TOLL BROTHERS INC

Form 10-Q June 10, 2013

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES

EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended April 30, 2013

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES

EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 1-9186

TOLL BROTHERS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 23-2416878
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

250 Gibraltar Road, Horsham, Pennsylvania 19044 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(215) 938-8000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes β No o Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes β No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer," "an accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. Check one):

Large accelerated filer b Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o

(Do not check if a smaller

reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) Yes o No b

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

At June 4, 2013, there were approximately 169,308,000 shares of Common Stock, \$.01 par value, outstanding.

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STATEMENT ON FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Certain information included in this report or in other materials we have filed or will file with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") (as well as information included in oral statements or other written statements made or to be made by us) contains or may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. You can identify these statements by the fact that they do not relate to matters of strictly historical or factual nature and generally discuss or relate to estimates or other expectations regarding future events. They contain words such as "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "project," "intend," "plan," "believe," "may," "can," "could," "might," "should" and other v of similar meaning in connection with any discussion of future operating or financial performance. Such statements may include, but are not limited to, information related to: anticipated operating results; home deliveries; financial resources and condition; changes in revenues; changes in profitability; changes in margins; changes in accounting treatment; cost of revenues; selling, general and administrative expenses; interest expense; inventory write-downs; unrecognized tax benefits; anticipated tax refunds; sales paces and prices; effects of home buyer cancellations; growth and expansion; joint ventures in which we are involved; anticipated results from our investments in unconsolidated entities; the ability to acquire land and pursue real estate opportunities; the ability to gain approvals and to open new communities; the ability to sell homes and properties; the ability to deliver homes from backlog; the ability to secure materials and subcontractors; the ability to produce the liquidity and capital necessary to expand and take advantage of opportunities; and legal proceedings and claims.

Any or all of the forward-looking statements included in this report and in any other reports or public statements made by us are not guarantees of future performance and may turn out to be inaccurate. Consequently, actual results may differ materially from those that might be anticipated from our forward looking statements. Therefore, we caution you not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements. The factors that could cause actual results to differ from those expressed or implied by our forward-looking statements include, among others: local, regional, national, and international economic conditions; fluctuating consumer demand and confidence; interest and unemployment rates; changes in sales conditions, including home prices, in the markets where we build homes; conditions in our newly entered markets and newly acquired operations; the competitive environment in which we operate; the availability and cost of land for future growth; conditions that could result in inventory write-downs or write-downs associated with investments in unconsolidated entities; the ability to recover our deferred tax assets; the availability of capital; uncertainties in the capital and securities markets; liquidity in the credit markets; changes in tax laws and their interpretation; effects of governmental legislation and regulation; the outcome of various legal proceedings; the availability of adequate insurance at reasonable cost; the impact of construction defect, product liability and home warranty claims, including the adequacy of self-insurance accruals and the applicability and sufficiency of our insurance coverage; the ability of home buyers to obtain financing for the purchase of homes; the ability of customers to sell their existing homes; the ability of the participants in various joint ventures to honor their commitments; the availability and cost of labor and building and construction materials; the cost of raw materials; construction delays; domestic and international political events; and weather conditions. This statement is provided as permitted by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

For a more detailed discussion of these factors, see the information under the captions "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our most recent annual report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and in this report.

When this report uses the words "we," "us," "our," and the "Company," they refer to Toll Brothers, Inc. and its subsidiaries, unless the context otherwise requires. References herein to "fiscal 2012," "fiscal 2011," "fiscal 2010," "fiscal 2009," and "fiscal 2008" refer to our fiscal years ending October 31, 2012, October 31, 2011, October 31, 2010, October 31, 2009, and October 31, 2008, respectively.

PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOLL BROTHERS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Amounts in thousands)

(Amounts in thousands)			
	April 30, 2013 (unaudited)	October 31, 2012	
ASSETS	(unauditeu)		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$703,101	\$778,824	
Marketable securities	232,899	439,068	
Restricted cash	33,801	47,276	
Inventory	4,367,217	3,761,187	
Property, construction and office equipment, net	125,289	109,971	
Receivables, prepaid expenses and other assets	165,745	144,558	
Mortgage loans held for sale	66,538	86,386	
Customer deposits held in escrow	45,304	29,579	
Investments in and advances to unconsolidated entities	357,532	330,617	
Investments in distressed loans	48,707	37,169	
Investments in foreclosed real estate	71,458	58,353	
Deferred tax assets, net of valuation allowances	341,014	358,056	
20101100 0011 000010, 1100 01 100010110010	\$6,558,605	\$6,181,044	
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	+ -,,	+ -,,- :	
Liabilities			
Loans payable	\$96,572	\$99,817	
Senior notes	2,322,397	2,080,463	
Mortgage company warehouse loan	58,526	72,664	
Customer deposits	205,821	142,977	
Accounts payable	149,601	99,911	
Accrued expenses	469,233	476,350	
Income taxes payable	84,157	80,991	
Total liabilities	3,386,307	3,053,173	
Equity			
Stockholders' equity			
Preferred stock, none issued			
Common stock, 169,268 and 168,690 shares issued at April 30, 2013 and October 31	1 603	1,687	
2012, respectively	1,073	1,007	
Additional paid-in capital	418,844	404,418	
Retained earnings	2,750,503	2,721,397	
Treasury stock, at cost — 2 and 53 shares at April 30, 2013 and October 31, 2012,	(78)	(983)
respectively		•	,
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(4,819)
Total stockholders' equity	3,166,101	3,121,700	
Noncontrolling interest	6,197	6,171	
Total equity	3,172,298	3,127,871	
	\$6,558,605	\$6,181,044	
See accompanying notes			

TOLL BROTHERS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Amounts in thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

	Six months ended April 30,		Three months ended April 30,		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Revenues	\$940,605	\$695,636	\$516,004	\$373,681	
Cost of revenues	765,950	578,429	420,013	306,821	
Selling, general and administrative	157,597	137,893	79,550	68,256	
	923,547	716,322	499,563	375,077	
Income (loss) from operations	17,058	(20,686) 16,441	(1,396)
Other:					
Income from unconsolidated entities	8,076	13,676	4,993	6,989	
Other income - net	24,160	16,251	19,534	10,056	
Income before income taxes	49,294	9,241	40,968	15,649	
Income tax provision (benefit)	20,188	(4,845) 16,294	(1,223)
Net income	\$29,106	\$14,086	\$24,674	\$16,872	
Income per share:					
Basic	\$0.17	\$0.08	\$0.15	\$0.10	
Diluted	\$0.17	\$0.08	\$0.14	\$0.10	
Weighted average number of shares:					
Basic	169,222	166,652	169,380	166,994	
Diluted	177,949	167,805	178,136	168,503	
See accompanying notes					

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Amounts in thousands)

(Unaudited)

(Character)	Six months end	ded April 30,	Three months en	ded April 30,
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Net income	\$29,106	\$14,086	\$24,674	\$16,872
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:				
Change in pension liability	(18) 92	155	201
Change in fair value of available-for-sale securities	(37) 156	(133)	(87)
Unrealized income (loss) on derivative held by equity investee	13	(728) (80	67
Other comprehensive (loss) income	(42) (480) (58	181
Total comprehensive income	\$29,064	\$13,606	\$24,616	\$17,053
See accompanying notes				

TOLL BROTHERS, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Amounts in thousands) (Unaudited)

(Unaudited)			
	Six months	ended April 30,	
	2013	2012	
Cash flow used in operating activities:			
Net income	\$29,106	\$14,086	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	12,768	10,698	
Stock-based compensation	10,027	8,831	
Recovery of investments in unconsolidated entities	_	(1,621)
Income from unconsolidated entities	(8,076) (12,055)
Distributions of earnings from unconsolidated entities	8,855	1,550	
Income from distressed loans and foreclosed real estate	(4,893) (10,004)
Deferred tax provision (benefit)	18,348	(3,318)
Deferred tax valuation allowances	(1,277) 3,318	ŕ
Inventory impairments and write-offs	1,738	10,128	
Change in fair value of mortgage loans receivable and derivative instruments	292	284	
Gain on marketable securities	(137) (39)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	•	, ,	ŕ
Increase in inventory	(617,360) (202,466)
Origination of mortgage loans	(301,952) (253,866)
Sale of mortgage loans	322,160	266,713	
Decrease (increase) in restricted cash	13,475	(27,638)
Increase in receivables, prepaid expenses and other assets	(15,172) (29,769)
Increase in customer deposits	47,119	28,838	,
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	36,405	(67,789)
Increase (decrease) in income taxes payable	3,166	(6,959)
Net cash used in operating activities	(445,408) (271,078)
Cash flow provided by (used in) investing activities:	,	, , ,	,
Purchase of property and equipment — net	(20,264) (6,528)
Purchase of marketable securities	(36,162) (177,833)
Sale and redemption of marketable securities	239,484	189,716	
Investments in and advances to unconsolidated entities	(31,994) (75,008)
Return of investments in unconsolidated entities	34,686	20,568	
Investments in distressed loans and foreclosed real estate	(26,155) (27,490)
Return of investments in distressed loans and foreclosed real estate	6,114	11,582	,
Acquisition of a business	,	(144,746)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	165,709	(209,739)
Cash flow provided by financing activities:	,	,	,
Net proceeds from issuance of senior notes	298,050	296,227	
Proceeds from loans payable	501,884	400,092	
Principal payments of loans payable	(545,175) (429,709)
Redemption of senior notes	(59,068)	
Proceeds from stock-based benefit plans	8,430	17,189	
Receipts related to noncontrolling interest	33	.,	
Purchase of treasury stock	(178) (284)
	(3	/ (==:	,

Net cash provided by financing activities	203,976	283,515	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(75,723) (197,302)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	778,824	906,340	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$703,101	\$709,038	
See accompanying notes			
4			

TOLL BROTHERS, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

1. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Toll Brothers, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation, and those majority-owned subsidiaries it controls. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. Investments in 50% or less owned partnerships and affiliates are accounted for using the equity method unless it is determined that the Company has effective control of the entity, in which case the entity would be consolidated.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") for interim financial information. The October 31, 2012 balance sheet amounts and disclosures included herein have been derived from the Company's October 31, 2012 audited financial statements. Since the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and footnotes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for complete financial statements, the Company suggests that they be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2012. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include all adjustments, which are of a normal recurring nature, necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position as of April 30, 2013, the results of its operations for the six-month and three-month periods ended April 30, 2013 and 2012, and its cash flows for the six-month periods ended April 30, 2013 and 2012. The results of operations for such interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2011-05, "Statement of Comprehensive Income" ("ASU 2011-05"), which requires entities to present comprehensive income in either a single continuous statement or in two separate, but consecutive, statements of net income and other comprehensive income. ASU 2011-05 was effective for our fiscal year beginning November 1, 2012. The adoption of this guidance, which related to presentation only, did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows but did require a change in the presentation of the Company's comprehensive income from the notes of the condensed consolidated financial statements to the face of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-02, "Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income" ("ASU 2013-02"). ASU 2013-02 requires entities to present information about reclassification adjustments from accumulated other comprehensive income in their financial statements in a single note or on the face of the financial statements. The adoption of this guidance, which relates to disclosure only, did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows. ASU 2013-02 was effective for the Company's fiscal quarter beginning February 1, 2013.

Revisions/Reclassifications

The Supplemental Guarantor Information included in Note 18 has been presented in a format that has been adjusted from prior annual and quarterly reports in order to (i) reflect the transfer of the balance sheet, statements of operations and cash flows of certain non-guarantor subsidiaries to guarantor subsidiaries as a result of such entities becoming guarantor subsidiaries as of April 30, 2013 and the reclassification of guarantor and non-guarantor intercompany advances and equity balances with corresponding offsets in the elimination column and (ii) revise the presentation of cash flows from operating activities, financing activities and investing activities in the condensed consolidating statements of cash flows for the six-month period ended April 30, 2012 to reflect intercompany activity, which had previously been included in cash flow from operating activities, as cash flow from investing activities and cash flow from financing activities. This revised presentation of the Supplemental Guarantor Information has no impact or effect on Toll Brothers, Inc.'s condensed consolidated financial statements for any period presented, including the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, Statements of Operations, Statements of Comprehensive Income or

Statements of Cash Flows.

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the fiscal 2013 presentation.

2. Inventory

Inventory at April 30, 2013 and October 31, 2012 consisted of the following (amounts in thousands):

	April 30,	October 31,
	2013	2012
Land controlled for future communities	\$62,203	\$56,300
Land owned for future communities	1,083,250	1,040,373
Operating communities	3,221,764	2,664,514
	\$4.367.217	\$3,761,187

Operating communities include communities offering homes for sale, communities that have sold all available home sites but have not completed delivery of the homes, communities that were previously offering homes for sale but are temporarily closed due to business conditions or non-availability of improved home sites and that are expected to reopen within twelve months of the end of the fiscal period being reported on, and communities preparing to open for sale. The carrying value attributable to operating communities includes the cost of homes under construction, land and land development costs, the carrying cost of home sites in current and future phases of these communities and the carrying cost of model homes.

Communities that were previously offering homes for sale but are temporarily closed due to business conditions that do not have any remaining backlog and are not expected to reopen within twelve months of the end of the fiscal period being reported on have been classified as land owned for future communities.

Information regarding the classification, number and carrying value of these temporarily closed communities, as of the date indicated, is provided in the table below.

