STAPLES INC Form 10-Q November 16, 2004

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended: October 30, 2004

Commission File Number: 0-17586

STAPLES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of Identification No.)

04-2896127 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Five Hundred Staples Drive, Framingham, MA 01702

(Address of principal executive office and zip code)

508-253-5000

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes ý No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes ý No o

The registrant had 497,903,303 shares of Staples common stock outstanding as of November 12, 2004.

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

STAPLES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Balance Sheets (Dollar Amounts in Thousands, Except Share Data)

		October, 30 2004 (Unaudited)		January 31, 2004
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,113,492	\$	457,465
Short-term investments		528,816		934,275
Receivables, net		477,068		410,330
Merchandise inventories, net		1,633,774		1,465,989
Deferred income taxes		95,672		96,247
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		134,321		114,598
Total current assets		3,983,143		3,478,904
Property and equipment:				
Land and buildings		636,938		601,063
Leasehold improvements		746,069		692,837
Equipment		1,112,821		1,045,605
Furniture and fixtures		586,627		533,104
Total property and equipment		3,082,455		2,872,609
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		1,549,113		1,367,308
Net property and equipment		1,533,342		1,505,301
Lease acquisition costs, net of accumulated amortization		43,350		44,227
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization		219,132		209,541
Goodwill		1,290,395		1,202,007
Other assets		82,709		63,066
Total assets	\$	7,152,071	\$	6,503,046
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	1,394,355	\$	1,110,631
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	Ψ	891,640	Ψ	822,453
Debt maturing within one year		192,948		190,150
Total current liabilities		2,478,943		2,123,234
Long-term debt		565,575		567,433
Deferred tax liability		2,432		7,563
Other long-term obligations		171,529		141,916
Stockholders equity:				
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 5,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued				
referred stock, 9.01 par variet, 5,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued		323		316

Common stock, \$.0006 par value, 2,100,000,000 shares authorized; issued 538,138,918		
shares at October 30, 2004 and 527,121,843 shares at January 31, 2004		
Additional paid-in capital	2,158,908	1,933,379
Cumulative foreign currency translation adjustments	113,332	81,002
Retained earnings	2,566,839	2,209,302
Less: treasury stock at cost, 40,534,442 shares at October 30, 2004, and 27,927,347 shares at		
January 31, 2004	(905,810)	(561,099)
Total stockholders equity	3,933,592	3,662,900
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 7,152,071 \$	6,503,046

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

STAPLES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Income (Dollar Amounts in Thousands, Except Per Share Data) (Unaudited)

		13 Week	s End	ed		39 Weeks Ended				
		October 30, 2004		November 1, 2003		October 30, 2004		November 1, 2003		
Sales	\$	3,830,466	\$	3,434,763	\$	10,371,873	\$	9,353,830		
Cost of goods sold and occupancy costs		2,734,250		2,477,418		7,469,347		6,924,325		
Gross profit		1,096,216		957,345		2,902,526		2,429,505		
Operating expenses:										
Operating expenses: Operating and selling		605,503		555,545		1,722,896		1,577,832		
Pre-opening		2,923		2,314		6,761		5,961		
General and administrative		153,748		130,422		436,734		382,289		
Amortization of intangibles		2,297		2,076		6,147		5,962		
Total operating expenses		764,471		690,357		2,172,538		1,972,044		
Operating income		331,745		266,988		729,988		457,461		
Other income (expense):										
Interest income		8,811		2,552		19,206		6,738		
Interest expense		(10,777)		(6,967)		(27,977)		(23,717)		
Miscellaneous income (expense)		(856)		561		(1,431)		1,300		
		220.022		262.424		-10 -0		444 =00		
Income before income taxes		328,923		263,134		719,786		441,782		
Income tax expense	_	120,057		97,360	_	262,722	_	163,459		
Net income	\$	208,866	\$	165,774	\$	457,064	\$	278,323		
Earnings Per Share:										
Basic earnings per common share	\$	0.42	\$	0.34	\$	0.92	\$	0.58		
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.41	\$	0.33	\$	0.90	\$	0.57		
	7	V2	Ψ.	0.00	7	0.50	<u> </u>			
Dividends declared and paid per common share	\$		\$		\$	0.20	\$			

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

STAPLES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Dollar Amounts in Thousands) (Unaudited)

	39 Weeks Ended					
		October 30, 2004		November 1, 2003		
Operating Activities:						
Net income	\$	457,064	\$	278,323		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		206,381		212,749		
Deferred tax benefit (expense)		4,841		(36,597)		
Other		39,437		25,662		
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of companies acquired:						
Increase in receivables		(49,656)		(34,192)		
Increase in merchandise inventories		(103,004)		(17,248)		
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets		(9,876)		219		
Increase in accounts payable		242,056		147,921		
Increase in accrued expenses and other liabilities		39,282		30,141		
Increase in other long-term obligations		5,087		7,944		
Net cash provided by operating activities		831,612		614,922		
Investing Activities:						
Acquisition of property and equipment		(200,662)		(190,809)		
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired		(86,390)		(2,910)		
Investment in joint venture		(9,650)				
Purchase of short-term investments		(8,263,263)		(5,210,550)		
Proceeds from the sale of short-term investments		8,668,722		4,553,275		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		108,757		(850,994)		
Financing Activities:						
Proceeds from sale of capital stock		148,031		357,736		
Payments on borrowings		(3,216)		(336,826)		
Purchase of treasury stock		(344,711)		(4,287)		
Cash dividends paid		(99,527)		(4,207)		
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(299,423)		16,623		
Tree cash (asea iii) provided by illiancing accivities		(27), (23)		10,023		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		15,081		14,681		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		656,027		(204,768)		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		457,465		495,889		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	1,113,492	\$	291,121		

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

STAPLES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note A - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying interim unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Staples, Inc. and its subsidiaries (Staples, the Company, we, our or us). These financial statements are for the period covering the thirteen and thirty-nine weeks ending October 30, 2004 (also referred to as the third quarter of 2004 and year-to-date 2004) and the period covering the thirteen and thirty-nine weeks ending November 1, 2003 (also referred to as the third quarter of 2003 and year-to-date 2003). All intercompany accounts and transactions are eliminated in consolidation. Certain previously reported amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current period presentation.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, such interim financial statements reflect all normal recurring adjustments considered necessary to present fairly the financial position and the results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented. The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full fiscal year. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and footnotes included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2004.

Note B Changes in Accounting Principles

In November 2003, the Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) reached consensus on Issue No. 03-10 Application of Issue No. 02-16 by Resellers to Sales Incentives Offered to Consumers by Manufacturers (Issue 03-10), which addresses the accounting for consideration received by a reseller from a vendor that is a reimbursement by the vendor for honoring the vendor s sales incentives offered directly to consumers (e.g., coupons). Under Issue 03-10, vendor consideration received in the form of sales incentives is now recorded as a reduction of cost of goods sold when recognized, rather than as a component of sales. The fiscal 2003 results have been reclassified to comply with Issue 03-10. In addition, for fiscal 2003, the Company has reclassified certain other coupons previously classified as operating and selling expenses to a reduction of sales. These reclassifications had no impact on net income.

