$666 and \$1,239), respectively, in partnership fees and made net capital contributions (distributions) of \$nil and \$15,732 (2015: (\$345) and \$13,793), respectively. (b) Other

Certain shareholders of the Company and their affiliates, as well as employers of entities associated with directors or officers have purchased insurance and/or reinsurance from the Company in the ordinary course of business. The

Company believes these transactions were settled for arm's length consideration.

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17. Earnings per share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic earnings per share and earnings per diluted share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015:

•	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Mon Septembe	ths Ended r 30,
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Basic earnings per share				
Net income available to Validus common shareholders	89,844	66,650	351,617	
Less: Dividends on outstanding warrants		(1,080)		(3,566)
Net income allocated to Validus common shareholders	\$89,844	\$ 65,570	\$351,617	\$302,285
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	80,134,3	982,635,316	81,635,49	6 83,296,703
Basic earnings per share available to Validus common shareholders	\$1.12	\$ 0.79	\$4.31	\$3.63
Earnings per diluted share				
Net income available to Validus common shareholders	89,844	66,650	351,617	305,851
Less: Dividends on outstanding warrants		_		_
Net income allocated to Validus common shareholders	\$89,844	\$ 66,650	\$351,617	\$305,851
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding Share equivalents:	80,134,3	982,635,316	81,635,49	& 3,296,703
Warrants	_	2,054,378	_	2,290,892
Stock options	26,705	47,702	32,126	190,429
Unvested restricted shares	1,083,45	7892,098	1,271,002	1,063,903
Weighted average number of diluted common shares outstanding	81,244,5	565,629,494	82,938,62	486,841,927

Earnings per diluted share available to Validus common shareholders \$1.11 \$0.78 \$4.24 \$3.52 Share equivalents that would result in the issuance of common shares of 19,808 (2015: 25,237) and 175,690 (2015: 218,685) were outstanding for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively, but were not included in the computation of earnings per diluted share because the effect would be antidilutive.

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18. Segment information

The Company conducts its operations worldwide through four operating segments, which have been determined under U.S. GAAP segment reporting to be Validus Re, Talbot, Western World and AlphaCat. The Company's operating segments are strategic business units that offer different products and services. They are managed and have capital allocated separately because each segment requires different strategies. A description of each of the Company's operating segments and its corporate and investments function is as follows:

Validus Re Segment

The Validus Re segment is focused on treaty reinsurance. The primary lines in which the segment conducts business are property, marine and specialty which includes agriculture, aerospace and aviation, financial lines of business, nuclear, terrorism, life, accident & health, workers' compensation, crisis management, contingency, technical lines, composite, trade credit and casualty.

Talbot Segment

The Talbot segment is focused on a wide range of marine and energy, political lines, commercial property, financial lines, contingency, accident & health and aviation classes of business on an insurance or facultative reinsurance basis and principally property, aerospace and marine classes of business on a treaty reinsurance basis.

Western World Segment

The Western World segment is focused on providing commercial insurance products on a surplus lines and specialty admitted basis. Western World specializes in underwriting classes of business that are not easily placed in the standard insurance market due to their complexity, high hazard, or unusual nature; including general liability, property and professional liability classes of business.

AlphaCat Segment

The AlphaCat segment leverages the Company's underwriting and analytical expertise and earns management and performance fees from the Company and other third party investors primarily through the AlphaCat ILS funds and sidecars.

Corporate and Investments

The Company has a corporate and investments function ("Corporate"), which includes the activities of the parent company, and which carries out certain functions for the group, including investment management. Corporate includes investment income on a managed basis and other non-segment expenses, predominantly general and administrative, stock compensation and finance expenses. Corporate also denotes the activities of certain key executives such as the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. For internal reporting purposes, Corporate is reflected separately; however, Corporate is not considered an operating segment under these circumstances. Other reconciling items include, but are not limited to, the elimination of certain inter segment revenues and expenses and other items that are not allocated to the operating segments.

During the fourth quarter of 2015, the Company made certain changes in its presentation of segment information. The changes were made to present the results of Validus Re, Talbot and Western World on an underwriting income basis and the results of AlphaCat on an asset manager basis. Investment results, foreign exchange, other income (loss), finance expenses and income taxes are now presented on a consolidated basis, reflecting how the Company operationally manages these areas. The Company's assets primarily comprise cash and investments which are managed on a consolidated basis; accordingly, the Company's assets have not been presented on a segmental basis. The presentation changes have not had an effect on the reportable income or loss to any of the operating segments and all prior period disclosures have been revised to conform to current period presentation.

Underwriting income and the AlphaCat asset manager view are non-GAAP financial measures. A reconciliation of segmental income to net income available to Validus is included in the tables below.

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Validus Holdings, Ltd.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for percentages, share and per share information)

The following tables summarize the results of our operating segments and "Corporate and Investments":

	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended					
	September 30,		September	30					
Validus Re Segment Information	2016		2015		2016		2015		
Underwriting revenues									
Gross premiums written	\$94,741		\$103,297	7	\$1,072,219	9	\$1,112,410	0	
Reinsurance premiums ceded	(15,967))	(15,846)	(111,658)	(149,001)	
Net premiums written	78,774		87,451		960,561		963,409		
Change in unearned premiums	149,705		153,210		(241,129)	(205,110)	
Net premiums earned	228,479		240,661		719,432		758,299		
Other insurance related income (loss)	58		2,569		(107)	3,318		
Total underwriting revenues	228,537		243,230		719,325		761,617		
Underwriting deductions									
Losses and loss expenses	98,425		120,958		313,432		357,491		
Policy acquisition costs	42,837		42,989		127,660		128,909		
General and administrative expenses	17,528		19,964		52,579		58,254		
Share compensation expenses	2,695		2,691		8,371		7,665		
Total underwriting deductions	161,485		186,602		502,042		552,319		
Underwriting income	\$67,052		\$56,628		\$217,283		\$209,298		
Selected ratios:									
Ratio of net to gross premiums written	83.1	%	84.7	%	89.6	%	86.6	%	
Losses and loss expense ratio	43.1	%	50.3	%	43.6	%	47.1	%	
Policy acquisition cost ratio	18.7	%	17.9	%	17.7	%	17.0	%	
General and administrative expense ratio (a)			9.4	%	8.5		8.7	%	
Expense ratio	27.6	%	27.3	%	26.2		25.7	%	
Combined ratio			77.6		69.8		72.8	%	
(a) The general and administrative expense ratio includes share compensation expenses									

⁽a) The general and administrative expense ratio includes share compensation expenses.

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Validus Holdings, Ltd.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)
(Expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for percentages, share and per share information)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Month September 3					
Talbot Segment Information	2016		2015		2016		2015	
Underwriting revenues								
Gross premiums written	\$189,674		\$226,025	5	\$752,058	3	\$789,148	8
Reinsurance premiums ceded	(22,877)	(35,823)	(137,496)	(164,144	.)
Net premiums written	166,797		190,202		614,562		625,004	
Change in unearned premiums	32,258		15,942		(7,166)	9,167	
Net premiums earned	199,055		206,144		607,396		634,171	
Other insurance related income	99		470		389		564	
Total underwriting revenues	199,154		206,614		607,785		634,735	
Underwriting deductions								
Losses and loss expenses	109,860		94,414		319,271		268,512	
Policy acquisition costs	46,488		44,575		134,444		141,338	
General and administrative expenses	32,333		43,292		109,929		115,341	
Share compensation expenses	3,163		3,214		9,955		9,195	
Total underwriting deductions	191,844		185,495		573,599		534,386	
Underwriting income	\$7,310		\$21,119		\$34,186		\$100,349	9
Selected ratios:								
Ratio of net to gross premiums written	87.9	%	84.2	%	81.7	%	79.2	%
runto of net to gross promunis written	07.5	,0	02	,,,	01.7	,0	, ,	, c
Losses and loss expense ratio	55.2	%	45.8	%	52.6	%	42.4	%
Policy acquisition cost ratio	23.4	%	21.6	%	22.1	%	22.3	%
General and administrative expense ratio (a)	17.8	%	22.6	%	19.7	%	19.6	%
Expense ratio	41.2	%	44.2	%	41.8	%	41.9	%
Combined ratio	96.4	%	90.0	%	94.4	%	84.3	%
(-) The second of the first of	. 41 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -		1		4			

⁽a) The general and administrative expense ratio includes share compensation expenses.

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Validus Holdings, Ltd. Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (Expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for percentages, share and per share information)

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,				
Western World Segment Information	2016		2015		2016		2015	
Underwriting revenues								
Gross premiums written	\$85,260)	\$70,871		\$236,190)	\$207,372	2
Reinsurance premiums ceded	(6,202)	(4,716)	(15,347)	(13,390)
Net premiums written	79,058		66,155		220,843		193,982	
Change in unearned premiums	(8,260)	(2,225)	(22,890)	2,948	
Net premiums earned	70,798		63,930		197,953		196,930	
Other insurance related income	219		248		696		787	
Total underwriting revenues	71,017		64,178		198,649		197,717	
Underwriting deductions								
Losses and loss expenses	45,748		40,810		129,623		138,098	
Policy acquisition costs	17,094		13,214		46,704		27,110	
General and administrative expenses	10,171		9,587		33,704		29,137	
Share compensation expenses	702		554		1,825		1,525	
Total underwriting deductions	73,715		64,165		211,856		195,870	
Underwriting (loss) income	\$(2,698)	\$13		\$(13,207)	\$1,847	
Selected ratios:								
	02.7	01	93.3	01	93.5	01	93.5	01
Ratio of net to gross premiums written	92.7	%	93.3	%	93.3	%	93.3	%
Losses and loss expense ratio	64.6	%	63.8	%	65.5	%	70.1	%
Policy acquisition cost ratio	24.1	%	20.7	%	23.6	%	13.8	%
General and administrative expense ratio (a)	15.4	%	15.9	%	17.9	%	15.6	%
Expense ratio	39.5	%	36.6	%	41.5	%	29.4	%
Combined ratio	104.1	%	100.4	%	107.0	%	99.5	%
(a) The general and administrative expense ratio includes share compensation expenses.								

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Validus Holdings, Ltd.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for percentages, share and per share information)

	Three Mo Ended Se 30,		Nine Mont September	
AlphaCat Segment Information (a) Revenues	2016	2015	2016	2015
Third party	\$7,025	\$5,762	\$14,843	\$14,622
Related party	1,373	1,738	2,592	4,058
Total revenues	8,398	7,500	17,435	18,680
Expenses				
General and administrative expenses	3,324	4,124	7,557	8,883
Share compensation expenses	(107)	141	167	440
Finance expenses	31	2,297	914	9,259
Foreign exchange losses (gains)	5	(11)	17	(9)
Total expenses	3,253	6,551	8,655	18,573
Income before investments from AlphaCat Funds and Sidecars	5,145	949	8,780	107
Investment income (loss) from AlphaCat Funds and Sidecars (b)				
AlphaCat Sidecars	(72)	1,445	593	3,886
AlphaCat ILS Funds - Lower Risk (c)	2,321	2,274	6,903	5,454
AlphaCat ILS Funds - Higher Risk (c)	2,479	1,807	5,607	6,608
BetaCat ILS Funds	1,303	1,007	2,979	1,241
PaCRe	_	(7,963)	(23)	(2,241)
Total investment income (loss) from AlphaCat Funds and Sidecars	6,031	(1,430)	16,059	14,948
Validus' share of AlphaCat segment income (loss)	\$11,176	\$(481)	\$24,839	\$15,055
Supplemental information:				
Gross premiums written				
AlphaCat Sidecars	\$(112)	\$2,079	\$(178)	\$45,426
AlphaCat ILS Funds - Lower Risk (c)	2,049	1,653	112,241	90,088
AlphaCat ILS Funds - Higher Risk (c)	1,797	1,374	140,127	34,192
AlphaCat Direct (d)	679	4,785	18,476	4,785
Total gross premiums written	\$4,413	\$9,891	\$270,666	\$174,491
The results of AlphaCat are presented on an asset manager basis	which is n	on-GAAF	A reconci	liation of Valid

⁽a) The results of AlphaCat are presented on an asset manager basis, which is non-GAAP. A reconciliation of Validus' share of AlphaCat segment income to segmental income is presented in the tables below.

Lower risk AlphaCat ILS funds have a maximum permitted portfolio expected loss of less than 7%, whereas higher

⁽b) The investment income from the AlphaCat funds and sidecars is based on equity accounting.

⁽c)risk AlphaCat ILS funds have a maximum permitted portfolio expected loss of greater than 7%. Expected loss represents the average annual loss over the set of simulation scenarios divided by the total limit.

⁽d) AlphaCat Direct includes direct investments from third party investors in AlphaCat Re.

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Validus Holdings, Ltd.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for percentages, share and per share information)

	Three Mo Ended Se 30,		Nine Mon September	
Corporate and Investment Information	2016	2015	2016	2015
Investment income				
Net investment income (a)	\$41,071	\$29,991	\$105,843	\$91,281
Operating expenses				
General and administrative expenses	18,221	18,804	52,276	51,502
Share compensation expenses	4,048	3,383	12,147	9,454
Finance expenses (a)	14,317	15,143	42,637	45,623
Dividends on preferred shares	2,252	_	2,252	_
Tax expense	1,830	2,018	1,418	7,132
Total operating expenses	40,668	39,348	110,730	113,711
Other items				
	4.000	(1.000	. <i>5 5</i> 1 <i>1</i>	E 051
Net realized gains (losses) on investments (a)	4,080		5,514	5,051
Change in net unrealized gains on investments (a)	4,652	1,765	81,782	2,508
Income (loss) from investment affiliate	453	2,482	(4,249	5,542
Foreign exchange (losses) gains (a)	(1,067)	(2,331)	11,628	(9,024)
Other loss	(1,529)	(1,970)	(773	(2,578)
Total other items	6,589	(1,287)	93,902	1,499
Total corporate and investment information	\$6,992	\$(10,644)		\$(20,931)

These items exclude the components which are included in Validus' share of AlphaCat and amounts which are consolidated from VIEs.

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Validus Holdings, Ltd.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for percentages, share and per share information)

The following tables reconcile the results of our operating segments along with our corporate and investments function to the Consolidated results of the Company for the periods indicated:

runction to the Consolidated result		onths Ended								
	Validus Re Segment	Talbot Segment	Western World Segment	Segment and	ec	Corporate and I Investments	Eliminati	on	s Total	
Underwriting revenues										
Gross premiums written	\$94,741	\$189,674	\$85,260	\$ 4,413		\$	\$ (1,670)	\$372,418	3
Reinsurance premiums ceded	(15,967)	(22,877)	(6,202)	(1,630)	_	1,670		(45,006)
Net premiums written	78,774	166,797	79,058	2,783		_	_		327,412	
Change in unearned premiums	149,705	32,258		62,660		_	_		236,363	
Net premiums earned	228,479	199,055	70,798	65,443		_	_		563,775	
Other insurance related income	58	99	219	8,656		_	(8,113)	-	
Total underwriting revenues	228,537	199,154	71,017	74,099			(8,113)	564,694	
Underwriting deductions										
Losses and loss expenses	98,425	109,860	45,748	4,361		_			258,394	
Policy acquisition costs	42,837	46,488	17,094	7,075		_	(60)	113,434	
General and administrative expenses	17,528	32,333	10,171	12,255		18,221	(8,065)	82,443	
Share compensation expenses	2,695	3,163	702	(107)	4,048	_		10,501	
Total underwriting deductions	161,485	191,844	73,715	23,584		22,269	(8,125)	464,772	
Underwriting income (loss)	\$67,052	\$7,310	\$(2,698)	\$ 50,515		\$ (22,269)	\$ 12		\$99,922	
5 ,	,	,	, , , ,	, ,		, , , ,			, ,	
Other items (a)	_	_	_	1,221		(9,558)	_		(8,337)
Dividends on preferred shares		_	_			(2,252)	_		(2,252)
Net investment income	_	_	_	2,443		41,071	_		43,514	
(Income) attributable to AlphaCat investors	_	_	_	(5,564)	_	_		(5,564)
Net (income) attributable to noncontrolling interest	_	_	_	(37,439)	_	_		(37,439)
Segmental income (loss)	\$67,052	\$7,310	\$(2,698)	\$ 11,176		\$ 6,992	\$ 12			

Net income available to Validus common shareholders

\$89,844

Other items includes finance expenses, tax expenses, foreign exchange gains (losses), net realized and change in (a)net unrealized gains (losses) on investments, income from investment and operating affiliates and other income (loss).

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Validus Holdings, Ltd.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for percentages, share and per share information)

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2015								
	Validus Re Segment	Talbot Segment	Western World Segment	AlphaCat Segment and Consolidate VIEs	Corporate and ed Investments	Eliminati	on	s Total	
Underwriting revenues									
Gross premiums written	\$103,297	\$226,025	\$70,871	\$ 9,891	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ (7,575)	+	
Reinsurance premiums ceded		(35,823)	(- ,)	_	_	7,575		(48,810)
Net premiums written	87,451	190,202	66,155	9,891	_	—		353,699	
Change in unearned premiums	153,210	15,942		34,385	_	_		201,312	
Net premiums earned	240,661	206,144	63,930	44,276	-	_		555,011	
Other insurance related income	2,569	470	248	7,719	_	(7,510)	3,496	
Total underwriting revenues	243,230	206,614	64,178	51,995	_	(7,510)	558,507	
Underwriting deductions									
Losses and loss expenses	120,958	94,414	40,810	(172) —	_		256,010	
Policy acquisition costs	42,989	44,575	13,214	4,606	_	(345)	105,039	
General and administrative expenses	19,964	43,292	9,587	12,419	18,804	(7,180)	96,886	
Share compensation expenses	2,691	3,214	554	141	3,383	_		9,983	
Total underwriting deductions	186,602	185,495	64,165	16,994	22,187	(7,525)	467,918	
Underwriting income (loss)	\$56,628	\$21,119	\$13	\$ 35,001	\$ (22,187)	\$ 15		\$90,589	
Other items (a)				(9,396) (18,448)			(27,844	,
Dividends on preferred shares	_	_	_	(9,390) (10,440)	_		(27,044	,
Net investment income				1,581	<u> </u>			31,572	
(Income) attributable to AlphaCat		_	_	1,561	29,991			31,372	
investors	· <u> </u>	_	_	(1,438) —	_		(1,438)
Net (income) attributable to noncontrolling interest	_	_	_	(26,229) —	_		(26,229)
Segmental income (loss)	\$56,628	\$21,119	\$13	\$ (481) \$(10,644)	\$ 15			
Net income available to Validus								\$66,650	

Other items includes finance expenses, tax expenses, foreign exchange gains (losses), net realized and change in (a)net unrealized gains (losses) on investments, income from investment and operating affiliates and other income (loss).

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common shareholders

\$66,650

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Validus Holdings, Ltd.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)
(Expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for percentages, share and per share information)

	Nine Months	s Ended Sep	tember 30,	2016			
	Validus Re Segment	Talbot Segment	Western World Segment	AlphaCat Segment and Consolidated VIEs	Corporate and Investments	Elimination	s Total
Underwriting revenues Gross premiums written	\$1,072,219	\$752,058	\$236,190	\$ 270,666	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ (21,882)	\$2,309,251
Reinsurance premiums		(137,496)		(6,451)	_	21,882	(249,070)
ceded Net premiums written	960,561	614,562	220,843	264,215	_		2,060,181
Change in unearned	Í			(80,230)	_	_	(351,415)
premiums Net premiums earned	719,432	607,396	197,953	183,985			1,708,766
Other insurance related	719,432	007,390	197,933	105,705	_	_	1,700,700
(loss)	(107)	389	696	17,722	_	(16,300)	2,400
income Total underwriting revenues	719,325	607,785	198,649	201,707	_	(16,300)	1,711,166
, and the second							
Underwriting deductions Losses and loss expenses	313,432	319,271	129,623	27,645	_	_	789,971
Policy acquisition costs	127,660	134,444	46,704	19,762	_	23	328,593
General and administrative expenses	52,579	109,929	33,704	26,272	52,276	(16,421)	258,339
Share compensation expenses	8,371	9,955	1,825	167	12,147	_	32,465
Total underwriting deductions	502,042	573,599	211,856	73,846	64,423	(16,398)	1,409,368
Underwriting income (loss)	\$217,283	\$34,186	\$(13,207)	\$ 127,861	\$ (64,423)	\$ 98	\$301,798
Other items (a)	_	_	_	2,433	49,847	_	52,280
Dividends on preferred	_	_	_	_	(2,252)	_	(2,252)
shares Net investment income	_	_	_	6,986	105,843	(597)	112,232
(Income) attributable to AlphaCat investors	_	_	_	(16,278)	_	_	(16,278)
Net (income) attributable to noncontrolling interest	_	_	_	(96,163)	_	_	(96,163)
Segmental income (loss)	\$217,283	\$34,186	\$(13,207)	\$ 24,839	\$ 89,015	\$ (499)	
Net income available to Validus common shareholders							\$351,617

Other items includes finance expenses, tax expenses, foreign exchange gains (losses), net realized and change in (a)net unrealized gains (losses) on investments, income from investment and operating affiliates and other income (loss).

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Validus Holdings, Ltd.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for percentages, share and per share information)

	Nine Months	Ended Sep	tember 30, 2							
	Validus Re Segment	Talbot Segment	Western World Segment	AlphaCat Segment an Consolidate VIEs	ıa -d	Corporate and Investments	Eliminatio	ns	s Total	
Underwriting revenues	ф1 11 2 110	Φ 5 00 140	\$207.272	ф 1 7 4 401		Φ.	ф (25.52 0		Φ 2.247 .001	
Gross premiums written Reinsurance premiums	\$1,112,410	\$789,148	\$207,372	\$ 174,491		\$—	\$ (35,520)	\$2,247,901	
ceded	(149,001)	(164,144)	(13,390)	(4,538)	_	35,520		(295,553)
Net premiums written	963,409	625,004	193,982	169,953		_	_		1,952,348	
Change in unearned premiums	(205,110)	9,167	2,948	(55,764)	_	_		(248,759)
Net premiums earned	758,299	634,171	196,930	114,189		_	_		1,703,589	
Other insurance related income	3,318	564	787	19,175		_	(18,700)	5,144	
Total underwriting revenues	761,617	634,735	197,717	133,364		_	(18,700)	1,708,733	
Underwriting deductions										
Losses and loss expenses	357,491	268,512	138,098	(1,016)	_	_		763,085	
Policy acquisition costs	128,909	141,338	27,110	11,783		_	(1,367)	307,773	
General and administrative expenses	58,254	115,341	29,137	28,478		51,502	(17,566)	265,146	
Share compensation expenses	7,665	9,195	1,525	440		9,454	_		28,279	
Total underwriting deductions	552,319	534,386	195,870	39,685		60,956	(18,933)	1,364,283	
Underwriting income (loss)	\$209,298	\$100,349	\$1,847	\$ 93,679		\$ (60,956)	\$ 233		\$344,450	
Other items (a)	_	_	_	(15,149)	(51,256)	_		(66,405)
Dividends on preferred shares	_	_	_	_		_	_		_	
Net investment income	_	_	_	4,931		91,281	_		96,212	
(Income) attributable to AlphaCat investors	_	_	_	(1,438)	_	_		(1,438)
Net (income) attributable to noncontrolling interest	_	_	_	(66,968)	_	_		(66,968)
Segmental income (loss)	\$209,298	\$100,349	\$1,847	\$ 15,055		\$ (20,931)	\$ 233			
Net income available to									\$305.851	

Other items includes finance expenses, tax expenses, foreign exchange gains (losses), net realized and change in (a) net unrealized gains (losses) on investments, income from investment and operating affiliates and other income (loss).

Validus

\$305,851

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Validus Holdings, Ltd.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for percentages, share and per share information)

The Company's exposures are generally diversified across geographic zones. The following tables set forth the gross premiums written by operating segment allocated to the territory of coverage exposure for the periods indicated:

	Gross Pre	miums Wr	itten		•	.110	_											
	Three Mo	nths Ended	l Septemb	er 30, 201	6													
	Validus Re	Talbot	Western World	AlphaCat	Eliminatio	ns	Total	%										
United States	\$31,345	\$19,937	\$85,260	\$ 1,837	\$ (76)	\$138,303	37.1	%									
Worldwide excluding United States (a)	4,145	40,058	_	(288)	(39)	43,876	11.7	%									
Australia and New Zealand	57	3,238	_	_	6		3,301	0.9	%									
Europe	4,536	4,957	_	_	40		9,533	2.6	%									
Latin America and Caribbean	17,036	25,173	_	_	(793)	41,416	11.1	%									
Japan	(33)	997	_	_	7		971	0.3	%									
Canada	149	2,015	_	_	(42)	2,122	0.6	%									
Rest of the world (b)	2,360	19,166	_	_	66		21,592	5.8	%									
Sub-total, non United States	28,250	95,604	_	(288)	(755)	122,811	33.0	%									
Worldwide including United States (a)	22,399	12,771	_	2,872	(838)	37,204	10.0	%									
Other locations non-specific (c)	12,747	61,362	_	(8)	(1)	74,100	19.9	%									
Total	\$94,741	\$189,674	\$85,260	\$4,413	\$ (1,670)	\$372,418	100.0	%									
	Gross Pre	miums Wr	ittan															
	01033 110	IIIIuiiis vvi	IttCII						Three Months Ended September 30, 2015									
				er 30, 201	5													
	Three Mo Validus	nths Ended	l Septemb Westerr			ion	s Total	%										
	Three Mo Validus Re	nths Ended Talbot	l Septemb Westerr World	¹ AlphaCa	nt Eliminati			%										
United States	Three Mo Validus	nths Ended	l Septemb Westerr World				s Total) \$131,494		5 %									
	Three Mo Validus Re	nths Ended Talbot	l Septemb Westerr World	¹ AlphaCa	nt Eliminati)			5 % %									
	Three Mo Validus Re \$34,968	Talbot \$21,886	Western World \$70,872	¹ AlphaCa	s (307)	\$131,494	1 32.6										
Worldwide excluding United States (a)	Three Mo Validus Re \$34,968	Talbot \$21,886 30,721	Western World \$70,871	1 AlphaCa 1 \$4,076 101	\$ (307) (208))	\$131,494 36,091	4 32.6 9.0	%									
Worldwide excluding United States (a) Australia and New Zealand	Three Mo Validus Re \$34,968 5,477 473	Talbot \$21,886 30,721 3,520	Western World \$70,873	1 AlphaCa 1 \$4,076 101	\$ (307) (208) (85))	\$131,494 36,091 3,908	9.0 1.0	% % %									
Worldwide excluding United States ^(a) Australia and New Zealand Europe	Three Mo Validus Re \$34,968 5,477 473 6,165 17,079	Talbot \$21,886 30,721 3,520 7,839	Western World \$70,87	1 AlphaCa 1 \$4,076 101	\$ (307) (208) (85)) (101))	\$131,494 36,091 3,908 13,895	9.0 1.0 3.5	% % %									
Worldwide excluding United States ^(a) Australia and New Zealand Europe Latin America and Caribbean	Three Mo Validus Re \$34,968 5,477 473 6,165 17,079	Talbot \$21,886 30,721 3,520 7,839 27,249	Western World \$70,87	1 AlphaCa 1 \$ 4,076 101 — (8 — —	\$ (307) (208) (85) (101) (2,024))	\$131,494 36,091 3,908 13,895 42,304	9.0 1.0 3.5 10.5	% % %									
Worldwide excluding United States ^(a) Australia and New Zealand Europe Latin America and Caribbean Japan	Three Mo Validus Re \$34,968 5,477 473 6,165 17,079 (10	Talbot \$21,886 30,721 3,520 7,839 27,249) 1,149	Western World \$70,87	1 AlphaCa 1 \$ 4,076 101 — (8 — —	\$ (307) \$ (307) \$ (208) \$ (85) \$ (101) \$ (2,024) \$ (84))	36,091 3,908 13,895 42,304 1,055	9.0 1.0 3.5 10.5 0.3	% % % %									
Worldwide excluding United States ^(a) Australia and New Zealand Europe Latin America and Caribbean Japan Canada	Three Mo Validus Re \$34,968 5,477 473 6,165 17,079 (10 315	Talbot \$21,886 30,721 3,520 7,839 27,249) 1,149 1,455	Western World \$70,872	1 \$4,076 1 \$4,076 101 	\$ (307) (208) (85) (101) (2,024) (84) (71)		\$131,494 36,091 3,908 13,895 42,304 1,055 1,669	9.0 1.0 3.5 10.5 0.3 0.4	% % % % %									
Worldwide excluding United States ^(a) Australia and New Zealand Europe Latin America and Caribbean Japan Canada Rest of the world ^(b)	Three Mo Validus Re \$34,968 5,477 473 6,165 17,079 (10 315 2,643	Talbot \$21,886 30,721 3,520 7,839 27,249) 1,149 1,455 28,380	Western World \$70,87	1 AlphaCa 1 \$ 4,076 101 — (8 — — (30	\$ (307) (208) (85) (101) (2,024) (84) (71) (521)		\$131,494 36,091 3,908 13,895 42,304 1,055 1,669 30,502	9.0 1.0 3.5 10.5 0.3 0.4 7.6	% % % % %									
Worldwide excluding United States ^(a) Australia and New Zealand Europe Latin America and Caribbean Japan Canada Rest of the world ^(b) Sub-total, non United States	Three Mo Validus Re \$34,968 5,477 473 6,165 17,079 (10 315 2,643 32,142	Talbot \$21,886 30,721 3,520 7,839 27,249) 1,149 1,455 28,380 100,313	September Sept	1 AlphaCa 1 \$ 4,076 101 	\$ (307) (208) (85) (101) (2,024) (84) (71) (521) (3,094)		36,091 3,908 3,908 13,895 42,304 1,055 1,669 30,502 129,424	9.0 1.0 3.5 10.5 0.3 0.4 7.6 32.3	% % % % % %									
Worldwide excluding United States ^(a) Australia and New Zealand Europe Latin America and Caribbean Japan Canada Rest of the world ^(b) Sub-total, non United States Worldwide including United States ^(a)	Three Mo Validus Re \$34,968 5,477 473 6,165 17,079 (10 315 2,643 32,142 9,542	Talbot \$21,886 30,721 3,520 7,839 27,249) 1,149 1,455 28,380 100,313 20,296 83,530	September Sept	1 AlphaCa 1 \$ 4,076 101 	\$ (307) (208) (85)) (101) (2,024) (84)) (71) (521) (3,094) (4,072)		\$131,494 36,091 3,908 13,895 42,304 1,055 1,669 30,502 129,424 30,726	9.0 1.0 3.5 10.5 0.3 0.4 7.6 32.3 7.6 27.5	% % % % % % %									

⁽a) Represents risks in two or more geographic zones.

