

STOCKGROUP INFORMATION SYSTEMS INC
Form 10-Q
May 14, 2008

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

☒ Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended **March 31, 2008**

☐ Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from: _____ to _____

Commission file number: **0-23687**

STOCKGROUP INFORMATION SYSTEMS INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Colorado

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or
organization)

84-1379282

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

Suite 500-750 West Pender Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6C 2T7

(Address of principal executive offices)

(604) 331-0995

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes: ☒ No: ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ☐

Accelerated filer ☐

Non-accelerated filer ☐ (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act)

Yes: ☐ No ☒

APPLICABLE ONLY TO ISSUERS INVOLVED IN BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS DURING THE
PRECEDING FIVE YEARS

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by
Sections 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities
under a plan confirmed by court. Yes: ☐ No: ☐

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest
practicable date: 41,695,922 common shares at May 13, 2008 (no par value)

**Stockgroup Information Systems Inc.
FORM 10-Q**

INDEX

	Page
<u>PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u>	
<u>Item 1. Financial Statements (unaudited)</u>	
<u>CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS as of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007</u>	<u>3</u>
<u>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2008 and 2007</u>	<u>4</u>
<u>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2008 and the Year Ended December 31, 2007</u>	<u>5</u>
<u>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2008 and 2007</u>	<u>6</u>
<u>NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>	<u>7</u>
<u>Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	<u>17</u>
<u>Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u>	<u>33</u>
<u>Item 4. Controls and Procedures</u>	<u>33</u>
<u>PART II OTHER INFORMATION</u>	
<u>Item 1. Legal Proceedings</u>	<u>35</u>
<u>Item 1A. Risk Factors</u>	<u>35</u>
<u>Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	<u>35</u>
<u>Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.</u>	<u>36</u>
<u>Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.</u>	<u>36</u>
<u>Item 5. Other Information.</u>	<u>36</u>
<u>Item 6. Exhibits</u>	<u>37</u>
<u>SIGNATURES</u>	<u>39</u>

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Stockgroup Information Systems Inc.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Expressed in Thousands of U.S. Dollars, except number of common shares)
(Unaudited)

	March 31, 2008	December 31, 2007
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,690	\$ 2,821
Accounts receivable (net of allowances of \$464 and \$456)	2,019	1,906
Prepaid and other current assets	884	752
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	4,593	5,479
Property and equipment, net (note 6)	695	703
Goodwill (note 3)	99	99
Intangible assets, net (notes 3 & 4)	1,386	1,530
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 6,773	\$ 7,811
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable (note 6)	\$ 1,976	\$ 1,818
Accrued liabilities (note 6)	2,956	2,824
Deferred revenues	1,265	1,341
Capital lease obligations	190	190
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	6,387	6,173
Long-term payable	47	41
Long-term capital lease obligations	59	66
Long-term deferred revenues	34	15
TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,527	6,295
Shareholders' Equity (note 5):		
Common stock, no par value:		
authorized 75,000,000 shares;		
issued and outstanding 41,395,922 and 40,916,921 shares	19,027	18,902
Additional paid-in capital	3,703	3,652
Accumulated deficit	(22,484)	(21,038)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	246	1,516
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 6,773	\$ 7,811

Commitments and contingencies (note 8)

Guarantees (note 9)

See accompanying notes to the Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Stockgroup Information Systems Inc.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(Expressed in Thousands of U.S. Dollars, except per share data)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2008	2007
REVENUES		
Licensing and subscriptions	\$ 2,624	\$ 2,175
Advertising	875	925
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 3,499	\$ 3,100
OPERATING COSTS AND EXPENSES		
Cost of revenues (exclusive of amortization)	1,469	1,270
Sales and marketing	1,382	1,093
Research and development	382	285
General and administrative	1,915	1,015
Amortization of intangible assets	144	-
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	5,292	3,663
Loss from operations	(1,793)	(563)
Interest and other income, net (note 7)	347	7
Net loss before income taxes	(1,446)	(556)
Provision for income taxes	-	1
Net loss and comprehensive loss	\$ (1,446)	\$ (557)
Net loss per common share:		
Basic and diluted	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.02)
Common shares used in computing basic and diluted net loss		
per share (thousands)	41,106	36,504

See accompanying notes to the Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Stockgroup Information Systems Inc.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(Expressed in Thousands)
(Unaudited)

	Common stock # of shares	Common stock \$	Additional paid-in capital \$	Accumulated deficit \$	Total Shareholders Equity \$
Balance at December 31, 2006	35,350	13,793	3,394	(15,904)	1,283
Issuance of common shares pursuant to exercise of employee stock options	734	236	(54)	-	182
Private placement transaction common shares and warrants	3,333	4,033	96	-	4,129
Issuance of common shares pursuant to business acquisition	1,500	840	-	-	840
Stock based compensation	-	-	216	-	216
Net loss and comprehensive loss	-	-	-	(5,134)	(5,134)
Balance at December 31, 2007	40,917	18,902	3,652	(21,038)	1,516
Issuance of common stock pursuant to exercise of employee stock options	480	125	(9)	-	116
Stock based compensation	-	-	60	-	60
Net loss and comprehensive loss	-	-	-	(1,446)	(1,446)
Balance at March 31, 2008	41,396	19,027	3,703	(22,484)	246

See accompanying notes to the Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Stockgroup Information Systems Inc.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Expressed in Thousands of U.S. Dollars)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2008	2007
Operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (1,446)	(557)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash (used in) / provided by operating activities:		
Amortization of property and equipment	84	101
Amortization of intangible assets	144	-
Stock-based compensation	60	34
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(113)	758
Prepaid and other current assets	(132)	(287)
Accounts payable	181	593
Accrued liabilities	133	(165)
Deferred revenues	(57)	(199)
CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(1,146)	278
Investing activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(13)	(26)
Acquisition of Mobile Finance Division (note 3)	-	(134)
Acquisition of Semotus Assets	(18)	-
CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(31)	(160)
Financing activities:		
Proceeds on exercise of stock options	116	38
Repayment of capital lease obligations	(70)	(39)
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	46	(1)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,131)	117
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	2,821	2,013
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 1,690	2,130
Supplemental Cash Flow Information:		
Cash	\$ 1,689	\$ 2,129
Cash equivalents	\$ 1	\$ 1
Interest paid	\$ 2	\$ 5
Taxes paid	\$ 1	\$ 1
Assets acquired through capital lease transactions	\$ 63	\$ 74
Value of shares issued for acquisition of Mobile Finance Division	\$ -	\$ 840

See accompanying notes to the Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Stockgroup Information Systems Inc.
NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
March 31, 2008

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of Stockgroup Information Systems Inc. (Stockgroup or the Company) have been prepared by the Company in accordance with United States (U.S.) generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for interim financial information and in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 8-03 of Regulation S X. Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual audited consolidated financial statements and related footnotes thereto of the Company in its Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2007 as filed with the SEC on April 1, 2008. In the opinion of management, the adjustments considered necessary for fair presentation, all of which are of a normal and recurring nature have been included in these unaudited interim consolidated financial statements.

The Company has a history of operating losses. During the quarter ended March 31, 2008 the Company generated a loss of \$1,446,000, used cash in operations of \$1,146,000 and as at March 31, 2008, had negative working capital of \$1,794,000. Cash and cash equivalents at March 31, 2008 are not sufficient to meet the consolidated cash requirements of the Company for the next 12 months. On May 13, 2008 the Company closed a private placement of preferred shares for gross proceeds of \$3,000,000 (Note 10). Management believes that these proceeds, along with the Company's existing cash resources, provide sufficient resources to fund continuing operations and corporate development for the next 12 months.