In November 2002, the EITF reached consensus on Issue No. 02-16, Accounting by a Customer (Including a Reseller) for Certain Consideration Received from a Vendor (Issue 02-16). To record the application of Issue 02-16 in the first quarter of 2003, the Company recorded an aggregate, non-cash adjustment of \$98 million (\$62 million net of taxes, or \$0.13 per diluted share) as an increase to cost of goods sold and occupancy costs.

The following summarizes the as reported results for the thirty-nine weeks ended October 30, 2004 and the pro forma results for the thirty-nine weeks ended November 1, 2003, assuming the retroactive application of Issue 02-16 as of February 2, 2002 (in thousands, except per share data):

39 Weeks Ended

	As Reported tober 30, 2004	Pro Forma vember 1, 2003
Sales	\$ 10,371,873	\$ 9,353,830
Cost of goods sold and occupancy costs	7,469,347	6,826,350
Gross profit	2,902,526	2,527,480
Operating and other expenses:		
Operating and selling	1,722,896	1,577,832
Other expenses	459,844	409,891
Total operating and other expenses	2,182,740	1,987,723
Income before income taxes	719,786	539,757
Income tax expense	262,722	199,710
Net income	\$ 457,064	\$ 340,047
Earnings per share:		
Basic	\$.92	\$.71
Diluted	\$.90	\$.70

Note C Acquisitions

On August 4, 2004, the Company acquired the United Kingdom office products company Globus Office World plc (Office World) for 31.3 million British Pounds Sterling (approximately \$57.0 million), strengthening Staples retail presence in the United Kingdom. In connection with this acquisition, Staples accrued approximately \$26.8 million for merger-related and integration costs, reflecting costs associated with planned Office World store closures, a distribution center closure, severance and transaction related costs. On September 7, 2004, the Company acquired Pressel Versand International GmbH, a mail order company based in Austria and operating in nine European countries, for 25.0 million Euros (approximately \$30.5 million). This acquisition expands Staples delivery business into Eastern Europe and strengthens the Company s business in the Netherlands, France, Belgium and Germany through access to new customers and product categories. The results of the businesses acquired have been included in the consolidated financial statements since the dates of acquisition and are reported as part of our European Operations segment for segment reporting.

As of October 30, 2004, the Company recorded \$88.4 million of goodwill and \$13.0 million of intangible assets for all acquisitions completed in the third quarter of 2004. \$2.5 million of the goodwill recorded is expected to be deductible for tax purposes. Of the \$13.0 million recorded for intangible assets, \$8.4 million was assigned to a trade name that has an indefinite life and will not be subject to amortization, and \$4.6 million was assigned to trade names and customer-related intangible assets that will be amortized over a weighted average life of 2.6 years.

On October 22, 2004, the Company invested approximately \$9.7 million in OA365(China), a mail order and internet company in the People s Republic of China, which has been accounted for as an equity method investment.

Note D Short-term Investments

Short-term investments, which primarily consist of market auction rate preferred stock and debt securities, are classified as available for sale under the provisions of SFAS No. 115, Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities. Accordingly, the short-term investments are reported at fair value, with any related unrealized gains and losses included as a separate component of stockholders equity, net of applicable taxes. Realized gains and losses and interest and dividends are included in interest income or interest expense, as appropriate. At October 30, 2004, the available for sale investments had contractual maturities ranging from November 2004 through December 2042.

Note E Employee Benefit Plans

Staples accounts for its stock-based plans under Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees and provides pro forma disclosures of the compensation expense determined under the fair value provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation as amended by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 148 Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation Transition and Disclosure (SFAS No. 148).

Pro forma information regarding net income and earnings per share is required by SFAS No. 148, which also requires that the information be determined as if Staples had accounted for its employee stock options granted subsequent to January 28, 1995 under the fair value method of that Statement. The fair value for these options was estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model. For purposes of pro forma disclosures, the estimated fair value of the options is amortized to expense over the options vesting period. For purposes of SFAS No.

148 s disclosure requirements, Staples employee stock purchase plans are considered compensatory plans. The expense was calculated based on the fair value of the employees purchase rights. Staples pro forma information follows (in thousands, except per share data):

	13 Weeks	End	ed	39 Weeks Ended			
	October 30, 2004		November 1, 2003	October 30, 2004		November 1, 2003	
Net income as reported	\$ 208,866	\$	165,774	\$ 457,064	\$	278,323	
Add: Stock based compensation, net of related							
tax effects, included in reported net income	7,318		3,984	21,474		11,115	
Deduct: Stock based compensation determined							
under the fair value based method for all							
awards, net of related tax effects	(17,876)		(13,830)	(52,699)		(38,059)	
Pro forma net income	\$ 198,308	\$	155,928	\$ 425,839	\$	251,379	
Basic earnings per common share							
As reported	\$ 0.42	\$	0.34	\$ 0.92	\$	0.58	
Pro forma	\$ 0.40	\$	0.32	\$ 0.86	\$	0.52	
Diluted earnings per common share							
As reported	\$ 0.41	\$	0.33	\$ 0.90	\$	0.57	
Pro forma	\$ 0.39	\$	0.31	\$ 0.84	\$	0.51	

Note F - Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income includes net income, foreign currency translation adjustments and changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated as hedges of net investments in foreign subsidiaries (net of the related tax effects), which are reported separately in stockholders equity (in thousands):

		13 Week	s Ende	d	39 Weeks Ended			
	October 30, 2004			November 1, 2003	October 30, 2004	November 1, 2003		
Net income	\$	208,866	\$	165,774	\$ 457,064	\$	278,323	
Other comprehensive income:								
Foreign currency translation adjustments		53,879		38,581	45,178		76,300	
Changes in the fair value of derivatives		(21,524)		(12,610)	(22,152)		(41,177)	
Tax effect of changes in the fair value of								
derivatives		9,040		5,296	9,304		16,074	
Total comprehensive income	\$	250,261	\$	197,041	\$ 489,394	\$	329,520	

Note G Debt and Credit Agreements

On May 2, 2003, Staples repaid, in its entirety, its \$325 million 364-Day Term Loan Agreement that it entered into on October 4, 2002.

Note H Issuance of Common Stock

On June 4, 2003, the Company issued and sold 13,800,000 shares of its common stock in a public offering for a purchase price of \$18.89 per share, including 1,800,000 shares related to an over-allotment option that was granted to the underwriters. Upon closing, the Company received net proceeds of \$253.0 million. The offering proceeds were used for working capital and general corporate purposes.

Note I - Computation of Earnings Per Common Share

The computation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the third quarter and year-to-date 2004 and 2003 is as follows (in thousands, except per share data):

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		13 Week	s Ende	ed		39 Weeks Ended			
	(October 30, 2004	November 1, 2003			October 30, 2004]	November 1, 2003	
Numerator:									
Net income	\$	208,866	\$	165,774	\$	457,064	\$	278,323	
Denominator:									
Weighted-average common shares outstanding		494,525		491,049		494,753		480,642	
Effect of dilutive securities:									
Employee stock options and restricted stock		10,802		10,982		10,956		8,538	
Weighted-average common shares outstanding									
assuming dilution		505,327		502,031		505,709		489,180	
Basic earnings per common share	\$	0.42	\$	0.34	\$	0.92	\$	0.58	
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.41	\$	0.33	\$	0.90	\$	0.57	

Note J - Segment Reporting

Staples has three reportable segments: North American Retail, North American Delivery, and European Operations. Staples North American Retail segment consists of the U.S. and Canadian business units that operate office supply stores. The North American Delivery segment consists of the U.S. and Canadian business units that sell and deliver office products and services directly to customers, and is comprised of Staples Business Delivery, Quill and Staples contract stationer operations. The European Operations segment consists of operating units that operate office supply stores in the United Kingdom, Germany, the Netherlands, Portugal and Belgium and that sell and deliver office products and services directly to customers throughout the United Kingdom, Germany, France, Belgium, the Netherlands, Luxembourg, Spain, Italy, Sweden, Denmark, Poland, Hungary, Austria, Switzerland and the Czech Republic.