⁽b) Represents risks in one geographic zone.

The Other locations non-specific category refers to business for which an analysis of exposure by geographic zone (c) is not applicable since these exposures can span multiple geographic areas and, in some instances, are not fixed locations.

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Validus Holdings, Ltd.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for percentages, share and per share information)

	Gross Premiums Written Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016									
	Validus Re	Talbot	Western World	AlphaCat	Eliminatio	ns	Total	%		
United States	\$455,826	\$85,182	\$236,190	\$64,566	\$ (1,631)	\$840,133	36.4	%	
Worldwide excluding United States (a)	51,384	105,590	_	22,219	(650)	178,543	7.8	%	
Australia and New Zealand	6,906	7,613	_	4,949	(107)	19,361	0.8	%	
Europe	30,270	25,673	_	3,306	(668)	58,581	2.5	%	
Latin America and Caribbean	36,610	76,577	_	_	(6,330)	106,857	4.6	%	
Japan	39,892	5,579	_	3,221	(24)	48,668	2.1	%	
Canada	3,646	5,577	_	223	(129		9,317	0.4	%	
Rest of the world (b)	22,307	76,456	_	_	(2,276)	96,487	4.2	%	
Sub-total, non United States	191,015	303,065	_	33,918	(10,184)	517,814	22.4	%	
Worldwide including United States (a)	169,737	75,423	_	170,639	(10,052)	405,747	17.6	%	
Other locations non-specific (c)	255,641	288,388	_	1,543	(15)	545,557	23.6	%	
Total	\$1,072,219	\$752,058	\$236,190	\$270,666	\$ (21,882)	\$2,309,251	100.0)%	
	Gross Prem					_				
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015										
	Nine Month			0, 2015						
		s Ended S			T11		m . 1	C.		
	Nine Month Validus Re	s Ended S	eptember 3		Eliminatio	ns	Total	%		
United States		s Ended S	eptember 3 Western World				Total \$881,172	% 39.2	%	
United States Worldwide excluding United States (a)	Validus Re \$544,988	ns Ended So Talbot	eptember 3 Western World	AlphaCat)			%	
	Validus Re \$544,988	Talbot \$89,980	western World \$207,372	AlphaCat \$41,021	\$ (2,189)	\$881,172	39.2		
Worldwide excluding United States (a)	Validus Re \$544,988 52,765	Talbot \$89,980	eptember 3 Western World \$207,372	AlphaCat \$41,021 8,107	\$ (2,189 (1,141)	\$881,172 155,625	39.2 6.9	%	
Worldwide excluding United States (a) Australia and New Zealand	Validus Re \$544,988 52,765 11,980	Talbot \$89,980 95,894 6,569	eptember 3 Western World \$207,372	AlphaCat \$41,021 8,107 624	\$ (2,189 (1,141 (211)	\$881,172 155,625 18,962	39.2 6.9 0.8	% %	
Worldwide excluding United States (a) Australia and New Zealand Europe	Validus Re \$544,988 52,765 11,980 47,182	Talbot \$89,980 95,894 6,569 31,637	eptember 3 Western World \$207,372 — — —	AlphaCat \$41,021 8,107 624 2,504	\$ (2,189 (1,141 (211 (1,005)	\$881,172 155,625 18,962 80,318	39.2 6.9 0.8 3.6	% % %	
Worldwide excluding United States (a) Australia and New Zealand Europe Latin America and Caribbean	Validus Re \$544,988 52,765 11,980 47,182 34,011	Talbot \$89,980 95,894 6,569 31,637 78,634	eptember 3 Western World \$207,372	AlphaCat \$41,021 8,107 624 2,504	\$ (2,189 (1,141 (211 (1,005 (9,837))))))	\$881,172 155,625 18,962 80,318 102,808	39.2 6.9 0.8 3.6 4.6	% % %	
Worldwide excluding United States (a) Australia and New Zealand Europe Latin America and Caribbean Japan	Validus Re \$544,988 52,765 11,980 47,182 34,011 39,174	s Ended Se Talbot \$89,980 95,894 6,569 31,637 78,634 4,746	eptember 3 Western World \$207,372	AlphaCat \$41,021 8,107 624 2,504 — 1,671	\$ (2,189 (1,141 (211 (1,005 (9,837 (142)))))))	\$881,172 155,625 18,962 80,318 102,808 45,449	39.2 6.9 0.8 3.6 4.6 2.0	% % % %	
Worldwide excluding United States (a) Australia and New Zealand Europe Latin America and Caribbean Japan Canada	Validus Re \$544,988 52,765 11,980 47,182 34,011 39,174 3,097	Talbot \$89,980 95,894 6,569 31,637 78,634 4,746 5,452	eptember 3 Western World \$207,372	AlphaCat \$41,021 8,107 624 2,504 — 1,671 458	\$ (2,189 (1,141 (211 (1,005 (9,837 (142 (195))))))))	\$881,172 155,625 18,962 80,318 102,808 45,449 8,812	39.2 6.9 0.8 3.6 4.6 2.0 0.4 4.3	% % % % %	
Worldwide excluding United States ^(a) Australia and New Zealand Europe Latin America and Caribbean Japan Canada Rest of the world ^(b)	Validus Re \$544,988 52,765 11,980 47,182 34,011 39,174 3,097 24,323 212,532	Talbot \$89,980 95,894 6,569 31,637 78,634 4,746 5,452 76,368	eptember 3 Western World \$207,372	AlphaCat \$41,021 8,107 624 2,504 — 1,671 458	\$ (2,189 (1,141 (211 (1,005 (9,837 (142 (195 (3,063))))))))))))))))))))	\$881,172 155,625 18,962 80,318 102,808 45,449 8,812 97,628	39.2 6.9 0.8 3.6 4.6 2.0 0.4 4.3	% % % % % %	
Worldwide excluding United States ^(a) Australia and New Zealand Europe Latin America and Caribbean Japan Canada Rest of the world ^(b) Sub-total, non United States	Validus Re \$544,988 52,765 11,980 47,182 34,011 39,174 3,097 24,323 212,532	s Ended Se Talbot \$89,980 95,894 6,569 31,637 78,634 4,746 5,452 76,368 299,300	eptember 3 Western World \$207,372	AlphaCat \$41,021 8,107 624 2,504 — 1,671 458 — 13,364	\$ (2,189 (1,141 (211 (1,005 (9,837 (142 (195 (3,063 (15,594))))))))))))	\$881,172 155,625 18,962 80,318 102,808 45,449 8,812 97,628 509,602	39.2 6.9 0.8 3.6 4.6 2.0 0.4 4.3 22.6	% % % % % %	
Worldwide excluding United States ^(a) Australia and New Zealand Europe Latin America and Caribbean Japan Canada Rest of the world ^(b) Sub-total, non United States Worldwide including United States ^(a)	Validus Re \$544,988 52,765 11,980 47,182 34,011 39,174 3,097 24,323 212,532 132,353	s Ended Se Talbot \$89,980 95,894 6,569 31,637 78,634 4,746 5,452 76,368 299,300 74,794 325,074	eptember 3 Western World \$207,372	AlphaCat \$41,021 8,107 624 2,504 — 1,671 458 — 13,364 115,264 4,842	\$ (2,189 (1,141 (211 (1,005 (9,837 (142 (195 (3,063 (15,594 (17,731 (6))))))))))))	\$881,172 155,625 18,962 80,318 102,808 45,449 8,812 97,628 509,602 304,680	39.2 6.9 0.8 3.6 4.6 2.0 0.4 4.3 22.6 13.6 24.6	% % % % % % %	

⁽a) Represents risks in two or more geographic zones.

⁽b) Represents risks in one geographic zone.

The Other locations non-specific category refers to business for which an analysis of exposure by geographic zone

⁽c) is not applicable since these exposures can span multiple geographic areas and, in some instances, are not fixed locations.

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Validus Holdings, Ltd. Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) (Expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for percentages, share and per share information)

19. Subsequent events Hurricane Matthew

On October 8, 2016, Hurricane Matthew made landfall in South Carolina causing widespread flooding and property damage across it and a number of other states. The Company is reviewing its exposure to this event based on in-force contracts and preliminary loss information from clients. The Company currently estimates that the net loss attributable to the Company from this event will likely be in the range of \$24,000 to \$64,000 based on an estimated industry loss of between \$3,000,000 and \$8,300,000.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Company's unaudited consolidated results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 and the Company's consolidated financial condition, liquidity and capital resources as at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto included in this filing and the Company's audited Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015, the discussions of critical accounting policies and the qualitative and quantitative disclosure about market risk, as well as management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015.

For a number of reasons, the Company's historical financial results may not accurately indicate future performance. See "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements." The Risk Factors set forth in Part I Item 1A of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 present a discussion of important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results described in or implied by the forward-looking statements contained herein.

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Executive Overview

Validus Holdings, Ltd. (the "Company" or "Validus Holdings") conducts its operations worldwide through four operating segments which have been determined under U.S. GAAP segment reporting to be Validus Re, Talbot, Western World, and AlphaCat. A summary of each of the Company's operating segments is as follows:

- •Validus Re is a Bermuda-based reinsurance segment focused on treaty reinsurance;
- •Talbot is a specialty insurance segment, primarily operating within the Lloyd's insurance market through Syndicate 1183:
- Western World is a U.S. based specialty excess and surplus lines insurance segment operating within the U.S. commercial market; and

AlphaCat is a Bermuda based investment adviser managing capital for third parties and the Company in insurance linked securities and other property catastrophe and specialty reinsurance investments.

In addition, the Company has a corporate and investment function ("Corporate"), which includes the activities of the parent company, and which carries out certain functions for the group, including investment management. Corporate includes investment income on a managed basis and other non-segment expenses, predominantly general and administrative, stock compensation and finance expenses. The Company's corporate expenses, capital servicing and debt costs and investment results are presented separately within the corporate and investment function discussion. The Company's strategy is to concentrate primarily on short-tail risks, which has been an area where management believes prices and terms provide an attractive risk-adjusted return and the management team has proven expertise. The Company's profitability in any given period is a function of net earned premium and investment revenues, less net losses and loss expenses, acquisition expenses and operating expenses. The Company's insurance and reinsurance portfolio, as measured by gross premium written, was comprised of 37% insurance and 63% reinsurance for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 (2015: 39% insurance and 61% reinsurance), compared to 46% insurance and 54% reinsurance for the year ended December 31, 2015. The change in portfolio composition was driven primarily by the seasonality of reinsurance renewals. Financial results in the insurance and reinsurance industry are influenced by the frequency and/or severity of claims and losses, including as a result of catastrophic events; changes in interest rates, financial markets and general economic conditions; the supply of insurance and reinsurance capacity and changes in legal, regulatory and judicial environments.

Business Outlook and Trends

The Company underwrites global property insurance and reinsurance and has large aggregate exposures to natural and man-made disasters. The occurrence of claims from catastrophic events results in substantial volatility, and can have material adverse effects on the Company's financial condition and results along with its ability to write new business. This volatility affects results for the period in which the loss occurs because U.S. accounting principles do not permit reinsurers to reserve for such catastrophic events until they occur. Catastrophic events of significant magnitude have historically been relatively infrequent, although management believes the property catastrophe reinsurance market has experienced a higher level of worldwide catastrophic losses in terms of both frequency and severity in the period from 1992 to the present. The Company also expects that increases in the values and concentrations of insured property will increase the severity of such occurrences in the future. The Company seeks to reflect these types of trends when pricing contracts.

Property and other reinsurance premiums have historically risen in the aftermath of significant catastrophic losses. As loss reserves are established, industry surplus is depleted and the industry's capacity to write new business diminishes. The global property and casualty insurance and reinsurance industry has historically been highly cyclical. Since 2007, increased capital provided by new entrants or by the commitment of capital by existing insurers and reinsurers increased the supply of insurance and reinsurance which resulted in a softening of rates on most lines. From 2010 to 2012, there was an increased level of catastrophe activity, principally the Chilean earthquake, Deepwater Horizon, the Tohoku earthquake, the New Zealand earthquakes and Superstorm Sandy, but the Company continues to see increased competition and decreased premium rates in most classes of business. In the absence of significant catastrophes in recent years, the market supply of capital is greater than the demand and therefore the Company expects to see continued pressure on rates in the near term.

During the January 2016 renewal season, the Validus Re and AlphaCat segments in total underwrote \$610.5 million in gross premiums written (excluding U.S. agriculture premiums and net of intercompany eliminations between Validus Re and AlphaCat), an increase of 12.9% from the prior year renewal period. This increase was primarily driven by an increase in AlphaCat AUM and new business in the casualty and specialty lines, partially offset by non-renewed business in the property and marine lines due to rate reductions. The U.S. property lines experienced rate declines in the low single-digits, while rate declines in the international property lines were more challenging, with rates down closer to 10%. The marine lines experienced rate declines in the mid-single digits due to the worldwide reduction in oil prices. During the mid-year 2016 renewal period, the U.S. property market saw a

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continuation of the rate trend observed at the January 2016 renewals where rate declines were in the low single-digits. However, the rate environment in the international property market proved to be more challenging as market participants actively pursued diversification of exposure, often at the expense of profit, which resulted in average rate reductions of about 10%.

Business written by the Talbot and Western World segments is distributed more evenly throughout the year. Through September 30, 2016, the Talbot segment experienced a whole account rate decrease of approximately 6.1% driven primarily by decreases in energy and political lines. The Western World segment experienced a modest whole account rate increase of approximately 0.8% through September 30, 2016.

Financial Measures

Key Financial Indicators

The Company believes that the key financial indicator for evaluating our performance and measuring the overall growth in value generated for its shareholders is book value per diluted common share plus accumulated dividends. Book value per diluted common share plus accumulated dividends, together with other key book value financial indicators, are shown in the table below:

	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Book value per diluted common share plus accumulated dividends (a)	\$56.37	\$52.49
Book value per diluted common share (a)	\$45.16	\$42.33
Tangible book value per diluted common share (a)	\$41.35	\$38.63

(a) These are non-GAAP financial measures which are described in the section entitled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

Book value per diluted common share plus accumulated dividends is considered by management to be the key financial indicator of performance, as the Company believes growth in book value on a diluted basis, plus the dividends that have accumulated, ultimately translates into the return that a shareholder will receive. Book value per diluted common share plus accumulated dividends is calculated based on total shareholders' equity available to Validus excluding the \$150.0 million liquidation value of the preferred shares, plus the assumed proceeds from the exercise of outstanding options and warrants, divided by the sum of common shares, unvested restricted shares and options and warrants outstanding (assuming their exercise), plus accumulated dividends.

Book value per diluted common share plus accumulated dividends increased by \$3.88, or 7.4%, from \$52.49 at December 31, 2015 to \$56.37 at September 30, 2016. Cash dividends per common share are an integral part of the value created for shareholders. The Company has paid cash dividends of \$1.05 per common share during the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

Book value per diluted common share is considered by management to be a measure of returns to common shareholders, as the Company believes growth in book value on a diluted basis ultimately translates into growth in stock price.

Book value per diluted common share after dividends paid increased by \$2.83, or 6.7%, from \$42.33 at December 31, 2015 to \$45.16 at September 30, 2016. Growth in book value per diluted common share inclusive of dividends was 2.5% and 1.9% for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, and 9.2% and 8.1% for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. All outstanding warrants expired on December 12, 2015 and no further warrants are anticipated to be issued.

Tangible book value per diluted common share is considered by management to be a measure of returns to common shareholders excluding intangible assets and goodwill, as the Company believes growth in tangible book value on a diluted basis ultimately translates into growth in the tangible value of the Company. Tangible book value per diluted common share is calculated based on total shareholders' equity available to Validus excluding the \$150.0 million liquidation value of the preferred shares, less goodwill and intangible assets, plus the assumed proceeds from the exercise of outstanding options and warrants; divided by the sum of common shares, unvested restricted shares, options and warrants outstanding (assuming their exercise).

Tangible book value per diluted common share increased by \$2.72, or 7.0%, from \$38.63 at December 31, 2015 to \$41.35 at September 30, 2016.

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Other Financial Indicators

The Company believes that the following other financial indicators are beneficial in evaluating our performance and measuring the overall growth in value generated for shareholders:

	Three Months			iths	
	Ended		Ended Sep	ptember	
	Septemb	er 30,	30,		
(Dollars in thousands)	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Underwriting income (a)	\$99,922	\$90,589	\$301,798	\$344,450	
Net operating income available to Validus common shareholders (a)	\$82,597	\$65,763	\$254,875	\$304,354	
Annualized return on average equity	9.7%	7.3%	12.7%	11.2%	
Annualized net operating return on average equity (a)	8.9%	7.2%	9.2%	11.1%	

(a) This is a non-GAAP financial measure which is described in the section entitled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures." Underwriting income measures the performance of the Company's core underwriting function, excluding revenues and expenses such as net investment income, finance expenses, tax (expense) benefit, income (loss) from operating affiliates, (income) attributable to AlphaCat investors, net realized and change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments, income (loss) from investment affiliate, foreign exchange gains (losses), other income (loss), non-recurring items and net (income) attributable to noncontrolling interest. The Company believes the reporting of underwriting income enhances the understanding of results by highlighting the underlying profitability of the Company's core insurance and reinsurance operations.

Underwriting income was \$99.9 million and \$90.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, and \$301.8 million and \$344.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Net operating income available to Validus common shareholders is defined as net income (loss) excluding net realized and change in net unrealized gains (losses) on investments, income (loss) from investment affiliate, foreign exchange gains (losses), other income (loss), non-recurring items, operating (income) attributable to noncontrolling interest and dividends on preferred shares. This measure focuses on the underlying fundamentals of the Company's operations without the influence of gains (losses) from the sale of investments, translation of non-U.S. dollar currencies, non-recurring items, (income) attributable to noncontrolling interest and dividends on preferred shares.

Net operating income available to Validus common shareholders was \$82.6 million and \$65.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, and \$254.9 million and \$304.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Annualized return on average equity represents the return generated on common shareholders' equity during the period. Annualized return on average equity is calculated by dividing the net income available to Validus common shareholders for the period by the average shareholders' equity available to Validus during the period. Average shareholders' equity is the average of the beginning, ending and intervening quarter end shareholders' equity balances, excluding the \$150.0 million liquidation value of the preferred shares. The Company's objective is to generate superior returns on capital that appropriately reward shareholders for the risks assumed.

The annualized return on average equity was 9.7% and 7.3% for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, and 12.7% and 11.2% for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Annualized net operating return on average equity represents the net operating return generated on common shareholders' equity during the period. Annualized net operating return on average equity is calculated by dividing the net operating income available to Validus common shareholders for the period by the average shareholders' equity available to Validus during the period. Average shareholders' equity is the average of the beginning, ending and intervening quarter end shareholders' equity balances, excluding the \$150.0 million liquidation value of the preferred shares.

The annualized net operating return on average equity was 8.9% and 7.2% for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, and 9.2% and 11.1% for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

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Third Quarter 2016 Summarized Results of Operations - Consolidated

The following table presents a comparison of the results of operations for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Three Month	ns Ended September 30,
(Dollars in thousands)	2016	Change 2015
Underwriting revenues		
Gross premiums written	\$372,418	\$(30,091) \$402,509
Reinsurance premiums ceded	(45,006)	3,804 (48,810)
Net premiums written	327,412	(26,287) 353,699
Change in unearned premiums	236,363	35,051 201,312
Net premiums earned	563,775	8,764 555,011
Other insurance related income	919	(2,577) 3,496
Total underwriting revenues	564,694	6,187 558,507
Underwriting deductions		
Losses and loss expenses	258,394	2,384 256,010
Policy acquisition costs	113,434	8,395 105,039
General and administrative expenses	82,443	(14,443) 96,886
Share compensation expenses	10,501	518 9,983
Total underwriting deductions	464,772	(3,146) 467,918
Underwriting income (a)	\$99,922	\$9,333 \$90,589
Net investment income	43,514	11,942 31,572
Finance expenses	(14,521)	3,991 (18,512)
Dividends on preferred shares	(2,252)	(2,252) —
Tax expense	(1,830)	188 (2,018)
Loss from operating affiliates	<u> </u>	7,963 (7,963)
(Income) attributable to AlphaCat investors	(5,564)	(4,126) (1,438)
Net (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests	(36,672)	(10,205) (26,467)
Net operating income available to Validus common shareholders (a)	\$82,597	\$16,834 \$65,763
Supplemental information:		
Losses and loss expenses:		
Current period excluding items below	\$288,650	\$10,042 \$278,608
Current period—notable loss events	986	(47,990) 48,976
Current period—non-notable loss events	21,643	(532) 22,175
Change in prior accident years	(52,885)	40,864 (93,749)
Total losses and loss expenses	\$258,394	\$2,384 \$256,010
Selected ratios:		
Ratio of net to gross premiums written	87.9 %	— 87.9 %
Losses and loss expense ratio:		
Current period excluding items below	51.2 %	1.0 50.2 %
Current period—notable loss events	0.2 %	(8.6) 8.8 %
Current period—non-notable loss events	3.8 %	(0.2) 4.0
Change in prior accident years	(9.4)%	7.5 (16.9)%
Losses and loss expense ratio	45.8 %	(0.3) 46.1
Policy acquisition cost ratio	20.1 %	1.2 18.9 %
General and administrative expense ratio (b)	16.5 %	(2.8) 19.3 %
Expense ratio	36.6 %	(1.6) 38.2 %
Combined ratio	82.4 %	(1.9) 84.3 %

Non-GAAP Financial Measures. In presenting the Company's results, management has included and discussed

- underwriting income and operating income that are not calculated under standards or rules that comprise (a) U.S. GAAP. Such measures are referred to as non-GAAP. Further discussion of these measures is presented in the section entitled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures."
- (b) The general and administrative expense ratio includes share compensation expenses.

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Third Quarter 2016 Summarized Results of Operations - Consolidated

Highlights for the third quarter 2016 as compared to 2015 were as follows:

Gross premiums written for the three months ended September 30, 2016 were \$372.4 million compared to \$402.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015, a decrease of \$30.1 million, or 7.5%. The decrease in gross premiums written was driven by:

Gross premiums written for the three months ended September 30, 2016 in the Talbot segment were \$189.7 million compared to \$226.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015, a decrease of \$36.4 million or 16.1%. The decrease was primarily driven as a result of foreign exchange and the timing of renewals and current market conditions and was partially offset by an increase in premium estimates;

Gross premiums written for the three months ended September 30, 2016 in the Validus Re segment were \$94.7 million compared to \$103.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015, a decrease of \$8.6 million or 8.3%. The decrease was primarily driven by a decrease across the property and marine classes due to the timing of renewals and current market conditions; and,

Gross premiums written in the AlphaCat segment, on behalf of the Company's variable interest entities ("VIEs"), were \$4.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016, compared to \$9.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015, a decrease of \$5.5 million or 55.4%; partially offset by,

Gross premiums written for the three months ended September 30, 2016 in the Western World segment were \$85.3 million compared to \$70.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$14.4 million or 20.3%, primarily as a result of continued enhancements to the underwriting platform in short tail lines.

Underwriting revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2016 were \$564.7 million compared to \$558.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$6.2 million or 1.1%.

Losses and loss expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2016 were \$258.4 million compared to \$256.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$2.4 million or 0.9%.

Notable and Non-notable Loss Events

The Company defines a notable loss event as an event whereby consolidated net losses and loss expenses aggregate to a threshold greater than or equal to \$30.0 million.

The Company defines a non-notable loss event as an event whereby consolidated net losses and loss expenses aggregate to a threshold greater than or equal to \$15.0 million but less than \$30.0 million.

Three Months Ended September

30, 2016

Notable Non-notable

Loss Events

Loss Events **Total**

Canadilarxas

Wildfilesilstorms

Validus' Share of Net Losses and Loss Expenses

Less: Reinstatement Premiums, net

\$986 \$1,400 \$20,243 \$22,629 (1,240)(1,240)

Net Loss Attributable to Validus

(Dollars in thousands)

\$986 \$1,400 \$19,003 \$21,389

For the three months ended September 30, 2016, losses and loss expenses from the Canadian Wildfires second quarter 2016 notable loss event were \$1.0 million, or 0.2 percentage points of the loss ratio.

For the three months ended September 30, 2016, losses and loss expenses from non-notable loss events were \$21.6 million, or 3.8 percentage points of the loss ratio. Losses and loss expenses related to SpaceX, the September 1st rocket explosion at Cape Canaveral, Florida, were \$20.2 million, or 3.6 percentage points of the loss ratio. Net of reinstatement premiums of \$1.2 million, the net loss attributable to the Company from this event was \$19.0 million. In addition, losses and loss expenses of \$1.4 million, or 0.2 percentage points of the loss ratio, related to the Texas Hailstorms second quarter 2016 non-notable loss event.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2015

Notable Loss Non-notable Events Loss Event

2015 Total

(Dollars in thousands) Tianjin Pemex Chilean

Earthquake

 Validus' Share of Net Losses and Loss Expenses
 \$47,789
 \$1,187
 \$22,175
 \$71,151

 Less: Reinstatement Premiums, net
 (3,896)
 —
 (2,200)
) (6,096)

 Net Loss Attributable to Validus
 \$43,893
 \$1,187
 \$19,975
 \$65,055

During the three months ended September 30, 2015, the Company incurred losses and loss expenses from two notable loss events; the August 12th port explosion in Tianjin, China and Pemex, a second quarter 2015 event, and one non-notable loss event, the 2015 Chilean earthquake.

The two notable loss events resulted in net losses and loss expenses to the Company of \$49.0 million, or 8.8 percentage points of the loss ratio. Net of \$3.9 million of reinstatement premiums, the effect of these events on the Company's underwriting income was a reduction of \$45.1 million. Losses and loss expenses from the non-notable loss event were \$22.2 million, or 4.0 percentage points of the loss ratio. Net of \$2.2 million of reinstatement premiums, the effect of this event on the Company's underwriting income was a reduction of \$20.0 million.