	April 30, 2013	October 31, 2012
Land owned for future communities:		
Number of communities	22	40
Carrying value (in thousands)	\$157,181	\$240,307
Operating communities:		
Number of communities	23	5
Carrying value (in thousands)	\$109,442	\$34,685

The Company provided for inventory impairment charges and the expensing of costs that it believed not to be recoverable, for the periods indicated; these are shown in the table below (amounts in thousands).

	Six months ended April 30,		Three months ended Ap		ril 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012		
Charge:						
Land controlled for future communities	\$698	\$225	\$689	\$(552)	
Land owned for future communities	_	918	_	_		
Operating communities	1,040	8,985	340	2,560		
	\$1,738	\$10,128	\$1,029	\$2,008		

See Note 13, "Fair Value Disclosures", for information regarding the number of operating communities that the Company tested for potential impairment, the number of operating communities in which it recognized impairment charges, the amount of impairment charges recognized, and the fair values of those communities, net of impairment charges.

At April 30, 2013, the Company evaluated its land purchase contracts to determine if any of the selling entities were variable interest entities ("VIEs") and, if they were, whether the Company was the primary beneficiary of any of them. Under these land purchase contracts, the Company does not possess legal title to the land and its risk is generally limited to deposits paid to the sellers and the creditors of the sellers generally have no recourse against the Company. At April 30, 2013, the Company determined that 71 land purchase contracts, with an aggregate purchase price of \$908.5 million, on which it had made aggregate deposits totaling \$32.1 million, were VIEs, and that it was not the primary beneficiary of any VIE related to its land purchase contracts.

Interest incurred	capitalized and ex-	pensed for the	periods indicated	was as follows	(amounts in thousands):
interest intented	, capitanzea ana ex	penseu, for the	perious indicated,	was as follows	announts in thousands).

	Six months ended April 30,		Three months	s ended April 30	,
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Interest capitalized, beginning of period	\$330,581	\$298,757	\$340,904	\$311,335	
Interest incurred	64,051	60,467	32,303	31,568	
Interest expensed to cost of revenues	(42,990) (33,989) (23,016) (17,668)
Write-off against other income	(1,221) (1,582) (1,133) (1,582)
Interest capitalized on investments in unconsolidated entities	(2,872) (1,137) (1,509) (1,137)
Interest capitalized, end of period	\$347,549	\$322,516	\$347,549	\$322,516	

Inventory impairment charges are recognized against all inventory costs of a community, such as land, land improvements, cost of home construction and capitalized interest. The amounts included in the table directly above reflect the gross amount of capitalized interest without allocation of any impairment charges recognized. The Company estimates that, had inventory impairment charges been allocated on a pro-rata basis to the individual components of inventory, capitalized interest at April 30, 2013 and 2012 would have been reduced by approximately \$43.4 million and \$54.5 million, respectively.

3. Investments in and Advances to Unconsolidated Entities

The Company has investments in and advances to various unconsolidated entities. These entities include development joint ventures, a planned community joint venture, a structured asset joint venture, Toll Brothers Realty Trust and Trust II and other joint ventures. At April 30, 2013, the Company had investments in and advances to these unconsolidated entities of \$357.5 million and was committed to invest or advance up to \$126.8 million to these entities if they require additional funding. The Company's investments in these entities are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. More specific information regarding its investments in, advances to and future commitments to these entities is provided below.

At April 30, 2013, the Company determined that two of its joint ventures were VIEs under the guidance within FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 810, "Consolidation". However, the Company concluded that it was not the primary beneficiary of the VIEs because the power to direct the activities of these VIEs that most significantly impact their performance was shared by the Company and the VIEs' other members. Business plans, budgets and other major decisions are required to be unanimously approved by all members. Management and other fees earned by the Company are nominal and believed to be at market rates and there is no significant economic disproportionality between the Company and other members.

Development Joint Ventures

The Company has investments in and advances to a number of joint ventures with unrelated parties to develop land ("Development Joint Ventures"). Some of these Development Joint Ventures develop land for the sole use of the venture participants, including the Company, and others develop land for sale to the joint venture participants and to unrelated builders. The Company recognizes its share of earnings from the sale of home sites by the Development Joint Ventures to other builders. With regard to home sites the Company purchases from the Development Joint Ventures, the Company reduces its cost basis in those home sites by its share of the earnings on the home sites it purchases. At April 30, 2013, the Company had approximately \$124.3 million invested in or advanced to the Development Joint Ventures and had a funding commitment of \$30.3 million to three of the Development Joint Ventures which would be funded if additional investment in the ventures is required.

In March 2013, the Company entered into a joint venture with an unrelated party to develop a parcel of land in Texas into a master planned community consisting of approximately 2,900 lots. The Company has a 50% interest in this joint venture. The current plan is to develop the property in multiple phases and sell groups of lots to the members of the joint venture and to other third party home builders. The Company contributed \$15.5 million of cash to the joint venture. The joint venture entered into a \$25.0 million line of credit with a bank, secured by a deed of trust on the property. The line of credit can be expanded up to \$40.0 million under certain conditions. At April 30, 2013, the joint venture had \$20.0 million of borrowings under its line of credit. At April 30, 2013, the Company had an investment of \$15.8 million in this joint venture and was committed to make additional contributions to this joint venture of up to

\$16.8 million.

The Company has a 50% interest in a joint venture that is developing over 2,000 home sites in Orange County, California on land that it owns. Under the terms of the operating agreement, the Company will acquire 266 home sites in the first phase of the property from the joint venture. The Company intends to acquire approximately 545 additional home sites from the joint venture. The Company has a commitment to provide up to \$10.0 million of additional funds to this joint venture, if needed. The

joint venture has an \$80.0 million credit facility from a bank to fund the development of the property. At April 30, 2013, the venture had \$29.4 million borrowed under the facility.

Planned Community Joint Venture

The Company entered into a joint venture in October 2008 for the development and sale of homes in a master planned community. At April 30, 2013, the Company had an investment of \$30.4 million in this joint venture. At April 30, 2013, the participants agreed to contribute additional funds of up to \$8.3 million each, if required.

Other Joint Ventures

At April 30, 2013, the Company had an aggregate of \$166.2 million of investments in and advances to various joint ventures with unrelated parties to develop luxury for-sale and rental residential units, commercial space and a hotel. At April 30, 2013, the Company had \$88.2 million of funding commitments to five of these joint ventures. Several of the joint ventures expect to finance future construction with external financing.

In April 2013, the Company entered into a joint venture with an unrelated party to develop a luxury, 38-story apartment building and retail space in Jersey City, New Jersey on land that the Company owned. The Company has a 50% interest in this joint venture. As part of the Company's initial capital contribution, it contributed land and improvements with a fair value of \$28.8 million to the joint venture and subsequently received distributions of \$10.2 million and the joint venture making a \$1.2 million payment on our behalf to align the capital accounts of each of the members of the joint venture. The joint venture entered into a \$120.0 million construction loan agreement with a bank to finance the development of this project. At April 30, 2013, the joint venture had no borrowings under the construction loan agreement. At April 30, 2013, the Company had an investment of \$17.7 million in this joint venture and was committed to make additional contributions to this joint venture of up to \$16.7 million.

Toll Brothers Realty Trust and Trust II

In fiscal 2005, the Company, together with the Pennsylvania State Employees Retirement System ("PASERS"), formed Toll Brothers Realty Trust II ("Trust II") to be in a position to invest in commercial real estate opportunities. Trust II is owned 50% by the Company and 50% by an affiliate of PASERS. At April 30, 2013, the Company had an investment of \$3.3 million in Trust II. Prior to the formation of Trust II, the Company formed Toll Brothers Realty Trust ("Trust") in 1998 to invest in commercial real estate opportunities. The Trust is effectively owned one-third by the Company; one-third by Robert I. Toll, Bruce E. Toll (and members of his family), Douglas C. Yearley, Jr. and former members of the Company's senior management; and one-third by an affiliate of PASERS. As of April 30, 2013, the Company had a net investment in the Trust of \$0.2 million. The Company provides development, finance and management services to the Trust and recognized fees under the terms of various agreements in the amounts of \$1.1 million in each of the six-month periods ended April 30, 2013 and 2012, and \$0.5 million and \$0.6 million in the three-month periods ended April 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Structured Asset Joint Venture

The Company, through Gibraltar Capital and Asset Management LLC ("Gibraltar"), is a 20% participant with two unrelated parties that purchased a 40% interest in an entity that owns and controls a portfolio of loans and real estate ("Structured Asset Joint Venture"). At April 30, 2013, the Company had an investment of \$33.2 million in this Structured Asset Joint Venture. At April 30, 2013, the Company did not have any commitments to make additional contributions to this Structured Asset Joint Venture and has not guaranteed any of the joint venture's liabilities. Guarantees

The unconsolidated entities in which the Company has investments generally finance their activities with a combination of partner equity and debt financing. In some instances, the Company and its partners have guaranteed debt of certain unconsolidated entities which may include any, or all of the following: (i) project completion including any cost overruns, in whole or in part, (ii) repayment guarantees, generally covering a percentage of the outstanding loan, (iii) indemnification of the lender from environmental matters and (iv) indemnification of the lender from "bad boy acts" of the unconsolidated entity.

In some instances, the guarantees provided in connection with loans to an unconsolidated entity are joint and several. In these situations, the Company generally has a reimbursement agreement with its partner that provides that neither party is responsible for more than its proportionate share of the guarantee. However, if the joint venture partner does not have adequate financial resources to meet its obligations under the reimbursement agreement, the Company may

be liable for more than its proportionate share.

The Company believes that as of April 30, 2013, in the event it becomes legally obligated to perform under a guarantee of the obligation of an unconsolidated entity due to a triggering event, the collateral should be sufficient to repay a significant portion

of the obligation. If it is not, the Company and its partners would need to contribute additional capital into the venture. At April 30, 2013, the unconsolidated entities that have guarantees related to debt had loan commitments aggregating \$225.0 million and had borrowed an aggregate of \$49.4 million. The Company estimates that the maximum potential exposure under these guarantees, if the full amount of the loan commitments were borrowed, would be \$225.0 million before any reimbursement from the Company's partners. Based on the amounts borrowed at April 30, 2013, the Company's maximum potential exposure under these guarantees is estimated to be \$49.4 million before any reimbursement from the Company's partners.

In addition, the Company has guaranteed approximately \$11.9 million of ground lease payments and insurance deductibles for two joint ventures.

As of April 30, 2013, the estimated aggregate fair value of the guarantees was approximately \$1.3 million. The Company has not made payments under any of the guarantees.

April 30, 2013

The condensed balance sheets, as of the dates indicated, and the condensed statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss), for the periods indicated, for the Company's unconsolidated entities in which it has an investment, aggregated by type of business, are included below (in thousands). The column titled "Home Building Joint Ventures" includes the Planned Community and Other Joint Ventures described above.

Condensed Balance Sheets:

	April 30, 2013				
	Develop- ment Joint Ventures	Home Building Joint Ventures	Trust and Trust II	Structured Asset Joint Venture	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$19,963	\$38,771	\$12,681	\$33,717	\$105,132
Inventory	308,294	272,326	5,685		586,305
Non-performing loan portfolio				159,925	159,925
Rental properties			168,340		168,340
Rental properties under development		78,799			78,799
Real estate owned ("REO")			557	243,245	243,802
Other assets (1)	12,539	69,535	9,239	311,806	403,119
Total assets	\$340,796	\$459,431	\$196,502	\$748,693	\$1,745,422
Debt (1)	\$119,601	\$29,532	\$193,483	\$311,801	\$654,417
Other liabilities	22,046	14,320	5,059	1,179	42,604
Members' equity (deficit)	199,149	415,579	(2,040) 174,285	786,973
Noncontrolling interest				261,428	261,428
Total liabilities and equity	\$340,796	\$459,431	\$196,502	\$748,693	\$1,745,422
Company's net investment in unconsolidated entities (2)	\$124,317	\$196,584	\$3,480	\$33,151	\$357,532

Octob	er 31	1, 2012
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	Develop- ment Joint Ventures	Home Building Joint Ventures	Trust and Trust II	Structured Asset Joint Venture	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$17,189	\$40,126	\$11,005	\$44,176	\$112,496
Inventory	255,561	251,029	5,643		512,233
Non-performing loan portfolio				226,315	226,315
Rental properties			173,767		173,767
Rental properties under development		43,695			43,695
Real estate owned ("REO")				254,250	254,250
Other assets (1)	12,427	72,301	9,182	237,476	331,386
Total assets	\$285,177	\$407,151	\$199,597	\$762,217	\$1,654,142
Debt (1)	\$96,362	\$30,121	\$195,359	\$311,801	\$633,643
Other liabilities	14,390	9,770	5,202	561	29,923
Members' equity (deficit)	174,425	367,260	(964)	179,942	720,663
Noncontrolling interest				269,913	269,913
Total liabilities and equity	\$285,177	\$407,151	\$199,597	\$762,217	\$1,654,142
Company's net investment in unconsolidated entities (2)	\$116,452	\$173,465	\$3,357	\$37,343	\$330,617

Included in other assets of the Structured Asset Joint Venture at April 30, 2013 and October 31, 2012 is \$311.8 (1) million and \$237.5 million, respectively, of restricted cash held in a defeasance account which will be used to repay debt of the Structured Asset Joint Venture.