Staples evaluates performance and allocates resources based on profit or loss from operations before interest and income taxes, the impact of changes in accounting principles and other charges (business unit income). Intersegment sales and transfers are recorded at Staples cost; therefore, there is no intercompany profit or loss recognized on these transactions.

The following is a summary of sales and business unit income by reportable segment for the third quarter and year-to-date 2004 and 2003 and a reconciliation of business unit income to consolidated income before income taxes (in thousands):

		13 Weel	ks End	led	39 Wee	ed	
	O	October 30, 2004		November 1, 2003	October 30, 2004		November 1, 2003
Sales:							
North American Retail	\$	2,254,749	\$	2,077,910 \$	5,937,640	\$	5,463,943
North American Delivery		1,086,820		963,522	3,074,274		2,755,211
European Operations		488,897		393,331	1,359,959		1,134,676
Total sales	\$	3,830,466	\$	3,434,763 \$	10,371,873	\$	9,353,830
Business Unit Income:							
North American Retail	\$	220,883	\$	160,732 \$	423,205	\$	303,304
North American Delivery		99,270		86,595	260,656		217,999
European Operations		11,592		19,661	46,127		34,133
Total business unit income	\$	331,745	\$	266,988 \$	729,988	\$	555,436
Interest income		8,811		2,552	19,206		6,738
Interest expense		(10,777)		(6,967)	(27,977)		(23,717)

Miscellaneous income (expense)	(856)	561	(1,431)	1,300
Impact of change in accounting				
principle				(97,975)
Income before income taxes	\$ 328,923	\$ 263,134 \$	719,786	\$ 441,782

Note K - Guarantor Subsidiaries

Under the terms of the Company s 7.375% senior notes and 7.125% senior notes, certain subsidiaries guarantee repayment of the debt. Both sets of senior notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed on an unsecured, joint and several basis by Staples the Office Superstore, LLC, Staples the Office Superstore East, Inc., Staples Contract & Commercial, Inc. and Staples the Office Superstore, Limited Partnership, all of which are wholly owned subsidiaries of Staples (the Guarantor Subsidiaries). The term of the guarantees is equivalent to the term of the related debt. The following condensed consolidating financial data is presented for the holders of the notes and illustrates the composition of Staples (the Parent Company), the Guarantor Subsidiaries, and the non-guarantor subsidiaries for the third quarter and year-to-date 2004 and 2003. The non-guarantor subsidiaries represent more than an inconsequential portion of the consolidated assets and revenues of Staples.

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for by the Parent Company on the equity method for purposes of the supplemental consolidating presentation. Earnings of subsidiaries are, therefore, reflected in the Parent Company s investment accounts and earnings. The principal elimination entries eliminate the Parent Company s investment in subsidiaries and intercompany balances and transactions.

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet As of October 30, 2004 (in thousands)

	Staples, Inc. (Parent Co.)	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consoli	dated
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 664,621	\$ 31,167	\$ 417,704	\$ \$	1	,113,492
Short-term investments	528,816					528,816
Merchandise inventories		1,030,981	602,793		1	,633,774
Other current assets	94,405	249,546	363,110			707,061
Total current assets	1,287,842	1,311,694	1,383,607		3	,983,143
Net property, equipment and						
other assets	199,457	894,123	784,953		1	,878,533
Goodwill	140,570	50,812	1,099,013		1	,290,395
Investment in affiliates and						
intercompany, net	24,045	1,978,820	1,204,129	(3,206,994)		
Total assets	\$ 1,651,914	\$ 4,235,449	\$ 4,471,702	\$ (3,206,994) \$	7	,152,071
Total current liabilities	\$ 328,839	\$ 1,254,508	\$ 895,596	\$ \$	2	,478,943
Total long-term liabilities	6,079	600,228	133,229			739,536
Total stockholders equity	1,316,996	2,380,713	3,442,877	(3,206,994)	3	,933,592
Total liabilities and stockholders						
equity	\$ 1,651,914	\$ 4,235,449	\$ 4,471,702	\$ (3,206,994) \$	7	,152,071
		10				

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet As of January 31, 2004 (in thousands)

	Staples, Inc. (Parent Co.)	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 111,274	\$ 55,507	\$ 290,684	\$	\$ 457,465
Short-term investments	924,275		10,000		934,275
Merchandise inventories		944,243	521,746		1,465,989
Other current assets	101,546	201,922	317,707		621,175
Total current assets	1,137,095	1,201,672	1,140,137		3,478,904
Net property, equipment and					
other assets	177,275	908,578	736,282		1,822,135
Goodwill	140,570	45,777	1,015,660		1,202,007
Investment in affiliates and					
intercompany, net	578,236	2,013,603	937,925	(3,529,764)	
Total assets	\$ 2,033,176	\$ 4,169,630	\$ 3,830,004	\$ (3,529,764)	\$ 6,503,046
Total current liabilities	\$ 442,310	\$ 967,343	\$ 713,581	\$	\$ 2,123,234
Total long-term liabilities	(13,169)	598,563	131,518		716,912
Total stockholders equity	1,604,035	2,603,724	2,984,905	(3,529,764)	3,662,900
Total liabilities and stockholders					
equity	\$ 2,033,176	\$ 4,169,630	\$ 3,830,004	\$ (3,529,764)	\$ 6,503,046

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income For the 13 weeks ended October 30, 2004 (in thousands)

	Staples, Inc. (Parent Co.)	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidated
Sales	\$ \$	2,538,850	\$ 1,291,616	\$ 3,830,466
Cost of goods sold and occupancy costs	848	1,818,577	914,825	2,734,250
Gross profit	(848)	720,273	376,791	1,096,216
Operating and other expenses	15,862	503,089	248,342	767,293
Income (loss) before income taxes	(16,710)	217,184	128,449	328,923
Income tax expense		86,216	33,841	120,057
Net income (loss)	\$ (16,710) \$	130,968	\$ 94,608	\$ 208,866

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income For the 13 weeks ended November 1, 2003 (in thousands)

	Staple (Parei	·	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidated
Sales	\$	\$	2,316,617	\$ 1,118,146	\$ 3,434,763
Cost of goods sold and occupancy costs		325	1,686,934	790,159	2,477,418
Gross profit		(325)	629,683	327,987	957,345

Operating and other expenses	8,123	460,652	225,436	694,211
Income (loss) before income taxes	(8,448)	169,031	102,551	263,134
Income tax expense		57,872	39,488	97,360
Net income (loss)	\$ (8,448) \$	111,159 \$	63,063 \$	165,774