Loss Ratios

For the three months ended September 30, 2016, the loss ratio across all lines of business was 45.8% which included favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years of \$52.9 million, benefiting the loss ratio by 9.4 percentage points. The favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years of \$52.9 million was primarily due to favorable development of attritional losses of \$32.6 million and favorable development on event specific reserves of \$20.3 million, primarily related to Tianjin and the 2015 Chilean earthquake. The term "events" refers to aggregate notable and non-notable losses incurred.

For the three months ended September 30, 2015, the loss ratio across all lines of business was 46.1% which included favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years of \$93.7 million, benefiting the loss ratio by 16.9 percentage points. The favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years of \$93.7 million was primarily due to favorable development of attritional losses of \$63.9 million and favorable development on event specific reserves of \$29.8 million, primarily related to Superstorm Sandy.

The combined ratio for the three months ended September 30, 2016 was 82.4% compared to 84.3% for the three months ended September 30, 2015.

Loss ratios by line of business for the three months ended September 30, 2016 were as follows:

Three Months Ended

September 30,

2016 Change 2015

Property 27.5% (6.9) 34.4% Marine 60.1% 6.3 53.8% Specialty 55.6% 5.9 49.7% Liability 66.8% 0.2 66.6% All lines 45.8% (0.3) 46.1%

Policy acquisition costs for the three months ended September 30, 2016 were \$113.4 million compared to \$105.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$8.4 million or 8.0%. The year on year increase was primarily related to the amortization of the Western World acquisition date fair value adjustments which reduced the ratio during the three months ended September 30, 2015.

Underwriting income for the three months ended September 30, 2016 was \$99.9 million compared to \$90.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$9.3 million or 10.3% primarily as a result of the changes in underwriting revenues and deductions described above.

•

Net operating income available to Validus common shareholders for the three months ended September 30, 2016 was \$82.6 million compared to \$65.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$16.8 million, or 25.6%.

Segment Reporting

The Company operates four reportable segments: Validus Re, Talbot, Western World and AlphaCat.

Third Quarter 2016 Results of Operations - Validus Re Segment

The following table presents a comparison of the underwriting income for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015:

Three Months Ended September 30,

	Tillee Mo	mui		5 E	-	υ,
(Dollars in thousands)	2016		Change		2015	
Underwriting revenues						
Gross premiums written	\$94,741		\$(8,556)	\$103,297	7
Reinsurance premiums ceded	(15,967)	(121)	(15,846)
Net premiums written	78,774		(8,677)	87,451	
Change in unearned premiums	149,705		(3,505)	153,210	
Net premiums earned	228,479		(12,182)	240,661	
Other insurance related income	58		(2,511)	2,569	
Total underwriting revenues	228,537		(14,693)	243,230	
Underwriting deductions						
Losses and loss expenses	98,425		(22,533)	120,958	
Policy acquisition costs	42,837		(152)	42,989	
General and administrative expenses	17,528		(2,436)	19,964	
Share compensation expenses	2,695		4		2,691	
Total underwriting deductions	161,485		(25,117)	186,602	
Underwriting income (a)	\$67,052		\$10,424		\$56,628	
_						
Supplemental information:						
Losses and loss expenses:						
Current period excluding items below	\$121,103		\$4,163		\$116,940)
Current period—notable loss events	_		(36,993)	36,993	
Current period—non-notable loss events	10,355		(7,145)	17,500	
Change in prior accident years	(33,033)	17,442		(50,475)
Total losses and loss expenses	\$98,425		\$(22,533	3)	\$120,958	3
•			•	ĺ		
Selected ratios:						
Ratio of net to gross premiums written	83.1	%	(1.6)	84.7	%
Losses and loss expense ratio:						
Current period excluding items below	53.1	%	4.5		48.6	%
Current period—notable loss events	_	%	(15.4)	15.4	%
Current period—non-notable loss events	4.5	%	(2.8)	7.3	%
Change in prior accident years	(14.5)%	6.5		(21.0)%
Losses and loss expense ratio	43.1	%	(7.2)	50.3	%
Policy acquisition cost ratio	18.7	%	0.8		17.9	%
General and administrative expense ratio (b)	8.9	%	(0.5)	9.4	%
Expense ratio	27.6		0.3		27.3	%
Combined ratio	70.7	%	(6.9)	77.6	%
Non CAAD Einensial Massauss In ansau	ation of the Co		`	-		

Non-GAAP Financial Measures. In presenting the Company's results, management has included and discussed underwriting income that is not calculated under standards or rules that comprise U.S. GAAP. Such measures are referred to as non-GAAP. Further discussion of these measures is presented in the section entitled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

⁽b) The general and administrative expense ratio includes share compensation expenses.

Gross Premiums Written

Business Mix - Ratio of Gross Premiums Written by Line

of Business to Total Gross Premiums Written

Three Months Ended September 30,

	2016		Change		2015		
	Gross	07 of	Gross	% of	Gross	0/ of	
(Dollars in thousands)	Premiums	% of	Premiums	% of Total	Premiums	% of	
	Written	Total	Written	Total	Written	Total	
Property	\$53,761	56.8 %	\$(11,633)	(6.5)	\$65,394	63.3	%
Marine	(4,533)	(4.8)%	(17,939)	(17.8)	13,406	13.0	%
Specialty	45,513	48.0 %	21,016	24.3	24,497	23.7	%
Total	\$94,741	100.0 %	\$(8,556)		\$103,297	100.0	%

The decrease in gross premiums written in the property lines of \$11.6 million was primarily due to reductions in our participation and non-renewals on various programs due to the current rate environment and adjustments to existing business. The decrease in gross premiums written in the marine lines of \$17.9 million was primarily due to the timing of renewals of certain proportional programs which incepted during the third quarter of 2015, as well as downwards premium adjustments on various proportional contracts. Gross premiums written in the specialty lines increased by \$21.0 million primarily as a result of new casualty business written during the three months ended September 30, 2016 of \$7.5 million, timing differences on the renewal of certain contracts and decreased downwards premium adjustments year on year.

Reinsurance Premiums Ceded

Reinsurance Premiums

Ceded

Three Months Ended

September 30,

(Dollars in thousands)	2016	Change	2015
Property	\$5,357	\$(757)	\$6,114
Marine	6,021	(4,410)	10,431
Specialty	4,589	5,288	(699)
Total	\$15,967	\$121	\$15,846

Reinsurance premiums ceded in the marine lines decreased by \$4.4 million and specialty lines increased by \$5.3 million, primarily due to a reclassification of composite business from specialty lines to marine lines during the three months ended September 30, 2015.

Net Premiums Written

Net Retention - Ratio of Net Premiums Written to Gross

Premiums Written

Three Months Ended September 30,

	2016			Change	,		2015		
(Dollars in thousands)	Net Premiums Written	% of Gross Premium Written	ns	Net Premiums Written	% of Gross Premiums Written	S	Net Premium Written	% of Gross Premiu Writter	ms 1
Property	\$48,404	90.0	%	\$(10,876)	(0.7)	\$59,280	90.7	%
Marine	(10,554)	232.8	%	(13,529)	210.6		2,975	22.2	%
Specialty	40,924	89.9	%	15,728	(13.0)	25,196	102.9	%
Total	\$78,774	83.1	%	\$(8,677)	(1.6)	\$87,451	84.7	%

The changes in net premiums written and net retention ratios are driven by factors highlighted above in respect of gross premiums written and reinsurance premiums ceded.

Net Premiums Earned

Net Premiums Earned Three Months Ended September 30,

 (Dollars in thousands)
 2016
 Change
 2015

 Property
 \$93,694
 \$(12,392)
 \$106,086

 Marine
 21,157
 (9,435)
 30,592

 Specialty
 113,628
 9,645
 103,983

 Total
 \$228,479
 \$(12,182)
 \$240,661

The changes in net premiums earned were consistent with the pattern of net premiums written for the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2015.

Losses and Loss Expenses

Losses and Loss Expense

Ratio - All Lines Three Months Ended September 30,

2016 Change 2015

All lines—current period excluding items below 3.1 % 4.5 48.6 % All lines—current period—notable loss events — % (15.4) 15.4 % All lines—current period—non-notable loss events % (2.8) 7.3 % All lines—change in prior accident years (14.5)% 6.5 (21.0)% All lines—loss ratio 43.1 % (7.2) 50.3 %

Losses and Loss Expenses - All

Lines

Three Months Ended September

30.

(Dollars in thousands) 2016 Change 2015 All lines—current period excluding items below\$121,103 \$4,163 \$116,940 All lines—current period—notable loss events — (36,993) 36,993 All lines—current period—non-notable loss events 355 (7,145)) 17,500 All lines—change in prior accident years (33,033) 17,442(50,475)All lines—losses and loss expenses \$98,425 \$(22,533) \$120,958

Notable Loss Events

For the three months ended September 30, 2016 there were no notable loss events. For the three months ended September 30, 2015, there were losses incurred on two notable loss events, Tianjin and Pemex, which resulted in net losses and loss expenses to Validus Re of \$37.0 million, or 15.4 percentage points of the loss ratio. Losses and loss expenses from Tianjin, a third quarter 2015 event, were \$35.8 million, or 14.9 percentage points of the loss ratio. The impact of the Tianjin loss event on the property and marine lines was \$23.3 million and \$15.5 million, respectively. Net of \$3.1 million of reinstatement premiums, the effect of this event on underwriting income was a reduction of \$32.7 million. Losses and loss expenses arising from Pemex, a second quarter 2015 event, were \$1.2 million, or 0.5 percentage points of the loss ratio, and related solely to the marine lines.

Non-notable Loss Events

For the three months ended September 30, 2016, there was one non-notable loss event, SpaceX, which resulted in net losses and loss expenses to Validus Re of \$10.4 million, or 4.5 percentage points of the loss ratio, and related solely to the marine lines. Net of reinstatement premiums, the impact of SpaceX on underwriting income was a reduction of \$8.2 million.

For the three months ended September 30, 2015, the 2015 Chilean Earthquake non-notable loss event resulted in net losses and loss expenses to Validus Re of \$17.5 million, or 7.3 percentage points of the loss ratio, and related solely to the property lines.

Losses and Loss Expenses by Line of Business:

Property Lines

```
Losses and Loss Expense
                                          Ratio - Property Lines
                                          Three Months Ended
                                          September 30,
                                          2016
                                                   Change 2015
Property—current period excluding items below 1.8 % 8.9
                                                           22.9 %
Property—current period—notable loss events—
                                                % (22.0 ) 22.0 %
Property—current period—non-notable loss events % (16.4) 16.4 %
Property—change in prior accident years
                                           (21.1)\% 4.9
                                                           (26.0)\%
Property—loss ratio
                                           10.7 % (24.6 ) 35.3 %
                                           Losses and Loss Expenses -
                                           Property Lines
                                           Three Months Ended
                                           September 30,
(Dollars in thousands)
                                           2016
                                                     Change
                                                               2015
Property—current period excluding items below$29,754 $5,356
                                                               $24,398
Property—current period—notable loss events —
                                                     (23,298) 23,298
Property—current period—non-notable loss events
                                                     (17,378 ) 17,384
Property—change in prior accident years
                                           (19,736) 7,877
                                                               (27,613)
Property—losses and loss expenses
                                           $10,024 $(27,443) $37,467
```

Excluding the impact of notable and non-notable loss events and the change in prior accident years, the current quarter loss ratio for property lines increased by 8.9 percentage points, representing a higher level of attritional losses in the quarter. For the three months ended September 30, 2016, the favorable development in losses and loss expenses on prior accident years of \$19.7 million was primarily due to favorable development on event reserves of \$18.2 million, primarily related to Tianjin and the 2015 Chilean earthquake, with the remainder due to favorable development on attritional losses. For the three months ended September 30, 2015, the favorable development in losses and loss expenses on prior accident years of \$27.6 million included favorable development on event reserves of \$19.0 million, primarily related to Hurricane Ike, Superstorm Sandy and the 2010 Chilean earthquake, with the remainder attributable to favorable development on attritional losses.

The impact on Validus Re of the notable and non-notable loss events for the three months ended September 30, 2016, as compared to three months ended September 30, 2015, is described above.

Marine Lines

Losses and Loss Expense Ratio - Marine Lines Three Months Ended September 30, 2016 Change 2015 Marine—current period excluding items below 3.8 % 2.3 51.5 % Marine—current period—notable loss events— % (44.8) 44.8 % Marine—current period—non-notable loss events % 48.9 % Marine—change in prior accident years (40.2)% 4.1(44.3)%Marine—loss ratio 62.5 % 10.5 52.0 %

```
Losses and Loss Expenses -
                                         Marine Lines
                                         Three Months Ended
                                         September 30,
                                         2016
(Dollars in thousands)
                                                   Change 2015
Marine—current period excluding items below$11,384 $(4,384) $15,768
Marine—current period—notable loss events —
                                                   (13,695) 13,695
Marine—current period—non-notable loss eveh0s349
                                                   10.349
Marine—change in prior accident years
                                         (8,504) 5,052
                                                            (13,556)
Marine—losses and loss expenses
                                         $13,229 $(2,678) $15,907
```

Excluding the impact of notable and non-notable loss events and the change in prior accident years, the current quarter loss ratio for marine lines increased by 2.3 percentage points, primarily due to the decrease in net premiums earned in the current quarter as noted above. For the three months ended September 30, 2016, the favorable development in losses and loss expenses on prior accident year of \$8.5 million was primarily due to favorable development on attritional losses. For the three months ended September 30, 2015, the favorable development in losses and loss expenses on prior accident year of \$13.6 million included favorable development on event reserves of \$7.0 million related to Superstorm Sandy, with the remainder attributable to favorable development on attritional losses. The impact on Validus Re of the notable and non-notable loss events for the three months ended September 30, 2016, as compared to three months ended September 30, 2015, is described above. Specialty Lines

```
Losses and Loss
                                           Expense Ratio -
                                           Specialty Lines
                                           Three Months Ended
                                           September 30,
                                           2016
                                                   Change 2015
Specialty—current period excluding items below 0.4 % (3.4 ) 73.8 %
Specialty—current period—notable loss events— %—
Specialty—current period—non-notable loss events % (0.1) 0.1 %
Specialty—change in prior accident years
                                           (4.2)\% 4.7
                                                          (8.9)\%
Specialty—loss ratio
                                           66.2 % 1.2
                                                          65.0 %
                                            Losses and Loss Expenses -
                                            Specialty Lines
                                            Three Months Ended
                                            September 30,
                                            2016
(Dollars in thousands)
                                                     Change 2015
Specialty—current period excluding items below$79,965 $3,191 $76,774
Specialty—current period—notable loss events —
Specialty—current period—non-notable loss events
                                                     (116) 116
Specialty—change in prior accident years
                                            (4,793 ) 4,513
                                                              (9.306)
Specialty—losses and loss expenses
                                            $75,172 $7,588 $67,584
```

Excluding the impact of notable and non-notable loss events and the change in prior accident years, the current quarter loss ratio for specialty lines decreased by 3.4 percentage points, primarily due to lower losses attributable to a change in the business mix during the period. For the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, the favorable development in losses and loss expenses on prior accident years of \$4.8 million and \$9.3 million, respectively, was primarily due to favorable development on attritional losses.

Policy Acquisition Costs

(Dollars in thousands)

Other insurance related income 58

Property

Marine

Total

Specialty

Policy Acquisition Costs
Three Months Ended September 30

Three Wohths Ended September 50,									
	2016		Change		2015				
	Policy	% of Net	Policy	% of Net	Policy	% of Net			
(Dollars in thousands)	Acquisit	i Phr emiums	Acquisiti	oPrremiums	Acquisit	i Phr emiums			
	Costs	Earned	Costs	Earned	Costs	Earned			
Property	\$18,138	19.4 %	\$(3,240)	(0.8)	\$21,378	20.2 %			
Marine	3,744	17.7 %	(3,908)	(7.3)	7,652	25.0 %			
Specialty	20,955	18.4 %	6,996	5.0	13,959	13.4 %			
Total	\$42,837	18.7 %	\$(152)	0.8	\$42,989	17.9 %			

The acquisition cost ratio for the marine lines decreased by 7.3 percentage points primarily as a result of reinstatement premiums and profit commissions, along with a reduction in proportional business written which carries a higher cost, and was partially offset by the impact of adjustments to existing business. The acquisition costs ratio for the specialty lines increased by 5.0 percentage points primarily due to the impact of profit commissions, retrocession business and adjustments to existing business, along with new casualty business which carries higher cost.

Underwriting Income Before General and Administrative and Share Compensation Expenses

Underwriting Income
Before General and
Administrative and Share
Compensation Expenses
Three Months Ended
September 30,
2016 Change 2015
\$65,532 \$18,291 \$47,241
4,184 (2,849) 7,033
17,501 (4,939) 22,440

\$87,275 \$7,992

The changes in underwriting income before general and administrative and share compensation expenses are driven by factors highlighted above in respect of gross premiums written, reinsurance premiums ceded, losses and loss expenses and policy acquisition costs.

\$79,283

General and Administrative and Share Compensation Expenses

General and Administrative and Share Compensation Expenses

Three Months Ended September 30,

	Three Wohlins Ended September 30,							
	2016		Change	e		2015		
		% of Ne		% of N	et		% of	Net
(Dollars in thousands)	Expenses	sPremiun	s Expens	ses Premiu	ms	Expense	sPrem	iums
		Earned		Earned			Earn	ed
General and administrative expenses	\$17,528	7.7 %	\$(2,430	6) (0.6)	\$19,964	8.3	%
Share compensation expenses	2,695	1.2 %	4	0.1		2,691	1.1	%
Total	\$20,223	8.9 %	\$(2,432	2) (0.5)	\$22,655	9.4	%

(2.511) 2.569

General and administrative expenses and share compensation expenses were comparable for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

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Selected Underwriting Ratios

The underwriting results of an insurance or reinsurance company are often measured by reference to its combined ratio, which is the sum of the losses and loss expense ratio and the expense ratio. The losses and loss expense ratio is calculated by dividing losses and loss expenses incurred (including estimates for incurred but not reported losses) by net premiums earned. The expense ratio is calculated by dividing acquisition costs combined with general and administrative expenses by net premiums earned.

The following table presents a comparison of the losses and loss expense ratio, policy acquisition cost ratio, general and administrative expense ratio, expense ratio and combined ratio for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

	Select	Underw	riting			
	Ratios					
	Three Months Ended					
	September 30,					
	2016	Change	e 2015			
Losses and loss expense ratio	43.1%	(7.2)	50.3%			
Policy acquisition cost ratio	18.7%	0.8	17.9%			
General and administrative expense ratio (a)	8.9 %	(0.5)	9.4 %			
Expense ratio	27.6%	0.3	27.3%			
Combined ratio	70.7%	(6.9	77.6%			

⁽a) The general and administrative expense ratio includes share compensation expenses.

The decrease in the combined ratio for the three months ended September 30, 2016 of 6.9 percentage points compared to the three months ended September 30, 2015 was due to the movement in the underlying ratios as discussed above.

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Third Quarter 2016 Results of Operations - Talbot Segment

The following table presents a comparison of the underwriting income for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					
(Dollars in thousands)	2016	Change	,	2015		
Underwriting revenues						
Gross premiums written	\$189,674	\$(36,35	51)	\$226,025	5	
Reinsurance premiums ceded	(22,877)	12,946		(35,823)	
Net premiums written	166,797	(23,405)	190,202		
Change in unearned premiums	32,258	16,316		15,942		
Net premiums earned	199,055	(7,089)	206,144		
Other insurance related income	99	(371)	470		
Total underwriting revenues	199,154	(7,460)	206,614		
Underwriting deductions						
Losses and loss expenses	109,860	15,446		94,414		
Policy acquisition costs	46,488	1,913		44,575		
General and administrative expenses	32,333	(10,959)	43,292		
Share compensation expenses	3,163	(51		3,214		
Total underwriting deductions	191,844	6,349		185,495		
Underwriting income (a)	\$7,310	\$(13,80	9)	\$21,119		
Č						
Supplemental information:						
Losses and loss expenses:						
Current period excluding items below	\$117,282	\$3,554		\$113,728	8	
Current period—notable loss events	_	(11,983)	11,983		
Current period—non-notable loss events	11,269	6,594		4,675		
Change in prior accident years	(18,691)	17,281)	
Total losses and loss expenses	\$109,860	\$15,440	5	(35,972 \$94,414		
•						
Selected ratios:						
Ratio of net to gross premiums written	87.9	% 3.7		84.2	%	
Losses and loss expense ratio:						
Current period excluding items below	58.9	% 3.8		55.1	%	
Current period—notable loss events		% (5.8)	5.8	%	
Current period—non-notable loss events	5.7	% 3.4		2.3	%	
Change in prior accident years	(9.4)	% 8.0		(17.4)%	
Losses and loss expense ratio		% 9.4		45.8	%	
Policy acquisition cost ratio	23.4	6 1.8		21.6	%	
General and administrative expense ratio (b)		% (4.8)	22.6	%	
Expense ratio		% (3.0	-	44.2	%	
Combined ratio		6.4		90.0	%	
	ting the Cor		1			

Non-GAAP Financial Measures. In presenting the Company's results, management has included and discussed underwriting income that is not calculated under standards or rules that comprise U.S. GAAP. Such measures are referred to as non-GAAP. Further discussion of these measures is presented in the section entitled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

⁽b) The general and administrative expense ratio includes share compensation expenses.

Gross Premiums Written

Business Mix - Ratio of Gross Premiums Written by Line of Business to Total Gross Premiums Written

Three Months Ended September 30,

	2016		Change		2015		
	Gross	% of	Gross	% of	Gross	07 of	
(Dollars in thousands)	Premiums	% 01	Premiums	% of Total	Premiums	% of	
	Written	Total	Written	Total	Written	Totai	
Property	\$64,301	33.9 %	\$(8,416)	1.8	\$72,717	32.1	%
Marine	48,093	25.4 %	(18,720)	(4.2)	66,813	29.6	%
Specialty	77,280	40.7 %	(9,215)	2.4	86,495	38.3	%
Total	\$189,674	100.0%	\$(36,351)		\$226,025	100.0)%

Talbot gross premiums written for the three months ended September 30, 2016 translated at 2015 exchange rates would have been \$196.8 million, a decrease of \$29.2 million on the prior year period.

The decrease in gross premiums written in the property and marine lines of \$8.4 million and \$18.7 million, respectively, were primarily driven by the impact of foreign exchange and reductions in our participation and non-renewals on various programs due to the current rate environment, notably in the downstream and upstream energy classes. The decrease in gross premiums written in the specialty lines of \$9.2 million was primarily due to reductions in our participation and the timing of renewals of various aviation direct and political lines contracts. Reinsurance Premiums Ceded

iiiis Ccucu

Reinsurance Premiums

Ceded

Three Months Ended

September 30,

(Dollars in thousands)	2016	Change	2015
Property	\$12,497	\$(6,646)	\$19,143
Marine	352	(3,136)	3,488
Specialty	10,028	(3,164)	13,192
Total	\$22,877	\$(12,946)	\$35,823

The decrease in reinsurance premiums ceded in the property lines of \$6.6 million was primarily driven by a reduction in quota share movements along with a reduction in purchased reinsurance on certain of treaty layers. The decrease in reinsurance premiums ceded in the marine and specialty lines of \$3.1 million and \$3.2 million, respectively, was primarily due to a reduction in reinstatement premiums during the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2015.

Net Premiums Written

Net Retention - Ratio of Net Premiums Written to Gross Premiums Written

Three Months Ended September 30,

	Timee Months Ended September 50,								
	2016			Change	2015				
(Dollars in thousands)	Net Premiums Written	% of Gross Premiu Written		Net Premiums % of Gross Premiums Written Written	Net Premiums Written	% of Gross Premit Writte			
Property	\$51,804	80.6	%	\$(1,770) 6.9	\$53,574	73.7	%		
Marine	47,741	99.3	%	(15,584) 4.5	63,325	94.8	%		
Specialty	67,252	87.0	%	(6,051) 2.3	73,303	84.7	%		
Total	\$166,797	87.9	%	\$(23,405) 3.7	\$190,202	84.2	%		

The changes in net premiums written and net retention ratios are driven by the factors highlighted above in respect of gross premiums written and reinsurance premiums ceded.

Net Premiums Earned

Net Premiums Earned Three Months Ended September 30,

 (Dollars in thousands)
 2016
 Change
 2015

 Property
 \$57,269
 \$1,912
 \$55,357

 Marine
 64,236
 (11,750)
 75,986

 Specialty
 77,550
 2,749
 74,801

 Total
 \$199,055
 \$(7,089)
 \$206,144

The changes in net premiums earned in the marine lines were consistent with the pattern of net premiums written for the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2015.

Losses and Loss Expenses

Losses and Loss Expense Ratio - All Lines

Three Months Ended

September 30,

2016 Change 2015

All lines—current period excluding items belows 8.9 % 3.8 55.1 % All lines—current period—notable loss events — % (5.8) 5.8 % All lines—current period—non-notable loss events % 3.4 2.3 % All lines—change in prior accident years (9.4)% 8.0 (17.4)% All lines—loss ratio 55.2 % 9.4 45.8 %

Losses and Loss Expenses - All

Lines

Three Months Ended September

\$109,860 \$15,446 \$94,414

30.

(Dollars in thousands) 2016 Change 2015
All lines—current period excluding items below\$117,282 \$3,554 \$113,728
All lines—current period—notable loss events — (11,983) 11,983
All lines—current period—non-notable loss events 269 6,594 4,675
All lines—change in prior accident years (18,691) 17,281 (35,972)

Notable Loss Events

All lines - losses and loss expenses

There were no notable loss events during the three months ended September 30, 2016. For the three months ended September 30, 2015, losses and loss expenses from the single notable loss event, Tianjin, were \$12.0 million, which represented 5.8 percentage points of the loss ratio. The impact of the Tianjin loss on the property and marine lines was \$3.2 million and \$8.8 million, respectively. Net of reinstatement premiums of \$0.8 million, the effect of this event on underwriting income was a reduction of \$11.2 million.

Non-notable Loss Events

For the three months ended September 30, 2016, losses and loss expenses incurred from two non-notable loss events, the Texas Hailstorms and SpaceX, were \$11.3 million, or 5.7 percentage points of the loss ratio. SpaceX, a current quarter non-notable loss event, resulted in losses and loss expenses of \$9.9 million, or 5.0 percentage points of the loss ratio, and related solely to Talbot's marine lines. Inclusive of reinstatement premiums payable, the impact of SpaceX on underwriting income was a reduction of \$10.8 million. Losses and loss expenses from the Texas Hailstorms second quarter non-notable loss event were \$1.4 million, or 0.7 percentage points of the loss ratio, and related solely to Talbot's property lines.

For the three months ended September 30, 2015, losses and loss expenses from the Chilean earthquake non-notable loss event were \$4.7 million, or 2.3 percentage points of the loss ratio, and related solely to Talbot's property lines.

```
Losses and Loss Expenses by Line of Business Property Lines
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```
Losses and Loss Expense
                                          Ratio - Property Lines
                                          Three Months Ended
                                          September 30,
                                          2016
                                                  Change 2015
Property—current period excluding items belo ₹2.3 % 10.7
                                                          61.6 %
Property—current period—notable loss events— % (5.7) 5.7
                                                               %
Property—current period—non-notable loss events % (5.1) 7.5
Property—change in prior accident years
                                          (4.3)% 13.2
                                                          (17.5)\%
Property—loss ratio
                                          70.4 % 13.1
                                                          57.3 %
                                           Losses and Loss Expenses -
                                           Property Lines
                                           Three Months Ended
                                           September 30,
                                           2016
(Dollars in thousands)
                                                    Change 2015
Property—current period excluding items below$41,384 $7,294 $34,090
Property—current period—notable loss events —
                                                    (3,166) 3,166
Property—current period—non-notable loss events75
                                                    (2,800) 4,175
Property—change in prior accident years
                                           (2,429) 7,277
                                                             (9,706)
Property—losses and loss expenses
                                           $40,330 $8,605 $31,725
```

Excluding the impact of notable and non-notable loss events and the change in prior accident years, the current quarter loss ratio for property lines increased by 10.7 percentage points, representing a higher level of attritional losses during the quarter. For the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, the favorable development in losses and loss expenses for prior accident years of \$2.4 million and \$9.7 million, respectively, was primarily related to favorable development of attritional losses.

The impact on Talbot of the notable and non-notable loss events for the three months ended September 30, 2016 as compared to three months ended September 30, 2015 is described above.

