

REALTY INCOME CORP
Form 10-K
February 11, 2016
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UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D)

OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2015

Commission File Number 1-13374

REALTY INCOME CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland
(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

33-0580106
(IRS Employer
Identification Number)

11995 El Camino Real, San Diego, California, 92130

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

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Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (858) 284-5000

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12 (b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class	Name of Each Exchange On Which Registered
Common Stock, \$0.01 Par Value	New York Stock Exchange
Class F Preferred Stock, \$0.01 Par Value	New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12 (g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. YES ☒ NO ☐

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. YES ☐ NO ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES ☒ NO ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES ☒ NO ☐

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ☒ Accelerated filer ☐ Non-accelerated filer ☐ Smaller reporting company ☐

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES ☐ NO ☒

At June 30, 2015, the aggregate market value of the Registrant's shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value, held by non-affiliates of the Registrant was \$10.4 billion based upon the last reported sale price of \$44.39 per share on the New York Stock Exchange on June 30, 2015, the last business day of the Registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter.

At January 29, 2016, the number of shares of common stock outstanding was 250,538,261 and the number of shares of Class F Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock outstanding was 16,350,000.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Part III, Items 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14 incorporate by reference certain specific portions of the definitive Proxy Statement for Realty Income Corporation's Annual Meeting to be held on May 17, 2016, to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A. Only those portions of the proxy statement which are specifically incorporated by reference herein shall constitute a part of this annual report.

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PART I

Item 1: Business

THE COMPANY

Realty Income, The Monthly Dividend Company®, is an S&P 500 real estate company with the primary business objective of generating dependable monthly cash dividends from a consistent and predictable level of cash flow from operations. Our monthly dividends are supported by the cash flow from our property portfolio. We have in-house acquisition, portfolio management, asset management, credit research, real estate research, legal, finance and accounting, information technology, and capital markets capabilities. Over the past 47 years, Realty Income has been acquiring and managing freestanding commercial properties that generate rental revenue under long-term net lease agreements.

Realty Income (NYSE: O) was founded in 1969, and listed on the New York Stock Exchange, or NYSE, in 1994. We elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust, or REIT, requiring us to distribute dividends to our stockholders aggregating at least 90% of our taxable income (excluding net capital gains).

We seek to increase earnings and distributions to stockholders through active portfolio management, asset management and the acquisition of additional properties.

Generally, our portfolio and asset management efforts seek to achieve:

- Contractual rent increases on existing leases;
- Rent increases at the termination of existing leases, when market conditions permit;
- Optimum exposure to certain tenants and markets through re-leasing vacant properties and selectively selling properties;
- Maximum asset-level returns on properties re-leased and/or sold;
- Optimum value of the existing portfolio by enhancing individual properties, pursuing alternative uses, and deriving ancillary revenue; and

- Investment opportunities in new asset classes for the portfolio.

At December 31, 2015, we owned a diversified portfolio:

- Of 4,538 properties;
- With an occupancy rate of 98.4%, or 4,467 properties leased and 71 properties available for lease;
- Leased to 240 different commercial tenants doing business in 47 separate industries;
- Located in 49 states and Puerto Rico;
- With over 76.0 million square feet of leasable space; and
- With an average leasable space per property of approximately 16,750 square feet; approximately 11,550 square feet per retail property and 216,550 square feet per industrial property.

Of the 4,538 properties in the portfolio, 4,519, or 99.6%, are single-tenant properties, and the remaining are multi-tenant properties. At December 31, 2015, of the 4,519 single-tenant properties, 4,448 were leased with a weighted average remaining lease term (excluding rights to extend a lease at the option of the tenant) of approximately 10.0 years.

Our ten senior officers owned 0.2% of our outstanding common stock with a market value of \$30.6 million at January 29, 2016. Our directors and ten senior officers, as a group, owned 0.3% of our outstanding common stock with a market value of \$46.5 million at January 29, 2016.

Our common stock is listed on the NYSE under the ticker symbol **O** with a CUSIP number of 756109-104. Our central index key number is 726728.

Our 6.625% Monthly Income Class F Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, or the Class F preferred stock, is listed on the NYSE under the ticker symbol **OprF** with a CUSIP number of 756109-807.

In January 2016, we had 132 employees, as compared to 125 employees in January 2015.

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We maintain a corporate website at www.realtyincome.com. On our website we make available, free of charge, copies of our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, Form 3s, Form 4s, Form 5s, current reports on Form 8-K, and amendments to those reports, as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file these reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC. None of the information on our website is deemed to be part of this report.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS**Increases in Monthly Dividends to Common Stockholders**

We have continued our 47-year policy of paying monthly dividends. In addition, we increased the dividend five times during 2015, and two times during 2016. As of February 2016, we have paid 73 consecutive quarterly dividend increases and increased the dividend 84 times since our listing on the NYSE in 1994.

	Month Declared	Month Paid	Dividend per share	Increase per share
2015 Dividend increases				
1st increase	Dec 2014	Jan 2015	\$ 0.1834167	\$ 0.0003125
2nd increase	Jan 2015	Feb 2015	0.1890000	0.0055833
3rd increase	Mar 2015	Apr 2015	0.1895000	0.0005000
4th increase	Jun 2015	Jul 2015	0.1900000	0.0005000
5th increase	Sep 2015	Oct 2015	0.1905000	0.0005000
2016 Dividend increases				
1st increase	Dec 2015	Jan 2016	\$ 0.1910000	\$ 0.0005000
2nd increase	Jan 2016	Feb 2016	\$ 0.1985000	\$ 0.0075000

The dividends paid per share during 2015 totaled approximately \$2.2714167, as compared to approximately \$2.1916254 during 2014, an increase of \$0.0798, or 3.6%.

The monthly dividend of \$0.1985 per share represents a current annualized dividend of \$2.382 per share, and an annualized dividend yield of approximately 4.3% based on the last reported sale price of our common stock on the NYSE of \$55.79 on January 29, 2016. Although we expect to continue our policy of paying monthly dividends, we cannot guarantee that we will maintain our current level of dividends, that we will continue our pattern of increasing dividends per share, or what our actual dividend yield will be in any future period.

Acquisitions During 2015

During 2015, we invested \$1.26 billion in 286 new properties and properties under development or expansion, with an initial weighted average contractual lease rate of 6.6%. The 286 new properties and properties under development or expansion are located in 40 states, will contain approximately 6.2 million leasable square feet, and are 100% leased with a weighted average lease term of 16.5 years. The tenants occupying the new properties operate in 21 industries and the property types consist of 87.3% retail and 12.7% industrial, based on rental revenue. During 2015, none of our real estate investments caused any one tenant to be 10% or more of our total assets at December 31, 2015.

The estimated initial weighted average contractual lease rate for a property is generally computed as estimated contractual net operating income, which, in the case of a net leased property, is equal to the aggregate base rent for the first full year of each lease, divided by the total cost of the property. Since it is possible that a tenant could default on the payment of contractual rent, we cannot provide assurance that the actual return on the funds invested will remain at the percentages listed above.

In the case of a property under development or expansion, the contractual lease rate is generally fixed such that rent varies based on the actual total investment in order to provide a fixed rate of return. When the lease does not provide for a fixed rate of return on a property under development or expansion, the estimated initial weighted average contractual lease rate is computed as follows: estimated net operating income (determined by the lease) for the first full year of each lease, divided by our projected total investment in the property, including land, construction and capitalized interest costs. Of the \$1.26 billion we invested during 2015, \$45.8 million was invested in 35 properties under development or expansion with an estimated initial weighted average contractual lease rate of 9.7%. We may continue to pursue development or expansion opportunities under similar arrangements in the future.

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Portfolio Discussion

Leasing Results

At December 31, 2015, we had 71 properties available for lease out of 4,538 properties in our portfolio, which represents a 98.4% occupancy rate based on the number of properties in our portfolio. Since December 31, 2014, when we reported 70 properties available for lease out of 4,327 and a 98.4% occupancy rate, we:

- Had 283 lease expirations;
- Re-leased 253 properties; and
- Sold 29 vacant properties.

Of the 253 properties re-leased during 2015, 216 properties were re-leased to existing tenants, seven were re-leased to new tenants without vacancy, and 30 were re-leased to new tenants after a period of vacancy. The annual rent on these 253 leases was \$37.46 million, as compared to the previous rent on these same properties of \$37.12 million, which represents a rent recapture rate of 100.9% on the properties re-leased during 2015.

At December 31, 2015, our average annualized rental revenue was approximately \$13.31 per square foot on the 4,467 leased properties in our portfolio. At December 31, 2015, we classified ten properties with a carrying amount of \$9.8 million as held for sale on our balance sheet. The expected disposal of these properties does not represent a strategic shift that will have a major effect on our operations and financial results.

Investments in Existing Properties

In 2015, we capitalized costs of \$11.5 million on existing properties in our portfolio, consisting of \$748,000 for re-leasing costs, \$7.6 million for recurring capital expenditures and \$3.2 million for non-recurring building improvements. In 2014, we capitalized costs of \$6.0 million on existing properties in our portfolio.

As part of our re-leasing costs, we typically pay leasing commissions and sometimes provide tenant rent concessions. Leasing commissions are paid based on the commercial real estate industry standard and any rent concessions provided are minimal. We do not consider the collective impact of the leasing commissions or tenant rent concessions to be material to our financial position or results of operations.

The majority of our building improvements relate to roof repairs, HVAC improvements, and parking lot resurfacing and replacements. It is not customary for us to offer significant tenant improvements on our properties as tenant incentives. The amounts of our capital expenditures can vary significantly, depending on the rental market, tenant credit worthiness, the lease term and the willingness of tenants to pay higher rents over the terms of the leases.

At-the-Market (ATM) Program

In September 2015, we established an at the market equity distribution program, or our ATM program, pursuant to which we can offer and sell up to 12,000,000 shares of common stock to, or through a consortium of banks acting as our sales agents by means of ordinary brokers' transactions on the NYSE or otherwise at market prices prevailing at the time of sale, at prices related to prevailing market prices or at negotiated prices. During 2015, we issued 714,301 shares and raised approximately \$36.3 million under the ATM program.

New Credit Facility

In June 2015, we closed on a \$2.25 billion unsecured credit facility, or our new credit facility. Our new credit facility is comprised of a \$2.0 billion revolving credit facility and a \$250 million five-year unsecured term loan. As of December 31, 2015, \$1.76 billion was available on our new credit facility to fund additional acquisitions and for other general corporate purposes.

Inclusion in S&P Indices

In January 2015, we were added to the S&P High Yield Dividend Aristocrats® index. In April 2015, we were added to the S&P 500 index and are one of 26 REITs, and the only net lease REIT included in this index.

Issuance of Common Stock

In April 2015, we issued 5,500,000 shares of common stock. After underwriting discounts and other offering costs of \$1.4 million, the net proceeds of \$276.4 million were used to repay borrowings under our previous \$1.5 billion unsecured credit facility.

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In October 2015, we issued 11,500,000 shares of common stock, including 1,500,000 shares purchased by the underwriters upon the exercise of their option to purchase additional shares. After underwriting discounts and other offering costs of \$22.0 million, a portion of the net proceeds of \$517.1 million was used to repay borrowings under our new credit facility and the remaining portion was used for other general corporate purposes, including acquisitions.

Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan

Our Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan, or the DRSP, provides our common stockholders, as well as new investors, with a convenient and economical method of purchasing our common stock and reinvesting their distributions. The DRSP also allows our current stockholders to buy additional shares of common stock by reinvesting all or a portion of their distributions. The DRSP authorizes up to 26,000,000 common shares to be issued. In 2013, we revised our DRSP so that we would pay for a majority of the plan-related fees, which were previously paid by investors, and to institute a waiver approval process, allowing larger investors or institutions, per a formal approval process, to purchase shares at a small discount, if approved by us. During 2015, we issued 7,608,354 shares and raised approximately \$363.0 million under the DRSP, of which 7,413,207 shares and \$353.7 million was raised under the waiver approval process.

Net Income Available to Common Stockholders

Net income available to common stockholders was \$256.7 million in 2015, compared to \$227.6 million in 2014, an increase of \$29.1 million. On a diluted per common share basis, net income was \$1.09 in 2015, as compared to \$1.04 in 2014, an increase of \$0.05, or 4.8%. Net income available to common stockholders for 2014 includes a non-cash redemption charge of \$6.0 million on the shares of Class E preferred stock that were redeemed in October 2014, which represents \$0.03 on a diluted per common share basis. This charge is for the excess of redemption value over the carrying value of the Class E preferred stock and represents the original issuance cost that was paid in 2006.

The calculation to determine net income available to common stockholders includes impairments and/or gains from the sale of properties. The amount of impairments and/or gains varies from period to period based on the timing of property sales and can significantly impact net income available to common stockholders.

Gains from the sale of properties during 2015 were \$22.2 million, as compared to gains from the sale of properties of \$42.1 million during 2014.

Funds from Operations (FFO) Available to Common Stockholders

In 2015, our FFO increased by \$89.5 million, or 15.9%, to \$652.4 million, compared to \$562.9 million in 2014. On a diluted per common share basis, FFO was \$2.77 in 2015, compared to \$2.58 in 2014, an increase of \$0.19, or 7.4%. Our FFO in 2014 included a non-cash redemption charge of \$6.0 million on the shares of Class E preferred stock that were redeemed in October 2014, which represents \$0.03 on a diluted per common share basis.

Adjusted Funds from Operations (AFFO) Available to Common Stockholders

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In 2015, our AFFO increased by \$85.3 million, or 15.2%, to \$647.0 million versus \$561.7 million in 2014. On a diluted per common share basis, AFFO was \$2.74 in 2015, compared to \$2.57 in 2014, an increase of \$0.17, or 6.6%.

See our discussion of FFO and AFFO (which are not financial measures under generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP), later in the section entitled Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, in this annual report, which includes a reconciliation of net income available to common stockholders to FFO and AFFO.

Dividend Policy

Distributions are paid monthly to holders of shares of our common stock and Class F preferred stock if, and when, declared by our Board of Directors.

Distributions are paid monthly to the limited partners holding common units of Tau Operating Partnership, L.P. and Realty Income, L.P., each on a per unit basis that is generally equal to the amount paid per share to our common stockholders.

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In order to maintain our status as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we generally are required to distribute dividends to our stockholders aggregating annually at least 90% of our taxable income (excluding net capital gains), and we are subject to income tax to the extent we distribute less than 100% of our taxable income (including net capital gains). In 2015, our cash distributions to preferred and common stockholders totaled \$560.3 million, or approximately 136.9% of our estimated taxable income of \$409.4 million. Our estimated taxable income reflects non-cash deductions for depreciation and amortization. Our estimated taxable income is presented to show our compliance with REIT dividend requirements and is not a measure of our liquidity or operating performance. We intend to continue to make distributions to our stockholders that are sufficient to meet this dividend requirement and that will reduce or eliminate our exposure to income taxes. Furthermore, we believe our funds from operations are sufficient to support our current level of cash distributions to our stockholders. Our cash distributions to common stockholders in 2015 totaled \$533.2 million, representing 82.4% of our adjusted funds from operations available to common stockholders of \$647.0 million. In comparison, our 2014 cash distributions to common stockholders totaled \$479.3 million, representing 85.3% of our adjusted funds from operations available to common stockholders of \$561.7 million.

The Class F preferred stockholders receive cumulative distributions at a rate of 6.625% per annum on the \$25.00 per share liquidation preference (equivalent to \$1.65625 per annum per share). Dividends on our Class F preferred stock are current.

Future distributions will be at the discretion of our Board of Directors and will depend on, among other things, our results of operations, FFO, AFFO, cash flow from operations, financial condition, capital requirements, the annual distribution requirements under the REIT provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or the Code, our debt service requirements, and any other factors the Board of Directors may deem relevant. In addition, our new credit facility contains financial covenants that could limit the amount of distributions payable by us in the event of a default, and which prohibit the payment of distributions on the common or preferred stock in the event that we fail to pay when due (subject to any applicable grace period) any principal or interest on borrowings under our new credit facility.

Distributions of our current and accumulated earnings and profits for federal income tax purposes generally will be taxable to stockholders as ordinary income, except to the extent that we recognize capital gains and declare a capital gains dividend, or that such amounts constitute qualified dividend income subject to a reduced rate of tax. The maximum tax rate of non-corporate taxpayers for qualified dividend income is generally 20%. In general, dividends payable by REITs are not eligible for the reduced tax rate on qualified dividend income, except to the extent that certain holding requirements have been met with respect to the REIT's stock and the REIT's dividends are attributable to dividends received from certain taxable corporations (such as our taxable REIT subsidiaries) or to income that was subject to tax at the corporate or REIT level (for example, if we distribute taxable income that we retained and paid tax on in the prior taxable year).

Distributions in excess of earnings and profits generally will first be treated as a non-taxable reduction in the stockholders' basis in their stock, but not below zero. Distributions in excess of that basis generally will be taxable as a capital gain to stockholders who hold their shares as a capital asset. Approximately 23.8% of the distributions to our common stockholders, made or deemed to have been made in 2015, were classified as a return of capital for federal income tax purposes. We estimate that in 2016, between 20% and 35% of the distributions may be classified as a return of capital.

BUSINESS PHILOSOPHY AND STRATEGY

Investment Philosophy

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We believe that owning an actively managed, diversified portfolio of commercial properties under long-term, net leases produces consistent and predictable income. A net lease typically requires the tenant to be responsible for monthly rent and certain property operating expenses including property taxes, insurance, and maintenance. In addition, tenants of our properties typically pay rent increases based on: (1) increases in the consumer price index (typically subject to ceilings), (2) fixed increases, or (3) additional rent calculated as a percentage of the tenants' gross sales above a specified level. We believe that a portfolio of properties under long-term, net leases generally produces a more predictable income stream than many other types of real estate portfolios, while continuing to offer the potential for growth in rental income.

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Diversification is also a key component of our investment philosophy. We believe that diversification of the portfolio by tenant, industry, geography, and, to a certain extent, property type leads to more predictable investment results for our shareholders by reducing vulnerability that can come with any single concentration. Our investment efforts have led to a diversified property portfolio that, as of December 31, 2015, consisted of 4,538 properties located in 49 states and Puerto Rico, leased to 240 different commercial tenants doing business in 47 industries. Each of the 47 industries represented in our property portfolio individually accounted for no more than 10.9% of our rental revenue for the quarter ended December 31, 2015. Since 1970, our occupancy rate at the end of each year has never been below 96%. However, we cannot assure you that our future occupancy levels will continue to equal or exceed 96%.

Investment Strategy

Our investment strategy is to act as a source of capital to regional and national tenants by acquiring and leasing back their real estate locations. When identifying new properties for investment, we generally focus on acquiring the real estate tenants consider important to the successful operation of their business. We generally seek to acquire real estate that has the following characteristics:

- Properties that are freestanding, commercially-zoned with a single tenant;
- Properties that are in significant markets or strategic locations critical to generating revenue for regional and national tenants (i.e. they need the property in which they operate in order to conduct their business);
- Properties that we deem to be profitable for the tenants and/or can generally be characterized as important to the successful operations of the company's business;
- Properties that are located within attractive demographic areas relative to the business of our tenants, and have good visibility and easy access to major thoroughfares;
- Properties with real estate valuations that approximate replacement costs;
- Properties with rental or lease payments that approximate market rents; and
- Properties that can be purchased with the simultaneous execution or assumption of long-term, net lease agreements, offering both current income and the potential for future rent increases.

We seek to invest in industries in which several, well-organized, regional and national tenants are capturing market share through the selection of prime locations, service, quality control, economies of scale, strong consumer brands, and advertising. In addition, we frequently acquire large portfolios of single-tenant properties net leased to different tenants operating in a variety of industries. We have an internal team dedicated to sourcing such opportunities, often using our relationships with various tenants, owners/developers, and advisers to uncover and secure transactions. We also undertake thorough research and analysis to identify what we consider to be appropriate property locations, tenants, and industries for investment. This research expertise is instrumental to uncovering net lease opportunities in markets where we believe we can add value.

In selecting potential investments, we look for tenants with the following attributes:

- Tenants with reliable and sustainable cash flow;
- Tenants with revenue and cash flow from multiple sources;
- Tenants that are willing to sign a long-term lease (10 or more years); and
- Tenants that are large owners and users of real estate.

From a retail perspective, our investment strategy is to target tenants that have a service, non-discretionary, and/or low-price-point component to their business. We believe these characteristics better position tenants to operate in a variety of economic conditions and to compete more effectively with internet retailers. As a result of the execution of this strategy, over 90% of our annualized retail rental revenue is derived from tenants with a service, non-discretionary, and/or low price point component to their business. From a non-retail perspective, we target industrial properties leased to Fortune 1000, primarily investment grade rated companies. We believe rental revenue generated from businesses with these characteristics is generally more durable and stable.

After applying this investment strategy, we pursue those transactions where we can achieve an attractive investment spread over our cost of capital and favorable risk-adjusted returns.

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Underwriting Strategy

We believe the principal financial obligations for most of our tenants typically include their bank and other debt, payment obligations to suppliers, and real estate lease obligations. Because we typically own the land and building in which a tenant conducts its business or which are critical to the tenant's ability to generate revenue, we believe the risk of default on a tenant's lease obligation is less than the tenant's unsecured general obligations. It has been our experience that tenants must retain their profitable and critical locations in order to survive. Therefore, in the event of reorganization, they are less likely to reject a lease of a profitable or critical location because this would terminate their right to use the property. Thus, as the property owner, we believe that we will fare better than unsecured creditors of the same tenant in the event of reorganization. If a property is rejected by the tenant during reorganization, we own the property and can either lease it to a new tenant or sell the property. In addition, we believe that the risk of default on real estate leases can be further mitigated by monitoring the performance of the tenants' individual locations and considering whether to proactively sell locations that are weaker performers.

In order to be considered for acquisition, properties must meet stringent investment and credit requirements. The properties must generate attractive current yields and the tenant must meet our credit criteria. We have established a four-part analysis that examines each potential investment based on:

- Overall real estate characteristics, including property value and comparative rental rates;
- Industry, company, market conditions, and credit profile;
- Store profitability for retail locations, if profitability data is available; and
- The importance of the real estate location to the operations of the tenants' business.

Prior to entering into any transaction, our research department conducts a review of a tenant's credit quality. The information reviewed may include reports and filings, including any public credit ratings, financial statements, debt and equity analyst reports, and reviews of corporate credit spreads, stock prices, market capitalization, and other financial metrics. We conduct additional due diligence, including additional financial reviews of the tenant and a more comprehensive review of the business segment and industry in which the tenant operates. We continue to monitor our tenants' credit quality on an ongoing basis by reviewing the available information previously discussed, and providing summaries of these findings to management. We estimate that approximately 44% of our annualized rental revenue comes from properties leased to investment grade rated companies or their subsidiaries. At December 31, 2015, our top 20 tenants represent approximately 55% of our annualized revenue and eight of these tenants have investment grade credit ratings or are subsidiaries of investment grade companies.

Asset Management Strategy

The active management of the property portfolio is an essential component of our long-term strategy. We continually monitor our portfolio for any changes that could affect the performance of our tenants, our tenants' industries and the locations in which we have invested. We also regularly analyze our portfolio with a view towards optimizing its returns and enhancing its overall credit quality.

We regularly review and analyze:

- The quality of the underlying real estate locations;
- The performance of the various industries of our tenants; and
- The operation, management, business planning, and financial condition of our tenants.

We have an active asset management program that incorporates the sale of assets when we believe the reinvestment of the sale proceeds will:

- Generate higher returns;
- Enhance the credit quality of our real estate portfolio;
- Extend our average remaining lease term; or
- Decrease tenant or industry concentration.

At December 31, 2015, we classified ten properties with a carrying amount of \$9.8 million as held for sale on our balance sheet. For 2016, we intend to continue our active disposition efforts to further enhance our real estate portfolio and anticipate \$50 to \$75 million in property sales in 2016. We intend to invest these proceeds into new property acquisitions, if there are attractive opportunities available. However, we cannot guarantee that we will sell properties during 2016 at our estimated values or be able to invest the property sale proceeds in new properties.

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Capital Philosophy

Historically, we have met our long term capital needs by issuing common stock, preferred stock and long-term unsecured notes and bonds. Over the long-term, we believe that common stock should be the majority of our capital structure; however, we may issue additional preferred stock or debt securities. We may issue common stock when we believe that our share price is at a level that allows for the proceeds of any offering to be accretively invested into additional properties. In addition, we may issue common stock to permanently finance properties that were financed by our new credit facility or debt securities. However, we cannot assure you that we will have access to the capital markets at times and at terms that are acceptable to us.

Our primary cash obligations, for the current year and subsequent years, are included in the Table of Obligations, which is presented later in this section. We expect to fund our operating expenses and other short-term liquidity requirements, including property acquisitions and development costs, payment of principal and interest on our outstanding indebtedness, property improvements, re-leasing costs and cash distributions to common and preferred stockholders, primarily through cash provided by operating activities, borrowing on our new credit facility and periodically through public securities offerings.

Conservative Capital Structure

We believe that our stockholders are best served by a conservative capital structure. Therefore, we seek to maintain a conservative debt level on our balance sheet and solid interest and fixed charge coverage ratios. At December 31, 2015, our total outstanding borrowings of senior unsecured notes and bonds, term loans, mortgages payable and credit facility borrowings were \$4.85 billion, or approximately 26.6% of our total market capitalization of \$18.22 billion.

We define our total market capitalization at December 31, 2015 as the sum of:

- Shares of our common stock outstanding of 250,416,757, plus total common units outstanding of 648,386, multiplied by the last reported sales price of our common stock on the NYSE of \$51.63 per share on December 31, 2015, or \$12.96 billion;
- Aggregate liquidation value (par value of \$25.00 per share) of the Class F preferred stock of \$408.8 million;
- Outstanding borrowings of \$238.0 million on our new credit facility;
- Outstanding mortgages payable of \$637.7 million, excluding net mortgage premiums of \$9.1 million;
- Outstanding borrowings of \$320.0 million on our term loans; and
- Outstanding senior unsecured notes and bonds of \$3.65 billion, excluding unamortized original issuance discounts of \$13.3 million.

Impact of Real Estate and Credit Markets

In the commercial real estate market, property prices generally continue to fluctuate. Likewise, during certain periods, the U.S. credit markets have experienced significant price volatility, dislocations, and liquidity disruptions, which may impact our access to and cost of capital. We continually monitor the commercial real estate and U.S. credit markets carefully and, if required, will make decisions to adjust our business strategy accordingly.

Universal Shelf Registration

In December 2015, we filed a shelf registration statement with the SEC, which is effective for a term of three years and will expire in December 2018. This replaced our prior shelf registration statement. In accordance with SEC rules, the amount of securities to be issued pursuant to this shelf registration statement was not specified when it was filed and there is no specific dollar limit. The securities covered by this registration statement include (1) common stock, (2) preferred stock, (3) debt securities, (4) depositary shares representing fractional interests in shares of preferred stock, (5) warrants to purchase debt securities, common stock, preferred stock, or depositary shares, and (6) any combination of these securities. We may periodically offer one or more of these securities in amounts, prices and on terms to be announced when and if these securities are offered. The specifics of any future offerings, along with the use of proceeds of any securities offered, will be described in detail in a prospectus supplement, or other offering materials, at the time of any offering.

\$2.0 Billion Revolving Credit Facility

In June 2015, we entered into a new \$2 billion unsecured revolving credit facility, which replaced our \$1.5 billion credit facility that was scheduled to expire in May 2016. The initial term of our new credit facility expires in June 2019 and includes, at our option, two six-month extensions. Our new credit facility has a \$1.0 billion accordion expansion option. Under our new credit facility, our current investment grade credit ratings provide for financing at the London Interbank Offered Rate, commonly referred to as LIBOR, plus 0.9%, with a facility commitment fee of 0.15%, for all-in drawn pricing of 1.05% over LIBOR. The borrowing rate is subject to an interest rate floor. We also have other interest rate options available to us under our new credit facility. Our new credit facility is unsecured and, accordingly, we have not pledged any assets as collateral for this obligation.

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At December 31, 2015, we had a borrowing capacity of \$1.76 billion available on our new credit facility and an outstanding balance of \$238.0 million. The interest rate on borrowings outstanding under our new credit facility, at December 31, 2015, was 1.2% per annum. We must comply with various financial and other covenants in our credit facility. At December 31, 2015, we remain in compliance with these covenants. We expect to use our new credit facility to acquire additional properties and for other general corporate purposes. Any additional borrowings will increase our exposure to interest rate risk.

We generally use our credit facility for the short-term financing of new property acquisitions. Thereafter, we generally seek to refinance those borrowings with the net proceeds of long-term or permanent financing, which may include the issuance of common stock, preferred stock or debt securities. We cannot assure you, however, that we will be able to obtain any such refinancing, or that market conditions prevailing at the time of the refinancing will enable us to issue equity or debt securities at acceptable terms.

Cash Reserves

We are organized to operate as an equity REIT that acquires and leases properties and distributes to stockholders, in the form of monthly cash distributions, a substantial portion of our net cash flow generated from leases on our properties. We intend to retain an appropriate amount of cash as working capital. At December 31, 2015, we had cash and cash equivalents totaling \$40.3 million.

We believe that our cash and cash equivalents on hand, cash provided from operating activities, and borrowing capacity is sufficient to meet our liquidity needs for the next twelve months. We intend, however, to use permanent or long-term capital to fund property acquisitions and to repay future borrowings under our new credit facility.

Credit Agency Ratings

The borrowing interest rates under our new credit facility are based upon our ratings assigned by credit rating agencies. We are currently assigned the following investment grade corporate credit ratings on our senior unsecured notes and bonds: Moody's Investors Service has assigned a rating of Baa1 with a stable outlook, Standard & Poor's Ratings Group has assigned a rating of BBB+ with a stable outlook to our senior notes, and Fitch Ratings has assigned a rating of BBB+ with a stable outlook.

Based on our current ratings, the current facility interest rate is LIBOR plus 0.9% with a facility commitment fee of 0.15%, for all-in drawn pricing of 1.05% over LIBOR. Our new credit facility provides that the interest rate can range between: (i) LIBOR plus 1.55% if our credit rating is lower than BBB-/Baa3 or unrated and (ii) LIBOR plus 0.85% if our credit rating is A-/A3 or higher. In addition, our credit facility provides for a facility commitment fee based on our credit ratings, which range from: (i) 0.3% for a rating lower than BBB-/Baa3 or unrated, and (ii) 0.125% for a credit rating of A-/A3 or higher.

We also issue senior debt securities from time to time and our credit ratings can impact the interest rates charged in those transactions. If our credit ratings or ratings outlook change, our cost to obtain debt financing could increase or decrease. The credit ratings assigned to us could change based upon, among other things, our results of operations and financial condition. These ratings are subject to ongoing evaluation by credit rating agencies and we cannot assure you that our ratings will not be changed or withdrawn by a rating agency in the future if, in its judgment, circumstances warrant. Moreover, a rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold our debt securities, preferred stock or common stock.

Notes Outstanding

As of December 31, 2015, we had \$3.65 billion of senior unsecured note and bond obligations, excluding unamortized original issuance discounts of \$13.3 million. All of our outstanding notes and bonds have fixed interest rates. Interest on all of our senior note and bond obligations is paid semiannually.

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Mortgage Debt

As of December 31, 2015, we had \$637.7 million of mortgages payable, all of which were assumed in connection with our property acquisitions. Additionally, at December 31, 2015, we had net premiums totaling \$9.1 million on these mortgages. We expect to pay off the mortgages payable as soon as prepayment penalties have declined to a level that would make it economically feasible to do so. During 2015, we made \$198.4 million of principal payments, including the repayment of 13 mortgages in full for \$191.0 million.

Term Loans

In June 2015, in conjunction with entering into our new credit facility, we entered into a \$250 million senior unsecured term loan maturing June 30, 2020. Borrowing under this term loan bears interest at LIBOR, plus 0.95%. In conjunction with this term loan, we also entered into an interest rate swap which effectively fixes our per annum interest rate on this term loan at 2.67%.

In January 2013, in conjunction with our acquisition of American Realty Capital Trust, ARCT, we entered into a \$70 million senior unsecured term loan maturing in January 2018. Borrowing under the term loan bears interest at LIBOR, plus 1.20%. In conjunction with this term loan, we also acquired an interest rate swap which effectively fixes our per annum interest rate on this term loan at 2.15%.

No Unconsolidated Investments

We have no unconsolidated investments, nor do we engage in trading activities involving energy or commodity contracts.

Corporate Responsibility

We are committed to providing an engaging, diverse, and safe work environment for our employees, to upholding our corporate responsibilities as a public company operating for the benefit of our shareholders, and to operating our company in an environmentally conscious manner. As The Monthly Dividend Company®, our mission is to provide monthly dividends to our shareholders that increase over time. How we manage and use the physical, financial and talent resources that enable us to achieve this mission, demonstrates our commitment to corporate responsibility.

Social Responsibility and Ethics. An extension of our mission is our commitment to being socially responsible and conducting our business according to the highest ethical standards. Our employees are awarded compensation that is in line with those of our peers and competitors, including generous healthcare benefits for employees and their families; participation in a 401(k) plan with a matching contribution by Realty Income; competitive paid time-off benefits; and an infant-at-work program for new parents. Our employees have access to members of our Board of Directors to report anonymously, if desired, any suspicion of misconduct by any member of our senior management or executive team. We also have a longstanding commitment to equal employment opportunity and adhere to all Equal Employer Opportunity Policy guidelines. We apply the principles of full and fair disclosure in all of our business dealings, as outlined in our Corporate Code of Business Ethics. We are also committed to dealing fairly with all of our customers,

suppliers, and competitors.

Realty Income and our employees have taken an active role in supporting our communities through civic involvement with charitable organizations and corporate donation. Focusing our impact on social and environmentally sustainable areas our non-profit partnerships have resulted in 600 employee volunteer hours, employee and corporate donations to fund local affordable housing, education services to at-risk youth, funding local foodbanks, and toys for under-served children. Our dedication to be a responsible corporate citizen has a direct and positive impact in the communities in which we operate and contributes to the strength of our reputation and our financial performance.

Corporate Governance. We believe that a company's reputation for integrity and serving its shareholders responsibly is of utmost importance. We are committed to managing the company for the benefit of our shareholders and are focused on maintaining good corporate governance. Practices that illustrate this commitment include:

- Our Board of Directors is comprised of eight directors, seven of which are independent, non-employee directors;
- Our Board of Directors is elected on an annual basis;
- We employ a majority vote standard for uncontested elections;

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- Our Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors works with independent consultants in conducting annual compensation reviews for our key executives, and compensates each individual based on primarily reaching certain performance metrics that determine the success of our company; and
- We adhere to all other corporate governance principles outlined in our Corporate Governance Guidelines document on our website.

Environmental Practices. Our focus on conservationism is demonstrated by how we manage our day-to-day activities at our corporate headquarters. At our headquarters, we promote energy efficiency and encourage practices such as powering down office equipment at the end of the day, implementing file-sharing technology and automatic duplex mode to limit paper use, adopting an electronic approval system, and carpooling to our headquarters. With respect to technology, recycling and reuse practices, we encourage the use of recycled products and the recycling of materials during our operations. Cell phones, wireless devices and office equipment are recycled or donated whenever possible. In addition, our headquarters was constructed according to the State of California energy efficiency standards (specifically following California Green Building Standards Code and Title 24 of the California Code of Regulations), with features such as an automatic lighting control system with light-harvesting technology, a Building Management System that monitors and controls energy use, an energy-efficient PVC roof and heating and cooling system, and drought-tolerant landscaping with recycled materials.

The properties in our portfolio are net leased to our tenants who are responsible for maintaining the buildings and are in control of their energy usage and environmental sustainability practices. We remain active in working with our tenants to promote environmental responsibility at the properties we own.

PROPERTY PORTFOLIO INFORMATION

At December 31, 2015, we owned a diversified portfolio:

- Of 4,538 properties;
- With an occupancy rate of 98.4%, or 4,467 properties leased and 71 properties available for lease;
- Leased to 240 different commercial tenants doing business in 47 separate industries;
- Located in 49 states and Puerto Rico;
- With over 76.0 million square feet of leasable space; and

- With an average leasable space per property of approximately 16,750 square feet; approximately 11,550 square feet per retail property and 216,550 square feet per industrial property.

At December 31, 2015, of our 4,538 properties, 4,467 were leased under net lease agreements. A net lease typically requires the tenant to be responsible for monthly rent and certain property operating expenses including property taxes, insurance, and maintenance. In addition, our tenants are typically subject to future rent increases based on increases in the consumer price index (typically subject to ceilings), additional rent calculated as a percentage of the tenants' gross sales above a specified level, or fixed increases.

At December 31, 2015, our 240 commercial tenants, which we define as retailers with over 50 locations and non-retailers with over \$500 million in annual revenues, represented approximately 95% of our annualized revenue. We had 279 additional tenants, representing approximately 5% of our annualized revenue at December 31, 2015, which brings our total tenant count to 519 tenants.

Table of Contents**Industry Diversification**

The following table sets forth certain information regarding Realty Income's property portfolio classified according to the business of the respective tenants, expressed as a percentage of our total rental revenue:

	Percentage of Rental Revenue(1)					
	For the Quarter Ended December 31, 2015	Dec 31, 2015	Dec 31, 2014	For the Years Ended Dec 31, 2013	Dec 31, 2012	Dec 31, 2011
<u>Retail industries</u>						
Apparel stores	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	1.9%	1.7%	1.4%
Automotive collision services	0.9	1.0	0.8	0.8	1.1	0.9
Automotive parts	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.2
Automotive service	1.9	1.9	1.8	2.1	3.1	3.7
Automotive tire services	2.8	2.9	3.2	3.6	4.7	5.6
Book stores	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.1
Child care	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.8	4.5	5.2
Consumer electronics	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.5
Convenience stores	8.8	9.2	10.1	11.2	16.3	18.5
Crafts and novelties	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.2
Dollar stores	8.8	8.9	9.6	6.2	2.2	-
Drug stores	10.9	10.6	9.5	8.1	3.5	3.8
Education	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.7
Entertainment	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.9	1.0
Equipment services	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Financial services	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	0.2	0.2
General merchandise	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.6
Grocery stores	2.8	3.0	3.0	2.9	3.7	1.6
Health and fitness	8.4	7.7	7.0	6.3	6.8	6.4
Health care	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	-	-
Home furnishings	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.1
Home improvement	2.5	2.4	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.7
Jewelry	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-	-
Motor vehicle dealerships	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.1	2.2
Office supplies	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.8	0.9
Pet supplies and services	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.7
Restaurants - casual dining	3.7	3.8	4.3	5.1	7.3	10.9
Restaurants - quick service	4.5	4.2	3.7	4.4	5.9	6.6
Shoe stores	0.5	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Sporting goods	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.7	2.5	2.7
Theaters	5.0	5.1	5.3	6.2	9.4	8.8
Transportation services	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
Wholesale clubs	3.7	3.8	4.1	3.9	3.2	0.7
Other	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.1
Retail industries	81.4%	81.1%	80.4%	79.8%	86.7%	88.6%

Table of Contents**Industry Diversification (continued)**

	For the Quarter Ended December 31, 2015	Percentage of Rental Revenue(1)				
		Dec 31, 2015	Dec 31, 2014	For the Years Ended		Dec 31, 2011
				Dec 31, 2013	Dec 31, 2012	
<u>Non-retail industries</u>						
Aerospace	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	0.9	0.5
Beverages	2.5	2.7	2.8	3.3	5.1	5.6
Consumer appliances	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.1	-
Consumer goods	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.1	-
Crafts and novelties	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-	-
Diversified industrial	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.2	0.1	-
Electric utilities	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	-	-
Equipment services	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2
Financial services	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.3
Food processing	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.3	0.7
General merchandise	0.3	0.3	0.3	-	-	-
Government services	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	0.1	0.1
Health care	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	*	*
Home furnishings	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	-	-
Insurance	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	-
Machinery	*	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	-
Other manufacturing	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	-	-
Packaging	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.4
Paper	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1
Shoe stores	0.2	0.2	0.8	0.9	-	-
Telecommunications	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7
Transportation services	5.5	5.3	5.1	5.3	2.2	1.6
Other	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	1.0	1.2
Non-retail industries	18.6%	18.9%	19.6%	20.2%	13.3%	11.4%
Totals	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

* Less than 0.1%

(1) Includes rental revenue for all properties owned by Realty Income at the end of each period presented, including revenue from properties reclassified as discontinued operations. Excludes revenue from properties owned by Crest Net Lease, Inc., or Crest.

Table of Contents**Property Type Composition**

The following table sets forth certain property type information regarding Realty Income's property portfolio as of December 31, 2015 (dollars in thousands):

Property Type	Number of Properties	Approximate Leasable Square Feet	Rental Revenue for the Quarter Ended December 31, 2015(1)	Percentage of Rental Revenue
Retail	4,378	50,592,800	\$ 199,518	79.0%
Industrial (2)	101	21,871,200	32,423	12.8
Office	44	3,403,200	15,329	6.1
Agriculture	15	184,500	5,330	2.1
Totals	4,538	76,051,700	\$ 252,600	100.0%

(1) Includes rental revenue for all properties owned by Realty Income at December 31, 2015. Excludes revenue of \$63 from properties owned by Crest and \$68 from sold properties that were included in continuing operations.

(2) Includes 14 Industrial properties formerly classified as Manufacturing properties which represent approximately 2% of rental revenue for the quarter ended December 31, 2015. These properties are principally distribution facilities used for light assemblage, processing, and/or storage. We re-classified these properties to our Industrial category to better reflect their use and to clarify the categorization of our properties.