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income For the 39 weeks ended October 30, 2004 (in thousands)

	taples, Inc. Parent Co.)	Guarantor Subsidiaries	on-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidated
Sales	\$ \$	6,923,813	\$ 3,448,060	\$ 10,371,873
Cost of goods sold and occupancy costs	1,645	5,041,834	2,425,868	7,469,347
Gross profit	(1,645)	1,881,979	1,022,192	2,902,526
Operating and other expenses	56,448	1,432,756	693,536	2,182,740
Income (loss) before income taxes	(58,093)	449,223	328,656	719,786
Income tax expense		179,883	82,839	262,722
Net income (loss)	\$ (58,093) \$	269,340	\$ 245,817	\$ 457,064

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income For the 39 weeks ended November 1, 2003 (in thousands)

	taples, Inc. Parent Co.)	Guarantor Subsidiaries	l	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidated
Sales	\$ \$	6,303,727	\$	3,050,103	\$ 9,353,830
Cost of goods sold and occupancy costs	979	4,746,797		2,176,549	6,924,325
Gross profit	(979)	1,556,930		873,554	2,429,505
Operating and other expenses	24,348	1,297,116		666,259	1,987,723
Income (loss) before income taxes	(25,327)	259,814		207,295	441,782
Income tax expense		93,227		70,232	163,459
Net income (loss)	\$ (25,327) \$	166,587	\$	137,063	\$ 278,323

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows For the 39 weeks ended October 30, 2004 (in thousands)

	Staples, Inc. (Parent Co.)	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidated
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 494,297	\$ 81,124	\$ 256,191	\$ 831,612
Investing Activities:				
Acquisition of property and equipment	(37,336)	(102,683)	(60,643)	(200,662)
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired		(2,781)	(83,609)	(86,390)
Investment in joint venture	(9,650)			(9,650)
Purchase of short-term investments	(8,263,263)			(8,263,263)
Proceeds from the sale of short-term investments	8,668,722			8,668,722
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities	358,473	(105,464)	(144,252)	108,757
Financing Activities:				
Payments on borrowings	(3,216)			(3,216)
Purchase of treasury stock	(344,711)			(344,711)
Proceeds from sale of capital stock	148,031			148,031
Cash dividends paid	(99,527)			(99,527)
Cash used in financing activities	(299,423)			(299,423)
			15,081	15,081

Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents				
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash				
equivalents	553,347	(24,340)	127,020	656,027
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	111,274	55,507	290,684	457,465
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 664,621 \$	31,167 \$	417,704 \$	1,113,492
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Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows For the 39 weeks ended November 1, 2003 (in thousands)

	Staples, Inc.	Guarantor	Non-Guarantor	G 211.4.1
	(Parent Co.)	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Consolidated
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 392,682	\$ 122,197	\$ 100,043	\$ 614,922
Investing Activities:				
Acquisition of property and equipment	(11,495)	(132,956)	(46,358)	(190,809)
Purchases of short-term investments	(5,210,550)			(5,210,550)
Proceeds from the sale of short-term investments	4,553,275			4,553,275
Other			(2,910)	(2,910)
Cash used in investing activities	(668,770)	(132,956)	(49,268)	(850,994)
Financing Activities:				
Payments on borrowings	(336,826)			(336,826)
Purchase of treasury stock		(4,287)		(4,287)
Proceeds from sale of capital stock	357,736			357,736
Cash provided by (used in) financial activities	20,910	(4,287)		16,623
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash				
equivalents			14,681	14,681
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash				
equivalents	(255,178)	(15,046)	65,456	(204,768)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	290,400	57,519	147,970	495,889
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 35,222	\$ 42,473	\$ 213,426	\$ 291,121

Note L - Subsequent Events

On November 15, 2004, pursuant to the terms of the original debt agreement, the Company used approximately \$195 million to repay the outstanding principal and interest due on its 5.875% 150 million Euro Notes.

STAPLES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

11tem 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Overview

Our business is comprised of three segments: North American Retail, North American Delivery and European Operations. Our North American Retail segment consists of the U.S. and Canadian business units that operate office supply stores. The North American Delivery segment consists of the U.S. and Canadian business units that sell and deliver office products and services directly to customers, and includes Staples Business Delivery, Quill, and our contract stationer operations. The European Operations segment consists of operating units that operate office supply stores in the United Kingdom, Germany, the Netherlands, Portugal and Belgium and that sell and deliver office products and services directly to customers throughout the United Kingdom, Germany, France, Belgium, the Netherlands, Luxembourg, Spain, Italy, Sweden, Denmark, Poland, Hungary, Austria, Switzerland and the Czech Republic.

On August 4, 2004, we acquired the United Kingdom office products company Globus Office World plc (Office World) for 31.3 million British Pounds Sterling (approximately \$57.0 million), strengthening our retail presence in the United Kingdom. On September 2, 2004, we acquired the assets of Malling Beck A/S, a mail order business operating in Denmark. On September 7, 2004, we acquired Pressel Versand International GmbH, a mail order company based in Austria and operating in nine European countries. This acquisition expands Staples delivery business into Eastern Europe and strengthens our business in the Netherlands, France, Belgium and Germany through access to new customers and product categories. The results of the businesses acquired have been included in the consolidated financial statements since the dates of acquisition and are reported as part of our European Operations segment for segment reporting. On October 22, 2004, we invested in OA365(China), a mail order and internet company in the People s Republic of China, which has been accounted for as an equity method investment.

In November 2003, the Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) reached consensus on Issue No. 03-10 Application of Issue No. 02-16 by Resellers to Sales Incentives Offered to Consumers by Manufacturers (Issue 03-10), which addresses the accounting for consideration received by a reseller from a vendor that is a reimbursement by the vendor for honoring the vendor s sales incentives offered directly to consumers (e.g. coupons). Under Issue 03-10, vendor consideration received in the form of sales incentives is now recorded as a reduction of cost of goods sold when recognized, rather than as a component of sales. Our fiscal 2003 results have been reclassified to comply with Issue 03-10. In addition, the Company has reclassified certain other coupons previously classified as operating and selling expenses to a reduction of sales. These reclassifications had no impact on net income.

In November 2002, the EITF reached consensus on Issue No. 02-16, Accounting by a Customer (Including a Reseller) for Certain Consideration Received from a Vendor (Issue 02-16). To record the application of Issue 02-16 in the first quarter of 2003, the Company recorded an aggregate, non-cash adjustment of \$98 million (\$62 million net of taxes, or \$0.13 per diluted share) as an increase to cost of goods sold and occupancy costs.

Forward Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and, in particular, this management discussion and analysis contain or incorporate a number of forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These forward-looking statements are based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts and projections about the industry and markets in which we operate and management s beliefs and assumptions. Any statements contained herein (including without limitation statements to the effect that Staples or its management believes, expects, anticipates, plans and similar expressions) that are not statements of historical fact should be considered forward-looking statements and should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and notes to consolidated financial statements included in this report. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. There are a number of important factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those indicated by such forward-looking statements. These factors include, without limitation, those set forth below under the heading. Cautionary Statements. We do not intend to update publicly any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Results of Operations

We have provided below a summary of our operating results at the consolidated level, followed by an overview of our segment performance. Our discussion includes our results presented on the basis required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) and on a pro forma basis reflecting the retroactive application of Issue 02-16 (see Note B to Consolidated Financial Statements) as of February 2, 2002. Management uses net income adjusted for accounting changes and non recurring items, among other measures, to evaluate operating performance. We have incorporated this information into the discussion below because we believe it is a meaningful measure of our normalized operating performance and will assist you in understanding our results of operations on a comparative basis and in recognizing underlying trends. This adjusted information supplements, and is not intended to represent a measure of performance in accordance with, disclosures required by GAAP.