Marine Lines

Losses and Loss Expense
Ratio - Marine Lines
Three Months Ended
September 30,
2016 Change 2015
Marine—current period excluding items below 1.0 % (10.8) 61.8 %

Marine—current period—notable loss events— % (11.6) 11.6 % Marine—current period—non-notable loss events % 14.7 0.7 %

Marine—change in prior accident years (7.1)% 12.4 (19.5)%

Marine—loss ratio 59.3 % 4.7 54.6 %

Losses and Loss Expenses -

Marine Lines

Three Months Ended

September 30,

(Dollars in thousands) 2016 Change 2015

Marine—current period excluding items below\$32,729 \$(14,266) \$46,995

Marine—current period—notable loss events — (8,817) 8,817

Marine—current period—non-notable loss events 9,394 500

Marine—change in prior accident years (4,547) 10,307 (14,854)

Marine—losses and loss expenses

\$38,076 \$(3,382) \$41,458

Excluding the impact of notable and non-notable loss events and the change in prior accident years, the current quarter loss ratio for marine lines decreased by 10.8 percentage points, representing a lower level of attritional losses during the quarter. For the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, the favorable development in losses and loss expenses for prior accident years of \$4.5 million and \$14.9 million, respectively, was primarily due to favorable development of attritional losses.

The impact on Talbot of the notable and non-notable loss events for the three months ended September 30, 2016 as compared to three months ended September 30, 2015 is described above. **Specialty Lines**

```
Losses and Loss Expense
                                           Ratio - Specialty Lines
                                           Three Months Ended
                                           September 30,
                                           2016
                                                   Change 2015
Specialty—current period excluding items below 5.7 % 12.0
                                                           43.7 %
Specialty—current period—notable loss events—
Specialty—current period—non-notable loss events %—
                                                                 %
Specialty—change in prior accident years
                                           (15.1)\% 0.2
                                                           (15.3)\%
Specialty—loss ratio
                                           40.6 % 12.2
                                                           28.4 %
                                            Losses and Loss Expenses -
                                            Specialty Lines
                                            Three Months Ended
                                            September 30,
(Dollars in thousands)
                                            2016
                                                     Change
                                                              2015
Specialty—current period excluding items below$43,169 $10,526 $32,643
Specialty—current period—notable loss events —
Specialty—current period—non-notable loss events
Specialty—change in prior accident years
                                            (11,715)(303)(11,412)
Specialty—losses and loss expenses
                                            $31,454 $10,223 $21,231
```

Excluding the impact of notable and non-notable loss events and the change in prior accident years, the current quarter loss ratio for specialty lines increased by 12.0 percentage points, representing higher attritional losses during the quarter. For the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, the favorable development in losses and loss expenses for prior accident years of \$11.7 million and \$11.4 million, respectively, was primarily due to favorable development of attritional losses.

Policy Acquisition Costs

	Policy A	cquisiti	on C	osts					
	Three Months Ended September 30,								
	2016			Change			2015		
	Policy	% of N	let	Policy			Policy	% of N	Vet
(Dollars in thousands)	Acquisit	i Phr emiu	ıms	Acquisit	i&m of Net Pre	miums Earned	Acquisit	i D nemi	ums
	Costs	Earned	l	Costs			Costs	Earned	d
Property	\$10,476	18.3	%	\$2,271	3.5		\$8,205	14.8	%
Marine	17,680	27.5	%	(1,032)	2.9		18,712	24.6	%
Specialty	18,332	23.6	%	674	_		17,658	23.6	%
Total	\$46,488	23.4	%	\$1,913	1.8		\$44,575	21.6	%

The property lines acquisition cost ratio increased by 3.5 percentage points primarily as a result of lower profit commission income on ceded reinsurance. The marine acquisition cost ratio increased by 2.9 percentage points primarily due to increased profit commissions on the yachts class and increases across a number of other classes due to a change in business mix in the marine lines.

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Underwriting Income Before General and Administrative and Share Compensation Expenses

Underwriting Income Before General and Administrative and Share Compensation

Expenses

Three Months Ended

September 30,

(Dollars in thousands) 2016 Change 2015 \$(8,964) \$15,427 **Property** \$6,463 Marine (7,336) 15,816 8,480 Specialty 27,764 (8,148) 35,912 Other insurance related income 99 (371) 470 \$42,806 \$(24,819) \$67,625

The changes in underwriting income before general and administrative and share compensation expenses are driven by factors highlighted above in respect of gross premiums written, reinsurance premiums ceded, losses and loss expenses and policy acquisition costs.

General and Administrative and Share Compensation Expenses

General and Administrative and Share Compensation Expenses

Three Months Ended September 30,

	Three Month's Ended September 30,							
	2016			Change		2015		
		% of Ne	t		% of Net		% of N	let
(Dollars in thousands)	Expenses	sPremiun	ns	Expenses	Premium	s Expense	sPremi	ıms
		Earned			Earned		Earned	1
General and administrative expenses	\$32,333	16.2 %	%	\$(10,959)	(4.8	\$43,292	21.0	%
Share compensation expenses	3,163	1.6 %	%	(51)	_	3,214	1.6	%
Total	\$35,496	17.8 %	%	\$(11,010)	(4.8	\$46,506	22.6	%

General and administrative expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2016 translated at 2015 exchange rates would have been \$36.9 million, a decrease of \$6.4 million. This decrease was primarily due to reduced accruals relating to performance bonuses. Share compensation expenses were comparable for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

Selected Underwriting Ratios

The following table presents a comparison of the losses and loss expense ratio, policy acquisition cost ratio, general and administrative expense ratio, expense ratio and combined ratio for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

	Selecte	d Unde	erv	writing
	Ratios			
	Three I	Months	E	inded
	Septem	ber 30	,	
	2016	Chang	e	2015
Losses and loss expense ratio	55.2%	9.4		45.8%
Policy acquisition cost ratio	23.4%	1.8		21.6%
General and administrative expense ratio (a)	17.8%	(4.8)	22.6%
Expense ratio	41.2%	(3.0)	44.2%
Combined ratio	96.4%	6.4		90.0%

(a) The general and administrative expense ratio includes share compensation expenses.

The increase in the combined ratio for the three months ended September 30, 2016 of 6.4 percentage points compared to the three months ended September 30, 2015 was due to the movement in the underlying ratios as discussed above.

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Third Quarter 2016 Results of Operations - Western World Segment

The following table presents a comparison of the underwriting income for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015:

and 2013.					
	Three Months Ended September 30,				
(Dollars in thousands)	2016	Change	2015		
Underwriting revenues	2010	Change	2013		
Gross premiums written	\$85,260	\$14,389	\$70,871		
Reinsurance premiums ceded	(6,202)		(4,716)		
Net premiums written	79,058	12,903	66,155		
Change in unearned premiums	(8,260)		(2,225)		
Net premiums earned	70,798	6,868	63,930		
Other insurance related income	219		248		
Total underwriting revenues	71,017	6,839	64,178		
Underwriting deductions	,	,	,		
Losses and loss expenses	45,748	4,938	40,810		
Policy acquisition costs	17,094	3,880	13,214		
General and administrative expenses	10,171	584	9,587		
Share compensation expenses	702	148	554		
Total underwriting deductions	73,715	9,550	64,165		
Underwriting (loss) income (a)	\$(2,698)	\$(2,711)			
Supplemental information:					
Losses and loss expenses:					
Current period excluding items below	\$46,610	\$746	\$45,864		
Current period—notable loss events	_	_	_		
Current period—non-notable loss events	18	18	_		
Change in prior accident years	(880)	4,174	(5,054)		
Total losses and loss expenses	\$45,748	\$4,938	\$40,810		
Selected ratios:					
Ratio of net to gross premiums written	92.7 %	(0.6)	93.3 %		
Losses and loss expense ratio:					
Current period excluding items below		` ′	71.7 %		
Current period—notable loss events		_	— %		
Current period—non-notable loss events		_	_ %		
Change in prior accident years	` '	6.7	(7.9)%		
Losses and loss expense ratio		0.8	63.8 %		
Policy acquisition cost ratio		3.4	20.7 %		
General and administrative expense ratio (b)		` '	15.9 %		
Expense ratio		2.9	36.6 %		
Combined ratio	104.1 %	3.7	100.4 %		

Non-GAAP Financial Measures. In presenting the Company's results, management has included and discussed underwriting income that is not calculated under standards or rules that comprise U.S. GAAP. Such measures are referred to as non-GAAP. Further discussion of these measures is presented in the section entitled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

⁽b) The general and administrative expense ratio includes share compensation expenses.

Total

Gross Premiums Written

Business Mix - Ratio of Gross Premiums Written by Line of Business to Total Gross Premiums

Written

Three Months Ended September 30, 2016 Change 2015

Gross Gross Gross % of (Dollars in thousands) Premiums Total % of Premiums Total Premiums Total Written Written Written \$23,757 27.9 % \$9,895 8.3 **Property** \$13,862 19.6 % Liability 61,503 72.1 % 4,494 (8.3) 57,009 80.4 % \$70,871 100.0%

\$85,260 100.0% \$14,389

The increase in gross premiums written in the property lines of \$9.9 million was primarily due to additional business written in the contract commercial package and monoline property, program flood and brokerage property classes of \$4.0 million, \$2.9 million and \$2.6 million, respectively, as a result of the continued build out of the underwriting platform in short tail lines. Gross premiums written in the liability lines consist largely of commercial package liability, program and other liability business. The increase in gross premiums written in the liability lines of \$4.5 million was driven by increases in the contract liability and brokerage professional lines of \$8.6 million and \$2.0 million, respectively, and was partially offset by decreases arising from the discontinuation of underperforming programs and brokerage general liability lines.

Reinsurance Premiums Ceded

Reinsurance Premiums

Ceded

Three Months Ended September 30,

(Dollars in thousands) 2016 Change 2015 **Property** \$2,688 \$1,445 \$1,243 Liability 3,473 3,514 41 Total \$6,202 \$1,486 \$4,716

The increase in reinsurance premiums ceded in the property lines was consistent with the increase in gross premiums written as noted above. Reinsurance premiums ceded in the liability lines were comparable for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

Net Premiums Written

Net Retention - Ratio of Net Premiums Written to Gross

Premiums Written

Three Months Ended September 30,

	2016		Change		2015		
(Dollars in thousands)	Net Premium Written	% of Gross Premiums Written	Net Premiun Written	% of Gross Premiums Written	Net Premium Written	% of Gross Premi Writte	ums
Property	\$21,069	88.7 %	\$8,450	(2.3)	\$12,619	91.0	%
Liability	57,989	94.3 %	4,453	0.4	53,536	93.9	%
Total	\$79,058	92.7 %	\$12,903	(0.6)	\$66,155	93.3	%

Net premiums written and the net retention ratios were driven by the factors highlighted above in respect of gross premiums written.

Net Premiums Earned

Net Premiums Earned

Three Months Ended

September 30,

(Dollars in thousands) 2016 Change 2015 Property \$16,698 \$5,615 \$11,083 Liability 54,100 1,253 52,847 Total \$70,798 \$6,868 \$63,930

Net premiums earned were driven by the earnings pattern of net premiums written.

```
Losses and Loss Expenses
                                            Losses and Loss
                                             Expense Ratio - All
                                            Lines
                                            Three Months Ended
                                             September 30,
                                             2016
                                                     Change 2015
All lines—current period excluding items below65.8 % (5.9 ) 71.7 %
All lines—current period—notable loss events — % —
All lines—current period—non-notable loss events % —
                                                                  %
All lines—change in prior accident years
                                             (1.2)\% 6.7
                                                             (7.9)\%
All lines—loss ratio
                                             64.6 % 0.8
                                                             63.8 %
                                             Losses and Loss Expenses -
                                             All Lines
                                            Three Months Ended
                                             September 30,
                                             2016
(Dollars in thousands)
                                                       Change 2015
All lines—current period excluding items below$46,610 $746
                                                              $45,864
All lines—current period—notable loss events —
All lines—current period—non-notable loss events
                                                       18
All lines—change in prior accident years
                                             (880)
                                                    ) 4,174
                                                              (5,054)
All lines—losses and loss expenses
                                             $45,748 $4,938 $40,810
   Upon closing the acquisition, an adjustment of $15,586 was made to increase net reserves to reflect fair value. This
adjustment was amortized to income through a reduction in losses and loss expenses of $2,524 during the three
  months ended September 30, 2015, benefiting the loss ratio by 3.9 percentage points. The remaining fair value
  adjustment of $2,340 was fully amortized during the year ended December 31, 2015.
Notable and Non-notable Loss Events
There were no notable loss events for the three months ended September 30, 2016 or 2015.
Losses and Loss Expenses by Line of Business
Property Lines
                                            Losses and Loss
                                            Expense Ratio -
                                            Property Lines
                                            Three Months Ended
                                            September 30,
                                            2016
                                                    Change 2015
                                                             60.0 %
Property—current period excluding items below60.7 % 0.7
Property—current period—notable loss events — % —
                                                                 %
Property—current period—non-notable loss events % 0.1
                                                                 %
Property—change in prior accident years
                                            (3.3)\% 6.2
                                                             (9.5)\%
Property—loss ratio
                                            57.5 % 7.0
                                                             50.5 %
                                            Losses and Loss Expenses
                                            - Property Lines
                                            Three Months Ended
                                            September 30,
```

2016

Property—current period excluding items below\$10,139 \$3,487 \$6,652

Change 2015

18

Property—current period—notable loss events — Property—current period—non-notable loss even8s

(Dollars in thousands)

Property—change in prior accident years (553) 501 (1,054) Property—losses and loss expenses \$9,604 \$4,006 \$5,598

Upon closing the acquisition, an adjustment of \$409 was made to decrease net reserves to reflect fair value. This adjustment was amortized to income through an increase in losses and loss expenses of \$66 during the three months ended September 30, 2015, increasing the loss ratio by 0.6 percentage points. The remaining fair value adjustment of \$61 was fully amortized during the year ended December 31, 2015.

Excluding the impact of non-notable loss events and the change in prior accident years, the current quarter loss ratio for property lines increased by 0.7 percentage points, representing a higher level of attritional losses in the current quarter. For the three months

ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, the favorable development in losses and loss expenses for prior accident years of \$0.6 million and \$1.1 million, respectively, primarily related to favorable development on attritional losses. Liability Lines

```
Losses and Loss
                                            Expense Ratio -
                                            Liability Lines
                                            Three Months Ended
                                            September 30,
                                                    Change 2015
                                            2016
Liability—current period excluding items below67.4 % (6.8 ) 74.2 %
Liability—current period—notable loss events — % —
Liability—current period—non-notable loss events %—
                                                                 %
Liability—change in prior accident years
                                            (0.6)\% 7.0
                                                            (7.6)\%
Liability—loss ratio
                                            66.8 % 0.2
                                                            66.6 %
                                            Losses and Loss Expenses -
                                            Liability Lines
                                            Three Months Ended
                                            September 30,
(Dollars in thousands)
                                            2016
                                                     Change 2015
Liability—current period excluding items above$36,471 $(2,741) $39,212
Liability—current period—notable loss events —
Liability—current period—non-notable loss events
Liability—change in prior accident years
                                            (327)
                                                    ) 3,673
                                                               (4,000)
Liability—losses and loss expenses
                                            $36,144 $932
                                                               $35,212
```

Upon closing the acquisition, an adjustment of \$15,995 was made to increase net reserves to reflect fair value. This adjustment was amortized to income through a reduction in losses and loss expenses of \$2,590 during the three months ended September 30, 2015, benefiting the loss ratio by 4.9 percentage points. The remaining fair value adjustment of \$2,401 was fully amortized during the year ended December 31, 2015.

Excluding the change in prior accident years, the current quarter loss ratio for liability lines decreased by 6.8 percentage points as Western World discontinued writing business in several underperforming classes during the fourth quarter of 2014. For the three months ended September 30, 2016, the favorable development in losses and loss expenses on prior accident years of \$0.3 million was due to favorable development on attritional losses; whereas, for the three months ended September 30, 2015, the favorable development in losses and loss expenses for prior accident years of \$4.0 million was primarily due to the amortization of the fair value adjustment as noted in footnote (a) above. Policy Acquisition Costs

	Policy Acquisition Costs							
Three Months Ended September 30,								
	2016			Change	2015			
	Policy	% of N	let	Policy	Policy	% of N	let	
(Dollars in thousands)	Acquisit	i D remiu	ıms	Acquisit‰ of Net Premiums Earned	Acquisiti	i Dr emiı	ıms	
	Costs	Earned	l	Costs	Costs	Earned	l	
Property	\$4,382	26.2	%	\$1,869 3.5	\$2,513	22.7	%	
Liability	12,712	23.5	%	2,011 3.3	10,701	20.2	%	
Total (a)	\$17,094	24.1	%	\$3,880 3.4	\$13,214	20.7	%	

Upon closing the acquisition, an adjustment of \$34,736 was made to reduce deferred acquisition costs to reflect fair (a) value. These deferred acquisition costs would otherwise have been expensed in the amount of \$2,925 during the three months ended September 30, 2015 benefiting the policy acquisition cost ratio by 4.6 percentage points. The acquisition cost ratio for the property and liability lines increased by 3.5 and 3.3 percentage points, respectively, primarily due to the impact of the acquisition fair value adjustments during the three months ended September 30,

2015 as noted in footnote (a) above.

Underwriting Income Before General and Administrative and Share Compensation Expenses

Underwriting Income Before General and Administrative and Share Compensation Expenses Three Months Ended September 30,

 (Dollars in thousands)
 2016
 Change
 2015

 Property
 \$2,712
 \$(260)
 \$2,972

 Liability
 5,244
 (1,690)
 6,934

 Other insurance related income
 219
 (29)
 248

 Total
 \$8,175
 \$(1,979)
 \$10,154

The changes in underwriting income before general and administrative and share compensation expenses are driven by factors highlighted above in respect of gross premiums written, reinsurance premiums ceded, losses and loss expenses and policy acquisition costs.

General and Administrative and Share Compensation Expenses

General and Administrative and Share Compensation

Expenses

Three Months Ended September 30,

	Three Worth's Ended September 50,								
	2016			Change			2015		
		% of N	let		% of Net	t		% of N	let
(Dollars in thousands)	Expenses	sPremiu	ıms	Expe	n Pere mium	ıs	Expenses	sPremiu	ıms
		Earned	l		Earned			Earned	l
General and administrative expenses	\$10,171	14.4	%	\$584	(0.6)	\$9,587	15.0	%
Share compensation expenses	702	1.0	%	148	0.1		554	0.9	%
Total	\$10,873	15.4	%	\$732	(0.5)	\$10,141	15.9	%

General and administrative and share compensation expenses were comparable for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

Selected Underwriting Ratios

The following table presents a comparison of the losses and loss expense ratio, policy acquisition cost ratio, general and administrative expense ratio, expense ratio and combined ratio for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

	Select Underwriting					
	Ratios					
	Three Months Ended					
	September 30,					
	2016	Change	2015			
Losses and loss expense ratio	64.6 %	0.8	63.8	%		
Policy acquisition cost ratio	24.1 %	3.4	20.7	%		
General and administrative expense ratio (a)	15.4 %	(0.5)	15.9	%		
Expense ratio	39.5 %	2.9	36.6	%		
Combined ratio	104.1%	3.7	100.4	%		

⁽a) The general and administrative expense ratio includes share compensation expenses.

The increase in the combined ratio for the three months ended September 30, 2016 of 3.7 percentage points compared to the three months ended September 30, 2015 was due to the movement in the underlying ratios as discussed above.

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Third Quarter 2016 Results of Operations - AlphaCat Segment

The following table presents a comparison of Validus' share of the AlphaCat segment income on an asset manager basis for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015:

		onths Ende	d
(5.11	Septembe		2015
(Dollars in thousands)	2016	Change	2015
Revenues		4.060	
Third party	\$7,025	\$1,263	\$5,762
Related party	1,373	` ′	1,738
Total revenues	8,398	898	7,500
Expenses			
General and administrative expenses	3,324	(800)	4,124
Share compensation expenses	(107)	(248)	141
Finance expenses	31	(2,266)	2,297
Foreign exchange losses (gains)	5	16	(11)
Total expenses	3,253	(3,298)	6,551
Income before investments from AlphaCat Funds and Sidecars	\$5,145	\$4,196	\$949
Investment income (loss) from AlphaCat Funds and Sidecars (b)			
AlphaCat Sidecars	(72)	(1,517)	1,445
AlphaCat ILS Funds - Lower Risk (c)	2,321	47	2,274
AlphaCat ILS Funds - Higher Risk (c)	2,479	672	1,807
BetaCat ILS Funds	1,303	296	1,007
PaCRe	_	7,963	(7,963)
Total investment income (loss) from AlphaCat Funds and Sidecars	6,031	7,461	(1,430)
Validus' share of AlphaCat segment income (loss)	\$11,176	\$11,657	\$(481)
Supplemental information:			
Gross premiums written			
AlphaCat Sidecars	\$(112)	\$(2,191)	\$2,079
AlphaCat ILS Funds - Lower Risk (c)	2,049	396	1,653
AlphaCat ILS Funds - Higher Risk (c)	1,797	423	1,374
AlphaCat Direct (d)	679	(4,106)	4,785
Total	\$4,413	\$(5,478)	\$9,891

In presenting the Company's results, management has included and discussed the results of AlphaCat, which are presented on an asset manager basis. Validus' share of AlphaCat income is a non-GAAP measure and is not calculated under standards or rules that comprise U.S. GAAP. Further discussion of these measures is presented in the section entitled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

- (b) The investment income from the AlphaCat funds and sidecars is based on equity accounting.
- Lower risk AlphaCat ILS funds have a maximum permitted portfolio expected loss of less than 7%, whereas higher (c)risk AlphaCat ILS funds have a maximum permitted portfolio expected loss of greater than 7%. Expected loss represents the average annual loss over the set of simulation scenarios divided by the total limit.
- (d) AlphaCat Direct includes direct investments from third party investors in AlphaCat Re.

Revenues

Revenues earned for the three months ended September 30, 2016 were \$8.4 million, of which \$7.0 million were earned from third parties, compared to \$7.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015, of which \$5.8 million were earned from third parties. The increase in revenues earned from third parties of \$1.3 million was primarily due to an increase in the capital base of the AlphaCat ILS Funds. Expenses

Total expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2016 were \$3.3 million, compared to \$6.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015, a decrease of \$3.3 million. The decrease was primarily due to reduced placement fees incurred in relation to raising new capital during the three months ended September 30, 2016. Investment income from AlphaCat Funds and Sidecars

Investment income available to Validus from the AlphaCat Funds and Sidecars was \$6.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016 as compared to \$6.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015 (exclusive of PaCRe), a decrease of \$0.5 million.

Assets Under Management

	Assets Under Management (a)				
(Dallars in thousands)	October 1,	Changa	July 1,		
(Dollars in thousands)	2016	Change	2016		
Assets Under Management - Related Party					
AlphaCat Sidecars	\$7,922	\$(123	\$8,045		
AlphaCat ILS Funds - Lower Risk (b)	181,744	5,912	175,832		
AlphaCat ILS Funds - Higher Risk (b)	81,636	5,349	76,287		
AlphaCat Direct (c)	_	_	_		
BetaCat ILS Funds	51,160	(12,293	63,453		
Total Assets Under Management - Related Party	\$322,462	\$(1,155)	\$323,617		
Assets Under Management - Third Party					
AlphaCat Sidecars	\$29,603	\$(475	\$30,078		
AlphaCat ILS Funds - Lower Risk (b)	1,276,874	50,165	1,226,709		
AlphaCat ILS Funds - Higher Risk (b)	612,456	47,943	564,513		
AlphaCat Direct (c)	373,659	8,101	365,558		
BetaCat ILS Funds	_	_	_		
Total Assets Under Management - Third party	2,292,592	105,734	2,186,858		
Total Assets Under Management	\$2,615,054	\$104,579	\$2,510,475		

⁽a) AlphaCat's assets under management are based on NAV and are represented by investments made by related parties and third parties in the feeder funds and on a direct basis.

Lower risk AlphaCat ILS funds have a maximum permitted portfolio expected loss of less than 7%, whereas higher risk AlphaCat ILS funds have a maximum permitted portfolio expected loss of greater than 7%.

Expected loss represents the average annual loss over the set of simulation scenarios divided by the total limit.

(c) AlphaCat Direct includes direct investments from third party investors in AlphaCat Reinsurance, Ltd. AlphaCat's assets under management were \$2.6 billion as at October 1, 2016, compared to \$2.5 billion as at July 1, 2016. Third party assets under management were \$2.3 billion as at October 1, 2016, compared to \$2.2 billion as at July 1, 2016.

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Third Quarter 2016 Consolidated Results - Corporate and Investment Function

The following table presents a comparison of the corporate and investment function's income and expense items on a consolidated basis for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015:

(Dollars in thousands) September 30, 2016 Change 2015	
(Dollars in thousands) 2016 Change 2015	
Investment income	
Net investment income (a) \$41,071 \$11,080 \$29,991	
O	
Operating expenses	
General and administrative expenses 18,221 (583) 18,804	
Share compensation expenses 4,048 665 3,383	
Finance expenses (a) 14,317 (826) 15,143	
Dividends on preferred shares 2,252 2,252 —	
Tax expense 1,830 (188) 2,018	
Total operating expenses 40,668 1,320 39,348	
Other items	
Net realized gains (losses) on investments (a) 4,080 5,313 (1,233)
Change in net unrealized gains on investments (a) 4,652 2,887 1,765	
Income from investment affiliate 453 (2,029) 2,482	
Foreign exchange losses (a) (1,067) 1,264 (2,331)
Other loss (1,529) 441 (1,970)
Total other items 6,589 7,876 (1,287))
Total corporate and investment function \$6,992 \$17,636 \$(10,644)	!)

These items exclude the components which are included in the Company's share of AlphaCat and amounts which are consolidated from VIEs.

Managed Net Investment Income

	Managed Net Investment					
	Income					
	Three Months Ended					
	Septembe	er 30,				
(Dollars in thousands)	2016	Change	2015			
Managed net investment income						
Fixed maturities and short-term investments	\$30,572	\$3,951	\$26,621			
Other investments	11,768	6,682	5,086			
Cash and cash equivalents	891	555	336			
Securities lending income	22	18	4			
Total gross investment income	43,253	11,206	32,047			
Investment expenses	(2,182)	(126)	(2,056)			
Total managed net investment income	\$41,071	\$11,080	\$29,991			

The increase in managed net investment income for the three months ended September 30, 2016 was \$11.1 million or 36.9% and was primarily due to increased yield on a certain investment fund within other investments. Managed net investment income from other investments includes distributed and undistributed net income from certain investment funds.

The Company's managed yield-bearing portfolio had an annualized effective yield of 2.58% for the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to 1.91% for the three months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of 67 basis points. Investment yield is calculated by dividing total managed net investment income by the average balance of the yield bearing assets managed by the Company's portfolio managers. Average assets for the period ended is the average

of the beginning, ending and intervening quarter end asset balances.

General and Administrative and Share Compensation Expenses

Corporate general and administrative expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2016 were \$18.2 million compared to \$18.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015, a decrease of \$0.6 million or 3.1%. Corporate general and administrative expenses are comprised of executive and board expenses, internal and external audit expenses for the corporate and investment function and other costs relating to the Company as a whole. Corporate share compensation expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2016 were \$4.0 million compared to \$3.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$0.7 million or 19.7%.

Finance Expenses

Finance expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2016 were \$14.3 million compared to \$15.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015, a decrease of \$0.8 million or 5.5% due to reduced credit facility expenses.

Net Realized Gains (Losses) and Change in Net Unrealized Gains on Investments

Net realized gains on managed investments for the three months ended September 30, 2016 were \$4.1 million compared to losses of \$1.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015, a favorable movement of \$5.3 million. The increase in net realized gains primarily resulted from the sale of managed fixed maturity investments. The change in net unrealized gains on managed investments for the three months ended September 30, 2016 was \$4.7 million compared to \$1.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015, a favorable movement of \$2.9 million.

Income from Investment Affiliate

The income from investment affiliate relates to the income earned from the Company's investments in the Aquiline Financial Services Fund II L.P. and Fund III L.P. For further details, refer to Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, "Investments in affiliates," in Part I, Item 1.