The business experiences seasonal variations with the fourth quarter sales usually being the strongest. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2008 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2008 or for other future operating periods. All amounts are stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise indicated.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

There have been no new policies adopted or changes in the Company's accounting policies during the three months ended March 31, 2008 from those previously disclosed in the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2007 except as follows:

Fair Value Measurements

In September 2006, the FASB issued FAS No. 157 *Fair Value Measurements*, (FAS 157) which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This statement does not require any new fair value measurements but provides guidance in determining fair value measurements under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements. FAS 157 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. In February 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Positions FAS 157-1 and FAS 157-2 which exclude FAS 13 *Accounting for Leases* from the scope of FAS 157 and defers the effective date of FAS 157 to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008 for nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities, except for items that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in an entity's financial statements on a recurring basis. The Company adopted the provisions of FAS 157 (as amended by the FASB Staff Positions above) effective January 1, 2008. The adoption of FAS 157 did not impact the Company's interim consolidated financial statements.

Stockgroup Information Systems Inc.
NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
March 31, 2008

Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

In February 2007, the FASB issued FAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115*, (FAS 159) which permits entities to choose to measure at fair value, at specified election dates, many financial instruments and certain other items that are not currently required to be measured at fair value. This statement is expected to expand the use of fair value measurement. The objective of FAS 159 is to improve financial reporting by providing entities with the opportunity to mitigate volatility in reported earnings caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently without having to apply complex hedge accounting provisions. A business entity is required to report unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. The statement does not affect any existing accounting literature that requires certain assets and liabilities to be carried at fair value. FAS 159 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company adopted the provisions of FAS 159 commencing January 1, 2008 and currently the Company has not elected to report any additional assets or liabilities at fair value that were not already being reported at fair value. The adoption of FAS 159 did not impact the Company's interim consolidated financial statements.

Recently issued accounting pronouncements

In December 2007, the FASB issued FAS No. 141 (revised 2007) *Business Combinations* (FAS 141(R)). FAS 141(R) establishes principles and requirements for how an acquirer recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the goodwill acquired. FAS 141(R) also establishes disclosure requirements to enable the evaluation of the nature and financial effects of the business combination. FAS 141(R) is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact, if any, of the adoption of FAS 141(R) on its consolidated financial statements.

In May 2008, the FASB issued FAS No. 162 *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* (FAS 162). FAS 162 identifies the sources of accounting principles and the framework for selecting the principles to be used in the preparation of financial statements of nongovernmental entities that are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. FAS 162 is effective sixty days following the SEC's approval of PCAOB amendments to AU Section 411, *The Meaning of Present fairly in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles*. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact, if any, of the adoption of FAS 162 on its consolidated financial statements.

3. BUSINESS ACQUISITION

On January 25, 2007 the Company announced that it had entered into a formal Purchase Agreement with TeleCommunication Systems, Inc. (TCS) pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue to TCS 1,500,000 common shares in the capital of the Company and to assume some TCS liabilities in exchange for certain assets of TCS that made up its Mobile Finance Division (MFD). The transaction closed on January 31, 2007. The acquisition of MFD was accounted for as a purchase of a business, with the Company being identified as the acquirer and MFD as the acquiree. These consolidated interim financial statements include 100% of the operating results of MFD from February 1, 2007.

StockgroupInformation Systems Inc.
NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
March 31, 2008

The allocation of the purchase price of \$1,188,000 included goodwill of \$99,000 and intangible assets of \$1,660,000. The following table presents details of the purchased identifiable intangible assets:

(In thousands of Dollars)	Estimated Useful Life (in years)	January 31, 2007 Amount	Net Amount December 31, 2007	Net Amount March 31, 2008
Intellectual property	4	\$ 870	\$ 671	\$ 616
Customer relationships	2 - 4	790	547	481
		\$ 1,660	\$ 1,218	\$ 1,097

The estimated future amortization expense of purchased identifiable intangible assets is as follows:

2008 (remainder)	362
2009	359
2010	348
2011	28
Total	\$ 1,097

Under the terms of the Purchase Agreement with TCS the Company is indemnified for certain undisclosed liabilities of MFD as at the date of the transaction. The indemnity was extended from April 30, 2008 to May 14, 2008. The Company's best estimate is that there are \$300,000 of costs for liabilities not disclosed as at the date of acquiring MFD and therefore the Company has recorded a liability for this amount with a corresponding receivable for the same amount from TCS (included in prepaid and other current assets) as of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007. The Company believes that the maximum amount of potential undisclosed liabilities not recorded by the Company as of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, is \$650,000. The Company is working with TCS to review the liabilities disclosed at the date of acquisition.

Stockgroup Information Systems Inc.
NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
March 31, 2008

Pro forma Information (Unaudited)

The following interim *pro forma* consolidated financial summary is presented as if the acquisition of MFD was completed as of January 1, 2007. The *pro forma* combined results have been prepared for informational purposes only and do not purport to be indicative of the results which would have actually been attained had the business combination been consummated on the date indicated or of the results which may be expected to occur in the future.

(In thousands of Dollars, except per share data)	Three Months Ended March 31, 2007
REVENUES	
Licensing and Subscriptions	\$ 2,685
Advertising	925
	\$ 3,610
Total Operating Expenses net of Other Income (Expense)	4,300
Net loss and comprehensive loss	\$ (690)
Net loss per common share: Basic and diluted	\$ (0.02)
Common shares used in computing basic and diluted net loss per share (in thousands)	36,937

4. ASSET ACQUISITION

On May 8, 2007 the Company entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement with Semotus Solutions Inc. (Semotus) pursuant to which the Company agreed to acquire certain intangible assets related to Semotus Mobile Finance business for total cash consideration of up to \$350,000 payable as follows:

- a) \$150,000 cash payable at the Closing Date; and
- b) 30% of monthly gross revenues earned from customer contracts purchased from Semotus until the remaining \$200,000 of the purchase price is fully paid or within two years whichever occurs first. If the gross revenues fall below 25% of prior revenue within the first nine months post close, the amount payable monthly would decrease to 15% of monthly gross revenues.

Should monthly gross revenues fall below \$15,000 per month at any time, the purchase price will be deemed to be paid in full.

This acquisition closed on May 8, 2007 and has been accounted for as an asset purchase transaction for a total cost of \$375,000 including \$25,000 for acquisition costs.

For the purposes of these consolidated financial statements, the purchase consideration has been allocated to the identifiable intangible assets acquired as intellectual property (\$140,000) and customer relationships (\$235,000), based on management's best estimates.

For the three months ended March 31, 2008, purchase consideration of \$18,000 (three months ended March 31, 2007 - \$Nil) relating to monthly gross revenues was paid to the vendor. Of the total balance of

StockgroupInformation Systems Inc.
NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
March 31, 2008

\$119,000 (December 31, 2007 - \$137,000) expected to be payable as of March 31, 2008, \$72,000 (December 31, 2007 - \$96,000) is included in accounts payable and \$47,000 (December 31, 2007 - \$41,000) has been recorded on the consolidated balance sheet as a long-term payable expected to be paid in 2009. For the three months ended March 31, 2008 amortization of the Semotus intangible assets was \$23,000 (three months ended March 31, 2007 - \$ Nil).

5. SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

The Company is authorized to issue up to 75,000,000 shares of common stock and 5,000,000 shares of preferred stock. During the three month period ending March 31, 2008, the Company issued shares on the exercise of stock options. During 2007, the Company issued shares on the exercise of stock options and also in a private placement transaction.

Stock-Based Compensation Plans and Stock-Based Award Activity

Generally, stock options granted under the Plans vest quarterly over a 2 year period. Stock options granted to management generally vest quarterly over a four year period. All stock options are denominated in U.S. dollars and expire either five or six years after the date of grant.

The following table provides information on the Company's outstanding options and options available for grant at March 31, 2008 and activity since December 31, 2007:

	Options Outstanding				Weighted	Aggregate
	Number of Options Available For Grant	Number of Options	Price Per Share \$	Weighted Average Exercise Price \$	Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)	Intrinsic Value - \$ (in thousands)
Balance at December 31, 2007	2,931,775	3,861,625	\$0.12 - \$1.25	\$0.64	2.34	\$865
Options granted	(650,000)	650,000	\$0.41 - \$0.59			
Options exercised	-	(480,000)	\$0.22 - \$0.42			
Options expired	-	(15,000)	\$0.29			
Options forfeited	369,000	(369,000)	\$0.31 - \$1.06			
Balance at March 31, 2008	2,650,775	3,647,625	\$0.15 - \$1.25	\$0.64	2.65	\$296
Vested and exercisable at March 31, 2008		2,308,500		\$0.52	1.05	\$287

The aggregate intrinsic value is equal to the difference between the quoted closing market price of the Company's common shares at March 31, 2008 and the exercise price of the underlying awards, where the stock options are in-the-money. At March 31, 2008 there were 2,094,375 in-the-money options outstanding and 1,932,250 in-the-money options vested and exercisable.

Stockgroup Information Systems Inc.
NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
March 31, 2008

The following table summarizes the Company's unvested stock options as of March 31, 2008, and changes since December 31, 2007:

	Number of Awards	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value
Unvested at December 31, 2007	1,098,906	\$0.50
Granted	650,000	\$0.44
Vested	(40,781)	\$0.17
Forfeited	(369,000)	\$0.51
Unvested at March 31, 2008	1,339,125	\$0.49

As of March 31, 2008 total unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested awards granted under the Company's stock option plans was \$387,000 and is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.7 years. Forfeiture rates used to determine unrecognized compensation expense were based on forfeiture rates experienced for the year ended December 31, 2007.

Stock-Based Compensation Expense

During the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 net loss included the following stock-based compensation expense:

(In thousands of Dollars)	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2008	2007
Sales and marketing	\$ (7)	\$ 5
Research and development	(3)	3
General and administrative	70	26
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$ 60	\$ 34

Valuation Assumptions Used in Fair-Value Based Calculation Model

The fair-value of the Company's stock-based awards granted to employees, non-employee directors and consultants for the three months ending March 31, 2008 and 2007 was estimated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model using the following weighted average assumptions:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2008	2007
Expected life (in years)	5	5
Risk-free interest rate	4%	4%
Expected volatility	101%	66%
Dividend yield	0%	0%
Fair value per stock option	\$0.38	\$0.22

The expected life of employee stock options is based on the average expected life of all outstanding stock options taking into consideration past employee exercise behavior. The exercise price of the stock option is equal to the market value of the Company's common stock on the grant date. The Company uses the zero coupon interest yield rate comparable to the expected life of the option. Expected volatility is based on historical computations of the Company's

volatility. The estimated fair value of the stock-based awards is amortized over the vesting period of the underlying awards on a graduated basis.

Stockgroup Information Systems Inc.
NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
March 31, 2008

6. BALANCE SHEET COMPONENTS

(In thousands of Dollars)	March 31, 2008	December 31, 2007
<u>Accounts payable</u>		
Trade accounts payable	\$ 1,677	\$ 1,517
Current portion of amount due to asset acquisition vendor (note 4)	72	95
Sales taxes payable	227	206
Total accounts payable	\$ 1,976	\$ 1,818
<u>Accrued liabilities</u>		
Accrued liabilities	\$ 1,843	\$ 1,810
Accrued data costs	840	740
Customer deposits	273	274
Total accrued liabilities	\$ 2,956	\$ 2,824
<u>Property and equipment</u>		
Computer equipment	\$ 1,146	\$ 1,143
Computer equipment under capital lease	749	686
Computer software	339	336
Website software	638	638
Office furniture and equipment	244	237
Leasehold improvements	110	110
Total cost	3,226	3,150
Less: accumulated amortization	(2,531)	(2,447)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 695	\$ 703

In the three months ended March 31, 2008 amortization expense related to property and equipment totalled \$84,000 including \$36,000 amortization for capital assets under lease. In the three months ended March 31, 2007 amortization expense was \$101,000, including \$31,000 of amortization for capital assets under lease.

StockgroupInformation Systems Inc.
NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
March 31, 2008

7. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company operates in one reportable segment. The Company defines a reportable segment as a component of the Company for which separate financial information is available and which is evaluated regularly by the Chief Executive Officer in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.

The following information is presented by the customer's geographic area:

(In thousands of Dollars)

For the three months ending March 31, 2008	North America	United Kingdom	Spain	Australia	Benelux	Total
REVENUES						
Licensing and subscription	\$ 1,921	\$ 363	\$ 133	\$ 113	\$ 94	\$ 2,624
Advertising services	875	-	-	-	-	875
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 2,796	\$ 363	\$ 133	\$ 113	\$ 94	\$ 3,499

(In thousands of Dollars)

For the three months ending March 31, 2007	North America	United Kingdom	Spain	Australia	Benelux	Total
REVENUES						
Licensing and subscription	\$ 1,576	\$ 351	\$ 85	\$ 79	\$ 84	\$ 2,175
Advertising services	925	-	-	-	-	925
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 2,501	\$ 351	\$ 85	\$ 79	\$ 84	\$ 3,100

During the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 the Company had no customers whose revenue represented greater than 10% of total revenues. No customer accounted for greater than 10% of outstanding trade receivables at March 31, 2008. (December 31, 2007 - one customer). Substantially all of the Company's property and equipment is located in Canada.

8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments

The total contractual cash obligations of \$3.6 million disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2007, have increased to \$4.1 million due to the addition of capital leases and the addition of an operating lease for the Company's Toronto offices.

The Company has capital lease obligations for servers and computer equipment required for its web sites, streaming data and hosting services. The increase in commitments for the remainder of 2008 and 2009 for these items is \$23,000 and \$31,000 respectively. The total additional commitment for operating leases for the remainder of 2008 and 2009 is approximately \$21,000 and \$128,000 respectively.

Litigation

The Company was the plaintiff in a lawsuit filed in Ontario Superior Court of Justice against Hollinger Inc. and Hollinger Canadian Publishing Holdings Co. in which the Company sought to recover approximately \$457,000 from the defendant. The defendant was a vendor to the Company and the amount sought by the Company consisted of unused advertising credits which were prepaid by the Company in 1999. The case was resolved by a negotiated settlement during the first quarter of 2008 and the defendant paid \$340,000 to the Company in full settlement, included in Other Income.

Stockgroup Information Systems Inc.
NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
March 31, 2008

The Company was the defendant in a lawsuit filed in the Supreme Court of British Columbia by the plaintiff, Tanis Churchill. The Plaintiff, a former employee of the Company, sought damages, interest and costs in the order of approximately \$218,000 for alleged wrongful dismissal from her employment with the Company. The matter was heard by the Supreme Court of British Columbia in a trial beginning on December 3rd, 2007 and ending on December 7th, 2007. The Court reserved judgment, and handed down its decision subsequent to the end of the period, in which it awarded the Plaintiff \$11,000 in damages, plus costs.

The Company is the plaintiff in a lawsuit filed in the Commercial & Equity Division of the County Court of Victoria in Melbourne, Australia against The Eight Black Partnership Pty and Simon Chen, in which the Company seeks to recover approximately \$435,000 from the defendant. The defendant was a reseller of the Company's MarketStream service in Australia and the amount sought by the Company consists of unpaid MarketStream subscription fees from July 2006 to May 2007, plus interest. The case is currently pending final resolution and there is uncertainty as to what value, if any, will be derived from the lawsuit. No provision has been made for recovery of these credits in the financial statements in any year.

In addition to the above, the Company is involved in various other legal matters which arise from time-to-time in the ordinary course of the Company's business, none of which is believed to be material to its results of operations, liquidity or financial condition at this time. Unless otherwise noted, the Company cannot reasonably estimate at this time whether a monetary settlement will be reached or predict the ultimate resolution of these legal matters.

9. ACCOUNTING FOR AND DISCLOSURE OF GUARANTEES

From time-to-time, the Company enters into certain types of contracts that require it contingently to indemnify parties against third party claims. These contracts primarily relate to: (i) service level agreements with clients, under which the Company may be required to indemnify clients for liabilities related to data transmission and dissemination; and (ii) certain agreements with the Company's officers, directors and employees and third parties, under which the Company may be required to indemnify such persons for liabilities arising out of their duties to the Company.

The Company regularly enters into service level agreements with clients, under which the Company guarantees consistent streaming of data within certain pre-defined tolerances. The terms of these obligations vary and generally are not limited in amount, so it is not possible to express the amount at risk in dollars. Historically, the Company has not been obligated to make significant payments on account of these obligations, and accordingly, no liabilities were recorded for these obligations of this nature on its balance sheets as of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007. The Company carries coverage under certain insurance policies to protect itself in the case of an unexpected liability; however, this coverage may not be sufficient.

10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Equity Financing

On April 30, 2008 the Company entered into a stock purchase agreement with PEAK6 Capital Management LLC. Under the terms of the agreement the Company will issue 3,000 shares of Series A convertible preferred shares at a price of \$1,000 per share to PEAK6 for total proceeds to the Company of \$3,000,000. Each preferred share has an annual dividend of 7% payable in cash or stock at the option of the Company and is convertible to 2,200 common shares of the Company. The preferred shares are non-voting

Stockgroup Information Systems Inc.
NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
March 31, 2008

until conversion and automatically convert into common shares at the end of twenty four months from date of issuance at a price of \$0.4545 per common share. The preferred shares are subject to a six month hold period and the Company may redeem them at any time after 90 days by paying 110% of their value. The private placement closed on May 13, 2008.

Performance Stock Options

On April 28, 2008 the Company entered into a performance stock option agreement with Karl Buhr, Chief Operating Officer of the Company. Under the terms of the agreement, Mr. Buhr has been granted options to purchase up to 250,000 shares of the Company at a price of \$0.38 per share. The options vest over a three year period and expire over a five year period from the date of the agreement. The options are earned in defined amounts and, subject to the vesting provisions, can be exercised only if the Company achieves certain pre-defined business targets before December 31, 2010.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis should be read together with our Consolidated Financial Statements and the Notes to those statements included elsewhere in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q and the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Notes to those statements included in our Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2007. Certain statements contained herein constitute "forward-looking statements" as defined in the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. In some cases forward-looking statements can be identified by terminology, such as "believes," "anticipates," "expects," "estimates," "plans," "may," "intends," or similar terms. These statements appear in a number of places in this Form 10-Q and include statements regarding the intent, belief or current expectations of our company, its directors or its officers with respect to, among other things: (i) trends affecting our financial condition or results of operations, (ii) our business and growth strategies, (iii) the Internet and Internet commerce and (iv) our financing plans. Investors are cautioned that any such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve significant risks and uncertainties, and that actual results may differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. These statements are only predictions and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, including the risks in the section entitled "Risk Factors", that may cause our company's or our industry's actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements.

Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. Except as required by applicable law, including the securities laws of the United States, we undertake no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements for any reason, even if new information becomes available or other events occur.

Our consolidated financial statements are stated in United States dollars and are prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles. In this discussion, unless otherwise specified, all references to common shares refer to the common shares in our capital stock and the terms we, us and our mean Stockgroup Information Systems Inc., a Colorado corporation.

Foreign Currency and Exchange Rates

All amounts in this quarterly report are stated in United States Dollars unless otherwise indicated. For purposes of consistency, Canadian Dollars have been converted into United States currency at the following rates:

	Per 1 US Dollar
Average for the first quarter of 2008	C\$ 1.00
Rate at March 31, 2008	C\$ 1.03

Overview**Our Business**

Our services can be separated into two categories: (i) Licensing and Subscriptions; and (ii) Advertising Services. The basic commonalities between the two categories are that all of our services relate to the financial markets and all are currently delivered over the Internet or mobile devices.

Much of our sales are driven by popular interest in the stock markets. Advertising services are in greater demand when there is greater overall demand for online advertising across all industries. Our licensing and subscription services are driven by our clients' customers' demand for market information. Our audience levels on our Stockhouse websites are closely correlated with the popularity of the stock market. We believe that greater audience levels on our Stockhouse websites will translate into larger revenues over the long term.

The Internet is the delivery vehicle for all of our products. The Internet has not yet reached maturity and continues to reach new levels of sophistication. Increasing numbers of people are using the Internet as a source of stock market information. As a result, financial content is becoming an expected standard offering for media and financial services companies. Financial software and content systems clients, including large news websites, brokerages, banks, and other media are encountering competitive pressures to improve their financial content offerings. This market expansion has driven demand for our services and has resulted in continued sales growth.

We also receive financial information from suppliers over the Internet and deliver it to mobile devices. Adoption of mobile and smart phones continue to grow at a significant pace as investors and investment professionals use mobile devices to stay connected to the market when they are away from their desktops. We believe that this market expansion continues to drive demand for the services provided by this mobile finance business.

On January 31, 2007 we closed a transaction for the purchase of a division of TeleCommunication Systems, Inc., known as the Mobile Finance Division, or MFD. The acquired business specializes in the sale of a wireless service delivering financial market data, news, and limited analytics like charting and portfolio functionality. We believe that the wireless platform we have obtained with this acquisition is of strategic value that can grow within our existing operations. Having a wireless platform for content delivery, including our StockStream product, is an important part of our strategy for the growth of our enterprise and increase in our number of retail customers. We believe that adding this wireless capability should also provide us with additional scalability in distributing our content.

On May 8, 2007, we entered into a purchase agreement with Semotus Solutions Inc. (Semotus) whereby we agreed to acquire the financial information services assets of Semotus, a Los Gatos, California based provider of mobile enterprise software solutions. The acquired software and customer base further enhances our ability to offer our customers a range of scalable wireless financial market data services.

The results of the MFD business acquisition and the Semotus asset acquisition from February 1, 2007 and May 8, 2007, respectively, are included in the consolidated financial statements.

Recent Corporate Developments

Since the completion of our fiscal year ended December 31, 2007 we have experienced the following significant corporate developments:

On October 1, 2007, the Company launched a beta version of its fundamentally redesigned website, www.Stockhouse.com and went into full release of the redesigned website on April 3, 2008. The new website uses enhanced social networking and collaboration tools and technology to help users of the website share information, opinions and insights. One of the key features of the new website is a proprietary user reputation and content ranking system to help users of the website filter content posted on the website by other users and determine who the highest quality members of the community are. The investor reputation and content ranking systems consists of human, wisdom of crowd, performance, participation and algorithmic filters to determine the highest quality contributors and content.

Effective January 7, 2008, we entered into an employment agreement with Karl Buhr to serve as the Company's Chief Operating Officer. Pursuant to the terms of his employment agreement, Mr. Buhr is to receive an annual base salary of \$190,000, subject to normal salary increases. In addition, he is entitled to an annual \$70,000 maximum

incentive compensation bonus. On January 7, 2008, Mr. Buhr was granted

500,000 time based stock options for the Company's common shares, with one third vesting at the end of each full year for three years on the anniversary of the grant date. Mr. Buhr is entitled to 6 months of salary and the prorated portion of bonuses earned which will include pay in lieu of notice, should we elect to terminate his employment without cause. Should Mr. Buhr's job responsibilities be significantly altered, then Mr. Buhr may terminate the agreement for good reason and be entitled to 6 months of salary and the prorated portion of any bonuses earned.

Effective January 8, 2008, we entered into an employment agreement with Dana Stetson to serve as the Company's Vice President of Licensing and Subscription Sales. Mr. Stetson is to receive an annual base salary of \$160,000 subject to normal salary increases, and is entitled to receive variable pay of up to 50% of his annual salary. On April 28, 2008, Mr. Stetson was granted stock options for 135,000 of the Company's common shares, vesting at one third per year over a three year period on the anniversary of the grant date. Commencing April 8, 2008, Mr. Stetson is entitled to one month of pay for each year of employment up to a maximum of 4 months, if the Company elects to terminate Mr. Stetson's employment with the Company without cause.

Effective February 1, 2008, we entered into an employment agreement with Audrey Brownmiller, formerly a Director of Operations for the Company, to serve as the Company's Vice President of Operations. Ms. Brownmiller is to receive an annual base salary of \$125,000 subject to normal salary increases, and is entitled to an annual \$20,000 maximum incentive compensation bonus. On January 15, 2008, Ms. Brownmiller's original grant of stock options for 75,000 common shares of Company stock (with 6.25% of the original number of options vesting on the third month anniversary of her start date and an additional 6.25% vesting on each three-month anniversary thereafter until all the options are vested) were increased by stock options for an additional 60,000 common shares of Company stock, with one third of these additional options vesting at the end of each year for three years on the anniversary of the grant date. For the Company's termination of Ms. Brownmiller's employment with the Company without cause, the Employment Standards Act of British Columbia would govern.

Effective April 17, 2008, we appointed Janet Scardino as a director of the Company. Ms. Scardino is currently President and Chief Marketing Officer of The Knot, Inc., a NASDAQ listed company. She was the Executive Vice President of Reuters Group PLC. from March 2005 through August 2007 and the Executive Vice President and Managing Director of the Media division of Reuters from January 2006 through August 2007. Ms. Scardino also served as Executive Vice President and Global Head of Marketing of Reuters Media from March 2005 through January 2006. Between February 2003 and March 2005, Ms. Scardino was a digital media entrepreneur. From March 2001 to February 2003, Ms. Scardino was Senior Vice President, International Marketing for the America Online division of AOL Time Warner Inc. Between 1998 and 2001, Ms. Scardino was Managing Director for the Disney Channel Italy, a wholly owned subsidiary of The Walt Disney Company. Prior to that, Ms. Scardino served in various positions for MTV Networks from 1987 to 1997, most recently as Vice President, International Marketing for MTV: Music Television. Ms. Scardino received a B.S. in Communications from Emerson College in 1981.

We agreed to pay Ms. Scardino \$15,000 per annum in consideration for her services as a director for Stockgroup and she will be paid an additional \$2,000-\$3,000 per annum if she serves as chairperson of any committee of the board of directors. On April 17, 2008, Ms. Scardino was granted 75,000 non-qualified stock options to purchase shares of the common stock of Stockgroup at an exercise price of \$0.36 per share expiring on April 17, 2013. The stock options will vest over a period of two years from the date of grant, with 37,500 options vesting on April 17, 2009 and 37,500 options vesting on April 17, 2010.

Effective April 30, 2008 we entered into a stock purchase agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with PEAK6 Capital Management LLC (the "Investor") pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue 3,000 shares of Series A convertible preferred stock at a price of \$1,000 per share for aggregate gross proceeds of \$3,000,000. Each preferred share has an annual dividend of 7% payable in cash or stock at the option of the Company and is convertible to 2,200 common shares of the Company. The preferred shares are non-voting

until conversion and automatically convert into common shares at the end of twenty four months from date of issuance at a price of \$0.4545 per common share. The preferred shares are subject to a six month hold period and the Company may redeem them at any time after 90 days by paying 110% of their value. The closing of the private placement occurred on May 13, 2008. See Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities below.

On April 28, 2008 the Company entered into a performance stock option agreement with Karl Buhr, Chief Operating Officer of the Company. Under the terms of the agreement, Mr. Buhr was granted options to purchase up to 250,000 shares of the Company at a price of \$0.38 per share. The options vest over a three year period and expire over a five year period from the date of the agreement. The options are earned in defined amounts and, subject to the vesting provisions, can be exercised only if the Company achieves certain pre-defined business targets before December 31, 2010.

Results of Operations

The following table shows each line item on our unaudited consolidated statements of operations as a percentage of total revenues (rounded to the nearest percentage):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2008	2007
REVENUES		
Licensing and Subscriptions	75%	70%
Advertising	25%	30%
	100%	100%
OPERATING COSTS AND EXPENSES		
Cost of revenues (exclusive of amortization)	42%	41%
Sales and marketing	39%	35%
Research and development	11%	9%
General and administrative	55%	33%
Amortization of intangible assets	4%	-
TOTAL OPERATING COSTS AND EXPENSES	151%	118%
Loss from operations	(51%)	(18%)
Interest and other income, net	10%	-
Net loss before income taxes	(41%)	(18%)
Provision for income taxes	-	-
Net loss and comprehensive loss	(41%)	(18%)

Revenues

		Three Months Ended March 31,			
(In thousands of Dollars)		2008	2007	Change \$	Change %
Licensing and Subscriptions	\$	2,624	\$ 2,175	\$ 449	21%
Advertising		875	925	(50)	(5%)
Total revenues	\$	3,499	\$ 3,100	\$ 399	13%

Historically, the majority of our revenues are derived from customers located in North America. On February 1, 2007, we commenced business operations in the United Kingdom, Spain and Netherlands and our European revenues approximated 17% of total revenues for each of the three month periods ended March 31, 2008 and March 31, 2007.

Licensing and Subscriptions

Licensing and Subscription revenues increased by 21% to \$2,624,000 in the three months ended March 31, 2008 from \$2,175,000 for the corresponding period in 2007. Of the revenue increase of \$449,000, 43% is derived from the incorporation of a full three months of revenue in the three months ended March 31, 2008 from the acquisition of MFD and the Semotus assets and 57% of the increase is derived from new agreements to sell our Stockstream Platinum product to our institutional customers and the provision of additional services to our existing clients.

Advertising

Advertising revenues include advertising on our Stockhouse websites and related properties. The Stockhouse brand name and the functionality of the Stockhouse website; including our Stockhouse Blogs, provide us with a link to the investment community. The Stockhouse website allows us to provide a range of advertising services for our clients where they gain exposure to an affluent group of consumers. We believe that the market for online advertising in general continues to grow and that there is a greater demand among companies for advertising targeted to the investment community.

Advertising revenues decreased by 5% to \$875,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2008 from \$925,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2007. During the first quarter of 2008 we maintained the beta version of Stockhouse.com as a separate site. The maintenance of an additional site and the closing of the older version of Stockhouse.com during the three months ended March 31, 2008 contributed to difficulties in inventory management, advertising delivery and advertising sales. Revenues are also dependent on activity levels in the stock market and can fluctuate from period to period depending on the nature of services sold, including the mix of customers purchasing advertising and the amount of advertising purchased by customers. This revenue category was not impacted by our acquisition of MFD and Semotus.

We historically see a slow down in our first and third quarter of each year in our advertising revenues. This is due to lower activity in the financial markets and weaker advertising spending after the Christmas holiday period and during the summer. Historically, our fourth quarter is our strongest quarter due to increased industry activity and consumer advertising.

Operating Costs and Expenses

(In thousands of Dollars)	Three Months Ended		Change \$	Change %
	2008	2007		
Cost of revenues				
(exclusive of amortization)	\$ 1,469	\$ 1,270	\$ 199	16%
Sales and marketing	1,382	1,093	289	26%
Research and development	382	285	97	34%
General and administrative	1,915	1,015	900	89%
Amortization of intangible assets	144	-	144	100%
Total operating costs and expenses	\$ 5,292	\$ 3,663	\$ 1,629	44%

Total operating costs and expenses increased by 44% for the three months ended March 31, 2008 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2007 and increased to 151% of total revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2008 from 118% for the three months ended March 31, 2007. The majority of the increase is attributable to the operational costs associated with the acquisition and integration of our mobile finance operations and the need to provide the infrastructure base required to manage and grow the business.

We expect that total operating expenses will continue to increase as we expand our business, continue to integrate the mobile finance operations into our historical operations, and expand our product line, headcount and infrastructure. However we expect that cost of revenues will decrease as a percentage of revenue, going forward, due to consolidation and efficiencies in data costs and that there will be a decrease in research and development in the balance of 2008 from current levels, attributable to the completion of our redesigned website, www.Stockhouse.com.

Cost of revenues

Our cost of revenues includes costs associated with bandwidth, data feeds and exchange fees, and other direct product costs. Total cost of revenues increased by 16% for the three months ended March 31, 2008 over the three months ended March 31, 2007 and increased to 42% of total revenues in 2008 from 41% for the three months ended March 31, 2007.

There have been increases in costs for data feeds and airtime associated with the acquisition of MFD. The costs associated with providing streaming data to customers are very similar to those of our historical business. We anticipate that bandwidth costs will increase in 2008 to support growing demand. Generally, bandwidth costs are correlated with changes in our traffic levels of Stockhouse and the number of customers to which we license our platform. Increased traffic, as experienced in 2008 over 2007, resulted in expanded bandwidth requirements and additional costs.

Costs associated with exchange fees and the provision of data feeds to our customers have increased year over year as data feed providers, including vendors and stock exchanges, have required purchasers of data to remit new user fees. We expect this trend to continue until we complete new agreements or successfully renegotiate some of our older, more expensive data contracts. The number of clients to which we provide data has increased in 2008 resulting in additional costs. We expect that data feed and exchange fees will increase as our customer base and their data requirements increase. However we expect that cost of revenues as a percentage of total revenues will decrease as our top line revenue continues to grow.

Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expenses increased by 26% to \$1,382,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2007, from \$1,093,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2007. The acquisition of MFD resulted in additional sales personnel and the costs associated with those individuals. We have also continued to invest in marketing the Stockhouse brand and to strengthen the sales and marketing team for our traditional business.

As a percentage of total revenues, sales and marketing expenses were 39% for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 35% for the three months ended March 31, 2007. These increases are primarily due to the additional headcount and increased marketing expenses with increases in sales revenue yet to be fully realized.

Research and development

Research and development expenses increased by 34% to \$382,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2008, from \$285,000 for the same period in 2007. The increase in the 2008 quarter over 2007 is due to the development work required for the full release of the new Stockhouse website.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses increased by 89% to \$1,915,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2008, from \$1,015,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2007. These expenses as a percentage of total revenues increased to 55% for the three months ended March 31, 2008 compared to 33% for the same

period in 2007. The acquisition of the mobile finance operation has increased general and administrative expenses associated with being an international entity and the increased costs are associated with payroll, an in-house human resources department, consultants and professional fees. Costs associated with travel and promotion of our business and support to the increased functionality of the Stockhouse website have also increased during the current quarter.

Amortization of intangible assets

Amortization of intangible assets was \$144,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and \$Nil for the three months ended March 31, 2007. This expense is associated with our purchase of MFD and the Semotus assets.

Interest and other income (expense)

(In thousands of Dollars)	Three Months Ended			
	March 31,			
	2008		2007	
Interest income	\$	12	\$	13
Interest expense		(2)		(6)
Other income		337		
Total interest and other income	\$	347	\$	7

We earn interest income on our cash and cash equivalents, which are held in major banks in either interest bearing accounts or term deposits. The majority of interest expense represents interest charged on capital lease obligations. Other income in the three months ended March 31, 2008 arises mainly from the favourable settlement of the Hollinger litigation referenced in Note 8 of the Notes to the Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash and cash equivalents totaled \$1,690,000 at March 31, 2008 a decrease of \$1,131,000 from December 31, 2007.

(In thousands of Dollars)	Three Months Ended			
	March 31,			
	2008		2007	
Cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$	(1,146)	\$	278
Cash used in investing activities		(31)		(160)
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities		46		(1)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(1,131)	\$	117

Operating Activities. During the three months ended March 31, 2008 we used more cash than we generated from operations. This was primarily due to the use of cash to fund the expenses arising from the integration of our international operations and the build up of the infrastructure base required to manage and grow our expanded operations. Receivables collections have also been slower requiring increased funds for operations and this was partially offset by increase in our accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Investing Activities. Cash used of \$31,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2008 represents additions to property and equipment and payments to Semotus, as per the agreed acquisition terms.

Financing Activities. Net cash provided by financing activities was \$46,000 in the three months ended March 31, 2008. Cash received on the exercise of stock options was \$116,000 and this was partially offset by repayment of capital lease obligations of \$70,000.

Future Liquidity Requirements

Changes in the demand for our products and services, and those of our recently acquired business will continue to impact our operating cash flow. At March 31, 2008 our cash and cash equivalents are not sufficient to meet our consolidated requirements for the next 12 months, including but not limited to working capital, capital expenditures, contractual cash commitments, and the costs associated with the integration of MFD into our business. Since our cash and cash equivalents are not adequate for our long term needs we will likely choose to raise additional financing through the issuance of equity or debt securities. We can give no assurance that we will be successful in raising a sufficient amount of additional capital or in internally generating a sufficient amount of capital to meet our long-term requirements, or even if we can raise additional capital, that we can do so on terms that are commercially reasonable. We do not expect to declare or pay any cash dividends in the foreseeable future.

On April 30, 2008 the Company entered into a stock purchase agreement with PEAK6 Capital Management LLC. Under the terms of the agreement the Company will issue 3,000 shares of Series A convertible preferred shares at a price of \$1,000 per share to PEAK6 for total proceeds to the Company of \$3,000,000. The details of the transaction are more fully described in Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities below.

On May 8, 2007, we closed an acquisition for the purchase of certain intangible assets from Semotus Solutions Inc. In consideration for these assets, we paid \$150,000 of the purchase price on May 9, 2007. The remainder is payable at a rate of 30% of monthly gross revenues earned from customer contracts purchased from Semotus until an additional \$200,000 is paid or within two years whichever occurs first. If the gross revenues fall below 25% of prior revenue within the first nine months post close, the amount payable monthly will decrease to 15% of monthly gross revenues. Furthermore, should monthly gross revenues fall below \$15,000 per month at any time; the purchase price will be deemed paid in full. As of March 31, 2008 the outstanding payable was \$119,000 which we expect will be fully paid within the two year period.

Contractual Obligations

Our contractual obligations have increased by \$521,000 from December 31, 2007 due to the addition of capital leases and an operating lease commitment for our Toronto office. The total additional commitment for operating leases for the remainder of 2008 and 2009 is approximately \$21,000 and \$128,000 respectively.

The Company has capital lease obligations for servers and computer equipment required for our web sites, streaming data and hosting services. The additional commitment for the remainder of 2008 and 2009 for these items is \$23,000 and \$31,000 respectively.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements as of March 31, 2008 or December 31, 2007 as that term is defined in Item 303(a) (4) of Regulation S-K.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our 2007 Annual Report on Form 10-KSB and our unaudited interim consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our Quarterly Reports are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. These accounting principles require us to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. These estimates, judgments and assumptions are based upon information available to us at the time that they are made. To the extent there are material differences between these estimates, judgments or assumptions and actual results, our consolidated financial statements will be affected.

We believe the following critical accounting policies reflect our most significant estimates, judgments and assumptions used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements.

- Revenue Recognition
- Allowance for Doubtful Accounts
- Contingencies and Litigation
- Cost of Revenue accruals
- Stock-based Compensation
- Business Combinations
- Foreign Currency
- Accounting for Income Taxes
- Goodwill and other intangible assets

There have been no significant changes in our critical accounting policies during the three months ended March 31, 2008 compared to those previously disclosed in Item 6. *Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation* included in our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2007 except for the adoption of the policy on Fair Value Measurements and the policy on Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities as described in Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – of the Notes to the Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q.

Recently issued accounting pronouncements

In December 2007, the FASB issued FAS No. 141 (revised 2007) *Business Combinations* (FAS 141(R)). FAS 141(R) establishes principles and requirements for how an acquirer recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the goodwill acquired. FAS 141(R) also establishes disclosure requirements to enable the evaluation of the nature and financial effects of the business combination. FAS 141(R) is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact, if any, of the adoption of FAS 141(R) on its consolidated financial statements.

In May 2008, the FASB issued FAS No. 162 *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* (FAS 162). FAS 162 identifies the sources of accounting principles and the framework for selecting the principles to be used in the preparation of financial statements of nongovernmental entities that are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. FAS 162 is effective sixty days following the SEC's approval of PCAOB amendments to AU Section 411, *The Meaning of Present fairly in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles* . The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact, if any, of the adoption of FAS 162 on its consolidated financial statements.

Risk Factors Affecting Our Business

We operate in a rapidly changing environment that involves numerous uncertainties and risks. The following section describes some, but not all, of these risks and uncertainties that may adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations. This section should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes thereto including the cautionary statement on forward looking statements of this quarterly report and other parts of Management's Discussion and Analysis included in this Report on Form 10-Q. Additional factors and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently consider immaterial could also harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

Risks Related to Our Business

We have a history of operating losses and we cannot predict if or when we will be profitable.

We have a history of operating losses in the past years. We currently cannot estimate if we will be profitable in fiscal 2008 or future fiscal periods. Our acquisition of the Mobile Finance Division of TeleCommunication Systems, Inc. has increased losses in the short and medium term as integration costs and possible loss of revenue may occur. In addition, we have limited operating history upon which an evaluation of our current business and prospects can be based.

Computer equipment problems and failures could adversely affect business.

Problems or failures in Internet-related equipment, including file servers, computers and software, could result in interruptions or slower response times for our web-based services, which could reduce the attractiveness of our website and financial tools to our customers and users. In addition, our customers rely on us for time-sensitive, up-to-date data that is reliably delivered. Our business is dependent on our ability to rapidly and efficiently process substantial quantities of data on our computer-based networks and systems. Should interruptions continue for an extended period we could lose significant business and our reputation could be damaged. Equipment problems and failures could result from a number of causes, including an increase in the number of users of our website, computer viruses, outside programmers penetrating and disrupting software systems, human error, fires, floods, power and telecommunications failures and internal breakdowns. In addition, any disruption in Internet access and data feeds provided by third parties could have a material and adverse effect on our business. If we experience a major disaster such as a fire, theft, or intentional destruction of our computer equipment, we cannot be certain of the extent of the disruption to our business.

We may have difficulty scaling and adapting our existing architecture to accommodate increased traffic and technology advances or changing business requirements, which could lead to the loss of customers and advertisers, and cause us to incur expenses to make architectural changes.

To be successful, our network infrastructure has to perform well and be reliable. The greater the user traffic and the greater the complexity of our products and services, the more computing power we will need. We have spent and expect to incur costs related to the purchase of computer equipment, the upgrade of our technology and network infrastructure to handle increased traffic on our web sites and our servers, and to roll out new products and services. This expansion is expensive and complex and could result in inefficiencies or operational failures. If we do not expand successfully, or if we experience inefficiencies and operational failures, the quality of our products and services and our users and customers experience could decline. This could damage our reputation and lead us to lose current and potential users, customers and advertisers. Cost increases, loss of traffic or failure to accommodate new technologies or changing business requirements could materially harm our operating results and financial condition.

We may not be able to compete successfully against current and future competitors.

We currently compete with several other companies offering similar services. Many of these companies have significantly greater financial resources, name recognition, and technical and marketing resources, and virtually all of them are seeking to improve their technology, products and services. We cannot assure that we will have the financial resources or the technological expertise to meet this competition successfully.

We are dependent on activity levels in the securities market.

Our business is dependent upon the health of the financial markets as well as the financial health of the participants in those markets. Some of the financial data and information market demand is dependent on activity levels in the securities markets while other demand is static and is not dependent on activity levels. In the event that the U.S. or

international financial markets suffer a prolonged downturn that results in a significant decline in investor activity, our revenue levels could be materially adversely affected.

We face government regulation and legal uncertainties.

The growth and development of the market for Internet commerce and communications has prompted both federal and state laws and regulations concerning the collection and use of personally identifiable information (including consumer credit and financial information under the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act), consumer protection, the content of online publications, the taxation of online transactions and the transmission of unsolicited commercial email, popularly known as spam. More laws and regulations are under consideration by various governments, agencies and industry self-regulatory groups. Although our compliance with applicable federal and state laws, regulations and industry guidelines has not had a material adverse effect on us, new laws and regulations may be introduced and modifications to existing laws may be enacted that require us to make changes to our business practices. Although we believe that our practices are in compliance with applicable laws, regulations and policies, if we were required to defend our practices against investigations of state or federal agencies or if our practices were deemed to be violating applicable laws, regulations or policies, we could be penalized and our activities enjoined. Any of the foregoing could increase the cost of conducting online activities, decrease demand for our services, lessen our ability to effectively market our services, or otherwise materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our ability to comply with all applicable securities laws and rules is largely dependent on our establishment and maintenance of appropriate compliance systems (including proper supervisory procedures and books and records requirements), as well as our ability to attract and retain qualified compliance personnel.

Because we operate in an industry subject to extensive regulation, new regulation, changes in existing regulation, or changes in the interpretation or enforcement of existing laws and rules could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We depend on the ability for wireless devices to access the Internet.

Historically, wireless carriers have been relatively slow to implement complex new services such as Internet-based services. Our future success depends upon a continued increase in the use of wireless devices to access the Internet and upon the continued development of wireless devices as a medium for the delivery of network-based content and services. We have no control over the pace at which wireless carriers implement these new services. The failure of wireless carriers to introduce and support services utilizing our products in a timely and effective manner could reduce sales of our products and services and seriously harm our business. In addition, mobile handsets change very frequently requiring continued product design changes and development which may financially impact our business negatively.

We may be unable to protect the intellectual property rights upon which our business relies.

We have or may pursue certain trademarks, and we have brand names, Internet domain names, website designs, programs and certain subscriber lists which make up the intellectual property we view as important to our business. It may be possible for a third party to copy or otherwise obtain or use our intellectual property without authorization or to develop similar technology independently. There can also be no assurance that our business activities will not infringe upon the proprietary rights of others, or that other parties will not assert infringement claims against us, including claims that by, directly or indirectly, providing hyperlink text links to websites operated by third parties, we have infringed upon the proprietary rights of other third parties. Due to the global nature of the Internet, there can be no assurance that obtaining trademark protection in the United States will prevent infringements on our trademarks by parties in other countries. We have not sought or obtained any patents on our proprietary software and data processing applications.

Litigation may be necessary in the future to enforce our intellectual property rights, to protect trade secrets or patents that we may obtain, or to determine the validity and scope of the proprietary rights of others. Such litigation could result in substantial costs and diversion of resources and could have a material adverse effect on our future operating results.

An interruption in the supply of products and services that we obtain from third parties could cause a decline in sales of the services from our company, and products we purchase to avoid shortages may become obsolete before we can use them.

In designing, developing and supporting the data services of our company, we have relied on wireless carriers, wireless handheld device manufacturers, content providers, software providers and companies that manage some of our other services such as our internal IT operations and customer care services. These suppliers may experience difficulty in supplying us products or services sufficient to meet our needs or they may terminate or fail to renew contracts for supplying us these products or services on terms we find acceptable. Any significant interruption in the supply of any of these products or services could cause a decline in sales of our services unless and until we are able to replace the functionality provided by these products and services. We also depend on third parties to deliver and support reliable products, enhance our current products, develop new products on a timely and cost-effective basis and respond to emerging industry standards and other technological changes. In addition, we rely on the ability of our content providers to continue to provide us with uninterrupted access to the news and financial information we provide to our customers. The failure of third parties to meet these criteria, or their refusal or failure to deliver the information for whatever reason could materially harm our business and would also affect our ability to sell our products.

Our industry is a rapidly evolving market therefore our product and service offerings could become obsolete unless we respond effectively and on a timely basis to rapid technological changes.

The successful execution of our business strategy is contingent upon wireless network operators launching and maintaining mobile location services, our ability to create new software and adapt our existing software products and website to rapidly changing technologies, industry standards and customer needs. As a result of the complexities inherent in our product offerings, new technologies may require long development and testing periods. Additionally, new products may not achieve market acceptance or our competitors could develop alternative technologies that gain broader market acceptance than our products. If we are unable to develop and introduce technologically advanced products that respond to evolving industry standards and customer needs, or if we are unable to complete the development and introduction of these products on a timely and cost effective basis, we will have incurred substantial resources without realizing the anticipated revenues, which would have an adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition.

The applicability to the Internet of existing laws governing issues such as intellectual property ownership and infringement, copyright, trademark, trade secret, taxation, obscenity, libel, employment and personal privacy is uncertain and developing. Any new legislation or regulation, or the application or interpretation of existing laws, may have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition. Additionally, modifications to our business plans or operations to comply with changing regulations or certain actions taken by regulatory authorities may increase our costs of providing our product and service offerings and materially adversely affect our financial condition.

If mobile equipment manufacturers do not overcome capacity, technology and equipment limitations, we may not be able to sell our products and services.

The wireless technology currently in use by most wireless carriers has limited bandwidth, which restricts network capacity to deliver bandwidth-intensive applications like data services to a large number of users. Because of capacity limitations, wireless users may not be able to connect to their network when they wish

to, and the connection is likely to be slow, especially when receiving data transmissions. Data services also may be more expensive than users are willing to pay. To overcome these obstacles, wireless equipment manufacturers will need to develop new technology, standards, equipment and devices that are capable of providing higher bandwidth services at lower cost. We cannot be sure that manufacturers will be able to develop technology and equipment that reliably delivers large quantities of data at a reasonable price. If more capacity is not added, a sufficient market for our products and services is not likely to develop or be sustained and sales of our products and services would decline and our business would suffer.

Some mobile operators charge fees for data usage.

Our wireless service is a live streaming service which uses continued bandwidth and wireless usage charges. In the event that some wireless providers do not provide unlimited data at a flat rate, this may limit our market acceptance of our product due to the cost of data service when used on a sustained basis. Some wireless providers who do offer flat rates do not allow the continuous data stream functionality on Blackberry® devices to be activated which may limit our sales.

We depend on key personnel and expect to hire additional personnel.

We depend on the continued contributions of our executive officers, sales, technical and other critical personnel to execute our business plan. Our future success will also depend in a large part upon our ability to attract and retain highly skilled management, technical engineers, sales and marketing personnel, and finance personnel. Competition for such personnel is intense and there can be no assurance that we will be able to attract and retain such personnel. The loss of the services of any key personnel, the inability to attract or retain qualified personnel in the future, or any delays in hiring required personnel, particularly technical engineers and sales personnel, could have a material adverse affect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We are also dependent upon the personnel acquired through our acquisition of Mobile Finance, especially in the short term to transfer business knowledge. In the event that we lose any or all of these employees there may be a significant impact on our business in sales, cost, and customer service.

We may fail to support our anticipated growth in operations which could reduce demand for our services and materially adversely affect our revenue.

Our business strategy is based on the assumption that the number of customers, the amount of information they want to receive and the number of services we offer will all increase. We must continue to develop and expand our systems and operations to accommodate this growth. In addition, information technology has dropped dramatically in price over the past years and is expected to continue to drop, such that more customers will be required to maintain the same levels of revenue. The expansion and adaptation of our systems operations requires substantial financial, operational and management resources. Due to the limited deployment of our services to date, the ability of our systems and operations to connect and manage a substantially larger number of customers while maintaining superior performance is unknown. Any failure on our part to develop and maintain our wireless data services as we experience rapid growth could significantly reduce demand for our services and materially adversely affect our revenue.

We may be held liable for online information or services provided by third parties or us.

Because materials may be downloaded by the public on Internet services offered by us or the Internet access providers with whom we have relationships, and because third party information may be posted by third parties on our website through discussion forums and otherwise, there is the potential that claims will be made against us for defamation, negligence, copyright or trademark infringement or other theories. Such claims have been brought against providers of online services in the past. To date we have been named in at least one lawsuit in which defamation is alleged to have occurred on our Internet discussion forum called Bull Boards. The imposition of liability based on

such claims could materially and adversely affect us.

Even to the extent such claims do not result in liability, we could incur significant costs in investigating and defending against such claims. The imposition on us of potential liability for information or services carried on or disseminated through our website could require implementation of measures to reduce exposure to such liability, which may require the expenditure of substantial resources and limit the attractiveness of services to members and users.

We post news clippings from other news websites on the Stockhouse and SmallCapCenter websites with links to the source site. Most publishers currently encourage this practice, although certain publishers have requested that we cease posting their stories. We have complied with their request in each case. To the extent that a large majority of news publishers prohibit posting of their stories on our websites or begin charging royalty fees for such stories, our website traffic could decrease or our costs could increase, thereby adversely impacting our profitability.

We generally purchase data including trademarked and copy-written data that may or may not be under contract. The advancement in technologies and increased sophistication of systems is resulting in increased scrutiny of data and costs. We attempt to stay current with all vendors however the timing of identifying the vendors and costs of data may cause significant increase in cost of rates.

Our general liability insurance will not cover all potential claims to which we are exposed or may not be adequate to indemnify us for all liability that may be imposed. Any imposition of liability that is not covered by insurance or is in excess of insurance coverage could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We may pursue strategic acquisitions and investments that could have an adverse effect on our business if they are unsuccessful.

As part of our business strategy, we have acquired companies and may continue to acquire companies, technologies and product lines to complement our internally developed products. In January 2007, we acquired the Mobile Finance Division of TeleCommunication Systems Inc. It is possible that the contemplated benefits of this acquisition or any future acquisitions may not materialize within the time periods or to the extent anticipated. Critical to the success of this strategy in the future and, ultimately our business as a whole, is the orderly, effective integration of acquired businesses, technologies, product lines and employees into our organization. If this integration is unsuccessful, our business will suffer. There is also the risk that our valuation assumptions and models for the acquired product or business may be overly optimistic or inaccurate if customers do not demand the acquired company's products to the extent we expect, the technology does not function as we expect or the technology we acquire is the subject of infringement or trade secret claims by third parties.

Because our product and service offerings are sold internationally, we are subject to risks of conducting business in foreign countries.

In 2007, customers, primarily in North America, Europe and Australia purchased our products and in 2008 customers in North America, Europe and Australia will continue to purchase our products. In addition, a portion of the revenue historically generated by our company has typically been generated outside the United States. We believe our revenue will be increasingly dependent on business in foreign countries, and we will be subject to the social, political and economic risks of conducting business in foreign countries, including:

- inability to adapt our products and services to local business practices, language, customs and mobile user preferences;
- costs of adapting our product and service offerings for foreign markets;
- inability to locate qualified local employees, partners and suppliers;
- reduced protection of intellectual property rights;
- the potential burdens of complying with a variety of U.S. and foreign laws, trade standards and regulatory requirements, including the regulation of wireless communications and the Internet and uncertainty regarding liability for information retrieved and replicated in foreign countries;
- general geopolitical risks, such as political and economic instability and changes in diplomatic and trade relations; and
- unpredictable fluctuations in currency exchange rates.

Any of the foregoing risks could have a material adverse effect on our business by diverting resources toward addressing them or by reducing or eliminating sales in such foreign countries.

Our legacy pager business is deteriorating rapidly.

Through the purchase of MFD, we acquired their legacy business of providing financial information to pager devices. Pagers represent the majority of the revenue of the company at acquisition. Most customers have been with the company for years but are changing to other types of wireless devices. The company has seen a