Differences between the Company's net investment in unconsolidated entities and its underlying equity in the net assets of the entities is primarily a result of the acquisition price of an investment in an entity in fiscal 2012 which

⁽²⁾ was in excess of the Company's pro-rata share of the underlying equity, impairments related to the Company's investments in unconsolidated entities, a loan made to one of the entities by the Company, and distributions from entities in excess of the carrying amount of the Company's net investment.

Condensed Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss):	
For the six months ended April 30, 2013	

	For the six mon	ths ended April	30, 2013			
	Develop- ment Joint Ventures	Home Building Joint Ventures	Trust and Trust II	Structured Asset Joint Venture	Total	
Revenues	\$35,022	\$22,757	\$20,303	\$21,714	\$99,796	
Cost of revenues Other expenses	17,805 758	19,973 1,292	9,010 10,427	19,493 2,316	66,281 14,793	
Total expenses—net	18,563	21,265	19,437	21,809	81,074	
Gain on disposition of loans and REO	,	,	,	39,704	39,704	
Income from operations	16,459	1,492	866	39,609	58,426	
Other income	5	444		154	603	
Net income before noncontrolling interest	16,464	1,936	866	39,763	59,029	
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest				(23,858	(23,858)
Net income Other comprehensive income (loss)	16,464	1,936 (195)	866 477	15,905	35,171 282	
Total comprehensive income	\$16,464	\$1,741	\$1,343	\$15,905	\$35,453	
Company's equity in earnings of unconsolidated entities (3)	\$2,796	\$1,199	\$1,010	\$3,071	\$8,076	
	For the three m	onths ended Apr	il 30, 2013			
	Develop- ment Joint Ventures	Home Building Joint Ventures	Trust and Trust II	Structured Asset Joint Venture	Total	
Revenues Cost of revenues	\$33,395 16,587	\$13,787 12,868	\$10,621 4,717	\$12,009 9,155	\$69,812 43,327	
Other expenses	567	1,098	4,661	1,259	7,585	
Total expenses—net	17,154	13,966	9,378	10,414	50,912	
Gain on disposition of loans and REO				12,812	12,812	
Income (loss) from operations Other income	16,241 2	(179) 424	1,243	14,407 75	31,712 501	
Net income before noncontrolling interest	16,243	245	1,243	14,482	32,213	
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest				(8,689	(8,689)
Net income	16,243	245	1,243	5,793	23,524	
Other comprehensive income (loss)			175	- ,	(20)
Total comprehensive income	\$16,243	\$50	\$1,418	5,793	\$23,504	
Company's equity in earnings of unconsolidated entities (3)	\$2,894	\$356	\$585	\$1,158	\$4,993	
11						

For the six months ended April 30, 2012								
	Develop- ment Joint Ventures		Home Building Joint Ventures	Trust and Trust II	Structured Asset Joint Venture		Total	
Revenues Cost of revenues Other expenses Total expenses—net	\$33,584 31,771 430 32,201		\$47,466 34,754 2,110 36,864	\$18,698 6,736 11,427 18,163	\$12,362 17,227 4,898 22,125		\$112,110 90,488 18,865 109,353	
Gain on disposition of loans and REO					22,826		22,826	
Income from operations Other income	1,383 2,653		10,602 79	535	13,063 275		25,583 3,007	
Net income before noncontrolling interest	4,036		10,681	535	13,338		28,590	
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest					(8,004)	(8,004)
Net income Other comprehensive loss	4,036		10,681	535 (50	5,334		20,586 (50)
Total comprehensive income Company's equity in earnings of unconsolidated entities (3)	\$4,036 \$3,532		\$10,681 \$8,010	\$485 \$1,081	\$5,334 \$1,053		\$20,536 \$13,676	
unconsolidated chities (5)	For the three	m	onths ended Ap	oril 30, 2012				
	Develop- ment Joint Ventures		Home Building Joint Ventures	Trust and Trust II	Structured Asset Joint Venture		Total	
Revenues Cost of revenues Other expenses Total expenses—net	\$— 205 205		\$24,036 16,961 1,165 18,126	\$9,222 3,393 4,642 8,035	\$7,654 5,701 2,013 7,714		\$40,912 26,055 8,025 34,080	
Gain on disposition of loans and REO					7,517		7,517	
Income (loss) from operations Other income	(205 1)	5,910 74	1,187	7,457 138		14,349 213	
Net income (loss) before noncontrolling interest	(204)	5,984	1,187	7,595		14,562	
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest					(4,557)	(4,557)
Net income (loss) Other comprehensive income	(204)	5,984	1,187 239	3,038		10,005 239	
Net income (loss)	(204 \$(204)	5,984 \$5,984	•	3,038 \$3,038		•	

⁽³⁾ Differences between the Company's equity in earnings of unconsolidated entities and the Company's percentage interest in the underlying net income (loss) of the entities is primarily a result of impairments related to the Company's investment in unconsolidated entities, distributions from entities in excess of the carrying amount of the Company's net investment, and the Company's share of the entities' profits related to home sites purchased by the

Company which reduces the Company's cost basis of the home sites.

4. Investments in Distressed Loans and Foreclosed Real Estate

Investments in Distressed Loans

The Company's investment in distressed loans consisted of the following as of the dates indicated (amounts in thousands):

	April 30, 2013		
Unpaid principal balance	\$102,131	\$99,693	
Discount on acquired loans	(53,424)	(62,524)	
Carrying value	\$48,707	\$37,169	

The Company's investment in distressed loans includes performing loans and non-performing loans and also includes investments in loan participations classified as secured borrowings under ASC 860, "Transfers and Servicing". For acquired distressed loans where it is probable that the Company will collect less than the contractual amounts due under the terms of the loan based, at least in part, on the assessment of the credit quality of the borrowers, the loans are accounted for under ASC Topic 310-30, "Loans and Debt Securities Acquired with Deteriorated Credit Quality" ("ASC 310-30"). Under ASC 310-30, provided the Company does not presently have the intention to utilize real estate secured by the loans for use in its operations or to significantly improve the collateral for resale, the amount by which the future cash flows expected to be collected at the acquisition date exceeds the estimated fair value of the loan, or accretable yield, is recognized in other income - net over the estimated remaining life of the loan using a level yield methodology. The difference between the contractually required payments of the loan as of the acquisition date and the total cash flows expected to be collected, or nonaccretable difference, is not recognized.

The Company may acquire distressed loans where it has determined that (1) it is possible to collect all contractual amounts due under the terms of the loan, (2) it expects to utilize the real estate secured by the loans in its operations, or (3) forecasted cash flows cannot be reasonably estimated. For non-performing loans acquired meeting these conditions, in accordance with ASC 310-10, "Receivable," the loans are classified as nonaccrual and interest income is not recognized. When a loan is classified as nonaccrual, any subsequent cash receipt is accounted for using the cost recovery method. For performing loans, payments are applied to principal and interest in accordance with the terms of the loan when received. As of April 30, 2013, the Company had investments in performing and non-performing loans, accounted for in accordance with ASC 310-10, of \$13.9 million and \$15.9 million, respectively. At October 31, 2012, the Company had investments in non-performing loans of \$9.2 million. The Company had no investments in performing loans at October 31, 2012.

In the six months ended April 30, 2013, Gibraltar purchased distressed loans for approximately \$26.0 million. The purchases included performing and non-performing loans secured by retail shopping centers, residential land and golf courses located in seven states.

The following table summarizes, for the distressed loans acquired in the six months ended April 30, 2012 that were accounted for in accordance with ASC 310-30, the accretable yield and the nonaccretable difference of the Company's investment in these loans as of their acquisition date (amounts in thousands).

	ended April 30	,
	2012	
Contractually required payments, including interest	\$52,524	
Nonaccretable difference	(5,125)
Cash flows expected to be collected	47,399	
Accretable yield	(20,514)
Non-performing loans carrying amount	\$26,885	

There were no distressed loans purchased during the six months ended April 30, 2013 that met the requirements of ASC 310-30.

Six-month period

The accretable yield activity for the Company's investment in distressed loans accounted for under ASC 310-30 for the six-month and three-month periods ended April 30, 2013 and 2012 was as follows (amounts in thousands):

	Six months ended April 30,		Three months ended April 30			
	2013	2012	2013	2012		
Balance, beginning of period	\$17,196	\$42,326	\$13,406	\$57,844		
Loans acquired		20,514				
Additions	471	2,826	471	3,010		
Deletions	(3,915) (9,851) (1,528) (8,267		
Accretion	(2,523) (6,559) (1,120) (3,331		
Balance, end of period	\$11,229	\$49,256	\$11,229	\$49,256		

Additions primarily respresent the reclassification to accretable yield from nonaccretable yield and the impact of impairments. Deletions primarily represent loan dispositions, which include foreclosure of the underlying collateral and resulting removal of the loans from the accretable yield portfolios, and reclassifications from accretable yield to nonaccretable yield. The reclassifications between accretable and nonaccretable yield and the accretion of interest income are based on various estimates regarding loan performance and the value of the underlying real estate securing the loans. As the Company continues to gather additional information regarding the loans and the underlying collateral, the accretable yield may change. Therefore, the amount of accretable income recorded in the six-month and three-month periods ended April 30, 2013 and 2012 is not necessarily indicative of future results.

Real Estate Owned (REO)

The following table presents the activity in REO for the six-month and three-month periods ended April 30, 2013 and 2012 (amounts in thousands):

	Six months ended April 30,		Three months ended April 30,			
	2013	2012	2013	2012		
Balance, beginning of period	\$58,353	\$5,939	\$68,764	\$6,488		
Additions	14,317	12,802	3,277	11,638		
Sales	(911) (615) (472)		
Impairments	(15)				
Depreciation	(286) (18) (111) (18		
Balance, end of period	\$71,458	\$18,108	\$71,458	\$18,108		

As of April 30, 2013, approximately \$9.4 million and \$62.0 million of REO was classified as held-for-sale and held-and-used, respectively. As of April 30, 2012, approximately \$1.3 million and \$16.8 million of REO was classified as held-for-sale and held-and-used, respectively. For the six-month and three-month periods ended April 30, 2013, the Company recorded gains of \$1.5 million and \$0.8 million from acquisitions of REO through foreclosure, respectively. For both the six-month and three-month period ended April 30, 2012, the Company recorded gains of \$1.7 million from acquisitions of REO through foreclosure.

General

The Company's earnings from Gibraltar's operations, excluding its investment in the Structured Asset Joint Venture, are included in other income - net in its condensed consolidated statements of operations. In the six-month periods ended April 30, 2013 and 2012, the Company recognized \$1.1 million and \$5.9 million of earnings, respectively, from Gibraltar's operations.

5. Senior Notes and Mortgage Company Loan Facilities

Senior Notes

At April 30, 2013, the Company had eight issues of Senior Notes outstanding with an aggregate principal amount of \$2.33 billion.

On April 3, 2013, the Company, through Toll Brothers Finance Corp., issued \$300 million principal amount of 4.375% Senior Notes due 2023 (the "4.375% Senior Notes") at par. The Company received \$298.1 million of net proceeds from this issuance of 4.375% Senior Notes.

On May 13, 2013, the Company, through Toll Brothers Finance Corp., issued an additional \$100.0 million principal amount of 4.375% Senior Notes at a price equal to 103% of par value. The Company received \$102.3 million of net proceeds from this additional issuance of 4.375% Senior Notes.

In November 2012, the Company repaid the \$59.1 million of its outstanding 6.875% Senior Notes due November 15, 2012.

Mortgage Company Loan Facilities

In July 2012, TBI Mortgage Company ("TBI Mortgage"), the Company's wholly-owned mortgage subsidiary, amended its Master Repurchase Agreement (the "Repurchase Agreement") with Comerica Bank. The purpose of the Repurchase Agreement is to finance the origination of mortgage loans by TBI Mortgage and it is accounted for as a secured borrowing under ASC 860, "Transfers and Servicing." The Repurchase Agreement, as amended, provides for loan purchases of up to \$50 million, subject to certain sublimits. In addition, the Repurchase Agreement provides for an accordion feature under which TBI Mortgage may request that the aggregate commitments under the Repurchase Agreement be increased to an amount up to \$75 million for a short period of time. The Repurchase Agreement, as amended, expires on July 23, 2013 and bears interest at LIBOR plus 2.00% per annum, with a minimum rate of 3.00%.

6. Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses at April 30, 2013 and October 31, 2012 consisted of the following (amounts in thousands):

	April 30,	October 31,
	2013	2012
Land, land development and construction	\$132,718	\$126,866
Compensation and employee benefits	97,072	111,243
Insurance and litigation	96,443	101,908
Warranty	41,109	41,706
Interest	26,821	28,204
Other	75,070	66,423
	\$469,233	\$476,350

The Company accrues for expected warranty costs at the time each home is closed and title and possession are transferred to the home buyer. Warranty costs are accrued based upon historical experience. The table below provides, for the periods indicated, a reconciliation of the changes in the Company's warranty accrual (amounts in thousands):

	Six months ended April 30,			Three month	ed April 30,			
	2013		2012		2013		2012	
Balance, beginning of period	\$41,706		\$42,474		\$41,241		\$43,109	
Additions – homes closed during the period	05,223		3,944		2,934		2,073	
Addition – liabilities acquired			731					
(Decrease) increase in accruals for homes	(478	`	1,765		(212	`	(18	`
closed in prior periods	(470)	1,703		(212	,	(10)
Charges incurred	(5,342)	(5,917)	(2,854)	(2,167)
Balance, end of period	\$41,109		\$42,997		\$41,109		\$42,997	

7. Income Taxes

The tables below provide, for the periods indicated, reconciliations of the Company's effective tax rate from the federal statutory tax rate (amounts in thousands).

	Six months ended April 30,				
	2013		2012		
	\$	%*	\$	%*	
Federal tax provision at statutory rate	17,253	35.0	3,234	35.0	
State tax provision, net of federal benefit	2,051	4.2	391	4.2	
Increase in unrecognized tax benefits			277	3.0	
Reversal of accrual for uncertain tax positions			(5,279) (57.1)
Increase in deferred tax assets – net			(2,100) (22.7)
Valuation allowance – reversed	(1,277) (2.6) (3,318) (35.9)
Accrued interest on anticipated tax assessments	1,982	4.0	1,950	21.1	
Other	179	0.4			
Income tax provision (benefit)	20,188	41.0	(4,845) (52.4)
	Three mo	onths ended Apri	il 30,		
	2013	-	2012		
	\$	%*	\$	%*	
Federal tax provision at statutory rate	14,339	35.0	5,477	35.0	
State tax provision, net of federal benefit	1,705	4.2	662	4.2	
Increase in unrecognized tax benefits			(1,223) (7.8)
Increase in deferred tax assets – net			(1,575) (10.0)
Valuation allowance – reversed	(1,061) (2.6) (4,564) (29.2)
Accrued interest on anticipated tax assessments	817	2.0			
Other	494	1.2			
Income tax provision (benefit)	16,294	39.8	(1,223) (7.8)
di To					

^{*} Due to rounding, amounts may not add.

The Company currently operates in 19 states and is subject to various state tax jurisdictions. The Company estimates its state tax liability based upon the individual taxing authorities' regulations, estimates of income by taxing jurisdiction and the Company's ability to utilize certain tax-saving strategies. Based on the Company's estimate of the allocation of income or loss among the various taxing jurisdictions and changes in tax regulations and their impact on the Company's tax strategies, the Company estimated its rate for state income taxes at 6.4% and 6.5% for fiscal 2013 and 2012, respectively.

At October 31, 2012, the Company evaluated evidence related to the need for its deferred tax asset valuation allowances and determined that the valuation allowance on its federal deferred tax assets and certain state valuation allowances were no longer needed. Accordingly, in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012, the Company reversed a valuation allowance in the amount of \$394.7 million.

For state tax purposes, due to past and projected losses in certain jurisdictions where the Company does not have carryback potential and/or cannot sufficiently forecast future taxable income, the Company has recognized net cumulative valuation allowances against its state deferred tax assets of \$55.8 million and \$57.0 million as of April 30, 2013 and October 31, 2012, respectively.

8. Stock-Based Benefit Plans

The Company grants stock options, restricted stock and various types of restricted stock units to its employees and its non-employee directors. Beginning in fiscal 2012, the Company changed the mix of stock-based compensation to its employees (other than certain senior executives) by reducing the number of stock options it grants and, in their place, issued non-performance based restricted stock units ("RSUs") as a form of compensation. The Company also replaced its stock price-based restricted stock unit ("Stock Price-Based RSUs") awards for certain senior executives with a performance-based restricted stock ("Performance-Based RSUs") award program. Additionally, the Company has an employee stock purchase plan that allows employees to purchase Company stock at a discount.

Information regarding the amount of total stock-based compensation expense and tax benefit recognized by the Company, for the periods indicated, is as follows (amounts in thousands):

	Six months ended April		Three months ended	
	30,		April 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Total stock-based compensation expense recognized	\$10,027	\$8,831	\$4,343	\$3,205
Income tax benefit recognized	\$3,666	\$3,235	\$1.588	\$1.174

At April 30, 2013 and October 31, 2012, the aggregate unamortized value of outstanding stock-based compensation awards was approximately \$28.2 million and \$14.2 million, respectively.

Information about the Company's more significant stock-based compensation programs is outlined below. Stock Options

The fair value of each option award is estimated on the date of grant using a lattice-based option valuation model that uses assumptions noted in the following table. The lattice-based option valuation model incorporates ranges of assumptions for inputs, which are disclosed in the table below. Expected volatilities were based on implied volatilities from traded options on the Company's stock, historical volatility of the Company's stock and other factors. The expected lives of options granted were derived from the historical exercise patterns and anticipated future patterns and represent the period of time that options granted are expected to be outstanding; the range given below results from certain groups of employees exhibiting different behaviors. The risk-free rate for periods within the contractual life of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant.

The weighted-average assumptions and the fair value used for stock option grants in fiscal 2013 and 2012 were as follows:

	2013	2012
Expected volatility	44.04% - 48.13%	44.20% - 50.24%
Weighted-average volatility	46.70%	46.99%
Risk-free interest rate	0.64% - 1.56%	0.78% - 1.77%
Expected life (years)	4.48 - 8.88	4.59 - 9.06
Dividends	none	none
Weighted-average grant date fair value per share of options granted	\$13.05	\$8.70
Stock comparestion expanse related to stock antions, for the periods inc	licated was as follows (omounts in

Stock compensation expense, related to stock options, for the periods indicated, was as follows (amounts in thousands):

	2013	2012
Six months ended April 30,	\$4,835	\$4,745
Three months ended April 30,	\$1,360	\$1,225

Performance-Based Restricted Stock Units

In the first quarter of fiscal 2013, the Executive Compensation Committee of the Company's Board of Directors ("Executive Compensation Committee") approved awards of Performance-Based RSUs relating to shares of the Company's common stock to certain of its senior management. The Performance-Based RSUs are based on the attainment of certain performance metrics of the Company in fiscal 2013. The number of shares underlying the Performance-Based RSUs that will be issued to the recipients may range from 90% to 110% of the base award depending on actual performance as compared to the target

performance goals. The Performance-Based RSUs vest over a four-year period provided the recipients continue to be employed by the Company or serve on the board of directors of the Company (as applicable) as specified in the award document.

The value of the Performance-Based RSUs was determined to be equal to the estimated number of shares of the Company's common stock to be issued multiplied by the closing price of the Company's common stock on the NYSE on the date the performance goals were approved by the Executive Compensation Committee. The Company evaluates the performance goals quarterly and estimates the number of shares underlying the Performance-Based RSUs that are probable of being issued. Information regarding the issuance, valuation assumptions and amortization of the Company's Performance-Based RSUs issued in fiscal 2013 and 2012 is provided below.

	2013	2012
Estimated number of shares underlying Performance-Based RSUs to be issued	289,490	360,000
Closing price of the Company's common stock on date performance goals were approved	\$37.78	\$20.50
Estimated aggregate fair value of Performance-Based RSUs to be issued (in thousands)	\$10,937	\$7,371
Performance-Based RSU expense recognized in the six months ended April 30, (in thousands):	\$2,588	\$1,920
Performance-Based RSU expense recognized in the three months ended April 30, (in thousands):	\$2,074	\$984
Unamortized value of Performance-Based RSUs at April 30, (in thousands):	\$11,986	\$5,452
Stock Price-Based Restricted Stock Units		
Information regarding the amortization of the Company's Stock Price-Based RSUs	, for the periods in	dicated, is
provided below (amounts in thousands).		

	2013	2012
Six months ended April 30,	\$979	\$1,528
Three months ended April 30.	\$416	\$679

Information regarding the aggregate number of outstanding Stock Price-Based RSUs and aggregate unamortized value of the outstanding Stock Price-Based RSUs, as of the date indicated, is provided below.

	April 30,	October 31,
	2013	2012
Aggregate outstanding Stock Price-Based RSUs	306,000	506,000
Cumulative unamortized value of Stock Price-Based RSUs (in thousands)	\$1,064	\$2,042

In December 2012, the Company issued and distributed 200,000 shares of stock pursuant to a Stock Price-Based RSU award.

Non-Performance Based Restricted Stock Units

The Company issued RSUs to various officers, employees and non-employee directors. The value of the RSUs was determined to be equal to the number of shares of the Company's common stock to be issued pursuant to the RSUs, multiplied by the closing price of the Company's common stock on the NYSE on the date the RSUs were awarded. Information regarding these RSUs issued in the six months ended April 30, 2013 and 2012 is as follows:

	2013	2012
Number of RSUs issued	94,080	107,820
Closing price of the Company's common stock on date of issuance	\$32.22	\$20.50
Aggregate fair value of RSUs issued (in thousands)	\$3,031	\$2,210
Information regarding the amortization of the Company's RSUs, for the period	ds indicated, is as fo	llows (amounts in
thousands):		
	2013	2012
Six months ended April 30,	\$1,584	\$625

Three months ended April 30, \$472 \$311

Information regarding the aggregate number of outstanding RSUs and aggregate unamortized value of the outstanding RSUs, as of the date indicated, is as follows:

	April 30,	October 31,
	2013	2012
Aggregate outstanding RSUs	228,490	137,764
Cumulative unamortized value of RSUs (in thousands)	\$2,692	\$1,326

9. Employee Retirement Plans

Balance, end of period

The Company has two unfunded supplemental retirement plans ("SERPs"). The table below provides, for the periods indicated, costs recognized and payments made related to its SERPs (amounts in thousands):

	Six months	ended April	Three months ended		
	30,		April 30,		
	2013	2013 2012		2012	
Service cost	\$236	\$194	\$117	\$97	
Interest cost	521	606	261	303	
Amortization of prior service obligation	422	369	211	184	
Amortization of unrecognized losses	72	33	36	17	
Total costs	\$1,251	\$1,202	\$625	\$601	
Benefits paid	\$444	\$225	\$211	\$110	

10. Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income

The tables below provide, for the periods indicated, the components of accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income (amounts in thousands).

Six months ended April 30, 2013								
	Employee Retirement Plans		Available-for-S Securities	ale	e Derivative Instruments		Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$(4,446)	\$ 180		\$(553)	\$(4,819)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications	(519)	71		24		(424)
Gross amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	494		(137)			357	
Income tax benefit (expense)	7		29		(11)	25	
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax	(18)	(37)	13		(42)
Balance, end of period	\$(4,464)	\$ 143		\$(540)	\$(4,861)
		s e	nded April 30, 2	01.	3			
	Employee Retirement Plans		Available-for-S Securities	ale	e Derivative Instruments		Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$(4,619)	\$ 276		\$(460)	\$(4,803)
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications	<u> </u>		(67)	(127)	(194)
Gross amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	247		(137)			110	
Income tax (expense) benefit	(92)	71		47		26	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	155		(133)	(80)	(58)

Reclassifications for the amortization of the employee retirement plans are included in selling, general and administrative expense in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. See Note 9 for additional information. Reclassifications for the

) \$ 143

\$(4,464

realized gain on available-for-sale securities are included in other income - net in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

11. Stock Repurchase Program

In March 2003, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to 20 million shares of its common stock, par value \$.01, from time to time, in open market transactions or otherwise, for the purpose of providing shares for its various employee benefit plans. The table below provides, for the periods indicated, information about the Company's share repurchase program.

	Six month April 30,	Six months ended April 30.		Three months ended April 30,	
	2013 2012		2013	2012	
Number of shares purchased (in thousands)	5	13	3	10	
Average price per share	\$33.61	\$22.51	\$34.49	\$23.13	
Remaining authorization at April 30 (in thousands)	8,760	8,773	8,760	8,773	

12. Income per Share Information

The table below provides, for the periods indicated, information pertaining to the calculation of income per share, common stock equivalents, weighted-average number of anti-dilutive options and shares issued (amounts in thousands):

	Six months ended April 30,		Three mont	ths ended
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Numerator:				
Net income as reported	\$29,106	\$14,086	24,674	16,872
Plus: Interest and costs attributable to 0.5% Exchangeable Senior Notes, net of income tax benefit	804		401	
Numerator for diluted earnings per share	\$29,910	\$14,086	\$25,075	\$16,872
Denominator:				
Basic weighted-average shares (a)	169,222	166,652	169,380	166,994
Common stock equivalents (b)	2,869	1,153	2,898	1,509
Shares attributable to 0.5% Exchangeable Senior Notes	5,858		5,858	
Diluted weighted-average shares	177,949	167,805	178,136	168,503
Other information:				
Weighted-average number of anti-dilutive options and restricted stock units(b)	^k 1,139	5,355	1,299	3,983
Shares issued under stock incentive and employee stock purchase plans	634	1,603	110	661

⁽a) Basic weighted-average shares included the weighted-average number of shares outstanding for the period and vested shares issuable under restricted stock unit awards.

13. Fair Value Disclosures

Fair Value Disclosures

The Company uses ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" ("ASC 820"), to measure the fair value of certain assets and liabilities. ASC 820 provides a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with GAAP, establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value and requires certain disclosures about fair value measurements.

⁽b) Based upon the average closing price of the Company's common stock on the NYSE for the period.

The fair value hierarchy is summarized below:

Level 1: Fair value determined based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Fair value determined using significant observable inputs, generally either quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities or quoted prices in markets that are not active.

Level 3: Fair value determined using significant unobservable inputs, such as pricing models, discounted cash flows, or similar techniques.

Financial Instruments

The table below provides, as of the date indicated, a summary of assets (liabilities) related to the Company's financial instruments, measured at fair value on a recurring basis (amounts in thousands):

		Fair value		
Financial Instrument	Fair value hierarchy	April 30, 2013	October 31, 2012	
Corporate Securities	Level 2	\$177,503	\$260,772	
Certificates of Deposit	Level 2	\$25,077	\$148,112	
Short-Term Tax-Exempt Bond Fund	Level 1	\$30,319	\$30,184	
Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Sale	Level 2	\$66,538	\$86,386	
Forward Loan Commitments—Residential Mortgage Loans Held for Sale	Level 2	\$(755)	\$(102)
Interest Rate Lock Commitments ("IRLCs") Forward Loan Commitments—IRLCs	Level 2 Level 2	\$606 \$(606)	\$(202 \$202)
= 00 ··· ··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	+ ()	7	

At April 30, 2013 and October 31, 2012, the carrying value of cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash approximated fair value.

Mortgage Loans Held for Sale

The table below provides, as of the date indicated, the aggregate unpaid principal and fair value of mortgage loans held for sale (amounts in thousands):

	Aggregate unpaid principal balance	Fair value	Excess	
At April 30, 2013	\$64,777	\$66,538	\$1,761	
At October 31, 2012	\$84,986	\$86,386	\$1,400	

At the end of the reporting period, the Company determines the fair value of its mortgage loans held for sale and the forward loan commitments it has entered into as a hedge against the interest rate risk of its mortgage loans using the market approach to determine fair value. The evaluation is based on the current market pricing of mortgage loans with similar terms and values as of the reporting date and by applying such pricing to the mortgage loan portfolio. The Company recognizes the difference between the fair value and the unpaid principal balance of mortgage loans held for sale as a gain or loss. In addition, the Company recognizes the fair value of its forward loan commitments as a gain or loss. These gains and losses are included in other income - net. Interest income on mortgage loans held for sale is calculated based upon the stated interest rate of each loan and is included in other income - net.

IRLCs represent individual borrower agreements that commit the Company to lend at a specified price for a specified period as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the commitment contract. These commitments have varying degrees of interest rate risk. The Company utilizes best-efforts forward loan commitments ("Forward Commitments") to hedge the interest rate risk of the IRLCs and residential mortgage loans held for sale. Forward Commitments represent contracts with third-party investors for the future delivery of loans whereby the Company agrees to make delivery at a specified future date at a specified price. The IRLCs and Forward Commitments are considered derivative financial instruments under ASC 815, "Derivatives and Hedging," which requires derivative financial instruments to be recorded at fair value. The Company estimates the fair value of such commitments based on the estimated fair value of the underlying mortgage loan and, in the case of IRLCs, the probability that the mortgage loan will fund within the terms of the IRLC. To manage the risk of non-performance of investors regarding

the Forward Commitments, the Company assesses the credit worthiness of the investors on a periodic basis.

Marketable Securities

The table below provides, as of the date indicated, the amortized cost, gross unrealized holding gains, gross unrealized holding losses and fair value of marketable securities (amounts in thousands):

April 30,	October 31,	
2013	2012	
\$232,674	\$438,755	
357	451	
(132) (138)
\$232,899	\$439,068	
	2013 \$232,674 357 (132	2013 2012 \$232,674 \$438,755 357 451 (132) (138

The estimated fair values of corporate securities and certificates of deposit are based on quoted prices provided by brokers. The remaining contractual maturities of marketable securities as of April 30, 2013 ranged from 1 day to 31 months.

Inventory

The Company recognizes inventory impairment charges based on the difference in the carrying value of the inventory and its fair value at the time of the evaluation. The fair value of the aforementioned inventory was determined using Level 3 criteria. Estimated fair value is primarily determined by discounting the estimated future cash flow of each community. See Note 1, "Significant Accounting Policies, Inventory" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for additional information regarding the Company's methodology on determining fair value. As further discussed in Note 1 in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, determining the fair value of a community's inventory involves a number of variables, many of which are interrelated. If the Company used a different input for any of the various unobservable inputs used in its impairment analysis, the results of the analysis may have been different, absent any other changes. The table below summarizes, for the periods indicated, the ranges of certain quantitative unobservable inputs utilized in determining the fair value of impaired communities:

	unit (in thousands)	year (in units)	Discount rate
Three months ended April 30, 2013	_	_	
Three months ended January 31, 2013	\$303 - \$307	15	15.3%
Three months ended October 31, 2012	\$501 - \$536	11	18.3%
Three months ended July 31, 2012	\$175 - \$571	4 - 12	14.0% - 17.5%
Three months ended April 30, 2012	\$413 - \$472	6 - 17	17.5%
Three months ended January 31, 2012	\$344 - \$2,287	1 - 25	13.0% - 18.8%

The table below provides, for the periods indicated, the fair value of operating communities whose carrying value was adjusted and the amount of impairment charges recognized (\$ amounts in thousands):

	Impaired operating communitie			
Three months ended:	Number of communities tested	Number of communities	Fair value of communities, net of impairment charges	Impairment charges
Fiscal 2013:				
January 31	60	2	\$5,377	\$700
April 30	79	1	\$749	340
				\$1,040
Fiscal 2012:				
January 31	113	8	\$49,758	\$6,425
April 30	115	2	\$22,962	2,560
July 31	115	4	\$6,609	2,685
October 31	108	3	\$9,319	1,400
				\$13,070

Investments in Distressed Loans and REO

Gibraltar's distressed loans were recorded at estimated fair value at inception based on the acquisition price as determined by Level 3 inputs and was based on the estimated future cash flows to be generated by the loans discounted at the rates used to value the loans at the acquisition dates. The table below provides, as of the date indicated, the carrying amount and estimated fair value of distressed loans (amounts in thousands):

	April 30, 2013	October 31, 2012
Carrying amount	\$48,707	\$37,169
Estimated fair value	\$49,110	\$38,109

Gibraltar's REO was recorded at estimated fair value at the time it was acquired through foreclosure or deed in lieu actions using Level 3 inputs. The valuation techniques used to estimate fair value are third-party appraisals, broker opinions of value, or internal valuation methodologies (which may include discounted cash flows, capitalization rate analysis or comparable transactional analysis). Unobservable inputs used in estimating the fair value of REO assets are based upon the best information available under the circumstances and take into consideration the financial condition and operating results of the asset, local market conditions, the availability of capital, interest and inflation rates and other factors deemed appropriate by management.

Debt

valuation date.

The table below provides, as of the date indicated, the book value and estimated fair value of the Company's debt (amounts in thousands):

	April 30, 2013			October 31, 2012	
	Fair value hierarchy	Book value	Estimated fair value	Book value	Estimated fair value
Loans payable (a)	Level 2	\$96,572	\$96,144	\$99,817	\$99,093
Senior notes (b)	Level 1	2,330,121	2,603,002	2,089,189	2,340,189
Mortgage company warehouse loan (c)	Level 2	58,526	58,526	72,664	72,664
		\$2,485,219	\$2,757,672	\$2,261,670	\$2,511,946

The estimated fair value of loans payable was based upon their indicated market prices or the interest rates that the (a) Company believed were available to it for loans with similar terms and remaining maturities as of the applicable

The Company believes that the carrying value of its mortgage company warehouse loan borrowings approximates their fair value.

⁽b) The estimated fair value of the Company's senior notes is based upon their indicated market prices.

14. Other Income - Net

The table below provides, for the periods indicated, the components of other income - net (amounts in thousands):

	Six months ended April 30,		Three month	s ended April 30,
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Interest income	\$2,677	\$2,184	\$1,202	\$1,270
Income from ancillary businesses	3,432	2,728	2,154	1,645
Gibraltar	1,112	5,864	961	3,726
Management fee income	1,131	1,476	804	789
Retained customer deposits	1,123	1,248	445	594
Land sales, net	255	1,246	110	1,246
Income recognized from settlement of liti	gation 13,229		13,229	
Other	1,201	1,505	629	786
	\$24,160	\$16,251	\$19,534	\$10,056

Income recognized from the settlement of litigation was the result of the settlement of three derivative lawsuits brought on behalf of the Company against certain officers and directors of the Company. The gross settlement of \$16.2 million was reduced by the payment of attorney's fees of \$3.0 million. The Company's insurance carriers paid approximately \$9.8 million and certain officers and former officers paid the remainder.

Income from ancillary businesses includes the activity of the Company's non-core businesses which include its mortgage, title, landscaping, security monitoring and golf course and country club operations. The table below provides, for the periods indicated, revenues and expenses for the Company's non-core ancillary businesses (amounts in thousands):

	Six months ended April 30,		Three months ended April 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Revenue	\$39,426	\$32,536	\$22,785	\$18,724
Expense	\$35,994	\$29,808	\$20,631	\$17,079

15. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved in various claims and litigation arising principally in the ordinary course of business. The Company believes that adequate provision for resolution of all current claims and pending litigation has been made for probable losses and the disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations and liquidity or on its financial condition.

Investments in and Advances to Unconsolidated Entities

See Note 3, "Investments in and Advances to Unconsolidated Entities," for more information regarding the Company's commitments to these entities.

Land Purchase Commitments

Generally, the Company's option and purchase agreements to acquire land parcels do not require the Company to purchase those land parcels, although the Company may, in some cases, forfeit any deposit balance outstanding if and when it terminates an option and purchase agreement. If market conditions are weak, approvals needed to develop the land are uncertain or other factors exist that make the purchase undesirable, the Company may not acquire the land. Whether an option and purchase agreement is legally terminated or not, the Company reviews the amount recorded for the land parcel subject to the option and purchase agreement to determine if the amount is recoverable. While the Company may not formally terminate the option and purchase agreements for those land parcels that it does not expect to acquire, it writes off any non-refundable deposits and costs previously capitalized to such land parcels in the periods that it determines such costs are not recoverable.

Information regarding the Company's land purchase commitments, as of the date indicated, is provided in the table below (amounts in thousands):

	April 30, 2013	October 31, 2012
Aggregate purchase commitments:		
Unrelated parties	\$1,173,974	\$742,918
Unconsolidated entities that the Company has investments in	61,738	4,067
Total	\$1,235,712	\$746,985
Deposits against aggregate purchase commitments	\$44,051	\$42,921
Additional cash required to acquire land	1,191,661	704,064
Total	\$1,235,712	\$746,985
Amount of additional cash required to acquire land in accrued expenses	\$443	\$4,328

Amount of additional cash required to acquire land in accrued expenses \$443 \$4,328

In addition, the Company expects to purchase approximately 545 additional lots from a joint venture in which it has a 50% interest. The purchase price of the lots will be determined at a future date.

At April 30, 2013, the Company also had purchase commitments to acquire land for apartment developments of approximately \$63.1 million, of which we had outstanding deposits in the amount of \$1.5 million.

The Company has additional land parcels under option that have been excluded from the aforementioned aggregate purchase amounts since it does not believe that it will complete the purchase of these land parcels and no additional funds will be required from the Company to terminate these contracts.

Surety Bonds and Letters of Credit

At April 30, 2013, the Company had outstanding surety bonds amounting to \$410.8 million, primarily related to its obligations to various governmental entities to construct improvements in the Company's various communities. The Company estimates that \$257.3 million of work remains on these improvements. The Company has an additional \$58.6 million of surety bonds outstanding that guarantee other obligations of the Company. The Company believes it is not probable that any outstanding bonds will be drawn upon.

At April 30, 2013, the Company had outstanding letters of credit of \$79.9 million, including \$67.1 million under its credit facility and \$12.8 million collateralized by restricted cash. These letters of credit were issued to secure various financial obligations of the Company including insurance policy deductibles and other claims, land deposits and security to complete improvements in communities which it is operating. The Company believes it is not probable that any outstanding letters of credit will be drawn upon.

Backlog

At April 30, 2013, the Company had agreements of sale outstanding to deliver 3,655 homes with an aggregate sales value of \$2.53 billion.

Mortgage Commitments

The Company's mortgage subsidiary provides mortgage financing for a portion of the Company's home closings. For those home buyers to whom the Company's mortgage subsidiary provides mortgages, it determines whether the home buyer qualifies for the mortgage he or she is seeking based upon information provided by the home buyer and other sources. For those home buyers that qualify, the Company's mortgage subsidiary provides the home buyer with a mortgage commitment that specifies the terms and conditions of a proposed mortgage loan based upon then-current market conditions. Prior to the actual closing of the home and funding of the mortgage, the home buyer will lock in an interest rate based upon the terms of the commitment. At the time of rate lock, the Company's mortgage subsidiary agrees to sell the proposed mortgage loan to one of several outside recognized mortgage financing institutions ("investors") that is willing to honor the terms and conditions, including interest rate, committed to the home buyer. The Company believes that these investors have adequate financial resources to honor their commitments to its mortgage subsidiary.

Information regarding the Company's mortgage commitments, as of the date indicated, is provided in the table below (amounts in thousands):

	April 30, 2013	October 31, 2012
Aggregate mortgage loan commitments:		
IRLCs	\$167,588	\$111,173
Non-IRLCs	649,659	456,825
Total	\$817,247	\$567,998
Investor commitments to purchase:		
IRLCs	\$167,588	\$111,173
Mortgage loans receivable	61,202	80,697
Total	\$228,790	\$191,870

16. Geographic Segments

Revenue and income (loss) before income taxes for each of the Company's geographic segments, for the periods indicated, were as follows (amounts in thousands):

	Six months ended April 30,		Three months end	ded April 30,
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Revenue:				
North	\$196,950	\$186,733	\$104,280	\$111,153
Mid-Atlantic	279,697	204,405	147,546	103,606
South	222,742	158,834	135,557	82,368
West	241,216	145,664	128,621	76,554
Total	\$940,605	\$695,636	\$516,004	\$373,681
Income (loss) before income taxes:				
North	\$14,757	\$17,705	\$7,495	\$16,672
Mid-Atlantic	33,575	18,804	18,480	7,729
South	16,895	3,988	14,170	6,213
West	21,055	8,166	13,008	2,697
Corporate and other	(36,988) (39,422) (12,185	(17,662)
Total	\$49,294	\$9,241	\$40,968	\$15,649

[&]quot;Corporate and other" is comprised principally of general corporate expenses such as the offices of the Executive Officers of the Company and the corporate finance, accounting, audit, tax, human resources, risk management, marketing and legal groups; interest income and income from certain of the Company's ancillary businesses, including Gibraltar; and income from a number of the Company's unconsolidated entities.

Total assets for each of the Company's geographic segments, as of the date indicated, are shown in the table below (amounts in thousands).

	April 30,	October 31,
	2013	2012
North	\$1,474,653	\$1,205,900
Mid-Atlantic	1,401,122	1,304,798
South	930,790	821,001
West	1,068,681	913,699
Corporate and other	1,683,359	1,935,646
Total	\$6,558,605	\$6,181,044

Corporate and other is comprised principally of cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities, restricted cash, the assets of the Company's manufacturing facilities and mortgage subsidiary, and its Gibraltar investments.

The Company provided for inventory impairment charges and the expensing of costs that it believed not to be recoverable and write-downs of investments in unconsolidated entities (including the Company's pro-rata share of impairment charges recognized by the unconsolidated entities in which it has an investment) and recoveries of prior charges for the periods indicated, as shown in the table below; the net carrying value of inventory and investments in and advances to unconsolidated entities for each of the Company's geographic segments, as of the dates indicated, are also shown in the table below (amounts in thousands):

also shown in the table below (almou	Net Carrying	,	Impairment	S						
	At April 30,	At October 31,	Six months 30,	ended April	Three mont April 30,	hs ended				
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012				
Inventory:										
Land controlled for future										
communities:										
North	\$19,676	\$13,196	\$799	\$(996)	\$712	\$(1,020)				
Mid-Atlantic	25,635	27,249	17	680	1	482				
South	7,749	7,724	361	569	5	13				
West	9,143	8,131	(479)	(28)	(29)	(27)				
	62,203	56,300	698	225	689	(552)				
Land owned for future communities:										
North	319,380	226,082								
Mid-Atlantic	378,386	431,620								
South	133,888	141,644		918						
West	251,596	241,027								
	1,083,250	1,040,373		918						
Operating communities:										
North	955,651	803,085	840	2,725	340	460				
Mid-Atlantic	885,905	729,739		2,100		2,100				
South	709,255	603,239		4,160		•				
West	670,953	528,451	200							
	3,221,764	2,664,514	1,040	8,985	340	2,560				
Total	\$4,367,217	\$3,761,187	\$1,738	\$10,128	\$1,029	\$2,008				
Investments in and advances to										
unconsolidated entities:										
North	\$166,210	\$142,213								
South	46,181	31,252								
West	108,511	116,452		(1,621)		(1,621)				
Corporate	36,630	40,700								
Total	\$357,532	\$330,617	\$ —	\$(1,621)	\$ —	\$(1,621)				
27										

17. Supplemental Disclosure to Statements of Cash Flows

The following are supplemental disclosures to the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the six months ended April 30, 2013 and 2012 (amounts in thousands):

the control of the co	2013		2012	
Cash flow information:	2013		2012	
Interest paid, net of amount capitalized	\$8,947		\$1,771	
Income tax payment	\$1,107		\$2,234	
Income tax refunds	\$1,156			
Non-cash activity:				
Cost of inventory acquired through seller financing or municipal bonds, net	\$26,566		\$15,424	
Financed portion of land sale	\$7,200			
Reduction in inventory for Company's share of earnings in land purchased from unconsolidated entities	\$(1,327)	\$(75)
Defined benefit plan amendment	\$519		\$310	
Increase in accrued expenses related to Stock Price-Based RSUs paid	\$2,942			
Increase (reduction) of investments in unconsolidated entities due to reduction/increase in letters of credit or accrued liabilities	\$49		\$(484)
Transfer of inventory to investment in distressed loans and foreclosed real estate			\$802	
Transfer of inventory to investment in unconsolidated entities	\$27,631		\$5,793	
Reclassification of deferred income from investment in unconsolidated entities to	\$27,031		Φ3,193	
accrued liabilities			\$2,943	
Unrealized gain (loss) on derivative held by equity investee	\$23		\$(728)
Increase in investments in unconsolidated entities for change in the fair value of debt guarantees	\$1,291			
Miscellaneous increases (decreases) to investments in unconsolidated entities	\$64		\$(130)
Acquisition of Business:	Ψ 0 .		Ψ(100	,
Fair value of assets purchased			\$149,959	
Liabilities assumed			\$5,213	
Cash paid			\$144,746	
10.0			-	

18. Supplemental Guarantor Information

A 100% owned subsidiary of the Company, Toll Brothers Finance Corp. (the "Subsidiary Issuer"), has issued the following Senior Notes (amounts in thousands):

	Original Amount Issued	Amount outstanding at April 30, 2013
5.95% Senior Notes due 2013	\$250,000	\$104,785
4.95% Senior Notes due 2014	\$300,000	\$267,960
5.15% Senior Notes due 2015	\$300,000	\$300,000
8.91% Senior Notes due 2017	\$400,000	\$400,000
6.75% Senior Notes due 2019	\$250,000	\$250,000
5.875% Senior Notes due 2022	\$419,876	\$419,876
4.375% Senior Notes due 2023	\$300,000	\$300,000
0.5% Exchangeable Senior Notes due 2032	\$287,500	\$287,500

The obligations of the Subsidiary Issuer to pay principal, premiums, if any, and interest is guaranteed jointly and severally on a senior basis by the Company and substantially all of the Company's 100% owned home building subsidiaries (the "Guarantor Subsidiaries"). The guarantees are full and unconditional. The Company's non-home building subsidiaries and several of its home building subsidiaries (the "Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries") do not guarantee the debt. The Subsidiary Issuer generates no

operating revenues and does not have any independent operations other the financing of other subsidiaries of the Company by lending the proceeds from the above described debt issuances.

As of April 30, 2013, certain Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries became Guarantor Subsidiaries. This change in status has been retrospectively reflected in the accompanying condensed consolidating financial statements.

Separate financial statements and other disclosures concerning the Guarantor Subsidiaries are not presented because management has determined that such disclosures would not be material to investors.

The condensed consolidating financial statements have been revised in order to (i) reflect the transfer of the balance sheet, statements of operations and cash flows of certain non-guarantor subsidiaries to guarantor subsidiaries as a result of such entities becoming guarantor subsidiaries as of April 30, 2013 and the reclassification of guarantor and non-guarantor intercompany advances and equity balances with corresponding offsets in the elimination column and (ii) revise the presentation of cash flows from operating activities, financing activities and investing activities in the condensed consolidating statements of cash flows for the six-month period ended April 30, 2012 to reflect intercompany activity, which had previously been included in cash flow from operating activities, as cash flow from investing activities and cash flow from financing activities.

This revised presentation has no impact or effect on Toll Brothers, Inc.'s condensed consolidated financial statements for any period presented, including the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, Statements of Operations, Statements of Comprehensive Income, or Statements of Cash Flows.

Summary financial information related to the transfer of certain Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries to Guarantor Subsidiaries and the reclassification of guarantor and non-guarantor intercompany advances and equity balances, resulting in a decrease in Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries amounts, is presented below (amounts in thousands).

				April 30,	October 31,	
				2013	2012	
Inventory				\$214,313	\$168,218	
Investments in and advances to unconsolidated	entities			\$103,871	\$110,014	
Total assets				\$327,574	\$282,638	
Loans payable				\$14,576	\$30,424	
Intercompany advances			\$303,879	\$253,550		
Total liabilities		\$333,865	\$291,990			
Equity				\$(6,291	\$(9,352))
	Six months end	ed April 30,		nded April 30,		
	2013	2012		2013	2012	
Revenue	\$24,316	\$ —		\$13,872	\$ —	
Operating income	\$2,930	\$(673)	\$1,937	\$(428)
Income before income taxes	\$5,030	\$958		\$4,027	\$1,187	

Following is a reconciliation of the amounts previously reported to the reclassified amounts as stated in the following components of the revised condensed consolidating statements of cash flows for the six-month period ended April 30, 2012.

2012.	As Previously Reported	Reclassification of intercompany activity	Change in status from Non-Guarantor to Guarantor	As Reclassified		
Cash flow (used in) provided by operating activities: Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities: Toll Brothers, Inc. Subsidiary Issuer		\$(9,460) \$300,492	\$— \$—	\$(26,365 \$4,265)	
Guarantor Subsidiaries Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries Elimination	\$(61,438) \$101,711 \$—	\$(8,953)	\$95,972 \$(94,191) \$—	\$(234,351 \$(1,433 \$(13,194)	
Cash flow (used in) provided by investing activities: Intercompany advances Toll Brothers, Inc. Subsidiary Issuer Guarantor Subsidiaries Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries Elimination	\$— \$— \$— \$—	\$9,460 \$(300,492) \$— \$—	\$— \$— \$— \$—	\$— \$—)	
Elimination Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities Toll Brothers, Inc. Subsidiary Issuer Guarantor Subsidiaries Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries Elimination		\$9,460 \$(300,492) \$— \$— \$291,032	\$— \$— \$(1,602) \$(179) \$—	\$(59,872)	
Cash flow provided by (used in) financing activities: Intercompany advances Toll Brothers, Inc. Subsidiary Issuer Guarantor Subsidiaries Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries Elimination	\$— \$— \$— \$— \$—	\$— \$— \$268,885 \$8,953 \$(277,838)	\$— \$— \$(95,552) \$95,552 \$—	\$— \$— \$173,333 \$104,505 \$(277,838))	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities Toll Brothers, Inc. Subsidiary Issuer Guarantor Subsidiaries Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	\$16,905 \$296,227 \$(17,074) \$(12,543)	\$— \$— \$268,885 \$8,953	\$— \$— \$(96,083) \$96,083	\$16,905 \$296,227 \$155,728 \$92,493		

Elimination \$— \$(277,838) \$— \$(277,838)

Supplemental consolidating financial information of Toll Brothers, Inc., the Subsidiary Issuer, the Guarantor Subsidiaries, the Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries and the eliminations to arrive at Toll Brothers, Inc. on a consolidated basis is presented below (\$ amounts in thousands).

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet at April 30, 2013:

	Toll Brothers, Inc.	Subsidiary Issuer	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Restricted cash Inventory	15,134	_	608,939 192,562 17,198 4,304,896	94,162 40,337 1,469 62,321	_	703,101 232,899 33,801 4,367,217
Property, construction and office equipment, net			110,624	14,665		125,289
Receivables, prepaid expenses and other assets	76	16,363	87,111	82,416	(20,221)	165,745
Mortgage loans held for sale Customer deposits held in escrow			45,304	66,538		66,538 45,304
Investments in and advances to unconsolidated entities			183,475	174,057		357,532
Investments in distressed loans Investments in foreclosed real estate				48,707 71,458		48,707 71,458
Investments in and advances to consolidated entities	2,894,431	2,334,391	4,740		(5,233,562)	_
Deferred tax assets, net of valuation allowances	341,014					341,014
anowances	3,250,655	2,350,754	5,554,849	656,130	(5,253,783)	6,558,605
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Liabilities:	-,	_,,	2,02 1,0 12	,	(-,,	2,222,222
Loans payable Senior notes Mortgage company warehouse loan		2,278,941	96,572	58,526	43,456	96,572 2,322,397 58,526
Customer deposits			205,821			205,821
Accounts payable		26 527	149,383	218	(20.269	149,601
Accrued expenses Advances from consolidated entities		26,527	327,662 1,573,146	135,412 427,742	(20,368) (2,000,888)	469,233
Income taxes payable	84,157		1,0 ,0,1 .0	,,,	(=,000,000)	84,157
Total liabilities	84,157	2,305,468	2,352,584	621,898	(1,977,800)	3,386,307
Equity:						
Stockholders' equity: Common stock	1,693		48	3,006	(3,054)	1,693
Additional paid-in capital	418,844	49,400	40	1,734	(51,134)	418,844
Retained earnings	2,750,503	(4,114)	3,202,547	23,362	(3,221,795)	2,750,503
Treasury stock, at cost	(78)	,	, ,	,	, , ,	(78)
Accumulated other comprehensive	(4,464)		(330)	(67)		(4,861)
loss Total stackholdere' aguitu		15 206	,		(2 275 002 \	
Total stockholders' equity Noncontrolling interest	3,166,498	45,286	3,202,265	28,035 6,197	(3,275,983)	3,166,101 6,197
Total equity	3,166,498	45,286	3,202,265	34,232	(3,275,983)	3,172,298

3,250,655 2,350,754 5,554,849 656,130 (5,253,783) 6,558,605

Revised Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet at October 31, 2012:

The first constant of	Toll Brothers, Inc.	Subsidiary Issuer	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Restricted cash Inventory		_	712,024 378,858 17,561 3,695,895	66,800 60,210 1,447 65,292	_	778,824 439,068 47,276 3,761,187
Property, construction and office equipment, net			106,963	3,008		109,971
Receivables, prepaid expenses and other assets	134	15,130	80,932	64,543	(16,181)	144,558
Mortgage loans held for sale Customer deposits held in escrow			27,312	86,386 2,267		86,386 29,579
Investments in and advances to unconsolidated entities			180,159	150,458		330,617
Investments in distressed loans Investments in foreclosed real estate				37,169 58,353		37,169 58,353
Investments in and advances to consolidated entities	2,816,607	2,092,810	4,740		(4,914,157)	_
Deferred tax assets, net of valuation allowances	358,056					358,056
	3,203,065	2,107,940	5,204,444	595,933	(4,930,338)	6,181,044
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
Liabilities: Loans payable			99,817			99,817
Senior notes		2,032,335	99,617		48,128	2,080,463
Mortgage company warehouse loan		2,032,333		72,664	10,120	72,664
Customer deposits			142,919	58		142,977
Accounts payable			99,889	22		99,911
Accrued expenses		27,476	344,555	115,922	(11,603)	476,350
Advances from consolidated entities			1,342,213	378,946	(1,721,159)	_
Income taxes payable	80,991					80,991
Total liabilities	80,991	2,059,811	2,029,393	567,612	(1,684,634)	3,053,173
Equity:						
Stockholders' equity:	1 607		40	2.006	(2.054	1 607
Common stock	1,687 404,418	49,400	48	3,006 1,734	(3,054) (51,134)	1,687 404,418
Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings	2,721,397	(1,271)	3,175,370	17,417	(3,191,516)	2,721,397
Treasury stock, at cost	(983)	(1,2/1)	3,173,370	17,717	(3,171,310)	(983)
Accumulated other comprehensive	,		(2.67	47		·
loss	(4,445)		(367)	(7)		(4,819)
Total stockholders' equity Noncontrolling interest	3,122,074	48,129	3,175,051	22,150 6,171	(3,245,704)	3,121,700 6,171
Total equity	3,122,074	48,129	3,175,051	28,321	(3,245,704)	3,127,871
	3,203,065	2,107,940	5,204,444	595,933	(4,930,338)	6,181,044

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the six months ended April 30, 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Toll		Subsidiary		Guarantor	Non-					
	Brothers,		_	y		Guarantor	Guarantor Eliminations Subsidiaries		Consolidated		
	Inc.		Issuer		Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries					
Revenues					953,625	35,383	(48,403)	940,605		
Cost of revenues					772,981	9,935	(16,966)	765,950		
Selling, general and administrative	61		1,402		170,586	21,057	(35,509)	157,597		
	61		1,402		943,567	30,992	(52,475)	923,547		
Income (loss) from operations	(61)	(1,402)	10,058	4,391	4,072		17,058		
Other:											
Income from unconsolidated entities					5,040	3,036			8,076		
Other income - net	4,685				24,472	2,567	(7,564)	24,160		
Intercompany interest income			60,060				(60,060)			
Interest expense			(63,330)		(222)	63,552				
Income from subsidiaries	44,670				5,100		(49,770)			
Income (loss) before income taxes	49,294		(4,672)	44,670	9,772	(49,770)	49,294		
Income tax provision (benefit)	20,188		(1,830)	17,493	3,827	(19,490)	20,188		
Net income (loss)	29,106		(2,842)	27,177	5,945	(30,280)	29,106		
Other comprehensive (loss) income	(18)			36	(60)			(42)		
Total comprehensive income (loss)	29,088		(2,842)	27,213	5,885	(30,280)	29,064		

Revised Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the six months ended April 30, 2012 (\$ in thousands):

enaca ripini so, 2012 (\$\phi\$ in thousands).	Toll Brothers, Inc.	Subsidiary Issuer	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries		s Consolidated
Revenues			711,351	25,622	(41,337)	695,636
Cost of revenues			581,320	2,744	(5,635)	578,429
Selling, general and administrative	27	1,782	149,441	18,961	(32,318)	137,893
	27	1,782	730,761	21,705	(37,953)	716,322
Loss from operations	(27)	(1,782	(19,410)	3,917	(3,384)	(20,686)
Other:						
Income from unconsolidated entities			10,803	2,873		13,676
Other income - net	20		7,594	3,471	5,166	16,251
Intercompany interest income		57,891			(57,891)	
Interest expense		(56,109)		56,109	
Income from subsidiaries	9,248		10,261		(19,509)	
Income before income taxes	9,241		9,248	10,261	(19,509)	9,241
Income tax benefit	(4,845)		(4,849)	(5,380)	10,229	(4,845)
Net income	14,086		14,097	15,641	(29,738)	14,086
Other comprehensive (loss) income	92		(534)	(38)		(480)
Total comprehensive income	14,178	_	13,563	15,603	(29,738)	13,606

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the three months ended April 30, 2013 (\$ in thousands):

	Toll		Subsidiary		Guarantor	Non-					
	Brothers,	_	_	у	Subsidiaries	Guarantor	Eliminations Consolid				
	Inc.	J	Issuer		Substaties	Subsidiaries					
Revenues					523,403	20,337	(27,736)	516,004		
Cost of revenues					424,278	5,704	(9,969)	420,013		
Selling, general and administrative	45	,	715		86,079	10,916	(18,205)	79,550		
	45	•	715		510,357	16,620	(28,174)	499,563		
Income (loss) from operations	(45) ((715)	13,046	3,717	438		16,441		
Other:											
Income from unconsolidated entities					3,890	1,103			4,993		
Other income - net	2,299				18,477	833	(2,075)	19,534		
Intercompany interest income		2	30,333				(30,333)	_		
Interest expense		((31,908)		(62)	31,970		_		
Income from subsidiaries	38,714				3,301		(42,015)	_		
Income (loss) before income taxes	40,968	((2,290)	38,714	5,591	(42,015)	40,968		
Income tax provision (benefit)	16,294	((897)	15,160	2,189	(16,452)	16,294		
Net income (loss)	24,674	((1,393)	23,554	3,402	(25,563)	24,674		
Other comprehensive (loss) income	155				(189)	(24)			(58)		
Total comprehensive income (loss)	24,829	((1,393)	23,365	3,378	(25,563)	24,616		

Revised Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the three months ended April 30, 2012 (\$ in thousands):

	Toll Brothers, Inc.		Subsidiar Issuer	У	Guaranto: Subsidiar		Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries		ons	Consolida	ated
Revenues					383,659		13,236	(23,214)	373,681	
Cost of revenues					308,436		824	(2,439)	306,821	
Selling, general and administrative	14		1,304		75,909		9,687	(18,658)	68,256	
	14		1,304		384,345		10,511	(21,097)	375,077	
(Loss) income from operations	(14)	(1,304)	(686)	2,725	(2,117)	(1,396)
Other:											
Income from unconsolidated entities					5,574		1,415			6,989	
Other income - net	13				4,614		2,678	2,751		10,056	
Intercompany interest income			32,127					(32,127)		
Interest expense			(30,823)				30,823			
Income from subsidiaries	15,650				6,148			(21,798)		
Income before income taxes	15,649				15,650		6,818	(22,468)	15,649	
Income tax benefit	(1,223)			(1,231)	(7,326)	8,557		(1,223)
Net income	16,872				16,881		14,144	(31,025)	16,872	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	201				18		(38)			181	
Total comprehensive income	17,073		_		16,899		14,106	(31,025)	17,053	

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows for the six months ended April 30, 2013 (\$ in thousands):

Condensed Consolidating Statement of C	Toll Brothers,		Subsidiary Issuer			Non- Guarantor	Elimination	Consolidated	
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	Inc. 45,380		2,599	(484,680)	Subsidiaries 3,688	(12,395)	(445,408)
Cash flow provided by (used in) investing activities:									
Purchase of property and equipment - ne Purchase of marketable securities	t			(8,588 (25,938	-	(11,676) (10,224)		(20,264 (36,162)
Sale and redemption of marketable securities				209,484		30,000		239,484	
Investments in and advances to unconsolidated entities Return of investments in unconsolidated				(21,637)	(10,357)		(31,994)
entities Investments in distressed loans and				23,437		11,249		34,686	
foreclosed real estate Return of investments in distressed loans						(26,155)		(26,155)
and foreclosed real estate Intercompany advances)	(241,581)			6,114	295,213	6,114	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities			(241,581)	176,758		(11,049)	295,213	165,709	
Cash flow provided by (used in) financing activities:									
Net proceeds from issuance of senior notes			298,050					298,050	
Proceeds from loans payable Principal payments of loans payable Redemption of senior notes Proceeds from stock-based benefit plans	8,430		(59,068)	(29,153)	501,884 (516,022)		501,884 (545,175 (59,068 8,430)
Receipts related to non-controlling interest						33		33	
Purchase of treasury stock Intercompany advances Net cash provided by financing activities)	238,982	233,990 204,837		48,828 34,723	(282,818) (282,818)	(178 — 203,976)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	_		_	(103,085)	27,362	_	(75,723)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period			_	712,024		66,800	_	778,824	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period			_	608,939		94,162	_	703,101	
35									

Revised Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows for the six months ended April 30, 2012 (\$ in thousands):

Revised Condensed Consolidating Staten	Toll Brothers, Inc.	Subsidiary Issuer	Guarantor Subsidiaries Nor Gua		Non-		Eliminations			
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities Cash flow (used in) provided by	(26,365)	4,265	(234,351)	(1,433)	(13,194)		(271,078)
investing activities: Purchase of property and equipment — n Purchase of marketable securities Sale and redemption of marketable	et		(6,487 (117,781 189,716		(41 (60,052)			(6,528 (177,833 189,716)
securities Investments in and advances to unconsolidated entities Return of investments in unconsolidated			(1,142)	(73,866)			(75,008)
entities Investments in distressed loans and foreclosed real estate			20,568		(27,490)			20,568 (27,490)
Return of investments in distressed loans and foreclosed real estate Acquisition of a business Intercompany advances	9,460	(300,492)	(144,746)	11,582		291,032		11,582 (144,746 —)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities Cash flow provided by (used in)	9,460	(300,492)	(59,872)	(149,867)	•		(209,739)
financing activities: Net proceeds from issuance of senior notes		296,227			400,092				296,227	
Proceeds from loans payable Principal payments of loans payable Proceeds from stock-based benefit plans Purchase of treasury stock	17,189 (284)		(17,605)	(412,104)			400,092 (429,709 17,189 (284)
Intercompany advances Net cash provided by financing activities Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	16,905	296,227 —	173,333 155,728 (138,495)	104,505 92,493 (58,807)	(277,838) (277,838) —))
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	_	_ _	777,013 638,518		129,327 70,520		_		906,340 709,038	
36										

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS ("MD&A")

This discussion and analysis is based on, should be read with, and is qualified in its entirety by, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes, as well as our consolidated financial statements, notes thereto, and the related Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations as contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2012. It also should be read in conjunction with the disclosure under "Statement on Forward-Looking Information" in this report. Unless otherwise stated, net contracts signed represents a number or value equal to the gross number or value of contracts signed during the relevant period, less the number or value of contracts canceled during the relevant period, which includes contracts that were signed during the relevant period and in prior periods.

OVERVIEW

Financial Highlights

In the six-month period ended April 30, 2013, we recognized \$940.6 million of revenues and net income of \$29.1 million, as compared to \$695.6 million of revenues and net income of \$14.1 million in the six-month period ended April 30, 2012. Fiscal 2013 six-month income before income taxes included \$13.2 million of income recognized from the settlement of the previously disclosed derivative litigation, offset, in part, by \$1.7 million of inventory impairments and write-offs. Fiscal 2012 six-month income before income taxes included \$10.1 million of inventory impairments and write-offs and a recovery of \$1.6 million of previously incurred charges related to our investments in unconsolidated entities. During the fiscal 2013 six-month period, we recognized an income tax provision of \$20.2 million, as compared to an income tax benefit of \$4.8 million in the fiscal 2012 period.

In the three-month period ended April 30, 2013, we recognized \$516.0 million of revenues and net income of \$24.7 million, as compared to \$373.7 million of revenues and net income of \$16.9 million in the three-month period ended April 30, 2012. Fiscal 2013 three-month income before income taxes included \$13.2 million of income recognized from the settlement of the previously disclosed derivative litigation, offset, in part, by \$1.0 million of inventory impairments and write-offs. Fiscal 2012 three-month income before income taxes included \$2.0 million of inventory impairments and write-offs and a recovery of \$1.6 million of previously incurred charges related to our investments in unconsolidated entities. During the fiscal 2013 three-month period, we recognized an income tax provision of \$16.3 million, as compared to an income tax benefit of \$1.2 million in the fiscal 2012 period.

Our Business Environment and Current Outlook

In fiscal 2012, the housing market began to recover from the significant slowdown that started in the fourth quarter of our fiscal year ended October 31, 2005. The recovery has continued to date in fiscal 2013.

During fiscal 2012, we, and many of the other public home builders, saw a strong recovery in the number of new sales contracts signed. Our net contracts signed in fiscal 2012, as compared to fiscal 2011, increased nearly 50% in the number of net contracts signed and 59% in the value of net contracts signed. In the six-month period ended April 30, 2013, net contracts signed increased 40.4% in units and 50.3% in value, as compared to the same period in fiscal 2012.

We believe that, as the unemployment rate has declined and confidence has improved, pent-up demand has begun to be released. We believe many of our target customers generally have remained employed during this downturn; however, we believe many deferred their home buying decisions because of concerns over the direction of the economy, the direction of home prices, and their ability to sell their existing home. Additionally, rising home prices, reduced inventory, and low mortgage rates have resulted in increased demand, although still below historical levels. We believe that the key to a full recovery in our business depends on these factors as well as a sustained stabilization of financial markets and the economy in general.

We believe that the demographics of the move-up, empty-nester, active-adult, age-qualified and second-home upscale markets will provide us with the potential for growth in the coming decade. According to the U.S. Census Bureau, the number of households earning \$100,000 or more (in constant 2011 dollars) at September 2012 stood at 25.4 million, or approximately 17.3% of all U.S. households. This group has grown at three times the rate of increase of all U.S. households since 1980. According to Harvard University's June 2012 "The State of the Nation's Housing," the growth

and aging of the current population, assuming the economic recovery is sustained over the next few years, supports the addition of about one million new household formations per year during the next decade.

According to the U.S. Census Bureau, during the period 1970 through 2007, total housing starts in the United States averaged approximately 1.26 million per year, while in the period 2008 through 2012, total housing starts averaged approximately 0.69 million per year. Total annualized housing starts in April 2013 were approximately 0.85 million. In addition, based on the trend of household formations in relation to population growth during the period 2000 through 2007, the number of households formed in the four-year period of 2008 through 2011 was approximately 2.3 million fewer than would have been expected.

In many markets, the pipeline of approved and improved home sites has dwindled as builders and developers have lacked both the capital and the economic benefit for bringing sites through approvals. Therefore, we believe that as demand continues to strengthen, builders and developers with approved land in well-located markets will benefit. We believe that this will be particularly true for us because our land portfolio is heavily weighted in the metro-Washington, DC to metro-Boston corridor where land is scarce, approvals are more difficult to obtain and overbuilding has been relatively less prevalent than in the Southeast and Western regions.

We continue to believe that many of our communities are in desirable locations that are difficult to replace and in markets where approvals have been increasingly difficult to achieve. We believe that many of these communities have substantial embedded value that may be realized in the future as the housing recovery strengthens.

Competitive Landscape

Based on our experience during prior downturns in the housing industry, we believe that attractive land acquisition opportunities arise in difficult times for those builders that have the financial strength to take advantage of them. In the current environment, we believe our strong balance sheet, liquidity, access to capital, broad geographic presence, diversified product line, experienced personnel and national brand name all position us well for such opportunities now and in the future.

We believe that many of the small and mid-sized private builders that had been our primary competitors in the luxury market are no longer in business and that access to capital by the remaining private builders is severely constrained. While some of these private builders may emerge with new capital, the scarcity of attractive land is a further impediment to their competitiveness.

We believe that geographic and product diversification, access to lower-cost capital and strong demographics benefit those builders, like us, who can control land and persevere through the increasingly difficult regulatory approval process; these factors favor a large publicly traded home building company with the capital and expertise to control home sites and gain market share. We also believe that during the recent prolonged downturn, many builders and land developers reduced the number of home sites that were taken through the approval process. The process continues to be difficult and lengthy, and the political pressure from no-growth proponents continues to increase, but we believe our expertise in taking land through the approval process and our already-approved land positions will allow us to grow in the years to come as market conditions improve.

Land Acquisition and Development

Because of the length of time that it takes to obtain the necessary approvals on a property, complete the land improvements on it, and deliver a home after a home buyer signs an agreement of sale, we are subject to many risks. In certain cases, we attempt to reduce some of these risks by utilizing one or more of the following methods: controlling land for future development through options (also referred to herein as "land purchase contracts" or "option and purchase agreements"), thus allowing the necessary governmental approvals to be obtained before acquiring title to the land; by generally commencing construction of a detached home only after executing an agreement of sale and receiving a substantial down payment from the buyer; and by using subcontractors to perform home construction and land development work on a fixed-price basis.

Based on our belief that the housing market has begun to recover, the increased attractiveness of land available for purchase and the revival of demand in certain areas, we have begun to increase our land positions. During fiscal 2012, the six-month period ended April 30, 2013 and the three-month period ended April 30, 2013, we acquired control of approximately 6,100 home sites (net of options terminated), 6,500 home sites (net of options terminated) and 2,400 home sites (net of options terminated), respectively. At April 30, 2013, we controlled approximately 45,200 home sites of which we owned approximately 33,100. Of these 33,100 home sites, significant improvements were completed on approximately 12,200. At April 30, 2013 and 2012, we were selling from 225 and 230 communities,

respectively. At October 31, 2012, we were selling from 224 communities, compared to 215 communities at October 31, 2011. During the six-month period ended April 30, 2013, we opened 36 new communities for sale and sold out of 35 communities.

We expect to open approximately 50 communities for sale in the six-month period ending October 31, 2013. We expect to be selling from 225 to 255 communities at October 31, 2013. At April 30, 2013, we had 45 communities that were temporarily closed due to market conditions and 26 communities for which we had acquired the land but have temporarily decided not to open.

Diversification

Based on our experience, our land acquisition/development, and construction expertise and our financial and marketing strength, we acquired control of a number of land parcels for for-rent apartment projects, including two student housing sites, totaling approximately 4,550 units. These projects, which are located in the metro-Boston to metro-Washington, D.C. corridor and which we are currently developing or expect to develop in partnership structures over the next several years, should start generating revenues beginning in 2015. A number of these sites had been acquired by us as part of a larger purchase or were originally acquired to develop as for-sale homes. Of the 4,550 planned units, 1,200 are owned by joint ventures in which we have a 50% interest; approximately 1,525 are owned by us; 1,175 of them are under contract; and 650 of them are under letters of intent. We currently own through Toll Brothers Realty Trust and Toll Brothers Realty Trust II interests in approximately 1,500 apartment units in the Washington, D.C. area and Princeton Junction, NJ.

Availability of Customer Mortgage Financing

We maintain relationships with a widely diversified group of mortgage financial institutions, many of which are among the largest and, we believe, most reliable in the industry. We believe that regional and community banks continue to recognize the long-term value in creating relationships with high-quality, affluent customers such as our home buyers, and these banks continue to provide such customers with financing.

We believe that our home buyers generally are, and should continue to be, better able to secure mortgages due to their typically lower loan-to-value ratios and attractive credit profiles as compared to the average home buyer. Nevertheless, in recent years, tightened credit standards have shrunk the pool of potential home buyers and hindered accessibility of or eliminated certain loan products previously available to our home buyers. Our home buyers continue to face stricter mortgage underwriting guidelines, higher down payment requirements and narrower appraisal guidelines than in the past. In addition, some of our home buyers continue to find it more difficult to sell their existing homes as prospective buyers of their homes may face difficulties obtaining a mortgage. In addition, other potential buyers may have little or negative equity in their existing homes and may not be able or willing to purchase a larger or more expensive home.

While the range of mortgage products available to a potential home buyer is not what it was in the period 2005 through 2007, we have seen improvements over the past two years. Indications from industry participants, including commercial banks, mortgage banks, mortgage real estate investment trusts and mortgage insurance companies are that availability, parameters and pricing of jumbo loans are all improving. We believe that improvement should not only enhance financing alternatives for existing jumbo buyers, but also help to offset the reduction in Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac-eligible loan amounts in some markets. Based on the mortgages provided by our mortgage subsidiary, we do not expect the change in the Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac-eligible loan amounts to have a significant impact on our business. There has been significant media attention given to mortgage put-backs, a practice by which a buyer of a mortgage loan tries to recoup losses from the loan originator. We do not believe this is a material issue for our mortgage subsidiary. Of the approximately 16,500 loans sold by our mortgage subsidiary since November 1, 2004, only 37 have been the subject of either actual indemnification payments or take-backs or contingent liability loss provisions related thereto. We believe that this is due to (i) our typical home buyer's financial position and sophistication; (ii) on average, our home buyers who use mortgage financing to purchase a home pay approximately 30% of the purchase price in cash; (iii) our general practice of not originating certain loan types such as option adjustable rate mortgages and down payment assistance products, and our origination of few sub-prime and high loan-to-value/no documentation loans; (iv) our elimination of "early payment default" provisions from each of our agreements with our mortgage investors several years ago; and (v) the quality of our controls, processes and personnel in our mortgage subsidiary. The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act provides for a number of new requirements relating to residential mortgage lending practices, many of which are subject to further potential rulemaking. These include, among others, minimum standards for mortgages and related lender practices, the definitions and parameters of a Qualified Mortgage and a Qualified Residential Mortgage, future risk retention requirements, limitations on certain fees, prohibition of certain tying arrangements and remedies for borrowers in foreclosure proceedings in the event that a lender violates fee limitations or minimum standards. The ultimate effect of such provisions on lending institutions, including our mortgage subsidiary, will depend on the rules that are ultimately promulgated.

Gibraltar

We look for distressed real estate opportunities through our Gibraltar Capital and Asset Management LLC ("Gibraltar") wholly-owned subsidiary. Gibraltar selectively reviews a steady flow of new opportunities, including bank portfolios and other distressed real estate investments.

During the six-month period ended April 30, 2013, Gibraltar acquired four loans directly and invested in a loan participation for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$26.0 million. The loans are secured by retail shopping centers, residential land and golf courses located in seven states.

At April 30, 2013, Gibraltar had investments in distressed loans of approximately \$48.7 million, investments in foreclosed real estate of \$71.5 million and an investment in a structured asset joint venture of \$33.2 million. During the six-month periods ended April 30, 2013 and 2012, we recognized income of \$4.2 million and \$6.9 million from the Gibraltar operations, respectively, including its equity in the earnings from its investment in a structured asset joint venture. For the three-month periods ended April 30, 2013 and 2012, we recognized income of \$2.1 million and \$5.2 million, respectively.

CONTRACTS AND BACKLOG

The aggregate value of net contracts signed increased \$603.0 million or 50.3% in the six-month period ended April 30, 2013, as compared to the six-month period ended April 30, 2012. The value of net contracts signed was \$1.80 billion (2,726 homes) and \$1.20 billion (1,942 homes) in the six-month periods ended April 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The increase in the aggregate value of net contracts signed in the fiscal 2013 period, as compared to the fiscal 2012 period was the result of a 40.4% increase in the number of net contracts signed and a 7.1% increase in the average value of each contract signed. The increase in the number of net contracts signed was primarily due to an increase in demand for our homes in the fiscal 2013 period, as compared to the fiscal 2012 period. The increase in the average value of each contract signed was due primarily to a change in mix to more expensive product and/or areas in the fiscal 2013 period and increased prices and/or reduced incentives given on new contracts signed in the fiscal 2013 period. The contracts signed in the fiscal 2012 period includes 16 sales contracts signed at one of our luxury high-rise developments in the metro-New York market in the first quarter of fiscal 2012 which averaged approximately \$4.1 million each; excluding these contracts from net contracts signed, the average value of each contract signed in the fiscal 2013 period would have increased 12.3%, as compared to the fiscal 2012 period.

The aggregate value of net contracts signed increased \$433.3 million or 57.4% in the three-month period ended April 30, 2013, as compared to the three-month period ended April 30, 2012. The value of net contracts signed was \$1.19 billion (1,753 homes) and \$754.7 million (1,290 homes) in the three-month periods ended April 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The increase in the aggregate value of net contracts signed in the fiscal 2013 period, as compared to the fiscal 2012 period was the result of a 35.9% increase in the number of net contracts signed, and a 15.8% increase in the average value of each contract signed. The increase in the number of net contracts signed was primarily due to an increase in demand for our homes in the fiscal 2013 period, as compared to the fiscal 2012 period. The increase in the average value of each contract signed was due primarily to a change in mix to more expensive product and/or areas in the fiscal 2013 period and increased prices and/or reduced incentives given on new contracts signed in the fiscal 2013 period.

In the six-month and three-month periods ended April 30, 2013, home buyers canceled \$88.1 million (126 homes) and \$42.8 million (62 homes) of signed contracts, respectively. In the six-month period and three-month periods ended April 30, 2012, home buyers canceled \$43.9 million (75 homes) and \$18.3 million (32 homes) of signed contracts, respectively. The value and number of cancellations in the fiscal 2013 periods and 2012 periods were within our historical norms.

Backlog consists of homes under contract but not yet delivered to our home buyers. The value of our backlog at April 30, 2013 of \$2.53 billion (3,655 homes) increased 68.9%, as compared to our backlog at April 30, 2012 of \$1.50 billion (2,403 homes). Our backlog at October 31, 2012 and 2011 was \$1.67 billion (2,569 homes) and \$981.1 million (1,667 homes), respectively. The increase in the value of backlog at April 30, 2013, as compared to the backlog at April 30, 2012, was primarily attributable to the increase in the aggregate value of net contracts signed in the six-month period ended April 30, 2013, as compared to the six-month period ended April 30, 2012, and the higher backlog at October 31, 2012, as compared to the backlog at October 31, 2011, offset, in part, by the increase in the aggregate value of our deliveries in the six-month period of fiscal 2013, as compared to the aggregate value of deliveries in the six-month period of fiscal 2012.

For more information regarding revenues, net contracts signed and backlog by geographic segment, see "Geographic Segments" in this MD&A.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As disclosed in our annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2012, our most critical accounting policies relate to inventory, income taxes-valuation allowances and revenue and cost recognition. Since October 31, 2012, there have been no significant changes to those critical accounting policies.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We have investments in and advances to various unconsolidated entities. At April 30, 2013, we had investments in and advances to these entities of \$357.5 million, and were committed to invest or advance \$126.8 million to these entities if they

require additional funding. In addition, we have guaranteed approximately \$34.4 million of joint venture liabilities, including \$22.5 million of loan principal and interest guarantees, and approximat