Foreign Exchange Losses

The Company's reporting currency is the U.S. dollar. As a significant portion of the Company's operations are transacted in currencies other than the U.S. dollar, fluctuations in foreign exchange rates may affect year-to-year comparisons. The Company's largest foreign currency fluctuation exposure is to the following currencies, with the movement in each currency against the U.S. dollar for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 shown in the table below:

	Three Months		
	Ended		
	September 30		
U.S. dollar (weakened) strengthened against:	2016	2015	
British Pound sterling	2.7 %	3.7 %	
Euro	(1.2)%	(0.2)%	
Canadian dollar	1.2 %	6.4 %	
Swiss franc	(0.4)%	4.4 %	
Australian dollar	(2.8)%	9.5 %	
New Zealand dollar	(2.2)%	5.9 %	
Singapore dollar	1.3 %	5.6 %	
Japanese yen	(1.6)%	(2.0)%	
South African rand	(6.9)%	13.7 %	

Foreign exchange losses for the three months ended September 30, 2016 were \$1.1 million compared to \$2.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015, a favorable movement of \$1.3 million.

The Company currently hedges foreign currency exposure by substantively balancing assets (primarily cash and premium receivables) with liabilities (primarily case reserves and event IBNR) for certain major non-U.S. dollar currencies, or by entering into forward foreign currency contracts. Consequently, the Company aims to have a limited exposure to foreign exchange fluctuations.

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Year to Date 2016 Summarized Consolidated Results of Operations and Financial Condition The following table presents a comparison of the results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015:

and 2015:				
	Nine Months	Ended Septe	ember 30,	
(Dollars in thousands)	2016	Change	2015	
Underwriting revenues				
Gross premiums written	\$2,309,251	\$61,350	\$2,247,90	1
Reinsurance premiums ceded	(249,070)	46,483	(295,553)
Net premiums written	2,060,181	107,833	1,952,348	
Change in unearned premiums	(351,415)	(102,656)	(248,759)
Net premiums earned	1,708,766	5,177	1,703,589	
Other insurance related income	2,400	(2,744)	5,144	
Total underwriting revenues	1,711,166	2,433	1,708,733	
Underwriting deductions				
Losses and loss expenses	789,971	26,886	763,085	
Policy acquisition costs	328,593	20,820	307,773	
General and administrative expenses	258,339	(6,807)	265,146	
Share compensation expenses	32,465	4,186	28,279	
Total underwriting deductions	1,409,368	45,085	1,364,283	
Underwriting income (a)	\$301,798		\$344,450	
Net investment income	112,232	16,020	96,212	
Finance expenses	(43,890)	14,271	(58,161)
Dividends on preferred shares	(2,252)		_	
Tax expense	(1,418)	5,714	(7,132)
Loss from operating affiliates	(23)	2,218	(2,241)
(Income) attributable to AlphaCat investors	(16,278)	(14,840))
Net (income) attributable to noncontrolling interest	(95,294)	(27,958))
Net operating income available to Validus common shareholders (a)	\$254,875		\$304,354	
	. ,	, , , ,	. ,	
Supplemental information:				
Losses and loss expenses:				
Current period excluding items below	\$851,540	\$(40,346)	\$891,886	
Current period—notable loss events	37,901	(59,149)		
Current period—non-notable loss events	69,935	47,760	22,175	
Change in prior accident years	(169,405)	78,621	(248,026)
Total losses and loss expenses	\$789,971	\$26,886	\$763,085	ŕ
•				
Selected ratios:				
Ratio of net to gross premiums written	89.2	2.3	86.9	%
Losses and loss expense ratio:				
Current period excluding items below	49.8	(2.6)	52.4	%
Current period—notable loss events			5.7	%
Current period—non-notable loss events	4.1 %	2.8	1.3	%
Change in prior accident years	(9.9)	6 4.7	(14.6)%
Losses and loss expense ratio	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5 1.4	44.8	%
Policy acquisition cost ratio		5 1.1	18.1	%
General and administrative expense ratio (b)			17.2	%
Expense ratio		6 1.0	35.3	%
Combined ratio		2.4	80.1	%

Non-GAAP Financial Measures. In presenting the Company's results, management has included and discussed underwriting income that is not calculated under standards or rules that comprise U.S. GAAP. Such measures are referred to as non-GAAP. Further discussion of these measures is presented in the section entitled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

(b) The general and administrative expense ratio includes share compensation expenses.

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Year to Date 2016 Summarized Consolidated Results of Operations and Financial Condition

Highlights for the year to date 2016 as compared to year to date 2015 include the following:

Gross premiums written for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 were \$2,309.3 million compared to \$2,247.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$61.4 million, or 2.7%. The increase in gross premiums written was driven by:

Gross premiums written for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 in the AlphaCat segment, on behalf of the Company's VIEs, were \$270.7 million, compared to \$174.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$96.2 million or 55.1%, primarily due to an increase in the capital base of the AlphaCat ILS Funds; and Gross premiums written for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 in the Western World segment were \$236.2 million compared to \$207.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$28.8 million or 13.9%, primarily driven by an increase in the property lines; partially offset by

Gross premiums written for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 in the Validus Re segment were \$1,072.2 million compared to \$1,112.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, a decrease of \$40.2 million or 3.6%. The decrease was primarily attributable to decreases in the property and marine lines as a result of current market conditions, partially offset by increased specialty business; and

Gross premiums written for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 in the Talbot segment were \$752.1 million compared to \$789.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, a decrease of \$37.1 million or 4.7%. The decrease was primarily attributable to the impact of foreign exchange and decreases in the marine lines as a result of reductions in our participation and non-renewals on various programs due to the current rate environment, and was partially offset by an increase in premium estimates.

Underwriting revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 were \$1,711.2 million compared to \$1,708.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$2.4 million or 0.1%.

Losses and loss expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 were \$790.0 million compared to \$763.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$26.9 million or 3.5%, primarily as a result of increased non-notable loss events and reduced favorable development during the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

Notable and Non-notable Loss Events

During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, there was one notable loss event and four non-notable loss events that impacted the Company as set out in the table below:

that impacted the company as set out in the table	ocio							
	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016							
	Notable							
	Loss	Non-nota	ble Loss Ever	nts				
	Event					Total		
(Dallars in thousands)	Canadian	Texas	Kumamoto	Jubilee	SpaceX			
(Dollars in thousands)	Wildfires	Hailstorn	nsEarthquake	Oil	SpaceA			
Validus' Share of Net Losses and Loss Expenses	\$37,901	\$19,160	\$ 15,318	\$15,214	\$20,243	\$107,836		
Less: Reinstatement Premiums, net	(3,632)	(1,967)	_	(7,667)	(1,240)	(14,506)		
Net Loss Attributable to Validus	\$34,269	\$17,193	\$ 15,318	\$7,547	\$19,003	\$93,330		

For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, losses and loss expenses incurred from the Canadian Wildfires notable loss event were \$37.9 million, or 2.2 percentage points of the loss ratio. Net of reinstatement premiums of \$3.6 million, the net loss attributable to the Company was \$34.3 million.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, losses and loss expenses incurred four non-notable loss events were \$69.9 million, or 4.1 percentage points of the loss ratio. Net of reinstatement premiums of \$10.8 million, the net loss attributable to the Company was \$59.1 million.

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During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, there were two notable loss events, Tianjin and Pemex, and one non-notable loss event, the Chilean earthquake. The net losses and loss expenses incurred associated with these events is set out in the table below:

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015					
	Notable Loss		Non-notable			
	Events		Loss Event	. 7	Γotal	
(Dallars in thousands)	Tianjin	Pemex	Chilean	J	Total	
(Dollars in thousands)			Earthquake			
Validus' Share of Net Losses and Loss Expenses	47,789	49,261	22,175	1	119,225	
Less: Reinstatement Premiums, net	(3,896)	2,145	(2,200) ((3,951)
Net Loss Attributable to Validus	\$43,893	\$51,406	\$ 19,975	9	\$115,274	

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the two notable loss events resulted in net losses and loss expenses to the Company of \$97.1 million, or 5.7 percentage points of the loss ratio. Net of \$1.8 million of reinstatement premiums, the effect of these events on the Company was a reduction of \$95.3 million in underwriting income. Losses and loss expenses from the non-notable loss event for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 were \$22.2 million, or 1.3 percentage points of the loss ratio. Net of \$2.2 million of reinstatement premiums, the effect of this event on the Company was a reduction of \$20.0 million in underwriting income.

Loss Ratio

For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the loss ratio across all lines was 46.2% which included \$169.4 million of favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years, benefiting the loss ratio by 9.9 percentage points compared to a loss ratio for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 of 44.8% which included \$248.0 million of favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years, benefiting the loss ratio by 14.6 percentage points.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the favorable development in losses and loss expenses on prior accident years of \$169.4 million was primarily due to favorable development on attritional and event reserves of \$160.4 million and \$9.0 million, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the favorable development in losses and loss expenses on prior accident years of \$248.0 million was primarily due to favorable development on attritional reserves of \$205.9 million and event specific reserves of \$42.1 million, primarily related to Superstorm Sandy. The term "events" refers to aggregate notable and non-notable losses incurred. Combined ratio for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was 82.5% compared to 80.1% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

Loss ratios by line of business for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 were as follows:

Nine Months Ended
September 30,
2016 Change 2015
Property 30.2% 8.2 22.0%
Marine 52.4% 1.0 51.4%
Specialty 57.6% (1.4) 59.0%
Liability 65.1% (6.5) 71.6%
All lines 46.2% 1.4 44.8%

Policy acquisition costs for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 were \$328.6 million compared to \$307.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$20.8 million or 6.8%, primarily driven by an increase in the Western World segment due to the impact of the acquisition fair value adjustments during the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

Underwriting income for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was \$301.8 million compared to \$344.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, a decrease of \$42.7 million or 12.4% primarily as a result of the changes in underwriting revenues and deductions as described above.

Net operating income available to Validus common shareholders for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was \$254.9 million compared to \$304.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, a decrease of \$49.5

million, or 16.3%.

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Year to Date 2016 Results of Operations - Validus Re Segment

The following table presents a comparison of the results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015:

and 2013.					
	Nine Month	s E	Inded Septe	ember 30,	
(Dollars in thousands)	2016		Change	2015	
Underwriting revenues					
Gross premiums written	\$1,072,219		\$(40,191)	\$1,112,410)
Reinsurance premiums ceded	(111,658)	37,343	(149,001)
Net premiums written	960,561		(2,848)	963,409	
Change in unearned premiums	(241,129)		(205,110)
Net premiums earned	719,432			758,299	
Other insurance related (loss) income	(107)		3,318	
Total underwriting revenues	719,325			761,617	
	, -, ,		(,)		
Underwriting deductions					
Losses and loss expenses	313,432		(44,059)	357,491	
Policy acquisition costs	127,660		(1,249)	128,909	
General and administrative expenses	52,579		(5,675)	58,254	
Share compensation expenses	8,371		706	7,665	
Total underwriting deductions	502,042		(50,277	552,319	
Underwriting income (a)	\$217,283		\$7,985	\$209,298	
	. ,		. ,	, ,	
Supplemental information:					
Losses and loss expenses:					
Current period excluding items below	\$342,331		\$(31.528)	\$373,859	
Current period—notable loss events	17,884		(54,298)		
Current period—non-notable loss events	42,811		25,311	17,500	
Change in prior accident years	(89,594)	16,456	(106,050)
Total losses and loss expenses	\$313,432	,		\$357,491	,
Total losses and loss expenses	Ψ313,432		Ψ(++,032)	(ψ <i>331</i> , 4 71	
Selected ratios:					
Ratio of net to gross premiums written	89.6	%	3.0	86.6	%
Losses and loss expense ratio:					
Current period excluding items below	47.6	%	(1.7)	49.3	%
Current period—notable loss events	2.5	%	(7.0)	9.5	%
Current period—non-notable loss events	6.0	%	3.7	2.3	%
Change in prior accident years			1.5	(14.0)%
Losses and loss expense ratio				47.1	%
Policy acquisition cost ratio			0.7	17.0	%
General and administrative expense ratio (b)				8.7	%
Expense ratio			0.5	25.7	%
Combined ratio				72.8	%
Non GAAD Financial Massuras In preser			` '		

Non-GAAP Financial Measures. In presenting the Company's results, management has included and discussed underwriting income that is not calculated under standards or rules that comprise U.S. GAAP. Such measures are referred to as non-GAAP. Further discussion of these measures is presented in the section entitled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

⁽b) The general and administrative expense ratio includes share compensation expenses.

Gross Premiums Written

Business Mix - Ratio of Gross Premiums Written by Line of Business to Total Gross Premiums Written

Nine Months Ended September 30,						
	2016		Change		2015	
	Gross	% of	Gross	% of	Gross	% of
(Dollars in thousands)	Premiums	Total	Premiums	Total	Premiums	Total
	Written	Total	Written	Total	Written	Total
Property	\$462,432	43.1 %	\$(69,414)	(4.7)	\$531,846	47.8 %
Marine	109,876	10.3 %	(43,475)	(3.5)	153,351	13.8 %
Specialty	499,911	46.6 %	72,698	8.2	427,213	38.4 %
Total	\$1,072,219	100.0%	\$(40,191)		\$1,112,410	100.0%

The decrease in gross premiums written in the property lines of \$69.4 million was primarily due to a reduction in business written in the catastrophe excess of loss lines driven by reductions in participation on various programs due to current market conditions. The decrease in gross premiums written in the marine lines of \$43.5 million was due to reductions in participation on various programs as a result of current market conditions and business historically written in marine lines being renewed in specialty lines. The increase in gross premiums written in the specialty lines of \$72.7 million was primarily due to new casualty lines written during the period of \$54.1 million and business historically written in marine lines being renewed in specialty lines.

Reinsurance Premiums Ceded

Reinsurance Premium Ceded Nine Months Ended September 30.

(Dollars in thousands)	2016	Change	2015
Property		\$(34,468)	\$121,213
Marine	12,568	(4,628)	
Specialty	12,345	1,753	10,592
Total	\$111,658	\$(37,343)	\$149,001

Reinsurance premiums ceded in the property and specialty lines decreased by \$34.5 million and \$1.8 million, respectively, due to a reduction in the costs associated with the Company's main proportional retrocession program during the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

Net Premiums Written

Net Retention - Ratio of Net Premiums Written to Gross Premiums Written

Nine Months Ended September 30,								
	2016			Change		2015		
(Dollars in thousands)	Net Premiums Written	% of Gross Premiu Written		Net Premiums Written	% of Gross Premiums Written	Net Premiums Written	% of Gross Premiu Written	
Property	\$375,687	81.2	%	\$(34,946)	4.0	\$410,633	77.2	%
Marine	97,308	88.6	%	(38,847)	(0.2)	136,155	88.8	%
Specialty	487,566	97.5	%	70,945	_	416,621	97.5	%
Total	\$960,561	89.6	%	\$(2,848)	3.0	\$963,409	86.6	%

The changes in net premiums written and net retention ratios are driven by factors highlighted above in respect of gross premiums written and reinsurance premiums ceded.

Net Premiums Earned

Net Premiums Earned

Nine Months Ended September

30,

 (Dollars in thousands)
 2016
 Change
 2015

 Property
 \$301,074
 \$(22,542)
 \$323,616

 Marine
 87,125
 (26,114)
 113,239

 Specialty
 331,233
 9,789
 321,444

 Total
 \$719,432
 \$(38,867)
 \$758,299

The decrease in property and marine lines net premiums earned of \$22.5 million and \$26.1 million, respectively was as a result of lower gross premiums written during the nine months ended September 30, 2016, offset by the earned impact of the reduction in reinsurance premiums ceded. Net premiums earned in the specialty lines increased by \$9.8 million, primarily due to the increase in gross premiums written as noted above, the impact of reinstatement premiums and adjustments to existing business.

Losses and Loss Expenses

Losses and Loss Expense

Ratio - All Lines Nine Months Ended September 30,

2016 Change 2015

All lines—current period excluding items below 47.6 % (1.7) 49.3 % All lines—current period—notable loss events 2.5 % (7.0) 9.5 % All lines—current period—non-notable loss events % 3.7 2.3 % All lines—change in prior accident years (12.5)% 1.5 (14.0)% All lines—loss ratio 43.6 % (3.5) 47.1 %

Losses and Loss Expenses - All

Lines

Nine Months Ended September

30.

2016 (Dollars in thousands) Change 2015 All lines—current period excluding items below\$342,331 \$(31,528) \$373,859 All lines—current period—notable loss events 17,884 (54,298) 72,182 All lines—current period—non-notable loss eve42x811 25,311 17,500 All lines—change in prior accident years (89,594) 16,456 (106,050)All lines—losses and loss expenses \$313,432 \$(44,059) \$357,491

Notable Loss Events

For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, losses and loss expenses from the Canadian Wildfires notable loss event were \$17.9 million, or 2.5 percentage points of the loss ratio, and related solely to the property lines. Net of reinstatement premiums of \$3.1 million, the effect of this event on underwriting income was a reduction of \$14.8 million.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, losses and loss expenses from two notable loss events, Tianjin and Pemex, were \$72.2 million, or 9.5 percentage points of the loss ratio. Losses and loss expenses from Tianjin, a third quarter 2015 notable loss event, were \$35.8 million, or 4.7 percentage points of the loss ratio, with the associated impact on the property and marine lines being \$23.3 million and \$12.5 million, respectively. Net of \$3.1 million of reinstatement premiums, the effect of this event on underwriting income was a reduction of \$32.7 million. Losses and loss expenses from Pemex, a second quarter 2015 notable loss event, were \$36.4 million, or 4.8 percentage points of the loss ratio, and related solely to the marine lines. Net of \$8.9 million of reinstatement premiums, the effect of this event on underwriting income was a reduction of \$27.4 million.

Non-notable Loss Events

For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, losses and loss expenses incurred from the 2016 non-notable loss events, Texas Hailstorms, Kumamoto Earthquake, Jubilee Oil and SpaceX, were \$42.8 million, or 6.0 percentage points of the loss ratio. Net of reinstatement premiums of \$10.7 million, these events resulted in an aggregate reduction of underwriting income of \$32.1 million. The losses and loss expenses of the 2016 non-notable loss events by line of business were as follows:

- •Texas Hailstorms and Kumamoto Earthquake impact on property lines of \$22.1 million;
- •Jubilee Oil impact on marine and specialty lines of \$0.7 million and \$9.7 million, respectively; and
- •SpaceX impact on marine lines of \$10.3 million.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, losses and loss expenses from the 2015 Chilean earthquake non-notable loss event were \$17.5 million, or 2.3 percentage points of the loss ratio, and related solely to Validus Re's property lines.

Losses and Loss Expenses by Line of Business

Property Lines

```
Losses and Loss Expense
                                          Ratio - Property Lines
                                          Nine Months Ended
                                           September 30,
                                          2016
                                                   Change 2015
Property—current period excluding items below 3.6 % 0.8
                                                           22.8 %
Property—current period—notable loss events 5.9
                                                % (1.3)
                                                       ) 7.2
                                                                 %
Property—current period—non-notable loss events % 1.9
                                                           5.4
                                                                 %
Property—change in prior accident years
                                           (17.3)\% 0.7
                                                           (18.0)\%
Property—loss ratio
                                           19.5 % 2.1
                                                           17.4 %
                                           Losses and Loss Expenses -
                                           Property Lines
                                           Nine Months Ended
                                           September 30,
(Dollars in thousands)
                                           2016
                                                     Change 2015
Property—current period excluding items below$70,705 $(3,221) $73,926
Property—current period—notable loss events 17,884
                                                     (5,414) 23,298
Property—current period—non-notable loss eve22s085
                                                     4,701
                                                              17,384
Property—change in prior accident years
                                           (52,036) 6,401
                                                              (58,437)
Property—losses and loss expenses
                                           $58,638 $2,467
                                                              $56,171
```

Excluding the impact of notable and non-notable loss events and the change in prior accident years, the current period loss ratio for property lines increased by 0.8 percentage points, primarily due to a change in the business mix during the period. For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the favorable development in losses and loss expenses on prior accident years of \$52.0 million included favorable development on event reserves of \$29.1 million, primarily related to the Tianjin notable, and the 2015 Chilean earthquake non-notable, loss events, with the remainder attributable to favorable development on attritional losses. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the favorable development in losses and loss expenses on prior accident years of \$58.4 million was primarily due to favorable development on event reserves of \$27.8 million, including Superstorm Sandy and Hurricane Ike. The impact on Validus Re of the notable and non-notable loss events for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, as compared to nine months ended September 30, 2015, is described above.

Marine Lines

```
Losses and Loss Expense
                                        Ratio - Marine Lines
                                        Nine Months Ended
                                        September 30,
                                        2016
                                                 Change 2015
Marine—current period excluding items below 1.1 % (3.7) 54.8 %
Marine—current period—notable loss events—
                                              % (41.7 ) 41.7 %
Marine—current period—non-notable loss events % 12.6
                                                              %
Marine—change in prior accident years
                                         (17.1)\% 8.7
                                                         (25.8)\%
Marine—loss ratio
                                        46.6 % (24.1 ) 70.7 %
                                         Losses and Loss Expenses -
                                         Marine Lines
                                         Nine Months Ended
                                         September 30,
                                         2016
(Dollars in thousands)
                                                   Change
                                                             2015
Marine—current period excluding items below$44,509 $(17,531) $62,040
Marine—current period—notable loss events —
                                                   (47,219 ) 47,219
Marine—current period—non-notable loss events019
                                                   11.019
Marine—change in prior accident years
                                         (14,967) 14,258
                                                             (29,225)
                                         $40,561 $(39,473) $80,034
Marine—losses and loss expenses
```

Excluding the impact of notable and non-notable loss events and the change in prior accident years, the current period loss ratio for marine lines decreased by 3.7 percentage points, representing a lower level of attritional losses in the period. For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the favorable development in losses and loss expenses on prior accident years of \$15.0 million was primarily due to favorable development of attritional losses of \$26.6 million, partially offset by adverse development on event reserves of \$11.6 million. The adverse development was driven by reserves established following the receipt of a loss advice on an individual marine policy that incepted during the second half of 2015. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the favorable development in losses and loss expenses on prior accident years of \$29.2 million was primarily due to favorable development on attritional losses. The impact on Validus Re of the notable and non-notable loss events for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, as compared to nine months ended September 30, 2015, is described above. Specialty Lines

```
Losses and Loss
                                           Expense Ratio -
                                           Specialty Lines
                                           Nine Months Ended
                                           September 30,
                                                   Change 2015
                                           2016
Specialty—current period excluding items below 8.6 % (5.5 ) 74.1 %
Specialty—current period—notable loss events — % (0.5 ) 0.5 %
Specialty—current period—non-notable loss evens % 2.9
                                                                %
Specialty—change in prior accident years
                                           (6.8)\% (1.1) (5.7)\%
Specialty—loss ratio
                                           64.7 % (4.2 ) 68.9 %
                                            Losses and Loss Expenses -
                                            Specialty Lines
                                            Nine Months Ended September
                                            30,
(Dollars in thousands)
                                            2016
                                                       Change
                                                                 2015
Specialty—current period excluding items below$227,117 $(10,776) $237,893
```

Specialty—current period—notable loss events	_	(1,665) 1,665
Specialty—current period—non-notable loss ev	en.f307	9,591	116
Specialty—change in prior accident years	(22,591)	(4,203) (18,388)
Specialty—losses and loss expenses	\$214,233	\$(7,053) \$221,286

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Excluding the impact of notable and non-notable loss events and the change in prior accident years, the current period loss ratio for specialty lines decreased by 5.5 percentage points, representing a lower level of attritional losses in the period. For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the favorable development in losses and loss expenses on prior accident years of \$22.6 million was primarily due to favorable development on attritional and agriculture losses. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the favorable development in losses and loss expenses on prior accident years of \$18.4 million was primarily due to favorable development on attritional losses.

The impact on Validus Re of the notable and non-notable loss events for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, as compared to nine months ended September 30, 2015, is described above.

Policy Acquisition Costs

Policy Acquisition Costs

Nine Months Ended September 30,

while World's Ended September 30,										
	2016		Change		2015					
	Policy	% of Net	Policy	% of Net	Policy	% of Net				
(Dollars in thousands)	Acquisitio	Premiums	Acquisiti	oPrremiums	Acquisitio	Premiums				
	Costs	Earned	Costs	Earned	Costs	Earned				
Property	\$55,351	18.4 %	\$(2,703)	0.5	\$58,054	17.9 %				
Marine	13,937	16.0 %	(9,321)	(4.5)	23,258	20.5 %				
Specialty	58,372	17.6 %	10,775	2.8	47,597	14.8 %				
Total	\$127,660	17.7 %	\$(1,249)	0.7	\$128,909	17.0 %				

The acquisition cost ratio for the marine lines decreased by 4.5 percentage points primarily due to a reduction in proportional business, along with adjustments to existing business. The acquisition costs ratio for the specialty lines increased by 2.8 percentage points primarily due a change in the business mix during the period, along with new casualty business which carries higher acquisition costs.

Underwriting Income Before General and Administrative and Share Compensation Expenses

Underwriting Income Before General and Administrative and Share Compensation Expenses Nine Months Ended September 30. 2016 (Dollars in thousands) Change 2015 **Property** \$187,085 \$(22,306) \$209,391 Marine 22,680 32,627 9,947 6,067 Specialty 58,628 52,561 Other insurance related (loss) income (107)) (3,425) 3,318 \$278,233 \$3,016 \$275,217

The changes in underwriting income before general and administrative and share compensation expenses are driven by factors highlighted above in respect of gross premiums written, reinsurance premiums ceded, losses and loss expenses and policy acquisition costs.

General and Administrative and Share Compensation Expenses

General and Administrative and Share Compensation Expenses

	Nine Months Ended September 30,									
	2016			Change			2015			
		% of 1	Net		% of Ne	t		% of 1	Net	
(Dollars in thousands)	Expenses	sPremi	iums	Expenses	Premiun	ıs	Expenses	Premi	ums	
		Earne	d		Earned			Earne	d	
General and administrative expenses	\$52,579	7.3	%	\$(5,675)	(0.4)	\$58,254	7.7	%	
Share compensation expenses	8,371	1.2	%	706	0.2		7,665	1.0	%	
Total	\$60,950	8.5	%	\$(4,969)	(0.2)	\$65,919	8.7	%	

General and administrative expenses decreased by \$5.7 million, or 9.7%, primarily due to reductions in office related expenses and staff costs. Share compensation expenses were comparable for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

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Selected Underwriting Ratios

The following table presents a comparison of the losses and loss expense ratio, policy acquisition cost ratio, general and administrative expense ratio, expense ratio and combined ratio for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

	Select	Under	wr	iting	
	Ratios				
	Nine M	Months Ended mber 30, Change 2015 (3.5) 47.1% (0.7 17.0% (0.2) 8.7 % (0.5 25.7%			
	Septem	ber 30),		
	2016	Chan	ge	2015	
Losses and loss expense ratio	43.6%	(3.5)	47.1%	
Policy acquisition cost ratio	17.7%	0.7		17.0%	
General and administrative expense ratio (a)	8.5 %	(0.2)	8.7 %	
Expense ratio	26.2%	0.5		25.7%	
Combined ratio	69.8%	(3.0))	72.8%	

⁽a) The general and administrative expense ratio includes share compensation expenses.

The decrease in the combined ratio for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 of 3.0 percentage points compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was due to the movement in the underlying ratios as discussed above.