Consolidated Performance:

Net income for the third quarter of 2004 was \$208.9 million or \$0.41 per diluted share compared to \$165.8 million or \$0.33 per diluted share for the third quarter of 2003, an increase in net income of 26%. Net income for year-to-date 2004 was \$457.1 million or \$0.90 per diluted share compared to \$278.3 million or \$0.57 per diluted share for year-to-date 2003. The year-to-date 2003 results include a \$62 million adjustment, net of taxes, related to the change in accounting for vendor consideration required by Issue 02-16. On a pro forma basis to reflect the retroactive application of Issue 02-16, net income for year-to-date 2003 was \$340.0 million or \$0.70 per diluted share. Net income increased 34% for year-to-date 2004 from the \$340.0 million of pro forma net income reported for year-to-date 2003. Our positive performance reflects the continued execution of our Back to Brighton strategy of driving profitable sales growth, improving profit margins and increasing asset productivity. This includes delivering on our Easy brand promise to make buying office products easy for our customers, thereby differentiating us from our competitors. The key drivers of our third quarter and year-to-date 2004 results were our improved product mix directed at more profitable small business customers and home offices, our continued focus on customer service, solid execution and expense management. Our third quarter results also reflect a solid back to school selling season, increased customer traffic and strong performance in key categories, including office supplies, technology products and copy center.

Sales for the third quarter of 2004 were \$3.83 billion, an increase of 11.5% from the third quarter of 2003. Sales for year-to-date 2004 were \$10.37 billion, an increase of 10.9% from year-to-date 2003. Comparable store sales for our North American retail locations, which include stores open for more than one year, increased 4% for the third quarter and year-to-date 2004, and comparable store sales for our European retail operations decreased 1% for the third quarter and year-to-date 2004. We had 1,662 open stores as of October 30, 2004 compared to 1,531 stores as of November 1, 2003 and 1,559 stores as of January 31, 2004. This includes 30 stores opened and 2 stores closed during the third quarter of 2004 and 64 stores opened and 10 stores closed during year-to-date 2004, as well as the 59 Office World stores that were acquired in August 2004 (of which 10 stores were subsequently closed during the third quarter of 2004). North American Delivery sales increased 12.8% for the third quarter of 2004 and 11.6% for year-to-date 2004. The increase in total sales also reflects a positive impact of foreign currency rates of \$61.9 million for the third quarter of 2004 and \$190.4 million for year-to-date 2004.

Gross Profit: Gross profit as a percentage of sales was 28.6% for the third quarter of 2004 and 28.0% for year-to-date 2004 compared to 27.9% and 26.0% for the corresponding periods in 2003. On a pro forma basis to reflect the retroactive application of Issue 02-16, gross profit was 27.0% for year-to-date 2003. The increase in the gross profit rate for the third quarter of 2004 and year-to-date 2004 from the pro forma rate for 2003 reflects our continued improvements in product mix directed at more profitable business customers and home offices, our continued focus on

higher margin Staples brand products, strong results in our copy center business and better buying.

Operating and Selling Expenses: Operating and selling expenses, which consist of payroll, advertising and other operating expenses, were 15.8% of sales for the third quarter of 2004 and 16.6% for year-to-date 2004 compared to 16.2% and 16.9% for the corresponding periods in 2003. Our operating and selling expenses as a percentage of sales decreased for the third quarter and year-to-date 2004, primarily reflecting our continued focus on expense management and leveraging of fixed expenses on higher sales (e.g., the relative increase in the expense was less than the relative increase in sales), as well as more efficient investments in marketing. These savings were partially offset by an increased investment in our contract sales force.

Pre-opening Expenses: Pre-opening expenses relating to new store openings, consisting primarily of salaries, supplies, marketing and distribution costs, are expensed as incurred and therefore fluctuate from period to period depending on the timing, number and location of new store openings. Pre-opening expenses increased to \$2.9 million in the third quarter of 2004 from \$2.3 million in the third quarter of 2003 and to \$6.8 million in year-to-date 2004 from \$6.0 million for year-to-date 2003. Pre-opening expenses for the third quarter and year-to-date 2004 reflect 30 stores opened in the third quarter of 2004 compared to 22 stores opened in the third quarter of 2003 and 64 stores opened year-to-date 2004 compared to 53 stores opened year-to-date 2003.

General and Administrative Expenses: General and administrative expenses as a percentage of sales were 4.0% for the third quarter of 2004 and 4.2% for year-to-date 2004 compared to 3.8% for the third quarter of 2003 and 4.1% for year-to-date 2003. The increase for the third quarter and year-to-date 2004 primarily reflects an increase in management s variable compensation, partially offset by our ability to increase sales without proportionately increasing overhead expenses.

Amortization of Intangibles: Amortization of intangibles was \$2.3 million for the third quarter of 2004 and \$6.1 million for year-to-date 2004 compared to \$2.1 million for the third quarter of 2003 and \$6.0 million for year-to-date 2003, reflecting the amortization of customer-related intangible assets and noncompetition agreements associated with the acquisitions completed since fiscal 2002.

Interest income: Interest income increased to \$8.8 million for the third quarter of 2004 and \$19.2 million for year-to-date 2004 from \$2.6 million for the third quarter of 2003 and \$6.7 million for year-to-date 2003, primarily as a result of an increase in cash and short-term investments, as well as an increase in interest rates in the first three quarters of 2004 compared to the same periods in 2003.

Interest expense: Interest expense increased to \$10.8 million for the third quarter of 2004 and \$28.0 million for year-to-date 2004 from \$7.0 million for the third quarter of 2003 and \$23.7 million for year-to-date 2003, primarily as a result of an increase in interest rates, partially offset by the impact of our risk management strategy focused on mitigating interest rate risk. We use interest rate swap agreements to convert our fixed rate debt obligations into variable rate obligations and, as a result, have reduced interest expense for all periods presented. Excluding the impact of our interest rate swap agreements, interest expense would have been \$16.4 million for the third quarter of 2004 and \$45.7 million for year-to-date 2004, compared to \$13.0 million and \$41.8 million for the third quarter and year-to-date 2003, respectively.

Miscellaneous income (expense): Miscellaneous income (expense) was \$0.9 million for the third quarter of 2004 and \$(1.4) million for year-to-date 2004 compared to \$0.6 million for the third quarter of 2003 and \$1.3 million for year-to-date 2003. These changes primarily reflect foreign exchange gains and losses recorded in the respective periods.

Income Taxes: Our effective tax rate was 36.5% for the third quarter and year-to-date 2004 compared to 37.0% for the third quarter and year-to-date 2003. The decrease from the effective tax rate in 2003 is due to changes in the mix of our earnings. On October 22, 2007, the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 (the Act) was signed into law. Passage of the Act did not have a material impact on our effective tax rate for the third quarter or year-to-date 2004.