Tenant Diversification

The following table sets forth the largest tenants in Realty Income's property portfolio, expressed as a percentage of total rental revenue at December 31, 2015:

Tenant	Number of Properties	% of Rental Revenue
Walgreens	176	6.9%
FedEx	39	5.2%
Dollar General	524	4.6%
LA Fitness	46	4.2%
Dollar Tree / Family Dollar	457	4.2%
Circle K / The Pantry	302	3.0%
AMC Theaters	20	2.7%
BJ's Wholesale Clubs	15	2.6%
Diageo	17	2.4%
Regal Cinemas	23	2.1%
GPM Investments / Fas Mart	217	2.1%
Rite Aid	68	2.0%
Northern Tier Retail / SuperAmerica	134	2.0%
Life Time Fitness	9	2.0%
CVS Pharmacy	56	1.9%
TBC Corporation	149	1.7%
Walmart / Sam's Club	19	1.3%

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NPC International	202	1.3%
FreedomRoads / Camping World	18	1.2%
Smart & Final	36	1.1%

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Table of Contents**Service Category Diversification for our Retail Properties**

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the 4,378 retail properties included in the 4,538 total properties owned by Realty Income at December 31, 2015, classified according to the business types and the level of services they provide at the property level (dollars in thousands):

	Number of Retail Properties	Retail Rental Revenue for the Quarter Ended December 31, 2015(1)	Percentage of Retail Rental Revenue
<u>Tenants Providing Services</u>			
Automotive collision services	49	\$ 2,367	1.2%
Automotive service	236	4,826	2.4
Child care	206	5,040	2.5
Education	15	863	0.4
Entertainment	10	1,188	0.6
Equipment services	2	310	0.2
Financial services	118	3,256	1.6
Health and fitness	87	21,232	10.7
Health care	26	1,093	0.6
Theaters	45	12,691	6.4
Transportation services	2	229	0.1
Other	8	70	*
	804	53,165	26.7
<u>Tenants Selling Goods and Services</u>			
Automotive parts (with installation)	63	1,504	0.8
Automotive tire services	186	7,124	3.6
Convenience stores	762	22,210	11.1
Motor vehicle dealerships	22	4,047	2.0
Pet supplies and services	13	735	0.4
Restaurants - casual dining	298	8,714	4.4
Restaurants - quick service	498	11,463	5.7
	1,842	55,797	28.0
<u>Tenants Selling Goods</u>			
Apparel stores	28	5,067	2.5
Automotive parts	78	2,170	1.1
Book stores	1	104	*
Consumer electronics	7	803	0.4
Crafts and novelties	11	1,175	0.6
Dollar stores	981	22,120	11.1
Drug stores	293	26,119	13.1
General merchandise	71	3,666	1.8
Grocery stores	70	7,110	3.5
Home furnishings	59	1,744	0.9
Home improvement	54	5,605	2.8
Jewelry	4	175	0.1
Office supplies	9	765	0.4
Shoe stores	2	176	0.1
Sporting goods	32	4,390	2.2
Wholesale clubs	32	9,367	4.7
	1,732	90,556	45.3
Total Retail Properties	4,378	\$ 199,518	100.0%

* Less than 0.1%

(1) Includes rental revenue for all retail properties owned by Realty Income at December 31, 2015. Excludes revenue of \$53,085 from non-retail properties, \$63 from properties owned by Crest and \$68 from sold properties that were included in continuing operations.

Table of Contents**Lease Expirations**

The following table sets forth certain information regarding Realty Income's property portfolio regarding the timing of the lease term expirations (excluding rights to extend a lease at the option of the tenant) on our 4,448 net leased, single-tenant properties as of December 31, 2015 (dollars in thousands):

Year	Total Portfolio(1)					Initial Expirations(3)				Subsequent Expirations(4)		
	Number of Leases Expiring		Approx. Leasable Sq. Feet	Rental Revenue for the Quarter Ended	% of Total Rental Revenue	Number of Leases Expiring	Rental Revenue for the Quarter Ended	% of Total Rental Revenue	Number of Leases Expiring	Rental Revenue for the Quarter Ended	% of Total Rental Revenue	
				Dec 31, 2015 (2)			Dec 31, 2015			Dec 31, 2015		
Retail	Non-Retail											
2016	146	-	913,200	\$ 3,315	1.3%	63	\$ 1,295	0.5%	83	\$ 2,020	0.8%	
2017	202	1	2,040,400	5,987	2.4	54	2,559	1.0	149	3,428	1.4	
2018	298	9	3,892,100	12,182	4.9	170	8,431	3.4	137	3,751	1.5	
2019	248	10	3,878,400	13,359	5.4	174	11,143	4.5	84	2,216	0.9	
2020	184	12	4,180,700	13,110	5.3	114	10,709	4.3	82	2,401	1.0	
2021	252	13	5,579,900	15,849	6.3	184	13,933	5.6	81	1,916	0.7	
2022	233	17	7,456,000	15,104	6.0	220	14,308	5.7	30	796	0.3	
2023	353	20	6,458,700	21,920	8.8	358	21,028	8.4	15	892	0.4	
2024	193	12	4,168,500	11,504	4.6	195	11,222	4.5	10	282	0.1	
2025	322	16	5,556,000	20,347	8.2	311	19,595	7.9	27	752	0.3	
2026	243	3	3,141,500	11,469	4.6	234	11,124	4.5	12	345	0.1	
2027	491	3	5,443,000	20,453	8.2	460	19,064	7.6	34	1,389	0.6	
2028	287	5	5,986,900	16,193	6.5	283	15,930	6.5	9	263	*	
2029	396	4	6,488,200	19,469	7.8	371	19,193	7.7	29	276	0.1	
2030	80	11	1,703,100	11,474	4.6	80	11,319	4.5	11	155	0.1	
2031 - 2043	361	23	7,467,400	37,706	15.1	342	37,216	14.9	42	490	0.2	
Totals	4,289	159	74,354,000	\$ 249,441	100.0%	3,613	\$ 228,069	91.5%	835	\$ 21,372	8.5%	

* Less than 0.1%

(1) Excludes 19 multi-tenant properties and 71 vacant properties. The lease expirations for properties under construction are based on the estimated date of completion of those properties.

(2) Excludes revenue of \$3,160 from 19 multi-tenant properties and from 71 vacant properties at December 31, 2015, \$68 from sold properties included in continuing operations and \$63 from properties owned by Crest.

(3) Represents leases to the initial tenant of the property that are expiring for the first time.

(4) Represents lease expirations on properties in the portfolio, which have previously been renewed, extended or re-tenanted.

Table of Contents**Geographic Diversification**

The following table sets forth certain state-by-state information regarding Realty Income's property portfolio as of December 31, 2015 (dollars in thousands):

State	Number of Properties	Percent Leased	Approximate Leasable Square Feet	Rental Revenue for the Quarter Ended December 31, 2015(1)	Percentage of Rental Revenue
Alabama	149	99%	1,220,600	\$ 4,093	1.6%
Alaska	3	100	275,900	681	0.3
Arizona	109	98	1,611,600	6,227	2.5
Arkansas	54	100	797,400	1,749	0.7
California	167	100	5,273,700	24,773	9.8
Colorado	70	99	1,003,000	3,999	1.6
Connecticut	24	91	534,900	2,502	1.0
Delaware	18	100	93,000	495	0.2
Florida	329	99	3,976,700	14,693	5.8
Georgia	239	99	3,348,000	10,396	4.1
Hawaii	--	--	--	--	--
Idaho	12	100	87,000	739	0.3
Illinois	161	99	4,578,500	13,337	5.3
Indiana	145	100	1,456,700	6,955	2.8
Iowa	38	95	2,936,000	4,004	1.6
Kansas	90	98	1,643,400	4,166	1.6
Kentucky	61	98	1,023,000	3,744	1.5
Louisiana	91	99	1,029,500	3,098	1.2
Maine	10	90	145,300	889	0.4
Maryland	35	100	861,300	4,485	1.8
Massachusetts	82	96	760,400	3,482	1.4
Michigan	148	99	1,537,200	5,797	2.3
Minnesota	155	99	1,376,800	8,215	3.3
Mississippi	132	98	1,608,200	4,116	1.6
Missouri	139	96	2,810,000	8,621	3.4
Montana	4	100	67,100	190	0.1
Nebraska	37	100	780,400	2,815	1.1
Nevada	22	100	413,000	773	0.3
New Hampshire	19	100	315,800	1,475	0.6
New Jersey	70	99	697,400	4,339	1.7
New Mexico	30	100	293,200	883	0.3
New York	90	99	2,422,600	12,310	4.9
North Carolina	155	99	2,120,900	6,778	2.7
North Dakota	7	100	66,000	136	0.1
Ohio	235	97	6,013,000	13,711	5.4
Oklahoma	128	99	1,532,100	4,015	1.6
Oregon	27	100	593,400	2,040	0.8
Pennsylvania	148	99	1,854,500	7,332	2.9
Rhode Island	4	100	157,200	809	0.3
South Carolina	137	99	996,000	4,659	1.8
South Dakota	13	100	152,100	274	0.1
Tennessee	221	96	2,769,700	7,538	3.0
Texas	449	98	8,298,200	23,401	9.1
Utah	17	100	890,500	1,975	0.8
Vermont	5	100	98,000	482	0.2
Virginia	143	98	2,893,300	7,543	3.0
Washington	42	98	690,800	2,882	1.1
West Virginia	13	100	272,500	979	0.4
Wisconsin	53	100	1,598,000	3,635	1.4
Wyoming	4	100	49,600	221	0.1
Puerto Rico	4	100	28,300	149	0.1
Totals\Average	4,538	98%	76,051,700	\$ 252,600	100.0%

(1) Includes rental revenue for all properties owned by Realty Income at December 31, 2015. Excludes revenue of \$63 from properties owned by Crest and \$68 from sold properties that were included in continuing operations.

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Annual Report on Form 10-K, including the documents incorporated by reference, contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. When used in this annual report, the words *estimated*, *anticipated*, *expect*, *believe*, *intend* and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include discussions of strategy, plans, or intentions of management. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, and assumptions about Realty Income Corporation, including, among other things:

- Our anticipated growth strategies;
- Our intention to acquire additional properties and the timing of these acquisitions;
- Our intention to sell properties and the timing of these property sales;
- Our intention to re-lease vacant properties;
- Anticipated trends in our business, including trends in the market for long-term, net leases of freestanding, single-tenant properties; and
- Future expenditures for development projects.

Future events and actual results, financial and otherwise, may differ materially from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements. In particular, some of the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially are:

- Our continued qualification as a real estate investment trust;
- General business and economic conditions;
- Competition;
- Fluctuating interest rates;
- Access to debt and equity capital markets;
- Continued volatility and uncertainty in the credit markets and broader financial markets;
- Other risks inherent in the real estate business including tenant defaults, potential liability relating to environmental matters, illiquidity of real estate investments, and potential damages from natural disasters;

- Impairments in the value of our real estate assets;
- Changes in the tax laws of the United States of America;
- The outcome of any legal proceedings to which we are a party or which may occur in the future;
and
- Acts of terrorism and war.

Additional factors that may cause risks and uncertainties include those discussed in the sections entitled Business , Risk Factors and Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in this Annual Report.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date that this annual report was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC. While forward-looking statements reflect our good faith beliefs, they are not guarantees of future performance. We undertake no obligation to publicly release the results of any revisions to these forward-looking statements that may be made to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this annual report or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. In light of these risks and uncertainties, the forward-looking events discussed in this annual report might not occur.

Item 1A: Risk Factors

This Risk Factors section contains references to our capital stock and to our stockholders. Unless expressly stated otherwise, the references to our capital stock represent our common stock and any class or series of our preferred stock, while the references to our stockholders represent holders of our common stock and any class or series of our preferred stock.

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In order to grow we need to continue to acquire investment properties. The acquisition of investment properties may be subject to competitive pressures.

We face competition in the acquisition and operation of our properties. We expect competition from:

- Businesses;
- Individuals;
- Fiduciary accounts and plans; and
- Other entities engaged in real estate investment and financing.

Some of these competitors are larger than we are and have greater financial resources. This competition may result in a higher cost for properties we wish to purchase.

Negative market conditions or adverse events affecting our existing or potential tenants, or the industries in which they operate, could have an adverse impact on our ability to attract new tenants, re-lease space, collect rent or renew leases, which could adversely affect our cash flow from operations and inhibit growth.

Cash flow from operations depends in part on our ability to lease space to tenants on economically favorable terms. We could be adversely affected by various facts and events over which we have limited or no control, such as:

- Lack of demand in areas where our properties are located;
- Inability to retain existing tenants and attract new tenants;
- Oversupply of space and changes in market rental rates;
- Declines in our tenants' creditworthiness and ability to pay rent, which may be affected by their operations, economic downturns and competition within their industries from other operators;
- Defaults by and bankruptcies of tenants, failure of tenants to pay rent on a timely basis, or failure of tenants to comply with their contractual obligations;
- Economic or physical decline of the areas where the properties are located; and
- Deterioration of physical condition of our properties.

At any time, any tenant may experience a downturn in its business that may weaken its operating results or overall financial condition. As a result, a tenant may delay lease commencement, fail to make rental payments when due, decline to extend a lease upon its expiration, become insolvent, or declare bankruptcy. Any tenant bankruptcy or insolvency, leasing delay or failure to make rental payments when due could result in the termination of the tenant's lease and material losses to us.

If tenants do not renew their leases as they expire, we may not be able to rent or sell the properties. Furthermore, leases that are renewed, and some new leases for properties that are re-leased, may have terms that are less economically favorable than expiring lease terms, or may require us to incur significant costs, such as renovations, tenant improvements, or lease transaction costs. Negative market conditions may cause us to sell vacant properties for less than their carrying value, which could result in impairments. Any of these events could adversely affect cash flow from operations and our ability to make distributions to stockholders and service indebtedness. A significant portion of the costs of owning property, such as real estate taxes, insurance, and maintenance, are not necessarily reduced when circumstances cause a decrease in rental revenue from the properties. In a weakened financial condition, tenants may not be able to pay these costs of ownership and we may be unable to recover these operating expenses from them.

Further, the occurrence of a tenant bankruptcy or insolvency could diminish the income we receive from the tenant's lease or leases. In addition, a bankruptcy court might authorize the tenant to terminate its leases with us. If that happens, our claim against the bankrupt tenant for unpaid future rent would be subject to statutory limitations that most likely would result in rent payments that would be substantially less than the remaining rent we are owed under the leases or we may elect not to pursue claims against a tenant for terminated leases. In addition, any claim we have for unpaid past rent, if any, may not be paid in full, or at all. Moreover, in the case of a tenant's leases that are not terminated as the result of its bankruptcy, we may be required or elect to reduce the rent payable under those leases or provide other concessions, reducing amounts we receive under those leases. As a result, tenant bankruptcies may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations. Any of these events could adversely affect our cash flow from operations and our ability to make distributions to stockholders and service our indebtedness.

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Seventy-one of our properties were available for lease or sale at December 31, 2015, all of which were single-tenant properties. At December 31, 2015, forty-six of our properties under lease were unoccupied and available for sublease by the tenants, all of which were current with their rent and other obligations. During 2015, each of our tenants accounted for less than 10% of our rental revenue.

For 2015, our tenants in the drug store industry accounted for approximately 10.9% of our rental revenue. A downturn in this industry, whether nationwide or limited to specific sectors of the United States, or a change in legislation relating to prescription drugs, could adversely affect tenants in this industry, which in turn could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations, our ability to pay the principal of and interest on our debt securities and other indebtedness and to make distributions on our common stock, including the common stock offered hereby, and preferred stock.

Individually, each of the other industries in our property portfolio accounted for less than 10% of our rental revenue for 2015. Nevertheless, downturns in these industries could also adversely affect our tenants, which in turn could also have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and our ability to pay the principal of and interest on our debt securities and other indebtedness and to make distributions on our common stock, and preferred stock. In addition, we may in the future make additional investments in the drug store industry, which would increase this industry's percentage of our rental revenues, thereby increasing the effect that such a downturn in this industry would have on us.

In addition, some of our properties are leased to tenants that may have limited financial and other resources, and therefore, they are more likely to be adversely affected by a downturn in their respective businesses or in the regional, national, or international economy.

Furthermore, we have made and may continue to make selected acquisitions of properties that fall outside our historical focus on freestanding, single-tenant, net lease locations in the United States. We may be exposed to a variety of new risks by expanding into new property types and/or new jurisdictions outside the United States and properties leased to tenants engaged in non-retail businesses. These risks may include limited experience in managing certain types of new properties, new types of real estate locations and lease structures, and the laws and culture of any non-U.S. jurisdiction.

As a property owner, we may be subject to unknown environmental liabilities.

Investments in real property can create a potential for environmental liability. An owner of property can face liability for environmental contamination created by the presence or discharge of hazardous substances on the property. We can face such liability regardless of:

- Our knowledge of the contamination;
- The timing of the contamination;
- The cause of the contamination; or

- The party responsible for the contamination of the property.

There may be environmental conditions associated with our properties of which we are unaware. In that regard, a number of our properties are leased to operators of convenience stores that sell petroleum-based fuels, as well as to operators of oil change and tune-up facilities and operators that use chemicals and other waste products. These facilities, and some other of our properties, use, or may have used in the past, underground lifts or underground tanks for the storage of petroleum-based or waste products, which could create a potential for the release of hazardous substances.

The presence of hazardous substances on a property may adversely affect our ability to lease or sell that property and we may incur substantial remediation costs or third party liability claims. Although our leases generally require our tenants to operate in compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local environmental laws, ordinances and regulations, and to indemnify us against any environmental liabilities arising from the tenants' activities on the property, we could nevertheless be subject to liability, including strict liability, by virtue of our ownership interest. There also can be no assurance that our tenants could or would satisfy their indemnification obligations under their leases. The discovery of environmental liabilities attached to our properties could have an adverse effect on our results of operations, our financial condition, or our ability to make distributions to stockholders and to pay the principal of and interest on our debt securities and other indebtedness.

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In addition, several of our properties were built during the period when asbestos was commonly used in building construction and we may acquire other buildings with asbestos in the future. Environmental laws govern the presence, maintenance, and removal of asbestos-containing materials, or ACMs, and require that owners or operators of buildings containing asbestos properly manage and maintain the asbestos, that they adequately inform or train those who may come into contact with asbestos and that they undertake special precautions, including removal or other abatement in the event that asbestos is disturbed during renovation or demolition of a building. These laws may impose fines and penalties on building owners or operators for failure to comply with these requirements and may allow third parties to seek recovery from owners or operators for personal injury associated with exposure to asbestos fibers.

It is possible that our insurance could be insufficient to address any particular environmental situation and/or that, in the future, we could be unable to obtain insurance for environmental matters at a reasonable cost, or at all. Our tenants are generally responsible for, and indemnify us against, liabilities for environmental matters that arise during the lease terms as a result of tenants' activities on the properties. For properties that have underground storage tanks, in addition to providing an indemnity in our favor, the tenants generally are required to meet applicable state financial assurance obligations, including maintaining certain minimum net worth requirements, obtaining environmental insurance, or relying upon the state trust funds where available in the states where these properties are located to reimburse responsible parties for costs of environmental remediation. However, it is possible that one or more of our tenants could fail to have sufficient funds to cover any such indemnification or to meet applicable state financial assurance obligations, and thus we may still be obligated to pay for any such environmental liabilities.

Compliance. We have not been notified by any governmental authority, and are not otherwise aware, of any material noncompliance, liability, or claim relating to hazardous substances, toxic substances, or petroleum products in connection with any of our properties. In addition, we believe we are in compliance in all material respects with all present federal, state, and local laws relating to ACMs. Nevertheless, if environmental contamination should exist, we could be subject to liability, including strict liability, by virtue of our ownership interest.

Insurance and Indemnity. In July 2012, we entered into a ten-year environmental insurance policy that expires in July 2022 and replaced our previous seven-year environmental insurance policy. The limits on our current policy are \$10 million per occurrence and \$60 million in the aggregate. The limits on the excess policy are \$5 million per occurrence and \$10 million in the aggregate. Therefore, the primary and excess ten-year policies together provide a total limit of \$15 million per occurrence and \$70 million in the aggregate.

It is possible that our insurance could be insufficient to address any particular environmental situation and that, in the future, we could be unable to obtain insurance for environmental matters at a reasonable cost, or at all. Our tenants are generally responsible for, and indemnify us against, liabilities for environmental matters that occur on our properties. For properties that have underground storage tanks, in addition to providing an indemnity in our favor, the tenants generally obtain environmental insurance or rely upon the state funds in the states where these properties are located to reimburse tenants for environmental remediation.

If we fail to qualify as a real estate investment trust, the amount of dividends we are able to pay would decrease, which could adversely affect the market price of our capital stock and could adversely affect the value of our debt securities.

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Commencing with our taxable year ended December 31, 1994, we believe that we have been organized and have operated, and we intend to continue to operate, so as to qualify as a REIT under Sections 856 through 860 of the Code. However, we cannot assure you that we have been organized or have operated in a manner that has satisfied the requirements for qualification as a REIT, or that we will continue to be organized or operate in a manner that will allow us to continue to qualify as a REIT.

Qualification as a REIT involves the satisfaction of numerous requirements under highly technical and complex Code provisions, for which there are only limited judicial and administrative interpretations, as well as the determination of various factual matters and circumstances not entirely within our control.

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For example, in order to qualify as a REIT, at least 95% of our gross income in each year must be derived from qualifying sources, and we must pay distributions to stockholders aggregating annually at least 90% of our taxable income (excluding net capital gains).

In the future, it is possible that legislation, new regulations, administrative interpretations, or court decisions will change the tax laws with respect to qualification as a REIT, or the federal income tax consequences of such qualification.

If we fail to satisfy all of the requirements for qualification as a REIT, we may be subject to certain penalty taxes or, in some circumstances, we may fail to qualify as a REIT. If we were to fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year:

- We would be required to pay federal income tax (including any applicable alternative minimum tax) on our taxable income at regular corporate rates;
- We would not be allowed a deduction for amounts distributed to our stockholders in computing our taxable income;
- We could be disqualified from treatment as a REIT for the four taxable years following the year during which qualification is lost;
- We would no longer be required to make distributions to stockholders; and
- This treatment would substantially reduce amounts available for investment or distribution to stockholders because of the additional tax liability for the years involved, which could have a material adverse effect on the market price of our capital stock and the value of our debt securities.

Even if we qualify for and maintain our REIT status, we may be subject to certain federal, state, and local taxes on our income and property. For example, if we have net income from a prohibited transaction, that income will be subject to a 100% tax. In addition, our taxable REIT subsidiaries, including Crest, are subject to federal and state taxes at the applicable tax rates on their income and property. Any failure to comply with legal and regulatory tax obligations could adversely affect our ability to conduct business and could adversely affect the market price of our capital stock and the value of our debt securities.

Distribution requirements imposed by law limit our flexibility.

To maintain our status as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we generally are required to distribute to our stockholders at least 90% of our taxable income, excluding net capital gains, each year. We also are subject to tax at regular corporate rates to the extent that we distribute less than 100% of our taxable income (including net capital gains) each year.

In addition, we are subject to a 4% nondeductible excise tax to the extent that we fail to distribute during any calendar year at least the sum of 85% of our ordinary income for that calendar year, 95% of our capital gain net income for the calendar year, and any amount of that income that was not distributed in prior years.

We intend to continue to make distributions to our stockholders to comply with the distribution requirements of the Code as well as to reduce our exposure to federal income taxes and the nondeductible excise tax. Differences in timing between the receipt of income and the payment of expenses to arrive at taxable income, along with the effect of required debt amortization payments, could require us to borrow funds on a short-term basis to meet the distribution requirements that are necessary to achieve the tax benefits associated with qualifying as a REIT.

Future issuances of equity securities could dilute the interest of holders of our common stock.

Our future growth will depend, in large part, upon our ability to raise additional capital. If we were to raise additional capital through the issuance of equity securities, we could dilute the interests of holders of our common stock. The interests of our common stockholders could also be diluted by the issuance of shares of common stock pursuant to stock incentive plans. Likewise, our Board of Directors is authorized to cause us to issue preferred stock of any class or series (with dividend, voting and other rights as determined by our Board of Directors). Accordingly, our Board of Directors may authorize the issuance of preferred stock with voting, dividend and other similar rights that could dilute, or otherwise adversely affect, the interest of holders of our common stock.

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We may acquire properties or portfolios of properties through tax deferred contribution transactions, which could result in stockholder dilution and limit our ability to sell or refinance such assets.

We have in the past and may in the future acquire properties or portfolios of properties through tax deferred contribution transactions in exchange for partnership units in an operating partnership, which could result in stockholder dilution through the issuance of operating partnership units that, under certain circumstances, may be exchanged for shares of our common stock. This acquisition structure may have the effect of, among other things, reducing the amount of tax depreciation we could deduct over the tax life of the acquired properties, and may require that we agree to restrictions on our ability to dispose of, or refinance the debt on, the acquired properties in order to protect the contributors' ability to defer recognition of taxable gain. Similarly, we may be required to incur or maintain debt we would otherwise not incur so we can allocate the debt to the contributors to maintain their tax bases. These restrictions could limit our ability to sell or refinance an asset at a time, or on terms, that would be favorable absent such restrictions.

We are subject to risks associated with debt and capital stock financing.

We intend to incur additional indebtedness in the future, including borrowings under our new \$2.0 billion unsecured revolving credit facility. At December 31, 2015, we had \$238.0 million of outstanding borrowings under our revolving credit facility, a total of \$3.65 billion of outstanding unsecured senior debt securities (excluding unamortized original issuance discounts of \$13.3 million), \$320 million of borrowings outstanding under a senior unsecured term loan and approximately \$637.7 million of outstanding mortgage debt (excluding net premiums totaling \$9.1 million on these mortgages). To the extent that new indebtedness is added to our current debt levels, the related risks that we now face would increase. As a result, we are and will be subject to risks associated with debt financing, including the risk that our cash flow could be insufficient to make required payments on our debt. We also face variable interest rate risk as the interest rates on our revolving credit facility and some of our mortgage debt are variable and could therefore increase over time. We also face the risk that we may be unable to refinance or repay our debt as it comes due. Given past disruptions in the financial markets and the ongoing global financial crisis, we also face the risk that one or more of the participants in our revolving credit facility may not be able to lend us money.

In addition, our revolving credit facility, our term loan facilities, and mortgage loan documents contain provisions that could limit or, in certain cases, prohibit the payment of dividends and other distributions on our common stock and preferred stock. In particular, our revolving credit facility and our \$250 million term loan facility, both of which are governed by the same credit agreement, provide that, if an event of default (as defined in the credit agreement) exists, neither we nor any of our subsidiaries (other than our wholly-owned subsidiaries) may make any dividends or other distributions on (except distributions payable in shares of a given class of our stock to the stockholders of that class), or repurchase or redeem, among other things, any shares of our common stock or preferred stock, during any period of four consecutive fiscal quarters in an aggregate amount in excess of the greater of:

- The sum of (a) 95% of our adjusted funds from operations (as defined in the credit agreement) for that period plus (b) the aggregate amount of cash distributions on our preferred stock for that period, and
- The minimum amount of cash distributions required to be made to our stockholders in order to maintain our status as a REIT for federal income tax purposes and to avoid the payment of any income or excise taxes that would otherwise be imposed under specified sections of the Code on income we do not distribute to our stockholders,

except that we may repurchase or redeem shares of our preferred stock with the net proceeds from the issuance of shares of our common stock or preferred stock. The credit agreement further provides that, in the event of a failure to pay principal, interest or

any other amount payable thereunder when due or upon the occurrence of certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization with respect to us or with respect to one or more of our subsidiaries that in the aggregate meet a significance test set forth in the credit agreement, we and our subsidiaries (other than our wholly-owned subsidiaries) may not pay any dividends or other distributions on (except for (a) distributions payable in shares of a given class of our stock to the stockholders of that class and (b) dividends and distributions described in the second bullet point above), or repurchase or redeem, among other things, any shares of our common stock or preferred stock. If any such event of default under the credit agreement were to occur, it would likely have a material adverse effect on the market price of our outstanding common stock and preferred stock and on the market value of our debt securities, could limit the amount of dividends or other distributions payable on our common stock and preferred stock or prevent us from paying those dividends or other distributions altogether, and may adversely affect our ability to qualify, or prevent us from qualifying, as a REIT. Likewise, one of our subsidiaries is the borrower under our \$70.0 million term loan facility and that facility requires that this subsidiary maintain its consolidated tangible net worth (as defined in the term loan facility) above a certain minimum dollar amount and comply with certain other financial covenants. This minimum consolidated tangible net worth covenant may limit the ability of this subsidiary, as well as other subsidiaries that are owned by this subsidiary, to provide funds to us in order to pay dividends and other distributions on our common stock, including the shares of common stock offered hereby, and preferred stock and amounts due on our indebtedness. Any failure by this subsidiary to comply with these financial covenants will, and any failure by this subsidiary to comply with other covenants in our \$70.0 million term loan facility may, result in an event of default under that facility, which could have adverse consequences similar to those that may result from an event of default under our revolving credit facility as described above.

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Our indebtedness could also have other important consequences to holders of our common stock, preferred stock, and debt securities, including:

- Increasing our vulnerability to general adverse economic and industry conditions;
- Limiting our ability to obtain additional financing to fund future working capital, acquisitions, capital expenditures and other general corporate requirements;
- Requiring the use of a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations for the payment of principal and interest on our indebtedness, thereby reducing our ability to use our cash flow to fund working capital, acquisitions, capital expenditures, and general corporate requirements;
- Limiting our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business and our industry; and
- Putting us at a disadvantage compared to our competitors with less indebtedness.

If we default under a credit facility, loan agreement or other debt instrument, the lenders will generally have the right to demand immediate repayment of the principal and interest on all of their loans and, in the case of secured indebtedness, to exercise their rights to seize and sell the collateral.

In addition, we have 16,350,000 shares of Class F preferred stock outstanding, the holders of which are entitled to receive, before any dividends are paid on our common stock, monthly dividends, when, as and if authorized by our board of directors and declared by us, at the rate of \$1.65625 per annum per share. As a result, we are subject to risks associated with preferred stock financing, including the risk that our cash flow will be insufficient to pay dividends on our preferred stock.

Our business operations may not generate the cash needed to make distributions on our capital stock or to service our indebtedness.

Our ability to make distributions on our common stock and preferred stock and payments on our indebtedness, and to fund planned acquisitions and capital expenditures will depend on our ability to generate cash in the future. We cannot assure you that our business will generate sufficient cash flow from operations or that future borrowings will be available to us in an amount sufficient to enable us to make distributions on our common stock and preferred stock, to pay our indebtedness, or to fund our other liquidity needs.

The market value of our capital stock and debt securities could be substantially affected by various factors.

The market value of our capital stock and debt securities will depend on many factors, which may change from time to time and may be outside of our control, including:

- Prevailing interest rates, increases in which may have an adverse effect on the market value of our capital stock and debt securities;
- The market for similar securities issued by other REITs;
- General economic and financial market conditions;
- The financial condition, performance and prospects of us, our tenants and our competitors;
- Changes in legal and regulatory taxation obligations;
- Litigation and regulatory proceedings;
- Changes in financial estimates or recommendations by securities analysts with respect to us, our competitors or our industry;
- Changes in our credit ratings; and
- Actual or anticipated variations in quarterly operating results of us and our competitors.

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In addition, over the last several years, prices of common stock and debt securities in the United States, or U.S., trading markets have been experiencing extreme price fluctuations, and the market values of our common stock and debt securities have also fluctuated significantly during this period. As a result of these and other factors, investors who purchase our capital stock and debt securities may experience a decrease, which could be substantial and rapid, in the market value of our capital stock and debt securities, including decreases unrelated to our operating performance or prospects.

Real estate ownership is subject to particular conditions that may have a negative impact on our revenue.

We are subject to all of the inherent risks associated with the ownership of real estate. In particular, we face the risk that rental revenue from our properties may be insufficient to cover all corporate operating expenses, debt service payments on indebtedness we incur, and distributions on our capital stock. Additional real estate ownership risks include:

- Adverse changes in general or local economic conditions;
- Changes in supply of, or demand for, similar or competing properties;
- Changes in interest rates and operating expenses;
- Competition for tenants;
- Changes in market rental rates;
- Inability to lease properties upon termination of existing leases;
- Renewal of leases at lower rental rates;
- Inability to collect rents from tenants due to financial hardship, including bankruptcy;
- Changes in tax, real estate, zoning and environmental laws that may have an adverse impact upon the value of real estate;
- Uninsured property liability;
- Property damage or casualty losses;
- Unexpected expenditures for capital improvements, including requirements to bring properties into compliance with applicable federal, state and local laws;
- The need to periodically renovate and repair our properties;
- Development oriented activities;

- Physical or weather-related damage to properties;
- The potential risk of functional obsolescence of properties over time;
- Acts of terrorism and war; and
- Acts of God and other factors beyond the control of our management.

Real estate property investments are illiquid; therefore, the company may not be able to dispose of properties when desired or on favorable terms.

Real estate investments are relatively illiquid. Our ability to quickly sell or exchange any of our properties in response to changes in economic and other conditions will be limited. No assurances can be given that we will recognize full value, at a price and at terms that are acceptable to us, for any property that we are required to sell for liquidity reasons. Our inability to respond rapidly to changes in the performance of our investments could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

Our acquisition of additional properties may have a significant effect on our business, liquidity, financial position and/or results of operations.

We are engaged in the process of identifying, analyzing, underwriting, and negotiating possible acquisition transactions. We cannot provide any assurances that we will be successful in consummating future acquisitions on favorable terms or that we will realize the benefits that we anticipate from such acquisitions. Our inability to consummate one or more acquisitions on such terms, our failure to adequately underwrite and identify risks and obligations when acquiring properties, or our failure to realize the intended benefits from one or more acquisitions, could have a significant adverse effect on our business, liquidity, financial position and/or results of operations, including as a result of our incurrence of additional indebtedness and related interest expense and our assumption of unforeseen contingent liabilities in connection with completed acquisitions.

An uninsured loss or a loss that exceeds the policy limits on our properties could subject us to lost capital or revenue on those properties.

Under the terms and conditions of the leases currently in force on our properties, tenants generally are required to indemnify and hold us harmless from liabilities resulting from injury to persons, air, water, land or property, due to activities conducted on the properties, except for claims arising from the negligence or intentional misconduct of us or our agents. Additionally, tenants are generally required, at the tenant's expense, to obtain and keep in full force during the term of the lease, liability and property damage insurance policies. The insurance policies our tenants are required to maintain for property damage are generally in amounts not less than the full replacement cost of the improvements less slab, foundations, supports and other customarily excluded improvements. Our tenants are generally required to maintain general liability coverage depending on the tenant and the industry in which the tenant operates.

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In addition to the indemnities and required insurance policies identified above, many of our properties are also covered by flood and earthquake insurance policies (subject to substantial deductibles) obtained and paid for by the tenants as part of their risk management programs. Additionally, we have obtained blanket liability, flood and earthquake (subject to substantial deductibles) and property damage insurance policies to protect us and our properties against loss should the indemnities and insurance policies provided by the tenants fail to restore the properties to their condition prior to a loss. However, should a loss occur that is uninsured or in an amount exceeding the combined aggregate limits for the policies noted above, or in the event of a loss that is subject to a substantial deductible under an insurance policy, we could lose all or part of our capital invested in, and anticipated revenue from, one or more of the properties, which could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition and on our ability to pay the principal of and interest on our debt securities and other indebtedness and to make distributions to our stockholders. We also face the risk that our insurance carriers may not be able to provide payment under any potential claims that might arise under the terms of our insurance policies, and we may not have the ability to purchase insurance policies we desire.

In addition, although we obtain title insurance policies of our properties to protect us and our properties against unknown title defects (such as claims of ownership, liens or other encumbrances), there may be certain title defects that our title insurance will not cover. If a material title defect related to any of our properties is not adequately covered by a title insurance policy, we could lose some or all of our capital invested in and our anticipated profits from such property, cause a financial misstatement or lead to reputational damage to the company.

Compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and fire, safety, and other regulations may require us to make unintended expenditures that could adversely impact our results of operations.

Our properties are generally required to comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, or the ADA. The ADA has separate compliance requirements for public accommodations and commercial facilities, but generally requires that buildings be made accessible to people with disabilities. Compliance with the ADA requirements could require removal of access barriers and non-compliance could result in imposition of fines by the U.S. government or an award of damages to private litigants. The retailers to whom we lease properties are obligated by law to comply with the ADA provisions, and we believe that these retailers may be obligated to cover costs associated with compliance. If required changes involve greater expenditures than anticipated, or if the changes must be made on a more accelerated basis than anticipated, the ability of these retailers to cover costs could be adversely affected and we could be required to expend our own funds to comply with the provisions of the ADA, which could materially adversely affect our results of operations or financial condition and our ability to pay the principal of and interest on our debt securities and other indebtedness and to make distributions to our stockholders. In addition, we are required to operate our properties in compliance with fire and safety regulations, building codes and other land use regulations, as they may be adopted by governmental agencies and bodies and become applicable to our properties. We may be required to make substantial capital expenditures to comply with those requirements and these expenditures could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition and our ability to pay the principal of and interest on our debt securities and other indebtedness and to make distributions to our stockholders.

Litigation risks could affect our business.

From time to time, we are involved in legal proceedings, lawsuits, and other claims. An unfavorable resolution of litigation may have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition. Regardless of its outcome, litigation may result in substantial costs and expenses and significantly divert the attention of management.

Property taxes may increase without notice.

The real property taxes on our properties and any other properties that we develop or acquire in the future may increase as property tax rates change and as those properties are assessed or reassessed by tax authorities.

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We depend on key personnel.

We depend on the efforts of our executive officers and key employees. The loss of the services of our executive officers and key employees could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition and on our ability to pay the principal and interest on our debt securities and other indebtedness and to make distributions to our stockholders. It is possible that we will not be able to recruit additional personnel with equivalent experience in the net lease industry.

Natural disasters, terrorist attacks, other acts of violence or war, or other unexpected events may affect the value of our debt and equity securities, the markets in which we operate and our results of operations.

Natural disasters, terrorist attacks, other acts of violence or war, or other unexpected events may negatively affect our operations, the market price of our capital stock and the value of our debt securities. There can be no assurance that events like these will not occur or have a direct impact on our tenants, our business or the United States generally.

If events like these were to occur, they could materially interrupt our business operations, cause consumer confidence and spending to decrease or result in increased volatility in the U.S. and worldwide financial markets and economy. They also could result in or prolong an economic recession in the U.S. or abroad. Any of these occurrences could have a significant adverse impact on our operating results and revenues and on the market price of our capital stock and on the value of our debt securities. It could also have an adverse effect on our ability to pay principal and interest on our debt securities or other indebtedness and to make distributions to our stockholders.

We rely on information technology in our operations, and any material failure, inadequacy, interruption or security failure of that technology could harm our business.

We rely on information technology networks and systems, including the Internet, to process, transmit and store electronic information and to manage or support a variety of our business processes, including financial transactions and maintenance of records, which may include personal identifying information. Although we have taken steps to protect the security of the data maintained in our information systems, our security measures may not be able to prevent the systems' improper functioning, or the theft of intellectual property, personal information, or personal property, such as in the event of cyber-attacks. Any failure to maintain proper function, security and availability of our information systems could interrupt our operations, result in theft of company assets, damage our reputation, subject us to liability claims and could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Disruptions in the financial markets could affect our ability to obtain financing on reasonable terms and have other adverse effects on us and the market price of our common stock.

Over the last several years, the United States stock and credit markets have experienced significant price volatility, dislocations and liquidity disruptions, which have caused market prices of many stocks and debt securities to fluctuate substantially and the spreads on prospective debt financings to widen considerably. In addition, the ongoing global financial crisis (which includes concerns that certain European countries may be unable to pay their national debt) has had a similar effect. These circumstances have materially impacted liquidity in the financial markets, making terms for certain financings less attractive, and in certain cases have resulted in the unavailability of certain types of financing. Unrest in certain Middle Eastern countries and resultant fluctuation in petroleum prices have added to the uncertainty in the capital markets. Continued uncertainty in the stock and credit markets may negatively impact our ability to access additional financing at reasonable terms, which may negatively affect our ability to make acquisitions. A prolonged downturn in the stock or credit markets may cause us to seek alternative sources of potentially less attractive financing, and may require us to adjust our business plan accordingly. In addition, these factors may make it more difficult

for us to sell properties or may adversely affect the price we receive for properties that we do sell, as prospective buyers may experience increased costs of financing or difficulties in obtaining financing. These events in the stock and credit markets may make it more difficult or costly for us to raise capital through the issuance of our common stock or preferred stock or debt securities. These disruptions in the financial markets also may have a material adverse effect on the market value of our common stock, preferred stock and debt securities, the income we receive from our properties and the lease rates we can charge for our properties, as well as other unknown adverse effects on us or the economy in general.

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Inflation may adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

Although inflation has not materially impacted our results of operations in the recent past, increased inflation could have a more pronounced negative impact on any variable rate debt we incur in the future and on our results of operations. During times when inflation is greater than increases in rent, as provided for in our leases, rent increases may not keep up with the rate of inflation. Likewise, even though net leases reduce our exposure to rising property expenses due to inflation, substantial inflationary pressures and increased costs may have an adverse impact on our tenants if increases in their operating expenses exceed increases in revenue, which may adversely affect the tenants' ability to pay rent.

Current volatility in market and economic conditions may impact the accuracy of the various estimates used in the preparation of our financial statements and footnotes to the financial statements.

Various estimates are used in the preparation of our financial statements, including estimates related to asset and liability valuations (or potential impairments), and various receivables. Often these estimates require the use of market data values that are currently difficult to assess, as well as estimates of future performance or receivables collectability that can also be difficult to accurately predict. Although management believes it has been prudent and used reasonable judgment in making these estimates, it is possible that actual results may differ from these estimates.

Inherent limitations of internal controls over financial statements and safeguarding of assets may adversely impact our financial condition and results of operations.

Our internal controls over financial reporting and our operating internal controls may not prevent or detect financial misstatements or loss of assets because of inherent limitations, including the possibility of human error, the circumvention or overriding of controls, or fraud. Effective internal controls can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement accuracy and safeguarding of assets. Any failure of these internal controls could result in decreased investor confidence in the accuracy and completeness of our financial reports, civil litigation or investigations by the NYSE, the SEC or other regulatory authorities, which may adversely impact our financial condition and results of operations.