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Year to Date 2016 Results of Operations - Talbot Segment

The following table presents a comparison of the results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015:

and 2013.					
	Nine Months				
(Dollars in thousands)	2016	Change	2015		
Underwriting revenues					
Gross premiums written	\$752,058	\$(37,090)	\$789,148	;	
Reinsurance premiums ceded	(137,496)	26,648	(164,144)	
Net premiums written	614,562	(10,442)	625,004		
Change in unearned premiums	(7,166)	(16,333)	9,167		
Net premiums earned	607,396	(26,775)	634,171		
Other insurance related income	389	(175)	564		
Total underwriting revenues	607,785	(26,950)	634,735		
Underwriting deductions					
Losses and loss expenses	319,271	50,759	268,512		
Policy acquisition costs	134,444	(6,894)	141,338		
General and administrative expenses	109,929	(5,412)	115,341		
Share compensation expenses	9,955	760	9,195		
Total underwriting deductions	573,599	39,213	534,386		
Underwriting income (a)	\$34,186	\$(66,163)	\$100,349)	
Supplemental information:					
Losses and loss expenses:					
Current period excluding items below	\$356,927	\$(5,287)	\$362,214		
Current period—notable loss events	11,703		24,868		
Current period—non-notable loss events	20,380	15,705	4,675		
Change in prior accident years	(69,739)	53,506	(123,245)	
Total losses and loss expenses	\$319,271	\$50,759	\$268,512		
*					
Selected ratios:					
Ratio of net to gross premiums written	81.7 %	2.5	79.2	%	
Losses and loss expense ratio:					
Current period excluding items below	58.8 %	1.6	57.2	%	
Current period—notable loss events	1.9 %	(2.0)	3.9	%	
Current period—non-notable loss events		2.7	0.7	%	
Change in prior accident years	(11.5)%	7.9	(19.4)%	
Losses and loss expense ratio	52.6 %	10.2	42.4	%	
Policy acquisition cost ratio	22.1 %	(0.2)	22.3	%	
General and administrative expense ratio (b)		0.1	19.6	%	
Expense ratio	41.8 %	(0.1)	41.9	%	
Combined ratio		10.1	84.3	%	
N CLIPE: 11M		,			

Non-GAAP Financial Measures. In presenting the Company's results, management has included and discussed underwriting income that is not calculated under standards or rules that comprise U.S. GAAP. Such measures are referred to as non-GAAP. Further discussion of these measures is presented in the section entitled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

⁽b) The general and administrative expense ratio includes share compensation expenses.

Gross Premiums Written

Business Mix - Ratio of Gross Premiums Written by Line of Business to Total Gross Premiums Written

Nine Months Ended September 30,

	2016		Change		2015		
	Gross	04 C	Gross	04 6	Gross	04 C	
(Dollars in thousands)	Premiums Total		Premiums	Premiums	% of		
	Written	1 otai	Written	% of Total	Written	Totai	
Property	\$245,714	32.6 %	\$(7,482)	0.5	\$253,196	32.1	%
Marine	222,305	29.6 %	(44,586)	(4.2)	266,891	33.8	%
Specialty	284,039	37.8 %	14,978	3.7	269,061	34.1	%
Total	\$752,058	100.0%	\$(37,090)		\$789,148	100.0	1%

Talbot gross premiums written for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 translated at 2015 exchange rates would have been \$765.9 million, a decrease of \$23.2 million on the prior year period.

The decrease in gross premiums written in the property lines of \$7.5 million includes an increase in premium estimates of \$2.1 million, which had no impact on earned premium. After the impact of these changes in estimates, the decrease was primarily driven by decreases in the downstream energy classes as a result of non-renewals on various programs due to the current rate environment. The decrease in gross premiums written in the marine lines of \$44.6 million includes an increase in premium estimates of \$6.8 million, which had no impact on earned premium. After the impact of these changes in estimates, the decrease was primarily driven by decreases in the upstream energy class as a result of reductions in our participation and non-renewals on various programs due to the current rate environment. The increase in gross premiums written in the specialty lines of \$15.0 million includes an increase in premium estimates of \$14.5 million, which had no impact on earned premium. After the impact of these changes in estimates, the increase was primarily driven by increases in the contingency and accident and health classes as a result of increased renewals and upwards premium adjustments, respectively.

Reinsurance Premiums Ceded

Reinsurance Premium Ceded Nine Months Ended September

30.

(Dollars in thousands) 2016 Change 2015 Property \$(15,434) \$81,720 \$66.286 Marine) 32,166 26,453 (5,713)Specialty 44,757 (5.501)) 50,258 Total \$137,496 \$(26,648) \$164,144

The decrease in reinsurance premiums ceded in the property lines of \$15.4 million was due primarily to a decrease in proportional premium adjustments on prior period policies during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The decrease in reinsurance premiums ceded in the marine lines of \$5.7 million was primarily due to a higher reinsurance premiums for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, which was primarily attributable to \$10.1 million of reinstatement premiums from Pemex, a 2015 notable loss event and was partially offset by reinstatement premiums on other events and favorable adjustments on prior period contracts. The decrease in reinsurance premiums ceded in the specialty lines of \$5.5 million was primarily due to a decrease in reinstatement premiums.

Net Premiums Written

Net Retention - Ratio of Net Premiums Written to Gross Premiums Written

Nine Months Ended September 30,

2016 Change 2015

(Dollars in thousands) Net % of Net % of Gross Premiums Written Net % of

Premiums Gross Premiums Gross

	Written	Premiu Writter		Written		V	Vritten	Premiu Writter	
Property	\$179,428	73.0	%	\$7,952	5.3	\$	171,476	67.7	%
Marine	195,852	88.1	%	(38,873)	0.2	2	34,725	87.9	%
Specialty	239,282	84.2	%	20,479	2.9	2	18,803	81.3	%
Total	\$614,562	81.7	%	\$(10,442)	2.5	\$	625,004	79.2	%

The changes in net premiums written and net retention ratios are driven by factors highlighted above in respect of gross premiums written and reinsurance premiums ceded.

Net Premiums Earned

Net Premiums Earned

Nine Months Ended September

30,

 (Dollars in thousands)
 2016
 Change
 2015

 Property
 \$173,124
 \$6,624
 \$166,500

 Marine
 208,029
 (38,010
) 246,039

 Specialty
 226,243
 4,611
 221,632

 Total
 \$607,396
 \$(26,775)
 \$634,171

Excluding the impact of the changes in estimates noted above on gross premiums written, which had no impact on earned premium, the changes in the net premiums earned in the property and specialty lines was consistent with the pattern of net premiums written for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015. Net premiums earned in the marine lines decreased by \$38.0 million, primarily as a result of an overall reduction in net premiums written during both the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015. Losses and Loss Expenses

Losses and Loss Expense Ratio - All Lines Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 Change 2015 57.2 % All lines—current period excluding items below58.8 % 1.6 All lines—current period—notable loss events 1.9 % (2.0) 3.9 % All lines—current period—non-notable loss events % 2.7 0.7 % All lines—change in prior accident years (11.5)% 7.9(19.4)%All lines—loss ratio 52.6 % 10.2 42.4 % Losses and Loss Expenses - All Lines Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 (Dollars in thousands) Change 2015 All lines—current period excluding items below\$356,927 \$(5,287) \$362,214 All lines—current period—notable loss events 11,703 (13,165) 24,868 All lines—current period—non-notable loss eve20380 15,705 4,675 All lines—change in prior accident years (69,739) 53,506 (123,245)All lines—losses and loss expenses \$319,271 \$50,759 \$268,512 **Notable Loss Events**

Losses and loss expenses from the Canadian Wildfires notable loss event were \$11.7 million, which represented 1.9 percentage points of the loss ratio and related solely to Talbot's property lines. Net of reinstatement premiums of \$0.5 million, the effect of this event on underwriting income was a reduction of \$11.2 million.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, losses and loss expenses from two notable loss events, Tianjin and Pemex, were \$24.9 million, which represented 3.9 percentage points of the loss ratio. Losses and loss expenses from Tianjin, a third quarter 2015 notable loss event, were \$12.0 million, or 1.9 percentage points of the loss ratio. The impact of the Tianjin loss event on the property and marine lines was \$3.2 million and \$8.8 million, respectively. Net of \$0.8 million of reinstatement premiums, the effect of this event on underwriting income was a reduction of \$11.2 million. Losses and loss expenses from Pemex, a second quarter 2015 notable loss event, were \$12.9 million, or 2.0 percentage points of the loss ratio. The impact of the Pemex loss event on the property and marine lines was \$0.4 million and \$12.5 million, respectively. Including reinstatement premiums payable, the effect of this event on underwriting income was a reduction of \$24.0 million.

Non-notable Loss Events

For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, losses and loss expenses from the 2016 non-notable loss events, Texas Hailstorms, Kumamoto Earthquake, Jubilee Oil and SpaceX, were \$20.4 million, which represented 3.4 percentage points of the loss ratio. These loss events, net of reinstatement premiums of \$0.2 million, resulted in an aggregate reduction of underwriting income of \$20.2 million. The Texas Hailstorms and Kumamoto Earthquake non-notable loss events impacted Talbot's property lines by \$5.6 million, while the Jubilee Oil and SpaceX non-notable loss events impacted Talbot's marine lines by \$14.7 million.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, losses and loss expenses from the Chilean earthquake non-notable loss event were \$4.7 million, or 0.7 percentage points of the loss ratio and impacted Talbot's property and marine lines

Losses and Loss Expenses by Line of Business Property Lines

Losses and Loss Expense Ratio - Property Lines Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 Change 2015 62.6 % Property—current period excluding items below63.6 % 1.0 Property—current period—notable loss events 6.8 % 4.6 2.2 % Property—current period—non-notable loss events % 0.8 2.5 % Property—change in prior accident years (17.9)% 10.4 (28.3)%Property—loss ratio 55.8 % 16.8 39.0 % Losses and Loss Expenses -**Property Lines** Nine Months Ended September 30. (Dollars in thousands) 2016 Change 2015 Property—current period excluding items below\$110,258 \$5,988 \$104,270 Property—current period—notable loss events 11,703 8,111 3,592 Property—current period—non-notable loss eve5.1649 1,474 4,175 Property—change in prior accident years (30,969) 16,172 (47,141)Property—losses and loss expenses \$96,641 \$31,745 \$64,896

Excluding the impact of notable and non-notable loss events and the change in prior accident years, the current period loss ratio for property lines increased by 1.0 percentage point, representing a higher level of attritional losses incurred during the period. For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the favorable development in losses and loss expenses on prior accident years of \$31.0 million included favorable development on event reserves of \$9.2 million and attritional losses of \$21.8 million; whereas the favorable development for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 of \$47.1 million included favorable development on attritional losses of \$38.9 million and event reserves of \$8.2 million, including the Thailand floods, which was a 2011 notable loss event.

The impact on Talbot of the notable and non-notable loss events for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, as compared to nine months ended September 30, 2015, is described above.

Marine Lines

Losses and Loss Expense Ratio - Marine Lines Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 Change 2015 w52.8 % (1.7) 54.5 %

Marine—current period excluding items below 52.8 % (1.7) 54.5 % Marine—current period—notable loss events — % (8.6) 8.6 %

Marine—current period—non-notable loss	events %	6.9	0.2	%
Marine—change in prior accident years	(5.0)%	15.8	(20.8)	%
Marine—loss ratio	54.9 %	12.4	42.5	%

```
Losses and Loss Expenses -
                                         Marine Lines
                                         Nine Months Ended September
                                         30,
                                         2016
(Dollars in thousands)
                                                    Change
                                                              2015
Marine—current period excluding items below$109,885
                                                    $(24,097) $133,982
Marine—current period—notable loss events —
                                                    (21,276) 21,276
Marine—current period—non-notable loss eveh4s731
                                                    14,231
                                                              500
Marine—change in prior accident years
                                         (10,511 ) 40,667
                                                              (51,178)
Marine—losses and loss expenses
                                         $114,105 $9,525
                                                              $104,580
```

Excluding the impact of notable and non-notable loss events and the change in prior accident years, the current period loss ratio for marine lines decreased by 1.7 percentage points, primarily due to the decrease in net premiums earned during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 as noted above. For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the favorable development in losses and loss expenses on prior accident years of \$10.5 million was comprised of favorable development of attritional losses of \$29.1 million, partially offset by adverse development of \$18.6 million on prior year events. The adverse development was driven by reserves established following the receipt of a loss advice on an individual marine policy that incepted during the second half of 2015. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the favorable development in losses and loss expenses for prior accident years of \$51.2 million was primarily due to favorable development of attritional losses.

The impact on Talbot of the notable and non-notable loss events for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, as compared to nine months ended September 30, 2015, is described above.

Specialty Lines

```
Losses and Loss Expense
                                            Ratio - Specialty Lines
                                            Nine Months Ended
                                            September 30,
                                            2016
                                                    Change 2015
Specialty—current period excluding items below60.5 % 4.6
                                                            55.9 %
Specialty—current period—notable loss events —
                                                                  %
Specialty—current period—non-notable loss events
                                                                  %
Specialty—change in prior accident years
                                            (12.5)% (1.3 ) (11.2)%
Specialty—loss ratio
                                            48.0 % 3.3
                                                            44.7 %
                                            Losses and Loss Expenses -
                                            Specialty Lines
                                            Nine Months Ended September
                                            30,
(Dollars in thousands)
                                            2016
                                                      Change
                                                                2015
Specialty—current period excluding items above$136,784
                                                      $12,822 $123,962
Specialty—current period—notable loss events —
Specialty—current period—non-notable loss events
Specialty—change in prior accident years
                                            (28,259)(3,333)(24,926)
Specialty—losses and loss expenses
                                            $108,525 $9,489
                                                                $99,036
```

Excluding the impact of notable and non-notable loss events and the change in prior accident years, the current period loss ratio for specialty lines increased by 4.6 percentage points, representing a higher level of attritional losses in the current period. For the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, the favorable development in losses and loss expenses on prior accident years of \$28.3 million and \$24.9 million, respectively, was primarily due to favorable development of attritional losses.

Policy Acquisition Costs

Policy Acquisition Costs

Nine Months Ended September 30.

the state of the s										
	2016		Change		2015					
	Policy	% of Net	Policy	% of Net	Policy	% of No	et			
(Dollars in thousands)	Acquisition Premiums A		Acquisiti	oPrremiums	Acquisition Premiums					
	Costs	Earned	Costs	Earned	Costs	Earned				
Property	\$27,950	16.1 %	\$3,656	1.5	\$24,294	14.6	%			
Marine	53,777	25.9 %	(10,424)	(0.2)	64,201	26.1	%			
Specialty	52,717	23.3 %	(126)	(0.5)	52,843	23.8	%			
Total	\$134,444	22.1 %	\$(6,894)	(0.2)	\$141,338	22.3	%			

Policy acquisition costs across all classes were consistent with the earning pattern of net premiums written during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

Underwriting Income Before General and Administrative and Share Compensation Expenses

Underwriting Income Before General and Administrative and Share Compensation

Expenses

Nine Months Ended September

30, (Dollars in thousands) 2016 Change 2015 **Property** \$48,533 \$(28,777) \$77,310 Marine 40,147 (37,111) 77,258 Specialty 65,001 (4,752) 69,753 Other insurance related income 389 (175)) 564 Total \$154,070 \$(70,815) \$224,885

The changes in underwriting income before general and administrative and share compensation expenses are driven by factors highlighted above in respect of gross premiums written, reinsurance premiums ceded, losses and loss expenses and policy acquisition costs.

General and Administrative and Share Compensation Expenses

General and Administrative and Share Compensation Expenses

	Nine Months Ended September 30,								
	2016			Change			2015		
		% of N	let		% of Ne	t		% of N	Vet
(Dollars in thousands)	Expenses	Premiu	ıms	Expenses	Premiur	ns	Expenses	Premi	ums
	Earned		Earned			Earned		1	
General and administrative expenses	\$109,929	18.1	%	\$(5,412)	(0.1)	\$115,341	18.2	%
Share compensation expenses	9,955	1.6	%	760	0.2		9,195	1.4	%
Total	\$119,884	19.7	%	\$(4,652)	0.1		\$124,536	19.6	%

General and administrative expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 translated at 2015 exchange rates would have been \$118.9 million, an increase of \$3.6 million. This increase was primarily due to a greater retention of costs within the segment and an increase in Lloyd's related costs and was partially offset by reduced accruals relating to performance bonuses. Share compensation expenses were comparable for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

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Selected Underwriting Ratios

The following table presents a comparison of the losses and loss expense ratio, policy acquisition cost ratio, general and administrative expense ratio, expense ratio and combined ratio for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

	Select	Under	wr	iting			
	Ratios						
	Nine M	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 Change 2015 52.6% 10.2 42.4% 22.1% (0.2) 22.3% 19.7% 0.1 19.6% 41.8% (0.1) 41.9%					
	Septem	iber 30	as Ended 30, nge 2015 2 42.4%) 22.3% 19.6%) 41.9%				
	2016	Chan	ge	2015			
Losses and loss expense ratio	52.6%	10.2		42.4%			
Policy acquisition cost ratio	22.1%	(0.2))	22.3%			
General and administrative expense ratio (a)	19.7%	0.1		19.6%			
Expense ratio	41.8%	(0.1))	41.9%			
Combined ratio	94.4%	10.1		84.3%			

⁽a) The general and administrative expense ratio includes share compensation expenses.

The increase in the combined ratio for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 of 10.1 percentage points compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was due to the movement in the underlying ratios as discussed above.

Year to Date 2016 Results of Operations - Western World Segment

The following table presents a comparison of the results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Nine Months	s Ended September 30,			
(Dollars in thousands)	2016	Change	2015		
Underwriting revenues					
Gross premiums written	\$236,190	\$28,818	\$207,372		
Reinsurance premiums ceded	(15,347)	(1,957)	(13,390)		
Net premiums written	220,843	26,861	193,982		
Change in unearned premiums	(22,890)	(25,838)	2,948		
Net premiums earned	197,953	1,023	196,930		
Other insurance related income	696	(91)	787		
Total underwriting revenues	198,649	932	197,717		
Underwriting deductions					
Losses and loss expenses	129,623	(8,475)	138,098		
Policy acquisition costs	46,704	19,594	27,110		
General and administrative expenses	33,704	4,567	29,137		
Share compensation expenses	1,825	300	1,525		
Total underwriting deductions	211,856	15,986	195,870		
Underwriting (loss) income (a)	\$(13,207)	\$(15,054)			
Supplemental information:					
Losses and loss expenses:					
Current period excluding items below	\$137,444	\$(16,293)	\$153,737		
Current period—notable loss events	_		_		
Current period—non-notable loss events	643	643	_		
Change in prior accident years	(8,464)	7,175	(15,639)		
Total losses and loss expense	\$129,623		\$138,098		
•		, , ,			
Selected ratios:					
Ratio of net to gross premiums written	93.5 %	_	93.5 %		
Losses and loss expense ratio:					
Current period excluding items below	69.5 %	(8.6)	78.1 %		
Current period—notable loss events	_ %	_	%		
Current period—non-notable loss events	0.3 %	0.3	%		
Change in prior accident years	(4.3)%	3.7	(8.0)%		
Losses and loss expense ratio	65.5 %	(4.6)	70.1 %		
Policy acquisition cost ratio		9.8	13.8 %		
General and administrative expense ratio (b)		2.3	15.6 %		
Expense ratio	41.5 %	12.1	29.4 %		
Combined ratio	107.0 %	7.5	99.5 %		
Non CAAD Einensial Massauss In ansaus	ting the Com	,	140		

Non-GAAP Financial Measures. In presenting the Company's results, management has included and discussed underwriting income that is not calculated under standards or rules that comprise U.S. GAAP. Such measures are referred to as non-GAAP. Further discussion of these measures is presented in the section entitled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

⁽b) The general and administrative expense ratio includes share compensation expenses.

Gross Premiums Written

Business Mix - Ratio of Gross Premiums Written by Line of Business to Total Gross Premiums Written

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 Change 2015 Gross Gross Gross % of (Dollars in thousands) Premiums Total % of Premiums Total Premiums Total Written Written Written \$39,134 **Property** \$65,401 27.7 % \$26,267 8.8 18.9 %

Liability 170,789 72.3 % 2,551 (8.8) 168,238 81.1 %

Total \$236,190 100.0 \$28,818 \$207,372 100.0 %

The property lines consist largely of commercial package property, program and the property lines consist largely of commercial package property, program and the property lines consist largely of commercial package property, program and the property lines consist largely of commercial package property, program and the property lines consist largely of commercial package property, program and the property lines consist largely of commercial package property, program and the property lines consist largely of commercial package property, program and the property lines consist largely of commercial package property, program and the property lines consist largely of commercial package property.

The property lines consist largely of commercial package property, program and brokerage business. The increase in gross premiums written in the property lines of \$26.3 million was primarily due to increases in the brokerage property, contract commercial package and monoline property and program flood classes of \$9.4 million, \$8.3 million and \$5.3 million, respectively, as a result of the continued build out of the underwriting platform in short tail lines. Gross premiums written in the liability lines consist largely of commercial package liability, program and other liability business. The increase in gross premiums written in the liability lines of \$2.6 million was driven by increases in the contract liability and brokerage professional lines of \$11.7 million and \$4.3 million, respectively, and was partially offset by decreases arising from the discontinuation of underperforming programs and brokerage general liability lines.

Reinsurance Premiums Ceded

Reinsurance Premiums

Ceded

Nine Months Ended September 30,

(Dollars in thousands) 2016 Change 2015
Property \$6,395 \$3,215 \$3,180
Liability 8,952 (1,258) 10,210
Total \$15,347 \$1,957 \$13,390

Reinsurance premiums ceded in the property lines were driven by the factors highlighted above in respect of gross premiums written for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015. The decrease in reinsurance premiums ceded in the liability lines was primarily due to the discontinuation of underperforming programs and brokerage general liability lines which were ceded at a higher rate.

Net Premiums Written

Net Retention - Ratio of Net Premiums Written to Gross Premiums Written

Nine Months Ended September 30,

	2016			Change		2015		
(Dollars in thousands)	Net Premiums Written	% of Gross Premium Written	ms	Net Premium Written	% of Gross Premium: Written	Net Premiums Written	% of Gross Premii Writte	
Property	\$59,006	90.2	%	\$23,052	(1.7)	\$35,954	91.9	%
Liability	161,837	94.8	%	3,809	0.9	158,028	93.9	%
Total	\$220,843	93.5	%	\$26,861	_	\$193,982	93.5	%

Net premiums written and the net retention ratio were driven by the factors highlighted above in respect of gross premiums written and reinsurance premiums ceded.

Net Premiums Earned

Net Premiums Earned

Nine Months Ended September 30,

(Dollars in thousands) 2016 Change 2015 Property \$43,070 \$10,565 \$32,505 Liability 154,883 (9,542) 164,425 Total \$197,953 \$1,023 \$196,930

Net premiums earned in the property lines during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 were driven by the factors highlighted above in respect of gross premiums written and reinsurance premiums ceded. Net premiums earned in the liability lines during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 have decreased primarily as a result of the discontinuation of liability lines as discussed above. Net premiums earned exceeded net premiums written for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as Western World discontinued writing business in several underperforming classes during the three months ended December 31, 2014, including binding authority commercial auto business, a large bar and tavern program and certain brokerage general liability habitational accounts.

Losses and Loss Expenses

Losses and Loss

Expense Ratio - All

Lines

Nine Months Ended September 30,

2016 Change 2015

All lines—current period excluding items below69.5 % (8.6) 78.1 % All lines—current period—notable loss events — % — — % All lines—current period—non-notable loss events % 0.3 — % All lines—change in prior accident years (4.3)% 3.7 (8.0)% All lines—loss ratio 65.5 % (4.6) 70.1 %

Losses and Loss Expenses - All

Lines

Nine Months Ended September

30,

(Dollars in thousands) 2016 Change 2015 All lines—current period excluding items below\$137,444 \$(16,293) \$153,737

All lines—current period—notable loss events — — —

All lines—current period—non-notable loss events

643

All lines—change in prior accident years (8,464) 7,175 (15,639) All lines—losses and loss expenses \$129,623 \$(8,475) \$138,098

Upon closing the acquisition, an adjustment of \$15,586 was made to increase net reserves to reflect fair value. This adjustment was amortized to income through a reduction in losses and loss expenses of \$8,639 during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, benefiting the loss ratio by 4.4 percentage points. The remaining fair value adjustment of \$2,340 was fully amortized during the year ended December 31, 2015.

Notable Loss Events

There were no notable loss events for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 or 2015.

Non-notable Loss Events

For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, losses and loss expenses from the Texas Hailstorm non-notable loss event were \$0.6 million, or 0.3 percentage points of the loss ratio which solely impacted Western World's property lines. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, there were no non-notable loss events.

```
Losses and Loss Expenses by Line of Business Property Lines
```

```
Losses and Loss Expense
                                           Ratio - Property Lines
                                           Nine Months Ended
                                           September 30,
                                           2016
                                                   Change 2015
Property—current period excluding items below 1.4 % (5.4 ) 76.8 %
Property—current period—notable loss events — % —
Property—current period—non-notable loss evehts % 1.5
                                                                %
Property—change in prior accident years
                                           (6.0)\% 8.3
                                                           (14.3)\%
Property—loss ratio
                                           66.9 % 4.4
                                                          62.5 %
                                           Losses and Loss Expenses -
                                           Property Lines
                                           Nine Months Ended
                                           September 30,
(Dollars in thousands)
                                           2016
                                                    Change 2015
Property—current period excluding items below$30,768 $5,803 $24,965
Property—current period—notable loss events —
Property—current period—non-notable loss even48
                                                    643
Property—change in prior accident years
                                           (2,576) 2,072
                                                            (4,648)
Property—losses and loss expenses
                                           $28,835 $8,518 $20,317
```

Upon closing the acquisition, an adjustment of \$409 was made to decrease net reserves to reflect fair value. This adjustment was amortized to income through an increase in losses and loss expenses of \$227 during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, increasing the loss ratio by 0.7 percentage points. The remaining fair value adjustment of \$61 was fully amortized during the year ended December 31, 2015.

Excluding the impact of non-notable loss events and the change in prior accident years, the current period loss ratio for property lines decreased by 5.4 percentage points, primarily as a result of the increase in net premiums earned during the period. Included as part of current period losses and loss expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 are \$11.5 million, or 26.7 percentage points of the property lines loss ratio, of losses from other U.S.-based weather events including floods. For the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, the favorable development on prior accident years of \$2.6 million and \$4.6 million, respectively, primarily related to favorable development on attritional losses.

The impact on Western World of the non-notable loss event for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 is described above.

Liability Lines

```
Losses and Loss
                                           Expense Ratio -
                                           Liability Lines
                                           Nine Months Ended
                                           September 30,
                                           2016
                                                   Change 2015
Liability—current period excluding items below68.9 % (9.4) 78.3 %
Liability—current period—notable loss events — % —
                                                                %
Liability—current period—non-notable loss events % —
                                                                %
Liability—change in prior accident years
                                           (3.8)\% 2.9
                                                           (6.7)\%
Liability—loss ratio
                                           65.1 % (6.5 ) 71.6 %
```

Losses and Loss Expenses -

Liability Lines

Nine Months Ended September

30,

(Dollars in thousands) 2016 Change 2015 Liability—current period excluding items above\$106,676 \$(22,096) \$128,772

Liability—current period—notable loss events — —

Liability—current period—non-notable loss events —

Liability—change in prior accident years (5,888) 5,103 (10,991) Liability—losses and loss expenses \$100,788 \$(16,993) \$117,781

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Upon closing the acquisition, an adjustment of \$15,995 was made to increase net reserves to reflect fair value. This (a) adjustment was amortized to income through a reduction in losses and loss expenses of \$8,866 during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, benefiting the loss ratio by 5.4 percentage points. The remaining fair value adjustment of \$2,401 was fully amortized during the year ended December 31, 2015.

Excluding the change in prior accident years, the current period loss ratio for liability lines decreased by 9.4 percentage points as Western World discontinued writing business in several underperforming classes during the fourth quarter of 2014. For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the favorable development in losses and loss expenses on prior accident years of \$5.9 million was due to favorable development on attritional losses; whereas the favorable development of \$11.0 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was primarily due to the amortization of the fair value adjustment, as noted in footnote (a) above and favorable development on attritional losses.