Segment Performance:

The following tables provide a summary of our sales and business unit income by reportable segment (see reconciliation of business unit income to income before income taxes in Note J to our Consolidated Financial Statements):

	(Amounts in 13 Week	n thousar ks Ended	,	October 30, 2004 Increase From	November 1, 2003 Increase From
	October 30, 2004]	November 1, 2003	Prior Year	Prior Year
Sales:					
North American Retail	\$ 2,254,749	\$	2,077,910	8.5%	7.8%
North American Delivery	1,086,820		963,522	12.8%	5.8%
European Operations	488,897		393,331	24.3%	56.3%
Total sales	\$ 3,830,466	\$	3,434,763	11.5%	11.2%

		(Amounts in 13 Weeks)	October 30, 2004	November 1, 2003		
	Oct	ober 30, 2004	2004 November 1, 2003 % of		% of Sales	% of Sales	
Business Unit Income:							
North American Retail	\$	220,883	\$	160,732	9.8%	7.7%	
North American Delivery		99,270		86,595	9.1%	9.0%	
European Operations		11,592		19,661	2.4%	5.0%	
Total business unit income	\$	331,745	\$	266,988	8.7%	7.8%	

		(Amounts in the 39 Weeks E	October 30, 2004	November 1, 2003		
	C	October 30, 2004]	November 1, 2003	Increase From Prior Year	Increase From Prior Year
Sales:						
North American Retail	\$	5,937,640	\$	5,463,943	8.7%	6.9%
North American Delivery		3,074,274		2,755,211	11.6%	10.1%
European Operations		1,359,959		1,134,676	19.9%	75.3%
Total sales	\$	10,371,873	\$	9,353,830	10.9%	13.2%

		(Amounts in t 39 Weeks	October 30, 2004	November 1, 2003		
	Oc	tober 30, 2004	Nov	vember 1, 2003	% of Sales	% of Sales
Business Unit Income:						
North American Retail	\$	423,205	\$	303,304	7.1%	5.6%
North American Delivery		260,656		217,999	8.5%	7.9%
European Operations		46,127		34,133	3.4%	3.0%
Total business unit income	\$	729,988	\$	555,436	7.0%	5.9%

North American Retail: Sales for North American Retail increased 8.5% for the third quarter of 2004 and 8.7% for year-to-date 2004 compared to the third quarter and year-to-date 2003. This growth primarily reflects an increase in comparable store sales of 4% for the third quarter and year-to-date 2004, as well as non-comparable store sales for stores opened in the last twelve months. We added a net of 27 stores in the third quarter and 48 stores year-to-date 2004 to the North American store base. As of October 30, 2004, the North American store base included 1,406 open stores compared to 1,336 stores as of November 1, 2003 and 1,358 stores as of January 31, 2004. Our strong sales growth for the third quarter and year-to-date 2004 reflects solid execution in key categories, including ink and toner and our copy center businesses, as well as sales increases in high growth technology categories, including networking, laptops and software. Our third quarter 2004 results also reflect a solid back to school selling season, increased customer traffic and strong performance in key categories such as office supplies and furniture. Business unit income as a percentage of sales increased to 9.8% for the third quarter of 2004 and 7.1% for year-to-date 2004 from 7.7% for the third quarter and 5.6% for year-to-date 2003. The increase in business unit income as a percentage of sales primarily reflects our continued improvements in product mix directed at more profitable business customers and home offices, our continued focus on higher margin Staples brand products, strong results in our copy center business and better buying. This increase also reflects our focus on expense management and leveraging of fixed expenses on higher sales.

North American Delivery: Sales for North American Delivery increased 12.8% for the third quarter of 2004 and 11.6% for year-to-date 2004 compared to the third quarter and year-to-date 2003. The sales growth for the third quarter and

year-to-date 2004 reflects the increased investment in our contract sales force, the positive results of marketing among our catalog, websites and retail stores, and the continued success of our customer retention and acquisition efforts, which

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resulted from improved service levels across all of our delivery businesses. Business unit income increased to 9.1% of sales for the third quarter of 2004 and 8.5% for year-to-date 2004 from 9.0% in the third quarter of 2003 and 7.9% for year-to-date 2003. The increase in business unit income as a percentage of sales primarily reflects productivity improvements in our supply chain, more efficient marketing spend, continued increases in the number of orders placed electronically, fewer problem orders and leveraging of fixed expenses on higher sales, partially offset by the increased investment in our contract sales force. For the third quarter of 2004, business unit income was negatively impacted by the increase in paper costs, which the market did not begin to pass along to the end customer until the end of the third quarter.

European Operations: Sales for European Operations increased 24.3% for the third quarter of 2004 and 19.9% for year-to-date 2004 compared to the third quarter and year-to-date 2003. The sales growth primarily reflects the positive impact of European exchange rates to the U.S. dollar of \$35.5 million for the third quarter of 2004 and \$120.0 million for year-to-date 2004, as well as the results of the Office World acquisition on August 4, 2004. This increase also reflects increased sales in our delivery businesses and non-comparable store sales for stores opened in the last twelve months. During the third quarter of 2004, we opened two stores and closed one, and during year-to-date 2004, we opened eight stores and closed two. We also acquired 59 Office World stores (of which 10 stores were subsequently closed during the third quarter of 2004). As of October 30, 2004, the European store base included 256 open stores compared to 195 stores as of November 1, 2003 and 201 stores as of January 31, 2004. The increase in sales was partially offset by a decrease in comparable store sales of 1% for both the third quarter and year-to-date 2004. Business unit income declined to \$11.6 million for the third quarter of 2004 and increased to \$46.1 million for year-to-date 2004 from \$19.7 million for the third quarter of 2003 and \$34.1 million for year-to-date 2003. The decrease for the third quarter of 2004 primarily reflects the costs associated with the integration of the Office World stores as well as the integration of our two delivery businesses in the United Kingdom. The decrease also reflects lower than expected sales in our delivery businesses in France, combined with increased investments in marketing which did not yield the sales benefits that were anticipated. The improvement for year-to-date 2004 reflects increases during the first half of the year in our delivery businesses relating to the positive integration efforts in the businesses acquired in 2002 and our existing delivery businesses. To a lesser extent, the year-to-date increase also reflects the continued implementation of Back to Brighton strategies in all of our European businesses, focusing on profitable growth and improved margins. In addition, European exchange rates to the U.S. dollar had a positive impact of \$1.6 million for the third quarter of 2004 and \$6.2 million for year-to-date 2004.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Preparation of these statements requires management to make significant judgments and estimates. Some accounting policies have a significant impact on amounts reported in these financial statements. A summary of significant accounting policies and a description of accounting policies that are considered critical may be found in our 2003 Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed on March 4, 2004, in Note A of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Critical Accounting Policies section of Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash Flows

Cash provided by operations was \$831.6 million for year-to-date 2004 compared to \$614.9 million for year-to-date 2003. As a result of the application of Issue 02-16 in the first quarter of 2003, net income and merchandise inventories decreased and deferred taxes increased, resulting in no aggregate impact on cash flows from operations. Excluding this impact, the increase in operating cash flow from 2003 to 2004 is primarily due to the increase in net income, combined with our continuous focus on improving working capital.

Cash provided by investing activities was \$108.8 million for year-to-date 2004 compared to a use of \$851.0 million for year-to-date 2003. This change primarily reflects a shift in our investment strategy in 2004, reducing the amount of market auction rate preferred stock and debt securities we hold and increasing cash equivalents, including commercial paper and money market investments. In year-to-date 2003, we increased our holdings of market auction rate preferred stock and debt securities and decreased our holdings of cash and cash equivalents.

Cash used in financing activities was \$299.4 million for year-to-date 2004 compared to cash provided by financing activities of \$16.6 million for year-to-date 2003. In year-to-date 2003, we repaid our \$325 million 364-Day Term Loan

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Agreement and received net proceeds of \$253.0 million from our issuance of 13.8 million shares of common stock in a public offering. In year-to-date 2004, we paid our first annual cash dividend on outstanding shares of our common stock of \$99.5 million to shareholders of record on April 26, 2004. In addition, in year-to-date 2004, we have repurchased 12.3 million shares of our common stock for a total purchase price (including commissions) of \$335.7 million under our share repurchase program, which was announced in March 2004. Under this program, we are authorized to repurchase up to \$1.0 billion of Staples common stock during fiscal years 2004 and 2005. The financing cash outflows in both years were partially offset by the proceeds we received from the exercise of stock options.

Sources of Liquidity

We utilize cash generated from operations, together with short-term investments and our main revolving credit facility, to cover seasonal fluctuations in cash flows and to support our various growth initiatives. When necessary, we have traditionally supplemented this with debt or equity offerings.

We had \$2.34 billion in total cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and funds available through credit agreements at October 30, 2004, which consisted of \$698.1 million of available credit and \$1.64 billion of cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments.

A summary, as of October 30, 2004, of balances available under credit agreements and debt outstanding is presented below (amounts in thousands):

	Available Credit	Debt Outstanding
Revolving Credit Facility effective		
through June 2006	\$ 537,568	\$
Euro Notes due November 2004		191,356
Senior Notes due August 2007		200,000
Senior Notes due October 2012		325,000
Uncommitted lines of credit	70,000	
Other lines of credit	90,524	
Capital leases and other notes payable		12,981
Total	\$ 698,092	\$ 729,337

We issue letters of credit under our revolving credit facility in the ordinary course of business. At October 30, 2004, we had \$62.4 million of open letters of credit, thus reducing the available credit under our revolving credit facility from \$600 million to \$537.6 million.

On November 15, 2004, pursuant to the terms of the original debt agreement, we used approximately \$195 million to repay the outstanding principal and interest due on our 5.875% 150 million Euro Notes.

We expect that our cash generated from operations, together with our current cash, short-term investments and funds available under our main revolving credit facility, will be sufficient to fund our planned store openings and other recurring operating cash needs for at least the next twelve months.

Uses of Capital

As a result of our strong financial position, in addition to investing in our existing businesses and pursuing strategic acquisitions or joint ventures, we expect to continue to return capital to our shareholders through our stock repurchase program and annual cash dividend.

We expect to open approximately 25 new stores during the fourth quarter 2004. We estimate that our cash requirements, including pre-opening expenses, net inventory, leasehold improvements and fixtures, will be approximately \$1.3 million for each new store. We also plan to continue to make investments in information systems and distribution centers to improve operational efficiencies and customer service. We currently plan to spend approximately \$125 million

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on capital expenditures during the fourth quarter of 2004. We may also expend additional funds to purchase lease rights from tenants occupying retail space that is suitable for a Staples store.

We may also use capital to engage in strategic acquisitions or joint ventures in markets where we currently have a presence and in new geographic markets that could become significant to our business in future years, as evidenced by our August 2004 purchase of Globus Office World plc, an office products company operating in the United Kingdom, representing significant expansion in an existing market; our September acquisitions of Pressel Versand International GmbH, a mail order company based in Austria and operating in nine European countries, and Malling Beck A/S, a mail order company operating in Denmark, representing two acquisitions that will help us establish a presence in Eastern Europe and Denmark; and our investment in OA365(China), a mail order and internet company in the People s Republic of China, representing our first venture into Asia. In the aggregate, these investments required a total use of capital of approximately \$93 million, net of cash acquired. Throughout our history, we have primarily grown organically, and we do not expect this to change. We do not rely on acquisitions to achieve our target growth plans, and we anticipate that future acquisitions will be small, aligned with our existing businesses and focused on both strengthening our presence in existing markets and expanding our presence into new geographies that could become long term meaningful drivers of our business. We plan to exercise the same discipline for acquisitions as we use for other investments, thereby only pursuing acquisitions that earn a return above our internal return on net assets hurdle rate within a two or three year time frame. We do not expect this strategy to result in large acquisitions and anticipate that future acquisition activity will be financed from our operating cash flow.

We believe that we will need to spend approximately \$400 million a year on capital expenditures for the next few years to fund organic growth. With capital spending in this range and an acquisition strategy that is not projected to require significant amounts of capital, we will likely generate operating cash flow in excess of our expected needs, thereby strengthening our credit profile. As a result of our improved cash position, in 2004 we implemented a \$1 billion share repurchase program and an annual cash dividend. Under the repurchase program, we expect to buy back approximately \$400 million of common stock during 2004. We paid our first annual cash dividend of \$0.20 per share of common stock on May 17, 2004 to shareholders of record on April 26, 2004, resulting in a total dividend payment of \$99.5 million. While it is our intention to pay annual cash dividends in years following 2004, any decision to pay future cash dividends will be made by our Board of Directors and will depend upon our earnings, financial condition and other factors.

Inflation and Seasonality

While neither inflation nor deflation has had, and we do not expect either to have, a material impact upon our operating results, there can be no assurance that our business will not be affected by inflation or deflation in the future. We believe that our business is somewhat seasonal, with sales and profitability slightly lower during the first and second quarters of our fiscal year.

Cautionary Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q includes or incorporates forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. You can identify these forward-looking statements by the use of the words believes , anticipates , plans , expects , may , will , would , intends , estimates and other similar expressions, whether in the negative we cannot guarantee that we actually will achieve the plans, intentions or expectations disclosed in the forward looking statements made. We have included important factors in the cautionary statements below that we believe could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained herein. The forward-looking statements do not reflect the potential impact of any future acquisitions, mergers or dispositions. We do not assume any obligation to update any forward-looking statements contained herein.

Our market is highly competitive and we may not continue to compete successfully. We compete in a highly competitive marketplace with a variety of retailers, dealers and distributors. In most of our geographic markets, we compete with other high-volume office supply chains such as Office Depot and OfficeMax that are similar in concept to us in terms of pricing strategy and product selections, as well as mass merchants such as Wal-Mart, warehouse clubs, computer and electronic superstores such as Best Buy, and other discount retailers. In addition, both our retail stores and delivery operations compete with numerous mail order firms, contract stationer businesses, electronic commerce distributors and direct manufacturers. Many of our competitors have increased their presence in our markets in recent years. Some of our

current and potential competitors in the office products industry are larger than we are and have substantially greater financial resources. It is possible that increased competition or improved performance by our competitors may reduce our market share, may reduce our profit margin, and may adversely affect our business and financial performance in other ways.