Changes in accounting standards may adversely impact our financial condition and results of operations.

The Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, in conjunction with the SEC, has several key projects on their agenda that could impact how we currently account for our material transactions, including lease accounting and other convergence projects with the International Accounting Standards Board. At this time, we are unable to predict with certainty which, if any, proposals may be passed or what level of impact any such proposal could have on the presentation of our consolidated financial statements, our results of operations and our financial ratios required by our debt covenants.

Our business could be negatively affected as a result of actions of activist stockholders and shareholder advisory firms.

Campaigns by stockholders to effect changes at publicly traded companies are sometimes led by investors seeking to increase short-term stockholder value through actions such as financial restructuring, increased debt, special dividends, stock repurchases or sales of assets or the entire company. If we become engaged in a process or proxy contest with an activist stockholder in the future, our business could be adversely affected, as such activities could be costly and time-consuming, disrupt our operations and divert the attention of management and our employees from executing our business plan. Additionally, perceived uncertainties as to our future direction as a result of stockholder activism or actual or potential changes to the composition of our Board of Directors or management team may lead to the perception of a change in the direction of our business, instability or lack of continuity, which

may be exploited by our competitors, cause concern to current or potential sellers of properties, tenants and financing sources, and make it more difficult to attract and retain qualified personnel. If potential or existing sellers of properties, tenants or financing sources choose to delay, defer or reduce transactions with us or transact with our competitors instead of us because of any such issues, then our results of operations could be adversely affected. Similarly, we may suffer damage to our reputation (for example, regarding our corporate governance or stockholder relations) or brand by way of actions taken or statements made by outside constituents, including activist investors and shareholder advisory firms, which could adversely affect the market price of our common stock and preferred stock and the value of our debt securities, including the notes, resulting in significant loss of value, which could impact our ability to access capital, increase our cost of capital, and decrease our ability to acquire properties on attractive terms.

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Our charter contains restrictions upon ownership of our common stock.

Our charter contains restrictions on ownership and transfer of our common stock intended to, among other purposes, assist us in maintaining our status as a REIT for United States federal and/or state income tax purposes. For example, our charter restricts any person from acquiring actual or constructive ownership of more than 9.8% (in value or number of shares, whichever is more restrictive) of our outstanding common stock. These restrictions could have anti-takeover effects and could reduce the possibility that a third party will attempt to acquire control of us, which could adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

Item 1B: Unresolved Staff comments

There are no unresolved staff comments.

Item 2: Properties

Information pertaining to our properties can be found under Item 1.

Item 3: Legal Proceedings

We are subject to certain claims and lawsuits in the ordinary course of business, the outcome of which cannot be determined at this time. In the opinion of management, any liability we might incur upon the resolution of these claims and lawsuits will not, in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Item 4: Mine Safety Disclosures

None.

Table of Contents**PART II****Item 5: Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities**

A. Our common stock is traded on the NYSE under the ticker symbol **O**. The following table shows the high and low sales prices per share for our common stock as reported by the NYSE, and distributions declared per share of common stock for the periods indicated.

	Price Per Share of Common Stock			Distributions Declared (1)
	High	Low		
2015				
First Quarter	\$ 52.41	\$ 45.65	\$	0.5675000
Second Quarter	48.88	43.15		0.5690000
Third Quarter	52.66	44.23		0.5705000
Fourth Quarter	55.54	47.95		0.5720000
Total			\$	2.2790000
2014				
First Quarter	\$ 45.11	\$ 37.01	\$	0.5468126
Second Quarter	44.98	40.21		0.5477501
Third Quarter	45.83	40.56		0.5486876
Fourth Quarter	49.65	40.71		0.5496251
Total			\$	2.1928754

(1) Common stock cash distributions are declared monthly by us based on financial results for the prior months. At December 31, 2015, a distribution of \$0.191 per common share had been declared and was paid in January 2016.

B. There were 10,051 registered holders of record of our common stock as of December 31, 2015. We estimate that our total number of shareholders is over 354,000 when we include both registered and beneficial holders of our common stock.

C. During the fourth quarter of 2015, 225 shares of stock, at a price of \$49.61, and 18,645 shares of stock, at a price of \$51.63, were withheld for state and federal payroll taxes on the vesting of employee stock awards, as permitted under the 2012 Incentive Award Plan of Realty Income Corporation.

Table of Contents**Item 6: Selected Financial Data***(not covered by Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm)**(dollars in thousands, except for per share data)*

As of or for the years ended December 31,	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Total assets (book value)	\$ 11,865,870	\$ 11,012,622	\$ 9,924,441	\$ 5,429,348	\$ 4,404,492
Cash and cash equivalents	40,294	3,852	10,257	5,248	4,165
Total debt	4,841,486	4,930,947	4,166,840	2,869,853	2,040,284
Total liabilities	5,312,537	5,371,523	4,503,083	3,016,554	2,149,638
Total equity	6,553,333	5,641,099	5,421,358	2,412,794	2,254,854
Net cash provided by operating activities	692,303	627,692	518,906	326,469	298,952
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	36,442	(6,405)	5,009	1,083	(13,442)
Total revenue	1,023,285	933,505	780,209	484,581	413,544
Income from continuing operations	284,855	269,140	180,613	141,895	140,659
Income from discontinued operations	-	2,800	65,670	17,257	16,373
Net income	284,855	271,940	246,283	159,152	157,032
Preferred stock dividends	(27,080)	(37,062)	(41,930)	(40,918)	(24,253)
Excess of redemption value over carrying value of preferred shares redeemed	-	(6,015)	-	(3,696)	-
Net income available to common stockholders	256,686	227,558	203,634	114,538	132,779
Cash distributions paid to common stockholders	533,238	479,256	409,222	236,348	219,297
Basic and diluted net income per common share	1.09	1.04	1.06	0.86	1.05
Cash distributions paid per common share	2.271417	2.191625	2.147459	1.771625	1.736625
Cash distributions declared per common share	2.279000	2.192875	2.177875	1.777875	1.737875
Basic weighted average number of common shares outstanding	235,767,932	218,390,885	191,754,857	132,817,472	126,142,696
Diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding	236,208,390	218,767,885	191,781,622	132,884,933	126,189,399

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Item 7: **Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

GENERAL

Realty Income, The Monthly Dividend Company®, is an S&P 500 real estate company with the primary business objective of generating dependable monthly cash dividends from a consistent and predictable level of cash flow from operations. Our monthly dividends are supported by the cash flow from our property portfolio. We have in-house acquisition, portfolio management, asset management, credit research, real estate research, legal, finance and accounting, information technology, and capital markets capabilities. Over the past 47 years, Realty Income has been acquiring and managing freestanding commercial properties that generate rental revenue under long-term net lease agreements.

Realty Income (NYSE: O) was founded in 1969, and listed on the New York Stock Exchange, or NYSE, in 1994. We elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust, or REIT, requiring us to distribute dividends to our stockholders aggregating at least 90% of our taxable income (excluding net capital gains).

We seek to increase earnings and distributions to stockholders through active portfolio management, asset management and the acquisition of additional properties.

At December 31, 2015, we owned a diversified portfolio:

- Of 4,538 properties;
- With an occupancy rate of 98.4%, or 4,467 properties leased and 71 properties available for lease;
- Leased to 240 different commercial tenants doing business in 47 separate industries;
- Located in 49 states and Puerto Rico;
- With over 76.0 million square feet of leasable space; and
- With an average leasable space per property of approximately 16,750 square feet; approximately 11,550 square feet per retail property and 216,550 square feet per industrial property.

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Of the 4,538 properties in the portfolio, 4,519, or 99.6%, are single-tenant properties, and the remaining are multi-tenant properties. At December 31, 2015, of the 4,519 single-tenant properties, 4,448 were leased with a weighted average remaining lease term (excluding rights to extend a lease at the option of the tenant) of approximately 10.0 years.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Capital Philosophy

Historically, we have met our long-term capital needs by issuing common stock, preferred stock and long-term unsecured notes and bonds. Over the long term, we believe that common stock should be the majority of our capital structure; however, we may issue additional preferred stock or debt securities. We may issue common stock when we believe that our share price is at a level that allows for the proceeds of any offering to be accretively invested into additional properties. In addition, we may issue common stock to permanently finance properties that were financed by our credit facility or debt securities. However, we cannot assure you that we will have access to the capital markets at times and at terms that are acceptable to us.

Our primary cash obligations, for the current year and subsequent years, are included in the Table of Obligations, which is presented later in this section. We expect to fund our operating expenses and other short-term liquidity requirements, including property acquisitions and development costs, payment of principal and interest on our outstanding indebtedness, property improvements, re-leasing costs and cash distributions to common and preferred stockholders, primarily through cash provided by operating activities, borrowing on our new \$2.0 billion credit facility and periodically through public securities offerings.

Conservative Capital Structure

We believe that our stockholders are best served by a conservative capital structure. Therefore, we seek to maintain a conservative debt level on our balance sheet and solid interest and fixed charge coverage ratios. At December 31, 2015, our total outstanding borrowings of senior unsecured notes and bonds, term loans, mortgages payable and credit facility borrowings were \$4.85 billion, or approximately 26.6% of our total market capitalization of \$18.22 billion.

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We define our total market capitalization at December 31, 2015 as the sum of:

- Shares of our common stock outstanding of 250,416,757, plus total common units outstanding of 648,386, multiplied by the last reported sales price of our common stock on the NYSE of \$51.63 per share on December 31, 2015, or \$12.96 billion;
- Aggregate liquidation value (par value of \$25.00 per share) of the Class F preferred stock of \$408.8 million;
- Outstanding borrowings of \$238.0 million on our new credit facility;
- Outstanding mortgages payable of \$637.7 million, excluding net mortgage premiums of \$9.1 million;
- Outstanding borrowings of \$320.0 million on our term loans; and
- Outstanding senior unsecured notes and bonds of \$3.65 billion, excluding unamortized original issuance discounts of \$13.3 million.

Mortgage Debt

As of December 31, 2015, we had \$637.7 million of mortgages payable, all of which were assumed in connection with our property acquisitions. Additionally, at December 31, 2015, we had net premiums totaling \$9.1 million on these mortgages. We expect to pay off the mortgages payable as soon as prepayment penalties have declined to a level that will make it economically feasible to do so. During 2015, we made \$198.4 million of principal payments, including the repayment of 13 mortgages in full for \$191.0 million.

Term Loans

In June 2015, in conjunction with entering into our new credit facility, we entered into a \$250 million senior unsecured term loan maturing June 30, 2020. Borrowing under this term loan bears interest at the current one month LIBOR, plus 0.95%. In conjunction with this term loan, we also entered into an interest rate swap which effectively fixes our per annum interest rate on this term loan at 2.67%.

In January 2013, in conjunction with our acquisition of ARCT, we entered into a \$70 million senior unsecured term loan maturing in January 2018. Borrowing under the term loan bears interest at LIBOR, plus 1.20%. In conjunction with this term loan, we also acquired an interest rate swap which effectively fixes our per annum interest rate on this term loan at 2.15%.

\$2.0 Billion Revolving Credit Facility

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In June 2015, we entered into a new \$2 billion unsecured revolving credit facility, or our new credit facility, which replaced our \$1.5 billion credit facility that was scheduled to expire in May 2016. The initial term of our new credit facility expires in June 2019 and includes, at our option, two six-month extensions. Our new credit facility has a \$1.0 billion accordion expansion option. Under our new credit facility, our current investment grade credit ratings provide for financing at LIBOR, plus 0.9% with a facility commitment fee of 0.15%, for all-in drawn pricing of 1.05% over LIBOR. The borrowing rate is subject to an interest rate floor. We also have other interest rate options available to us under our new credit facility. Our new credit facility is unsecured and, accordingly, we have not pledged any assets as collateral for this obligation.

At December 31, 2015, we had a borrowing capacity of \$1.76 billion available on our new credit facility and an outstanding balance of \$238.0 million. The interest rate on borrowings outstanding under our new credit facility, at December 31, 2015, was 1.2% per annum. We must comply with various financial and other covenants in our credit facility. At December 31, 2015, we remain in compliance with these covenants. We expect to use our new credit facility to acquire additional properties and for other general corporate purposes. Any additional borrowings will increase our exposure to interest rate risk.

We generally use our credit facility for the short-term financing of new property acquisitions. Thereafter, we generally seek to refinance those borrowings with the net proceeds of long-term or permanent financing, which may include the issuance of common stock, preferred stock or debt securities. We cannot assure you, however, that we will be able to obtain any such refinancing, or that market conditions prevailing at the time of the refinancing will enable us to issue equity or debt securities at acceptable terms.

Notes Outstanding

As of December 31, 2015, we had \$3.65 billion of senior unsecured note and bond obligations, excluding unamortized original issuance discounts of \$13.3 million. All of our outstanding notes and bonds have fixed interest rates. Interest on all of our senior note and bond obligations is paid semiannually.

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Cash Reserves

We are organized to operate as an equity REIT that acquires and leases properties and distributes to stockholders, in the form of monthly cash distributions, a substantial portion of our net cash flow generated from leases on our properties. We intend to retain an appropriate amount of cash as working capital. At December 31, 2015, we had cash and cash equivalents totaling \$40.3 million.

We believe that our cash and cash equivalents on hand, cash provided from operating activities, and borrowing capacity is sufficient to meet our liquidity needs for the next twelve months. We intend, however, to use permanent or long-term capital to fund property acquisitions and to repay future borrowings under our new credit facility.

Acquisitions During 2015

During 2015, we invested \$1.26 billion in 286 new properties and properties under development or expansion, with an initial weighted average contractual lease rate of 6.6%. The 286 new properties and properties under development or expansion are located in 40 states, will contain approximately 6.2 million leasable square feet, and are 100% leased with a weighted average lease term of 16.5 years. The tenants occupying the new properties operate in 21 industries and the property types consist of 87.3% retail and 12.7% industrial, based on rental revenue. During 2015, none of our real estate investments caused any one tenant to be 10% or more of our total assets at December 31, 2015.

The estimated initial weighted average contractual lease rate for a property is generally computed as estimated contractual net operating income, which, in the case of a net leased property, is equal to the aggregate base rent for the first full year of each lease, divided by the total cost of the property. Since it is possible that a tenant could default on the payment of contractual rent, we cannot provide assurance that the actual return on the funds invested will remain at the percentages listed above.

In the case of a property under development or expansion, the contractual lease rate is generally fixed such that rent varies based on the actual total investment in order to provide a fixed rate of return. When the lease does not provide for a fixed rate of return on a property under development or expansion, the estimated initial weighted average contractual lease rate is computed as follows: estimated net operating income (determined by the lease) for the first full year of each lease, divided by our projected total investment in the property, including land, construction and capitalized interest costs. Of the \$1.26 billion we invested during 2015, \$45.8 million was invested in 35 properties under development or expansion with an estimated initial weighted average contractual lease rate of 9.7%. We may continue to pursue development or expansion opportunities under similar arrangements in the future.

Portfolio Discussion

Leasing Results

At December 31, 2015, we had 71 properties available for lease out of 4,538 properties in our portfolio, which represents a 98.4% occupancy rate based on the number of properties in our portfolio. Since December 31, 2014, when we reported 70 properties available for lease out of 4,327 and a 98.4% occupancy rate, we:

- Had 283 lease expirations;
- Re-leased 253 properties; and
- Sold 29 vacant properties.

Of the 253 properties re-leased during 2015, 216 properties were re-leased to existing tenants, seven were re-leased to new tenants without vacancy, and 30 were re-leased to new tenants after a period of vacancy. The annual rent on these 253 leases was \$37.46 million, as compared to the previous rent on these same properties of \$37.12 million, which represents a rent recapture rate of 100.9% on the properties re-leased during 2015.

At December 31, 2015, our average annualized rental revenue was approximately \$13.31 per square foot on the 4,467 leased properties in our portfolio. At December 31, 2015, we classified ten properties with a carrying amount of \$9.8 million as held for sale on our balance sheet. The expected disposal of these properties does not represent a strategic shift that will have a major effect on our operations and financial results.

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Investments in Existing Properties

In 2015, we capitalized costs of \$11.5 million on existing properties in our portfolio, consisting of \$748,000 for re-leasing costs, \$7.6 million for recurring capital expenditures and \$3.2 million for non-recurring building improvements. In 2014, we capitalized costs of \$6.0 million on existing properties in our portfolio.

As part of our re-leasing costs, we typically pay leasing commissions and sometimes provide tenant rent concessions. Leasing commissions are paid based on the commercial real estate industry standard and any rent concessions provided are minimal. We do not consider the collective impact of the leasing commissions or tenant rent concessions to be material to our financial position or results of operations.

The majority of our building improvements relate to roof repairs, HVAC improvements, and parking lot resurfacing and replacements. It is not customary for us to offer significant tenant improvements on our properties as tenant incentives. The amounts of our capital expenditures can vary significantly, depending on the rental market, tenant credit worthiness, the lease term and the willingness of tenants to pay higher rents over the terms of the leases.

Impact of Real Estate and Credit Markets

In the commercial real estate market, property prices generally continue to fluctuate. Likewise, during certain periods, the U.S. credit markets have experienced significant price volatility, dislocations, and liquidity disruptions, which may impact our access to and cost of capital. We continually monitor the commercial real estate and U.S. credit markets carefully and, if required, will make decisions to adjust our business strategy accordingly.

Increases in Monthly Dividends to Common Stockholders

We have continued our 47-year policy of paying monthly dividends. In addition, we increased the dividend five times during 2015, and two times during 2016. As of February 2016, we have paid 73 consecutive quarterly dividend increases and increased the dividend 84 times since our listing on the NYSE in 1994.

2015 Dividend increases	Month Declared	Month Paid	Dividend per share	Increase per share

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The dividends paid per share during 2015 totaled approximately \$2.2714167, as compared to approximately \$2.1916254 during 2014, an increase of \$0.0798, or 3.6%.

The monthly dividend of \$0.1985 per share represents a current annualized dividend of \$2.382 per share, and an annualized dividend yield of approximately 4.3% based on the last reported sale price of our common stock on the NYSE of \$55.79 on January 29, 2016. Although we expect to continue our policy of paying monthly dividends, we cannot guarantee that we will maintain our current level of dividends, that we will continue our pattern of increasing dividends per share, or what our actual dividend yield will be in any future period.

Universal Shelf Registration

In December 2015, we filed a shelf registration statement with the SEC, which is effective for a term of three years and will expire in December 2018. This replaced our prior shelf registration statement. In accordance with SEC rules, the amount of securities to be issued pursuant to this shelf registration statement was not specified when it was filed and there is no specific dollar limit. The securities covered by this registration statement include (1) common stock, (2) preferred stock, (3) debt securities, (4) depositary shares representing fractional interests in shares of preferred stock, (5) warrants to purchase debt securities, common stock, preferred stock, or depositary shares, and (6) any combination of these securities. We may periodically offer one or more of these securities in amounts, prices and on terms to be announced when and if these securities are offered. The specifics of any future offerings, along with the use of proceeds of any securities offered, will be described in detail in a prospectus supplement, or other offering materials, at the time of any offering.

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Issuance of Common Stock

In October 2015, we issued 11,500,000 shares of common stock, including 1,500,000 shares purchased by the underwriters upon the exercise of their option to purchase additional shares. After underwriting discounts and other offering costs of \$22.0 million, a portion of the net proceeds of \$517.1 million was used to repay borrowings under our new credit facility and the remaining portion was used for other general corporate purposes, including acquisitions.

In April 2015, we issued 5,500,000 shares of common stock. After underwriting discounts and other offering costs of \$1.4 million, the net proceeds of \$276.4 million were used to repay borrowings under our previous \$1.5 billion unsecured credit facility.

Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan

Our Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan, or the DRSP, provides our common stockholders, as well as new investors, with a convenient and economical method of purchasing our common stock and reinvesting their distributions. The DRSP also allows our current stockholders to buy additional shares of common stock by reinvesting all or a portion of their distributions. The DRSP authorizes up to 26,000,000 common shares to be issued. In 2013, we revised our DRSP so that we would pay for a majority of the plan-related fees, which were previously paid by investors, and to institute a waiver approval process, allowing larger investors or institutions, per a formal approval process, to purchase shares at a small discount, if approved by us. During 2015, we issued 7,608,354 shares and raised approximately \$363.0 million under the DRSP, of which 7,413,207 shares and \$353.7 million was raised under the waiver approval process.

At-the-Market (ATM) Program

In September 2015, we established an at the market equity distribution program, or our ATM program, pursuant to which we can offer and sell up to 12,000,000 shares of common stock to, or through a consortium of banks acting as our sales agents by means of ordinary brokers transactions on the NYSE or otherwise at market prices prevailing at the time of sale, at prices related to prevailing market prices or at negotiated prices. During 2015, we issued 714,301 shares and raised approximately \$36.3 million under the ATM program.

Credit Agency Ratings

The borrowing interest rates under our new credit facility are based upon our ratings assigned by credit rating agencies. We are currently assigned the following investment grade corporate credit ratings on our senior unsecured notes and bonds: Moody's Investors Service has assigned a rating of Baa1 with a stable outlook, Standard & Poor's Ratings Group has assigned a rating of BBB+ with a stable outlook to our senior notes, and Fitch Ratings has assigned a rating of BBB+ with a stable outlook.

Based on our current ratings, the current facility interest rate is LIBOR plus 0.9% with a facility commitment fee of 0.15%, for all-in drawn pricing of 1.05% over LIBOR. Our new credit facility provides that the interest rate can range between: (i) LIBOR plus 1.55% if our credit rating is lower than BBB-/Baa3 or unrated and (ii) LIBOR plus 0.85% if our credit rating is A-/A3 or higher. In addition, our credit facility provides for a facility commitment fee based on our credit ratings, which range from: (i) 0.3% for a rating lower than BBB-/Baa3 or unrated, and (ii) 0.125% for a credit rating of A-/A3 or higher.

We also issue senior debt securities from time to time and our credit ratings can impact the interest rates charged in those transactions. If our credit ratings or ratings outlook change, our cost to obtain debt financing could increase or decrease. The credit ratings assigned to us could change based upon, among other things, our results of operations and financial condition. These ratings are subject to ongoing evaluation by credit rating agencies and we cannot assure you that our ratings will not be changed or withdrawn by a rating agency in the future if, in its judgment, circumstances warrant. Moreover, a rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold our debt securities, preferred stock or common stock.

Table of Contents**Notes Outstanding**

Our senior unsecured note and bond obligations consist of the following as of December 31, 2015, sorted by maturity date (dollars in millions):

5.95% notes, issued in September 2006 and due in September 2016	\$	275
5.375% notes, issued in September 2005 and due in September 2017		175
2.0% notes, issued in October 2012 and due in January 2018		350
6.75% notes, issued in September 2007 and due in August 2019		550
5.75% notes, issued in June 2010 and due in January 2021		250
3.25% notes, issued in October 2012 and due in October 2022		450
4.65% notes, issued in July 2013 and due in August 2023		750
3.875% notes, issued in June 2014 and due in July 2024		350
4.125% notes, issued in September 2014 and due in October 2026		250
5.875% bonds, \$100 issued in March 2005 and \$150 issued in June 2011, both due in March 2035		250
Total principal amount	\$	3,650
Unamortized original issuance discounts		(13)
	\$	3,637

All of our outstanding notes and bonds have fixed interest rates and contain various covenants, which we remain in compliance with at December 31, 2015. Additionally, interest on all of our senior note and bond obligations is paid semiannually.

The following is a summary of the key financial covenants for our senior unsecured notes, as defined and calculated per the terms of our senior notes and bonds. These calculations, which are not based on U.S. GAAP measurements, are presented to investors to show our ability to incur additional debt under the terms of our senior notes and bonds as well as to disclose our current compliance with such covenants, and are not measures of our liquidity or performance. The actual amounts as of December 31, 2015 are:

Note Covenants	Required	Actual
Limitation on incurrence of total debt	≤ 60% of adjusted assets	39.0%
Limitation on incurrence of secured debt	≤ 40% of adjusted assets	5.2%
Debt service coverage (trailing 12 months)(1)	≥ 1.5 x	4.5x
Maintenance of total unencumbered assets	≥ 150% of unsecured debt	266.8%

(1) This covenant is calculated on a pro forma basis for the preceding four-quarter period on the assumptions that: (i) the incurrence of any Debt (as defined in the covenants) incurred by us since the first day of such four-quarter period and the application of the proceeds therefrom (including to refinance other Debt since the first day of such four-quarter period), (ii) the repayment or retirement of any of our Debt since the first day of such four-quarter period, and (iii) any acquisition or disposition by us of any asset or group since the first day of such four quarters had in each case occurred on January 1, 2015, and subject to certain additional adjustments. Such pro forma ratio has been prepared on the basis required by that debt service covenant, reflects various estimates and assumptions and is subject to other uncertainties, and therefore does not purport to reflect what our actual debt service coverage ratio would have been had transactions referred to in clauses (i), (ii) and (iii) of the preceding sentence occurred as of January 1, 2015, nor does it purport to reflect our debt service coverage ratio for any future period. The following is our calculation of debt service coverage at December 31, 2015 (in thousands, for trailing twelve months):

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Net income attributable to the Company	\$	283,766
Plus: interest expense		224,344
Plus: provision for taxes		3,169
Plus: depreciation and amortization		409,215
Plus: provisions for impairment		10,560
Plus: pro forma adjustments		35,457
Less: gain on sales of real estate		(22,243)
Income available for debt service, as defined	\$	944,268
Total pro forma debt service charge	\$	211,384
Debt service coverage ratio		4.5

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Fixed charge coverage ratio is calculated in exactly the same manner as the debt service coverage ratio, except that preferred stock dividends are also added to the denominator. Similar to debt service coverage ratio, we consider fixed charge coverage ratio to be an appropriate supplemental measure of a company's ability to make its interest and preferred stock dividend payments. Our calculations of both debt service and fixed charge coverage ratios may be different from the calculations used by other companies and, therefore, comparability may be limited. The presentation of debt service and fixed charge coverage ratios should not be considered as alternatives to any U.S. GAAP operating performance measures. Below is our calculation of fixed charges at December 31, 2015 (in thousands, for the trailing twelve months):

Income available for debt service, as defined	\$	944,268
Pro forma debt service charge plus preferred stock dividends	\$	238,464
Fixed charge coverage ratio		4.0

Table of Obligations

The following table summarizes the maturity of each of our obligations as of December 31, 2015 (dollars in millions):

Year of Maturity	Credit Facility(1)	Notes and Bonds(2)	Term Loan	Mortgages Payable(3)	Interest(4)	Ground Leases Paid by Realty Income(5)	Ground Leases Paid by Our Tenants(6)	Other(7)	Totals
2016	\$ -	\$ 275.0	\$ -	\$ 170.1	\$ 205.1	\$ 1.5	\$ 13.3	\$ 71.4	\$ 736.4
2017	-	175.0	-	142.9	180.1	1.5	13.3	-	512.8
2018	-	350.0	70.0	15.5	161.7	1.6	13.3	-	612.1
2019	238.0	550.0	-	26.3	145.0	1.4	13.2	-	973.9
2020	-	-	250.0	82.4	117.5	1.4	13.0	-	464.3
Thereafter	-	2,300.0	-	200.5	451.8	23.3	119.0	-	3,094.6
Totals	\$ 238.0	\$ 3,650.0	\$ 320.0	\$ 637.7	\$ 1,261.2	\$ 30.7	\$ 185.1	\$ 71.4	\$ 6,394.1

(1) The initial term of the credit facility expires in June 2019 and includes, at our option, two six-month extensions.

(2) Excludes non-cash original issuance discounts recorded on the notes payable. The unamortized balance of the original issuance discounts at December 31, 2015, is \$13.3 million.

(3) Excludes non-cash net premiums recorded on the mortgages payable. The unamortized balance of these net premiums at December 31, 2015, is \$9.1 million.

(4) Interest on the term loans, notes, bonds, mortgages payable, and credit facility has been calculated based on outstanding balances as of December 31, 2015 through their respective maturity dates.

(5) Realty Income currently pays the ground lessors directly for the rent under the ground leases.

(6) Our tenants, who are generally sub-tenants under ground leases, are responsible for paying the rent under these ground leases. In the event a tenant fails to pay the ground lease rent, we are primarily responsible.

(7) Other consists of \$70.6 million of commitments under construction contracts and \$714,000 of commitments for tenant improvements and leasing costs.

Our new credit facility, term loans, and notes payable obligations are unsecured. Accordingly, we have not pledged any assets as collateral for these obligations.

Preferred Stock and Preferred Units Outstanding

In 2006, we issued 8,800,000 shares of Class E preferred stock at a price of \$25.00 per share. In October 2014, we redeemed all of the 8,800,000 shares of our Class E preferred stock for \$25.00 per share, plus accrued dividends. In the third quarter of 2014, we incurred a charge of \$6.0 million, representing the Class E preferred stock original issuance costs that we paid in 2006.

In February 2012, we issued 14,950,000 shares of our Class F preferred stock at \$25.00 per share. In April 2012, we issued an additional 1,400,000 shares of Class F preferred stock at \$25.2863 per share. Beginning February 15, 2017, shares of our Class F preferred stock are redeemable at our option for \$25.00 per share, plus any accrued and unpaid dividends. Dividends on the shares of our Class F preferred stock are paid monthly in arrears. We are current on our obligations to pay dividends on our Class F preferred stock.

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As part of our acquisition of ARCT in January 2013, we issued 6,750 partnership units, with a carrying value of \$6.75 million. Payments on these preferred units were made monthly in arrears at rate of 2% per annum, or \$135,000, and are included in interest expense. In January 2015, we redeemed all 6,750 Tau Operating Partnership preferred units for \$1,000 per unit, plus accrued and unpaid distributions.

No Unconsolidated Investments

We have no unconsolidated investments, nor do we engage in trading activities involving energy or commodity contracts.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Critical Accounting Policies

Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP, and are the basis for our discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations. Preparing our consolidated financial statements requires us to make a number of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. We believe that we have made these estimates and assumptions in an appropriate manner and in a way that accurately reflects our financial condition. We continually test and evaluate these estimates and assumptions using our historical knowledge of the business, as well as other factors, to ensure that they are reasonable for reporting purposes. However, actual results may differ from these estimates and assumptions. This summary should be read in conjunction with the more complete discussion of our accounting policies and procedures included in note 2 to our consolidated financial statements.

In order to prepare our consolidated financial statements according to the rules and guidelines set forth by GAAP, many subjective judgments must be made with regard to critical accounting policies. One of these judgments is our estimate for useful lives in determining depreciation expense for our properties. Depreciation on a majority of our buildings and improvements is computed using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of 25 to 35 years for buildings and 4 to 20 years for improvements, which we believe are appropriate estimates of useful life. If we use a shorter or longer estimated useful life, it could have a material impact on our results of operations.

Management must make significant assumptions in determining the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed. When acquiring a property for investment purposes, we typically allocate the fair value of real estate acquired to: (1) land, (2) building and improvements, and (3) identified intangible assets and liabilities, based in each case on their estimated fair values. Intangible assets and liabilities consist of above-market or below-market lease value of in-place leases, the value of in-place leases, and tenant relationships, as applicable. In an acquisition of multiple properties, we must also allocate the purchase price among the properties. The allocation of the purchase price is based on our assessment of estimated fair value and is often based upon the expected future cash flows of the property and various characteristics of the market where the property is located. In addition, any assumed mortgages receivable or payable and any assumed or issued noncontrolling interests are recorded at their estimated fair values. The estimated fair values of our mortgages payable have been calculated by discounting the future cash flows using applicable interest rates that have been adjusted for factors, such as industry type, tenant investment grade, maturity date, and comparable borrowings for similar assets. The initial allocation of the purchase price is based on management's preliminary assessment, which may differ when final information becomes available. Subsequent adjustments made to the initial purchase price allocation are made within the allocation period, which does not exceed one year. The use of different assumptions in the allocation of the purchase price of the acquired properties and liabilities assumed could affect the timing of recognition of the related revenue and expenses.

Another significant judgment must be made as to if, and when, impairment losses should be taken on our properties when events or a change in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. A provision is made for impairment if estimated future operating cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) plus estimated disposition proceeds (undiscounted) are less than the current book value of the property. Key inputs that we utilize in this analysis include projected rental rates, estimated holding periods, historical sales and releases, capital expenditures, and property sales capitalization rates. If a property is held for sale, it is carried at the lower of carrying cost or estimated fair value, less estimated cost to sell. The carrying value of our real estate is the largest component of our consolidated balance sheets. Our strategy of primarily holding properties, long-term, directly decreases the likelihood of their carrying values not being recoverable, thus requiring the recognition of an impairment. However, if our strategy, or one or more of the above assumptions were to change in the future, an impairment may need to be recognized. If events should occur that require us to reduce the carrying value of our real estate by recording provisions for impairment, they could have a material impact on our results of operations.

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The following is a comparison of our results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013.

Rental Revenue

Rental revenue was \$976.9 million for 2015, as compared to \$893.5 million for 2014, an increase of \$83.4 million, or 9.3%. Rental revenue was \$748.2 million for 2013. The increase in rental revenue in 2015 compared to 2014 is primarily attributable to:

- The 248 properties (5.6 million square feet) we acquired in 2015, which generated \$41.9 million of rent in 2015;
- The 479 properties (9.3 million square feet) we acquired in 2014, which generated \$99.3 million of rent in 2015, compared to \$65.9 million in 2014, an increase of \$33.4 million;
- Same store rents generated on 3,636 properties (58.1 million square feet) during 2015 and 2014, increased by \$10.2 million, or 1.3%, to \$794.4 million from \$784.2 million;
- A net increase in straight-line rent and other non-cash adjustments to rent of \$4.0 million in 2015 as compared to 2014;
- A net decrease of \$8.4 million relating to properties sold in 2015 and during 2014 that were reported in continuing operations; and
- A net increase of \$2.3 million relating to the aggregate of (i) rental revenue from properties (137 properties comprising 1.2 million square feet) that were available for lease during part of 2015 or 2014, (ii) rental revenue for 22 properties under development, and (iii) lease termination settlements. In aggregate, the revenues for these items totaled \$26.5 million in 2015, compared to \$24.2 million in 2014.

For purposes of determining the same store rent property pool, we include all properties that were owned for the entire year-to-date period, for both the current and prior year, except for properties during the current or prior year that; (i) were vacant at any time, (ii) were under development or redevelopment, and (iii) were involved in eminent domain and rent was reduced. Each of the exclusions from the same store pool are separately addressed within the applicable sentences above, explaining the changes in rental revenue for the period.

Of the 4,538 properties in the portfolio at December 31, 2015, 4,519, or 99.6%, are single-tenant properties and the remaining are multi-tenant properties. Of the 4,519 single-tenant properties, 4,448, or 98.4%, were net leased with a weighted average remaining lease term (excluding rights to extend a lease at the option of the tenant) of approximately 10.0 years at December 31, 2015. Of our 4,448 leased single-tenant properties, 3,938 or 88.5% were under leases that provide for increases in rents through:

- Base rent increases tied to a consumer price index (typically subject to ceilings);

- Percentage rent based on a percentage of the tenants' gross sales;
- Fixed increases; or
- A combination of two or more of the above rent provisions.

Percentage rent, which is included in rental revenue, was \$4.5 million in 2015, \$3.6 million in 2014, and \$2.9 million in 2013. Percentage rent in 2015 was less than 1% of rental revenue and we anticipate percentage rent to be less than 1% of rental revenue in 2016.

Our portfolio of real estate, leased primarily to regional and national tenants under net leases, continues to perform well and provides dependable lease revenue supporting the payment of monthly dividends to our stockholders. At December 31, 2015, our portfolio of 4,538 properties was 98.4% leased with 71 properties available for lease, as compared to 98.4% leased, with 70 properties available for lease at December 31, 2014. It has been our experience that approximately 1% to 4% of our property portfolio will be unleased at any given time; however, it is possible that the number of properties available for lease could exceed these levels in the future.

Table of Contents**Tenant Reimbursements**

Contractually obligated reimbursements from tenants for recoverable real estate taxes and operating expenses were \$42.0 million in 2015, compared to \$37.1 million in 2014 and \$24.9 million in 2013. The increase in tenant reimbursements is primarily due to our acquisitions during 2014 and 2015. Our tenant reimbursements approximate our reimbursable property expenses for any given period.

Other Revenue

Other revenue, which comprises property-related revenue not included in rental revenue or tenant reimbursements, was \$4.4 million in 2015, compared to \$2.9 million in 2014 and \$7.0 million in 2013.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization was \$409.2 million for 2015, compared to \$374.7 million for 2014 and \$306.8 million for 2013. The increase in depreciation and amortization in 2015 and 2014 was primarily due to the acquisition of properties in 2014 and 2015, which was partially offset by property sales in those same periods. As discussed in the sections entitled Funds from Operations (FFO) Available to Common Stockholders and Adjusted Funds from Operations (AFFO) Available to Common Stockholders, depreciation and amortization is a non-cash item that is added back to net income available to common stockholders for our calculation of FFO and AFFO.

Interest Expense

The following is a summary of the components of our interest expense (dollars in thousands):

	2015	2014	2013
Interest on our credit facility, term loans, notes, mortgages and interest rate swaps	\$ 226,207	\$ 215,830	\$ 182,974
Credit facility commitment fees	2,854	2,661	1,930
Amortization of credit facility origination costs and deferred financing costs	8,741	8,219	7,434
(Gain) loss on interest rate swaps	3,043	1,349	(878)
Dividend on preferred shares subject to redemption	-	1,526	-
Amortization of net mortgage premiums	(7,482)	(12,891)	(9,481)
Capital lease obligation	310	116	-
Interest capitalized	(594)	(444)	(537)
Interest expense	\$ 233,079	\$ 216,366	\$ 181,442

Credit facility, term loans, mortgages and notes

Average outstanding balances (dollars in thousands)	\$ 5,030,532	\$ 4,628,438	\$ 3,892,089
Average interest rates	4.43%	4.62%	4.67%

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The increase in interest expense from 2014 to 2015 was primarily due to the June 2014 issuance of our 3.88% senior unsecured notes due July 2024, the September 2014 issuance of our 4.125% senior unsecured notes due October 2026, the interest expense on the \$250 million term loan that was entered into during June 2015, and the payoff of mortgages during 2015 which reduced the amortization of net mortgage premiums. Additionally, each quarter we adjust the carrying value of our interest rate swaps to fair value. Changes in the fair value of our interest rate swaps are recorded directly to interest expense. We recorded a loss on interest rate swaps of \$3.0 million and \$1.3 million during 2015 and 2014, respectively, and a gain on interest rate swaps of \$878,000 during 2013.

The increase in interest expense from 2013 to 2014 was primarily due to the July 2013 issuance of our 4.65% senior unsecured notes due August 2023, the June 2014 issuance of our 3.88% senior unsecured notes due July 2024, the September 2014 issuance of our 4.125% senior unsecured notes due October 2026, and an increase in mortgages payable. The increase was partially offset by slightly lower average interest rates and the repayment of our 5.375% senior unsecured notes in March 2013.

At December 31, 2015, the weighted average interest rate on our:

- Notes and bonds payable of \$3.65 billion (excluding unamortized original issuance discounts of \$13.3 million) was 4.7%;

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- Mortgages payable of \$637.7 million (excluding net premiums totaling \$9.1 million on these mortgages) was 5.0%;
- Credit facility outstanding borrowings of \$238.0 million was 1.2%;
- Term loans outstanding borrowings of \$320.0 million was 1.2%; and
- Combined outstanding notes, bonds, mortgages, term loan and credit facility borrowings of \$4.85 billion was 4.4%.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses decreased by \$1.8 million to \$49.3 million for 2015, compared to \$51.1 million in 2014. General and administrative expenses were \$56.9 million in 2013. Included in general and administrative expenses are acquisition transaction costs of \$913,000 for 2015, \$453,000 for 2014, and \$2.1 million for 2013. General and administrative expenses slightly decreased during 2015 primarily due to lower compensation costs, lower corporate insurance premiums, and lower proxy costs. General and administrative expenses decreased during 2014 primarily due to lower stock compensation costs, including the \$3.7 million for accelerated vesting that occurred in July 2013, and lower acquisition transaction costs. In January 2016, we had 132 employees, as compared to 125 employees in January 2015 and 116 employees in January 2014.

Dollars in thousands		2015		2014		2013
General and administrative expenses	\$	49,298	\$	51,085	\$	56,881
Total revenue(1)		981,270		896,499		761,159
General and administrative expenses as a percentage of total revenue		5.0%		5.7%		7.5%

(1) Excludes all tenant reimbursements revenue, as well as revenue included in discontinued operations and gain on sales.

Property Expenses (including tenant reimbursable expenses)

Property expenses consist of costs associated with unleased properties, leased properties and general portfolio expenses, as well as contractually obligated reimbursable costs from tenants for recoverable real estate taxes and operating expenses. Expenses related to unleased properties and expenses we are responsible for on some of the leased properties include, but are not limited to, property taxes, maintenance, insurance, utilities, property inspections, bad debt expense and legal fees. General portfolio expenses include, but are not limited to, insurance, legal, property inspections, and title search fees. At December 31, 2015, 71 properties were available for lease, as compared to 70 properties at December 31, 2014 and 70 properties at December 31, 2013.

Property expenses were \$55.4 million (including \$42.0 million in reimbursable expenses) in 2015 and \$53.9 million (including \$37.1 million in reimbursable expenses) in 2014 and \$38.9 million (including \$24.9 million in reimbursable expenses) in 2013. The increase in gross property expenses in 2015 is primarily attributable to the increased portfolio size, which contributed to higher contractually obligated reimbursements primarily due to our acquisitions during 2014 and 2015.

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While the gross property expenses have increased, our net property expenses (net of tenant reimbursements) has decreased during 2015 as compared to 2014. The net expenses have decreased primarily due to lower portfolio vacancy, lower property insurance premiums and fewer one-time maintenance expenses.