Policy Acquisition Costs

Policy Acquisition Costs

Nine Mo	nths En	ded	Septembe	er 30,				
2016			Change			2015		
Policy	% of N	let	Policy			Policy	% of N	Vet
Acquisit	i Dr emiu	ıms	Acquisit	66 Net Premiu	ıms Earned	Acquisiti	i M remiu	ums
Costs	Earned	l	Costs			Costs	Earned	1
\$10,665	24.8	%	\$6,603	12.3		\$4,062	12.5	%
36,039	23.3	%	12,991	9.3		23,048	14.0	%
\$46,704	23.6	%	\$19,594	9.8		\$27,110	13.8	%
	2016 Policy Acquisit Costs \$10,665 36,039	2016 Policy % of N Acquisitionremit Costs Earned \$10,665 24.8 36,039 23.3	2016 Policy % of Net Acquisition memiums Costs Earned \$10,665 24.8 % 36,039 23.3 %	2016 Change Policy % of Net Policy Acquisition Acquisition Acquisition Costs Earned Costs \$10,665 24.8 % \$6,603 36,039 23.3 % 12,991	Policy % of Net Policy Acquisition of Net Premiums Costs Earned Costs \$10,665 24.8 % \$6,603 12.3	2016 Change Policy Acquisition of Net Premiums Earned Costs Earned Costs \$10,665 24.8 % \$6,603 12.3 36,039 23.3 % 12,991 9.3	2016 Change 2015 Policy Policy Acquisition of Net Premiums Earned Acquisition of Net Premiums Earned Acquisition of Net Premiums Earned Costs \$10,665 24.8 % \$6,603 12.3 \$4,062 36,039 23.3 % 12,991 9.3 23,048	2016 Change 2015 Policy Policy % of Not Not Premiums Earned Acquisition of Net Premiums Earned Acquisition of Net Premiums Earned Costs Earned \$10,665 24.8 % \$6,603 12.3 \$4,062 12.5 36,039 23.3 % 12,991 9.3 23,048 14.0

Upon closing the acquisition, an adjustment of \$34,736 was made to reduce deferred acquisition costs to reflect fair (a) value. These deferred acquisition costs would otherwise have been expensed in the amount of \$19,917 during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, benefiting the policy acquisition cost ratio by 10.1 percentage points. The acquisition cost ratio for the property and liability lines increased by 12.3 and 9.3 percentage points, respectively, primarily due to the impact of the acquisition fair value adjustments during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as noted in footnote (a) above.

Underwriting Income Before General and Administrative and Share Compensation Expenses

Underwriting Income Before General and Administrative and Share Compensation **Expenses** Nine Months Ended September 30, (Dollars in thousands) 2016 Change 2015 \$(4,556) \$8,126 \$3,570 18,056 (5,540) 23,596 Other insurance related income 696 (91) 787 \$22,322 \$(10,187) \$32,509

The changes in underwriting income before general and administrative and share compensation expenses are driven by factors highlighted above in respect of gross premiums written, reinsurance premiums ceded, losses and loss expenses and policy acquisition costs.

General and Administrative and Share Compensation Expenses

General and Administrative and Share Compensation Expenses

Nine Months Ended September 30,

2016 2015

(Dollars in thousands) **Expenses** Expenses of Net Premiums Earned Expenses

Explanation of Responses:

Property

Liability

Total.

		% of N	let				% of 1	Net
		Premiu	ıms				Premi	ums
		Earned	1				Earne	d
General and administrative expenses	\$33,704	17.0	%	\$4,567	2.2	\$29,137	14.8	%
Share compensation expenses	1,825	0.9	%	300	0.1	1,525	0.8	%
Total	\$35,529	17.9	%	\$4,867	2.3	\$30,662	15.6	%
112								

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The increase in general and administrative expenses of \$4.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was primarily due to increases in staff related costs associated with the opening of new offices in Arizona, Atlanta and New York. Share compensation expenses were comparable for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

Selected Underwriting Ratios

The following table presents a comparison of the losses and loss expense ratio, policy acquisition cost ratio, general and administrative expense ratio, expense ratio and combined ratio for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

	Select Underwriting			
	Ratios			
	Nine Mo	onths End	ded	
	Septemb	er 30,		
	2016	Change	2015	
Losses and loss expense ratio	65.5 %	(4.6)	70.1%	
Policy acquisition cost ratio	23.6 %	9.8	13.8%	
General and administrative expense ratio (a)	17.9 %	2.3	15.6%	
Expense ratio	41.5 %	12.1	29.4%	
Combined ratio	107.0%	7.5	99.5%	

⁽a) The general and administrative expense ratio includes share compensation expenses.

The increase in the combined ratio for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 of 7.5% percentage points compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was due to the movement in the underlying ratios as discussed above.

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Year to Date 2016 Results of Operations - AlphaCat Segment

The following table presents a comparison of Validus' share of the AlphaCat segment income on an asset manager basis for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Nine Mont 30,	ths Ended	September
(Dollars in thousands)	2016	Change	2015
Revenues		C	
Third party	\$14,843	\$221	\$14,622
Related party	2,592	(1,466) 4,058
Total revenues	17,435	(1,245	18,680
Expenses			
General and administrative expenses	7,557	(1,326) 8,883
Share compensation expenses	167	(273) 440
Finance expenses	914	(8,345) 9,259
Foreign exchange gains	17	26	(9)
Total expenses	8,655	(9,918) 18,573
Income before investments from AlphaCat Funds and Sidecars	\$8,780	\$8,673	\$107
Investment income (loss) from AlphaCat Funds and Sidecars (b)			
AlphaCat Sidecars	593	(3,293	3,886
AlphaCat ILS Funds - Lower Risk (c)	6,903	1,449	5,454
AlphaCat ILS Funds - Higher Risk (c)	5,607	(1,001) 6,608
BetaCat ILS Funds	2,979	1,738	1,241
PaCRe	(23)	2,218	(2,241)
Total investment income from AlphaCat Funds and Sidecars	16,059	1,111	14,948
Validus' share of AlphaCat income	\$24,839	\$9,784	\$15,055
Supplemental information:			
Gross premiums written			
AlphaCat Sidecars	\$(178)	\$(45,604) \$45,426
AlphaCat ILS Funds - Lower Risk (c)	112,241	22,153	90,088
AlphaCat ILS Funds - Higher Risk (c)	140,127	105,935	34,192
AlphaCat Direct (d)	18,476	13,691	4,785
Total	\$270,666	\$96,175	\$174,491

In presenting the Company's results, management has included and discussed the results of AlphaCat, which are presented on an asset manager basis. Validus' share of AlphaCat income is a non-GAAP measure and is not calculated under standards or rules that comprise U.S. GAAP. Further discussion of these measures is presented in the section entitled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

⁽b) The investment income from the AlphaCat funds and sidecars is based on equity accounting.

Lower risk AlphaCat ILS funds have a maximum permitted portfolio expected loss of less than 7%, whereas higher (c)risk AlphaCat ILS funds have a maximum permitted portfolio expected loss of greater than 7%. Expected loss represents the average annual loss over the set of simulation scenarios divided by the total limit.

⁽d) AlphaCat Direct includes direct investments from third party investors in AlphaCat Re.

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Revenues

Revenues earned for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 were \$17.4 million, of which \$14.8 million were earned from third parties, compared to \$18.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, of which \$14.6 million were earned from third parties. The overall decrease in revenues of \$1.2 million was primarily due to lower performance fees due to losses arising from notable and non-notable loss events during the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

Expenses

Total expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 were \$8.7 million, compared to \$18.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, a decrease of \$9.9 million. The decrease was primarily attributable to reduced placement fees incurred in relation to raising new capital during the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Investment income from AlphaCat Funds and Sidecars

Investment income available to Validus from the AlphaCat Funds and Sidecars was \$16.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 as compared to \$17.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 (exclusive of PaCRe), a decrease of \$1.1 million. The decrease was primarily due to Validus' share of the net losses and loss expenses of \$2.3 million from notable and non-notable loss events during the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Assets Under Management

Assets Under Management (a)			
October 1, 2016	Change	January 1, 2016	
\$7,922	\$(27,494)	\$35,416	
181,744	17,730	164,014	
81,636	16,172	65,464	
_	_	_	
51,160	(10,589)	61,749	
\$322,462	\$(4,181)	\$326,643	
\$29,603	\$(124,783)	\$154,386	
1,276,874	174,412	1,102,462	
612,456	177,605	434,851	
373,659	5,839	367,820	
_	_	_	
2,292,592	233,073	2,059,519	
\$2,615,054	\$228,892	\$2,386,162	
	October 1, 2016 \$7,922 181,744 81,636 51,160 \$322,462 \$29,603 1,276,874 612,456 373,659 2,292,592	October 1, 2016 \$7,922 \$(27,494) 181,744 17,730 81,636 16,172 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	

The Company's assets under management are based on NAV and are represented by investments made by related parties and third parties in the feeder funds and on a direct basis.

Lower risk AlphaCat ILS funds have a maximum permitted portfolio expected loss of less than 7%, whereas higher risk AlphaCat ILS funds have a maximum permitted portfolio expected loss of greater than 7%.

(c) AlphaCat Direct includes direct investments from third party investors in AlphaCat Re.

AlphaCat's assets under management were \$2.6 billion as at October 1, 2016, compared to \$2.4 billion as at January 1, 2016. Third party assets under management were \$2.3 billion as at October 1, 2016, compared to \$2.1 billion as at January 1, 2016. During the nine months ended October 1, 2016, a total of \$255.5 million of capital was raised, of which \$235.9 million was raised from third parties. During the nine months ended October 1, 2016, \$185.9 million was returned to investors, of which \$143.9 million was returned to third party investors.

⁽b) Expected loss represents the average annual loss over the set of simulation scenarios divided by the total limit.

Year to Date 2016 Consolidated Results - Corporate and Investment Function

The following table presents a comparison of the corporate and investment function's income and expense items on a consolidated basis for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Nine Months Ended September		
	30,		
(Dollars in thousands)	2016	Change	2015
Investment income			
Net investment income (a)	\$105,843	\$14,562	\$91,281
Operating expenses			
General and administrative expenses	52,276	774	51,502
Share compensation expenses	12,147	2,693	9,454
Finance expenses (a)	42,637	(2,986)	45,623
Dividends on preferred shares	2,252	2,252	_
Tax expenses	1,418	(5,714)	7,132
Total operating expenses	110,730	(2,981)	113,711
Other items			
Net realized gains on investments (a)	5,514	463	5,051
Change in net unrealized gains on investments (a)	81,782		2,508
(Loss) income from investment affiliate		(9,791)	
Foreign exchange gains (losses) (a)	11,628	20,652	(9,024)
Other loss	· ·	1,805	(2,578)
Total other items	93,902		* *
Total corporate and investment function	\$89,015	\$109,946	
1	,	,	. (-))

⁽a) These items exclude the components which are included in the Company's share of AlphaCat and amounts which are consolidated from VIEs.

Managed Net Investment Income

	Managed N	let Investn	nent		
	Income				
	Nine Mont	hs Ended S	September		
	30,				
(Dollars in thousands)	2016	Change	2015		
Managed net investment income					
Fixed maturities and short-term investments	\$89,210	\$5,483	\$83,727		
Other investments	20,666	8,378	12,288		
Cash and cash equivalents	2,136	957	1,179		
Securities lending income	39	26	13		
Total gross investment income	112,051	14,844	97,207		
Investment expenses	(6,208)	(282)	(5,926)		
Total managed net investment income	\$105,843	\$14,562	\$91,281		

The increase in managed net investment income for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 of \$14.6 million, or 16.0%, was primarily due to increased yield on a certain investment fund within other investments. Managed net investment income from other investments includes distributed and undistributed net income from certain investment funds.

The Company's managed yield-bearing portfolio had an annualized effective yield of 2.24% for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to 1.92% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of 32 basis points. Investment yield is calculated by dividing total managed net investment income by the average balance of the yield bearing assets managed by the Company's portfolio managers. Average assets for the period ended is the average

of the beginning, ending and intervening quarter end asset balances.

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General and Administrative and Share Compensation Expenses

Corporate general and administrative expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 were \$52.3 million compared to \$51.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$0.8 million or 1.5%. Corporate general and administrative expenses are comprised of executive and board expenses, internal and external audit expenses and other costs relating to the Company as a whole.

Corporate share compensation expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 were \$12.1 million compared to \$9.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$2.7 million or 28.5%. The increase was primarily due to increased performance share award grants.

Finance Expenses

Finance expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 were \$42.6 million compared to \$45.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, a decrease of \$3.0 million or 6.5%. The decrease was primarily due to reduced credit facility expenses.

Net Realized and Change in Net Unrealized Gains on Investments

Net realized gains on managed investments for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 were \$5.5 million compared to \$5.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$0.5 million.

The change in net unrealized gains on managed investments for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was \$81.8 million compared to \$2.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of \$79.3 million. The increase was primarily due to the impact of declining interest rates on our fixed maturity investments during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

(Loss) Income from Investment Affiliate

The (loss) income from investment affiliate relates to the income earned from the Company's investments in Aquiline Financial Services Fund II L.P. and Fund III L.P. For further details, refer to Note 6, "Investments in affiliates," to the Consolidated Financial Statements in Part I, Item 1.

Foreign Exchange Gains (Losses)

The Company's reporting currency is the U.S. dollar. As a significant portion of the Company's operations are transacted in currencies other than the U.S. dollar, fluctuations in foreign exchange rates may affect year-to-year comparisons. The Company's largest foreign currency fluctuation exposure is to the following currencies, with the movement in each currency against the U.S. dollar for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 shown in the table below:

	Nine Months		
	Ended		
	September 30,		
U.S. dollar (weakened) strengthened against:	2016 2015		
British Pound sterling	13.8 % 2.9 %		
Euro	(3.4)% 8.4 %		
Canadian dollar	(5.3)% 14.5 %		
Swiss franc	(3.0)% (1.9)%		
Australian dollar	(4.6)% 15.9 %		
New Zealand dollar	(6.3)% 21.6%		
Singapore dollar	(3.4)% 7.3 %		
Japanese yen	(16.0)% 0.3 %		
South African rand	(11.5)% 19.6 %		

Foreign exchange gains for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 were \$11.6 million compared to losses of \$9.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, a favorable movement of \$20.7 million, The foreign exchange gains for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 were primarily attributable to the U.S. dollar strengthening against the British Pound sterling.

The Company currently hedges foreign currency exposure by substantively balancing assets (primarily cash and premium receivables) with liabilities (primarily case reserves and event IBNR) for certain major non-U.S. dollar currencies, or by entering into forward foreign currency contracts. Consequently, the Company aims to have a limited

exposure to foreign exchange fluctuations.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The operating results of an insurance or reinsurance company are also often measured by reference to its underwriting income and net operating income, which are non-GAAP financial measures. Underwriting income and net operating income available to Validus common shareholders, as set out in the table below, is reconciled to net income available to Validus common shareholders (the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure) by the addition or subtraction of certain Consolidated Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income line items, as illustrated below.

	Ended September 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,
(Dollars in thousands)	2016 2015	2016 2015
Underwriting income	\$99,922 \$90,589	\$301,798 \$344,450
Net investment income	43,514 31,572	112,232 96,212
Finance expenses	(14,521) (18,512)	(43,890) (58,161)
Dividends on preferred shares	(2,252) —	(2,252) —
Tax expense	(1,830) (2,018)	(1,418) (7,132)
Income from operating affiliates	— (7,963)	(23) (2,241)
(Income) attributable to AlphaCat investors	(5,564) (1,438)	(16,278) (1,438)
Net operating (income) attributable to noncontrolling interest	(36,672) (26,467)	(95,294) (67,336)
Net operating income available to Validus common shareholders	\$82,597 \$65,763	\$254,875 \$304,354
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	4,397 (1,187)	6,537 5,226
Change in net unrealized gains on investments	5,459 3,916	84,331 2,467
Income (loss) from investment affiliate	453 2,482	(4,249) 5,542
Foreign exchange (losses) gains	(766) (2,592)	11,765 (9,528)
Other loss	(1,529) (1,970)	(773) (2,578)
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	(767) 238	(869) 368
Net income available to Validus common shareholders	\$89,844 \$66,650	\$351,617 \$305,851

The Company uses underwriting income as a primary measure of underwriting results in its analysis of historical financial information and when performing its budgeting and forecasting processes. Analysts, investors and rating agencies who follow the Company request this non-GAAP financial information on a regular basis. In addition, underwriting income is one of the factors considered by the compensation committee of our Board of Directors in determining the total annual incentive compensation.

Underwriting income is the primary financial measure for the Company's insurance and reinsurance operating segments: Validus Re, Talbot and Western World. The results of the AlphaCat operating segment are presented on an asset manager basis, which is also non-GAAP. Refer to Part I, Item 1, Note 18, "Segment information," for a reconciliation of the Company's share of AlphaCat segment income to segmental income.

Net operating income available to Validus common shareholders indicates the performance of the Company's core underwriting function and includes net investment income, finance expenses, tax (expense) benefit, income (loss) from operating affiliates and (income) attributable to AlphaCat investors and excludes net operating (income) attributable to noncontrolling interest, dividends on preferred shares and certain other revenues and expenses such as the reconciling items in the table above. The Company believes the reporting of net operating income available to Validus common shareholders enhances the understanding of results by highlighting the underlying profitability of the Company's core insurance and reinsurance business. This profitability is influenced significantly by earned premium growth, adequacy of the Company's pricing and loss frequency and severity. Over time it is also influenced by the Company's underwriting discipline, which seeks to manage exposure to loss through favorable risk selection and diversification, its management of claims, its use of reinsurance and its ability to manage its expense ratio, which it accomplishes through its management of acquisition costs and other underwriting expenses.

The Company excludes the U.S. GAAP measures noted above, in particular net realized and change in net unrealized gains and losses on investments, from its calculation of net operating income available to Validus common shareholders because the amount of these gains and losses is heavily influenced by, and fluctuates in part, according to

availability of investment market opportunities. The Company believes these amounts are largely independent of its core underwriting activities and including them distorts the analysis of trends in its operations. In addition to presenting net income available to Validus common shareholders determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP, the Company believes that showing underwriting income and net operating income available to Validus common shareholders provides investors with a valuable measure of profitability and enables investors, analysts, rating agencies

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and other users of its financial information to more easily analyze the Company's results in a manner similar to how management analyzes the Company's underlying business performance.

Underwriting income and net operating income available to Validus common shareholders should not be viewed as a substitute for U.S. GAAP net income available to Validus common shareholders as there are inherent material limitations associated with the use of underwriting income and net operating income available to Validus common shareholders as compared to using net income available to Validus common shareholders, which is the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP financial measure. The most significant limitation is the ability of users of the financial information to make comparable assessments of underwriting income and operating income with other companies, particularly as these measures may be defined or calculated differently by other companies. Therefore, the Company provides prominence in this filing to the use of the most comparable U.S. GAAP financial measure, net income available to Validus common shareholders, which includes the reconciling items in the table above. The Company compensates for these limitations by providing both clear and transparent disclosure of net income available to Validus common shareholders and reconciliation of underwriting income and net operating income available to Validus common shareholders to net income available to Validus common shareholders to net income available to Validus common shareholders.

In presenting the Company's results, management has also included and discussed certain schedules containing book value and tangible book value per diluted common share and book value per diluted common share plus accumulated dividends that are not calculated in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Such measures described above which are referred to as non-GAAP, may be defined or calculated differently by other companies. These measures should not be viewed as a substitute for those determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

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The following tables present reconciliations of book value per diluted common share to book value per common share, the most comparable U.S. GAAP financial measure, as at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

	September 3	30, 2016		
(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)	Equity Amount	Shares	Exercise Price ^(a)	
Book value per common share Total shareholders' equity available to Validus common shareholders (b)	\$3,717,620	79,443,030		\$46.80
Tangible book value per common share				\$42.85
Book value per diluted common share Total shareholders' equity available to Validus common shareholders (b) Assumed exercise of outstanding stock options (c) Unvested restricted shares Book value per diluted common share Adjustment for accumulated dividends Book value per diluted common share plus accumulated dividends	3,717,620 689 — \$3,718,309	79,443,030 30,050 2,868,227 82,341,307	\$ 22.93	\$45.16 11.21 \$56.37
Tangible book value per diluted common share	December 3	31, 2015		\$41.35
(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)	Equity Amount	Shares	Exercise Price ^(a)	
Book value per common share Total shareholders' equity available to Validus common shareholders (b)	\$3,638,975	82,900,617		\$43.90
Tangible book value per common share				\$40.06
Book value per diluted common share				

⁽a) Weighted average exercise price for those warrants and stock options that have an exercise price lower than book value per share.

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Tangible book value per diluted common share

\$38.63

⁽b) Total shareholders' equity available to Validus common shareholders excludes the liquidation value of the preferred shares of \$150,000.

Using the "as-if-converted" method, assuming all proceeds received upon exercise of warrants and stock options will be retained by the Company and the resulting common shares from exercise remain outstanding.

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Liquidity and Capital Resources

Investments

Managed investments represent assets governed by the Company's investment policy statement ("IPS") whereas, non-managed investments represent assets held in support of consolidated AlphaCat VIEs which are not governed by the Company's IPS. Refer to Note 5, "Variable interest entities," to the Consolidated Financial Statements in Part I, Item 1 for further details.

As at September 30, 2016, the Company's managed cash and investment portfolio totaled \$6.5 billion (December 31, 2015: \$6.4 billion). Refer to Note 3, "Investments," to the Consolidated Financial Statements in Part I, Item 1 for further details related to the Company's managed investments.

A significant portion of (re)insurance contracts written by the Company provide short-tail reinsurance coverage for losses resulting mainly from natural and man-made catastrophes, which could result in payment of a substantial amount of losses at short notice. Accordingly, the Company's investment portfolio is primarily structured to provide liquidity, which means the investment portfolio contains a significant amount of relatively short-term fixed maturity investments. The Company's IPS specifically requires certain minimum thresholds of cash, short-term investments, and highly-rated fixed maturity securities relative to our consolidated net reserves and estimates of probable maximum loss exposures at the 1 in 100 year threshold to provide necessary liquidity in a wide range of reasonable scenarios. As such, the Company structures its managed cash and investment portfolio to support policyholder reserves and contingent risk exposures with a liquid portfolio of high quality fixed-income investments with a comparable duration profile.

The Company's IPS requires managed investments to have an average duration in the range of 0.75 years to 3.00 years. At September 30, 2016, the average duration of the Company's managed investment portfolio was 2.29 years (December 31, 2015: 2.15 years). This duration is reviewed regularly based on changes in the duration of the Company's liabilities and in general market conditions.

The Company's IPS also requires certain minimum credit quality standards for its managed fixed maturity portfolio, including a minimum weighted average portfolio rating of A+ for securities assigned ratings. Further limits on asset classes and security types are also mandated. In addition, the Company stress-tests the downside risks within its asset portfolio using internal and external inputs and stochastic modeling processes to help define and limit asset risks to acceptable levels that are consistent with our overall ERM framework. At September 30, 2016, the Company's rated managed fixed maturity portfolio had an average credit quality rating of AA- (December 31, 2015: AA-). The value of the Company's managed fixed maturity portfolio will fluctuate with, among other factors, changes in the interest rate environment and in overall economic conditions. Additionally, the structure of the Company's overall managed investment portfolio exposes the Company to other risks, including insolvency or reduced credit quality of corporate debt securities, prepayment, default and structural risks on asset-backed securities, mortgage-backed securities and bank loans and liquidity risks on certain other investments, including hedge funds, investment funds and private equity investments. For further details on market risks, refer to

Item 7A, "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015

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As part of the ongoing risk management process, the Company monitors the aggregation of country or jurisdiction risk exposure. Jurisdiction risk exposure is the risk that events within a jurisdiction, such as currency crises, regulatory changes and other political events, will adversely affect the ability of obligors within the jurisdiction to honor their obligations. The following table provides a breakdown of the fair value of jurisdiction risk exposures outside the United States within the Company's managed fixed maturity portfolio:

	September	r 30, 20	16
(Dollars in thousands)	Fair	% of T	otal
(Donars in thousands)	Value	// OI I	Otai
Germany	\$62,352	9.1	%
Supranational	43,402	6.4	%
United Kingdom	39,143	5.8	%
Canada	16,032	2.4	%
France	15,586	2.3	%
Norway	12,629	1.9	%
Province of Ontario	12,344	1.8	%
Jordan	10,240	1.5	%
Other (individual jurisdictions below \$10,000)	36,662	5.4	%
Total Managed Non-U.S. Government Securities	248,390	36.6	%
European Corporate Securities	171,662	25.2	%
United Kingdom Corporate Securities	110,049	16.2	%
Other Non-U.S. Corporate Securities	149,921	22.0	%
Total Managed Non-U.S. Fixed Maturity Portfolio	\$680,022	100.0	%

At September 30, 2016, the Company did not have an aggregate exposure to any single issuer of more than 0.9% of total yield bearing assets, other than with respect to government and agency securities. The top ten exposures to fixed income corporate issuers at September 30, 2016 were as follows:

September 30.

		Septembe	1 50,		
		2016			
			% of	f	
		Fair	Tota	.1	
Issuer (a)	S&P Rating (b)	Value (c)	Yiel	d	
		v arue (°)	Bear	ing	
			Assets		
JPMorgan Chase & Co	A-	\$61,652	0.9	%	
Citigroup Inc	BBB	50,429	0.8	%	
Goldman Sachs Group	BBB+	50,191	0.8	%	
Morgan Stanley	BBB+	42,452	0.7	%	
Bank of New York Mellon Corp	A	38,243	0.6	%	
Bank of America Corp	BBB	37,280	0.6	%	
Anheuser-Busch Inbev NV	A-	31,274	0.5	%	
US Bancorp	AA-	30,493	0.5	%	
Ford Motor Company	BBB	29,550	0.5	%	
HSBC Holdings plc	A	28,841	0.4	%	
Total		\$400,405	6.3	%	

(a) Issuers exclude government-backed government-sponsored enterprises and cash and cash equivalents.

Investment ratings are the median of Moody's, Standard & Poor's and Fitch. For investments where three ratings (b) are unavailable, the lower of the ratings shall apply. All investment ratings are presented as the Standard & Poor's equivalent rating.

(c)

Credit exposures represent only direct exposure to fixed maturities and short-term investments of the parent issuer and its major subsidiaries. These exposures exclude asset and mortgage backed securities that were issued, sponsored or serviced by the parent.

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Reserves for Losses and Loss Expenses

At September 30, 2016, gross and net reserves for losses and loss expenses were estimated using the methodology as outlined in Part II, Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

The following tables show the breakdown of the Company's gross and net reserves for losses and loss expenses by line of business and split between case reserves and IBNR.

Ser	otember	30.	2016
	, to ilio ci	-0,	2010

•	,	Total Gross Reserve
Gross Case	Reserve BNR	
		Expenses
\$418,106	\$419,853	\$ 837,959
402,992	472,667	875,659
274,591	474,676	749,267
199,696	373,406	573,102
\$1,295,385	\$1,740,602	\$ 3,035,987
September 3	30, 2016	
		Total Net Reserve for
Net Case Re	e Ne v E BNR	Losses and Loss
		Expenses
\$350,203	\$369,520	\$ 719,723
357,968	370,858	728,826
227,852	428,414	656,266
185,152	301,411	486,563
\$1,121,175	\$1,470,203	\$ 2,591,378
	\$418,106 402,992 274,591 199,696 \$1,295,385 September 3 Net Case Ro \$350,203 357,968 227,852 185,152	402,992 472,667 274,591 474,676 199,696 373,406 \$1,295,385 \$1,740,602 September 30, 2016 Net Case ReserveBNR \$350,203 \$369,520 357,968 370,858 227,852 428,414 185,152 301,411

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The following table sets forth a reconciliation of gross and net reserves for losses and loss expenses by operating segment for the three months ended September 30, 2016.

	Three Mon	th	is Ended Sep	ote	ember 30, 2	016				
(Dollars in thousands)	Validus Re Segment	;	Talbot Segment		Western World Segment	AlphaCat Segment	Elimination	S	Total	
Reserve for losses and loss expenses, beginning of period	\$1,240,393	3	\$1,322,793	;	\$588,152	\$34,111	\$ (62,732)	\$3,122,717	
Loss reserves recoverable	(111,015)	(308,686)	(86,018)	_	62,732		(442,987)
Net reserves for losses and loss expenses, beginning of period	1,129,378		1,014,107		502,134	34,111	_		2,679,730	
Increase (decrease) in net reserves for										
losses and loss expenses in respect of										
losses occurring in:										
Current year	131,458		128,551		46,628	4,642	_		311,279	
Prior years	(33,033)	(18,691)	(880)	(281)	_		(52,885)
Total net incurred losses and loss expenses	98,425		109,860		45,748	4,361	_		258,394	
Less net losses and loss expenses paid in										
respect of losses occurring in:										
Current year	(123,677)	(41,773)	(12,087)	(1,172)	_		(178,709)
Prior years	(73,880)	(56,447)	(36,175)	(35)	_		(166,537)
Total net paid losses	(197,557)	(98,220)	(48,262)	(1,207)	_		(345,246)
Effect of foreign exchange rate movements	3,915		(5,294)	_	(121)	_		(1,500)
Net reserve for losses and loss expenses, end of period	1,034,161		1,020,453		499,620	37,144	_		2,591,378	
Loss reserves recoverable	113,121		304,216		89,225	_	(61,953)	444,609	
Reserve for losses and loss expenses, end of period	\$1,147,282	2	\$1,324,669)	\$588,845	\$37,144	\$ (61,953))	\$3,035,987	

The amount of recorded reserves represents management's best estimate of expected losses and loss expenses on premiums earned. For the three months ended September 30, 2016, favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years was \$52.9 million of which \$33.0 million related to the Validus Re segment, \$18.7 million related to the Talbot segment, \$0.9 million related to the Western World segment and \$0.3 million related to the AlphaCat segment.