We may be unable to continue to open new stores successfully. An important part of our business plan is to increase our number of stores. We opened 64 stores during year-to-date 2004 and currently plan to open approximately 25 new stores in the fourth quarter of 2004. In addition, we recently announced that we plan to enter the Chicago market in 2005. For our growth strategy to be successful, we must identify and lease or buy favorable store sites, hire and train employees and adapt management and operational systems to meet the needs of our expanded operations. These tasks may be difficult to accomplish successfully. If we are unable to open new stores as quickly as planned, our future sales and profits could be materially adversely affected. Even if we succeed in opening new stores, these new stores may not achieve the same sales or profit levels as our existing stores. Also, our expansion strategy includes opening new stores in markets where we already have a presence so we can take advantage of economies of scale in marketing, distribution and supervision costs. However, these new stores may result in the loss of sales in existing stores in nearby areas.

Our growth may continue to strain operations, which could adversely affect our business and financial results. Our business has grown dramatically over the past several years through organic growth and through the acquisition of Medical Arts Press, Inc., the European mail order businesses and Globus Office World plc. Accordingly, sales, number of stores, number of countries in which we conduct business and number of associates have grown. This growth has placed significant demands on management and operational systems. If we are not successful in continuing to support our operational and financial systems, expanding our management team and increasing and effectively managing our associate base, this growth is likely to result in operational inefficiencies and ineffective management of the business and associates, which will in turn adversely affect our business and financial performance.

Our operating results may be impacted by changes in the economy. Our operating results are directly impacted by the health of the North American and European economies. Economic conditions may adversely affect our business and our results of operations.

Our stock price may fluctuate based on market expectations. The public trading of our stock is based in large part on market expectations that our business will continue to grow and that we will achieve certain levels of net income. If the securities analysts that regularly follow our stock lower their ratings or lower their projections for future growth and financial performance, the market price of our stock is likely to drop significantly. In addition, if our quarterly financial performance does not meet the expectations of securities analysts, our stock price would likely decline. The decrease in the stock price may be disproportionate to the shortfall in our financial performance.

Our quarterly operating results are subject to significant fluctuation. Our operating results have fluctuated from quarter to quarter in the past, and we expect that they will continue to do so in the future. Our earnings may not continue to grow at rates similar to the growth rates achieved in recent years and may fall short of either a prior fiscal period or investors

expectations. Factors that could cause these quarterly fluctuations include the following: the extent to which sales in new stores result in the loss of sales in existing stores; the mix of products sold; pricing actions of competitors; the level of advertising and promotional expenses; and seasonality, primarily because the sales and profitability of our stores are typically slightly lower in the first and second quarters of the fiscal year than in other quarters. Most of our operating expenses, such as rent expense, advertising expense and employee salaries, do not vary directly with the amount of sales and are difficult to adjust in the short term. As a result, if sales in a particular quarter are below expectations for that quarter, we may not proportionately reduce operating expenses for that quarter, and therefore this sales shortfall would have a disproportionately negative effect on our net income for the quarter.

Our expanding international operations expose us to the unique risks inherent in foreign operations. In addition to our recently expanding operations in Europe, we have a significant presence in Canada through The Business Depot Ltd. As evidenced by our investment in a newly formed joint venture in the People s Republic of China, we may also seek to expand further into other international markets in the future. Our foreign operations encounter risks similar to those faced by our U.S. operations, as well as risks inherent in foreign operations, such as local customs and competitive conditions and foreign currency fluctuations. Further, our recent acquisitions have increased our exposure to these foreign operating risks, which could have an adverse impact on our European income and worldwide profitability.

Our debt level and operating lease commitments could impact our ability to obtain future financing and continue our growth strategy. Our consolidated outstanding debt at October 30, 2004 was \$729.3 million. Our consolidated debt, along with our operating lease obligations, may have the effect generally of restricting our flexibility in responding to changing market conditions and could make us more vulnerable in the event of a downturn in our business. In addition, our level of indebtedness may have other important consequences, including: restricting our growth; making it more difficult for us to satisfy our obligations; limiting our ability to borrow additional amounts for working capital, capital expenditures, debt service requirements, future acquisitions or other corporate purposes; and limiting our ability to use operating cash flow in other areas of our business. In such a situation, additional funds may not be available on satisfactory terms when needed, or at all, whether in the next twelve to eighteen months or thereafter.

California wage and hour class action lawsuit. Various class action lawsuits have been brought against us for alleged violations of what is known as California s wage and hour law. The plaintiffs have alleged that we improperly classified both general and assistant store managers as exempt under the California wage and hour law, making such managers ineligible for overtime wages. The plaintiffs are seeking to require us to pay overtime wages to the putative class for the period from as early as 1995 to the present. This litigation is in the discovery stage. While it is too early in the litigation for us to predict the outcome of the litigation, we believe the litigation will not have a material adverse effect on us.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risks

At October 30, 2004, there had not been a material change in any of the market risk information disclosed by us in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2004. More detailed information concerning market risk can be found under the sub-caption Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risks of the caption Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations on page B-12 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2004.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The Company s management, with the participation of the Company s chief executive officer and chief financial officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the Company s disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act) as of October 30, 2004. Based on this evaluation, the Company s chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that, as of October 30, 2004, the Company s disclosure controls and procedures were (1) designed to ensure that material information relating to the Company, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to the Company s chief executive officer and chief financial officer by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report was being prepared and (2) effective, in that they provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC s rules and forms.

No change in the Company s internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act) occurred during the fiscal quarter ended October 30, 2004 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company s internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1 Not Applicable

Item 2 Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

(c) The following table provides information about purchases by the Company during the third quarter of fiscal 2004 of equity securities that are registered by the Company pursuant to Section 12 of the Exchange Act.

Fiscal Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share (1)	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (2)	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (2)
August 1, 2004				
August 28, 2004	1,381,200 \$	28.33	1,381,200 \$	721,763,000
August 29, 2004				
October 2, 2004	1,184,700 \$	29.29	1,184,700 \$	687,066,000
October 3, 2004				
October 30, 2004	776,500 \$	29.26	776,500 \$	664,343,000
Total for Third Quarter				
of Fiscal 2004	3,342,400 \$	28.88	3,342,400 \$	664,343,000

⁽¹⁾ Average price paid per share includes commissions and is rounded to the nearest two decimal places.

(2) On March 4, 2004, we announced that our Board of Directors approved the repurchase by us of up to \$1 billion of our common stock pursuant to a stock repurchase program that expires on January 28, 2006.

Item 3 Not Applicable

Item 4 Not Applicable

Item 5 Not Applicable

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(a) Exhibits

The exhibits listed on the Exhibit Index immediately preceding such exhibits are filed as part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

STAPLES, INC.

Date: November 16, 2004

By:/s/ JOHN J. MAHONEY John J. Mahoney Executive Vice President, Chief Administrative Officer and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

By: /s/ CHRISTINE T. KOMOLA
Christine T. Komola
Senior Vice President, Corporate Controller
(Principal Accounting Officer)

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EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit	_	
Number		Description
31.1	Principal Executive Officer	Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Principal Financial Officer	Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Principal Executive Officer	Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Principal Financial Officer	Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.