Dollars in thousands	2015		2014		2013	
Property expenses net of tenant reimbursements	\$	13,337	\$	16,753	\$	13,907
Total revenue(1)		981,270		896,499		761,159
Property expenses net of tenant reimbursements as a percentage of total revenue		1.4%		1.9%		1.8%

(1) Excludes all tenant reimbursements revenue, as well as revenue included in discontinued operations and gain on sales.

Income Taxes

Income taxes were \$3.2 million in 2015, compared to \$3.5 million in 2014 and \$2.4 million in 2013. These amounts are for city and state income and franchise taxes paid by Realty Income and its subsidiaries. The increase for 2014 is primarily related to higher city and state income and franchise taxes paid by Realty Income and its subsidiaries, primarily related to increased portfolio size.

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Provisions for Impairment

In 2015, we recorded total provisions for impairment of \$10.6 million on three properties classified as held for sale, four properties classified as held for investment, seven sold properties, and one property disposed of other than by sale. These properties were not previously classified as held for sale in financial statements issued prior to the date of adoption of Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2014-08, which amends Topic 205, *Presentation of Financial Statements*, and Topic 360, *Property, Plant, and Equipment*; accordingly, the provisions for impairment are included in income from continuing operations on our consolidated statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2015.

In 2014, Realty Income recorded total provisions for impairment of \$4.6 million. Provisions for impairment of \$4.1 million are included in income from continuing operations on nine sold properties and two properties classified as held for investment. These properties were not previously classified as held for sale in financial statements issued prior to the date of adoption of ASU 2014-08; accordingly, these provisions for impairment are included in income from continuing operations on our consolidated statements of income. Additionally, a provision for impairment of \$510,000 is included in income from discontinued operations on one sold property that was classified as held for sale as of December 31, 2013.

In 2013, Realty Income recorded total provisions for impairment of \$3.0 million. Realty Income recorded provisions for impairment of \$2.7 million in income from discontinued operations on seven sold properties. Except for a provision for impairment of \$290,000 that was recorded in income from continuing operations for one property that was not previously classified as held for sale as of December 31, 2013, the remaining provisions for impairment are included in income from discontinued operations on our consolidated statement of income. In 2013, Crest also recorded a provision for impairment of \$308,000 on one sold property which is included in income from discontinued operations.

Merger-Related Costs

Merger-related costs include, but are not limited to, advisor fees, legal fees, accounting fees, printing fees and transfer taxes related to our acquisition of ARCT. Merger-related costs were \$13.0 million in 2013. On a diluted per common share basis, these expenses represented \$0.07 for 2013. No merger-related costs were incurred in 2014 or 2015.

Gain on Sales of Real Estate

During 2015, we sold 38 investment properties for \$65.8 million, which resulted in a gain of \$22.2 million. The results of operations for these properties are presented within continuing operations.

During 2014, we sold 46 investment properties for \$107.2 million, which resulted in a gain of \$42.1 million. Only the results of operations specifically related to the properties classified as held for sale at December 31, 2013 and sold during 2014 were reclassified as discontinued operations.

During 2013, we sold 75 investment properties for \$134.2 million, which resulted in a gain of \$64.7 million. The results of operations for these properties were reclassified as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

During 2015, Crest did not sell any properties. Crest sold one property for \$820,000 and one property for \$597,000 during 2014 and 2013, respectively. Neither of these sales resulted in a gain. The results of operations for these properties were reclassified as discontinued operations.

We have an active portfolio management program that incorporates the sale of assets when we believe the reinvestment of the sale proceeds will:

- Generate higher returns;
- Enhance the credit quality of our real estate portfolio;
- Extend our average remaining lease term; or
- Decrease tenant or industry concentration.

At December 31, 2015, we classified real estate with a carrying amount of \$9.8 million as held for sale on our balance sheet. In 2016, we intend to continue our active disposition efforts to further enhance our real estate portfolio and anticipate approximately \$50 to \$75 million in yet to be identified property sales for all of 2016. We intend to invest these proceeds into new property acquisitions, if there are attractive opportunities available.

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However, we cannot guarantee that we will sell properties during the next 12 months at our estimated values or be able to invest the property sale proceeds in new properties.

Preferred Stock Dividends

Preferred stock dividends totaled \$27.1 million in 2015, \$37.1 million in 2014, and \$41.9 million in 2013.

Excess of Redemption Value over Carrying Value of Preferred Shares Redeemed

In October 2014, we redeemed all 8,800,000 shares of our 6.75% Monthly Income Class E Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, or the Class E preferred stock, for \$25.00 per share, plus accrued dividends. We incurred a non-cash charge of \$6.0 million. This charge is for the excess of redemption value over the carrying value of the Class E preferred stock and represents the original issuance cost that was paid in 2006.

Net Income Available to Common Stockholders

Net income available to common stockholders was \$256.7 million in 2015, compared to \$227.6 million in 2014, an increase of \$29.1 million. On a diluted per common share basis, net income was \$1.09 in 2015, as compared to \$1.04 in 2014, an increase of \$0.05, or 4.8%. Net income available to common stockholders was \$203.6 million in 2013, or \$1.06 on a diluted per common share basis. Net income available to common stockholders for 2014 includes a non-cash redemption charge of \$6.0 million on the shares of Class E preferred stock that were redeemed in October 2014, which represents \$0.03 on a diluted per common share basis. This charge is for the excess of redemption value over the carrying value of the Class E preferred stock and represents the original issuance cost that was paid in 2006. Net income available to common stockholders for 2013 was impacted by an unusually large gain on property sales, which represents \$0.18 on a diluted per common share basis. Additionally, net income available to common stockholders for 2013 includes \$13.0 million of merger-related costs for the acquisition of ARCT, which represents \$0.07 on a diluted per common share basis, and \$3.7 million for accelerated vesting of restricted shares that occurred in July 2013 from ten-year vesting to five years, which represents \$0.02 on a diluted per common share basis.

The calculation to determine net income available to common stockholders includes impairments and/or gains from the sale of properties. The amount of impairments and/or gains varies from period to period based on the timing of property sales and can significantly impact net income available to common stockholders.

Gains from the sale of properties during 2015 were \$22.2 million, as compared to gains from the sale of properties of \$42.1 million during 2014.

Discontinued Operations

During the first quarter of 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued guidance that changed the definition of discontinued operations by limiting discontinued operations reporting to disposals of components of an entity that represent strategic shifts that have, or will have, a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results. We early adopted the requirements of this accounting pronouncement in the first quarter of 2014. Starting with the first quarter of 2014, the results of

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operations for all qualifying disposals and properties classified as held for sale that were not previously reported in discontinued operations in our 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K are presented within income from continuing operations on our consolidated statements of income. For 2014, we recorded income from discontinued operations of \$2.8 million, or \$0.01 per common share, basic and diluted. For 2013, we recorded income from discontinued operations of \$65.7 million, or \$0.34 per common share, basic and diluted.

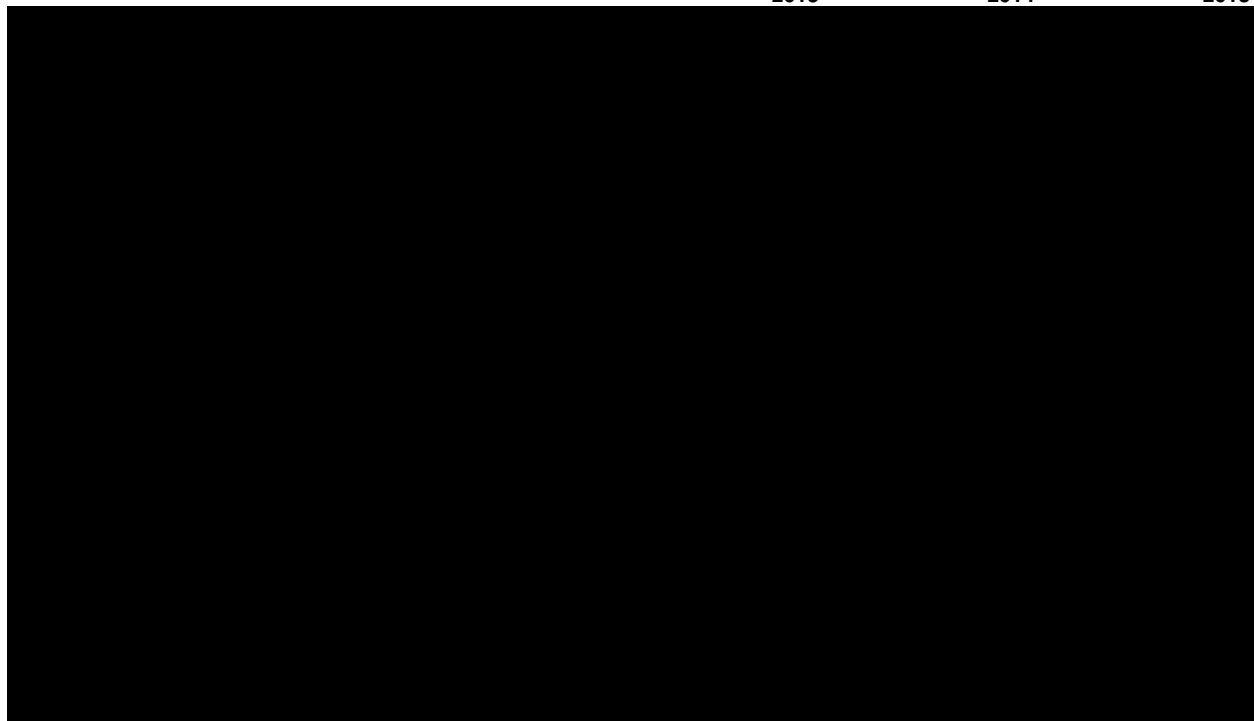
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FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS (FFO) AVAILABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS

In 2015, our FFO increased by \$89.5 million, or 15.9%, to \$652.4 million, compared to \$562.9 million in 2014. On a diluted per common share basis, FFO was \$2.77 in 2015, compared to \$2.58 in 2014, an increase of \$0.19, or 7.4%. In 2013, FFO was \$462.0 million, or \$2.41 on a diluted per common share basis. Our FFO in 2014 included a non-cash redemption charge of \$6.0 million on the shares of Class E preferred stock that were redeemed in October 2014, which represents \$0.03 on a diluted per common share basis. This charge is for the excess of redemption value over the carrying value of the Class E preferred stock and represents the original issuance cost that was paid in 2006. FFO in 2013 was normalized to exclude \$13.0 million of merger-related costs, which represents \$0.07 on a diluted per common share basis for 2013. FFO for 2013 includes \$3.7 million for accelerated vesting of restricted shares that occurred in July 2013 from ten-year vesting to five years, which represents \$0.02 on a diluted per common share basis. All references to FFO for 2013 reflect the adjustments for merger-related costs for the acquisition of ARCT.

The following is a reconciliation of net income available to common stockholders (which we believe is the most comparable GAAP measure) to FFO. Also presented is information regarding distributions paid to common stockholders and the weighted average number of common shares used for the basic and diluted computation per share (dollars in thousands, except per share amounts):

2015 2014 2013



(1) FFO for 2013 has been normalized to exclude ARCT merger-related costs.

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(2) The computation of diluted FFO does not assume conversion of securities that are convertible to common shares if the conversion of those securities would increase diluted FFO per share in a given period.

We define FFO, a non-GAAP measure, consistent with the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts' definition, as net income available to common stockholders, plus depreciation and amortization of real estate assets, plus impairments of depreciable real estate assets, reduced by gains on property sales and extraordinary items.

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We consider FFO to be an appropriate supplemental measure of a REIT's operating performance as it is based on a net income analysis of property portfolio performance that adds back items such as depreciation and impairments for FFO. The historical accounting convention used for real estate assets requires straight-line depreciation of buildings and improvements, which implies that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. Since real estate values historically rise and fall with market conditions, presentations of operating results for a REIT, using historical accounting for depreciation, could be less informative. The use of FFO is recommended by the REIT industry as a supplemental performance measure. In addition, FFO is used as a measure of our compliance with the financial covenants of our new credit facility.

ADJUSTED FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS (AFFO) AVAILABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS

In 2015, our AFFO increased by \$85.3 million, or 15.2%, to \$647.0 million, compared to \$561.7 million in 2014. On a diluted per common share basis, AFFO was \$2.74 in 2015, compared to \$2.57 in 2014, an increase of \$0.17, or 6.6%. In 2013, AFFO was \$463.1 million, or \$2.41 on a diluted per common share basis. We consider AFFO to be an appropriate supplemental measure of our performance. Most companies in our industry use a similar measurement, but they may use the term CAD (for Cash Available for Distribution), FAD (for Funds Available for Distribution) or other terms.

The following is a reconciliation of net income available to common stockholders (which we believe is the most comparable GAAP measure) to FFO and AFFO. Also presented is information regarding distributions paid to common stockholders and the weighted average number of common shares used for the basic and diluted computation per share (dollars in thousands, except per share amounts):

	2015	2014	2013
Net income available to common stockholders	\$ 256,686	\$ 227,558	\$ 203,634
Cumulative adjustments to calculate FFO (1)	395,751	335,331	258,396
FFO available to common stockholders	652,437	562,889	462,030
Provisions for impairment on Crest properties	-	-	308
Excess of redemption value over carrying value of preferred share redemptions	-	6,015	-
Amortization of share-based compensation	10,391	11,959	20,785
Amortization of deferred financing costs (2)	5,294	4,804	4,436
Amortization of net mortgage premiums	(6,978)	(9,208)	(9,481)
Gain on early extinguishment of debt	(504)	(3,428)	-
(Gain) loss on interest rate swaps	3,043	1,349	(878)
Leasing costs and commissions	(748)	(821)	(1,280)
Recurring capital expenditures	(7,606)	(5,210)	(7,227)
Straight-line rent	(16,468)	(14,872)	(13,742)
Amortization of above and below-market leases	7,861	8,024	8,188
Other adjustments (3)	306	160	-
Total AFFO available to common stockholders (4)	\$ 647,028	\$ 561,661	\$ 463,139
AFFO per common share:			
Basic	\$ 2.74	\$ 2.57	\$ 2.42
Diluted	\$ 2.74	\$ 2.57	\$ 2.41
Distributions paid to common stockholders	\$ 533,238	\$ 479,256	\$ 409,222

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AFFO in excess of distributions paid to common stockholders	\$ 113,790	\$ 82,405	\$ 53,917
Weighted average number of common shares used for computation per share:			
Basic	235,767,932	218,390,885	191,754,857
Diluted (4)	235,891,368	218,450,863	191,781,622

(1) See reconciling items for FFO presented under Funds from Operations (FFO) Available to Common Stockholders.

(2) Includes the amortization of costs incurred and capitalized upon issuance of our notes payable, assumption of our mortgages payable and upon issuance of our term loans. The deferred financing costs are being amortized over the lives of the respective mortgages and term loans. No costs associated with our credit facility agreements or annual fees paid to credit rating agencies have been included.

(3) Includes adjustments allocable to both non-controlling interests and capital lease obligations.

(4) The computation of diluted AFFO does not assume conversion of securities that are convertible to common shares if the conversion of those securities would increase diluted AFFO per share in a given period.

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We believe the non-GAAP financial measure AFFO provides useful information to investors because it is a widely accepted industry measure of the operating performance of real estate companies that is used by industry analysts and investors who look at and compare those companies. In particular, AFFO provides an additional measure to compare the operating performance of different REITs without having to account for differing depreciation assumptions and other unique revenue and expense items which are not pertinent to measuring a particular company's on-going operating performance. Therefore, we believe that AFFO is an appropriate supplemental performance metric, and that the most appropriate GAAP performance metric to which AFFO should be reconciled is net income available to common stockholders.

Presentation of the information regarding FFO and AFFO is intended to assist the reader in comparing the operating performance of different REITs, although it should be noted that not all REITs calculate FFO and AFFO in the same way, so comparisons with other REITs may not be meaningful. Furthermore, FFO and AFFO are not necessarily indicative of cash flow available to fund cash needs and should not be considered as alternatives to net income as an indication of our performance. FFO and AFFO should not be considered as alternatives to reviewing our cash flows from operating, investing, and financing activities. In addition, FFO and AFFO should not be considered as measures of liquidity, of our ability to make cash distributions, or of our ability to pay interest payments.

IMPACT OF INFLATION

Tenant leases generally provide for limited increases in rent as a result of increases in the tenants' sales volumes, increases in the consumer price index (typically subject to ceilings), or fixed increases. We expect that inflation will cause these lease provisions to result in rent increases over time. During times when inflation is greater than increases in rent, as provided for in the leases, rent increases may not keep up with the rate of inflation.

Of our 4,538 properties in our portfolio, approximately 98.0% or 4,467 are leased to tenants under net leases where the tenant is responsible for property expenses. Net leases tend to reduce our exposure to rising property expenses due to inflation. Inflation and increased costs may have an adverse impact on our tenants if increases in their operating expenses exceed increases in revenue.

IMPACT OF RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

For information on the impact of recent accounting pronouncements on our business, see note 2 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Item 7A: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We are exposed to interest rate changes primarily as a result of our new credit facility, term loans, mortgages payable, and long-term notes and bonds used to maintain liquidity and expand our real estate investment portfolio and operations. Our interest

rate risk management objective is to limit the impact of interest rate changes on earnings and cash flow and to lower our overall borrowing costs. To achieve these objectives we issue long-term notes and bonds, primarily at fixed rates.

In order to mitigate and manage the effects of interest rate risks on our operations, we may utilize a variety of financial instruments, including interest rate swaps and caps. The use of these types of instruments to hedge our exposure to changes in interest rates carries additional risks, including counterparty credit risk, the enforceability of hedging contracts and the risk that unanticipated and significant changes in interest rates will cause a significant loss of basis in the contract. To limit counterparty credit risk we will seek to enter into such agreements with major financial institutions with favorable credit ratings. There can be no assurance that we will be able to adequately protect against the foregoing risks or realize an economic benefit that exceeds the related amounts incurred in connection with engaging in such hedging activities. We do not enter into any derivative transactions for speculative or trading purposes.

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The following table presents by year of expected maturity, the principal amounts, average interest rates and estimated fair values of our fixed and variable rate debt as of December 31, 2015. This information is presented to evaluate the expected cash flows and sensitivity to interest rate changes (dollars in millions):

Expected Maturity Data

Year of maturity	Fixed rate debt	Weighted average rate on fixed rate debt	Variable rate debt	Weighted average rate on variable rate debt
2016	\$ 444.9	5.45%	\$ 0.2	2.54 %
2017	308.3	5.63	9.5	2.40
2018	365.3	2.15	70.3	1.45
2019	554.5	6.74	259.8	1.29
2020	82.2	4.99	250.2	1.37
Thereafter	2,478.7	4.50	21.7	2.41
Totals (1)	\$ 4,233.9	4.78%	\$ 611.7	1.40 %
Fair Value (2)	\$ 4,429.2		\$ 608.3	

(1) Excludes net premiums recorded on mortgages payable and original issuance discounts recorded on notes payable. At December 31, 2015, the unamortized balance of net premiums on mortgages payable was \$9.1 million, and the unamortized balance of original issuance discounts on notes payable was \$13.3 million.

(2) We base the estimated fair value of the fixed rate senior notes and bonds at December 31, 2015 on the indicative market prices and recent trading activity of our senior notes and bonds payable. We base the estimated fair value of our fixed rate and variable rate mortgages at December 31, 2015 on the relevant Treasury yield curve, plus an applicable credit-adjusted spread. We believe that the carrying value of the credit facility balance and term loans balance reasonably approximate their estimated fair values at December 31, 2015.

The table incorporates only those exposures that exist as of December 31, 2015. It does not consider those exposures or positions that could arise after that date. As a result, our ultimate realized gain or loss, with respect to interest rate fluctuations, would depend on the exposures that arise during the period, our hedging strategies at the time, and interest rates.

All of our outstanding notes and bonds have fixed interest rates. All of our mortgages payable, except four mortgages totaling \$51.1 million at December 31, 2015, including net unamortized discounts, have fixed interest rates. After factoring in arrangements that limit our exposure to interest rate risk and effectively fix our per annum interest rates, our variable rate mortgage debt includes two mortgages totaling \$15.5 million at December 31, 2015. Interest on our new credit facility and term loan balances is variable. However, the variable interest rate feature on our term loans has been mitigated by interest rate swap agreements. Based on our new credit facility balance of \$238.0 million at December 31, 2015, a 1% change in interest rates would change our interest costs by \$2.4 million per year.

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Item 8: **Financial Statements and Supplementary Data**

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<u>A.</u>	<u>Reports of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm</u>
<u>B.</u>	<u>Consolidated Balance Sheets.</u> <u>December 31, 2015 and 2014</u>
<u>C.</u>	<u>Consolidated Statements of Income.</u> <u>Years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013</u>
<u>D.</u>	<u>Consolidated Statements of Equity.</u> <u>Years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013</u>
<u>E.</u>	<u>Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.</u> <u>Years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013</u>
<u>F.</u>	<u>Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements</u>
<u>G.</u>	<u>Consolidated Quarterly Financial Data</u> <u>(unaudited) for 2015 and 2014</u>
<u>H.</u>	Schedule III Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation

Schedules not filed: All schedules, other than that indicated in the Table of Contents, have been omitted as the required information is either not material, inapplicable or the information is presented in the financial statements or related notes.

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Stockholders

Realty Income Corporation:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Realty Income Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the related consolidated statements of income, equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2015. In connection with our audits of the consolidated financial statements, we also have audited financial statement schedule III. These consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule are the responsibility of Realty Income Corporation's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Realty Income Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2015, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, present fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

As discussed in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, Realty Income Corporation changed its method for reporting discontinued operations in 2014 due to the adoption of FASB Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-08.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), Realty Income Corporation's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2015, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO), and our report dated February 11, 2016 expressed an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of Realty Income Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ KPMG LLP

San Diego, California
February 11, 2016

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Stockholders

Realty Income Corporation:

We have audited Realty Income Corporation's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2015, based on criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Realty Income Corporation's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying *Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Realty Income Corporation's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audit also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, Realty Income Corporation maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2015, based on *Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of Realty Income Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the related consolidated statements of income, equity and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2015, and our report dated February 11, 2016 expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements.

/s/ KPMG LLP

San Diego, California
February 11, 2016

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REALTY INCOME CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

December 31, 2015 and 2014

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	2015	2014
ASSETS		
Real estate, at cost:		
Land	\$ 3,286,004	\$ 3,046,372
Buildings and improvements	9,010,778	8,107,199
Total real estate, at cost	12,296,782	11,153,571
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(1,687,665)	(1,386,871)
Net real estate held for investment	10,609,117	9,766,700
Real estate held for sale, net	9,767	14,840
Net real estate	10,618,884	9,781,540
Cash and cash equivalents	40,294	3,852
Accounts receivable, net	81,678	64,386
Acquired lease intangible assets, net	1,034,417	1,039,724
Goodwill	15,321	15,470
Other assets, net	75,276	107,650
Total assets	\$ 11,865,870	\$ 11,012,622
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Distributions payable	\$ 50,344	\$ 43,675
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	115,826	123,287
Acquired lease intangible liabilities, net	250,916	220,469
Other liabilities	53,965	53,145
Lines of credit payable	238,000	223,000
Term loans	320,000	70,000
Mortgages payable, net	646,740	852,575
Notes payable, net	3,636,746	3,785,372
Total liabilities	5,312,537	5,371,523
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock and paid in capital, par value \$0.01 per share, 69,900,000 shares authorized, 16,350,000 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, liquidation preference \$25.00 per share	395,378	395,378
Common stock and paid in capital, par value \$0.01 per share, 370,100,000 shares authorized, 250,416,757 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2015 and 224,881,192 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2014	7,666,428	6,464,987
Distributions in excess of net income	(1,530,210)	(1,246,964)
Total stockholders' equity	6,531,596	5,613,401
Noncontrolling interests	21,737	27,698
Total equity	6,553,333	5,641,099
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 11,865,870	\$ 11,012,622

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

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REALTY INCOME CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

Years Ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	2015		2014		2013
REVENUE					
Rental	\$	976,865	\$	893,457	\$ 748,218
Tenant reimbursements		42,015		37,118	24,944
Other		4,405		2,930	7,047
Total revenue		1,023,285		933,505	780,209
EXPENSES					
Depreciation and amortization		409,215		374,661	306,769
Interest		233,079		216,366	181,442
General and administrative		49,298		51,085	56,881
Property (including reimbursable)		55,352		53,871	38,851
Income taxes		3,169		3,461	2,350
Provisions for impairment		10,560		4,126	290
Merger-related costs		-		-	13,013
Total expenses		760,673		703,570	599,596
Gain on sales of real estate		22,243		39,205	-
Income from continuing operations		284,855		269,140	180,613
Income from discontinued operations		-		2,800	65,670
Net income		284,855		271,940	246,283
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(1,089)		(1,305)	(719)
Net income attributable to the Company		283,766		270,635	245,564
Preferred stock dividends		(27,080)		(37,062)	(41,930)
Excess of redemption value over carrying value of preferred shares redeemed		-		(6,015)	-
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	256,686	\$	227,558	\$ 203,634
Amounts available to common stockholders per common share:					
Income from continuing operations, basic and diluted	\$	1.09	\$	1.03	\$ 0.72
Net income, basic and diluted	\$	1.09	\$	1.04	\$ 1.06
Weighted average common shares outstanding:					
Basic		235,767,932		218,390,885	191,754,857
Diluted		236,208,390		218,767,885	191,781,622

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

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REALTY INCOME CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY

Years Ended December 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013

(dollars in thousands)

	Shares of preferred stock	Shares of common stock	Preferred stock and paid in capital	Common stock and paid in capital	Distributions in excess of net income	Total stockholders equity	Noncontrolling interests	Total equity
Balance, December 31, 2012	25,150,000	133,452,411	609,363	2,572,092	(768,661)	2,412,794	-	2,412,794
Net income	-	-	-	-	245,564	245,564	719	246,283
Distributions paid and payable	-	-	-	-	(468,697)	(468,697)	(1,371)	(470,068)
Shares issued in stock offerings, net of offering costs	-	27,025,000	-	1,133,574	-	1,133,574	-	1,133,574
Shares issued in conjunction with acquisition of ARCT, net of our shares owned by ARCT	-	45,364,435	-	1,997,850	-	1,997,850	-	1,997,850
Issuance of preferred and common units	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,563	36,563
Shares issued pursuant to dividend reinvestment and stock purchase plan, net	-	1,449,139	-	55,244	-	55,244	-	55,244
Share-based compensation, net	-	194,088	-	9,118	-	9,118	-	9,118
Balance, December 31, 2013	25,150,000	207,485,073	609,363	5,767,878	(991,794)	5,385,447	35,911	5,421,358
Net income	-	-	-	-	270,635	270,635	1,305	271,940
Distributions paid and payable	-	-	-	-	(519,790)	(519,790)	(1,839)	(521,629)
Shares issued in stock offerings, net of offering costs	-	13,800,000	-	528,592	-	528,592	-	528,592
Redemption of common units	-	35,000	-	1,032	-	1,032	(1,032)	-
Reallocation of equity	-	-	-	6,647	-	6,647	(6,647)	-
Shares issued pursuant to dividend reinvestment and stock purchase plan, net	-	3,527,166	-	157,285	-	157,285	-	157,285
	(8,800,000)	-	(213,985)	-	(6,015)	(220,000)	-	(220,000)

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Preferred shares redeemed									
Share-based compensation, net	-	33,953	-	3,553	-	3,553	-	3,553	
Balance, December 31, 2014	16,350,000	224,881,192	\$ 395,378	\$ 6,464,987	\$ (1,246,964)	\$ 5,613,401	\$ 27,698	\$ 5,641,099	
Net income	-	-	-	-	283,766	283,766	1,089	284,855	
Distributions paid and payable	-	-	-	-	(567,012)	(567,012)	(1,652)	(568,664)	
Shares issued in stock offerings, net of offering costs	-	17,000,000	-	793,559	-	793,559	-	793,559	
Redemption of common units	-	168,182	-	4,347	-	4,347	(4,347)	-	
Reallocation of equity	-	-	-	1,051	-	1,051	(1,051)	-	
Shares issued pursuant to dividend reinvestment and stock purchase plan, net	-	7,608,354	-	360,700	-	360,700	-	360,700	
Shares issued pursuant to at-the-market program, net	-	714,301	-	35,747	-	35,747	-	35,747	
Share-based compensation, net	-	44,728	-	6,037	-	6,037	-	6,037	
Balance, December 31, 2015	16,350,000	250,416,757	\$ 395,378	\$ 7,666,428	\$ (1,530,210)	\$ 6,531,596	\$ 21,737	\$ 6,553,333	

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

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REALTY INCOME CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years Ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013

(dollars in thousands)

	2015	2014	2013
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income	\$ 284,855	\$ 271,940	\$ 246,283
Adjustments to net income:			
Depreciation and amortization	409,215	374,661	306,769
Income from discontinued operations	-	(2,800)	(65,670)
Amortization of share-based compensation	10,391	11,959	20,785
Non-cash rental adjustments	(8,607)	(6,848)	(5,554)
Amortization of net premiums on mortgages payable	(7,482)	(12,891)	(9,481)
Amortization of deferred financing costs	9,044	8,335	9,364
Loss (gain) on interest rate swaps	3,043	1,349	(878)
Gain on sales of real estate	(22,243)	(39,205)	-
Provisions for impairment on real estate	10,560	4,126	290
Change in assets and liabilities			
Accounts receivable and other assets	(2,641)	(3,064)	(2,116)
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	6,168	20,130	19,114
Net cash provided by operating activities	692,303	627,692	518,906
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Investment in real estate	(1,266,885)	(1,228,243)	(1,429,483)
Improvements to real estate, including leasing costs	(11,541)	(6,032)	(8,507)
Proceeds from sales of real estate:			
Continuing operations	65,817	88,688	8
Discontinued operations	-	6,918	126,785
Collection (issuance) of loans receivable	-	350	(10,656)
Restricted escrow deposits for Section 1031 tax-deferred exchanges and pending acquisitions	33,554	(36,540)	(10,158)
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,179,055)	(1,174,859)	(1,332,011)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Cash distributions to common stockholders	(533,238)	(479,256)	(409,222)
Cash dividends to preferred stockholders	(27,080)	(38,300)	(41,930)
Borrowings on line of credit	1,448,000	1,672,321	2,624,700
Payments on line of credit	(1,433,000)	(1,577,321)	(2,654,700)
Proceeds from notes and bonds payable issued	-	598,594	750,000
Principal payment on notes payable	(150,000)	-	(100,000)
Principal payments on mortgages payable	(198,353)	(85,208)	(32,603)
Proceeds from term loans	250,000	-	70,000
Repayment of American Realty Capital Trust, Inc., or ARCT, line of credit	-	-	(317,207)
Repayment of ARCT term loan	-	-	(235,000)
Proceeds from common stock offerings, net	793,559	528,615	1,133,574
Redemption of preferred units	(6,750)	-	-
Redemption of preferred stock	-	(220,000)	-
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(1,679)	(1,844)	(1,216)
Debt issuance costs	(10,259)	(5,505)	(10,666)
Proceeds from dividend reinvestment and stock purchase plan	363,029	158,462	55,806
Proceeds from At-the-Market (ATM) program	36,348	-	-

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Other items, including shares withheld upon vesting	(7,383)	(9,796)	(13,422)
Net cash provided by financing activities	523,194	540,762	818,114
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	36,442	(6,405)	5,009
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	3,852	10,257	5,248
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 40,294	\$ 3,852	\$ 10,257

For supplemental disclosures, see note 16.

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

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REALTY INCOME CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013

1. Organization and Operation

Realty Income Corporation (Realty Income, the Company, we, our or us) is organized as a Maryland corporation. We invest in commercial real estate and have elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust, or REIT.

At December 31, 2015, we owned 4,538 properties, located in 49 states and Puerto Rico, containing over 76.0 million leasable square feet.

Information with respect to number of properties, square feet, average initial lease term and weighted average contractual lease rate is unaudited.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Procedures and Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Federal Income Taxes. We have elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or the Code. We believe we have qualified and continue to qualify as a REIT. Under the REIT operating structure, we are permitted to deduct dividends paid to our stockholders in determining our taxable income. Assuming our dividends equal or exceed our taxable net income, we generally will not be required to pay federal corporate income taxes on such income. Accordingly, no provision has been made for federal income taxes in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, except for the federal income taxes of our taxable REIT subsidiaries. The income taxes recorded on our consolidated statements of income represent amounts paid by Realty Income for city and state income and franchise taxes.

Earnings and profits that determine the taxability of distributions to stockholders differ from net income reported for financial reporting purposes due to differences in the estimated useful lives and methods used to compute depreciation and the carrying value (basis) of the investments in properties for tax purposes, among other things.

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We regularly analyze our various federal and state filing positions and only recognize the income tax effect in our financial statements when certain criteria regarding uncertain income tax positions have been met. We believe that our income tax positions would more likely than not be sustained upon examination by all relevant taxing authorities. Therefore, no provisions for uncertain income tax positions have been recorded in our financial statements.

Net Income per Common Share. Basic net income per common share is computed by dividing net income available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each period. Diluted net income per common share is computed by dividing net income available to common stockholders, plus income attributable to dilutive shares and convertible common units, for the period by the weighted average number of common shares that would have been outstanding assuming the issuance of common shares for all potentially dilutive common shares outstanding during the reporting period.

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The following is a reconciliation of the denominator of the basic net income per common share computation to the denominator of the diluted net income per common share computation.

	2015	2014	2013
Weighted average shares used for the basic net income per share computation	235,767,932	218,390,885	191,754,857
Incremental shares from share-based compensation	123,436	59,978	26,765
Weighted average partnership common units convertible to common shares that were dilutive	317,022	317,022	-
Weighted average shares used for diluted net income per share computation	236,208,390	218,767,885	191,781,622
Unvested shares from share-based compensation that were anti-dilutive	106,103	51,749	59,629
Weighted average partnership common units convertible to common shares that were anti-dilutive	417,060	523,847	851,568

Discontinued Operations. During the first quarter of 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued guidance that changed the definition of discontinued operations by limiting discontinued operations reporting to disposals of components of an entity that represent strategic shifts that have, or will have, a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results. We early adopted the requirements of this accounting pronouncement in the first quarter of 2014.

Starting with the first quarter of 2014, the results of operations for all qualifying disposals and properties classified as held for sale that were not previously reported in discontinued operations in our 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K are presented within income from continuing operations on our consolidated statements of income. Prior to the date of adoption of Accounting Standards Update 2014-08 (ASU 2014-08), which amends Topic 205, *Presentation of Financial Statements*, and Topic 360, *Property, Plant, and Equipment*, we reported, in discontinued operations, the results of operations of properties that had either been disposed of or classified as held for sale in financial statements issued.

Operations from ten properties were classified as held for sale at December 31, 2015, and are included in income from continuing operations. We do not depreciate properties that are classified as held for sale.

If the property was previously reclassified as held for sale but the applicable criteria for this classification are no longer met, the property is reclassified to real estate held for investment. A property that is reclassified to held for investment is measured and recorded at the lower of (i) its carrying amount before the property was classified as held for sale, adjusted for any depreciation expense that would have been recognized had the property been continuously classified as held for investment, or (ii) the fair value at the date of the subsequent decision not to sell.

No debt was assumed by buyers of our properties, or repaid as a result of our property sales.

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For the year ended December 31, 2014, we recorded income from discontinued operations of \$2.8 million, or \$0.01 per common share, basic and diluted. For the year ended December 31, 2013, we recorded income from discontinued operations of \$65.7 million, or \$0.34 per common share, basic and diluted.

Revenue Recognition and Accounts Receivable. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. Under this method, leases that have fixed and determinable rent increases are recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Any rental revenue contingent upon a tenant's sales is recognized only after the tenant exceeds their sales breakpoint. Rental increases based upon changes in the consumer price indexes are recognized only after the changes in the indexes have occurred and are then applied according to the lease agreements. Contractually obligated reimbursements from tenants for recoverable real estate taxes and operating expenses are included in tenant reimbursements in the period when such costs are incurred.

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We recognize an allowance for doubtful accounts relating to accounts receivable for amounts deemed uncollectible. We consider tenant specific issues, such as financial stability and ability to pay, when determining collectability of accounts receivable and appropriate allowances to record. The allowance for doubtful accounts was \$429,000 at December 31, 2015 and \$765,000 at December 31, 2014.

Other revenue, which comprises property-related revenue not included in rental revenue or tenant reimbursements, was \$4.4 million in 2015, \$2.9 million in 2014 and \$7.0 million in 2013.

Principles of Consolidation. The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Realty Income and other entities for which we make operating and financial decisions (i.e. control), after elimination of all material intercompany balances and transactions. We consolidate entities that we control and record a noncontrolling interest for the portion that we do not own. Noncontrolling interest that was created or assumed as part of a business combination was recognized at fair value as of the date of the transaction (see note 11). We have no unconsolidated investments.

Cash Equivalents. We consider all short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash and have an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase to be cash equivalents. Our cash equivalents are primarily investments in United States government money market funds.

Gain on Sales of Properties. When real estate is sold, the related net book value of the applicable assets is removed and a gain from the sale is recognized in our consolidated statements of income. We record a gain from the sale of real estate provided that various criteria, relating to the terms of the sale and any subsequent involvement by us with the real estate, have been met.

Allocation of the Purchase Price of Real Estate Acquisitions. When acquiring a property for investment purposes, we typically allocate the fair value of real estate acquired to: (1) land, (2) building and improvements, and (3) identified intangible assets and liabilities, based in each case on their estimated fair values. Intangible assets and liabilities consist of above-market or below-market lease value of in-place leases, the value of in-place leases, and tenant relationships, as applicable. In an acquisition of multiple properties, we must also allocate the purchase price among the properties. The allocation of the purchase price is based on our assessment of estimated fair value and is often based upon the expected future cash flows of the property and various characteristics of the markets where the property is located. In addition, any assumed mortgages receivable or payable and any assumed or issued noncontrolling interests are recorded at their estimated fair values. The estimated fair values of our mortgages payable have been calculated by discounting the future cash flows using applicable interest rates that have been adjusted for factors, such as industry type, tenant investment grade, maturity date, and comparable borrowings for similar assets. The initial allocation of the purchase price is based on management's preliminary assessment, which may differ when final information becomes available. Subsequent adjustments made to the initial purchase

price allocation are made within the allocation period, which does not exceed one year. The use of different assumptions in the allocation of the purchase price of the acquired properties and liabilities assumed could affect the timing of recognition of the related revenue and expenses.

Our estimated fair value determinations are based on management's judgment, utilizing various factors, including: (1) market conditions, (2) industry that the tenant operates in, (3) characteristics of the real estate, i.e.: location, size, demographics, value and comparative rental rates, (4) tenant credit profile, (5) store profitability and the importance of the location of the real estate to the operations of the tenant's business, and/or (6) real estate valuations, prepared either internally or by an independent valuation firm. Our methodologies for measuring fair value related to the allocation of the purchase price of real estate acquisitions include both observable market data (and thus should be categorized as level 2 on FASB's three-level valuation hierarchy) and unobservable inputs that reflect our own internal assumptions and calculations (and thus should be categorized as level 3 on FASB's three-level valuation hierarchy).

The fair value of the tangible assets of an acquired property with an in-place operating lease (which includes land and buildings/improvements) is determined by valuing the property as if it were vacant, and the as-if-vacant value is then allocated to land and buildings/improvements based on our determination of the fair value of these assets. Our fair value determinations are based on a real estate valuation for each property, prepared either internally or by an independent valuation firm, and consider estimates of carrying costs during the expected lease-up periods, current market conditions, as well as costs to execute similar leases. In allocating the fair value to identified intangibles for above-market or below-market leases, an amount is recorded based on the present value of the difference between (i) the contractual amount to be paid pursuant to the in-place lease and (ii) our estimate of fair market lease rate for the corresponding in-place lease, measured over the remaining term of the lease.

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The values of the above-market and below-market leases are amortized over the term of the respective leases, including any bargain renewal options, as an adjustment to rental revenue on our consolidated statements of income.

The aggregate value of other acquired intangible assets consists of the fair value of in-place leases and tenant relationships, as applicable. The value of in-place leases, exclusive of the value of above-market and below-market in-place leases, is amortized to depreciation and amortization expense over the remaining periods of the respective leases.

If a lease was terminated prior to its stated expiration, all unamortized amounts relating to that lease would be recorded to revenue or expense as appropriate.

In allocating the fair value to assumed mortgages, amounts are recorded to debt premiums or discounts based on the present value of the estimated cash flows, which is calculated to account for either above or below-market interest rates. Our assumed net debt premiums are amortized as a reduction to interest expense over the remaining term of the respective mortgages.

In allocating noncontrolling interests, amounts are recorded based on the fair value of units issued at the date of acquisition, as determined by the terms of the applicable agreement.

Depreciation and Amortization. Land, buildings and improvements are recorded and stated at cost. Major replacements and betterments, which improve or extend the life of the asset, are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives, while ordinary repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Buildings and improvements that are under redevelopment, or are being developed, are carried at cost and no depreciation is recorded on these assets. Additionally, amounts essential to the development of the property, such as pre-construction, development, construction, interest and other costs incurred during the period of development are capitalized. We cease capitalization when the property is available for occupancy upon substantial completion of tenant improvements, but in any event no later than one year from the completion of major construction activity.

Properties are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	25 years or 35 years
Building improvements	4 to 20 years
Tenant improvements and lease commissions	The shorter of the term of the related lease or useful life
Acquired in-place leases	Remaining terms of the respective leases

Provision for Impairment. We review long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. A provision is made for impairment if estimated future operating cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) plus estimated disposition proceeds (undiscounted) are less than the current book value of the property. Key factors that we utilize in this analysis include projected rental rates, estimated holding periods, historical sales and releases, capital expenditures and property sales capitalization rates. If a property is classified as held for sale, it is carried at the lower of carrying cost or estimated fair value, less estimated cost to sell, and depreciation of the property ceases.

In 2015, we recorded total provisions for impairment of \$10.6 million on three properties classified as held for sale, four properties classified as held for investment, seven sold properties, and one property disposed of other than by sale in the following industries: one in the convenience stores industry, one in the health and fitness industry, one in the pet supplies and services industry, eleven in the restaurant-casual dining industry, and one among the industry we classify as other. These properties were not previously classified as held for sale in financial statements issued prior to the date of adoption of ASU 2014-08; accordingly, the provisions for impairment are included in income from continuing operations on our consolidated statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2015.

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In 2014, Realty Income recorded total provisions for impairment of \$4.6 million. Provisions for impairment of \$4.1 million are included in income from continuing operations on nine sold properties and two properties classified as held for investment in the following industries: one in the consumer electronics industry, one in the convenience stores industry, one in the home furnishings industry, two in the home improvement industry, and six in the restaurant-casual dining industry. These properties were not previously classified as held for sale in financial statements issued prior to the date of adoption of ASU 2014-08; accordingly, these provisions for impairment are included in income from continuing operations on our consolidated statements of income. Additionally during 2014, a provision for impairment of \$510,000 is included in income from discontinued operations on one sold property in the grocery store industry that was classified as held for sale as of December 31, 2013.

In 2013, Realty Income recorded total provisions for impairment of \$3.0 million. Realty Income recorded provisions for impairment of \$2.7 million in income from discontinued operations on seven sold properties in the following industries: one in the automotive parts industry, two in the child care industry, one in the grocery store industry, one in the pet supplies and services industry, and two in the restaurant casual dining industry. Except for a provision for impairment of \$290,000 that was recorded in income from continuing operations for one property in the auto service industry that was not previously classified as held for sale as of December 31, 2013, the remaining provisions for impairment are included in income from discontinued operations on our consolidated statement of income.

In 2013, Crest also recorded a provision for impairment of \$308,000 on one sold property in the restaurant-casual dining industry, which is included in income from discontinued operations.

Asset Retirement Obligations. We analyze our future legal obligations associated with the other-than-temporary removal of tangible long-lived assets, also referred to as asset retirement obligations. When we determine that we have a legal obligation to provide services upon the retirement of a tangible long-lived asset, we record a liability for this obligation based on the estimated fair value of this obligation and adjust the carrying amount of the related long-lived asset by the same amount. This asset is amortized over its estimated useful life. The estimated fair value of the asset retirement obligation is calculated by discounting the future cash flows using a credit-adjusted risk-free interest rate.

Goodwill. Goodwill is tested for impairment during the second quarter of each year as well as when events or circumstances occur indicating that our goodwill might be impaired. Under the amendments issued in conjunction with *ASU No. 2011-08, Intangibles – Goodwill and Other (Topic 350)*, an entity, through an assessment of qualitative factors, is not required to calculate the estimated fair value of a reporting unit, in connection with the two-step goodwill impairment test, unless the entity determines that it is more likely than not that its fair value is less than its carrying amount. We elected to continue testing goodwill for impairment during the second quarter of each year as well as when events or circumstances occur, indicating that our goodwill might be impaired. During our tests for impairment of goodwill during the second quarters of 2015, 2014 and 2013, we determined that the estimated fair values of our reporting units exceeded their carrying values. We did not record any impairment on our existing goodwill during 2015, 2014 or 2013.

Equity Offering Costs. Underwriting commissions and offering costs have been reflected as a reduction of additional paid-in-capital on our consolidated balance sheets.

Noncontrolling Interests. Noncontrolling interests are reflected on our consolidated balance sheets as a component of equity. Noncontrolling interests are recorded initially at fair value based on the price of the applicable units issued, and subsequently adjusted each period for distributions, contributions and the allocation of net income attributable to the noncontrolling interests.

As consideration for two separate acquisitions during 2013, partnership units of Tau Operating Partnership, L.P. and Realty Income, L.P. were issued to third parties. These common units (discussed in footnote 11) do not have voting rights, are entitled to monthly distributions equal to the amount paid to our common stockholders, and are redeemable in cash or our common stock, at our option and at a conversion ratio of one to one, subject to certain exceptions. As the general partner for each of these partnerships, we have operating and financial control over these entities, consolidate them in our financial statements, and record the partnership units held by third parties as noncontrolling interests.

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Use of Estimates. The consolidated financial statements were prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP, which requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements. In April 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued ASU 2015-03, which amends Topic 835, *Other Presentation Matters*. The amendments in this ASU require that debt issuance costs be reported on the balance sheet as a direct reduction of the face amount of the debt instrument they relate to, and should not be classified as a deferred charge, as was previously required under the Accounting Standards Codification. ASU 2015-03 is effective, on a retrospective basis, for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015; early adoption is permitted. We have not yet adopted this ASU and do not expect it to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In September 2015, FASB, issued ASU 2015-16, which amends Topic 805, *Business Combinations*. The amendments in this ASU require that we recognize purchase price allocation adjustments that are identified during the measurement period in the reporting period in which the adjustment amounts are determined, and eliminate the requirement to retrospectively account for these adjustments. ASU 2015-16 is effective, on a prospective basis, for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015; early adoption is permitted. We early adopted this ASU 2015-16 during the quarter ended September 30, 2015 and it did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

3. Supplemental Detail for Certain Components of Consolidated Balance Sheets

A. Acquired lease intangible assets, net, consist of the following (dollars in thousands) at:	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Acquired in-place leases	\$ 1,056,715	\$ 1,005,244
Accumulated amortization of acquired in-place leases	(264,399)	(177,722)
Acquired above-market leases	304,548	252,581
Accumulated amortization of acquired above-market leases	(62,447)	(40,379)
	\$ 1,034,417	\$ 1,039,724
B. Other assets, net, consist of the following (dollars in thousands) at:	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Deferred financing costs, net	\$ 20,490	\$ 23,274
Notes receivable issued in connection with property sales	17,905	18,342
Prepaid expenses	14,258	14,137
Credit facility origination costs, net	10,226	4,171
Impounds related to mortgages payable	5,860	5,789
Restricted escrow deposits	4,179	36,540
Corporate assets, net	2,313	2,600
Other items	45	2,797
	\$ 75,276	\$ 107,650

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C. Distributions payable consist of the following declared distributions (dollars in thousands) at:	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Common stock distributions	\$ 47,963	\$ 41,268
Preferred stock dividends	2,257	2,257
Noncontrolling interests distributions	124	150
	\$ 50,344	\$ 43,675

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D. Accounts payable and accrued expenses consist of the following (dollars in thousands) at:	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Notes payable - interest payable	\$ 61,486	\$ 63,919
Accrued costs on properties under development	9,976	18,011
Property taxes payable	13,354	11,633
Mortgages, term loans, credit line - interest payable and interest rate swaps	6,813	4,569
Other items	24,197	25,155
	\$ 115,826	\$ 123,287

E. Acquired lease intangible liabilities, net, consist of the following (dollars in thousands) at:	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Acquired below-market leases	\$ 288,412	\$ 243,025
Accumulated amortization of acquired below-market leases	(37,496)	(22,556)
	\$ 250,916	\$ 220,469

F. Other liabilities consist of the following (dollars in thousands) at:	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Rent received in advance	\$ 42,840	\$ 36,122
Security deposits	6,418	5,876
Capital lease obligations	4,707	4,397
Preferred units issued upon acquisition of ARCT	-	6,750
	\$ 53,965	\$ 53,145

4. Investments in Real Estate

We acquire land, buildings and improvements necessary for the successful operations of commercial tenants.

A. Acquisitions during 2015 and 2014

During 2015, we invested \$1.26 billion in 286 new properties and properties under development or expansion with an initial weighted average contractual lease rate of 6.6%. The 286 new properties and properties under development or expansion are located in 40 states, will contain approximately 6.2 million leasable square feet, and are 100% leased with a weighted average lease term of 16.5 years. The tenants occupying the new properties operate in 21 industries and the property types consist of 87.3% retail and 12.7% industrial, based on rental revenue. None of our investments during 2015 caused any one tenant to be 10% or more of our total assets at December 31, 2015.

The \$1.26 billion invested during 2015 was allocated as follows: \$257.1 million to land, \$937.1 million to buildings and improvements, \$105.8 million to intangible assets related to leases, and \$40.9 million to intangible liabilities related to leases and other assumed liabilities. There was no contingent consideration associated with these acquisitions.

The properties acquired during 2015 generated total revenues of \$43.4 million and income from continuing operations of \$21.1 million.

Of the \$1.26 billion we invested during 2015, \$195.4 million of the purchase price allocation is based on a preliminary measurement of fair value that is subject to change. The allocation for these properties represents our current best estimate of fair value, and we expect to finalize the valuations and complete the purchase price allocations in 2016. During 2015, we finalized the purchase price allocations for \$147.1 million invested in the fourth quarter of 2014. There were no material changes to our consolidated balance sheets or income statements as a result of these purchase price allocations being finalized.

In comparison, during 2014, we invested \$1.4 billion in 506 new properties and properties under development or expansion with an initial weighted average contractual lease rate of 7.1%. The 506 new properties and properties under development or expansion are located in 42 states, contain approximately 9.8 million leasable square feet, and are 100% leased with a weighted average lease term of 12.8 years. The tenants occupying the new properties operate in 32 industries and the property types consist of 85.7% retail, 6.6% industrial, 6.4% office, and 1.3% manufacturing, based on rental revenue.

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The \$1.4 billion invested during 2014 was allocated as follows: \$295.6 million to land, \$984.1 million to buildings and improvements, \$209.4 million to intangible assets related to leases, \$901,000 to other assets, net, and \$87.4 million to intangible liabilities related to leases and other assumed liabilities. We also recorded mortgage premiums of \$604,000 associated with the mortgages acquired. There was no contingent consideration associated with these acquisitions.

The properties acquired during 2014 generated total revenues of \$75.1 million and income from continuing operations of \$27.8 million for year ended December 31, 2014.

The estimated initial weighted average contractual lease rate for a property is generally computed as estimated contractual net operating income, which, in the case of a net leased property, is equal to the aggregate base rent for the first full year of each lease, divided by the total cost of the property. Since it is possible that a tenant could default on the payment of contractual rent, we cannot provide assurance that the actual return on the funds invested will remain at the percentages listed above.

In the case of a property under development or expansion, the contractual lease rate is generally fixed such that rent varies based on the actual total investment in order to provide a fixed rate of return. When the lease does not provide for a fixed rate of return on a property under development or expansion, the estimated initial weighted average contractual lease rate is computed as follows: estimated net operating income (determined by the lease) for the first full year of each lease, divided by our projected total investment in the property, including land, construction and capitalized interest costs. Of the \$1.26 billion we invested during 2015, \$45.8 million was invested in 35 properties under development or expansion with an estimated initial weighted average contractual lease rate of 9.7%. Of the \$1.4 billion we invested during 2014, \$81.9 million was invested in 40 properties under development or expansion with an estimated initial weighted average contractual lease rate of 8.4%.

B. Acquisition Transaction Costs

Acquisition transaction costs of \$913,000 and \$453,000 were recorded to general and administrative expense on our consolidated statements of income during 2015 and 2014, respectively.

C. Investments in Existing Properties

During 2015, we capitalized costs of \$11.5 million on existing properties in our portfolio, consisting of \$748,000 for re-leasing costs, \$7.6 million for recurring capital expenditures and \$3.2 million for non-recurring building improvements. In comparison, during 2014, we capitalized costs of \$6.0 million on existing properties in our portfolio.

D. Properties with Existing Leases

Of the \$1.26 billion we invested during 2015, approximately \$391.4 million was used to acquire 86 properties with existing leases. In comparison, of the \$1.4 billion we invested during 2014, approximately \$957.4 million was used to acquire 201 properties with existing leases. The value of the in-place and above-market leases is recorded to acquired lease intangible assets, net on our consolidated balance sheets, and the value of the below-market leases is recorded to acquired lease intangible liabilities, net on our consolidated balance sheets.

The values of the in-place leases are amortized as depreciation and amortization expense. The amounts amortized to expense for all of our in-place leases, for 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$87.9 million, \$83.6 million, and \$65.5 million, respectively.

The values of the above-market and below-market leases are amortized over the term of the respective leases, including any bargain renewal options, as an adjustment to rental revenue on our consolidated statements of income. The amounts amortized as a net decrease to rental revenue for capitalized above-market and below-market leases for 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$7.9 million, \$8.0 million, and \$8.2 million, respectively. If a lease were to be terminated prior to its stated expiration, all unamortized amounts relating to that lease would be recorded to revenue or expense as appropriate.

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The following table presents the estimated impact during the next five years and thereafter related to the amortization of the acquired above-market and below-market lease intangibles and the amortization of the in-place lease intangibles for properties held for investment at December 31, 2015 (in thousands):

	Net increase (decrease) to rental revenue	Increase to amortization expense
2016	\$ (8,075)	\$ 89,858
2017	(8,019)	88,669
2018	(7,771)	86,174
2019	(6,781)	76,109
2020	(6,108)	70,915
Thereafter	45,569	380,591
Totals	\$ 8,815	\$ 792,316

5. Credit Facility

In June 2015, we entered into a new \$2.0 billion unsecured revolving credit facility, or our new credit facility, which replaced our \$1.5 billion credit facility that was scheduled to expire in May 2016. The initial term of our new credit facility expires in June 2019 and includes, at our option, two six-month extensions. Our new credit facility has a \$1.0 billion accordion expansion option. Under our new credit facility, our current investment grade credit ratings provide for financing at the London Interbank Offered Rate, commonly referred to as LIBOR, plus 0.90% with a facility commitment fee of 0.15%, for all-in drawn pricing of 1.05% over LIBOR. The borrowing rate is subject to an interest rate floor. We also have other interest rate options available to us under our new credit facility. Our new credit facility is unsecured and, accordingly, we have not pledged any assets as collateral for this obligation.

At December 31, 2015, credit facility origination costs of \$10.2 million are included in other assets, net on our consolidated balance sheet. This balance includes \$9.1 million of new credit facility origination costs incurred during 2015 as a result of entering into our new credit facility. These costs, as well as a portion of the costs incurred as a result of entering into our previous credit facilities, are being amortized over the remaining term of our new credit facility.

At December 31, 2015, we had a borrowing capacity of \$1.76 billion available on our new credit facility (subject to customary conditions to borrowing) and an outstanding balance of \$238.0 million, as compared to an outstanding balance of \$223.0 million at December 31, 2014.

The weighted average interest rate on outstanding borrowings under our credit facilities was 1.2% during 2015 and 2014. At December 31, 2015, the effective interest rate was 1.2%. Our new and previous credit facilities are and were subject to various leverage and interest coverage ratio limitations, and at December 31, 2015, we remain in compliance with the covenants on our new credit facility.

6. Mortgages Payable

During 2015, we made \$198.4 million in principal payments, including the repayment of 13 mortgages in full for \$191.0 million. No mortgages were assumed during 2015.

During 2014, we made \$85.2 million in principal payments, including the repayment of six mortgages in full for \$77.8 million. Additionally, during 2014 we assumed mortgages totaling \$166.7 million, excluding net premiums. The mortgages are secured by the properties on which the debt was placed. We expect to pay off the mortgages as soon as prepayment penalties make it economically feasible to do so.

During 2014, aggregate net premiums totaling \$604,000 were recorded upon assumption of the mortgages for above-market interest rates. Amortization of our net premiums is recorded as a reduction to interest expense over the remaining term of the respective mortgages, using a method that approximates the effective-interest method.

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These mortgages contain customary covenants, such as limiting our ability to further mortgage each applicable property or to discontinue insurance coverage without the prior consent of the lender. At December 31, 2015, we remain in compliance with these covenants.

We did not incur any deferred financing costs on our mortgages assumed in 2014. The balance of our deferred financing costs, which are classified as part of other assets, net, on our consolidated balance sheets, was \$553,000 at December 31, 2015 and \$827,000 at December 31, 2014. These costs are being amortized over the remaining term of each mortgage.

The following is a summary of all our mortgages payable as of December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively (dollars in thousands):

As Of	Number of Properties(1)	Weighted Average Stated Interest Rate(2)	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate(3)	Weighted Average Remaining Years Until Maturity	Remaining Principal Balance	Unamortized Premium Balance, net	Mortgage Payable Balance
12/31/15	183	4.9%	4.1%	3.6	\$ 637,658	\$ 9,082	\$ 646,740
12/31/14	241	5.0%	4.0%	3.7	\$ 836,011	\$ 16,564	\$ 852,575

(1) At December 31, 2015, there were 44 mortgages on 183 properties, while at December 31, 2014, there were 57 mortgages on 241 properties. The mortgages require monthly payments, with principal payments due at maturity. The mortgages are at fixed interest rates, except for four mortgages on 13 properties totaling \$51.1 million at December 31, 2015, including net unamortized discounts. At December 31, 2014, five mortgages on 14 properties totaling \$74.5 million, including net unamortized discounts, were at variable interest rates. After factoring in arrangements which limit our exposure to interest rate risk and effectively fix our per annum interest rates, our variable rate mortgage debt includes two mortgages totaling \$15.5 million at December 31, 2015, and three mortgages totaling \$39.1 million at December 31, 2014.

(2) Stated interest rates ranged from 2.0% to 6.9% at December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

(3) Effective interest rates ranged from 2.2% to 8.9% at December 31, 2015, while effective interest rates ranged from 2.2% to 9.0% at December 31, 2014.

The following table summarizes the maturity of mortgages payable, excluding net premiums of \$9.1 million, as of December 31, 2015 (dollars in millions):

Year of Maturity	
2016	\$ 170.1
2017	142.9
2018	15.5
2019	26.3
2020	82.4
Thereafter	200.5
Totals	\$ 637.7

7. Term Loans

In June 2015, in conjunction with entering into our new credit facility, we entered into a \$250 million senior unsecured term loan maturing on June 30, 2020. Borrowing under this term loan bears interest at the current one month LIBOR, plus 0.95%. In conjunction with this term loan, we also entered into an interest rate swap which effectively fixes our per annum interest rate on this term loan at 2.67%.

In January 2013, in conjunction with our acquisition of American Realty Capital Trust, Inc., or ARCT, we entered into a \$70 million senior unsecured term loan maturing January 21, 2018. Borrowing under this term loan bears interest at the current one month LIBOR, plus 1.2%. In conjunction with this term loan, we also entered into an interest rate swap which effectively fixes our per annum interest rate on this term loan at 2.15%.

Deferred financing costs of \$1.2 million incurred in conjunction with the \$250 million term loan and \$303,000 incurred in conjunction with the \$70 million term loan are being amortized over the remaining terms of each term loan. The net balance of these deferred financing costs, which was \$1.2 million at December 31, 2015, and \$187,000 at December 31, 2014, is included in other assets, net on our consolidated balance sheets.

Table of Contents**8. Notes Payable****A. General**

Our senior unsecured notes and bonds consisted of the following, sorted by maturity date (dollars in millions):

	December 31, 2015		December 31, 2014
5.5% notes, issued in November 2003 and due in November 2015	\$ -	\$	150
5.95% notes, issued in September 2006 and due in September 2016	275		275
5.375% notes, issued in September 2005 and due in September 2017	175		175
2.0% notes, issued in October 2012 and due in January 2018	350		350
6.75% notes, issued in September 2007 and due in August 2019	550		550
5.75% notes, issued in June 2010 and due in January 2021	250		250
3.25% notes, issued in October 2012 and due in October 2022	450		450
4.65% notes, issued in July 2013 and due in August 2023	750		750
3.875% notes, issued in June 2014 and due in July 2024	350		350
4.125% notes, issued in September 2014 and due in October 2026	250		250
5.875% bonds, \$100 issued in March 2005 and \$150 issued in June 2011, both due in March 2035	250		250
Total principal amount	3,650		3,800
Unamortized original issuance discounts	(13)		(15)
	\$ 3,637	\$	3,785

The following table summarizes the maturity of our notes and bonds payable as of December 31, 2015, excluding unamortized original issuance discounts (dollars in millions):

Year of Maturity	Principal
2016	\$ 275
2017	175
2018	350
2019	550
2020	-
Thereafter	2,300
Totals	\$ 3,650

As of December 31, 2015, the weighted average interest rate on our notes and bonds payable was 4.7% and the weighted average remaining years until maturity was 6.5 years.

Interest incurred on all of the notes and bonds was \$179.5 million for 2015, \$166.5 million for 2014 and \$138.9 million for 2013. The interest rate on each of these notes and bonds is fixed.

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Our outstanding notes and bonds are unsecured; accordingly, we have not pledged any assets as collateral for these or any other obligations. Interest on all of the senior note and bond obligations is paid semiannually.

All of these notes and bonds contain various covenants, including: (i) a limitation on incurrence of any debt which would cause our debt to total adjusted assets ratio to exceed 60%; (ii) a limitation on incurrence of any secured debt which would cause our secured debt to total adjusted assets ratio to exceed 40%; (iii) a limitation on incurrence of any debt which would cause our debt service coverage ratio to be less than 1.5 times; and (iv) the maintenance at all times of total unencumbered assets not less than 150% of our outstanding unsecured debt. At December 31, 2015, we remain in compliance with these covenants.

B. Note Issuances

In September 2014, we issued \$250 million of 4.125% senior unsecured notes due October 2026, or the 2026 Notes. The price to the investors for the 2026 Notes was 99.499% of the principal amount for an effective yield of 4.178% per annum. A portion of the total net proceeds of approximately \$246.4 million from this offering were used to repay all outstanding borrowings under our credit facility, and the remaining proceeds were used for other general corporate purposes, including additional property acquisitions.

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In June 2014, we issued \$350 million of 3.875% senior unsecured notes due July 2024, or the 2024 Notes. The price to the investors for the 2024 Notes was 99.956% of the principal amount for an effective yield of 3.88% per annum. The total net proceeds of approximately \$346.7 million from these offerings were used to repay a portion of the outstanding borrowings under our previous credit facility.

C. Note Repayment

In November 2015, we repaid \$150 million of outstanding 5.5% notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, using proceeds from our October 2015 common stock offering and our new credit facility.

9. Redemption of Preferred Stock

In September 2014, we issued an irrevocable notice of redemption for all 8.8 million shares of our 6.75% Monthly Income Class E Preferred Stock for \$25 per share, plus accrued dividends. The redemption occurred in October 2014. We incurred a charge of \$6.0 million, representing the Class E preferred stock original issuance costs that we paid in 2006.

10. Issuance of Common Stock

In October 2015, we issued 11,500,000 shares of common stock, including 1,500,000 shares purchased by the underwriters upon the exercise of their option to purchase additional shares. After underwriting discounts and other offering costs of \$22.0 million, a portion of the net proceeds of \$517.1 million was used to repay borrowings under our new credit facility and the remaining portion was used for other general corporate purposes, including acquisitions.

In April 2015, we issued 5,500,000 shares of common stock. After underwriting discounts and other offering costs of \$1.4 million, the net proceeds of \$276.4 million were used to repay borrowings under our previous \$1.5 billion unsecured credit facility.

In April 2014, we issued 13,800,000 shares of common stock, including 1,800,000 shares purchased by the underwriters upon the exercise of their option to purchase additional shares. After underwriting discounts and other offering costs of \$22.8 million, the net proceeds of \$528.6 million were used to repay borrowings under our previous credit facility.

11. Noncontrolling Interests

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In January 2013, we completed our acquisition of ARCT. We issued a total of 45,573,144 shares of our common stock to ARCT shareholders and we received 208,709 shares of our common stock that were previously held by ARCT. The total value of the 45,573,144 common shares was approximately \$2 billion.

Equity issued as consideration for this transaction included common and preferred partnership units issued by Tau Operating Partnership, L.P., or Tau Operating Partnership, the consolidated subsidiary which owns properties acquired through the ARCT acquisition. Realty Income and its subsidiaries hold a 99.4% interest in Tau Operating Partnership, and consolidate the entity.

In June 2013, we completed the acquisition of a portfolio of properties by issuing common partnership units in a newly formed entity, Realty Income, L.P. The units were issued as consideration for the acquisition. At December 31, 2015, the remaining units from this issuance represent a 1.4% ownership in Realty Income, L.P. Realty Income holds the remaining 98.6% interests in this entity and consolidates the entity.

A. Neither of the common partnership units have voting rights. Both common partnership units are entitled to monthly distributions equal to the amount paid to common stockholders of Realty Income, and are redeemable in cash or Realty Income common stock, at our option, and at a conversion ratio of one to one, subject to certain exceptions. Noncontrolling interests with redemption provisions that permit the issuer to settle in either cash or common stock, at the option of the issuer, were evaluated to determine whether temporary or permanent equity classification on the balance sheet was appropriate. We determined that the units meet the requirements to qualify for presentation as permanent equity.

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The following table represents the change in the carrying value of all noncontrolling interests through December 31, 2015 (dollars in thousands):

	Tau Operating Partnership units(1)	Realty Income, L.P. units(2)	Total
Carrying value at December 31, 2014	\$ 13,067	\$ 14,631	\$ 27,698
Reallocation of equity	836	(1,887)	(1,051)
Redemptions	-	(4,347)	(4,347)
Distributions	(722)	(930)	(1,652)
Allocation of net income	229	860	1,089
Carrying value at December 31, 2015	\$ 13,410	\$ 8,327	\$ 21,737

	Tau Operating Partnership units(1)	Realty Income, L.P. units(2)	Total
Carrying value at December 31, 2013	\$ 13,489	\$ 22,422	\$ 35,911
Reallocation of equity	-	(6,647)	(6,647)
Redemptions	-	(1,032)	(1,032)
Distributions	(695)	(1,144)	(1,839)
Allocation of net income	273	1,032	1,305
Carrying value at December 31, 2014	\$ 13,067	\$ 14,631	\$ 27,698

(1) 317,022 Tau Operating Partnership units were issued on January 22, 2013 and remained outstanding as of December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

(2) 534,546 Realty Income, L.P. units were issued on June 27, 2013, 499,546 units were outstanding as of December 31, 2014, and 331,364 remain outstanding as of December 31, 2015.

During 2015 and 2014, we recorded net equity reclassification adjustments of \$1.1 million and \$6.6 million, respectively, between noncontrolling interests and additional paid in capital to adjust the carrying value of noncontrolling interests to be in-line with their equity ownership interests in the entities.

B. The Tau Operating Partnership preferred units were recorded at fair value as of the date of acquisition. Since they were redeemable at a fixed price on a determinable date, we initially classified them in other liabilities on our consolidated balance sheets. Payments on these preferred units were made monthly at a rate of 2% per annum and were included in interest expense. As of December 31, 2014, the preferred units had a carrying value of \$6.75 million. In January 2015, we redeemed all 6,750 Tau Operating Partnership preferred units for \$1,000 per unit, plus accrued and unpaid distributions.

12. Distributions Paid and Payable

A. *Common Stock*

We pay monthly distributions to our common stockholders. The following is a summary of monthly distributions paid per common share 2015 and 2014:

Month	2015		2014		2013
January	\$	0.1834167	\$	0.1821667	\$ 0.1517500
February		0.1890000		0.1821667	0.1809167
March		0.1890000		0.1821667	0.1809167
April		0.1895000		0.1824792	0.1812292
May		0.1895000		0.1824792	0.1812292
June		0.1895000		0.1824792	0.1812292
July		0.1900000		0.1827917	0.1815417
August		0.1900000		0.1827917	0.1815417
September		0.1900000		0.1827917	0.1815417
October		0.1905000		0.1831042	0.1818542
November		0.1905000		0.1831042	0.1818542
December		0.1905000		0.1831042	0.1818542
Total	\$	2.2714167	\$	2.1916254	\$ 2.1474587

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The following presents the federal income tax characterization of distributions paid or deemed to be paid per common share for the years:

		2015		2014		2013
Ordinary income	\$	1.7307023	\$	1.6483522	\$	1.3153791
Nontaxable distributions		0.5407144		0.5432732		0.8320796
Totals	\$	2.2714167	\$	2.1916254	\$	2.1474587

At December 31, 2015, a distribution of \$0.191 per common share was payable and was paid in January 2016. At December 31, 2014, a distribution of \$0.1834167 per common share was payable and was paid in January 2015.

B. Class E Preferred Stock

Prior to the redemption of the Class E preferred stock in October 2014, dividends of \$0.140625 per share were paid monthly in arrears on the Class E preferred stock. We paid distributions to holders of our Class E preferred stock totaling \$12.7 million in 2014 and \$14.9 million in 2013. For 2014, dividends paid per share in the amount of \$1.4484375 were characterized as ordinary income for federal income tax purposes, while in 2013, dividends paid per share in the amount of \$1.6875 were characterized as ordinary income for federal income tax purposes.

C. Class F Preferred Stock

Dividends of \$0.138021 per share are paid monthly in arrears on the Class F preferred stock. We declared dividends to holders of our Class F preferred stock totaling \$27.1 million in 2015, 2014 and 2013. For 2015, 2014 and 2013, dividends paid per share of \$1.656252 were characterized as ordinary income for federal income tax purposes. At December 31, 2015, a monthly dividend of \$0.138021 per share was payable and was paid in January 2016. We are current in our obligations to pay dividends on our Class F preferred stock.

13. Operating Leases

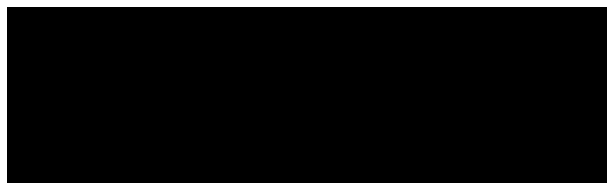
A. At December 31, 2015, we owned 4,538 properties in 49 states and Puerto Rico, plus an additional eight properties owned by Crest. Of the 4,538 properties, 4,519, or 99.6%, are single-tenant properties, and the remaining are multi-tenant properties. At December 31, 2015, 71 properties were available for lease or sale.

Substantially all leases are net leases where the tenant pays property taxes and assessments, maintains the interior and exterior of the building and leased premises, and carries insurance coverage for public liability, property damage, fire and extended coverage.

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Rent based on a percentage of a tenants' gross sales (percentage rents) was \$4.5 million for 2015, \$3.6 million for 2014 and \$2.9 million for 2013.

At December 31, 2015, minimum future annual rents to be received on the operating leases for the next five years and thereafter are as follows (dollars in thousands):

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B. Major Tenants - No individual tenant's rental revenue, including percentage rents, represented more than 10% of our total revenue for each of the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 or 2013.

14. Gain on Sales of Real Estate

During 2015, we sold 38 investment properties for \$65.8 million, which resulted in a gain of \$22.2 million. The results of operations for these properties are presented within continuing operations.

During 2014, we sold 46 investment properties for \$107.2 million, which resulted in a gain of \$42.1 million. Only the results of operations specifically related to the properties classified as held for sale at December 31, 2013 and sold during the year were reclassified as discontinued operations.

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During 2013, we sold 75 investment properties for \$134.2 million, which resulted in a gain of \$64.7 million. The results of operations for these properties were reclassified as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

During 2015, Crest did not sell any properties. Crest sold one property for \$820,000 and one property for \$597,000 during 2014 and 2013, respectively. Neither of these sales resulted in a gain. The results of operations for these properties have been reclassified as discontinued operations.

15. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received from the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The disclosure for assets and liabilities measured at fair value requires allocation to a three-level valuation hierarchy. This valuation hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date. Categorization within this hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

We believe that the carrying values reflected in our consolidated balance sheets reasonably approximate the fair values for cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, escrow deposits, loans receivable, line of credit payable, term loans and all other liabilities, due to their short-term nature or interest rates and terms that are consistent with market, except for our notes receivable issued in connection with property sales, mortgages payable and our senior notes and bonds payable, which are disclosed below (dollars in millions):

		Carrying value per balance sheet		Estimated fair value
At December 31, 2015				
Notes receivable issued in connection with property sales	\$	17.9	\$	19.4
Mortgages payable assumed in connection with acquisitions, net		646.7		651.5
Notes and bonds payable, net of unamortized original issuance discounts		3,636.7		3,828.1
At December 31, 2014				
Notes receivable issued in connection with property sales	\$	18.3	\$	20.1
Mortgages payable assumed in connection with acquisitions, net		852.6		857.9
Notes and bonds payable, net of unamortized original issuance discounts		3,785.4		4,092.8

The estimated fair values of our notes receivable issued in connection with property sales and our mortgages payable have been calculated by discounting the future cash flows using an interest rate based upon the relevant Treasury yield curve, plus an applicable credit-adjusted spread. Because this methodology includes unobservable inputs that reflect our own internal assumptions and calculations, the measurement of estimated fair values related to our notes receivable and mortgages payable is categorized as level three on the three-level valuation hierarchy.

The estimated fair values of our senior notes and bonds payable are based upon indicative market prices and recent trading activity of our senior notes and bonds payable. Because this methodology includes inputs that are less observable by the public and are not necessarily reflected in active markets, the measurement of the estimated fair values, related to our notes and bonds payable, is categorized as level two on the three-level valuation hierarchy.

We record interest rate swaps on the consolidated balance sheet at fair value. The fair value of our interest rate swaps are based on valuation techniques including discounted cash flow analysis on the expected cash flows of each swap, using both observable and unobservable market-based inputs, including interest rate curves. Because this methodology uses observable and unobservable inputs, the measurement of interest rate swaps is categorized as level two on the three-level valuation hierarchy.

16. Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information

Cash paid for interest was \$229.5 million in 2015, \$207.3 million in 2014, and \$166.1 million in 2013.

Interest capitalized to properties under development was \$594,000 in 2015, \$444,000 in 2014, and \$537,000 in 2013.

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Cash paid for income taxes was \$3.1 million in 2015, \$3.7 million in 2014, and \$2.1 million in 2013.

The following non-cash activities are included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements:

A. See Provisions for Impairment in note 2 for a discussion of provisions for impairments recorded by Realty Income and Crest.

B. See note 9 for a discussion of the \$6.0 million excess of redemption value over carrying value of preferred shares subject to redemption charge recorded by Realty Income during 2014.

C. During 2014, we assumed mortgages payable to third-party lenders of \$166.7 million, recorded \$604,000 of net premiums, and recorded \$901,000 of interest rate swap value to other assets, net, related to property acquisitions. During 2013, we assumed mortgages payable (excluding the mortgages payable discussed in items D and E) of \$81.3 million to third-party lenders and recorded \$6.1 million of net premiums related to property acquisitions.

D. During 2013, the following components were acquired in connection with our acquisition of ARCT: (1) real estate investments and related intangible assets of \$3.2 billion, (2) other assets of \$19.5 million, (3) lines of credit payable of \$317.2 million, (4) a term loan for \$235.0 million, (5) mortgages payable of \$539.0 million, (6) intangible liabilities of \$79.7 million, (7) other liabilities of \$29.0 million, and (8) noncontrolling interests of \$14.0 million.

E. During 2013, we acquired \$55.9 million of real estate through the assumption of a \$32.4 million mortgage payable, the issuance of 534,546 units by Realty Income, L.P. and cash of \$1.0 million.

F. During 2014, we applied \$48.9 million of loans receivable to the purchase price of five acquired properties.

G. During 2014, we acquired real estate for \$11.6 million via exchanges of our properties. During 2013, we acquired real estate for \$7.4 million via exchanges of our properties.

H. During 2013, we recorded receivables of \$1.9 million for the taking of two investment properties as a result of an eminent domain action.

I. Accrued costs on properties under development resulted in an increase in buildings and improvements and accounts payable of \$4.0 million and \$5.5 million at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

17. Employee Benefit Plan

We have a 401(k) plan covering substantially all of our employees. Under our 401(k) plan, employees may elect to make contributions to the plan up to a maximum of 60% of their compensation, subject to limits under the Code. We match 50% of each of our employee's salary deferrals up to the first 6% of the employee's eligible compensation. Our aggregate matching contributions each year have been immaterial to our results of operations.

18. Common Stock Incentive Plan

In 2012, our Board of Directors adopted and stockholders approved the Realty Income Corporation 2012 Incentive Award Plan, or the 2012 Plan, to enable us to motivate, attract and retain the services of directors and employees considered essential to our long-term success. The 2012 Plan offers our directors and employees an opportunity to own stock in Realty Income or rights that will reflect our growth, development and financial success. Under the terms of the 2012 plan, the aggregate number of shares of our common stock subject to options, restricted stock, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock units and other awards, will be no more than 3,985,734 shares. The 2012 Plan has a term of ten years from the date it was adopted by our Board of Directors.

The amount of share-based compensation costs recognized in general and administrative expense on our consolidated statements of income was \$10.4 million during 2015, \$12.0 million during 2014, and \$20.8 million during 2013.

A. Restricted Stock

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The following table summarizes our common stock grant activity under our 2012 Plan. Our outstanding restricted stock vests over periods ranging from immediately to five years.

	2015		2014		2013	
	Number of	Weighted	Number of	Weighted	Number of	Weighted
	shares	average	shares	average	shares	average
		price(1)		price(1)		price(1)
Outstanding nonvested						
shares, beginning of year	527,176	\$ 29.02	722,263	\$ 23.37	895,550	\$ 19.94
Shares granted	161,949	\$ 50.87	262,655	\$ 39.87	484,060	\$ 41.13
Shares vested	(205,248)	\$ 37.70	(440,348)	\$ 36.88	(654,650)	\$ 30.91
Shares forfeited	(27,595)	\$ 45.58	(17,394)	\$ 39.07	(2,697)	\$ 37.30
Outstanding nonvested						
shares, end of each period	456,282	\$ 30.46	527,176	\$ 29.02	722,263	\$ 23.37

(1) Grant date fair value.

During 2015, we issued 161,949 shares of common stock under the 2012 Plan. These shares generally vest over a five- year service period. However, one grant of 4,964 shares vested immediately, and of the 28,000 shares which are granted annually to our Board of Directors, 12,000 shares vested immediately, 8,000 shares vest in one year following the grant (assuming continued service), and 8,000 shares vest over a three year service period. Not included in the table above are 10,269 restricted stock units granted during 2015 that vest over a five year service period and have the same economic rights as shares of restricted stock.

The vesting schedule for shares granted to non-employee directors is as follows:

- For directors with less than six years of service at the date of grant, shares vest in 33.33% increments on each of the first three anniversaries of the date the shares of stock are granted;
- For directors with six years of service at the date of grant, shares vest in 50% increments on each of the first two anniversaries of the date the shares of stock are granted;
- For directors with seven years of service at the date of grant, shares are 100% vested on the first anniversary of the date the shares of stock are granted; and
- For directors with eight or more years of service at the date of grant, there is immediate vesting as of the date the shares of stock are granted.

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For shares granted on or after January 1, 2015, shares granted to employees typically vest in 20% increments on each of the first five anniversaries of the grant date. For shares granted prior to December 2014, the typical vesting schedule for shares granted to employees was as follows:

- For employees age 55 and below at the grant date, shares vest in 20% increments on each of the first five anniversaries of the grant date;
- For employees age 56 at the grant date, shares vest in 25% increments on each of the first four anniversaries of the grant date;
- For employees age 57 at the grant date, shares vest in 33.33% increments on each of the first three anniversaries of the grant date;
- For employees age 58 at the grant date, shares vest in 50% increments on each of the first two anniversaries of the grant date;
- For employees age 59 at the grant date, shares are 100% vested on the first anniversary of the grant date; and
- For employees age 60 and above at the grant date, shares vest immediately on the grant date.

After being employed for six full months, all non-executive employees receive approximately 200 shares of restricted stock which vests over a five year period. Additionally, depending on certain company performance metrics or attainment of individual achievements, non-executive employees may receive grants of restricted stock which vests over a five year period.

As of December 31, 2015, the remaining unamortized share-based compensation expense related to restricted stock totaled \$13.9 million, which is being amortized on a straight-line basis over the service period of each applicable award. The amount of share-based compensation is based on the fair value of the stock at the grant date. We define the grant date as the date the recipient and Realty Income have a mutual understanding of the key terms and condition of the award, and the recipient of the grant begins to benefit from, or be adversely affected by, subsequent changes in the price of the shares.

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Due to a historically low turnover rate, we do not estimate a forfeiture rate for our nonvested shares. Accordingly, unexpected forfeitures will lower share-based compensation expense during the applicable period. Under the terms of our 2012 Plan, we pay non-refundable dividends to the holders of our nonvested shares. Applicable accounting guidance requires that the dividends paid to holders of these nonvested shares be charged as compensation expense to the extent that they relate to nonvested shares that do not or are not expected to vest. However, since we do not estimate forfeitures given our historical trends, we did not record any compensation expense related to dividends paid in 2015, 2014, or 2013.

As of December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, there were no common stock options outstanding for any of the periods presented.

B. *Performance Shares*

During 2015 and 2014, we granted performance share awards, as well as dividend equivalent rights, to our executive officers. The number of performance shares that vest is based on the achievement of the following performance goals:

2015 Performance Awards

Metrics	Weighting
Total shareholder return (TSR) relative to MSCI US REIT Index	50%
TSR relative to NAREIT Freestanding Index	20%
Dividend per share growth rate	20%
Debt-to-EBITDA ratio	10%

2014 Performance Awards

Metrics	Weighting
TSR relative to MSCI US REIT Index	60%
TSR relative to NAREIT Freestanding Index	20%
Debt-to-EBITDA ratio	20%

The performance shares are earned based on our performance, and vest 50% on the first and second January 1 after the end of the three year performance period, subject to continued service. The performance period for the 2014 performance awards began on January 1, 2014 and will end on December 31, 2016. The performance period for the 2015 performance awards began on January 1, 2015 and will end on December 31, 2017.

The fair value of the performance shares was estimated on the date of grant using a Monte Carlo Simulation model. The following table summarizes our performance share grant activity:

	2015		2014	
	Number of performance shares	Weighted average price(1)	Number of performance shares	Weighted average price(1)
Outstanding nonvested shares, beginning of year	59,405	\$ 41.46	-	\$ -
Shares granted	55,716	\$ 52.78	71,705	\$ 41.46

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Shares vested	-	\$	-	(4,067)	\$	41.46
Shares forfeited	-	\$	-	(8,233)	\$	41.46
Outstanding nonvested shares, end of each period	115,121	\$	46.94	59,405	\$	41.46

(1) Grant date fair value.

As of December 31, 2015, the remaining share-based compensation expense related to the performance shares totaled \$3.2 million. The portion related to the market-based awards is being recognized on a straight-line basis over the service period, and the portion related to the performance-based awards is being recognized on a tranche-by-tranche basis over the service period.

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19. Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan

Our Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan, or the DRSP, provides our common stockholders, as well as new investors, with a convenient and economical method of purchasing our common stock and reinvesting their distributions. The DRSP also allows our current stockholders to buy additional shares of common stock by reinvesting all or a portion of their distributions. The DRSP authorizes up to 26,000,000 common shares to be issued. During 2015, we issued 7,608,354 shares and raised approximately \$363.0 million under the DRSP. During 2014, we issued 3,527,166 shares and raised approximately \$158.5 million under the DRSP. During 2013, we issued 1,449,139 shares and raised approximately \$55.6 million under the DRSP. From the inception of the DRSP through December 31, 2015, we have issued 12,699,862 shares and raised approximately \$581.6 million.

In 2013, we revised our DRSP so that we would pay for a majority of the plan-related fees, which were previously paid by investors, and to institute a waiver approval process, allowing larger investors or institutions, per a formal approval process, to purchase shares at a small discount, if approved by us. During 2015, we issued 7,413,207 shares and raised \$353.7 million under the waiver approval process. In 2014, we issued 3,330,556 shares and raised \$150.0 million under the waiver approval process. In 2013, we issued 1,308,490 shares and raised \$50.0 million under the waiver approval process. These shares are included in the total activity noted in the preceding paragraph.

20. At-the-Market (ATM) Program

In September 2015, we established an at the market equity distribution program, or our ATM program, pursuant to which we can offer and sell up to 12,000,000 shares of common stock to, or through a consortium of banks acting as our sales agents by means of ordinary brokers transactions on the NYSE or otherwise at market prices prevailing at the time of sale, at prices related to prevailing market prices or at negotiated prices. During 2015, we issued 714,301 shares and raised approximately \$36.3 million under the ATM program.

21. Segment Information

We evaluate performance and make resource allocation decisions on an industry by industry basis. For financial reporting purposes, we have grouped our tenants into 48 activity segments. All of the properties are incorporated into one of the applicable segments. Because almost all of our leases require the tenant to pay operating expenses, rental revenue is the only component of segment profit and loss we measure.

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The following tables set forth certain information regarding the properties owned by us, classified according to the business of the respective tenants (dollars in thousands):

Assets, as of December 31:	2015	2014
Segment net real estate:		
Apparel	\$ 180,175	\$ 185,237
Automotive service	129,328	120,660
Automotive tire services	247,200	255,447
Beverages	297,724	302,001
Child care	52,392	54,194
Convenience stores	724,972	752,047
Dollar stores	1,158,948	1,165,560
Drug stores	1,384,506	1,036,697
Financial services	254,022	262,095
Grocery stores	331,565	341,773
Health and fitness	839,872	546,583
Health care	220,018	227,084
Home improvement	268,974	227,733
Restaurants-casual dining	419,455	449,211
Restaurants-quick service	467,643	336,753
Theaters	371,617	375,982
Transportation services	686,041	661,053
Wholesale club	452,563	465,569
30 other non-reportable segments	2,131,869	2,015,861
Total segment net real estate	10,618,884	9,781,540
Intangible assets:		
Apparel	48,116	52,444
Automotive service	19,131	2,909
Automotive tire services	13,202	14,871
Beverages	2,538	2,797
Convenience stores	16,040	17,535
Dollar stores	56,420	58,691
Drug stores	189,433	194,905
Financial services	34,626	39,564
Grocery stores	42,823	46,964
Health and fitness	65,037	66,460
Health care	29,950	35,017
Home improvement	42,630	35,726
Restaurants-casual dining	9,392	10,649
Restaurants-quick service	32,612	16,415
Theaters	17,673	21,601
Transportation services	92,602	101,040
Wholesale club	36,215	39,707
Other non-reportable segments	285,977	282,429
Goodwill:		
Automotive service	448	451
Automotive tire services	865	865
Child care	5,034	5,095
Convenience stores	2,009	2,023
Restaurants-casual dining	2,215	2,279
Restaurants-quick service	1,082	1,085
Other non-reportable segments	3,668	3,672

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Other corporate assets		197,248		175,888
Total assets	\$	11,865,870	\$	11,012,622

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Table of Contents**Revenue for the years ended**

December 31,	2015	2014	2013
Segment rental revenue:			
Apparel	\$ 19,819	\$ 17,674	\$ 13,851
Automotive service	18,632	16,548	15,606
Automotive tire services	28,627	28,222	27,002
Beverages	25,451	25,147	24,848
Child care	19,949	20,022	20,705
Convenience stores	90,093	89,754	83,973
Dollar stores	88,126	85,049	46,742
Drug stores	103,324	84,625	60,529
Financial services	17,044	16,828	14,904
Grocery stores	29,506	27,270	22,317
Health and fitness	75,881	62,086	46,979
Health care	16,057	16,039	14,358
Home improvement	23,112	15,593	11,456
Restaurants-casual dining	37,645	38,473	38,149
Restaurants-quick service	41,407	33,388	32,340
Theaters	49,456	47,102	46,122
Transportation services	51,745	46,287	40,552
Wholesale club	37,391	36,588	29,448
30 other non-reportable segments	203,600	186,762	158,337
Total rental revenue	976,865	893,457	748,218
Tenant reimbursements	42,015	37,118	24,944
Other revenue	4,405	2,930	7,047
Total revenue	\$ 1,023,285	\$ 933,505	\$ 780,209

22. Commitments and Contingencies

In the ordinary course of business, we are party to various legal actions which we believe are routine in nature and incidental to the operation of our business. We believe that the outcome of the proceedings will not have a material adverse effect upon our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

At December 31, 2015, we had commitments of \$714,000 for re-leasing costs, recurring capital expenditures, and non-recurring building improvements. In addition, as of December 31, 2015, we had committed \$70.6 million under construction contracts, which is expected to be paid in the next twelve months.

We have certain properties that are subject to ground leases which are accounted for as operating leases. At December 31, 2015, minimum future rental payments for the next five years and thereafter are as follows (dollars in millions):

	Ground Leases Paid by Realty Income(1)	Ground Leases Paid by Our Tenants(2)	Total
2016	\$ 1.5	\$ 13.3	\$ 14.8

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2017	1.5	13.3	14.8
2018	1.6	13.3	14.9
2019	1.4	13.2	14.6
2020	1.4	13.0	14.4
Thereafter	23.3	119.0	142.3
Total	\$ 30.7	\$ 185.1	\$ 215.8

(1) Realty Income currently pays the ground lessors directly for the rent under the ground leases.

(2) Our tenants, who are generally sub-tenants under the ground leases, are responsible for paying the rent under these ground leases. In the event a tenant fails to pay the ground lease rent, we are primarily responsible.

23. Subsequent Events

In January 2016 and February 2016, we declared the following dividends, which will be paid in February 2016 and March 2016, respectively:

- \$0.1985 per share to our common stockholders and

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- \$0.138021 per share to our Class F preferred stockholders.

During January and February of 2016, we repaid five mortgages in full for \$129.6 million.

REALTY INCOME CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

(not covered by Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm)

		First Quarter		Second Quarter		Third Quarter		Fourth Quarter		Year(2)
2015 (1)										
Total revenue	\$	246,867	\$	253,860	\$	258,889	\$	263,668	\$	1,023,285
Depreciation and amortization expense		98,037		101,101		104,338		105,739		409,215
Interest expense		58,468		58,680		63,950		51,982		233,079
Other expenses		29,999		31,404		29,012		27,962		118,379
Income from continuing operations		67,581		66,350		67,813		83,111		284,855
Income from discontinued operations		-		-		-		-		-
Net income		67,581		66,350		67,813		83,111		284,855
Net income available to common stockholders		60,494		59,317		60,705		76,171		256,686
Net income per common share										
Basic		0.27		0.26		0.26		0.31		1.09
Diluted		0.27		0.25		0.26		0.31		1.09
Dividends paid per common share		0.5614167		0.5685000		0.5700000		0.5715000		2.2714167
2014 (1)										
Total revenue	\$	221,572	\$	228,646	\$	235,713	\$	247,573	\$	933,505
Depreciation and amortization expense		89,970		92,894		95,260		96,537		374,661
Interest expense		51,720		52,712		52,814		59,120		216,366
Other expenses		26,237		22,783		24,987		38,536		112,543
Income from continuing operations		54,916		62,221		73,627		78,374		269,140
Income from discontinued operations		3,077		20		-		(297)		2,800
Net income		57,993		62,241		73,627		78,077		271,940
Net income available to common stockholders		47,179		51,420		57,941		71,018		227,558
Net income per common share										
Basic		0.23		0.23		0.26		0.32		1.04
Diluted		0.23		0.23		0.26		0.32		1.04
Dividends paid per common share		0.5614167		0.5685000		0.5700000		0.5715000		2.1916254

(1) The consolidated quarterly financial data includes revenues and expenses from our continuing and discontinued operations. The results of operations related to certain properties, classified as held for sale or disposed of, have been reclassified to income from discontinued operations.

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Additionally, tenant reimbursements have been reported as a component of total revenue and reimbursable property expense have been reported as a component of total expenses. Therefore, some of the information may not agree to our previously filed 10-Qs.

(2) Amounts for each period are calculated independently. The sum of the quarters may differ from the annual amount.

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Item 9: **Changes In and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure**

We have had no disagreements with our independent registered public accounting firm on accounting matters or financial disclosure, nor have we changed accountants in the two most recent fiscal years.

Item 9A: **Controls and Procedures**

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

As of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, we carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. Based on the foregoing, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective and were operating at a reasonable assurance level.

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Internal control over financial reporting refers to the process designed by, or under the supervision of, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, and effected by our Board of Directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and includes those policies and procedures that:

(1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;

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(2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and

(3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting for the Company.

Management has used the framework set forth in the report entitled "Internal Control--Integrated Framework (2013)" published by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission to evaluate the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Management has concluded that the Company's internal control over financial reporting was effective as of the end of the most recent fiscal year. KPMG LLP has issued an attestation report on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Submitted on February 11, 2016 by,

John P. Case, Chief Executive Officer

Paul M. Meurer, Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, and Treasurer

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Changes in Internal Controls

There were no changes to our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended December 31, 2015 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to material affect, our internal control over financial reporting. As of December 31, 2015, there were no material weaknesses in our internal controls, and therefore, no corrective actions were taken.

Limitations on the Effectiveness of Controls

Internal control over financial reporting cannot provide absolute assurance of achieving financial reporting objectives because of its inherent limitations. Internal control over financial reporting is a process that involves human diligence and compliance and is subject to lapses in judgment and breakdowns resulting from human failures. Internal control over financial reporting also can be circumvented by collusion or improper management override. Because of such limitations, there is a risk that material misstatements may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis by internal control over financial reporting. However, these inherent limitations are known features of the financial reporting process. Therefore, it is possible to design into the process safeguards to reduce, though not eliminate, this risk.

Item 9B: Other Information

None.

PART III

Item 10: Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

The information required by this item is set forth under the captions Board of Directors and Executive Officers of the Company and Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance in our definitive Proxy Statement for the 2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A, and is incorporated herein by reference. The Annual Meeting of Stockholders is presently scheduled to be held on May 17, 2016.

Item 11: Executive Compensation

The information required by this item is set forth under the caption Executive Compensation in our definitive Proxy Statement for the 2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A, and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 12: Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The information required by this item is set forth under the caption Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management in our definitive Proxy Statement for the 2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A, and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 13: Certain Relationships, Related Transactions and Director Independence

The information required by this item is set forth under the caption Related Party Transactions in our definitive Proxy Statement for the 2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A, and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 14: Principal Accounting Fees and Services

The information required by this item is set forth under the caption Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm Fees and Services in our definitive Proxy Statement for the 2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A, and is incorporated herein by reference.

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PART IV

Item 15: Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

A. The following documents are filed as part of this report.

1. Financial Statements (see Item 8)

a. Reports of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

b. Consolidated Balance Sheets,

December 31, 2015 and 2014

c. Consolidated Statements of Income,

Years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013

d. Consolidated Statements of Equity,

Years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013

e. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows,

Years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013

f. Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

g. Consolidated Quarterly Financial Data,

(unaudited) for 2015 and 2014

2. Financial Statement Schedule. Reference is made to page F-1 of this report for Schedule III Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation (electronically filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission).

Schedules not Filed: All schedules, other than those indicated in the Table of Contents, have been omitted as the required information is either not material, inapplicable or the information is presented in the financial statements or related notes.

3. Exhibits

Articles of Incorporation and By-Laws

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
2.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of September 6, 2012, by and among Realty Income Corporation, Tau Acquisition LLC and American Realty Capital Trust, Inc. (filed as exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on September 6, 2012 and incorporated herein by reference).
2.2	First Amendment to Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of January 6, 2013, by and among Realty Income Corporation, Tau Acquisition LLC and American Realty Capital Trust, Inc. (filed as exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on January 7, 2013 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.1	Articles of Incorporation of the Company, as amended by amendment No. 1 dated May 10, 2005 and amendment No. 2 dated May 10, 2005 (filed as exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference), amendment No. 3 dated July 29, 2011 (filed as exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on August 2, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference); and amendment No. 4 dated June 21, 2012 (filed as exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on June 21, 2012 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Company dated June 16, 2015 (filed as exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed on June 17, 2015 and incorporated herein by reference)
3.3	Articles Supplementary to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company classifying and designating the 6.625% Monthly Income Class F Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, dated February 3, 2012 (the "First Class F Articles Supplementary") (filed as exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on February 3, 2012 and incorporated herein by reference).

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- 3.4 Certificate of Correction to the First Class F Articles Supplementary, dated April 11, 2012 (filed as exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on April 17, 2012 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 3.5 Articles Supplementary to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company classifying and designating additional shares of the 6.625% Monthly Income Class F Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, dated April 17, 2012 (filed as exhibit 3.3 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on April 17, 2012 and incorporated herein by reference).

Instruments defining the rights of security holders, including indentures

- 4.1 Indenture dated as of October 28, 1998 between the Company and The Bank of New York (filed as exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on October 28, 1998 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.2 Form of 5.50% Senior Notes due 2015 (filed as exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on November 24, 2003 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.3 Officer's Certificate pursuant to sections 201, 301 and 303 of the Indenture dated October 28, 1998 between the Company and The Bank of New York, as Trustee, establishing a series of securities entitled 5.50% Senior Notes due 2015 (filed as exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on November 24, 2003 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.4 Form of 5.875% Senior Notes due 2035 (filed as exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on March 11, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.5 Officer's Certificate pursuant to sections 201, 301 and 303 of the Indenture dated October 28, 1998 between the Company and The Bank of New York, as Trustee, establishing a series of securities entitled 5.875% Senior Debentures due 2035 (filed as exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on March 11, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.6 Form of 5.375% Senior Notes due 2017 (filed as exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on September 16, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.7 Officer's Certificate pursuant to sections 201, 301 and 303 of the Indenture dated October 28, 1998 between the Company and The Bank of New York, as Trustee, establishing a series of securities entitled 5.375% Senior Notes due 2017 (filed as exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on September 16, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.8 Form of 5.95% Senior Notes due 2016 (filed as exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on September 18, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.9 Officer's Certificate pursuant to sections 201, 301 and 303 of the Indenture dated October 28, 1998 between the Company and The Bank of New York, as Trustee, establishing a series of securities entitled 5.95% Senior Notes due 2016 (filed as exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on September 18, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.10 Form of 6.75% Notes due 2019 (filed as exhibit 4.2 to Company's Form 8-K, filed on September 5, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.11 Officer's Certificate pursuant to sections 201, 301 and 303 of the Indenture dated October 28, 1998 between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee, establishing a series of securities entitled 6.75% Senior Notes due 2019 (filed as exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on September 5, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference).

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- 4.12 Form of 5.750% Notes due 2021 (filed as exhibit 4.2 to Company's Form 8-K, filed on June 29, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.13 Officer's Certificate pursuant to sections 201, 301 and 303 of the Indenture dated October 28, 1998 between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as Successor Trustee, establishing a series of securities entitled 5.750% Notes due 2021 (filed as exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on June 29, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.14 Form of Common Stock Certificate (filed as exhibit 4.16 to the Company's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.15 Form of Preferred Stock Certificate representing the 6.625% Monthly Income Class F Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock (filed as exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on February 3, 2012 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.16 Form of 2.000% Note due 2018 (filed as exhibit 4.2 to Company's Form 8-K, filed on October 10, 2012 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.17 Form of 3.250% Note due 2022 (filed as exhibit 4.3 to Company's Form 8-K, filed on October 10, 2012 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.18 Officer's Certificate pursuant to sections 201, 301 and 303 of the Indenture dated October 28, 1998 between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as successor trustee, establishing a series of securities entitled 2.000% Notes due 2018 and establishing a series of securities entitled 3.250% Notes due 2022 (filed as exhibit 4.4 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on October 10, 2012 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.19 Form of 4.650% Note due 2023 (filed as exhibit 4.2 to Company's Form 8-K, filed on July 16, 2013 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.20 Officer's Certificate pursuant to sections 201, 301 and 303 of the Indenture dated October 28, 1998 between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as successor trustee, establishing a series of securities entitled 4.650% Notes due 2023 (filed as exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on July 16, 2013 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.21 Form of 3.875% Note due 2024 (filed as exhibit 4.2 to Company's Form 8-K, filed on June 25, 2014 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.22 Officer's Certificate pursuant to sections 201, 301 and 303 of the Indenture dated October 28, 1998 between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as successor trustee, establishing a series of securities entitled 3.875% Notes due 2024 (filed as exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on June 25, 2014 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.23 Form of 4.125% Note due 2026 (filed as exhibit 4.2 to Company's Form 8-K, filed on September 23, 2014 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.24 Officer's Certificate pursuant to sections 201, 301 and 303 of the Indenture dated October 28, 1998 between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as successor trustee, establishing a series of securities entitled 4.125% Notes due 2026 (filed as exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on September 23, 2014 and incorporated herein by reference).

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Material Contracts

- 10.1 Management Incentive Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.10 to the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.2 Form of Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement for Independent Directors (filed as Exhibit 10.11 to the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.3 Form of Restricted Stock Agreement between the Company and Executive Officers under the 2003 Stock Incentive Award Plan of Realty Income Corporation (filed as exhibit 10.11 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on January 6, 2005 and dated January 1, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.4 2003 Stock Incentive Award Plan of Realty Income Corporation, as amended and restated February 21, 2006 (filed as exhibit 10.10 to the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.5 Amendment dated May 15, 2007 to the Amended and Restated 2003 Stock Incentive Award Plan of Realty Income Corporation (filed as exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 10-Q, for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.6 Form of Restricted Stock Agreement under the 2003 Stock Incentive Award Plan of Realty Income Corporation (filed as exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Form 10-Q, for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.7 Amended and Restated Form of Employment Agreement between the Company and its Executive Officers (filed as exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on January 7, 2010 and dated January 5, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.8 Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for John P. Case (filed as exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 10-Q, for the quarter ended March 31, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.9 Realty Income Corporation 2012 Incentive Award Plan (filed as Appendix B to the Company's Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed on March 30, 2012 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.10 Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated May 10, 2012 (filed as exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on May 11, 2012 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.11 Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for Employees under the Realty Income Corporation 2012 Incentive Award Plan (filed as exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on January 8, 2013 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.12 Form of Restricted Stock Agreement for Non-Employee Directors under the Realty Income Corporation 2012 Incentive Award Plan (filed as exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on January 8, 2013 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.13 Term Loan Agreement, dated as of January 22, 2013, by and among Tau Operating Partnership, L.P. and Lenders (as defined therein) (filed as exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on January 23, 2013 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.14 The First Amendment to Amended and Restated Credit Agreement among the Company, as Borrower, each of the Lenders party thereto and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent (filed as exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on June 3, 2013 and incorporated herein by reference).

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- 10.15 Form of Amendment to Employment Agreement (filed as exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on June 19, 2013 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.16 Form of Addendum to Restricted Stock Agreement (filed as exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on June 19, 2013 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.17 The Second Amendment to Amended and Restated Credit Agreement among the Company, as Borrower, each of the Lenders party thereto and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent (filed as exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on August 28, 2013 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.18 Amended and Restated Employment Agreement dated September 3, 2013 between the Company and John P. Case (filed as exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on September 6, 2013 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.19 Form of Time-Based Restricted Stock Agreement for John P. Case dated September 3, 2013 (filed as exhibit 10.7 to the Company's Form 10-Q, for the quarter ended September 30, 2013 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.20 Form of Performance-Based Restricted Stock Agreement for John P. Case dated September 26, 2013 (filed as exhibit 10.8 to the Company's Form 10-Q, for the quarter ended September 30, 2013 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.21 The Third Amendment to Amended and Restated Credit Agreement among the Company, as Borrower, each of the Lenders party thereto and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent (filed as exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on October 29, 2013 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.23 Form of Performance Share Award Agreement (filed as exhibit 99.1 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on April 11, 2014 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.24 Severance Agreement for Gary M. Malino (filed as exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Form 10-Q, filed on October 30, 2014 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.25 Amended and Restated Form Indemnification Agreement, between the Company and each executive officer and each director of the Board of Directors of the Company (filed as exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on October 30, 2014 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.26 Form of Performance Share Award Agreement (filed as exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 10-Q, filed on April 30, 2015 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.27 Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan (filed pursuant to Rule 424(b)(5) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, on February 23, 2015, as a prospectus supplement to the Company's prospectus dated February 22, 2013 (File No. 333-186788) and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.28 Credit Agreement dated June 30, 2015 (filed as exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K, filed on July 2, 2015 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.29 Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan (filed pursuant to Rule 424(b)(5) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, on July 30, 2015, as a prospectus supplement to the Company's prospectus dated February 22, 2013 (File No. 333-186788) and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.30* Form of Restricted Stock Agreement.

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- 10.31* Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement.
- 10.32* Form of Second Amendment to Employment Agreement.

Statement of Ratios

- *12.1 Statements re computation of ratios.

Subsidiaries of the Registrant

- *21.1 Subsidiaries of the Company as of February 11, 2016.

Consents of Experts and Counsel

- *23.1 Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.

Certifications

- *31.1 Rule 13a-14(a) Certifications as filed by the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to SEC release No. 33-8212 and 34-47551.
- *31.2 Rule 13a-14(a) Certifications as filed by the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to SEC release No. 33-8212 and 34-47551.
- *32 Section 1350 Certifications as furnished by the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to SEC release No. 33-8212 and 34-47551.

Interactive Data Files

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The following materials from Realty Income Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015, formatted in Extensible Business Reporting Language: (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) Consolidated Statements of Income, (iii) Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity, (iv) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, (v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, and (vi) Schedule III Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation.

* Filed herewith.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

REALTY INCOME CORPORATION

By:	/s/JOHN P. CASE John P. Case Chief Executive Officer	Date: February 11, 2016
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Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By:	/s/MICHAEL D. MCKEE Michael D. McKee Non-Executive Chairman of the Board of Directors	Date: February 11, 2016
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By:	/s/KATHLEEN R. ALLEN, Ph.D. Kathleen R. Allen, Ph.D. Director	Date: February 11, 2016
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By:	/s/JOHN P. CASE John P. Case Director, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)	Date: February 11, 2016
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By:	/s/A. LARRY CHAPMAN A. Larry Chapman Director	Date: February 11, 2016
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By:	/s/PRIYA CHERIAN HUSKINS Priya Cherian Huskins Director	Date: February 11, 2016
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By:	/s/GREGORY T. MCLAUGHLIN Gregory T. McLaughlin Director	Date: February 11, 2016
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By:	/s/RONALD L. MERRIMAN Ronald L. Merriman Director	Date: February 11, 2016
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By:	/s/STEPHEN E. STERRETT Stephen E. Sterrett Director	Date: February 11, 2016
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By:	/s/PAUL M. MEURER Paul M. Meurer Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)	Date: February 11, 2016
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By:	/s/SEAN P. NUGENT Sean P. Nugent	Date: February 11, 2016
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Vice President, Controller
(Principal Accounting Officer)

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REALTY INCOME CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

SCHEDULE III REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015

				Cost Capitalized Subsequent		Gross Amount at Which Carried at Close of Period (Notes 3, 4, 6 and 7)						
		Initial Cost to Company Buildings, Improvements and		to Acquisition		Buildings, Improvements and			Accumulated			
Description (Note 1)	Encumbrances (Note 2)	Land	Acquisition Fees	Improvements	Carrying Costs	Land	Acquisition Fees	Total	Depreciation (Note 5)	Date of Construction	I Ac	
<u>Aerospace</u>												
Batesville	MS	5,883,101	2,160,849	17,219,291	None	None	2,160,849	17,219,291	19,380,140	2,324,604	8/9	
Ellisville	MS		4,140,000	20,930,630	6,981	None	4,140,000	20,937,611	25,077,611	1,520,748	6/2	
Columbus	OH	14,867,871	-	19,637,318	None	None	-	19,637,318	19,637,318	1,426,043	6/1	
DFW Airport	TX		-	37,503,886	13,600	None	-	37,517,486	37,517,486	6,815,143	6/2	
Lufkin	TX		589,925	15,492,255	None	None	589,925	15,492,255	16,082,180	1,309,464	1/2	
<u>Apparel</u>												
Mesa	AZ		619,035	867,013	6,484	None	619,035	873,497	1,492,532	591,485	2/1	
El Cajon	CA		6,930,000	12,518,083	89,660	None	6,930,000	12,607,743	19,537,743	775,497	6/1	
Elk Grove	CA		804,327	2,668,492	24,266	None	804,327	2,692,758	3,497,085	355,665	9/1	
Elk Grove	CA		3,250,000	16,776,852	None	None	3,250,000	16,776,852	20,026,852	1,034,573	6/2	
Folsom	CA		2,370,000	11,342,375	None	None	2,370,000	11,342,375	13,712,375	623,831	8/1	
Hanford	CA		562,812	3,468,215	None	None	562,812	3,468,215	4,031,027	456,648	9/1	
Lodi	CA		3,153,559	2,661,260	None	None	3,153,559	2,661,260	5,814,819	350,399	9/1	
Manteca	CA		1,565,672	4,440,141	None	None	1,565,672	4,440,141	6,005,813	570,619	9/1	
Moreno												
Valley	CA		1,654,486	3,305,084	197,969	None	1,654,486	3,503,053	5,157,539	482,187	9/1	
Redlands	CA		3,006,680	2,242,430	275,278	None	3,006,680	2,517,708	5,524,388	360,230	9/1	
Sacramento	CA		3,446,351	4,460,201	None	None	3,446,351	4,460,201	7,906,552	587,260	9/1	
South Lake												
Tahoe	CA		3,110,000	3,176,091	9,750	None	3,110,000	3,185,841	6,295,841	665,992	10/2	
Sun Valley	CA		4,631,964	4,710,912	None	None	4,631,964	4,710,912	9,342,876	620,270	9/1	
Vacaville	CA		1,299,816	3,375,574	183,515	None	1,299,816	3,559,089	4,858,905	488,035	9/1	
Danbury	CT		1,096,861	6,217,688	399,236	56	1,096,861	6,616,980	7,713,841	4,660,391	9/3	
Manchester	CT		771,660	3,653,539	1,661	161	771,660	3,655,361	4,427,021	2,601,207	3/2	
Manchester	CT		1,250,464	5,917,037	3,555	None	1,250,464	5,920,592	7,171,056	4,213,133	3/2	
Deerfield												
Beach	FL		3,160,000	4,832,848	6,603	None	3,160,000	4,839,451	7,999,451	1,011,839	10/2	
Cumming	GA	4,675,000	2,100,000	6,472,785	None	None	2,100,000	6,472,785	8,572,785	442,307	4/1	
Collinsville	IL	3,570,500	675,724	7,021,479	None	None	675,724	7,021,479	7,697,203	830,875	1/2	
Georgetown	KY	5,679,500	1,922,820	10,448,325	None	None	1,922,820	10,448,325	12,371,145	1,236,385	1/2	
Missoula	MT		163,100	362,249	28,843	16,199	163,100	407,291	570,391	380,088	10/3	
Staten												
Island	NY		4,202,093	3,385,021	230,776	None	4,202,093	3,615,797	7,817,890	2,451,874	3/2	
Bend	OR		4,060,000	13,198,790	None	None	4,060,000	13,198,790	17,258,790	1,033,905	1/3	
Clarksville	TN		3,992,886	-	None	None	3,992,886	-	3,992,886	-	7/5	
Dallas	TX		1,210,000	2,675,265	284,527	None	1,210,000	2,959,792	4,169,792	562,636	10/2	
The Colony	TX		2,580,000	2,214,133	275,999	107	2,580,000	2,490,239	5,070,239	474,205	10/2	
<u>Automotive</u>												
<u>collision</u>												
<u>services</u>												
Colorado												
Springs	CO		1,085,560	2,137,425	None	None	1,085,560	2,137,425	3,222,985	334,784	1/5	

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Denver	CO	480,348	2,127,792	None	None	480,348	2,127,792	2,608,140	307,078	6/8/2012	9/3
Highlands Ranch	CO	583,289	2,139,057	None	None	583,289	2,139,057	2,722,346	1,001,081	7/10/2007	8/1
Littleton	CO	601,388	2,169,898	None	None	601,388	2,169,898	2,771,286	868,747	2/2/2006	11/1
Parker	CO	868,768	2,653,745	None	None	868,768	2,653,745	3,522,513	1,066,255	9/7/2012	7/3
Thornton	CO	693,323	1,896,616	None	None	693,323	1,896,616	2,589,939	835,699	10/5/2004	10/1
Fort Myers	FL	990,000	1,877,069	None	None	990,000	1,877,069	2,867,069	3,128		12/2
Fort Myers	FL	540,000	1,082,897	None	None	540,000	1,082,897	1,622,897	1,805		12/2
Naples	FL	1,560,000	1,041,531	None	None	1,560,000	1,041,531	2,601,531	1,736		12/2
Cumming	GA	661,624	1,822,363	None	None	661,624	1,822,363	2,483,987	891,251	9/18/2003	12/3
Douglasville	GA	679,868	1,935,515	None	None	679,868	1,935,515	2,615,383	952,334	8/11/2003	12/3
Lilburn	GA	1,150,000	1,670,724	None	None	1,150,000	1,670,724	2,820,724	153,177	7/29/2013	2/2
Macon	GA	1,400,000	1,317,435	None	None	1,400,000	1,317,435	2,717,435	188,808	5/11/2012	1/1
Morrow	GA	725,948	1,846,315	None	None	725,948	1,846,315	2,572,263	913,860	7/7/2003	8/3
Peachtree City	GA	1,190,380	689,284	None	None	1,190,380	689,284	1,879,664	358,121	12/16/2002	9/1
Roswell	GA	1,825,000	1,934,495	None	None	1,825,000	1,934,495	3,759,495	308,268	12/22/2011	8/1
Warner Robins	GA	1,250,000	1,012,258	None	None	1,250,000	1,012,258	2,262,258	158,263	1/11/2012	9/1
Maryville	IL	320,000	882,122	None	None	320,000	882,122	1,202,122	69,075		1/1
Naperville	IL	1,090,000	1,596,107	None	None	1,090,000	1,596,107	2,686,107	130,349		12/2
Oak Lawn	IL	180,000	1,021,449	None	None	180,000	1,021,449	1,201,449	46,495		11/1
Oak Lawn	IL	370,000	1,137,165	None	None	370,000	1,137,165	1,507,165	91,192		12/2
Orland Park	IL	120,000	1,015,358	None	None	120,000	1,015,358	1,135,358	82,921		12/2
South Holland	IL	80,000	1,548,690	None	None	80,000	1,548,690	1,628,690	126,476		12/2
Cedar Lake	IN	300,000	1,037,278	None	None	300,000	1,037,278	1,337,278	39,762		1/7
Gary	IN	100,000	1,875,652	None	None	100,000	1,875,652	1,975,652	71,900		1/7
Hammond	IN	230,000	1,217,329	None	None	230,000	1,217,329	1,447,329	46,664		1/7
Highland	IN	390,000	910,537	None	None	390,000	910,537	1,300,537	34,904		1/7
Ann Arbor	MI	680,000	1,433,382	None	None	680,000	1,433,382	2,113,382	59,724		12/1
Clawson	MI	220,000	517,432	None	None	220,000	517,432	737,432	21,560		12/1
Clinton Township	MI	480,000	3,578,405	None	None	480,000	3,578,405	4,058,405	113,316		3/3
Livonia	MI	317,728	1,035,971	None	None	317,728	1,035,971	1,353,699	43,165		12/1
Novi	MI	530,000	2,092,323	None	None	530,000	2,092,323	2,622,323	66,257		3/3
Rochester Hills	MI	280,000	1,179,451	None	None	280,000	1,179,451	1,459,451	37,349		3/3
Sterling Heights	MI	580,000	1,836,257	None	None	580,000	1,836,257	2,416,257	3,060		12/2
Warren	MI	300,000	746,229	None	None	300,000	746,229	1,046,229	23,631		3/3
Washington	MI	240,000	474,241	None	None	240,000	474,241	714,241	19,760		12/1
Wayne	MI	190,000	1,009,116	None	None	190,000	1,009,116	1,199,116	42,047		12/1
Woodhaven	MI	170,000	1,148,368	None	None	170,000	1,148,368	1,318,368	47,849		12/1
Ham Lake	MN	192,610	1,930,958	None	None	192,610	1,930,958	2,123,568	853,052	7/1/2004	10/3
Stillwater	MN	656,250	1,218,901	187,158	None	656,250	1,406,059	2,062,309	183,914		11/1
Olive Branch	MS	350,000	1,965,718	None	None	350,000	1,965,718	2,315,718	353,963	6/29/2011	11/1
Cary	NC	610,389	1,492,235	None	None	610,389	1,492,235	2,102,624	574,510		5/2
Durham	NC	680,969	1,323,140	None	None	680,969	1,323,140	2,004,109	509,409		5/2
Wilmington	NC	378,813	1,150,679	None	None	378,813	1,150,679	1,529,492	480,415	7/15/2005	12/2
Las Vegas	NV	720,000	2,710,000	None	None	720,000	2,710,000	3,430,000	146,633		10/2
Bartlett	TN	648,526	1,960,733	None	None	648,526	1,960,733	2,609,259	866,212	8/3/2004	10/2
Nashville	TN	1,830,000	2,634,982	None	None	1,830,000	2,634,982	4,464,982	85,510	In-progress	9/3
Riverton	UT	1,100,000	1,576,390	None	None	1,100,000	1,576,390	2,676,390	176,063	1/18/2013	7/2
Salt Lake City	UT	2,900,000	1,598,391	None	None	2,900,000	1,598,391	4,498,391	243,316	2/17/2012	10/1
<u>Automotive parts</u>											
Birmingham	AL	355,823	660,814	None	None	355,823	660,814	1,016,637	80,399		12/1
Flomaton	AL	90,000	808,163	None	None	90,000	808,163	898,163	84,857		5/1
Harvest	AL	744,737	1,537,832	None	None	744,737	1,537,832	2,282,569	181,977		1/2
Millbrook	AL	108,000	518,741	174,419	None	108,000	693,160	801,160	401,038	12/10/1998	1/2
Montgomery	AL	254,465	502,350	10,819	84	254,465	513,253	767,718	360,088		6/3
Cabot	AR	267,787	595,578	None	None	267,787	595,578	863,365	44,668		2/2
San Luis	AZ	287,508	694,650	None	None	287,508	694,650	982,158	63,676		9/2
Tucson	AZ	194,250	431,434	None	None	194,250	431,434	625,684	431,434		10/3
Grass Valley	CA	325,000	384,955	None	None	325,000	384,955	709,955	384,955		5/2
Sacramento	CA	210,000	466,419	None	None	210,000	466,419	676,419	466,419		11/2

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Denver	CO	141,400	314,056	None	82	141,400	314,138	455,538	314,124	11/7
Denver	CO	315,000	699,623	None	161	315,000	699,784	1,014,784	699,753	5/1
Littleton	CO	252,925	561,758	None	53	252,925	561,811	814,736	561,809	2/1
Smyrna	DE	232,273	472,855	15,774	None	232,273	488,629	720,902	333,818	8/7
Apopka	FL	820,000	1,115,761	None	None	820,000	1,115,761	1,935,761	113,436	6/2
Deerfield										
Beach	FL	475,000	871,738	2,420	None	475,000	874,158	1,349,158	585,644	1/2
Kissimmee	FL	1,000,000	1,169,792	None	None	1,000,000	1,169,792	2,169,792	118,929	6/2
Kissimmee	FL	580,290	1,290,608	None	None	580,290	1,290,608	1,870,898	70,983	8/1
Merritt										
Island	FL	309,652	482,459	38,694	21,831	309,652	542,984	852,636	394,070	11/2
Atlanta	GA	652,551	763,360	27,163	45,249	652,551	835,772	1,488,323	542,934	12/
Byron	GA	359,612	868,859	None	None	359,612	868,859	1,228,471	82,542	8/5
Council										
Bluffs	IA	194,355	431,668	None	None	194,355	431,668	626,023	431,668	5/1
Des Moines	IA	441,273	981,424	None	None	441,273	981,424	1,422,697	80,150	12/

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REALTY INCOME CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

SCHEDULE III REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015

Description (Note 1)	Encumbrances (Note 2)	Initial Cost to Company				Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition			Gross Amount at Which Carried at Close of Period (Notes 3, 4, 6 and 7)			Accumulated Depreciation (Note 5)	Date of Construction	Acquired
		Land	Acquisition Fees	Improvements	Carrying Costs	Land	Acquisition Fees	Total	Land	Fees	Total			
Boise	ID	158,400	351,812	None	5,428	158,400	357,240	515,640	158,400	357,240	515,640	357,240		5/1/1999
Moscow	ID	117,250	260,417	None	None	117,250	260,417	377,667	117,250	260,417	377,667	260,417		9/1/1999
Chicago	IL	760,000	1,483,800	4,850	None	760,000	1,488,650	2,248,650	760,000	1,488,650	2,248,650	62,280		12/1/1999
Chicago	IL	270,000	1,639,501	56,000	None	270,000	1,695,501	1,965,501	270,000	1,695,501	1,965,501	70,296		12/1/1999
Chicago	IL	490,000	1,533,006	3,425	None	490,000	1,536,431	2,026,431	490,000	1,536,431	2,026,431	64,339		12/1/1999
Joliet	IL	723,567	2,571,856	None	None	723,567	2,571,856	3,295,423	723,567	2,571,856	3,295,423	304,336		1/2/2000
Brazil	IN	183,952	453,831	26,716	None	183,952	480,547	664,499	183,952	480,547	664,499	314,083		3/3/1999
Chesterton	IN	293,382	708,842	None	None	293,382	708,842	1,002,224	293,382	708,842	1,002,224	64,977		9/2/1999
Griffith	IN	343,778	830,602	None	None	343,778	830,602	1,174,380	343,778	830,602	1,174,380	76,139		9/2/1999
Indianapolis	IN	243,422	541,389	16,435	None	243,422	557,824	801,246	243,422	557,824	801,246	35,611		6/1/1999
Muncie	IN	148,901	645,660	238,611	28,327	148,901	912,598	1,061,499	148,901	912,598	1,061,499	632,835		11/1/1999
Plainfield	IN	453,645	908,485	42,619	47,025	453,645	998,129	1,451,774	453,645	998,129	1,451,774	679,829		1/3/2000
Princeton	IN	134,209	560,113	11,238	None	134,209	571,351	705,560	134,209	571,351	705,560	377,150		3/3/1999
Vincennes	IN	185,312	489,779	25,863	None	185,312	515,642	700,954	185,312	515,642	700,954	334,916		3/3/1999
Kansas City	KS	222,000	455,881	18,738	None	222,000	474,619	696,619	222,000	474,619	696,619	470,889		5/1/1999
Harrodsburg	KY	262,048	1,029,125	None	None	262,048	1,029,125	1,291,173	262,048	1,029,125	1,291,173	80,615		1/1/2000
Lawrenceburg	KY	272,228	1,069,102	None	None	272,228	1,069,102	1,341,330	272,228	1,069,102	1,341,330	80,183		2/1/2000
Lexington	KY	475,041	1,056,527	None	None	475,041	1,056,527	1,531,568	475,041	1,056,527	1,531,568	22,891	4/11/2014	6/3/1999
Scottsville	KY	503,473	1,039,640	None	None	503,473	1,039,640	1,543,113	503,473	1,039,640	1,543,113	123,024		1/2/2000
Stanford	KY	293,686	1,153,374	None	None	293,686	1,153,374	1,447,060	293,686	1,153,374	1,447,060	74,969		5/1/1999
Kaplan	LA	232,224	911,999	None	None	232,224	911,999	1,144,223	232,224	911,999	1,144,223	68,400		2/1/2000
Lafayette	LA	740,444	1,528,968	None	None	740,444	1,528,968	2,269,412	740,444	1,528,968	2,269,412	180,928		1/2/2000
Lafayette	LA	462,043	1,027,618	None	None	462,043	1,027,618	1,489,661	462,043	1,027,618	1,489,661	73,646		3/3/1999
Slidell	LA	629,335	1,299,536	None	None	629,335	1,299,536	1,928,871	629,335	1,299,536	1,928,871	153,778		1/2/2000
Sulphur	LA	290,047	700,785	3,835	None	290,047	704,620	994,667	290,047	704,620	994,667	67,302		8/1/1999
West Monroe	LA	462,715	1,394,603	None	None	462,715	1,394,603	1,857,318	462,715	1,394,603	1,857,318	165,028		1/2/2000
Alma	MI	155,000	600,282	13,902	None	155,000	614,184	769,184	155,000	614,184	769,184	405,185	4/29/1999	2/1/2000
Alma	MI	187,704	737,155	None	None	187,704	737,155	924,859	187,704	737,155	924,859	11,057		8/2/1999
Detroit	MI	496,691	1,104,676	None	None	496,691	1,104,676	1,601,367	496,691	1,104,676	1,601,367	82,851		2/1/2000
Flushing	MI	367,724	817,846	None	None	367,724	817,846	1,185,570	367,724	817,846	1,185,570	53,160		5/1/1999
Lansing	MI	265,000	574,931	132,237	94	265,000	707,262	972,262	265,000	707,262	972,262	468,663	4/30/1999	12/1/1999
Rockford	MI	870,632	1,726,400	None	None	870,632	1,726,400	2,597,032	870,632	1,726,400	2,597,032	204,291		1/2/2000
Roseville	MI	558,997	1,810,289	None	None	558,997	1,810,289	2,369,286	558,997	1,810,289	2,369,286	214,218		1/2/2000
Saginaw	MI	948,826	1,959,264	None	None	948,826	1,959,264	2,908,090	948,826	1,959,264	2,908,090	231,846		1/2/2000
Saginaw	MI	859,956	1,775,753	None	None	859,956	1,775,753	2,635,709	859,956	1,775,753	2,635,709	210,131		1/2/2000
St. Johns	MI	201,681	792,050	None	None	201,681	792,050	993,731	201,681	792,050	993,731	11,881		8/2/1999
Sturgis	MI	109,558	550,274	10,272	94	109,558	560,640	670,198	109,558	560,640	670,198	379,558		12/1/1999
Waterford	MI	995,991	2,056,657	53,469	None	995,991	2,110,126	3,106,117	995,991	2,110,126	3,106,117	244,335		1/2/2000
St. Peters	MO	469,776	1,044,816	None	None	469,776	1,044,816	1,514,592	469,776	1,044,816	1,514,592	67,913		5/1/1999
Batesville	MS	190,124	485,670	None	173	190,124	485,843	675,967	190,124	485,843	675,967	339,320		7/2/1999
Crystal Springs	MS	514,234	1,061,859	None	None	514,234	1,061,859	1,576,093	514,234	1,061,859	1,576,093	125,653		1/2/2000
Horn Lake	MS	142,702	514,779	3,945	None	142,702	518,724	661,426	142,702	518,724	661,426	362,442		6/3/1999
Richland	MS	243,565	558,645	10,302	None	243,565	568,947	812,512	243,565	568,947	812,512	363,501		12/1/1999
Vicksburg	MS	631,900	1,304,832	None	None	631,900	1,304,832	1,936,732	631,900	1,304,832	1,936,732	154,405		1/2/2000

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Harrisburg	NC		680,000	813,119	None	None	680,000	813,119	1,493,119	82,667	6/2
Omaha	NE		196,000	435,321	None	32	196,000	435,353	631,353	435,344	5/2
Omaha	NE		199,100	412,042	None	32	199,100	412,074	611,174	412,064	5/2
Artesia	NM		400,000	807,227	None	None	400,000	807,227	1,207,227	82,068	6/2
Las Cruces	NM		370,000	1,010,676	None	None	370,000	1,010,676	1,380,676	102,752	6/2
Rio Rancho	NM		211,577	469,923	None	None	211,577	469,923	681,500	469,923	2/2
Santa Fe	NM		550,775	1,224,964	None	None	550,775	1,224,964	1,775,739	108,205	10/2
Fernley	NV		300,000	1,027,155	None	None	300,000	1,027,155	1,327,155	104,427	6/2
Las Vegas	NV		161,000	357,585	260,000	None	161,000	617,585	778,585	556,919	10/2
Dunkirk	NY	776,933	631,375	1,303,749	None	None	631,375	1,303,749	1,935,124	154,277	1/2
Akron	OH		264,619	588,531	None	None	264,619	588,531	853,150	12,752	6/2
Canton	OH		396,560	597,553	None	25,452	396,560	623,005	1,019,565	424,066	8/2
Centerville	OH		601,408	758,192	9,017	38,193	601,408	805,402	1,406,810	548,406	6/3
Delaware	OH		240,000	705,447	None	None	240,000	705,447	945,447	10,582	8/2
Hamilton	OH		183,000	515,727	6,508	None	183,000	522,235	705,235	347,952	4/7/1999
Middlefield	OH		258,980	1,017,075	None	None	258,980	1,017,075	1,276,055	62,720	6/3
Oberlin	OH		212,325	1,026,562	None	None	212,325	1,026,562	1,238,887	87,258	11/2
Toledo	OH		130,000	1,562,052	None	None	130,000	1,562,052	1,692,052	169,222	4/2
Toledo	OH		140,000	1,059,979	None	None	140,000	1,059,979	1,199,979	114,831	4/2
Waverly	OH		176,895	694,710	None	None	176,895	694,710	871,605	10,421	8/2
Del City	OK		634,664	1,178,662	None	None	634,664	1,178,662	1,813,326	143,404	12/2
Oklahoma City	OK		602,052	1,118,096	None	None	602,052	1,118,096	1,720,148	124,854	3/2
Albany	OR		152,250	338,153	None	58	152,250	338,211	490,461	338,182	8/2
Beaverton	OR		210,000	466,419	None	58	210,000	466,477	676,477	466,447	8/2
Portland	OR		190,750	423,664	None	58	190,750	423,722	614,472	423,692	8/2
Portland	OR		147,000	326,493	None	58	147,000	326,551	473,551	326,521	8/2
Salem	OR		136,500	303,170	None	58	136,500	303,228	439,728	303,198	8/2
Butler	PA		339,929	633,078	47,758	None	339,929	680,836	1,020,765	461,870	8/2
Dover	PA		265,112	593,341	3,962	None	265,112	597,303	862,415	416,338	6/3
Enola	PA		220,228	546,026	11,416	172	220,228	557,614	777,842	379,766	11/2
Hanover	PA		132,500	719,511	9,982	None	132,500	729,493	861,993	474,226	7/26/1999
Harrisburg	PA		327,781	608,291	10,681	172	327,781	619,144	946,925	430,469	6/3
Harrisburg	PA		283,417	352,473	3,100	172	283,417	355,745	639,162	245,118	9/3
Lancaster	PA		199,899	774,838	27,235	None	199,899	802,073	1,001,972	556,726	8/2
Lebanon	PA		360,751	802,338	10,935	None	360,751	813,273	1,174,024	36,219	11/2
New Castle	PA		180,009	525,774	91,802	None	180,009	617,576	797,585	410,125	6/3
Reading	PA		379,000	658,722	40,054	None	379,000	698,776	1,077,776	449,470	6/9/1999
Guayama	PR	988,000	874,937	1,806,689	None	None	874,937	1,806,689	2,681,626	213,792	1/2
Humacao	PR	1,506,700	1,161,891	2,399,229	None	None	1,161,891	2,399,229	3,561,120	283,909	1/2
Ponce	PR	1,803,100	1,321,292	2,728,382	None	None	1,321,292	2,728,382	4,049,674	322,859	1/2
San Juan	PR	1,506,700	1,158,525	2,392,278	None	None	1,158,525	2,392,278	3,550,803	283,086	1/2
Chester	SC		132,006	518,420	None	None	132,006	518,420	650,426	31,969	6/3
Columbia	SC		474,027	1,427,348	None	None	474,027	1,427,348	1,901,375	168,903	1/2
York	SC		198,409	779,197	None	None	198,409	779,197	977,606	48,051	6/3
Arlington	TN		381,083	707,726	None	None	381,083	707,726	1,088,809	86,107	12/2
Columbia	TN		273,120	431,716	None	None	273,120	431,716	704,836	285,651	6/3
Decatur	TN		180,000	880,938	None	None	180,000	880,938	1,060,938	54,325	6/3
Channelview	TX		483,804	1,168,921	None	None	483,804	1,168,921	1,652,725	111,048	8/2
Dallas	TX		562,612	1,251,290	None	None	562,612	1,251,290	1,813,902	72,992	7/2
Denton	TX		368,635	1,047,327	None	None	368,635	1,047,327	1,415,962	89,023	11/2
Edinburg	TX		320,000	963,916	None	None	320,000	963,916	1,283,916	97,998	6/2
Grand Prairie	TX		574,574	1,277,896	None	None	574,574	1,277,896	1,852,470	66,025	9/2
Hallettsville	TX		237,572	932,999	None	None	237,572	932,999	1,170,571	82,415	10/2
Katy	TX		558,684	1,242,555	None	None	558,684	1,242,555	1,801,239	76,624	6/3
Laredo	TX		807,044	1,498,795	None	None	807,044	1,498,795	2,305,839	182,353	12/2
Richmond	TX		441,254	1,253,642	None	None	441,254	1,253,642	1,694,896	110,738	10/2
Roma	TX		200,000	1,004,538	None	None	200,000	1,004,538	1,204,538	102,128	6/2
San Benito	TX		449,015	998,643	None	None	449,015	998,643	1,447,658	88,213	10/2
Richmond	VA		366,287	814,648	None	None	366,287	814,648	1,180,935	17,651	6/2
Bellevue	WA		185,500	411,997	None	107	185,500	412,104	597,604	412,090	8/2
Bellingham East	WA		168,000	373,133	None	107	168,000	373,240	541,240	373,226	8/2
Wenatchee	WA		148,400	329,602	None	107	148,400	329,709	478,109	329,695	8/2
Kenmore	WA		199,500	443,098	None	107	199,500	443,205	642,705	443,191	8/2
Kent	WA		199,500	443,091	None	107	199,500	443,198	642,698	443,184	8/2
Moses Lake	WA		138,600	307,831	None	107	138,600	307,938	446,538	307,924	8/2
Renton	WA		185,500	412,003	None	107	185,500	412,110	597,610	412,096	9/2
Seattle	WA		162,400	360,697	None	107	162,400	360,804	523,204	360,790	8/2

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REALTY INCOME CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

SCHEDULE III REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015

Description (Note 1)	Encumbrances (Note 2)	Initial Cost to Company				Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition		Gross Amount at Which Carried at Close of Period (Notes 3, 4, 6 and 7)			Accumulated Depreciation (Note 5)	Date of Construction	Age
		Buildings, Improvements and		Improvements	Carrying Costs	Buildings, Improvements and		Total					
		Land	Acquisition Fees			Land	Acquisition Fees						
Silverdale	WA	183,808	419,777	None	107	183,808	419,884	603,692	419,870		9/		
Tacoma	WA	191,800	425,996	None	107	191,800	426,103	617,903	426,089		8/		
Tacoma	WA	196,000	435,324	None	107	196,000	435,431	631,431	435,417		10/		
Vancouver	WA	180,250	400,343	None	58	180,250	400,401	580,651	400,371		8/		
Vancouver	WA	168,000	373,135	None	58	168,000	373,193	541,193	373,164		5/		
Viroqua	WI	130,000	751,418	None	None	130,000	751,418	881,418	78,899		5/		
Wausau	WI	505,955	1,154,268	None	None	505,955	1,154,268	1,660,223	1,924		12/		
<u>Automotive</u>													
<u>service</u>													
Flagstaff	AZ	144,821	417,485	8,150	36	144,821	425,671	570,492	295,623	4/11/2002	8/		
Mesa	AZ	210,620	475,072	None	None	210,620	475,072	685,692	258,910		5/		
Phoenix	AZ	189,341	546,984	None	None	189,341	546,984	736,325	298,106		5/		
Phoenix	AZ	384,608	279,824	None	None	384,608	279,824	664,432	152,502		5/		
Sierra Vista	AZ	175,114	345,508	None	None	175,114	345,508	520,622	188,300		5/		
Tucson	AZ	226,596	437,972	None	None	226,596	437,972	664,568	238,693		5/		
Tucson	AZ	287,369	533,684	None	None	287,369	533,684	821,053	123,637		3/		
Bakersfield	CA	65,165	206,927	None	None	65,165	206,927	272,092	112,773		5/		
Chula Vista	CA	313,293	409,654	None	45	313,293	409,699	722,992	321,579	5/1/1996	1/		
Dublin	CA	415,620	1,153,928	None	None	415,620	1,153,928	1,569,548	628,889		5/		
Folsom	CA	471,813	325,610	None	None	471,813	325,610	797,423	177,455		5/		
Indio	CA	264,956	265,509	None	None	264,956	265,509	530,465	144,700		5/		
Los Angeles	CA	580,446	158,876	None	None	580,446	158,876	739,322	86,585		5/		
Oxnard	CA	186,980	198,236	None	None	186,980	198,236	385,216	108,037		5/		
Simi Valley	CA	213,920	161,012	None	None	213,920	161,012	374,932	87,750		5/		
Stockton	CA	1,395,822	2,882,282	None	None	1,395,822	2,882,282	4,278,104	341,070		1/		
Vacaville	CA	358,067	284,931	None	None	358,067	284,931	642,998	155,285		5/		
Aurora	CO	231,314	430,495	None	115	231,314	430,610	661,924	142,896		9/		
Broomfield	CO	154,930	503,626	None	2,564	154,930	506,190	661,120	392,009	8/22/1996	3/		
Denver	CO	79,717	369,587	None	79	79,717	369,666	449,383	369,647		10/		
Denver	CO	239,024	444,785	None	115	239,024	444,900	683,924	147,635		9/		
Lakewood	CO	70,422	132,296	None	None	70,422	132,296	202,718	43,878		9/		
Longmont	CO	87,385	163,169	None	115	87,385	163,284	250,669	54,232		9/		
Thornton	CO	276,084	415,464	None	115	276,084	415,579	691,663	315,017	12/31/1996	10/		
Hartford	CT	248,540	482,460	35,465	1,034	248,540	518,959	767,499	388,602		9/		
Southington	CT	225,882	672,910	None	172	225,882	673,082	898,964	499,108		6/		
Vernon	CT	81,529	300,518	None	None	81,529	300,518	382,047	162,781		6/		
Jacksonville	FL	76,585	355,066	6,980	178	76,585	362,224	438,809	359,743		12/		
Miami													
Gardens	FL	163,239	262,726	None	None	163,239	262,726	425,965	142,310		6/		
Orange City	FL	99,613	139,008	None	None	99,613	139,008	238,621	75,757		5/		
Atlanta	GA	309,474	574,737	None	None	309,474	574,737	884,211	133,147		3/		
Bogart	GA	66,807	309,733	None	None	66,807	309,733	376,540	309,733		12/		
Duluth	GA	222,275	316,925	2,288	89	222,275	319,302	541,577	228,520	10/24/1997	6/		
Duluth	GA	290,842	110,056	None	None	290,842	110,056	400,898	59,978		5/		

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Gainesville	GA	53,589	248,452	None	None	53,589	248,452	302,041	248,452	12/
Kennesaw	GA	266,865	139,425	None	None	266,865	139,425	406,290	75,985	5/
Marietta	GA	60,900	293,461	67,871	84	60,900	361,416	422,316	326,431	12/
Marietta	GA	69,561	346,024	None	41	69,561	346,065	415,626	346,063	6/
Norcross	GA	244,124	151,831	None	None	244,124	151,831	395,955	82,746	5/
Norcross	GA	503,773	937,121	39,032	None	503,773	976,153	1,479,926	362,344	11/
Riverdale	GA	58,444	270,961	None	None	58,444	270,961	329,405	270,961	1/
Rome	GA	56,454	261,733	None	45	56,454	261,778	318,232	261,734	12/
Snellville	GA	253,316	132,124	None	None	253,316	132,124	385,440	72,006	5/
Tucker	GA	78,646	364,625	32,603	3,258	78,646	400,486	479,132	372,954	12/
Arlington Hts	IL	441,437	215,983	None	None	441,437	215,983	657,420	117,709	5/
Chicago	IL	329,076	255,294	None	None	329,076	255,294	584,370	139,133	5/
Westchester	IL	421,239	184,812	None	None	421,239	184,812	606,051	100,721	5/
Anderson	IN	232,170	385,661	None	179	232,170	385,840	618,010	278,462	12/
Indianapolis	IN	231,384	428,307	None	130	231,384	428,437	659,821	330,639	9/
Michigan City	IN	392,638	297,650	(3,065)	None	389,573	297,650	687,223	162,218	5/
Warsaw	IN	140,893	228,116	None	None	140,893	228,116	369,009	124,322	5/
Olathe	KS	217,995	367,055	None	21	217,995	367,076	585,071	273,471	4/22/1997
Topeka	KS	32,022	60,368	None	None	32,022	60,368	92,390	20,022	9/
Wichita	KS	787,377	1,463,936	78,745	70,913	787,377	1,613,594	2,400,971	557,232	11/
Louisville	KY	56,054	259,881	None	12	56,054	259,893	315,947	259,884	12/
Newport East	KY	323,511	289,017	54,307	115	323,511	343,439	666,950	234,157	9/
Wareham	MA	149,680	278,669	None	None	149,680	278,669	428,349	151,872	5/
Fairhaven	MA	138,957	289,294	None	None	138,957	289,294	428,251	157,663	5/
Gardner	MA	138,990	289,361	None	None	138,990	289,361	428,351	157,699	5/
Hyannis	MA	180,653	458,522	None	None	180,653	458,522	639,175	248,366	6/
Lenox	MA	287,769	535,273	None	None	287,769	535,273	823,042	359,514	3/
Newburyport	MA	274,698	466,449	None	None	274,698	466,449	741,147	252,660	6/
North Reading	MA	180,546	351,161	None	None	180,546	351,161	531,707	191,380	5/
Orleans	MA	138,212	394,065	None	None	138,212	394,065	532,277	214,763	5/
Teaticket	MA	191,302	340,539	None	None	191,302	340,539	531,841	185,592	5/
Aberdeen	MD	223,617	225,605	None	None	223,617	225,605	449,222	122,203	6/
Bethesda	MD	282,717	525,928	None	None	282,717	525,928	808,645	174,433	9/
Capitol Heights	MD	547,173	219,979	(12,319)	None	534,854	219,979	754,833	119,885	5/
Clinton	MD	70,880	328,620	11,440	None	70,880	340,060	410,940	335,007	11/
Lexington Park	MD	111,396	335,288	(7,600)	None	103,796	335,288	439,084	182,728	5/
Kalamazoo	MI	391,745	296,975	(2,196)	None	389,549	296,975	686,524	161,850	5/
Portage	MI	402,409	286,441	(2,112)	None	400,297	286,441	686,738	156,108	5/
Southfield	MI	275,952	350,765	None	None	275,952	350,765	626,717	191,165	5/
Troy	MI	214,893	199,299	None	None	214,893	199,299	414,192	108,616	5/
Saint Cloud	MN	203,338	258,626	None	None	203,338	258,626	461,964	140,089	6/
Independence	MO	297,641	233,152	4,467	3,958	297,641	241,577	539,218	180,260	12/
Asheville	NC	441,746	242,565	None	None	441,746	242,565	684,311	132,196	5/
Asheville	NC	838,421	1,558,792	480	13,977	838,421	1,573,249	2,411,670	569,682	11/
Concord	NC	237,688	357,976	6,863	26	237,688	364,865	602,553	250,521	11/
Durham	NC	55,074	255,336	None	647	55,074	255,983	311,057	255,983	11/
Durham	NC	354,676	361,203	67,400	12	354,676	428,615	783,291	272,434	8/29/1997
Fayetteville	NC	224,326	257,733	None	131	224,326	257,864	482,190	186,081	12/
Greensboro	NC	286,068	244,606	None	None	286,068	244,606	530,674	133,302	5/
Matthews	NC	295,580	338,472	17,484	13,514	295,580	369,470	665,050	257,073	8/28/1998
Pineville	NC	254,460	355,630	None	23	254,460	355,653	610,113	260,171	8/28/1997
Raleigh	NC	89,145	413,301	None	None	89,145	413,301	502,446	413,301	10/
Raleigh	NC	398,694	263,621	None	None	398,694	263,621	662,315	191,969	10/
Salisbury	NC	235,614	150,592	None	None	235,614	150,592	386,206	82,071	5/
Fargo	ND	53,973	100,262	None	None	53,973	100,262	154,235	33,253	9/
Lincoln	NE	337,138	316,958	None	None	337,138	316,958	654,096	172,739	5/
Scottsbluff	NE	33,307	63,355	None	None	33,307	63,355	96,662	21,012	9/
Cherry Hill	NJ	463,808	862,240	None	None	463,808	862,240	1,326,048	285,976	9/
Edison	NJ	448,936	238,773	None	None	448,936	238,773	687,709	130,128	5/
Glassboro	NJ	182,013	312,480	None	None	182,013	312,480	494,493	169,260	6/
Hamilton Square	NJ	422,477	291,555	None	None	422,477	291,555	714,032	158,894	5/
Pleasantville	NJ	77,105	144,693	None	None	77,105	144,693	221,798	47,990	9/
Randolph	NJ	452,629	390,163	None	None	452,629	390,163	842,792	212,636	5/
Trenton	NJ	265,238	298,167	None	None	265,238	298,167	563,405	162,497	5/
West Deptford	NJ	212,788	320,283	None	None	212,788	320,283	533,071	174,551	5/
Westfield	NJ	705,337	288,720	None	None	705,337	288,720	994,057	157,348	5/

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Albuquerque	NM	231,553	430,026	None	None	231,553	430,026	661,579	99,623	3/
Las Vegas	NV	326,879	359,101	None	None	326,879	359,101	685,980	195,708	5/

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REALTY INCOME CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

SCHEDULE III REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015

Description (Note 1)	Encumbrances (Note 2)	Initial Cost to Company				Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition		Gross Amount at Which Carried at Close of Period (Notes 3, 4, 6 and 7)			Accumulated Depreciation (Note 5)	Date of Construction	A
		Land	Acquisition Fees	Improvements	Carrying Costs	Land	Acquisition Fees	Total	Land	Fees			
Las Vegas	NV	316,441	369,768	None	None	316,441	369,768	686,209			201,522		5/
Las Vegas	NV	252,169	562,715	None	None	252,169	562,715	814,884			306,678		5/
Las Vegas	NV	1,940,015	3,624,877	None	None	1,940,015	3,624,877	5,564,892			428,944		1/
Sparks	NV	326,813	306,311	None	None	326,813	306,311	633,124			166,937		5/
Bethpage	NY	334,120	621,391	None	None	334,120	621,391	955,511			206,094		9/
Commack	NY	400,427	744,533	None	None	400,427	744,533	1,144,960			246,937		9/
East Amherst	NY	260,708	484,788	None	None	260,708	484,788	745,496			325,608		3/
East Syracuse	NY	250,609	466,264	None	None	250,609	466,264	716,873			313,163		3/
Freeport	NY	134,828	251,894	None	None	134,828	251,894	386,722			83,545		9/
Johnson City	NY	242,863	451,877	None	None	242,863	451,877	694,740			303,499		3/
Queens													
Village	NY	242,775	451,749	None	None	242,775	451,749	694,524			149,830		9/
Riverhead	NY	143,929	268,795	None	None	143,929	268,795	412,724			89,150		9/
Wellsville	NY	161,331	300,231	None	None	161,331	300,231	461,562			201,647		3/
West Amherst	NY	268,692	499,619	None	None	268,692	499,619	768,311			335,569		3/
Akron	OH	139,126	460,334	4,566	411	139,126	465,311	604,437			337,024		9/
Beavercreek	OH	205,000	492,538	None	None	205,000	492,538	697,538			370,224	2/13/1997	9/
Canal													
Winchester	OH	443,751	825,491	None	None	443,751	825,491	1,269,242			428,925	12/19/2002	8/
Centerville	OH	305,000	420,448	None	None	305,000	420,448	725,448			327,249	7/24/1996	6/
Cincinnati	OH	211,185	392,210	None	None	211,185	392,210	603,395			190,222		11/
Cincinnati	OH	305,556	244,662	None	None	305,556	244,662	550,218			110,505		9/
Cincinnati	OH	589,286	160,932	None	None	589,286	160,932	750,218			72,687		9/
Cincinnati	OH	159,375	265,842	None	None	159,375	265,842	425,217			120,072		9/
Cincinnati	OH	350,000	300,217	None	None	350,000	300,217	650,217			132,596		12/
Cleveland	OH	337,593	451,944	None	None	337,593	451,944	789,537			228,232		5/
Cleveland	OH	317,308	307,842	None	None	317,308	307,842	625,150			139,042		9/
Columbus	OH	71,098	329,627	None	None	71,098	329,627	400,725			329,627		10/
Columbus	OH	75,761	351,247	None	None	75,761	351,247	427,008			351,247		10/
Columbus	OH	432,110	386,553	None	None	432,110	386,553	818,663			195,208		5/
Columbus	OH	466,696	548,133	None	None	466,696	548,133	1,014,829			276,806		5/
Columbus	OH	337,679	272,484	None	None	337,679	272,484	610,163			123,072		9/
Columbus	OH	190,000	260,162	None	None	190,000	260,162	450,162			117,506		9/
Columbus	OH	371,429	278,734	None	None	371,429	278,734	650,163			125,894		9/
Cuyahoga													
Falls	OH	253,750	271,400	None	None	253,750	271,400	525,150			122,582		9/
Dayton	OH	70,000	324,538	None	None	70,000	324,538	394,538			324,538		10/
Dayton	OH	349,091	251,127	None	None	349,091	251,127	600,218			113,425		9/
Dublin	OH	437,887	428,046	None	None	437,887	428,046	865,933			216,162		5/
Fairfield	OH	323,408	235,024	44,232	3,330	323,408	282,586	605,994			193,399		9/
Fairlawn	OH	280,000	270,150	None	None	280,000	270,150	550,150			122,017		9/
Findlay	OH	283,515	397,004	None	114	283,515	397,118	680,633			286,614		12/
Hamilton	OH	252,608	413,279	None	None	252,608	413,279	665,887			306,512	3/31/1997	10/
Huber Heights	OH	282,000	449,381	None	None	282,000	449,381	731,381			340,780	12/3/1996	7/
Lima	OH	241,132	114,085	None	None	241,132	114,085	355,217			51,528		9/

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Marion	OH	100,000	275,162	None	None	100,000	275,162	375,162	121,530		12
Mason	OH	310,990	405,373	None	None	310,990	405,373	716,363	204,713		5/
Mount Vernon	OH	216,115	375,357	None	114	216,115	375,471	591,586	270,989		12
Norwalk	OH	200,205	366,000	None	114	200,205	366,114	566,319	264,235		12
Parma	OH	268,966	381,184	None	None	268,966	381,184	650,150	172,168		9/
Reynoldsburg	OH	267,750	497,371	None	None	267,750	497,371	765,121	224,646		9/
Reynoldsburg	OH	374,000	176,162	None	None	374,000	176,162	550,162	79,566		9/
Sandusky	OH	264,708	404,011	None	114	264,708	404,125	668,833	291,671		12
Solon	OH	794,305	222,797	None	None	794,305	222,797	1,017,102	112,513		5/
Springboro	OH	191,911	522,902	None	None	191,911	522,902	714,813	392,889		3/
Springfield	OH	320,000	280,217	None	None	320,000	280,217	600,217	126,565		9/
Springfield	OH	189,091	136,127	None	None	189,091	136,127	325,218	61,483		9/
Stow	OH	310,000	415,150	None	None	310,000	415,150	725,150	187,509		9/
Toledo	OH	120,000	230,217	None	None	120,000	230,217	350,217	103,981		9/
Toledo	OH	250,000	175,217	None	None	250,000	175,217	425,217	79,140		9/
Toledo	OH	320,000	280,217	None	None	320,000	280,217	600,217	126,565		9/
Toledo	OH	250,000	530,217	None	None	250,000	530,217	780,217	239,481		9/
West Chester	OH	446,449	768,644	None	None	446,449	768,644	1,215,093	382,145	6/27/2003	3/
Willowick	OH	321,347	459,774	None	None	321,347	459,774	781,121	368,585		12
Zanesville	OH	125,000	300,162	None	None	125,000	300,162	425,162	135,573		9/
Midwest City	OK	106,312	333,551	None	5	106,312	333,556	439,868	231,903	8/6/1998	8/
Tulsa	OK	133,648	249,702	None	None	133,648	249,702	383,350	82,818		9/
Portland	OR	251,499	345,952	None	58	251,499	346,010	597,509	183,382		9/
Salem	OR	337,711	253,855	None	58	337,711	253,913	591,624	138,377		5/
Bethel Park	PA	299,595	331,264	None	114	299,595	331,378	630,973	239,176		12
Bethlehem	PA	275,328	389,067	None	172	275,328	389,239	664,567	280,927		12
Bethlehem	PA	229,162	310,526	None	172	229,162	310,698	539,860	224,237		12
Bridgeville	PA	275,000	375,150	None	None	275,000	375,150	650,150	169,442		9/
Coraopolis	PA	225,000	375,150	None	None	225,000	375,150	600,150	169,442		9/
Harrisburg	PA	131,529	220,317	(2,515)	None	129,014	220,317	349,331	120,069		5/
Monroeville	PA	275,000	250,150	None	None	275,000	250,150	525,150	112,984		9/
North Wales	PA	2,813,873	4,379,809	None	None	2,813,873	4,379,809	7,193,682	518,277		1/
Pittsburgh	PA	378,715	685,374	None	None	378,715	685,374	1,064,089	361,317	8/22/2002	8/
Pittsburgh	PA	219,938	408,466	None	None	219,938	408,466	628,404	198,106		11
Pittsburgh	PA	175,000	300,150	None	None	175,000	300,150	475,150	135,567		9/
Pittsburgh	PA	243,750	406,400	None	None	243,750	406,400	650,150	183,557		9/
Pittsburgh	PA	208,333	416,817	None	None	208,333	416,817	625,150	188,262		9/
Pittsburgh	PA	121,429	303,721	None	None	121,429	303,721	425,150	137,180		9/
Warminster	PA	323,847	216,999	(3,929)	None	319,918	216,999	536,917	118,261		5/
Wexford	PA	284,375	240,775	None	None	284,375	240,775	525,150	108,750		9/
York	PA	249,436	347,424	None	172	249,436	347,596	597,032	250,869		12
Charleston	SC	217,250	294,079	6,700	159	217,250	300,938	518,188	218,771	7/14/1997	3/
Columbia	SC	267,622	298,594	4,116	None	267,622	302,710	570,332	212,221	3/31/1998	11
Greenville	SC	221,946	315,163	None	None	221,946	315,163	537,109	229,515	9/5/1997	3/
Lexington	SC	241,534	342,182	None	None	241,534	342,182	583,716	228,836		9/
North											
Charleston	SC	174,980	341,466	14,074	153	174,980	355,693	530,673	241,609	8/6/1998	3/
Sioux Falls	SD	48,833	91,572	None	None	48,833	91,572	140,405	30,371		9/
Antioch	TN	400,000	781,228	None	None	400,000	781,228	1,181,228	24,739		3/
Brentwood	TN	305,546	505,728	None	None	305,546	505,728	811,274	363,273	3/13/1998	5/
Columbia	TN	540,000	749,813	None	None	540,000	749,813	1,289,813	23,744		3/
Gallatin	TN	720,000	862,737	None	None	720,000	862,737	1,582,737	27,320		3/
Hendersonville	TN	175,764	327,096	None	None	175,764	327,096	502,860	169,545		1/
Hendersonville	TN	680,000	972,437	None	None	680,000	972,437	1,652,437	30,794		3/
Hermitage	TN	204,296	172,695	None	None	204,296	172,695	376,991	94,117		5/
Hermitage	TN	480,000	789,017	None	None	480,000	789,017	1,269,017	24,986		3/
Madison	TN	175,769	327,068	None	None	175,769	327,068	502,837	169,530		1/
Memphis	TN	108,094	217,079	None	None	108,094	217,079	325,173	118,305		5/
Memphis	TN	214,110	193,591	None	None	214,110	193,591	407,701	105,504		5/
Memphis	TN	215,017	216,794	None	None	215,017	216,794	431,811	117,430		6/
Mount Juliet	TN	540,000	929,909	None	None	540,000	929,909	1,469,909	29,447		3/
Murfreesboro	TN	150,411	215,528	None	None	150,411	215,528	365,939	117,461		5/
Murfreesboro	TN	563,164	814,275	None	None	563,164	814,275	1,377,439	25,785		3/
Murfreesboro	TN	550,000	851,709	None	None	550,000	851,709	1,401,709	26,971		3/
Nashville	TN	342,960	227,440	None	None	342,960	227,440	570,400	166,360		9/
Nashville	TN	600,000	752,612	None	None	600,000	752,612	1,352,612	23,833		3/
Nashville	TN	510,210	792,902	None	None	510,210	792,902	1,303,112	25,109		3/
Nashville	TN	568,793	822,413	None	None	568,793	822,413	1,391,206	26,043		3/
Smyrna	TN	560,000	874,142	None	None	560,000	874,142	1,434,142	27,681		3/
Carrollton	TX	174,284	98,623	None	None	174,284	98,623	272,907	53,748		5/

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REALTY INCOME CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

SCHEDULE III REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015

		Initial Cost to Company				Cost Capitalized		Gross Amount at Which Carried			Accumulated	Date of	I
		Buildings, Improvements and		to Acquisition		Subsequent		at Close of Period (Notes 3, 4, 6 and 7)					
Description (Note 1)	Encumbrances (Note 2)	Land	Acquisition Fees	Improvements	Carrying Costs	Land	Acquisition Fees	Total	Depreciation (Note 5)	Construction	Ac		
Carrollton	TX	177,041	199,088	None	None	177,041	199,088	376,129	108,501		5/1		
Dallas	TX	234,604	325,951	12,719	15,373	234,604	354,043	588,647	263,023	8/9/1996	2/1		
Fort Worth	TX	83,530	111,960	None	None	83,530	111,960	195,490	61,017		5/1		
Houston	TX	285,000	369,697	None	234	285,000	369,931	654,931	269,406	8/8/1997	8/8		
Humble	TX	257,169	325,652	None	None	257,169	325,652	582,821	177,478		5/1		
Lake Jackson	TX	197,170	256,376	None	None	197,170	256,376	453,546	139,723		5/1		
Lewisville	TX	199,942	324,736	None	149	199,942	324,885	524,827	251,819	8/2/1996	2/1		
Lewisville	TX	130,238	207,683	None	None	130,238	207,683	337,921	112,495		6/2		
Waco	TX	232,105	431,053	None	None	232,105	431,053	663,158	99,861		3/2		
Wylie	TX	252,000	468,000	None	None	252,000	468,000	720,000	108,420		3/2		
American Fork	UT	849,848	2,561,827	None	None	849,848	2,561,827	3,411,675	234,834		9/2		
Layton	UT	390,000	1,575,711	None	None	390,000	1,575,711	1,965,711	65,655		12/		
Park City	UT	780,000	1,082,808	None	None	780,000	1,082,808	1,862,808	45,117		12/		
South Jordan	UT	1,620,150	1,879,850	None	None	1,620,150	1,879,850	3,500,000	166,053		10/		
Richmond	VA	403,549	876,981	None	None	403,549	876,981	1,280,530	418,429	7/8/2004	10/		
Roanoke	VA	349,628	322,545	None	153	349,628	322,698	672,326	232,923		12/		
Warrenton	VA	186,723	241,173	None	None	186,723	241,173	427,896	131,436		5/1		
Bremerton	WA	261,172	373,080	None	2,621	261,172	375,701	636,873	287,183	3/19/1997	7/2		
Tacoma	WA	109,127	202,691	None	None	109,127	202,691	311,818	67,226		9/4		
Milwaukee	WI	173,005	499,244	None	None	173,005	499,244	672,249	400,227		12/2		
Milwaukee	WI	152,509	475,480	None	197	152,509	475,677	628,186	367,109		9/2		
Mount Pleasant	WI	184,002	114,167	None	None	184,002	114,167	298,169	62,219		5/1		
New Berlin	WI	188,491	466,268	55,866	507	188,491	522,641	711,132	375,871		12/2		
<u>Automotive tire services</u>													
Athens	AL	760,031	1,413,494	None	None	760,031	1,413,494	2,173,525	515,921		11/2		
Auburn	AL	660,210	1,228,112	None	None	660,210	1,228,112	1,888,322	448,257		11/2		
Birmingham	AL	635,111	1,180,909	None	None	635,111	1,180,909	1,816,020	431,028		11/2		
Birmingham	AL	620,270	1,153,493	None	None	620,270	1,153,493	1,773,763	421,021		11/2		
Daphne	AL	876,139	1,629,123	None	None	876,139	1,629,123	2,505,262	594,626		11/2		
Decatur	AL	635,111	1,181,499	None	None	635,111	1,181,499	1,816,610	431,243		11/2		
Dothan	AL	455,651	565,343	None	None	455,651	565,343	1,020,994	161,682	10/17/2008	6/1		
Foley	AL	870,031	1,617,357	None	None	870,031	1,617,357	2,487,388	590,331		11/2		
Gardendale	AL	610,055	1,134,554	None	None	610,055	1,134,554	1,744,609	413,699		11/2		
Hoover	AL	504,396	938,299	None	None	504,396	938,299	1,442,695	342,475		11/2		
Huntsville	AL	499,843	929,863	None	None	499,843	929,863	1,429,706	339,396		11/2		
Huntsville	AL	635,111	1,181,499	None	None	635,111	1,181,499	1,816,610	431,243		11/2		
Madison	AL	635,111	1,181,532	None	None	635,111	1,181,532	1,816,643	431,255		11/2		
Mobile	AL	635,111	1,181,499	None	None	635,111	1,181,499	1,816,610	431,243		11/2		
Mobile	AL	525,750	977,810	None	None	525,750	977,810	1,503,560	356,897		11/2		
Montgomery	AL	544,181	654,046	None	None	544,181	654,046	1,198,227	197,947		1/2		
Montgomery	AL	630,244	1,172,036	None	None	630,244	1,172,036	1,802,280	427,789		11/2		

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Orange Beach												
Pelham	AL		635,111	1,180,909	None	None	635,111	1,180,909	1,816,020	431,028		11/2
Phenix City	AL		630,244	1,172,024	None	None	630,244	1,172,024	1,802,268	427,785		11/2
Benton	AR	1,291,458	976,474	2,016,354	None	None	976,474	2,016,354	2,992,828	238,602		1/2
Tucson	AZ		178,297	396,004	None	None	178,297	396,004	574,301	396,004		1/1
Arvada	CO		301,489	931,092	None	None	301,489	931,092	1,232,581	563,348	9/22/2000	11/2
Aurora	CO		221,691	492,382	None	None	221,691	492,382	714,073	492,382		1/2
Aurora	CO		353,283	1,135,051	None	None	353,283	1,135,051	1,488,334	671,609	1/3/2001	3/1
Colorado Springs	CO		280,193	622,317	None	None	280,193	622,317	902,510	622,317		1/2
Colorado Springs	CO		192,988	433,542	None	None	192,988	433,542	626,530	399,551		5/2
Denver	CO		688,292	1,331,224	None	None	688,292	1,331,224	2,019,516	692,011	1/10/2003	5/3
Grand Junction	CO	1,378,927	1,121,415	2,315,649	None	None	1,121,415	2,315,649	3,437,064	274,019		1/2
Westminster	CO		526,620	1,099,523	None	None	526,620	1,099,523	1,626,143	650,586	1/12/2001	1/1
Destin	FL		1,034,411	1,922,591	None	None	1,034,411	1,922,591	2,957,002	701,742		11/2
Fort Walton Beach	FL		635,111	1,181,032	None	None	635,111	1,181,032	1,816,143	431,073		11/2
Fort Walton Beach	FL		635,111	1,181,032	None	None	635,111	1,181,032	1,816,143	431,073		11/2
Lakeland	FL		500,000	645,402	None	None	500,000	645,402	1,145,402	446,591	6/4/1998	12/3
Middleburg	FL	1,167,247	2,410,289	5,843	None	1,167,247	2,416,132	3,583,379		287,640		1/2
Milton	FL		635,111	1,181,145	None	None	635,111	1,181,145	1,816,256	431,114		11/2
Niceville	FL		920,803	1,711,621	None	None	920,803	1,711,621	2,632,424	624,738		11/2
Orlando	FL		635,111	1,181,076	None	None	635,111	1,181,076	1,816,187	431,089		11/2
Orlando	FL		630,244	1,172,023	None	None	630,244	1,172,023	1,802,267	427,785		11/2
Oviedo	FL		971,996	1,806,780	None	None	971,996	1,806,780	2,778,776	659,471		11/2
Pace	FL		630,244	1,171,993	None	None	630,244	1,171,993	1,802,237	427,774		11/2
Panama City	FL		635,111	1,181,076	None	None	635,111	1,181,076	1,816,187	431,089		11/2
Pensacola	FL		635,111	1,181,063	None	None	635,111	1,181,063	1,816,174	431,084		11/2
Pensacola	FL		588,305	1,094,130	None	None	588,305	1,094,130	1,682,435	399,354		11/2
Saint Cloud	FL		525,207	976,968	None	None	525,207	976,968	1,502,175	356,589		11/2
Sanford	FL		630,244	1,172,023	None	None	630,244	1,172,023	1,802,267	427,785		11/2
Tallahassee	FL		419,902	781,405	None	None	419,902	781,405	1,201,307	285,208		11/2
Tallahassee	FL		611,916	1,137,986	None	None	611,916	1,137,986	1,749,902	415,361		11/2
Tampa	FL		427,395	472,030	None	None	427,395	472,030	899,425	326,647	6/10/1998	12/2
Union Park	FL	1,004,103	1,866,287	None	None	1,004,103	1,866,287	2,870,390		681,191		11/2
Alpharetta	GA		630,244	1,171,870	None	None	630,244	1,171,870	1,802,114	427,729		11/2
Atlanta	GA		55,840	258,889	16,005	14,141	55,840	289,035	344,875	276,203		11/2
Canton	GA	1,010,000	1,352,903	None	None	1,010,000	1,352,903	2,362,903		83,429		6/3
Columbus	GA		630,244	1,171,988	None	None	630,244	1,171,988	1,802,232	427,772		11/2
Conyers	GA		531,935	1,180,296	None	None	531,935	1,180,296	1,712,231	646,881	3/28/2002	11/2
Conyers	GA		635,111	1,181,027	None	None	635,111	1,181,027	1,816,138	431,071		11/2
Douglasville	GA		795,842	1,643,361	None	None	795,842	1,643,361	2,439,203	194,464		1/2
Duluth	GA		638,509	1,186,594	None	None	638,509	1,186,594	1,825,103	575,494		11/2
Hiram	GA		635,111	1,181,017	None	None	635,111	1,181,017	1,816,128	431,067		11/2
Kennesaw	GA		519,903	967,180	None	None	519,903	967,180	1,487,083	353,017		11/2
Kennesaw	GA		659,964	1,827,997	None	None	659,964	1,827,997	2,487,961	216,313		1/2
Lawrenceville	GA		635,111	1,181,137	None	None	635,111	1,181,137	1,816,248	431,111		11/2
Lilburn	GA		994,894	1,807,565	None	None	994,894	1,807,565	2,802,459	213,895		1/2
Marietta	GA		500,293	930,657	None	None	500,293	930,657	1,430,950	339,686		11/2
McDonough	GA		635,111	1,181,032	None	None	635,111	1,181,032	1,816,143	431,073		11/2
McDonough	GA		910,000	1,400,696	None	None	910,000	1,400,696	2,310,696	86,376		6/3
Peachtree City	GA		625,316	1,162,827	None	None	625,316	1,162,827	1,788,143	424,428		11/2
Roswell	GA		515,617	959,138	None	None	515,617	959,138	1,474,755	350,081		11/2
Sandy Springs	GA		586,211	1,090,241	None	None	586,211	1,090,241	1,676,452	397,934		11/2
Stockbridge	GA		632,128	1,175,478	None	None	632,128	1,175,478	1,807,606	429,045		11/2
Aurora	IL		513,204	953,885	None	None	513,204	953,885	1,467,089	462,630		11/2
Joliet	IL		452,267	840,716	None	None	452,267	840,716	1,292,983	407,743		11/2
Lombard	IL		428,170	795,965	None	2,000	428,170	797,965	1,226,135	387,215		11/2
Niles	IL		366,969	682,306	None	None	366,969	682,306	1,049,275	330,914		11/2
Orland Park	IL		663,087	1,232,240	None	None	663,087	1,232,240	1,895,327	597,632		11/2
Round Lake Beach	IL		472,132	236,585	None	None	472,132	236,585	708,717	128,937		5/1
Vernon Hills	IL		524,948	975,668	None	None	524,948	975,668	1,500,616	473,195		11/2
West Dundee	IL		530,835	986,628	None	None	530,835	986,628	1,517,463	478,510		11/2

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Overland											
Park	KS		1,101,841	2,047,067	None	None	1,101,841	2,047,067	3,148,908	992,823	11/2
Wichita	KS	1,224,570	935,607	1,989,962	3,150	None	935,607	1,993,112	2,928,719	235,485	1/2
Winchester	KY		355,474	929,177	20,045	22,464	355,474	971,686	1,327,160	666,602	6/3
Baton Rouge	LA	1,440,670	1,158,316	2,391,847	None	None	1,158,316	2,391,847	3,550,163	283,035	1/2
Allston	MA		576,505	1,071,520	None	None	576,505	1,071,520	1,648,025	519,682	11/2
Billerica	MA		399,043	462,240	None	172	399,043	462,412	861,455	345,955	4/2
Shrewsbury	MA		721,065	1,339,913	None	None	721,065	1,339,913	2,060,978	649,854	11/2
Waltham	MA		338,955	630,279	None	None	338,955	630,279	969,234	305,681	11/2
Weymouth	MA		752,234	1,397,799	None	None	752,234	1,397,799	2,150,033	677,928	11/2

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REALTY INCOME CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

SCHEDULE III REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015

		Initial Cost to Company Buildings, Improvements and				Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition		Gross Amount at Which Carried at Close of Period (Notes 3, 4, 6 and 7) Buildings, Improvements and				
											Accumulated	
Description (Note 1)	Encumbrances (Note 2)	Land	Acquisition Fees	Improvements	Carrying Costs	Land	Acquisition Fees	Total	Depreciation (Note 5)	Date of Construction		
Woburn	MA	676,968	1,258,018	None	None	676,968	1,258,018	1,934,986	610,134			
Annapolis	MD	780,806	1,450,860	None	None	780,806	1,450,860	2,231,666	703,663			
Bowie	MD	734,558	1,364,970	None	None	734,558	1,364,970	2,099,528	662,006			
Capitol Heights	MD	701,705	1,303,958	None	None	701,705	1,303,958	2,005,663	632,415			
Germantown	MD	808,296	1,501,913	None	None	808,296	1,501,913	2,310,209	728,424			
Waldorf	MD	427,033	793,854	None	None	427,033	793,854	1,220,887	385,015			
Eagan	MN	902,443	845,536	None	None	902,443	845,536	1,747,979	587,673	6/19/1998		
Grandview	MO	347,150	711,024	None	None	347,150	711,024	1,058,174	491,825	8/20/1998		
Independence	MO	721,020	1,339,829	None	None	721,020	1,339,829	2,060,849	649,813			
Lake Saint Louis	MO	1,222,303	2,019,908	None	None	1,222,303	2,019,908	3,242,211	239,022			
St. Louis	MO	386,112	717,856	None	None	386,112	717,856	1,103,968	348,156			
Charlotte	NC	508,100	457,295	None	None	508,100	457,295	965,395	230,934			
Charlotte	NC	181,662	338,164	None	None	181,662	338,164	519,826	164,006			
Clemmons	NC	630,000	1,100,160	None	None	630,000	1,100,160	1,730,160	357,552			
Jamestown	NC	650,000	857,823	None	None	650,000	857,823	1,507,823	278,792			
Matthews	NC	489,063	909,052	None	None	489,063	909,052	1,398,115	440,886			
Omaha	NE	253,128	810,922	None	32	253,128	810,954	1,064,082	528,522	7/22/1999		
Manchester	NH	722,532	1,342,636	None	None	722,532	1,342,636	2,065,168	651,174			
Newington	NH	690,753	1,283,624	None	None	690,753	1,283,624	1,974,377	622,554			
Salem	NH	597,833	1,111,059	None	None	597,833	1,111,059	1,708,892	538,860			
Deptford	NJ	619,376	1,151,062	None	None	619,376	1,151,062	1,770,438	558,261			
Maple Shade	NJ	508,285	944,750	None	None	508,285	944,750	1,453,035	458,200			
Northfield	NJ	1,364,997	2,361,337	None	None	1,364,997	2,361,337	3,726,334	279,425			
Albuquerque	NM	1,210,015	2,498,602	None	None	1,210,015	2,498,602	3,708,617	295,668			
Akron	OH	242,133	450,467	None	None	242,133	450,467	692,600	218,472			
Cambridge	OH	103,368	192,760	None	None	103,368	192,760	296,128	93,485			
Canton	OH	337,161	626,948	None	None	337,161	626,948	964,109	304,066			
Cleveland	OH	582,107	1,081,848	None	None	582,107	1,081,848	1,663,955	524,692			
Columbus	OH	385,878	717,422	None	None	385,878	717,422	1,103,300	347,946			
Edmond	OK	1,240,403	2,561,350	None	None	1,240,403	2,561,350	3,801,753	303,093			
Oklahoma City	OK	509,370	752,691	None	None	509,370	752,691	1,262,061	498,201	4/14/1999		
Oklahoma City	OK	404,815	771,625	None	76	404,815	771,701	1,176,516	510,745	4/9/1999		
Oklahoma City	OK	1,127,056	2,327,297	None	None	1,127,056	2,327,297	3,454,353	275,397			
Owasso	OK	1,078,296	2,226,612	5,698	None	1,078,296	2,232,310	3,310,606	266,509			
Tulsa	OK	964,367	1,996,137	5,993	None	964,367	2,002,130	2,966,497	238,972			
Yukon	OK	1,173,070	2,422,313	10,243	None	1,173,070	2,432,556	3,605,626	290,421			
Greensburg	PA	594,891	1,105,589	None	None	594,891	1,105,589	1,700,480	536,207			
Lancaster	PA	431,050	801,313	None	None	431,050	801,313	1,232,363	388,633			
Mechanicsburg	PA	455,854	847,377	None	None	455,854	847,377	1,303,231	410,974			
Monroeville	PA	723,660	1,344,733	None	None	723,660	1,344,733	2,068,393	652,191			
Philadelphia	PA	334,939	622,821	None	None	334,939	622,821	957,760	302,064			
Pittsburgh	PA	384,756	715,339	None	None	384,756	715,339	1,100,095	346,935			
York	PA	389,291	723,760	None	None	389,291	723,760	1,113,051	351,020			
Columbia	SC	343,785	295,001	183,130	None	343,785	478,131	821,916	394,119	5/27/1997		
Sioux Falls	SD	332,979	498,108	None	None	332,979	498,108	831,087	346,199	6/1/1999		

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Goodlettsville	TN	601,306	1,117,504	None	None	601,306	1,117,504	1,718,810	541,985	
Hermitage	TN	560,443	1,011,799	None	None	560,443	1,011,799	1,572,242	542,795	10/15/2001
Allen	TX	1,162,614	2,400,722	46,748	None	1,162,614	2,447,470	3,610,084	291,682	
Arlington	TX	599,558	1,114,256	None	None	599,558	1,114,256	1,713,814	540,410	
Austin	TX	185,454	411,899	None	None	185,454	411,899	597,353	411,899	
Austin	TX	710,485	1,320,293	None	None	710,485	1,320,293	2,030,778	640,337	
Austin	TX	590,828	1,098,073	None	None	590,828	1,098,073	1,688,901	532,560	
Austin	TX	569,909	1,059,195	None	None	569,909	1,059,195	1,629,104	513,705	
Austin	TX	532,497	989,715	None	None	532,497	989,715	1,522,212	480,008	
Austin	TX	1,363,491	1,066,021	2,201,264	None	None	1,066,021	2,201,264	3,267,285	260,483
Carrollton	TX	568,401	1,056,394	None	None	568,401	1,056,394	1,624,795	512,347	
Conroe	TX	396,068	736,346	None	None	396,068	736,346	1,132,414	357,124	
Crowley	TX	1,103,218	2,278,074	None	None	1,103,218	2,278,074	3,381,292	269,572	
Dallas	TX	191,267	424,811	None	None	191,267	424,811	616,078	424,811	
Fort Worth	TX	543,950	1,010,984	None	None	543,950	1,010,984	1,554,934	490,323	
Garland	TX	242,887	539,461	33,982	26,371	242,887	599,814	842,701	543,860	
Harlingen	TX	134,599	298,948	18,825	None	134,599	317,773	452,372	300,321	
Houston	TX	151,018	335,417	None	58	151,018	335,475	486,493	335,433	
Houston	TX	392,113	729,002	None	None	392,113	729,002	1,121,115	353,562	
Houston	TX	1,030,379	1,914,353	None	None	1,030,379	1,914,353	2,944,732	928,457	
Houston	TX	619,101	1,150,551	None	None	619,101	1,150,551	1,769,652	558,013	
Houston	TX	642,495	1,193,997	None	None	642,495	1,193,997	1,836,492	579,085	
Houston	TX	872,866	1,621,829	None	None	872,866	1,621,829	2,494,695	786,583	
Humble	TX	612,414	1,138,132	None	None	612,414	1,138,132	1,750,546	551,990	
League City	TX	1,032,003	2,131,018	None	None	1,032,003	2,131,018	3,163,021	252,170	
Leon Valley	TX	178,221	395,834	None	None	178,221	395,834	574,055	395,834	
Leon Valley	TX	529,967	985,046	None	None	529,967	985,046	1,515,013	477,742	
Mesquite	TX	591,538	1,099,363	None	None	591,538	1,099,363	1,690,901	533,187	
Pasadena	TX	107,391	238,519	None	58	107,391	238,577	345,968	238,535	
Pasedena	TX	147,535	274,521	10,646	11,252	147,535	296,419	443,954	190,900	
Pearland	TX	1,286,313	935,739	1,932,240	None	None	935,739	1,932,240	2,867,979	228,648
Plano	TX	187,564	417,157	700	91	187,564	417,948	605,512	417,037	
Plano	TX	494,407	918,976	None	None	494,407	918,976	1,413,383	445,699	
Richardson	TX	555,188	1,031,855	None	None	555,188	1,031,855	1,587,043	500,446	
Rockwall	TX	1,178,158	2,432,819	None	None	1,178,158	2,432,819	3,610,977	287,884	
San Antonio	TX	245,164	544,518	None	None	245,164	544,518	789,682	544,518	
San Antonio	TX	688,249	1,278,967	None	None	688,249	1,278,967	1,967,216	620,295	
Stafford	TX	706,786	1,313,395	None	None	706,786	1,313,395	2,020,181	636,992	
Waco	TX	401,999	747,362	None	None	401,999	747,362	1,149,361	362,466	
Weatherford	TX	971,317	2,005,706	None	None	971,317	2,005,706	2,977,023	237,342	
Webster	TX	600,261	1,115,563	None	None	600,261	1,115,563	1,715,824	541,044	
Bountiful	UT	183,750	408,115	None	None	183,750	408,115	591,865	408,115	
Alexandria	VA	542,791	1,008,832	None	None	542,791	1,008,832	1,551,623	489,280	
Alexandria	VA	592,698	1,101,517	None	None	592,698	1,101,517	1,694,215	534,232	
Chesapeake	VA	770,000	1,112,334	None	None	770,000	1,112,334	1,882,334	361,509	
Chester	VA	1,204,525	2,487,265	None	None	1,204,525	2,487,265	3,691,790	294,326	
Lynchburg	VA	342,751	637,329	None	None	342,751	637,329	980,080	309,101	
Virginia Beach	VA	780,000	1,026,384	None	None	780,000	1,026,384	1,806,384	333,575	
Woodbridge	VA	774,854	1,439,806	None	None	774,854	1,439,806	2,214,660	698,302	
Lakewood	WA	187,111	415,579	None	None	187,111	415,579	602,690	415,579	
Brown Deer	WI	257,408	802,141	None	None	257,408	802,141	1,059,549	546,855	12/15/1998
Delafield	WI	324,574	772,702	None	None	324,574	772,702	1,097,276	502,889	7/29/1999
Madison	WI	452,630	811,977	None	None	452,630	811,977	1,264,607	558,967	10/20/1998
Milwaukee	WI	1,304,098	2,692,877	None	None	1,304,098	2,692,877	3,996,975	318,657	
Oak Creek	WI	420,465	852,408	None	None	420,465	852,408	1,272,873	586,800	8/7/1998
Beverages										
Calistoga	CA	12,677,285	2,750,715	None	None	12,677,285	2,750,715	15,428,000	622,990	
Calistoga	CA	5,445,030	21,154,970	None	None	5,445,030	21,154,970	26,600,000	4,689,352	
Calistoga	CA	6,039,131	1,576,869	None	None	6,039,131	1,576,869	7,616,000	349,539	
Calistoga	CA	4,988,527	1,999,473	None	None	4,988,527	1,999,473	6,988,000	445,689	
Calistoga	CA	8,146,907	2,067,093	None	None	8,146,907	2,067,093	10,214,000	458,206	
Calistoga	CA	12,675,172	4,907,828	None	None	12,675,172	4,907,828	17,583,000	1,090,257	
Calistoga	CA	45,184,528	10,437,472	None	None	45,184,528	10,437,472	55,622,000	2,319,822	
Calistoga	CA	10,630,191	5,580,929	None	None	10,630,191	5,580,929	16,211,120	1,126,773	
Calistoga	CA	6,860,862	524,117	None	None	6,860,862	524,117	7,384,979	84,732	

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SCHEDULE III REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015

Description (Note 1)	Encumbrances (Note 2)	Initial Cost to Company		Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition		Gross Amount at Which Carried at Close of Period (Notes 3, 4, 6 and 7)			Accumulated Depreciation (Note 5)	Date of Construction
		Land	Acquisition Fees	Improvements	Carrying Costs	Land	Acquisition Fees	Total		
Napa	CA	6,000,000	25,000,000	None	None	6,000,000	25,000,000	31,000,000	5,541,667	
Napa	CA	11,253,989	2,846,011	None	None	11,253,989	2,846,011	14,100,000	635,812	
Napa	CA	17,590,091	5,898,149	None	None	17,590,091	5,898,149	23,488,240	1,363,241	
Napa	CA	23,471,336	6,589,664	None	None	23,471,336	6,589,664	30,061,000	1,469,541	
Napa	CA	10,777,485	390,515	None	None	10,777,485	390,515	11,168,000	88,416	
Napa	CA	4,675,262	298,928	None	None	4,675,262	298,928	4,974,190	60,284	
Paicines	CA	12,058,127	1,607,783	None	None	12,058,127	1,607,783	13,665,910	421,772	
Saint Helena	CA	15,254,700	4,150,300	None	None	15,254,700	4,150,300	19,405,000	936,799	
Shreveport	LA	1,320,003	8,130,438	None	147	1,320,003	8,130,585	9,450,588	1,531,363	
<u>Book stores</u>										
Tampa	FL	998,250	3,696,707	129,751	79	998,250	3,826,537	4,824,787	2,807,454	
<u>Child care</u>										
Hoover	AL	63,800	295,791	58,263	16,414	63,800	370,468	434,268	309,806	
Avondale	AZ	242,723	1,129,139	None	None	242,723	1,129,139	1,371,862	747,200	4/20/1999
Chandler	AZ	291,720	647,923	None	None	291,720	647,923	939,643	647,923	
Chandler	AZ	271,695	603,446	9,758	19,469	271,695	632,673	904,368	621,655	
Mesa	AZ	308,951	1,025,612	None	None	308,951	1,025,612	1,334,563	668,394	7/26/1999
Phoenix	AZ	260,719	516,181	None	32,125	260,719	548,306	809,025	538,478	
Scottsdale	AZ	291,993	648,529	None	None	291,993	648,529	940,522	648,529	
Scottsdale	AZ	264,504	587,471	None	27,467	264,504	614,938	879,442	612,250	
Tempe	AZ	292,200	648,989	None	164	292,200	649,153	941,353	649,130	
Tucson	AZ	304,500	676,303	53,621	196	304,500	730,120	1,034,620	677,329	
Tucson	AZ	283,500	546,878	7,228	299	283,500	554,405	837,905	547,060	
Calabasas	CA	156,430	725,248	100,838	58,367	156,430	884,453	1,040,883	835,854	
Carmichael	CA	131,035	607,507	80,368	21,673	131,035	709,548	840,583	648,400	
Chino	CA	155,000	634,071	None	32,148	155,000	666,219	821,219	640,802	
Chula Vista	CA	350,563	778,614	None	43,353	350,563	821,967	1,172,530	821,275	
El Cajon	CA	157,804	731,621	2,540	44,802	157,804	778,963	936,767	768,467	
Escondido	CA	276,286	613,638	5,000	44,375	276,286	663,013	939,299	652,245	
Folsom	CA	281,563	625,363	None	None	281,563	625,363	906,926	625,363	
Gold River	CA	276,328	613,733	24,967	None	276,328	638,700	915,028	635,461	
Mission Viejo	CA	353,891	744,367	12,500	None	353,891	756,867	1,110,758	691,721	
Oceanside	CA	145,568	674,889	23,000	None	145,568	697,889	843,457	687,816	
Palmdale	CA	249,490	554,125	9,864	None	249,490	563,989	813,479	563,989	
Rancho										
Cucamonga	CA	471,733	1,047,739	158,923	170	471,733	1,206,832	1,678,565	1,102,279	
Simi Valley	CA	208,585	967,055	79,082	108	208,585	1,046,245	1,254,830	1,017,898	
Valencia	CA	301,295	669,185	70,470	46	301,295	739,701	1,040,996	713,057	
Walnut	CA	217,365	1,007,753	57,287	51,049	217,365	1,116,089	1,333,454	1,045,924	
Aurora	CO	287,000	637,440	20,313	18,188	287,000	675,941	962,941	651,937	
Broomfield	CO	155,306	344,941	25,000	82	155,306	370,023	525,329	366,981	
Colorado										
Springs	CO	58,400	271,217	25,000	82	58,400	296,299	354,699	291,004	
Fort Collins	CO	55,200	256,356	15,030	79	55,200	271,465	326,665	259,611	

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Greenwood										
Village	CO	131,216	608,372	52,959	403	131,216	661,734	792,950	613,894	
Littleton	CO	161,617	358,956	None	82	161,617	359,038	520,655	359,025	
Longmont	CO	115,592	535,931	None	71	115,592	536,002	651,594	535,990	
Parker	CO	153,551	341,042	None	82	153,551	341,124	494,675	341,111	
Westminster	CO	306,387	695,737	77,412	11,233	306,387	784,382	1,090,769	715,070	
Bradenton	FL	160,060	355,501	25,000	79	160,060	380,580	540,640	376,602	
Clearwater	FL	42,223	269,380	None	79	42,223	269,459	311,682	269,459	
Jacksonville	FL	48,000	243,060	None	None	48,000	243,060	291,060	243,060	
Jacksonville	FL	184,800	410,447	22,872	None	184,800	433,319	618,119	428,319	
Margate	FL	66,686	309,183	None	None	66,686	309,183	375,869	309,183	
Melbourne	FL	256,439	549,345	None	79	256,439	549,424	805,863	505,835	
Niceville	FL	73,696	341,688	None	None	73,696	341,688	415,384	341,688	
Orlando	FL	68,001	313,922	None	140	68,001	314,062	382,063	313,938	
Orlando	FL	159,177	353,538	None	154	159,177	353,692	512,869	353,677	
Oviedo	FL	166,409	369,598	38,918	9,687	166,409	418,203	584,612	370,704	
Panama City	FL	69,500	244,314	82,701	None	69,500	327,015	396,515	285,707	
Pensacola	FL	147,000	326,492	20,000	None	147,000	346,492	493,492	337,304	
Royal Palm										
Beach	FL	194,193	431,309	25,000	None	194,193	456,309	650,502	448,670	
Saint										
Augustine	FL	44,800	213,040	23,090	None	44,800	236,130	280,930	226,943	
Sunrise	FL	245,000	533,280	92,266	153	245,000	625,699	870,699	588,279	
Tampa	FL	53,385	199,846	None	154	53,385	200,000	253,385	199,985	
Duluth	GA	310,000	1,040,008	None	None	310,000	1,040,008	1,350,008	674,321	8/25/1999
Ellenwood	GA	119,678	275,414	58,545	272	119,678	334,231	453,909	300,230	
Lawrenceville	GA	141,449	314,161	156,426	14,612	141,449	485,199	626,648	401,356	
Lithia Springs	GA	187,444	363,358	None	84	187,444	363,442	550,886	363,437	
Lithonia	GA	239,715	524,459	24,410	380	239,715	549,249	788,964	526,626	
Marietta	GA	148,620	330,090	25,000	None	148,620	355,090	503,710	351,794	
Marietta	GA	295,750	596,299	67,500	None	295,750	663,799	959,549	598,690	
Marietta	GA	301,000	668,529	71,474	19,961	301,000	759,964	1,060,964	711,112	
Smyrna	GA	274,750	610,229	None	None	274,750	610,229	884,979	610,229	
Stockbridge	GA	168,700	374,688	85,264	2,909	168,700	462,861	631,561	407,223	
Cedar Rapids	IA	194,950	427,085	None	None	194,950	427,085	622,035	402,400	
Iowa City	IA	186,900	408,910	None	None	186,900	408,910	595,810	385,244	
Addison	IL	125,780	583,146	None	132	125,780	583,278	709,058	583,278	
Algonquin	IL	241,500	509,629	28,260	583	241,500	538,472	779,972	517,855	
Aurora	IL	165,679	398,738	105,300	21,963	165,679	526,001	691,680	427,515	
Aurora	IL	468,000	1,259,926	None	None	468,000	1,259,926	1,727,926	808,543	10/26/1999
Bartlett	IL	120,824	560,166	74,917	12,101	120,824	647,184	768,008	582,742	
Carol Stream	IL	122,831	586,416	None	132	122,831	586,548	709,379	586,548	
Crystal Lake	IL	400,000	1,259,424	None	None	400,000	1,259,424	1,659,424	812,409	9/28/1999
Glendale										
Heights	IL	318,500	707,399	None	None	318,500	707,399	1,025,899	707,399	
Hoffman										
Estates	IL	318,500	707,399	None	85	318,500	707,484	1,025,984	707,469	
Homer Glen	IL	189,477	442,018	None	85	189,477	442,103	631,580	442,088	
Lake In The										
Hills	IL	375,000	1,127,678	None	None	375,000	1,127,678	1,502,678	727,430	9/3/1999
Naperville	IL	425,000	1,230,654	None	None	425,000	1,230,654	1,655,654	789,753	10/6/1999
O Fallon	IL	141,250	313,722	None	232	141,250	313,954	455,204	313,926	
Oswego	IL	380,000	1,165,818	None	None	380,000	1,165,818	1,545,818	755,892	8/18/1999
Palatine	IL	121,911	565,232	None	132	121,911	565,364	687,275	565,365	
Roselle	IL	297,541	561,037	None	None	297,541	561,037	858,578	561,037	
Schaumburg	IL	218,798	485,955	20,461	None	218,798	506,416	725,214	497,414	
Vernon Hills	IL	132,523	614,430	None	583	132,523	615,013	747,536	614,571	
Westmont	IL	124,742	578,330	77,621	24,741	124,742	680,692	805,434	599,899	
Fishers	IN	212,118	419,958	26,509	11,338	212,118	457,805	669,923	428,905	
Highland	IN	220,460	436,476	None	None	220,460	436,476	656,936	436,476	
Indianapolis	IN	245,000	544,153	None	None	245,000	544,153	789,153	544,153	
Lenexa	KS	318,500	707,399	98,590	127	318,500	806,116	1,124,616	728,844	
Olathe	KS	304,500	676,308	87,242	44	304,500	763,594	1,068,094	711,606	
Overland										
Park	KS	357,500	1,115,171	None	None	357,500	1,115,171	1,472,671	726,757	7/23/1999
Shawnee	KS	315,000	699,629	None	251	315,000	699,880	1,014,880	699,812	
Shawnee	KS	288,246	935,875	None	127	288,246	936,002	1,224,248	631,816	12/29/1998
Wichita	KS	209,890	415,549	33,984	16,592	209,890	466,125	676,015	449,137	
Acton	MA	315,533	700,813	None	None	315,533	700,813	1,016,346	700,813	
Marlborough	MA	352,765	776,488	None	None	352,765	776,488	1,129,253	776,488	

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Westborough	MA	359,412	773,877	63,037	22,260	359,412	859,174	1,218,586	809,503
Ellicott City	MD	219,368	630,839	26,550	None	219,368	657,389	876,757	651,722
Frederick	MD	203,352	1,017,109	None	2,874	203,352	1,019,983	1,223,335	711,795
Olney	MD	342,500	760,701	4,400	41,272	342,500	806,373	1,148,873	792,584

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REALTY INCOME CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

SCHEDULE III REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015

		Initial Cost to Company				Cost Capitalized		Gross Amount at Which Carried				
		Buildings, Improvements and		to Acquisition		Subsequent		at Close of Period (Notes 3, 4, 6 and 7)				
								Buildings, Improvements and			Accumulated	
Description (Note 1)	Encumbrances (Note 2)	Land	Acquisition Fees	Improvements	Carrying Costs	Land	Acquisition Fees	Total	Depreciation (Note 5)	Date of Construction	Date Acquired	
Waldorf MD		130,430	604,702	None	302	130,430	605,004	735,434	604,934		9/26/1999	
Waldorf MD		237,207	526,844	None	172	237,207	527,016	764,223	526,988		12/31/1999	
Canton MI		55,000	378,848	2,913	304	55,000	382,065	437,065	380,719		10/6/1999	
Apple Valley MN		113,523	526,319	87,374	13,814	113,523	627,507	741,030	537,154		3/26/1999	
Brooklyn Park MN		118,111	547,587	None	197	118,111	547,784	665,895	547,784		3/26/1999	
Eden Prairie MN		124,286	576,243	None	197	124,286	576,440	700,726	576,440		3/27/1999	
Maple Grove MN		313,250	660,149	None	288	313,250	660,437	973,687	660,210		7/11/1999	
Plymouth MN		134,221	622,350	None	197	134,221	622,547	756,768	622,547		12/12/1999	
Saint Paul MN		242,165	537,856	None	288	242,165	538,144	780,309	537,917		8/30/1999	
Florissant MO		318,500	707,399	102,410	256	318,500	810,065	1,128,565	743,310		3/30/1999	
Gladstone MO		294,000	652,987	64,864	2,763	294,000	720,614	1,014,614	655,248		9/29/1999	
Kansas City MO		307,784	910,401	None	None	307,784	910,401	1,218,185	620,069	9/28/1999	8/21/1999	
Lee s Summit MO		239,627	532,220	88,926	73	239,627	621,219	860,846	532,654		9/27/1999	
Lee s Summit MO		330,000	993,787	21,445	160	330,000	1,015,392	1,345,392	648,204	7/26/1999	6/17/1999	
Lee s Summit MO		313,740	939,367	None	None	313,740	939,367	1,253,107	609,070	9/8/1999	6/30/1999	
Jackson MS		248,483	572,522	54,227	17,780	248,483	644,529	893,012	402,769		11/16/1999	
Tupelo MS		121,697	637,691	66,275	56	121,697	704,022	825,719	505,344		11/26/1999	
Cary NC		75,200	262,973	15,000	None	75,200	277,973	353,173	270,182		1/25/1999	
Charlotte NC		134,582	268,222	24,478	None	134,582	292,700	427,282	289,573		11/16/1999	
Concord NC		32,441	190,859	None	None	32,441	190,859	223,300	190,859		12/23/1999	
Durham NC		175,700	390,234	26,312	None	175,700	416,546	592,246	412,749		3/29/1999	
Durham NC		220,728	429,380	None	None	220,728	429,380	650,108	429,380		12/29/1999	
Kernersville NC		162,216	316,300	None	None	162,216	316,300	478,516	316,300		12/14/1999	
Bellevue NE		60,568	280,819	None	None	60,568	280,819	341,387	280,819		12/16/1999	
Omaha NE		60,500	280,491	None	32	60,500	280,523	341,023	280,514		8/1/1998	
Omaha NE		53,000	245,720	22,027	32	53,000	267,779	320,779	258,582		10/11/1999	
Omaha NE		142,867	317,315	None	32	142,867	317,347	460,214	317,338		12/9/1999	
Londonderry NH		335,467	745,082	85,361	11,802	335,467	842,245	1,177,712	768,361		8/18/1999	
Las Vegas NV		201,250	446,983	37,014	3,276	201,250	487,273	688,523	453,924		6/29/1999	
Beavercreek OH		179,552	398,786	None	None	179,552	398,786	578,338	398,786		6/30/1999	
Centerville OH		174,519	387,613	79,900	361	174,519	467,874	642,393	387,965		7/23/1999	
Cincinnati OH		170,778	379,305	None	85	170,778	379,390	550,168	379,375		9/28/1999	
Dublin OH		84,000	389,446	None	None	84,000	389,446	473,446	389,446		10/8/1999	
Englewood OH		74,000	343,083	None	85	74,000	343,168	417,168	343,154		10/23/1999	
Huber Heights OH		245,000	544,153	None	None	245,000	544,153	789,153	544,153		9/27/1999	
Pickerington OH		87,580	406,055	None	None	87,580	406,055	493,635	406,055		12/11/1999	
Westerville OH		82,000	380,173	None	None	82,000	380,173	462,173	380,173		10/8/1999	
Westerville OH		294,350	646,557	44,683	None	294,350	691,240	985,590	646,850		9/26/1999	
Broken Arrow OK		78,705	220,434	None	None	78,705	220,434	299,139	220,434		1/27/1999	

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Midwest City	OK	67,800	314,338	None	None	67,800	314,338	382,138	314,338		8/14/1999
Oklahoma City	OK	50,800	214,474	None	None	50,800	214,474	265,274	214,474		6/15/1999
Oklahoma City	OK	79,000	366,261	17,659	None	79,000	383,920	462,920	383,921		11/14/1999
Yukon	OK	61,000	282,812	27,000	None	61,000	309,812	370,812	306,262		5/2/1998
Charleston	SC	140,700	312,498	25,000	153	140,700	337,651	478,351	332,971		3/28/1999
Columbia	SC	58,160	269,643	None	None	58,160	269,643	327,803	269,643		11/14/1999
Columbia	SC	160,831	313,600	None	None	160,831	313,600	474,431	313,600		12/14/1999
Goose Creek	SC	61,635	192,905	None	153	61,635	193,058	254,693	193,032		12/22/1999
North Charleston	SC	125,593	278,947	12,126	14,855	125,593	305,928	431,521	289,145		5/26/1999
Summerville	SC	44,400	174,500	None	153	44,400	174,653	219,053	174,627		12/22/1999
Memphis	TN	238,000	528,608	148,663	655	238,000	677,926	915,926	537,000		9/30/1999
Arlington	TX	241,500	550,559	45,046	192	241,500	595,797	837,297	585,867		9/22/1999
Austin	TX	88,872	222,684	54,562	139	88,872	277,385	366,257	259,288		1/12/1999
Austin	TX	134,383	623,103	2,379	21,981	134,383	647,463	781,846	630,461		12/23/1999
Austin	TX	191,636	425,629	15,530	None	191,636	441,159	632,795	441,159		12/22/1999
Austin	TX	217,878	483,913	82,048	9,167	217,878	575,128	793,006	532,731		6/22/1999
Bedford	TX	241,500	550,559	34,949	None	241,500	585,508	827,008	585,507		9/22/1999
Carrollton	TX	277,850	617,113	52,614	261	277,850	669,988	947,838	634,447		12/11/1999
Cedar Park	TX	168,857	375,036	5,200	139	168,857	380,375	549,232	380,352		11/21/1999
Colleyville	TX	250,000	1,070,360	None	102	250,000	1,070,462	1,320,462	694,059	8/17/1999	5/14/1999
Converse	TX	217,000	481,963	None	7,522	217,000	489,485	706,485	482,859		9/28/1999
Corinth	TX	285,000	1,041,626	None	None	285,000	1,041,626	1,326,626	682,260	6/4/1999	5/19/1999
Euless	TX	234,111	519,962	None	None	234,111	519,962	754,073	519,962		5/8/1998
Flower Mound	TX	202,773	442,845	32,069	16,315	202,773	491,229	694,002	475,385		4/20/1999
Flower Mound	TX	281,735	1,099,726	18,618	31,678	281,735	1,150,022	1,431,757	750,274	4/23/1999	1/13/1999
Fort Worth	TX	85,518	396,495	54,750	198	85,518	451,443	536,961	421,957		12/3/1999
Fort Worth	TX	238,000	528,608	73,662	91	238,000	602,361	840,361	551,008		9/26/1999
Fort Worth	TX	216,160	427,962	None	54	216,160	428,016	644,176	426,532		2/7/1999
Grand Prairie	TX	167,164	371,276	58,206	16,405	167,164	445,887	613,051	426,079		12/13/1999
Houston	TX	139,125	308,997	19,128	286	139,125	328,411	467,536	325,836		5/22/1999
Houston	TX	141,296	313,824	12,442	307	141,296	326,573	467,869	324,143		7/24/1999
Houston	TX	219,100	486,631	25,716	25,593	219,100	537,940	757,040	501,025		9/30/1999
Houston	TX	149,109	323,314	27,979	245	149,109	351,538	500,647	333,059		6/26/1999
Houston	TX	294,582	919,276	None	None	294,582	919,276	1,213,858	617,496	1/11/1999	8/14/1999
Humble	TX	278,915	1,034,868	None	None	278,915	1,034,868	1,313,783	674,419	7/19/1999	5/14/1999
Katy	TX	309,898	983,041	None	None	309,898	983,041	1,292,939	666,855	11/30/1998	8/21/1999
Lewisville	TX	192,777	428,121	42,153	95	192,777	470,369	663,146	443,797		1/7/1998
Mansfield	TX	181,375	402,839	46,878	83	181,375	449,800	631,175	432,382		12/20/1999
Mesquite	TX	85,000	394,079	16,984	91	85,000	411,154	496,154	402,584		10/24/1999
Mesquite	TX	139,466	326,525	60,455	293	139,466	387,273	526,739	340,430		10/8/1999
Plano	TX	261,912	581,658	52,751	159	261,912	634,568	896,480	604,458		1/6/1998
Plano	TX	250,514	556,399	33,978	425	250,514	590,802	841,316	569,263		12/10/1999
Round Rock	TX	186,380	413,957	56,750	89	186,380	470,796	657,176	445,926		4/19/1999
San Antonio	TX	130,833	606,596	43,050	22,373	130,833	672,019	802,852	627,676		3/24/1999
San Antonio	TX	102,512	475,288	50,798	16,961	102,512	543,047	645,559	492,357		12/3/1999
San Antonio	TX	81,530	378,007	None	None	81,530	378,007	459,537	378,007		12/11/1999
San Antonio	TX	181,412	402,923	None	139	181,412	403,062	584,474	403,040		7/7/1998
San Antonio	TX	234,500	520,831	None	139	234,500	520,970	755,470	520,947		12/29/1999
San Antonio	TX	217,000	481,967	32,529	None	217,000	514,496	731,496	514,496		10/14/1999
San Antonio	TX	182,868	406,155	18,940	None	182,868	425,095	607,963	425,095		12/6/1999
San Antonio	TX	220,500	447,108	None	None	220,500	447,108	667,608	447,108		3/30/1999
Sugar Land	TX	339,310	1,000,876	None	None	339,310	1,000,876	1,340,186	658,908	5/30/1999	1/13/1999
Layton	UT	136,574	269,008	None	None	136,574	269,008	405,582	269,008		2/1/1999
Sandy	UT	168,089	373,330	None	None	168,089	373,330	541,419	373,330		2/1/1999
Centreville	VA	371,000	824,003	None	463	371,000	824,466	1,195,466	824,395		9/29/1999
Chesapeake	VA	190,050	422,107	24,568	None	190,050	446,675	636,725	442,609		3/28/1999
Glen Allen	VA	74,643	346,060	None	153	74,643	346,213	420,856	346,209		6/20/1999
Portsmouth	VA	171,575	381,073	24,932	None	171,575	406,005	577,580	401,990		12/21/1999
Virginia Beach	VA	69,080	320,270	29,024	None	69,080	349,294	418,374	332,922		11/15/1999
Federal Way	WA	150,785	699,101	None	107	150,785	699,208	849,993	699,194		12/17/1999
Federal Way	WA	261,943	581,782	27,500	107	261,943	609,389	871,332	604,160		11/21/1999
Kent	WA	128,300	539,141	None	None	128,300	539,141	667,441	539,141		6/3/1998

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Kent	WA	140,763	678,809	36,500	None	140,763	715,309	856,072	711,151	12/17/19
Kirkland	WA	301,000	668,534	None	107	301,000	668,641	969,641	668,627	3/31/19
Puyallup	WA	195,552	434,327	27,000	107	195,552	461,434	656,986	456,686	12/6/19
Redmond	WA	279,830	621,513	None	107	279,830	621,620	901,450	621,606	7/27/19
Renton	WA	111,183	515,490	None	None	111,183	515,490	626,673	515,490	3/24/19
Appleton	WI	196,000	424,038	None	409	196,000	424,447	620,447	424,384	7/10/19
Waukesha	WI	233,100	461,500	None	211	233,100	461,711	694,811	461,648	12/13/19
Waukesha	WI	215,950	427,546	None	409	215,950	427,955	643,905	427,891	12/13/19

Consumer
appliances

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REALTY INCOME CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

SCHEDULE III REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015

		Initial Cost to Company				Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition		Gross Amount at Which Carried at Close of Period (Notes 3, 4, 6 and 7)				
		Buildings, Improvements and						Buildings, Improvements and		Accumulated		
Description (Note 1)	Encumbrances (Note 2)	Land	Acquisition Fees	Improvements	Carrying Costs	Land	Acquisition Fees	Total	Depreciation (Note 5)	Date of Construction	D	
<u>Consumer electronics</u>												
North												
Liberty	IA	6,395,970	19,385,806	None	None	6,395,970	19,385,806	25,781,776	1,638,562		1/22	
Greenville	OH	820,230	12,985,433	35,481	None	820,230	13,020,914	13,841,144	1,797,112		7/31	
Marion	OH	801,003	25,410,810	None	None	801,003	25,410,810	26,211,813	2,147,818		1/22	
<u>Consumer goods</u>												
Tampa	FL	401,874	933,768	103,336	32,053	401,874	1,069,157	1,471,031	790,521		12/23	
Smyrna	GA	1,094,058	3,090,236	None	None	1,094,058	3,090,236	4,184,294	2,291,810		6/9	
Jackson	MI	550,162	571,590	None	210	550,162	571,800	1,121,962	385,989	1/15/1999	9/25	
Pineville	NC	567,864	840,284	37,249	153	567,864	877,686	1,445,550	595,483		12/3	
Albion	NY	170,589	317,424	None	None	170,589	317,424	488,013	213,195		3/31	
Westbury	NY	6,333,590	3,952,773	256,823	None	6,333,590	4,209,596	10,543,186	2,956,891		9/29	
Austin	TX	3,630,000	5,083,734	None	None	3,630,000	5,083,734	8,713,734	279,605		8/19	
<u>Consumer goods</u>												
West												
Branch	IA	969,797	19,896,576	125,814	None	969,797	20,022,390	20,992,187	2,638,124		9/20	
DeKalb	IL	20,496,000	3,507,503	50,808,610	None	3,507,503	50,808,610	54,316,113	4,294,537		1/22	
Loves Park	IL	1,010,778	10,068,142	None	None	1,010,778	10,068,142	11,078,920	850,998			