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The following table sets forth a reconciliation of gross and net reserves for losses and loss expenses by segment for the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

	Nine Mont	hs	Ended Sept	tei	mber 30, 20	16			
(Dollars in thousands)	Validus Re Segment		Talbot Segment		Western World	AlphaCat Segment	Eliminations	Total	
Reserve for losses and loss expenses, beginning of period	\$1,146,869)	\$1,302,635	5	\$600,331	\$11,013	\$ (64,281)	\$2,996,56	7
Loss reserves recoverable	(36,055)	(293,662)	(85,150)	_	64,281	(350,586)
Net reserves for losses and loss expenses, beginning of period	1,110,814		1,008,973		515,181	11,013	_	2,645,981	
Increase (decrease) in net reserves for									
losses and loss expenses in respect of									
losses occurring in:									
Current year	403,026		389,010		138,087	29,253	_	959,376	
Prior years	(89,594)	(69,739)	(8,464)	(1,608)	_	(169,405)
Total net incurred losses and loss expenses	313,432		319,271		129,623	27,645	_	789,971	
Less net losses and loss expenses paid in respect of losses occurring in:									
Current year	(133,736)	(79,206)	(26,248)	(1,172)	_	(240,362)
Prior years	(272,365)	(205,161)	(118,936)	(156)	_	(596,618)
Total net paid losses	(406,101)	(284,367)	(145,184)	(1,328)	_	(836,980)
Effect of foreign exchange rate movements	16,016		(23,424)	_	(186)	_	(7,594)
Net reserves for losses and loss expenses, end of period	1,034,161		1,020,453		499,620	37,144	_	2,591,378	
Loss reserves recoverable	113,121		304,216		89,225	_	(61,953)	444,609	
Reserve for losses and loss expenses, end of period	\$1,147,282	2	\$1,324,669)	\$588,845	\$37,144	\$ (61,953)	\$3,035,98	7

For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, favorable loss reserve development on prior accident years was \$169.4 million, of which \$89.6 million related to the Validus Re segment, \$69.7 million related to the Talbot segment, \$8.5 million related to the Western World segment and \$1.6 million related to the AlphaCat segment.

The management of insurance and reinsurance companies use significant judgment in the estimation of reserves for losses and loss expenses. Given the magnitude of some notable loss events and other uncertainties inherent in loss estimation, meaningful uncertainty remains regarding the estimation for these events. The Company's actual ultimate net loss may vary materially from these estimates. Ultimate losses for notable loss events are estimated through detailed review of contracts which are identified by the Company as potentially exposed to the specific notable loss event. However, there can be no assurance that the ultimate loss amount estimated for a specific contract will be accurate, or that all contracts with exposure to a specific notable loss event will be identified in a timely manner. Potential losses in excess of the estimated ultimate loss assigned to a contract on the basis of a specific review, or loss amounts from contracts not specifically included in the detailed review may be reserved for in the reserve for potential development on notable loss events ("RDE") and would be included as part of the Company's overall reserves. As at September 30, 2016, the Company had no RDE.

For disclosure purposes, only those notable loss events which have an ultimate loss estimate above \$30.0 million are disclosed separately and included in the reserves for notable loss event roll forward table below. To the extent that there are increased complexity and volatility factors relating to notable loss events in the aggregate, RDE may be established for a specific accident year.

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The reserves for notable loss events table below does not disclose notable loss events prior to 2014. The following pre-2014 notable loss events had closing reserves associated with them as at September 30, 2016 as follows: Deepwater Horizon, a 2010 event, had \$10.1 million; the New Zealand earthquakes of 2010 and 2011 had \$68.7 million; Superstorm Sandy, a 2012 event had \$59.1 million; and Costa Concordia, also a 2012 event had \$25.4 million.

Reserves for Notable Loss Events (Dollars in thousands)

2014 Notable Loss I	14 Notable Loss Event Year Ended December 31, 2014 Development Closing		2015			Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 Development Closing			
	Initial	(Favorable) / Allo	Estimate cations (c)	(Favorab	le) Allocation	Closing Estimate (c)	(Favorab	le) Allocation	Estimate (c)
Notable Loss Event	Estimate (a)	Unfavorable (b) RDE	Decembe	erUnfavora	able of RDE	December 31, 2015	erUnfavora	of RDE	September 30, 2016
Tripoli Airport (e)	` '	\$6,810 —		\$(1,196)	_	\$33,748	* *	_	\$33,769
		Year Ended 31, 2014	December	Year End 2015	led Decemb	ber 31,		nths Ended er 30, 2016	
			Closing Reserve			Closing Reserve			Closing Reserve
		Paid	(d)		Paid Loss	(d)		Paid Loss	(d)
Notable Loss Event		Loss (Rec	December overy) 31, 2014	er	(Recovery	y)December 31, 2015	er	(Recovery	30, 2016
Tripoli Airport (e)		\$	-\$ 34,944		\$ 22,938	\$10,810		\$ 82	\$10,749
2015 Notable Loss I	Events			Year End 2015	led Decem	ber 31,		nths Ended er 30, 2016	
				Develop	ment	Closing	Develop	ment	Closing
	Initial			(Favorab	le) Allocation	Estimate ns(c)	(Favorab	nent le) Allocation	Estimate (c)
Notable Loss	Estimate	>		Unfavora	able of RDE	Decembe	rUnfavora	ible of RDE	September
Events	(a)			(D)		31, 2013	(D)		30, 2016
Pemex Tianjin	\$48,074 47,789			\$1,464 (362)	_	\$49,538 47,427	(6,644)	_	\$49,112 40,783
Total 2015 Notable Loss Events	\$95,863			\$1,102	\$ <i>—</i>	\$96,965	\$(7,070)	\$ <i>—</i>	\$89,895
				Year End 2015	led Decem	ber 31,		nths Ended er 30, 2016	
						Closing			Closing Reserve
					Paid Loss	Reserve		Paid Loss	
Notable Loss						(u) y)Decembe	er)September
Events					,	31, 2015		,	30, 2016
Pemex					\$ 44	\$49,494		\$ 46	\$49,022
Tianjin					_	47,427		12,528	28,255
Total 2015 Notable Loss Events					\$ 44	\$96,921		\$ 12,574	\$77,277

2016 Notable Loss Event

Canadian Wildfires \$36,915

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016

Development Closing

(Favorable) Estimate / C(c)

Unfavorable of RDE September 30, 2016 (b) \$986 \$37,901

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016

> Closing Reserve

Paid Loss (d)

(Recovery)September

30, 2016 36,853 1,048

Notable Loss Event

Notable Loss Event

- Canadian Wildfires (a) Includes paid losses, case reserves and IBNR reserves.
- (b) Development other than allocation of RDE.

Initial

Estimate

- (c) Excludes impact of movements in foreign exchange rates.
- (d) Closing Reserve for the period equals Closing Estimate for the period less cumulative paid losses (recovery). As at September 30, 2014, the initial estimate for Tripoli Airport was below the \$30.0 million notable loss event
- (e) threshold; however, during the fourth quarter of 2014 adverse development caused this event to exceed the notable loss event threshold.

Sources of Liquidity

Holding Company Liquidity

Validus Holdings is a holding company and conducts no operations of its own. The Company relies primarily on cash dividends and other permitted payments from operating subsidiaries within the Validus Re, Talbot, Western World and AlphaCat segments to pay dividends, finance expenses and other holding company expenses. There are restrictions on the payment of dividends from most operating subsidiaries, primarily due to regulatory requirements in the jurisdictions in which the operating subsidiaries are domiciled. The Company believes the dividend/distribution capacity of the Company's subsidiaries will provide the Company with sufficient liquidity for the foreseeable future. The Company continues to generate substantial cash from operating activities and remains in a strong financial position, with resources available for reinvestment in existing businesses, strategic acquisitions and managing capital structure to meet its short and long-term objectives.

The following table details the capital resources of certain subsidiaries of the Company on an unconsolidated basis:

(Dollars in thousands)	September
(Donars in thousands)	30, 2016
Validus Reinsurance, Ltd. (excluding capital supporting FAL) (a) (b)	\$3,698,182
Talbot Holdings, Ltd. (including capital supporting FAL) (b)	932,351
Other, net	20,566
Redeemable noncontrolling interest in AlphaCat	1,559,580
Noncontrolling interest in AlphaCat	222,996
Total consolidated capitalization	6,433,675
Senior notes payable	(245,311)
Debentures payable	(538,168)
Redeemable noncontrolling interest in AlphaCat	(1,559,580)
Total shareholders' equity	4,090,616
Preferred shares (c)	(150,000)
Noncontrolling interest in AlphaCat	(222,996)
Total shareholders' equity available to Validus common shareholders (c)	\$3,717,620

- Validus Reinsurance, Ltd. (excluding capital supporting FAL) includes capital of \$665,111 relating to Western World Insurance Group, Inc.
- Validus Reinsurance, Ltd. (excluding capital supporting FAL) excludes capital of \$746,854 which supports Talbot's FAL. This capital was included in Talbot Holdings, Ltd. (including capital supporting FAL).
- (c) Total shareholders' equity available to Validus common shareholders excludes the liquidation value of the preferred shares of \$150,000.

Sources and Uses of Cash

The Company has written certain (re)insurance business that has loss experience generally characterized as having low frequency and high severity. This results in volatility in both results and operational cash flows. The potential for large claims or a series of claims under one or more reinsurance contracts means that substantial and unpredictable payments may be required within relatively short periods of time. As a result, cash flows from operating activities may fluctuate, perhaps significantly, between individual quarters and years. Management believes the Company's unused credit facility amounts and highly liquid investment portfolio are sufficient to support any potential operating cash flow deficiencies.

In addition to relying on premiums received and investment income from the investment portfolio, the Company intends to meet these cash flow demands by carrying a substantial amount of short and medium term investments that would mature, or possibly be sold, prior to the settlement of expected liabilities. The Company cannot provide assurance, however, that it will successfully match the structure of its investments with its liabilities due to uncertainty related to the timing and severity of loss events.

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There are three main sources of cash flows for the Company: operating activities, investing activities and financing activities. The movement in net cash provided by or used in operating, investing and financing activities and the effect of foreign currency rate changes on cash and cash equivalents for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 is provided in the following table:

Nine Months Ended September 3				
2016	Change	2015		
\$254,596	\$107,736	\$146,860		
(669,307)	(490,114)	(179,193)		
149,847	241,540	(91,693)		
(14,253)	(352)	(13,901)		
\$(279,117)	\$(141,190)	\$(137,927)		
	2016 \$254,596 (669,307) 149,847 (14,253)	2016 Change \$254,596 \$107,736 (669,307) (490,114) 149,847 241,540		

Operating Activities

Cash flow from operating activities is derived primarily from the receipt of premiums less the payment of losses and loss expenses related to underwriting activities.

Net cash provided by operating activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was \$254.6 million compared to \$146.9 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, a favorable movement of \$107.7 million. This favorable movement was primarily due to the timing of premium receipts.

We anticipate that cash flows from operations will continue to be sufficient to cover cash outflows under our contractual commitments as well as most loss scenarios through the foreseeable future. Refer to the "Capital Resources" section below for further information on our anticipated obligations.

Investing Activities

Cash flow from investing activities is derived primarily from the receipt of net proceeds on the Company's investment portfolio. As at September 30, 2016, the Company's portfolio was composed of fixed income, short-term and other investments amounting to \$8.5 billion or 93.8% of total cash and investments. For further details related to investments pledged as collateral, refer to Note 3, "Investments," to the Consolidated Financial Statements in Part I, Item 1.

Net cash used in investing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was \$669.3 million compared to \$179.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, representing an increase in net cash used of \$490.1 million. This increase was primarily due to increased purchases of short-term investments in the Company's non-managed portfolio on behalf of AlphaCat investors.

Financing Activities

Cash flow from financing activities is derived primarily from the issuance and purchase of shares in the Company and its subsidiaries, including third party investments in the AlphaCat ILS funds and sidecars, as well as the issuance of notes payable to AlphaCat investors.

Net cash provided by financing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was \$149.8 million compared to net cash used in financing activities of \$91.7 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, a favorable movement of \$241.5 million. This favorable movement was driven primarily by an increase in the issuance of notes payable to AlphaCat investors of \$220.9 million, an increase of \$144.9 million resulting from the issuance of preferred shares, an increase in third party investments in noncontrolling interests of \$162.1 million; partially offset by a decrease in third party investments in redeemable noncontrolling interest of \$115.8 million and an increase in third party subscriptions deployed on AlphaCat funds and sidecars of \$250.8 million.

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Capital Resources

The following table details the Company's capital position as at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

Capitalization (Dollars in thousands)	n (Dollars in thousands) September 30 2016		December 2015	31,
Senior Notes (a)	\$245,311		\$245,161	
Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures (JSDs) (a)	289,800		289,800	
Flagstone Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures (JSDs) (a)	248,368		247,868	
Total debt	\$783,479		\$782,829	
Redeemable noncontrolling interest	\$1,559,580		\$1,111,714	1
Preferred shares (b)	\$150,000		\$ —	
Ordinary shares, capital and surplus available to Validus	3,738,712		3,651,544	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(21,092)	(12,569)
Noncontrolling interest	222,996		154,662	
Total shareholders' equity	\$4,090,616		\$3,793,637	
Total capitalization (c)	\$6,433,675		3,675 \$5,688,180	
Total capitalization available to Validus (d)	\$4,651,099		\$4,421,804	1
Debt to total capitalization	12.2	%	13.8	%
Debt (excluding JSDs) to total capitalization	3.8	%	4.3	%
Debt and preferred shares to total capitalization	14.5	%	13.8	%
Debt to total capitalization available to Validus	16.8	%	17.7	%
Debt (excluding JSDs) to total capitalization available to Validus	5.3	%	5.5	%
Debt and preferred shares to total capitalization available to Validus	20.1	%	17.7	%

- (a) Refer to Part I, Item 1, Note 13 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, "Debt and financing arrangements," for further details and discussion on the debt and financing arrangements of the Company.
- (b) Refer to Part I, Item 1, Note 11to the Consolidated Financial Statements, "Share capital," for further details and discussion on the Company's preferred shares.
- (c) Total capitalization equals total shareholders' equity plus redeemable noncontrolling interest and total debt
- $(d) \\ Total \ capitalization \ available \ to \ Validus \ equals \ total \ capitalization \ (as \ per \ (c)) \ less \ redeemable \ noncontrolling \\ interest \ and \ noncontrolling \ interest \\$

Shareholders' Equity

Shareholders' equity available to Validus common shareholders at September 30, 2016 was \$3.7 billion, compared to \$3.6 billion at December 31, 2015. Including \$150.0 million of preferred shares, shareholders' equity available to Validus at September 30, 2016 was \$3.9 billion, compared to \$3.6 billion at December 31, 2015.

The timing and amount of any future cash dividends, however, will be at the discretion of the Board and will depend upon results of operations and cash flows, the Company's financial position and capital requirements, general business conditions, legal, tax, regulatory, rating agency and contractual constraints or restrictions and any other factors that the Board deems relevant.

The Company may from time to time repurchase its securities, including common shares, Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures and Senior Notes. On February 3, 2015, the Board of Directors of the Company approved an increase in the Company's common share repurchase authorization to \$750.0 million.

The Company has repurchased 80,272,622 common shares for an aggregate purchase price of \$2.7 billion from the inception of the share repurchase program to November 1, 2016. The Company had \$332.6 million remaining under its authorized share repurchase program as of November 1, 2016.

The Company expects the purchases under its share repurchase program to be made from time to time in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions. The timing, form and amount of the share repurchases under the program will depend on a variety

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of factors, including market conditions, the Company's capital position relative to internal and rating agency targets, legal requirements and other factors. The repurchase program may be modified, extended or terminated by the Board of Directors at any time.

Debt and Financing Arrangements

For additional information about our debt, including the terms of our financing arrangements, basis for interest rates and debt covenants, refer to Part I, Item 1, Note 13 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, "Debt and financing arrangements," for further details.

Ratings

The following table summarizes the financial strength ratings of the Company and its principal reinsurance and insurance subsidiaries from internationally recognized rating agencies as of November 3, 2016:

	A.M. Best	S&P	Moody's	s Fitch
Validus Holdings, Ltd.				
Issuer credit rating	bbb	BBB+	Baa1	A-
Senior debt	bbb	BBB+	Baa1	BBB+
Subordinated debt	bbb-	_	Baa2	BBB
Preferred stock	bb+	BBB-	Baa3	BBB
Outlook on ratings	Positive	Stable	Stable	Stable
Validus Reinsurance, Ltd.				
Financial strength rating	A	A	A2	A
Outlook on ratings	Stable	Stable	Stable	Stable
Lloyd's of London				
Financial strength rating applicable to all Lloyd's syndicates	A	A+	_	AA-
Outlook on ratings	Stable	Stable	_	Stable
Validus Reinsurance (Switzerland), Ltd.				
Financial strength rating	A	A	_	_
Outlook on ratings	Stable	Stable	_	_
Western World Insurance Company				
Financial strength rating	A	_		
Outlook on ratings	Stable	_	_	_

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

For information relating to relevant recent accounting pronouncements, refer to Part I, Item 1, Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, "Recent accounting pronouncements," for further details.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

There are certain accounting policies that the Company considers to be critical due to the judgment and uncertainty inherent in the application of those policies. In calculating financial statement estimates, the use of different assumptions could produce materially different estimates. The Company believes the following critical accounting policies affect significant estimates used in the preparation of the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements: reserve for losses and loss expenses;

premium estimates for business written on a line slip or proportional basis;

the valuation of goodwill and intangible assets;

reinsurance recoverable balances including the provision for uncollectible amounts; and

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investment valuation of financial assets.

Critical accounting policies and estimates are discussed further in Part II, Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 ("PSLRA") provides a "safe harbor" for forward-looking statements. Any prospectus, prospectus supplement, the Company's Annual Report to shareholders, any proxy statement, any other Form 10-K, Form 10-Q or Form 8-K of the Company or any other written or oral statements made by or on behalf of the Company may include forward-looking statements that reflect the Company's current views with respect to future events and financial performance. Such statements include forward-looking statements both with respect to the Company in general, and to the insurance and reinsurance sectors in particular. Statements that include the words "expect", "intend", "plan", "believe", "project", "anticipate", "will", "may", and similar statements of a future or forward-look nature identify forward-looking statements for purposes of the PSLRA or otherwise. All forward-looking statements address matters that involve risks and uncertainties. Accordingly, there are or will be important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated in such statements and, therefore, you should not place undue reliance on any such statement.

The Company believes that these factors include, but are not limited to, the following:

unpredictability and severity of catastrophic events;

our ability to obtain and maintain ratings, which may affect our ability to raise additional equity or debt financings, as well as other factors described herein;

adequacy of the Company's risk management and loss limitation methods;

eyclicality of demand and pricing in the insurance and reinsurance markets;

the Company's ability to implement its business strategy during "soft" as well as "hard" markets;

adequacy of the Company's loss reserves;

continued availability of capital and financing;

the Company's ability to identify, hire and retain, on a timely and unimpeded basis and on anticipated economic and other terms, experienced and capable senior management, as well as underwriters, claims professionals and support staff:

acceptance of our business strategy, security and financial condition by rating agencies and regulators, as well as by brokers and (re)insureds;

competition, including increased competition, on the basis of pricing, capacity, coverage terms or other factors; potential loss of business from one or more major insurance or reinsurance brokers;

the Company's ability to implement, successfully and on a timely basis, complex infrastructure, distribution eapabilities, systems, procedures and internal controls, and to develop accurate actuarial data to support the business and regulatory and reporting requirements;

general economic and market conditions (including inflation, volatility in the credit and capital markets, interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates) and conditions specific to the insurance and reinsurance markets in which we operate;

the integration of businesses we may acquire or new business ventures, including overseas offices, we may start and the risk associated with implementing our business strategies and initiatives with respect to these new businesses; accuracy of those estimates and judgments used in the preparation of our financial statements, including those related to revenue recognition, insurance and other reserves, reinsurance recoverables, investment valuations, intangible assets, bad debts, taxes, contingencies, litigation and any determination to use the deposit method of accounting, which, for a relatively new insurance and reinsurance company like our company, are even more difficult to make than those made in a mature company because of limited historical information;

the effect on the Company's investment portfolio of changing financial market conditions including inflation, interest rates, liquidity and other factors;

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acts of terrorism, political unrest, outbreak of war and other hostilities or other non-forecasted and unpredictable events;

availability and cost of reinsurance and retrocession coverage;

the failure of reinsurers, retrocessionaires, producers or others to meet their obligations to us;

the timing of loss payments being faster or the receipt of reinsurance recoverables being slower than anticipated by us; thanges in domestic or foreign laws or regulations, or their interpretations;

changes in accounting principles or the application of such principles by regulators;

statutory or regulatory or rating agency developments, including as to tax policy and reinsurance and other regulatory matters such as the adoption of proposed legislation that would affect Bermuda-headquartered companies and/or Bermuda-based insurers or reinsurers; and

the other factors set forth under Part I Item 1A "Risk Factors" and under Part II Item 7 "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and the other sections of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015, as well as the risk and other factors set forth in the Company's other filings with the SEC, as well as management's response to any of the aforementioned factors.

In addition, other general factors could affect the Company's results, including: (a) developments in the world's financial and capital markets and our access to such markets; (b) changes in regulations or tax laws applicable to us, and (c) the effects of business disruption or economic contraction due to terrorism or other hostilities.

The foregoing review of important factors should not be construed as exhaustive and should be read in conjunction with the other cautionary statements that are included herein or elsewhere. Any forward-looking statements made in this report are qualified by these cautionary statements, and there can be no assurance that the actual results or developments anticipated by the Company will be realized or, even if substantially realized, that they will have the expected consequences to, or effects on, the Company or our business or operations. The Company undertakes no obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

ITEM 3. OUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

For quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk, see Item 7A, "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015. The Company's exposure to market risks has not changed materially since December 31, 2015.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Conclusion Regarding the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of disclosure controls and procedures as defined and in pursuant to Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as of the end of the period covered by this report.

Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures are effective to provide reasonable assurance that all material information relating to the Company required to be filed in this report has been recorded, processed, summarized and reported when required and the information is accumulated and communicated, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the Company's evaluation required pursuant to Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, that occurred during the most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

During the normal course of business, the Company and its subsidiaries are subject to litigation and arbitration. Legal proceedings such as claims litigation are common in the insurance and reinsurance industry in general. The Company and its subsidiaries may be subject to lawsuits and regulatory actions in the normal course of business that do not arise from or directly relate to claims on reinsurance treaties or contracts or insurance policies.

Litigation typically can include, but is not limited to, allegations of underwriting errors or misconduct, employment claims, regulatory activity, shareholder disputes or disputes arising from business ventures. These events are difficult, if not impossible, to predict with certainty. It is Company policy to dispute all allegations against the Company and/or its subsidiaries that management believes are without merit.

As at September 30, 2016, the Company was not a party to, or involved in any litigation or arbitration that it believes could have a material adverse effect on the financial condition, results of operations or liquidity of the Company.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

The Company's results of operations and financial condition are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties described in "Risk Factors" included in Item 1A in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015. The risk factors identified therein have not materially changed.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

The Company, from time to time, repurchases its shares in the open market, or in privately negotiated transactions, under its share repurchase program. The timing, form and amount of the share repurchases under the program will depend on a variety of factors, including market conditions, the Company's capital position relative to internal and rating agency targets, legal requirements and other factors. Share repurchases may also include repurchases by the Company of shares from employees in order to facilitate the payment of withholding taxes on restricted shares that have vested. The Company repurchases these shares at their fair market value, as determined by reference to the closing price of its common shares on the day the restricted shares vested. The Company's share repurchase program may be modified, extended or terminated by its Board of Directors at any time.

For the three months ended September 30, 2016, the number of shares repurchased by the Company was 1,349,690 which resulted in a dilutive impact on book value per diluted common share of \$0.07 for the quarter.

The Company has, from the inception of its share repurchase program to November 1, 2016, repurchased 80,272,622 common shares for an aggregate purchase price of \$2.7 billion. As of November 1, 2016, the Company had \$332.6 million remaining under its authorized share repurchase program.

	Repurchase Activity							
Effect of share repurchases	As at June 30, 2016				Three Months Ended			
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)	(cumulative)	July	August	September	September 30, 2016			
Aggregate purchase price (a)	\$2,620,814	\$18,438	\$ 20,599	\$ 27,895	\$ 66,932			
Shares repurchased	78,841,758	382,648	411,738	555,304	1,349,690			
Average price (a)	\$33.24	\$48.18	\$ 50.03	\$ 50.23	\$ 49.59			
Maximum number of shares that may yet be purchased under the program ^(b)		8,000,61	27,194,185	6,753,681				
	~ ~ ~							

Share Repurchase Activity Post Quarter End

Third Ouarter Share

Effect of share repurchases (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)	As at September 30, 2016 (cumulative)	OctoberNovember	As at November 1, 2016	Cumulative to Date
Aggregate purchase price (a)	\$ 2,687,746	\$4,029 \$ -	-\$ 4,029	\$ 2,691,775
Shares repurchased	80,191,448	81,174 —	81,174	80,272,622
Average price (a)	\$ 33.52	\$49.63 \$ -	- \$ 49.63	\$ 33.53

⁽a) Share transactions are on a trade date basis through November 1, 2016 and are inclusive of commissions. Average share price is rounded to two decimal places.

⁽b) The maximum number of shares that may yet be purchased under the program is calculated using the average execution price at month end.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURE

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Disclosure of Certain Activities Under Section 13(r) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Section 13(r) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, requires an issuer to disclose in its annual or quarterly reports whether it or an affiliate knowingly engaged in certain activities described in that section, including certain activities related to Iran during the period covered by the report.

Effective January 16, 2016, the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the U.S. Department of the Treasury adopted General License H which authorizes non-U.S. entities that are owned or controlled by a U.S. person to engage in certain activities with Iran so long as they comply with certain specific requirements set forth therein.

Certain of the Company's non-U.S. subsidiaries provide global marine hull policies that provide coverage for vessels navigating into and out of ports worldwide. In light of EU and U.S. modifications to Iran sanctions this year, including the issuance of General License H, and consistent with General License H, the Company has been notified that certain of its policyholders have begun to ship cargo to and from Iran, including transporting crude oil from Iran to another country and transporting refined petroleum products to Iran. Since these policies insure multiple voyages and fleets containing multiple ships, the Company is unable to attribute gross revenues and net profits from such marine policies to these activities involving Iran. The Company intends for its non-U.S. subsidiaries to continue to provide such coverage to the extent permitted by applicable law.

Certain of the Company's other non-U.S. subsidiaries have policies that provide excess of loss reinsurance coverage for various risks worldwide. In light of EU and U.S. modifications to Iran sanctions this year, including the issuance of General License H, and consistent with General License H, the Company has been notified that one of its cedants provides hull and marine, war and related coverage to a drilling contractor that operates drilling rigs located in offshore Iranian oilfields. As the reinsurance coverage provided to this cedant covers multiple global risks and multiple insureds, the Company is unable to attribute gross revenues and net profits from such policy to these activities involving Iran. The Company intends for its non-U.S. subsidiaries to continue to provide such coverage to the extent permitted by applicable law.

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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit Description

Exhibit 31.1* Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of

2002.

Exhibit 31.2* Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of

2002.

Exhibit 32* Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of The

Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Exhibit 101.1 INS*XBRL Instance Document

Exhibit 101.SCH* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document

Exhibit 101.CAL* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document

Exhibit 101.LAB* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document

Exhibit 101.PRE* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

Exhibit 101.DEF* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document

*Filed herewith

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

VALIDUS HOLDINGS, LTD.

(Registrant)

Date: November 3, 2016/s/ Edward J. Noonan

Edward J. Noonan Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 3, 2016/s/ Jeffrey D. Sangster

Jeffrey D. Sangster

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer