

CAPITAL TRUST INC  
Form 10-Q  
May 06, 2008

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2008

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 1-14788

Capital Trust, Inc.  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland  
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

94-6181186  
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

410 Park Avenue, 14th Floor, New York, NY  
(Address of principal executive offices)

10022  
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (212) 655-0220

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

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The number of outstanding shares of the registrant's class A common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, as of May 5, 2008 was 21,705,355.

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Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Consolidated Balance Sheets  
March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007  
(in thousands, except per share data)

| Assets   | March 31,<br>2008<br>(unaudited) | December 31,<br>2007<br>(audited) |
|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents                        | \$ 122,528                       | \$ 25,829                         |
| Restricted cash                                  | 15,756                           | 5,696                             |
| Commercial mortgage backed securities            | 873,493                          | 876,864                           |
| Loans receivable                                 | 2,251,614                        | 2,257,563                         |
| Equity investment in unconsolidated subsidiaries | 905                              | 977                               |
| Deposits and other receivables                   | 3,541                            | 3,927                             |
| Accrued interest receivable                      | 14,281                           | 15,091                            |
| Deferred income taxes                            | 4,258                            | 3,659                             |
| Prepaid and other assets                         | 20,156                           | 21,876                            |
| <b>Total assets</b>                              | <b>\$ 3,306,532</b>              | <b>\$ 3,211,482</b>               |

**Liabilities & Shareholders' Equity**

**Liabilities:**

|   |                  |                  |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses       | \$ 29,623        | \$ 65,682        |
| Repurchase obligations                      | 910,049          | 911,857          |
| Collateralized debt obligations             | 1,187,904        | 1,192,299        |
| Senior unsecured credit facility            | 100,000          | 75,000           |
| Junior subordinated debentures              | 128,875          | 128,875          |
| Participations sold                         | 409,324          | 408,351          |
| Interest rate hedge liabilities             | 35,647           | 18,686           |
| Deferred origination fees and other revenue | 1,718            | 2,495            |
| <b>Total liabilities</b>                    | <b>2,803,140</b> | <b>2,803,245</b> |

**Shareholders' equity:**

Class A common stock \$0.01 par value 100,000 shares authorized, 21,284 and 17,166 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively ("class A common stock")

213

172

Restricted class A common stock \$0.01 par value, 410 and 424 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively ("restricted class A common stock" and together with class A common stock, "common stock")

4

4

Additional paid-in capital

541,405

426,113

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|  |              |              |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss       | (26,279)     | (8,684)      |
| Accumulated deficit                        | (11,951)     | (9,368)      |
| Total shareholders' equity                 | 503,392      | 408,237      |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$ 3,306,532 | \$ 3,211,482 |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Consolidated Statements of Income  
Three Months Ended March 31, 2008 and 2007  
(in thousands, except share and per share data)  
(unaudited)

|   | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |            |
|---|---------------------------------|------------|
|   | 2008                            | 2007       |
| Income from loans and other investments:                |                                 |            |
| Interest and related income                             | \$ 56,554                       | \$ 57,449  |
| Less: Interest and related expenses                     | 37,944                          | 36,100     |
| Income from loans and other investments,<br>net         | 18,610                          | 21,349     |
| Other revenues:   |                                 |            |
| Management fees   | 2,197                           | 749        |
| Incentive management fees                               | —                               | 962        |
| Servicing fees  | 178                             | 67         |
| Other interest income                                   | 188                             | 311        |
| Total other revenues                                    | 2,563                           | 2,089      |
| Other expenses:   |                                 |            |
| General and administrative                              | 6,901                           | 6,812      |
| Depreciation and amortization                           | 105                             | 1,328      |
| Total other expenses                                    | 7,006                           | 8,140      |
| Income/(loss) from equity investments                   | 7                               | (703)      |
| Income before income taxes                              | 14,174                          | 14,595     |
| Income tax benefit                                      | (599)                           | (254)      |
| Net income  | \$ 14,773                       | \$ 14,849  |
| Per share information:                                  |                                 |            |
| Net earnings per share of common stock:                 |                                 |            |
| Basic   | \$ 0.82                         | \$ 0.85    |
| Diluted   | \$ 0.82                         | \$ 0.84    |
| Weighted average shares of common stock<br>outstanding: |                                 |            |
| Basic   | 17,942,649                      | 17,513,742 |
| Diluted   | 18,017,413                      | 17,724,495 |
| Dividends declared per share of common<br>stock         | \$ 0.80                         | \$ 0.80    |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity  
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2008 and 2007  
(in thousands)  
(unaudited)

|  | Comprehensive<br>Income | Class<br>A<br>Common<br>Stock | Restricted<br>Class<br>A<br>Common<br>Stock | Additional<br>Paid-In<br>Capital | Accumulated<br>Other<br>Comprehensive<br>Income/(Loss) | Accumulated<br>Deficit | Total      |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|--|------------------------|------------|
| Balance at January 1, 2007   |                         | \$ 169                        | \$ 5  | \$ 417,641                       | \$ 12,717  | \$ (4,260)             | \$ 426,272 |
| Net income   | \$ 14,849               | —                             | —   | —                                | —  | 14,849                 | 14,849     |
| Unrealized loss on derivative financial instruments                    | (1,862)                 | —                             | —   | —                                | (1,862)  | —                      | (1,862)    |
| Unrealized loss on securities  | (24)                    | —                             | —   | —                                | (24)   | —                      | (24)       |
| Amortization of unrealized gain on securities                          | (417)                   | —                             | —   | —                                | (417)  | —                      | (417)      |
| Currency translation adjustments                                       | (228)                   | —                             | —   | —                                | (228)  | —                      | (228)      |
| Deferred loss on settlement of swap                                    | (19)                    | —                             | —   | —                                | (19)   | —                      | (19)       |
| Amortization of deferred gains and losses on settlement of swaps       | (73)                    | —                             | —   | —                                | (73)   | —                      | (73)       |
| Sale of shares of class A common stock under stock option agreement    | —                       | —                             | —   | 352                              | —  | —                      | 352        |
| Restricted class A common stock earned                                 | —                       | 1                             | —   | 1,275                            | —  | —                      | 1,276      |
| Dividends declared on common stock                                     | —                       | —                             | —   | —                                | —  | (13,968)               | (13,968)   |
| Balance at March 31, 2007  | \$ 12,226               | \$ 170                        | \$ 5  | \$ 419,268                       | \$ 10,094  | \$ (3,379)             | \$ 426,158 |
| Balance at January 1, 2008   |                         | \$ 172                        | \$ 4  | \$ 426,113                       | \$ (8,684)   | \$ (9,368)             | \$ 408,237 |
| Net income   | \$ 14,773               | —                             | —   | —                                | —  | 14,773                 | 14,773     |
| Unrealized loss on derivative financial instruments                    | (16,961)                | —                             | —   | —                                | (16,961)   | —                      | (16,961)   |
| Unrealized gain on available for sale security                         | 277                     | —                             | —   | —                                | 277  | —                      | 277        |
| Amortization of unrealized gain on securities                          | (437)                   | —                             | —   | —                                | (437)  | —                      | (437)      |
| Deferred loss on settlement of swap                                    | (419)                   | —                             | —   | —                                | (419)  | —                      | (419)      |
| Amortization of deferred gains and losses on settlement of swaps       | (55)                    | —                             | —   | —                                | (55)   | —                      | (55)       |
| Shares of class A common stock issued in public offering               | —                       | 40                            | —   | 112,567                          | —  | —                      | 112,607    |
| Shares of class A common stock issued under dividend reinvestment plan | —                       | —                             | —   | 1,541                            | —  | —                      | 1,541      |
| Sale of shares of class A common stock under stock option agreement    | —                       | —                             | —   | 180                              | —  | —                      | 180        |
| Restricted class A common stock earned                                 | —                       | 1                             | —   | 1,004                            | —  | —                      | 1,005      |
| Dividends declared on common stock                                     | —                       | —                             | —   | —                                | —  | (17,356)               | (17,356)   |
| Balance at March 31, 2008  | \$ (2,822)              | \$ 213                        | \$ 4  | \$ 541,405                       | \$ (26,279)  | \$ (11,951)            | \$ 503,392 |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.





Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows  
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2008 and 2007  
(in thousands)  
(unaudited)

|   | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |           |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------|
|   | 2008                            | 2007      |
| Cash flows from operating activities:   |                                 |           |
| Net income  | \$ 14,773                       | \$ 14,849 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: |                                 |           |
| Depreciation and amortization   | 105                             | 1,328     |
| (Income)/loss from equity investments   | (7)                             | 703       |
| Distributions of income from equity investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries    | —                               | 126       |
| Restricted class A common stock earned  | 1,004                           | 1,276     |
| Amortization of premiums and discounts on loans, CMBS, and debt, net              | (1,698)                         | (1,037)   |
| Amortization of deferred gains and losses on settlement of swaps                  | (55)                            | (73)      |
| Amortization of finance costs   | 1,370                           | 788       |
| Changes in assets and liabilities, net:   |                                 |           |
| Deposits and other receivables  | 2,250                           | 502       |
| Accrued interest receivable   | 810                             | (211)     |
| Deferred income taxes   | (599)                           | —         |
| Prepaid and other assets  | 428                             | 283       |
| Deferred origination fees and other revenue                                       | (650)                           | 517       |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses   | (5,931)                         | (2,671)   |
| Net cash provided by operating activities   | 11,800                          | 16,380    |
| Cash flows from investing activities:   |                                 |           |
| Purchases of CMBS   | —                               | (35,729)  |
| Principal collections on and proceeds from CMBS                                   | 3,568                           | 7,025     |
| Origination, purchase and fundings of loans receivable                            | (28,639)                        | (367,508) |
| Principal collections on loans receivable   | 34,842                          | 93,532    |
| Equity investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries                                 | —                               | (1,251)   |
| Return of capital from equity investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries          | —                               | 517       |
| Proceeds from total return swaps  | —                               | 1,815     |
| Purchase of equipment and leasehold improvements                                  | (10)                            | (11)      |
| (Increase) decrease in restricted cash  | (10,060)                        | 794       |
| Net cash used in investing activities   | (299)                           | (300,816) |

|   |            |           |
|---|------------|-----------|
| Cash flows from financing activities:                                     |            |           |
| Proceeds from repurchase obligations                                      | 101,393    | 457,293   |
| Repayment of repurchase obligations                                       | (103,202)  | (280,631) |
| Proceeds from credit facilities   | 25,000     | 25,000    |
| Issuance of junior subordinated debentures                                | —          | 77,325    |
| Purchase of common equity in CT Preferred Trust I & CT Preferred Trust II | —          | (2,325)   |
| Repayment of collateralized debt obligations                              | (4,317)    | (6,042)   |
| Proceeds from participations sold   | —          | 35,782    |
| Settlement of interest rate hedges  | (419)      | (19)      |
| Payment of financing costs  | (94)       | (1,875)   |
| Sale of class A common stock upon stock option exercise                   | 180        | 352       |
| Dividends paid on common stock  | (47,492)   | (24,379)  |
| Proceeds from sale of shares of class A common stock                      | 112,608    | —         |
| Proceeds from dividend reinvestment plan                                  | 1,541      | —         |
| Net cash provided by financing activities                                 | 85,198     | 280,481   |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents                      | 96,699     | (3,955)   |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year                            | 25,829     | 26,142    |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period                                | \$ 122,528 | \$ 22,187 |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
(unaudited)

1. Organization

References herein to “we,” “us” or “our” refer to Capital Trust, Inc. and its subsidiaries unless the context specifically requires otherwise.

We are a fully integrated, self-managed finance and investment management company that specializes in credit-sensitive structured financial products. To date, our investment programs have focused on loans and securities backed by commercial real estate assets. We invest for our own account directly on our balance sheet and for third parties through a series of investment management vehicles. From the commencement of our finance business in 1997 through March 31, 2008, we have completed over \$10.5 billion of investments in the commercial real estate debt arena. We conduct our operations as a real estate investment trust, or REIT, for federal income tax purposes and we are headquartered in New York City.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying unaudited consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. The accompanying unaudited consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the related management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations filed with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. In our opinion, all material adjustments (consisting of normal, recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2008 are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for the entire year ending December 31, 2008. Our accounting and reporting policies conform in all material respects to generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP, in the United States.

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated interim financial statements include, on a consolidated basis, our accounts, the accounts of our wholly-owned subsidiaries and our interests in variable interest entities in which we are the primary beneficiary. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Our interests in CT Preferred Trust I and CT Preferred Trust II, the issuers of trust securities backed by our junior subordinated debentures, are accounted for using the equity method and their assets and liabilities are not consolidated into our financial statements due to our determination that CT Preferred Trust I and CT Preferred Trust II are variable interest entities in which we are not the primary beneficiary under Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, Interpretation No. 46(R) "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities", or FIN 46R. We account for our co-investment interest in the private equity funds we co-sponsored and continue to manage, CT Mezzanine Partners III, Inc., or Fund III, and CT Opportunity Partners I, LP, or CTOPI, under the equity method of accounting. We also accounted for our investment in Bracor Invetimentos Imobiliarios Ltda., or Bracor, under the equity method of accounting until we sold our investment in December 2007. As such, we report a percentage of the earnings of the companies in which we have such investments equal to our ownership percentage on a single line item in the consolidated statement of income as Income from equity investments. CTOPI is an investment company (under the AICPA Investment Company Guide) and therefore it maintains its financial records on a fair value basis. We have retained such accounting relative to our investment in CTOPI pursuant to the Emerging Issues Task Force, or EITF, issue No. 85-12 "Retention of Specialized Accounting for Investments in Consolidation."

#### Revenue Recognition

Interest income from our loans receivable is recognized over the life of the investment using the effective interest method and is recorded on the accrual basis. Fees, premiums, discounts and direct costs in connection with these investments are deferred until the loan is advanced and are then recognized over the term of the loan as an adjustment to yield. Fees on commitments that expire unused are recognized at expiration. For loans where we have unfunded commitments, we amortize the appropriate items on a straight line basis. Income recognition is generally suspended for loans at the earlier of the date at which payments become 90 days past due or when, in the opinion of management, a full recovery of income and principal becomes doubtful. Income recognition is resumed when the loan becomes contractually current and performance is demonstrated to be resumed.

Fees from special servicing and asset management services are recognized as services are rendered. We account for incentive fees we earn from our investment management business in accordance with Method 1 of EITF D-96, "Accounting for Management Fees Based on a Formula". Under Method 1, no incentive income is recorded until all contingencies have been eliminated.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)  
(unaudited)

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

We classify highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase as cash equivalents. At March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, a majority of the cash and cash equivalents consisted of overnight deposits in demand deposit accounts. As of, and for the periods ended, March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, we had bank balances in excess of federally insured amounts. We have not experienced any losses on our demand deposits, commercial paper or money market investments.

#### Restricted Cash

Restricted cash at March 31, 2008 was comprised of \$15.8 million that is on deposit with the trustee for our collateralized debt obligations, or CDOs, and is expected to be used to pay contractual interest and principal and to purchase replacement collateral for our reinvesting CDOs during their respective reinvestment periods. Restricted cash at December 31, 2007 was \$5.7 million.

#### Commercial Mortgage Backed Securities

We classify our commercial mortgage backed securities, or CMBS, pursuant to FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 115, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities", or FAS 115, on the date of acquisition of the investment. On August 4, 2005, we made a decision to change the accounting classification of our CMBS investments from available-for-sale to held-to-maturity. Held-to-maturity investments are stated at cost adjusted for the amortization of any premiums or discounts and any premiums or discounts are amortized through the consolidated statements of income using the effective interest method. Other than in the instance of impairment, these held-to-maturity investments are shown in our financial statements at their adjusted values pursuant to the methodology described above.

We may also invest in CMBS and certain other securities which may be classified as available-for-sale. Available-for-sale securities are carried at estimated fair value with the net unrealized gains or losses reported as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss) in shareholders' equity. Many of these investments are relatively illiquid and management must estimate their values. In making these estimates, management utilizes market prices provided by dealers who make markets in these securities, but may, under certain circumstances, adjust these valuations based on management's judgment. Changes in the valuations do not affect our reported income or cash flows, but impact shareholders' equity and, accordingly, book value per share.

Income on these securities is recognized based upon a number of assumptions that are subject to uncertainties and contingencies. Examples include, among other things, the rate and timing of principal payments, including prepayments, repurchases, defaults and liquidations, the pass-through or coupon rate and interest rates. Additional factors that may affect our reported interest income on our mortgage backed securities include interest payment shortfalls due to delinquencies on the underlying mortgage loans and the timing and magnitude of credit losses on the mortgage loans underlying the securities that are impacted by, among other things, the general condition of the real estate market, including competition for tenants and their related credit quality, and changes in market rental rates. These uncertainties and contingencies are difficult to predict and are subject to future events that may alter the assumptions.

We account for CMBS under EITF 99-20, "Recognition of Interest Income and Impairment on Purchased and Retained Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets", or EITF 99-20. Under EITF 99-20, when significant changes in estimated cash flows from the cash flows previously estimated occur due to actual prepayment and credit loss experience and the present value of the revised cash flows using the current expected yield is less than the present

value of the previously estimated remaining cash flows, adjusted for cash receipts during the intervening period, an other than temporary impairment is deemed to have occurred. Accordingly, the security is written down to fair value with the resulting charge being included in income and a new cost basis established with the original discount or premium written off when the new cost basis is established. In accordance with this guidance, on a quarterly basis, when significant changes in estimated cash flows from the cash flows previously estimated occur due to actual prepayment and credit loss experience, we calculate a revised yield based upon the current amortized cost of the investment, including any other than temporary impairments recognized to date, and the revised cash flows. The revised yield is then applied prospectively to recognize interest income. Management must also assess whether unrealized losses on securities reflect a decline in value that is other than temporary, and, accordingly, write down the impaired security to its fair value, through a charge to income. Significant judgment of management is required in this analysis that includes, but is not limited to, making assumptions regarding the collectability of the principal and interest, net of related expenses, on the underlying loans.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)  
(unaudited)

During the fourth quarter of 2004, we concluded that two of our CMBS investments had incurred other-than-temporary impairment and we incurred a charge of \$5.9 million through the income statement. At March 31, 2008, we believe there has not been any adverse change in cash flows relating to existing CMBS investments; therefore we did not recognize any additional other than temporary impairment on any CMBS investments. Significant judgment of management is required in this analysis that includes, but is not limited to, making assumptions regarding the collectability of the principal and interest, net of related expenses, on the underlying loans.

From time to time we purchase CMBS and other investments in which we have a level of control over the issuing entity; we refer to these investments as controlling class investments. The presentation of controlling class investments in our financial statements is governed in part by FIN 46R. FIN 46R could require that certain controlling class investments be presented on a consolidated basis. Based upon the specific circumstances of certain of our CMBS investments that are controlling class investments and our interpretation of FIN 46R, specifically the exemption for qualifying special purpose entities as defined under FASB Statements of Financial Accounting Standard No. 140, "Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities", or FAS 140, we have concluded that the entities that have issued the controlling class investments should not be presented on a consolidated basis. We are aware that FAS 140 is currently under review by standard setters and that, as a result of this review, our current interpretation of FIN 46R and FAS 140 may change.

#### Loans Receivable and Reserve for Possible Credit Losses

We purchase and originate commercial real estate debt and related instruments, or Loans, to be held as long term investments at amortized cost. Management must periodically evaluate each of these Loans for possible impairment. Impairment is indicated when it is deemed probable that we will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the Loan. If a Loan were determined to be permanently impaired, we would write down the Loan through a charge to the reserve for possible credit losses. Given the nature of our Loan portfolio and the underlying commercial real estate collateral, significant judgment on the part of management is required in determining permanent impairment and the resulting charge to the reserve, which includes but is not limited to making assumptions regarding the value of the real estate that secures the loan. Each Loan in our portfolio is evaluated at least quarterly using our loan risk rating system which considers loan-to-value, debt yield, cash flow stability, exit plan, loan sponsorship, loan structure and other factors deemed necessary by management to assess the likelihood of delinquency or default. If we believe that there is a potential for delinquency or default, a downside analysis is prepared to estimate the value of the collateral underlying our Loan, and this potential loss is multiplied by the default likelihood to determine the size of the reserve. Actual losses, if any, could ultimately differ from these estimates.

#### Deferred Financing Costs

The deferred financing costs which are included in prepaid and other assets on our consolidated balance sheets include issuance costs related to our debt and are amortized using the effective interest method or a method that approximates the effective interest method.

#### Repurchase Obligations

In certain circumstances, we have financed the purchase of investments from a counterparty through a repurchase agreement with that same counterparty. We currently record these investments in the same manner as other investments financed with repurchase agreements, with the investment recorded as an asset and the related borrowing under any repurchase agreement as a liability on our consolidated balance sheets. Interest income earned on the investments and interest expense incurred on the repurchase obligations are reported separately on the consolidated

statements of income. There is a position under consideration by standard setters, based upon a technical interpretation of FAS 140, that starting in fiscal 2009 these transactions will not qualify as a purchase by us. We believe, consistent with industry practice, that we are accounting for these transactions in an appropriate manner; however, if these investments do not qualify as a purchase under FAS 140, we would be required to present the net investment (asset balance less the repurchase obligation balance) on our consolidated balance sheets together with an embedded derivative with the corresponding change in fair value of the derivative being recorded in the consolidated statements of income. The value of the derivative would reflect not only changes in the value of the underlying investment, but also changes in the value of the underlying credit provided by the counterparty. Income from these arrangements would be presented on a net basis. Furthermore, hedge instruments related to these assets and liabilities, currently deemed effective, may no longer be effective and may have to be accounted for as non-hedge derivatives. As of March 31, 2008, we had entered into 26 such transactions, with a book value of the associated assets of \$657.1 million financed with repurchase obligations of \$445.7 million.

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Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)  
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#### Interest Rate Derivative Financial Instruments

In the normal course of business, we use interest rate derivative financial instruments to manage, or hedge, cash flow variability caused by interest rate fluctuations. Specifically, we currently use interest rate swaps to effectively convert variable rate liabilities, that are financing fixed rate assets, to fixed rate liabilities. The differential to be paid or received on these agreements is recognized on the accrual basis as an adjustment to the interest expense related to the attendant liability. The swap agreements are generally accounted for on a held-to-maturity basis, and, in cases where they are terminated early, any gain or loss is generally amortized over the remaining life of the hedged item. These swap agreements must be effective in reducing the variability of cash flows of the hedged items in order to qualify for the aforementioned hedge accounting treatment. Changes in value of effective cash flow hedges are reflected in our financial statements through accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss) and do not affect our net income. To the extent a derivative does not qualify for hedge accounting, and is deemed a non-hedge derivative, the changes in its value are included in net income.

To determine the fair value of derivative instruments, we use third parties to periodically value our interests.

#### Income Taxes

Our financial results generally do not reflect provisions for current or deferred income taxes on our REIT taxable income. Management believes that we operate in a manner that will continue to allow us to be taxed as a REIT and, as a result, do not expect to pay substantial corporate level taxes (other than taxes payable by our taxable REIT subsidiaries which are accounted for in accordance with FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes", or FAS 109). Many of these requirements, however, are highly technical and complex. If we were to fail to meet these requirements, we may be subject to federal, state and local income tax on current and past income, and we may also be subject to penalties.

In June 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109", or FIN 48. This interpretation clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements in accordance with FAS 109. This interpretation prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FIN 48 also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. This interpretation was effective January 1, 2007 for us. The adoption of FIN 48 did not have a material impact on our financial results.

#### Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation

We account for stock based compensation in accordance with FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123(R) "Share Based Payment," or FAS 123(R). Upon adoption of FAS 123(R), as of January 1, 2006, we have elected to utilize the modified prospective method, and there was no impact from this adoption. Compensation expense for the time vesting of stock based compensation grants is recognized on the accelerated attribution method and compensation expense for performance vesting of stock based compensation grants is recognized on a straight line basis. Compensation expense relating to stock-based compensation is recognized in net income using a fair value measurement method.

#### Comprehensive Income

We comply with the provisions of the FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income", or FAS 130, in reporting comprehensive income and its components in the full set of general purpose financial statements. Total comprehensive (loss)/income was (\$2.8) million and \$12.2 million, for the periods

ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. The primary components of comprehensive income other than net income were the unrealized gain/(loss) on derivative financial instruments and CMBS. At March 31, 2008, accumulated other comprehensive (loss)/income was (\$26.3) million, comprised of unrealized gains on CMBS of \$8.3 million, unrealized losses on cash flow swaps of \$35.6 million, and \$1.0 million of deferred realized gains on the settlement of cash flow swaps.

#### Earnings per Share of Common Stock

Earnings per share of common stock are presented based on the requirements of the FASB Statement of Accounting Standards No. 128, "Earnings per Share", or FAS 128. Basic EPS is computed based on the net earnings applicable to common stock and stock units divided by weighted average number of shares of common stock and stock units outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is based on the net earnings allocable to common stock and stock units, divided by weighted average number of shares of common stock and stock units and potentially dilutive common stock options.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)  
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#### Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made in the presentation of the prior periods consolidated financial statements to conform to the March 31, 2008 presentation.

#### Segment Reporting

We operate in two reportable segments. We have an internal information system that produces performance and asset data for the two segments along service lines.

The "Balance Sheet Investment" segment includes our portfolio of interest earning assets (including our co-investments in investment management vehicles) and the financing thereof.

The "Investment Management" segment includes the activities of our wholly-owned investment management subsidiary, CT Investment Management Co. LLC, or CTIMCO and its subsidiaries. CTIMCO is a taxable REIT subsidiary and serves as the investment manager of Capital Trust, Inc., all of our investment management vehicles and all of our CDOs and serves as senior servicer and special servicer on certain of our investments and for third parties. In addition, CTIMCO owns certain of our assets.

#### Business Combination

On June 15, 2007, we purchased a healthcare loan origination platform, located in Birmingham, Alabama. We paid a \$2.6 million initial purchase price (\$1.9 million in cash and \$707,000 in common stock), and we have a contingent obligation to pay up to an additional \$1.8 million (\$1.1 million in cash and \$700,000 in common stock) on March 15, 2009, if the acquired business meets certain performance criteria. We have recorded \$2.1 million of goodwill associated with the initial purchase price.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of acquisition costs over the fair value of net assets of businesses acquired. Goodwill is reviewed annually in the fourth quarter to determine if there is impairment at a reporting unit level or more frequently if an indication of impairment exists. No impairment charges for goodwill were recorded in the first quarter of 2008.

#### New Accounting Pronouncements

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" or FAS 157. FAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. FAS 157 applies to reporting periods beginning after November 15, 2007. As discussed above, we report the changes in the value of effective cash flow hedges and our available for sale securities through accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss). We adopted FAS 157 as of January 1, 2008. As a result of the adoption of FAS 157, the fair value of our interest rate hedge liabilities decreased by \$1.5 million due to the valuation adjustment related to our credit.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)  
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The table below details the fair value measurements at March 31, 2008 (in millions):

| Description<br>(in millions)    | Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using |   |   |  |
|---------------------------------|---|---|---|--|
|                                 | Fair Value at<br>March 31, 2008                 | Quoted Prices in<br>Active Markets for<br>Identical Assets<br>(Level 1) | Significant Other<br>Observable Inputs<br>(Level 2) | Significant<br>Unobservable<br>Inputs<br>(Level 3) |
| Available-for-sale securities   | \$ 8.3  | \$ —  | \$ 8.3  | \$ —   |
| Interest rate hedge liabilities | (35.6)  | —   | (35.6)  | —  |
| <b>Total</b>                    | <b>\$ (27.3)</b>                                | <b>\$ —</b>   | <b>\$ (27.3)</b>                                    | <b>\$ —</b>  |

In February 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 159, “The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities”, or FAS 159. FAS 159 permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments, and certain other items, at fair value. FAS 159 also establishes presentation and disclosure requirements designed to facilitate comparisons between entities that choose different measurement attributes for similar types of assets and liabilities. FAS 159 applies to reporting periods beginning after November 15, 2007. We adopted FAS 159 as of January 1, 2008.

In March 2008, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 161, “Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities—an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133”, or FAS 161. The use and complexity of derivative instruments and hedging activities have increased significantly over the past several years. Constituents have expressed concerns that the existing disclosure requirements in FASB Statement No. 133, “Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities”, do not provide adequate information about how derivative and hedging activities affect an entity’s financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. Accordingly, FAS 161 requires enhanced disclosures about an entity’s derivative and hedging activities and thereby improves the transparency of financial reporting. FAS 161 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008, with early application encouraged. FAS 161 encourages, but does not require, comparative disclosures for earlier periods at initial adoption. We are currently evaluating the potential effect of the adoption of FAS 161 on our consolidated financial statements.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)  
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## 3. Commercial Mortgage Backed Securities

Activity relating to our CMBS investments for the three months ended March 31, 2008 was as follows (\$ values in thousands):

| Asset Type                        | Face Value | Book Value | Number of Securities | Number of Issues | Rating (1) | Weighted Average |          | Maturity (Years)(3) |
|-----------------------------------|------------|------------|----------------------|------------------|------------|------------------|----------|---------------------|
|                                   |            |            |                      |                  |            | Coupon(2)        | Yield(2) |                     |
| <b>December 31, 2007</b>          |            |            |                      |                  |            |                  |          |                     |
| Floating Rate                     | \$ 171,620 | \$ 170,543 | 14                   | 11               | BB         | 8.16%            | 8.19%    | 2.6                 |
| Fixed Rate                        | 744,790    | 706,321    | 65                   | 47               | BB+        | 6.69%            | 7.14%    | 7.5                 |
| Total/Average                     | 916,410    | 876,864    | 79                   | 58               | BB+        | 6.97%            | 7.35%    | 6.5                 |
| <b>Originations</b>               |            |            |                      |                  |            |                  |          |                     |
| Floating Rate                     | —          | —          | —                    | —                | —          | —                | —        | —                   |
| Fixed Rate                        | —          | —          | —                    | —                | —          | —                | —        | —                   |
| Total/Average                     | —          | —          | —                    | —                | —          | —                | —        | —                   |
| <b>Repayments &amp; Other (4)</b> |            |            |                      |                  |            |                  |          |                     |
| Floating Rate                     | 26         | (103)      | —                    | —                | N/A        | N/A              | N/A      | N/A                 |
| Fixed Rate                        | 4,045      | 3,474      | —                    | —                | N/A        | N/A              | N/A      | N/A                 |
| Total/Average                     | 4,071      | 3,371      | —                    | —                | N/A        | N/A              | N/A      | N/A                 |
| <b>March 31, 2008</b>             |            |            |                      |                  |            |                  |          |                     |
| Floating Rate                     | 171,594    | 170,646    | 14                   | 11               | BB         | 6.26%            | 6.28%    | 2.5                 |
| Fixed Rate                        | 740,745    | 702,847    | 65                   | 47               | BB         | 6.68%            | 7.13%    | 7.3                 |
| Total/Average                     | \$ 912,339 | \$ 873,493 | 79                   | 58               | BB         | 6.60%            | 6.96%    | 6.3                 |

- (1) Weighted average ratings are based on the lowest rating published by Fitch Ratings, Standard & Poor's or Moody's Investors Service for each security and exclude \$37.9 million face value (\$37.2 million book value) of unrated equity investments in collateralized debt obligations.
- (2) Calculations based on LIBOR of 2.70% as of March 31, 2008 and LIBOR of 4.60% as of December 31, 2007.
- (3) Represents the maturity of the investment assuming all extension options are executed.
- (4) Includes full repayments, sales, partial repayments, mark-to-market adjustments on available for sale securities, and the impact of premium and discount amortization and losses, if any. The figures shown in "Number of Securities" and "Number of Issues" represent only the full repayments/sales, if any.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)  
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The tables below detail the ratings, vintage, property type and geographic distribution of the collateral securing our CMBS at March 31, 2008 (in thousands):

| Ratings             | Book Value        | Percentage  |
|---------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| AAA                 | \$ 126,729        | 15%         |
| AA                  | 27,769            | 3%          |
| A                   | 187,245           | 21%         |
| BBB                 | 265,268           | 30%         |
| BB                  | 114,744           | 13%         |
| B                   | 57,979            | 7%          |
| CCC                 | 4,991             | 1%          |
| CC                  | 4,334             | 1%          |
| D                   | 47,237            | 5%          |
| NR                  | 37,197            | 4%          |
| <b>Total</b>        | <b>\$ 873,493</b> | <b>100%</b> |
| Vintage             | Book Value        | Percentage  |
| 2007                | \$ 109,619        | 13%         |
| 2006                | 48,815            | 6%          |
| 2005                | 61,662            | 7%          |
| 2004                | 94,753            | 11%         |
| 2003                | 29,386            | 3%          |
| 2002                | 19,608            | 2%          |
| 2001                | 18,980            | 2%          |
| 2000                | 41,475            | 5%          |
| 1999                | 30,216            | 3%          |
| 1998                | 311,623           | 36%         |
| 1997                | 73,650            | 8%          |
| 1996                | 33,706            | 4%          |
| <b>Total</b>        | <b>\$ 873,493</b> | <b>100%</b> |
| Property Type       | Book Value        | Percentage  |
| Retail              | \$ 234,218        | 27%         |
| Office              | 194,296           | 22%         |
| Hotel               | 167,527           | 19%         |
| Multi-Family        | 144,005           | 16%         |
| Other               | 69,497            | 8%          |
| Industrial          | 32,402            | 4%          |
| Healthcare          | 31,548            | 4%          |
| <b>Total</b>        | <b>\$ 873,493</b> | <b>100%</b> |
| Geographic Location | Book Value        | Percentage  |
| Northeast           | \$ 217,495        | 25%         |
| Southeast           | 214,427           | 25%         |
| Midwest             | 148,171           | 17%         |
| West                | 144,465           | 16%         |
| Southwest           | 113,569           | 13%         |
| Northwest           | 24,040            | 3%          |

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|       |    |         |      |
|-------|----|---------|------|
| Other |    | 11,326  | 1%   |
| Total | \$ | 873,493 | 100% |

As detailed in Note 2, on August 4, 2005, pursuant to the provisions of FAS 115, we made a decision to change the accounting classification of our then portfolio of CMBS investments from available-for-sale to held-to-maturity.

While we typically account for our CMBS investments on a held-to-maturity basis, under certain circumstances we will account for CMBS on an available-for-sale basis. At March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, we had one CMBS investment that we designated and account for on an available-for-sale basis with a face value of \$7.4 million and \$7.7 million, respectively. The security earned interest at a weighted average coupon of 8.34% at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007. At March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the security was carried at its fair market value of \$8.3 million. The investment matures in February 2010.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)  
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Quarterly, we reevaluate our CMBS portfolio to determine if there has been an other-than-temporary impairment based upon our assessment of future cash flow receipts. For the three months ended March 31, 2008, we believe that there has not been any adverse change in cash flows in our CMBS portfolio and, therefore, did not recognize any other-than-temporary impairments. Significant judgment of management is required in this analysis that includes, but is not limited to, making assumptions regarding the collectability of principal and interest, net of related expenses, on the underlying loans.

Certain of our CMBS investments are carried at values in excess of their market values. This difference can be caused by, among other things, changes in interest rates, changes in credit spreads, realized/unrealized losses in the underlying securities and general market conditions. At March 31, 2008, 66 CMBS investments with an aggregate carrying value of \$690.4 million were carried at values in excess of their market values. Market value for these CMBS investments was \$577.6 million at March 31, 2008. In total, we had 79 CMBS investments with an aggregate carrying value of \$873.5 million that have an estimated market value of \$772.0 million (this valuation does not include the value of interest rate swaps entered into in conjunction with the purchase/financing of these investments). We regularly examine the CMBS portfolio and have determined that there have been no change in our expectations of cash flows from our CMBS portfolio since our last financial report. Our assessment of cash flows, combined with our ability and intent to hold our CMBS investments to maturity (at which point we expect to recover book value plus amortized discounts/premiums, which may be at maturity), is the basis for our conclusion that these investments are not impaired despite the differences between estimated fair value and book value. We attribute the difference between book value and estimated fair value to the current market dislocation and a general negative bias for structured products such as CMBS.

The following table shows the gross unrealized losses and fair value of our CMBS with unrealized losses as of March 31, 2008 that are not deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired (in millions):

|               | Less Than 12 Months |                      |                       | Greater Than 12 Months |                      |                       | Total      |                      |                       |
|---------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
|               | Book Value          | Estimated Fair Value | Gross Unrealized Loss | Book Value             | Estimated Fair Value | Gross Unrealized Loss | Book Value | Estimated Fair Value | Gross Unrealized Loss |
| Floating Rate | \$ 125.5            | \$ 91.3              | \$ (34.2)             | \$ 45.2                | \$ 37.3              | \$ (7.9)              | \$ 170.7   | \$ 128.6             | \$ (42.1)             |
| Fixed Rate    | 232.1               | 199.6                | (32.5)                | 287.6                  | 249.4                | (38.2)                | 519.7      | 449.0                | (70.7)                |
| Total         | \$ 357.6            | \$ 290.9             | \$ (66.7)             | \$ 332.8               | \$ 286.7             | \$ (46.1)             | \$ 690.4   | \$ 577.6             | \$ (112.8)            |



Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)  
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## 4. Loans Receivable

Activity relating to our loans receivable for the three months ended March 31, 2008 was as follows (in thousands):

| Asset Type                               | Face Value | Book Value | Number<br>of<br>Investments | Weighted Average |          | Maturity<br>(Years)(2) |
|--|------------|------------|-----------------------------|------------------|----------|------------------------|
|  |            |            |                             | Coupon(1)        | Yield(1) |                        |
| <b>December 31, 2007</b>                 |            |            |                             |                  |          |                        |
| Floating rate(3)                         |            |            |                             |                  |          |                        |
| Mortgage loans                           | \$ 620,586 | \$ 620,586 | 17                          | 6.93%            | 7.23%    | 3.6                    |
| Subordinate mortgage                     |            |            |                             |                  |          |                        |
| interests                                | 515,797    | 508,900    | 28                          | 7.31%            | 7.37%    | 3.7                    |
| Mezzanine loans                          | 939,038    | 937,209    | 26                          | 8.19%            | 8.22%    | 3.5                    |
| Total/Average                            | 2,075,421  | 2,066,695  | 71                          | 7.59%            | 7.71%    | 3.6                    |
| Fixed rate                               |            |            |                             |                  |          |                        |
| Mortgage loans                           | —          | —          | —                           | —                | —        | —                      |
| Subordinate mortgage                     |            |            |                             |                  |          |                        |
| interests                                | 29,779     | 29,094     | 2                           | 7.92%            | 8.09%    | 24.2                   |
| Mezzanine loans                          | 160,984    | 161,774    | 8                           | 8.85%            | 8.84%    | 4.2                    |
| Total/Average                            | 190,763    | 190,868    | 10                          | 8.70%            | 8.73%    | 7.3                    |
| <b>Total/Average - December 31, 2007</b> |            |            |                             |                  |          |                        |
|  | 2,266,184  | 2,257,563  | 81                          | 7.69%            | 7.80%    | 3.9                    |
| <b>Originations(4)</b>                   |            |            |                             |                  |          |                        |
| Floating rate                            |            |            |                             |                  |          |                        |
| Mortgage loans                           | 19,239     | 19,239     | —                           | 5.23%            | 5.83%    | 2.9                    |
| Subordinate mortgage                     |            |            |                             |                  |          |                        |
| interests                                | 8,353      | 8,353      | —                           | 7.78%            | 8.52%    | 2.1                    |
| Mezzanine loans                          | 1,815      | 1,815      | —                           | 6.20%            | 6.20%    | 4.7                    |
| Total/Average                            | 29,407     | 29,407     | —                           | 6.02%            | 6.62%    | 2.8                    |
| Fixed rate                               |            |            |                             |                  |          |                        |
| Mortgage loans                           | —          | —          | —                           | —                | —        | —                      |
| Subordinate mortgage                     |            |            |                             |                  |          |                        |
| interests                                | —          | —          | —                           | —                | —        | —                      |
| Mezzanine loans                          | —          | —          | —                           | —                | —        | —                      |
| Total/Average                            | —          | —          | —                           | —                | —        | —                      |
| <b>Total/Average</b>                     |            |            |                             |                  |          |                        |
|  | 29,407     | 29,407     | —                           | 6.02%            | 6.62%    | 2.8                    |
| <b>Repayments &amp; Other(5)</b>         |            |            |                             |                  |          |                        |
| Floating rate                            |            |            |                             |                  |          |                        |
| Mortgage loans                           | 2,686      | 2,686      | —                           | N/A              | N/A      | N/A                    |
|  | 2,059      | 1,549      | —                           | N/A              | N/A      | N/A                    |

|                                |              |              |    |       |       |      |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------|----|-------|-------|------|
| Subordinate mortgage interests |              |              |    |       |       |      |
| Mezzanine loans                | 31,075       | 30,796       | 1  | N/A   | N/A   | N/A  |
| Total/Average                  | 35,820       | 35,031       | 1  | N/A   | N/A   | N/A  |
| Fixed rate                     |              |              |    |       |       |      |
| Mortgage loans                 | —            | —            | —  | N/A   | N/A   | N/A  |
| Subordinate mortgage interests |              |              |    |       |       |      |
| Mezzanine loans                | 20           | (3)          | —  | N/A   | N/A   | N/A  |
| Total/Average                  | 306          | 325          | —  | N/A   | N/A   | N/A  |
| Total/Average                  | 36,126       | 35,356       | 1  | N/A   | N/A   | N/A  |
| March 31, 2008                 |              |              |    |       |       |      |
| Floating rate                  |              |              |    |       |       |      |
| Mortgage loans                 | 637,139      | 637,139      | 17 | 5.05% | 5.36% | 3.4  |
| Subordinate mortgage interests |              |              |    |       |       |      |
| Mezzanine loans                | 522,091      | 515,704      | 28 | 5.54% | 5.60% | 3.4  |
| Total/Average                  | 909,778      | 908,228      | 25 | 6.25% | 6.27% | 3.4  |
| Total/Average                  | 2,069,008    | 2,061,071    | 70 | 5.70% | 5.82% | 3.4  |
| Fixed rate                     |              |              |    |       |       |      |
| Mortgage loans                 | —            | —            | —  | —     | —     | —    |
| Subordinate mortgage interests |              |              |    |       |       |      |
| Mezzanine loans                | 29,759       | 29,097       | 2  | 7.91% | 8.08% | 24.1 |
| Total/Average                  | 160,698      | 161,446      | 8  | 8.85% | 8.85% | 4.0  |
| Total/Average                  | 190,457      | 190,543      | 10 | 8.70% | 8.73% | 7.1  |
| Total/Average - March 31, 2008 | \$ 2,259,465 | \$ 2,251,614 | 80 | 5.96% | 6.06% | 3.7  |

- (1) Calculations based on LIBOR of 2.70% as of March 31, 2008 and LIBOR of 4.60% as of December 31, 2007.
- (2) Represents the maturity of the investment assuming all extension options are executed.
- (3) During the first quarter of 2008, one subordinate mortgage interest with a book value of \$12.4 million switched from a fixed rate loan to a floating rate.
- (4) Includes additional fundings on prior period originations. The figures shown in “Number of Investments” represent the actual number of originations during the period.
- (5) Includes full repayments, sales, partial repayments and the impact of premium and discount amortization and losses, if any. The figures shown in “Number of Investments” represent only the full repayments/sales, if any.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)  
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The tables below detail the property type and geographic distribution of the properties securing our loans receivable at March 31, 2008 (in thousands).

| Property Type | Book Value   | Percentage |
|---------------|--------------|------------|
| Office        | \$ 969,612   | 43%        |
| Hotel         | 690,106      | 31%        |
| Multi-Family  | 162,950      | 7%         |
| Healthcare    | 147,883      | 7%         |
| Retail        | 71,095       | 3%         |
| Industrial    | 10,856       | 0%         |
| Other         | 199,112      | 9%         |
| Total         | \$ 2,251,614 | 100%       |

| Geographic Location | Book Value   | Percentage |
|---------------------|--------------|------------|
| North East          | \$ 888,156   | 39%        |
| Various             | 586,056      | 26%        |
| South West          | 459,659      | 20%        |
| South East          | 193,377      | 9%         |
| North West          | 118,263      | 5%         |
| Mid West            | 6,103        | 1%         |
| Total               | \$ 2,251,614 | 100%       |

Quarterly, management reevaluates the reserve for possible credit losses based upon our current portfolio of loans. Each loan in our portfolio is evaluated using our loan risk rating system which considers loan-to-value, debt yield, cash flow stability, exit plan, loan sponsorship, loan structure and other factors necessary to assess the likelihood of delinquency or default. If we believe that there is a potential for delinquency or default, a downside analysis is prepared to estimate the value of the collateral underlying our loan, and this potential loss is multiplied by the default likelihood. Based upon our review of the portfolio, in the fourth quarter of 2007 we recorded a \$4.0 million reserve for possible credit losses related to one second mortgage loan with an unpaid principal balance of \$10.0 million. As of March 31, 2008, we believe that no additional reserves for possible credit losses were warranted on any of our loans.

During the first quarter of 2008, three of our loans had performance issues. At March 31, 2008, the loan against which we had previously recorded a \$4.0 million reserve was classified as non performing due to its failure to pay interest. A second loan matured during the first quarter of 2008 and was not repaid; prior to quarter end, we agreed to the terms of an extension of the loan through February 2009 subject to certain events occurring in April 2008. The contemplated events occurred and the extension was put into effect in April 2008. A third loan did not make its contractual interest payment in March 2008 and we have entered into discussions with the borrower to take title to the collateral property. We did not accrue interest on the loan against which we have taken a reserve, but we continued to accrue interest on the other two loans through quarter end based upon our assessment that principal and interest due as of quarter end will be collected.

In some instances, we have a further obligation to fund additional amounts under our loan arrangements; we refer to these funding commitments as Unfunded Loan Commitments. At March 31, 2008, we had 10 such Unfunded Loan Commitments for a total future funding obligation of \$146.7 million.

In connection with the loan portfolio, at March 31, 2008, we have deferred origination fees, net of direct costs of \$1.4 million which are being amortized into income over the life of the loans.

At March 31, 2008, we had \$1.4 million included in deposits and other receivables which represented a partial repayment that was paid prior to March 31, the proceeds of which had not been remitted to us by our servicers at quarter end.

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Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)  
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## 5. Total Return Swaps

Total return swaps are derivative contracts in which one party agrees to make payments that replicate the total return of a defined underlying asset, typically in return for another party agreeing to bear the risk of performance of the defined underlying asset. Under our current total return swaps, we bear the risk of performance of the underlying asset and receive payments from our counterparty as compensation. In effect, these total return swaps allow us to receive the leveraged economic benefits of asset ownership without our acquiring, or our counterparty selling, the actual underlying asset. Our total return swaps reference commercial real estate loans and contain a put provision whereby our counterparty has the right to require us to buy the entire reference loan at its par value under certain reference loan performance scenarios. The put obligation imbedded in these arrangements constitutes a recourse obligation for us to perform under the terms of the contract.

Activity relating to our total return swaps for the three months ended March 31, 2008 was as follows (in thousands):

|                               | Fair Market Value<br>(Book Value) | Cash<br>Collateral | Reference/Loan<br>Participation | Number of<br>Investments | Weighted Average<br>Yield | Weighted Average<br>Maturity<br>(Years) |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| December 31, 2007             | —                                 | —                  | \$20,000                        | 1                        | —                         | —                                       |
| Originations- Three<br>Months | —                                 | —                  | —                               | —                        | —                         | —                                       |
| Repayments- Three<br>Months   | —                                 | —                  | 20,000                          | 1                        | —                         | —                                       |
| March 31, 2008                | \$ —                              | \$ —               | \$ —                            | —                        | —                         | —                                       |

The total return swaps are treated as non-hedge derivatives for accounting purposes and, as such, changes in their market value are recorded through the consolidated statements of income. As of March 31, 2008, the reference/loan participation was satisfied.

## 6. Equity Investment in Unconsolidated Subsidiaries

Our equity investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries consist primarily of our co-investments in investment management vehicles that we sponsor and manage. At March 31, 2008, we had co-investments in two such vehicles, Fund III and CTOPI. In addition to our co-investments, we record capitalized costs associated with these vehicles in equity investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries.

Activity relating to our equity investment in unconsolidated subsidiaries for the three months ended March 31, 2008 was as follows (in thousands):

|                                       | Fund III | CTOPI   | Other and<br>Capitalized<br>Costs | Total  |
|---------------------------------------|----------|---------|-----------------------------------|--------|
| Equity Investment                     |          |         |                                   |        |
| Beginning balance                     | \$ 923   | \$ (60) | \$ 35                             | \$ 898 |
| Income (loss) from equity investments | 32       | (27)    | 2                                 | 7      |
| Ending balance                        | \$ 955   | \$ (87) | \$ 37                             | \$ 905 |

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Capitalized Costs

|                                   |    |      |    |      |    |    |    |      |
|-----------------------------------|----|------|----|------|----|----|----|------|
| Beginning balance                 | \$ | 79   | \$ | —    | \$ | —  | \$ | 79   |
| Amortization of capitalized costs |    | (79) |    | —    |    | —  |    | (79) |
| Ending balance                    | \$ | —    | \$ | —    | \$ | —  | \$ | —    |
| Total Balance                     | \$ | 955  | \$ | (87) | \$ | 37 | \$ | 905  |

In accordance with the management agreement with Fund III and CTOPI, CTIMCO may earn incentive compensation when certain returns are achieved for the shareholders/partners of Fund III and CTOPI, which will be accrued if and when earned.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)  
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## 7. Debt

At March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, we had \$2.3 billion of total debt outstanding. The balances of each category of debt and their respective coupons and all in effective costs, including the amortization of fees and expenses were as follows (in thousands):

|                                  | March 31, 2008 |              |            |             | December 31, 2007 |              |            |             |
|----------------------------------|----------------|--------------|------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------|------------|-------------|
|                                  | Face Value     | Book Value   | Coupon (1) | All-In Cost | Face Value        | Book Value   | Coupon (1) | All-In Cost |
| Repurchase Obligations           | \$ 910,049     | \$ 910,049   | 3.70%      | 3.97%       | \$ 911,857        | \$ 911,857   | 5.56%      | 5.80%       |
| Collateralized debt obligations  |                |              |            |             |                   |              |            |             |
| CDO I (Floating)                 | 252,778        | 252,778      | 3.32%      | 3.76%       | 252,778           | 252,778      | 5.22%      | 5.67%       |
| CDO II (Floating)                | 298,913        | 298,913      | 3.19%      | 3.45%       | 298,913           | 298,913      | 5.09%      | 5.32%       |
| CDO III (Fixed)                  | 256,981        | 258,754      | 5.22%      | 5.37%       | 259,803           | 261,654      | 5.22%      | 5.37%       |
| CDO IV (Floating)(2)             | 377,459        | 377,459      | 3.22%      | 3.32%       | 378,954           | 378,954      | 5.04%      | 5.11%       |
| Total CDOs                       | 1,186,131      | 1,187,904    | 3.67%      | 3.90%       | 1,190,448         | 1,192,299    | 5.12%      | 5.34%       |
| Senior Unsecured Credit Facility | 100,000        | 100,000      | 4.45%      | 4.68%       | 75,000            | 75,000       | 6.10%      | 6.40%       |
| Junior Subordinated Debentures   | 128,875        | 128,875      | 7.20%      | 7.30%       | 128,875           | 128,875      | 7.20%      | 7.30%       |
| Total                            | \$ 2,325,055   | \$ 2,326,828 | 3.91%      | 4.15%       | \$ 2,306,180      | \$ 2,308,031 | 5.45%      | 5.66%       |

(1) Calculations based on LIBOR of 2.70% as of March 31, 2008 and LIBOR of 4.60% as of December 31, 2007.

(2) Comprised of \$362.8 million of floating rate notes sold and \$14.7 million of fixed rate notes sold.

## Repurchase Obligations

At March 31, 2008, we were party to nine master repurchase agreements with seven counterparties that provide total commitments of \$1.6 billion. At March 31, 2008, we borrowed \$848.7 million under these agreements. We were also a party to asset specific repurchase obligations. At March 31, 2008, these asset specific repurchase obligations represented borrowings of \$61.4 million. Our total borrowings at March 31, 2008 under repurchase agreements were \$910.0 million and we had the ability to borrow an additional \$84.2 million without pledging additional collateral. Loans and CMBS with a carrying value of \$1.7 billion are pledged as collateral for our repurchase

agreements.

During the quarter, one of our repurchase agreement counterparties, Bear Stearns, experienced extreme liquidity pressure and responded by agreeing to combine with JP Morgan. Bear Stearns is one of our largest counterparties with \$480 million of commitments (the majority of which matures August 2008) and \$344 million of borrowings at quarter end on the balance sheet in addition to multiple relationships with our investment management vehicles. At quarter end, our relationships with Bear Stearns were being managed by JP Morgan, and we expect that our Bear Stearns lending relationships will be assumed by JP Morgan going forward. JP Morgan is also a repurchase agreement counterparty with \$250 million of commitments (maturing October 2008) and \$187 million of borrowings at quarter end on the balance sheet in addition to relationships with our investment management vehicles. We anticipate that both of these credit relationships will be extended in 2008.

#### Collateralized Debt Obligations

At March 31, 2008, we had CDOs outstanding from four separate issuances with a total face value of \$1.2 billion. Our CDOs are financing vehicles for our assets and, as such, are consolidated on our balance sheet at \$1.2 billion, representing the amortized sales price of the securities we sold to third parties. In total, our two reinvesting CDOs provide us with \$551.7 million of debt financing at a cash cost of LIBOR plus 0.55% (3.25% at March 31, 2008) and an all-in effective interest rate (including the amortization of issuance costs) of LIBOR plus 0.89% (3.59% at March 31, 2008). Our two static CDOs provide us with \$634.4 million of financing with a cash cost of 4.03% and an all-in effective interest rate of 4.16% at March 31, 2008. On a combined basis, our CDOs provide us with \$1.2 billion of non-recourse, non-mark-to-market, index matched financing at a weighted average cash cost of 0.53% over the applicable indices (3.67% at March 31, 2008) and a weighted average all in cost of 0.75% over the applicable indices (3.90% at March 31, 2008).



Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)  
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Senior Unsecured Credit Facility

In March 2007, we closed a \$50.0 million senior unsecured revolving credit facility with WestLB AG, which we amended in June 2007, increasing the size to \$100.0 million and adding new lenders to the syndicate. In March 2008, we exercised our term-out option under the agreement, extending the maturity date of the \$100 million principal balance outstanding to March 2009 as a non revolving term loan. The loan bears interest at a cost of LIBOR plus 1.75% (LIBOR plus 1.98% on an all in basis).

Junior Subordinated Debentures

At March 31, 2008, we had a total of \$128.9 million of junior subordinated debentures outstanding (that back \$125 million of trust preferred securities sold to third parties). Junior subordinated debentures are comprised of two issuances of debentures, \$77.3 million of debentures backing \$75 million of trust preferred securities sold to third parties in March 2007 and \$51.6 million of debentures backing \$50 million of trust preferred securities sold to third parties in 2006. On a combined basis the securities provide us with \$125 million of financing at a cash cost of 7.20% and an all-in effective rate of 7.30%.

Our interests in the two issuing entities, CT Preferred Trust I and CT Preferred Trust II, are accounted for using the equity method and the assets and liabilities are not consolidated into our financial statements due to our determination that CT Preferred Trust I and CT Preferred Trust II are variable interest entities under FIN 46R and that we are not the primary beneficiary of the entities. Interest on the junior subordinated debentures is included in interest and related expenses on our consolidated statements of income while the junior subordinated debentures are presented as a separate item in our consolidated balance sheet.

8. Participations Sold

Participations sold represent interests in loans that we originated and subsequently sold to CT Large Loan 2006, Inc. (a fund that we manage) and third parties. We present these sold interests as both assets and liabilities (in equal amounts) in conformity with GAAP on the basis that these arrangements do not qualify as sales under FAS 140. At March 31, 2008, we had seven such participations sold with a total book balance of \$409.3 million at a weighted average coupon of LIBOR plus 3.38% (6.08% at March 31, 2008) and a weighted average yield of LIBOR plus 3.40% (6.10% at March 31, 2008).

The income earned on the loans is recorded as interest income and an identical amount is recorded as interest expense on the consolidated statements of income.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)  
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## 9. Derivative Financial Instruments

To manage interest rate risk, we typically employ interest rate swaps or other arrangements, to convert a portion of our floating rate debt to fixed rate debt in order to index match our assets and liabilities. The net payments due under these swap contracts are recognized as interest expense over the life of the contracts.

The following table summarizes the notional and fair values of our derivative financial instruments as of March 31, 2008. The notional value provides an indication of the extent of our involvement in the instruments at that time, but does not represent exposure to credit or interest rate risk (in thousands):

| Hedge                  | Type            | Notional Value | Interest Rate | Maturity | Fair Value  |
|------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|----------|-------------|
| Swap                   | Cash Flow Hedge | \$ 316,684     | 5.10%         | 2015     | \$ (23,108) |
| Swap                   | Cash Flow Hedge | 73,786         | 4.58%         | 2014     | (3,489)     |
| Swap                   | Cash Flow Hedge | 18,649         | 3.95%         | 2011     | (700)       |
| Swap                   | Cash Flow Hedge | 18,198         | 5.14%         | 2014     | (1,744)     |
| Swap                   | Cash Flow Hedge | 16,894         | 4.83%         | 2014     | (1,351)     |
| Swap                   | Cash Flow Hedge | 16,377         | 5.52%         | 2018     | (2,142)     |
| Swap                   | Cash Flow Hedge | 12,928         | 5.05%         | 2016     | (1,003)     |
| Swap                   | Cash Flow Hedge | 12,310         | 5.02%         | 2009     | (465)       |
| Swap                   | Cash Flow Hedge | 7,062          | 5.11%         | 2016     | (525)       |
| Swap                   | Cash Flow Hedge | 5,905          | 4.77%         | 2011     | (316)       |
| Swap                   | Cash Flow Hedge | 5,104          | 4.12%         | 2016     | (149)       |
| Swap                   | Cash Flow Hedge | 3,321          | 5.45%         | 2015     | (393)       |
| Swap                   | Cash Flow Hedge | 2,870          | 5.08%         | 2011     | (204)       |
| Swap                   | Cash Flow Hedge | 780            | 5.31%         | 2011     | (58)        |
| Total/Weighted Average |                 | \$ 510,868     | 4.97%         | 2015     | \$ (35,647) |

As of March 31, 2008, the derivative financial instruments were reported at their fair value of \$35.6 million as interest rate hedge liabilities. Income and expense associated with these instruments is recorded as interest expense on our consolidated statements of income. The amount of hedge ineffectiveness was not material during any of the periods presented.



Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)  
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## 10. Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth the calculation of Basic and Diluted EPS for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (in thousands, except share and per share amounts):

|  | Three Months Ended March 31, 2008 |            |                     | Three Months Ended March 31, 2007 |            |                     |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|---------------------|
|  | Net<br>Income                     | Shares     | Per Share<br>Amount | Net<br>Income                     | Shares     | Per Share<br>Amount |
| <b>Basic EPS:</b>  |                                   |            |                     |                                   |            |                     |
| Net earnings allocable to common stock                         | \$ 14,773                         | 17,942,649 | \$ 0.82             | \$ 14,849                         | 17,513,742 | \$ 0.85             |
| <b>Effect of Dilutive Securities:</b>                          |                                   |            |                     |                                   |            |                     |
| Options outstanding for the purchase of common stock           | —                                 | 74,764     |                     | —                                 | 210,753    |                     |
| <b>Diluted EPS:</b>  |                                   |            |                     |                                   |            |                     |
| Net earnings per share of common stock and assumed conversions | \$ 14,773                         | 18,017,413 | \$ 0.82             | \$ 14,849                         | 17,724,495 | \$ 0.84             |

## 11. Income Taxes

We made an election to be taxed as a REIT under Section 856(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, commencing with the tax year ending December 31, 2003. As a REIT, we generally are not subject to federal, state, and local income taxes except for the operations of our taxable REIT subsidiary, CTIMCO and its subsidiaries. To maintain qualification as a REIT, we must distribute at least 90% of our REIT taxable income to our shareholders and meet certain other requirements. If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, we may be subject to federal, state and local income taxes on our taxable income at regular corporate rates. At March 31, 2008, we were in compliance with all REIT requirements.

We did not pay any taxes at the REIT level during the periods ended March 31, 2008 or 2007. However, CTIMCO, our investment management subsidiary, is a taxable REIT subsidiary and subject to taxes on its earnings. During the period ended March 31, 2008, CTIMCO recorded an operating loss before income taxes of \$662,000, which resulted in an income tax benefit of \$599,000, all of which we recorded.

## 12. Shareholders' Equity

On January 15, 2008, we issued 53,192 shares of class A common stock under our dividend reinvestment plan. Net proceeds totaled approximately \$1.5 million.

On March 4, 2008, we declared a dividend of \$0.80 per share of class A common stock applicable to the three-month period ended March 31, 2008, which was paid on April 15, 2008 to shareholders of record on March 31, 2008.

On March 28, 2008, we closed a public offering of 4,000,000 shares of class A common stock. We received net proceeds of approximately \$113.0 million. Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated acted as the sole underwriter of the offering.

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Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)  
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## 13. Employee Benefit and Incentive Plans

We had four benefit plans in effect at March 31, 2008: (1) the second amended and restated 1997 long-term incentive stock plan, or 1997 Employee Plan, (2) the amended and restated 1997 non-employee director stock plan, or 1997 Director Plan, (3) the amended and restated 2004 long-term incentive plan, or 2004 Plan, and (4) the 2007 long-term incentive plan, or 2007 Plan. The 1997 plans expired in 2007 and no new awards may be issued under them and no further grants will be made under the 2004 Plan. Under the 2007 Plan, a maximum of 700,000 shares of class A common stock may be issued. At March 31, 2008, there were 627,667 shares available under the 2007 Plan.

Activity under these four plans for the period ended March 31, 2008 is summarized in the table below in share and share equivalents:

| Benefit Type                    | 1997 Employee Plan | 1997 Director Plan | 2004 Plan      | 2007 Plan     | Total          |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| <b>Options(1)</b>               |                    |                    |                |               |                |
| <b>B e g i n n i n g</b>        |                    |                    |                |               |                |
| Balance                         | 223,811            | 16,667             | —              | —             | 240,478        |
| Canceled                        | (20,000)           | (16,667)           | —              | —             | (36,667)       |
| Ending Balance                  | 203,811            | —                  | —              | —             | 203,811        |
| <b>R e s t r i c t e d</b>      |                    |                    |                |               |                |
| <b>Stock(2)</b>                 |                    |                    |                |               |                |
| <b>B e g i n n i n g</b>        |                    |                    |                |               |                |
| Balance                         | —                  | —                  | 423,931        | —             | 423,931        |
| Granted                         | —                  | —                  | —              | 44,550        | 44,550         |
| Vested                          | —                  | —                  | (57,904)       | —             | (57,904)       |
| Forfeited                       | —                  | —                  | (414)          | —             | (414)          |
| Ending Balance                  | —                  | —                  | 365,613        | 44,550        | 410,163        |
| <b>Stock Units(3)</b>           |                    |                    |                |               |                |
| <b>B e g i n n i n g</b>        |                    |                    |                |               |                |
| Balance                         | —                  | 80,017             | —              | 14,570        | 94,587         |
| Granted                         | —                  | —                  | —              | 16,684        | 16,684         |
| Ending Balance                  | —                  | 80,017             | —              | 31,254        | 111,271        |
| <b>Total Outstanding Shares</b> | <b>203,811</b>     | <b>80,017</b>      | <b>365,613</b> | <b>75,804</b> | <b>725,245</b> |

- (1) All options are fully vested as of March 31, 2008.
- (2) Comprised of both performance based awards that vest upon the attainment of certain common equity return thresholds and time based awards that vest based upon an employee's continued employment on vesting dates.
- (3) Stock units are granted to certain members of our board of directors in lieu of cash compensation for services and in lieu of dividends earned on previously granted stock units. Under the terms of certain

deferral agreements, certain shares of restricted stock converted to deferred stock units upon their initial vesting.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
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The following table summarizes the outstanding options as of March 31, 2008:

| Exercise Price<br>per Share | Options<br>Outstanding   |                          | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price per Share |                          | Weighted<br>Average Remaining Life |                          |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|--------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
|                             | 1997<br>Employee<br>Plan | 1997<br>Director<br>Plan | 1997<br>Employee<br>Plan                     | 1997<br>Director<br>Plan | 1997<br>Employee<br>Plan           | 1997<br>Director<br>Plan |
| \$10.00 - \$15.00           | 43,530                   | —                        | \$13.41                                      | \$ —                     | 2.76                               | —                        |
| \$15.00 - \$20.00           | 126,947                  | —                        | 16.38  | —                        | 3.27                               | —                        |
| \$25.00 - \$30.00           | 33,334                   | —                        | 27.00  | —                        | 0.38                               | —                        |
| Total/W.<br>Average         | 203,811                  | —                        | \$17.48                                      | \$ —                     | 2.69                               | —                        |

In addition to the equity interests detailed above, we have granted percentage interests in the incentive compensation received by us from the private equity funds we manage. At March 31, 2008, we had granted, net of forfeitures, 43% of the Fund III incentive compensation received by us.

A summary of the unvested restricted shares as of and for the three month period ended March 31, 2008 was as follows:

|                             | Restricted Shares |                       |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
|                             | Shares            | Grant Date Fair Value |
| Unvested at January 1, 2008 | 423,931           | \$ 30.96              |
| Granted                     | 44,550            | 27.44                 |
| Vested                      | (57,904)          | 28.18                 |
| Forfeited                   | (414)             | 51.25                 |
| Unvested at March 31, 2008  | 410,163           | \$ 30.95              |

A summary of the unvested restricted shares as of and for the three month period ended March 31, 2007 was as follows:

|                             | Restricted Shares |                       |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
|                             | Shares            | Grant Date Fair Value |
| Unvested at January 1, 2007 | 480,967           | \$ 29.56              |
| Granted                     | 23,015            | 51.25                 |
| Vested                      | (38,185)          | 28.41                 |
| Forfeited                   | —                 | —                     |
| Unvested at March 31, 2007  | 465,797           | \$ 30.73              |

The total fair value of restricted shares which vested during the three month periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 was \$1.7 million and \$1.8 million, respectively.

#### 14. Supplemental Disclosures for Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows



Interest paid on our outstanding debt during the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 was \$31.9 million and \$35.2 million, respectively. Income taxes recovered by us during the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 were \$677,000 and \$1.3 million, respectively. Non-cash investing and financing activity during the three months ended March 31, 2008 resulted from our investments in loans where we sold participations.

At March 31, 2008, we had \$1.9 million included in deposits and other receivables which represented loans and CMBS that had partial repayments on or prior to March 31, 2008, the proceeds of which had not been remitted to us by our servicers. The reclassification from loans receivable and CMBS to deposits and other receivables resulted in a non-cash investing activity.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)  
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## 15. Segment Reporting

We have two reportable segments. We have an internal information system that produces performance and asset data for the two segments along service lines.

The “Balance Sheet Investment” segment includes all activities related to direct investment activities (including direct investments in Funds) and the financing thereof.

The “Investment Management” segment includes all activities related to investment management services provided to us and third party funds under management and includes our taxable REIT subsidiary, CTIMCO and its subsidiaries.

The following table details each segment's contribution to our overall profitability and the identified assets attributable to each such segment for the three months ended, and as of, March 31, 2008, respectively (in thousands):

|   | Balance Sheet<br>Investment | Investment<br>Management | Inter-Segment<br>Activities | Total  |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|
| Income from loans and other investments:            |                             |                          |                             |        |
| Interest and related income                         | \$ 56,554                   | \$ —                     | \$ —                        | 56,554 |
| Less: Interest and related expenses                 | 37,944                      | —                        | —                           | 37,944 |
| Income from loans and other investments, net        | 18,610                      | —                        | —                           | 18,610 |
| Other revenues:                                     |                             |                          |                             |        |
| Management fees                                     | —                           | 4,465                    | (2,268)                     | 2,197  |
| Servicing fees                                      | —                           | 178                      | —                           | 178    |
| Other interest income                               | 228                         | 8                        | (48)                        | 188    |
| Total other revenues                                | 228                         | 4,651                    | (2,316)                     | 2,563  |
| Other expenses                                      |                             |                          |                             |        |
| General and administrative                          | 3,254                       | 5,915                    | (2,268)                     | 6,901  |
| Other interest expense                              | —                           | 48                       | (48)                        | —      |
| Depreciation and amortization                       | —                           | 105                      | —                           | 105    |
| Total other expenses                                | 3,254                       | 6,068                    | (2,316)                     | 7,006  |
| Income from equity investments                      | 5                           | 2                        | —                           | 7      |
| Income (loss) before income taxes                   | 15,589                      | (1,415)                  | —                           | 14,174 |
| Benefit for income taxes                            | —                           | (599)                    | —                           | (599)  |
| Net income (loss) allocable to class A common stock | \$ 15,589                   | \$ (816)                 | \$ —                        | 14,773 |

|              |    |           |    |       |    |         |    |           |
|--------------|----|-----------|----|-------|----|---------|----|-----------|
| Total assets | \$ | 3,304,940 | \$ | 7,980 | \$ | (6,388) | \$ | 3,306,532 |
|--------------|----|-----------|----|-------|----|---------|----|-----------|

All revenues were generated from external sources within the United States. The “Investment Management” segment earned fees of \$2.3 million for management of the “Balance Sheet Investment” segment and was charged \$48,000 for inter-segment interest for the three months ended March 31, 2008 which is reflected as offsetting adjustments to other interest income and other interest expense in the inter-segment activities column in the table above.

Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
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(unaudited)

The following table details each segment's contribution to our overall profitability and the identified assets attributable to each such segment for the three months ended, and as of, March 31, 2007, respectively (in thousands):

|   | Balance Sheet<br>Investment | Investment<br>Management | Inter-Segment<br>Activities | Total        |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Income from loans and other investments:            |                             |                          |                             |              |
| Interest and related income                         | \$ 57,449                   | \$ —                     | \$ —                        | \$ 57,449    |
| Less: Interest and related expenses                 | 36,100                      | —                        | —                           | 36,100       |
| Income from loans and other investments, net        | 21,349                      | —                        | —                           | 21,349       |
| Other revenues:                                     |                             |                          |                             |              |
| Management and advisory fees                        | —                           | 3,331                    | (2,582)                     | 749          |
| Incentive management fees                           | —                           | 962                      | —                           | 962          |
| Special servicing fees                              | 67                          | —                        | —                           | 67           |
| Other interest income                               | 397                         | 23                       | (109)                       | 311          |
| Total other revenues                                | 464                         | 4,316                    | (2,691)                     | 2,089        |
| Other expenses                                      |                             |                          |                             |              |
| General and administrative                          | 3,941                       | 5,453                    | (2,582)                     | 6,812        |
| Other interest expense                              | —                           | 109                      | (109)                       | —            |
| Depreciation and amortization                       | 1,264                       | 64                       | —                           | 1,328        |
| Total other expenses                                | 5,205                       | 5,626                    | (2,691)                     | 8,140        |
| Loss from equity investments                        | (180)                       | (523)                    | —                           | (703)        |
| Income (loss) before income taxes                   | 16,428                      | (1,833)                  | —                           | 14,595       |
| Benefit for income taxes                            | (254)                       | —                        | —                           | (254)        |
| Net income (loss) allocable to class A common stock | \$ 16,682                   | \$ (1,833)               | \$ —                        | \$ 14,849    |
| Total assets  | \$ 2,953,020                | \$ (1,471)               | \$ (11,560)                 | \$ 2,939,989 |

All revenues were generated from external sources within the United States. The "Investment Management" segment earned fees of \$2.6 million for management of the "Balance Sheet Investment" segment and \$109,000 for inter-segment interest for the three months ended March 31, 2007, respectively, which is reflected as offsetting adjustments to other revenues and other expenses in the inter-segment activities column in the tables above.

#### 16. Related Party Transactions

On November 9, 2006, we commenced our CT High Grade Mezzanine<sup>SM</sup> investment management initiative and entered into three separate account agreements with affiliates of W. R. Berkley Corporation, or WRBC, for an aggregate of \$250 million. On July 25, 2007, we amended the agreements to increase the aggregate commitment of the WRBC affiliates to \$350 million. Pursuant to these agreements, we invest, on a discretionary basis, capital on behalf of WRBC in low risk commercial real estate mortgages, mezzanine loans and participations therein. The separate accounts are entirely funded with committed capital from WRBC and are managed by a subsidiary of CTIMCO. Each separate account has a one-year investment period with extension provisions. CTIMCO earns a management fee equal to 0.25% per annum on invested assets.

On April 27, 2007, we purchased a \$20 million subordinated interest in a mortgage from a dealer. Proceeds from the mortgage financing provide for the construction and leasing of an office building in Washington, D.C that is owned by a joint venture. WRBC has a substantial economic interest in one of the joint venture partners.

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Capital Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)  
(unaudited)

WRBC beneficially owned approximately 17.7% of our outstanding class A common stock as of March 31, 2008, and a member of our board of directors is an employee of WRBC.

On March 28, 2008 we announced the closing of our public offering of 4,000,000 shares of our class A common stock. We received net proceeds of approximately \$113 million. Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated acted as the sole underwriter of the offering. Affiliates of Samuel Zell, our chairman of the board, and WRBC purchased a number of shares in the offering sufficient to maintain their pro rata ownership interests in the company.

We believe that the terms of the foregoing transactions are no less favorable than could be obtained by us from unrelated parties on an arm's length basis.

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

References herein to “we,” “us” or “our” refer to Capital Trust, Inc. and its subsidiaries unless the context specifically requires otherwise.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q. Historical results set forth are not necessarily indicative of our future financial position and results of operations.

#### Critical Accounting Policies

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of these financial statements requires our management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Our accounting policies affect our more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Other than the adoption of FAS 157 there have been no material changes to our Critical Accounting Policies described in our annual report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 28, 2007.

#### Introduction

Our business model is designed to produce a mix of net interest margin from our balance sheet investments and fee income plus co-investment income from our investment management operations – with our primary goals being the generation of stable net income and the growth of our dividend. In managing our operations, we focus on originating investments, managing our portfolios and capitalizing our businesses.

#### Current Market Conditions

During the first quarter of 2008, the global capital markets continued to experience tremendous volatility and a wide-ranging lack of liquidity. Notwithstanding continuing credit performance in the commercial real estate debt market and strong fundamentals in the underlying property markets, the impact of the global credit crisis on our sector has been acute. Transaction volume has declined significantly, credit spreads for all forms of mortgage debt have reached all-time highs and issuance levels of commercial mortgage backed securities, or CMBS, have ground to a virtual halt. Financial institutions still hold significant inventories of unsold loans and CMBS, creating a further overhang on the markets. We believe that the continuing dislocation in the debt capital markets, coupled with a slowdown in the U.S. economy, has already reduced property valuations and will ultimately impact real estate fundamentals.

In response to these conditions, we continued our cautious approach, choosing to maintain our liquidity and be patient until the markets had settled. We believe that ultimately this environment will create new opportunities in our markets for investors with credit and financial structuring expertise. We believe that our balance sheet and investment management businesses will benefit from a market environment where assets are priced and structured more conservatively and there is less competition among investors.

#### Originations

We allocate investment opportunities between our balance sheet and investment management vehicles based upon our assessment of risk and return profiles, the availability and cost of capital, and applicable regulatory restrictions associated with each opportunity. The combination of balance sheet and investment management capabilities allows us to maximize the scope of opportunities upon which we can capitalize. Notwithstanding the scope of the platform, we decided to continue a defensive posture in light of the continued volatility and chose to originate only one loan for our new opportunity fund in the first quarter of 2008. The table below summarizes our gross originations and the allocation of opportunities between our balance sheet and the investment management business for the three month

period ended March 31, 2008 and the year ended December 31, 2007.

| Gross<br>Originations(1)<br>(2)<br>(in millions) | Three months<br>ended<br>March 31, 2008 | Year ended<br>December 31,<br>2007 |
|--|---|------------------------------------|
| Balance sheet                                    | \$0                                     | \$1,454                            |
| Investment<br>management                         | 49                                      | 1,011                              |
| Total<br>originations                            | \$49                                    | \$2,465                            |

(1) Includes total commitments both funded and unfunded.

(2) Includes \$0 and \$315 million of participations sold recorded on our balance sheet relating to participations that we sold to CT Large Loan, Inc. for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and the year ended December 31, 2007, respectively. We have included these originations in balance sheet originations and not in investment management originations in order to avoid double counting.



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Our balance sheet investments include commercial mortgage backed securities, or CMBS, and commercial real estate debt and related instruments, or Loans, which we collectively refer to as our Interest Earning Assets. Originations of Interest Earning Assets for our balance sheet for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and the year ended December 31, 2007 are detailed in the table below:

Balance Sheet Originations

| (in millions)            | Three months ended March 31, 2008 |          |              | Year ended December 31, 2007 |          |                 |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|--------------|------------------------------|----------|-----------------|
|                          | Originations(1)                   | Yield(2) | LTV / Rating | Originations(1)              | Yield(2) | LTV / Rating(3) |
| CMBS                     | \$0                               | N/A      | N/A          | \$111                        | 8.92%    | BB-             |
| Loans(4)                 | 0                                 | N/A      | N/A          | 1,343                        | 7.67     | 64.4%           |
| Total / Weighted Average | \$0                               | N/A      |              | \$1,454                      | 7.77%    |                 |

- (1) Includes total commitments both funded and unfunded.
- (2) Yield on floating rate originations assumes LIBOR at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, of 2.70% and 4.60%, respectively.
- (3) Weighted average ratings are based on the lowest rating published by Fitch Ratings, Standard & Poor's or Moody's Investors Service for each security and exclude \$36.4 million face value (\$36.4 million book value) of unrated equity investments in collateralized debt obligations. Loan to Value (LTV) is based on third party appraisals received by us when each loan is originated.
- (4) Includes \$0 and \$315 million of participations sold recorded on our balance sheet relating to participations that we sold to CT Large Loan, Inc. for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and the year ended December 31, 2007, respectively. We have included these originations in balance sheet originations and not in investment management originations in order to avoid double counting.

The table below shows our Interest Earning Assets at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007. In any period, the ending balance of Interest Earning Assets will be impacted not only by new balance sheet originations, but also by repayments, advances, sales and losses, if any.

Interest Earning Assets

| (in millions)              | March 31, 2008 |          |                 | December 31, 2007 |          |                 |
|----------------------------|----------------|----------|-----------------|-------------------|----------|-----------------|
|                            | Book Value     | Yield(1) | LTV / Rating(2) | Book Value        | Yield(1) | LTV / Rating(2) |
| CMBS                       | \$873          | 6.96%    | BB              | \$877             | 7.35%    | BB+             |
| Loans                      | 2,252          | 6.06     | 67.1%           | 2,257             | 7.80     | 66.5%           |
| T Total / Weighted Average | \$3,125        | 6.31%    |                 | \$3,134           | 7.67%    |                 |

- (1) Yield on floating rate Interest Earning Assets assumes LIBOR at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, of 2.70% and 4.60%, respectively.
- (2) Weighted average ratings are based on the lowest rating published by Fitch Ratings, Standard & Poor's or Moody's Investors Service for each security and exclude \$37.9 million face value (\$37.2 million book value) of unrated equity investments in collateralized debt obligations.

In some cases our loan originations are not fully funded at closing, creating an obligation for us to make future fundings, which we refer to as Unfunded Loan Commitments. Typically, Unfunded Loan Commitments are part of construction and transitional loans. At March 31, 2008, our gross Unfunded Loan Commitments were \$147 million and, net of in place financing commitments from our lenders, our net Unfunded Loan Commitments were \$33 million.

In addition to our investments in Interest Earning Assets, we have two equity investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries as of March 31, 2008. The first is an equity co-investment in a private equity fund that we manage, CT Mezzanine Partners III, Inc., or Fund III. The second is an equity co-investment in a private equity fund, CT

Opportunity Partners I, LP, or CTOPI, that we formed in 2007, which we also manage.

The table below details the carrying value of those investments, as well as their capitalized costs.

| Equity Investments<br>(in thousands) | March 31,<br>2008 | December 31,<br>2007 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Fund III                             | \$955             | \$923                |
| CTOPI                                | (87)              | (60)                 |
| Capitalized costs/other              | 37                | 114                  |
| Total                                | \$905             | \$977                |

#### Asset Management

We actively manage our balance sheet portfolio and the assets held by our investment management vehicles. While our investments are primarily in the form of debt, which generally means that we have limited influence over the operations of the collateral securing our portfolios, we are aggressive in exercising the rights afforded to us as a lender. These rights can include collateral level budget approvals, lease approvals, loan covenant enforcement, escrow/reserve management/collection, collateral release approvals and other rights that we may negotiate. The table below details balance sheet Interest Earning Assets loss experience for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and the twelve months ended December 31, 2007, and the percentage of non-performing and/or impaired investments at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007.

| Portfolio Performance<br>(in millions) | March 31, 2008 | December 31, 2007 |
|--|----------------|-------------------|
| Interest Earning Assets                | \$3,125        | \$3,134           |
| Losses                                 |                |                   |
| \$ Value                               | \$0            | \$0               |
| Percentage                             | 0.0 %          | 0.0 %             |
| Non-performing/impaired loans          |                |                   |
| \$ Value                               | \$22 (1)       | \$10 (2)          |
| Percentage                             | 0.7 %          | 0.3 %             |

(1) At March 31, 2008, includes one first mortgage loan with a principal balance of \$12 million against which we have no reserve and one second mortgage loan with a principal balance of \$10 million against which we have reserved \$4.0 million.

(2) At December 31, 2007, includes one second mortgage loan with a principal balance of \$10 million against which we have reserved \$4.0 million.

During the first quarter of 2008, three of our loans had performance issues. At March 31, 2008, the loan against which we had previously recorded a \$4.0 million reserve was classified as non performing due to its failure to pay interest. A second loan matured during the first quarter of 2008 and was not repaid; prior to quarter end, we agreed to the terms of an extension of the loan through February 2009 subject to certain events occurring in April 2008. The contemplated events occurred and the extension was put into effect in April 2008. A third loan did not make its contractual interest payment in March 2008 and we have entered into discussions with the borrower to take title to the collateral property. We did not accrue interest on the loan against which we have taken a reserve, but we continued to accrue interest on the other two loans through quarter end based upon our assessment that principal and interest due as of quarter end will be collected.

We have a proprietary risk rating system to assess and track the risk of each of our loans. There was no material change to the weighted average risk rating of the portfolio between December 31, 2007 and March 31, 2008. Based

upon our review of the portfolio, we concluded that additional reserves for possible credit losses were not warranted on any of our loans for the three months ended March 31, 2008.

We actively manage our CMBS investments using a combination of quantitative tools and loan/property level analysis in order to monitor the performance of the securities and their collateral versus our original expectations. Securities are analyzed on a monthly basis for delinquency, transfers to special servicing, and changes to the servicer's watchlist population. Realized loan losses are tracked on a monthly basis and compared to our original loss expectations. On a periodic basis, individual loans of concern are also re-underwritten. Updated collateral loss projections are then compared to our original loss expectations to determine how each investment is performing. Based on our review of the portfolio, we concluded that no impairments were warranted in the three months ended March 31, 2008. At quarter end, there were significant differences between the estimated fair value and the book value of some of our CMBS investments. We believe these differences to be related to the disruption in the capital markets and the general negative bias toward structured financial products and not reflective of a change in cash flow expectations from these securities.

The ratings performance of our CMBS portfolio over the three months ended March 31, 2008 and the year ended December 31, 2007 is detailed below:

| CMBS Rating Activity(1) |   |                                       |
|-------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
|                         | Three<br>months<br>ended<br>March 31,<br>2008 | Year<br>ended<br>December<br>31, 2007 |
| Upgrades                | 2   | 28                                    |
| Downgrades              | 4   | 3                                     |

- (1) Represents activity from any of Fitch Ratings, Standard & Poor's and/or Moody's Investors Service.

Two trends in asset performance that we foresee in 2008 are (i) borrowers faced with maturities will have a more difficult time refinancing their properties in light of the volatility and lack of liquidity in the capital markets, and (ii) real estate fundamentals will deteriorate if the U.S. economy continues to slow. We believe that the impact of these two trends on our portfolios will be manageable.

#### Capitalization

Our balance sheet investment activities are capital intensive and the availability and cost of capital is a critical component of our business. We capitalize our business with a combination of debt and equity. Our debt sources, which we refer to as Interest Bearing Liabilities, currently include repurchase agreements, CDOs, a senior unsecured credit facility, and junior subordinated debentures (which we also refer to as trust preferred securities). Our equity capital is currently comprised entirely of common equity. The table below shows our capitalization mix as of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007:

| Capital Structure(1)<br>(in millions)                                    | March 31, 2008 | December 31, 2007 |
|--|----------------|-------------------|
| Repurchase obligations   | \$910          | \$912             |
| Collateralized debt obligations  | 1,188          | 1,192             |
| Senior unsecured credit facility   | 100            | 75                |
| Junior subordinated debentures   | 129            | 129               |
| <b>Total Interest Bearing Liabilities</b>                                | <b>\$2,327</b> | <b>\$2,308</b>    |
| All In Cost of debt(2)   | 4.15%          | 5.66%             |
| Shareholders' Equity   | \$503          | \$408             |
| <b>Ratio of Interest Bearing Liabilities to<br/>Shareholders' Equity</b> | <b>4.6:1</b>   | <b>5.7:1</b>      |

- (1) Excludes participations sold.

- (2) Floating rate liabilities assume LIBOR at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, of 2.70% and 4.60%, respectively.

We use leverage to enhance our returns on equity by attempting to: (i) maximize the differential between the yield of our Interest Earning Assets and the cost of our Interest Bearing Liabilities, and (ii) optimize the amount of leverage employed. The use of leverage, however, adds risk to our business, magnifying our shareholders' exposure to asset level risk by subordinating our equity interests to our debt capital providers. The level of leverage we utilize is based

upon the risk associated with our assets, as well as the structure of our liabilities. In general, we will apply greater amounts of leverage to lower risk assets and vice versa. In addition, structural features of our leverage, such as recourse, collateral mark-to-market provisions and duration, factor into the amounts of leverage we are comfortable applying to our Interest Earning Assets. Our sources of recourse financing generally require financial covenants, including restrictions on corporate guarantees, the maintenance of certain financial ratios (such as specified debt-to-equity and debt service coverage ratios) as well as the maintenance of a minimum net worth. A summary of selected structural features of our debt as of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007 is detailed in the table below:

| Interest Bearing<br>Liabilities | March 31,<br>2008 | December<br>31, 2007 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Weighted average maturity (1)   | 4.1 yrs.          | 4.1 yrs.             |
| % Recourse                      | 48.7%             | 48.1%                |
| % Mark-to-market                | 39.1%             | 39.5%                |

(1) Based upon balances as of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007.

Over the past few years, we have used CDOs as one method to finance our business. While we expect to continue to utilize CDOs and other structured products to finance both our balance sheet and our investment management businesses going forward, the current state of the debt capital markets makes it unlikely that, in the near term, we will be able to issue CDO liabilities similar to our existing CDOs. The lack of a CDO or similar structured product market makes us more reliant on other financing options such as our repurchase facilities. Unlike our CDOs, our repurchase facilities are shorter term, mark-to-market, recourse liabilities. Given the additional liquidity risks associated with a portfolio of assets financed with these types of liabilities, we believe that a higher degree of balance sheet liquidity is necessary to manage these liabilities.

Our CDOs are non-recourse, non-mark-to-market, index matched financings that generally carry a lower cost of debt and allow for higher levels of leverage than our other financing sources. During the first three months of 2008, we did not issue any new CDOs for our balance sheet, however, we continued contributing assets to our previously issued reinvesting CDOs, which have reinvestment periods extending through July 2008 for CDO I and April 2010 for CDO II. Our CDO liabilities as of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007 are described below:

## Collateralized Debt Obligations

| (in millions) |         | March 31,<br>2008 |                | December 31,<br>2007 |                |              |
|---------------|---------|-------------------|----------------|----------------------|----------------|--------------|
| Issuance Date | Type    | Book Value        | All in Cost(1) | Book Value           | All in Cost(1) |              |
| CDO I(2)      | 7/20/04 | Reinvesting       | \$253          | 3.76%                | \$253          | 5.67%        |
| CDO II (2)    | 3/15/05 | Reinvesting       | 299            | 3.45                 | 299            | 5.32         |
| CDO III       | 8/04/05 | Static            | 259            | 5.37                 | 261            | 5.37         |
| CDO IV(2)     | 3/15/06 | Static            | 377            | 3.32                 | 379            | 5.11         |
| <b>Total</b>  |         |                   | <b>\$1,188</b> | <b>3.90%</b>         | <b>\$1,192</b> | <b>5.34%</b> |

(1) Includes amortization of premiums and issuance costs.

(2) Floating rate CDO liabilities assume LIBOR at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, of 2.70% and 4.60%, respectively.

Repurchase obligation financings provide us with an important revolving component to our liability structure. Our repurchase agreements provide stand alone financing for certain assets and interim, or warehouse financing for assets that we plan to contribute to our CDOs. At any point in time, the amounts and the cost of our repurchase borrowings are based upon the assets being financed – higher risk assets will attract lower levels of leverage at higher costs and vice versa. The table below summarizes our repurchase agreement liabilities as of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007:

| Repurchase Agreements<br>(\$ in millions) | March 31, 2008 | December 31, 2007 |
|---|----------------|-------------------|
| Repurchase commitments                    | \$1,661        | \$1,600           |
| Counterparties                            | 9              | 9                 |
| Outstanding repurchase<br>borrowings      | \$910          | \$912             |
| All in cost                               | L + 1.27%      | L + 1.20%         |

Our repurchase obligations generally include collateral mark-to-market features. The mark-to-market provisions in our repurchase facilities are designed to keep our lenders' credit exposure constant as a percentage of the market value of the assets pledged as security to them. As market credit spreads have increased and asset values have declined in 2007 (and this trend has continued in 2008 to date), the gross amount of leverage available to us has been reduced as

our assets have been marked-to-market. The impact to date from these marks to market has been a reduction in our liquidity. We believe that we maintain sufficient liquidity on our balance sheet in order to meet margin calls and defend our portfolios. In addition, our repurchase agreements are not term matched financings and mature from time to time. In 2008, we have experienced lower advance rates and higher pricing under these agreements as we negotiate renewals and extensions of these liabilities.

During the quarter, one of our repurchase agreement counterparties, Bear Stearns, experienced extreme liquidity pressure and responded by agreeing to combine with JP Morgan. Bear Stearns is one of our largest counterparties with \$480 million of commitments (the majority of which matures August 2008) and \$344 million of borrowings at quarter end on the balance sheet in addition to multiple relationships with our investment management vehicles. At quarter end, our relationships with Bear Stearns were being managed by JP Morgan, and we expect that our Bear Stearns lending relationships will be assumed by JP Morgan going forward. JP Morgan is also a repurchase agreement counterparty with \$250 million of commitments (maturing October 2008) and \$187 million of borrowings at quarter end on the balance sheet in addition to relationships with our investment management vehicles. We anticipate that both of these credit relationships will be extended in 2008. For further information concerning our liability concentration with JP Morgan, see Part II – Item 1A – Risk Factors.



In March 2007, we closed a \$50.0 million senior unsecured revolving credit facility with WestLB AG, which we amended in June 2007, increasing the size to \$100 million and adding new lenders to the syndicate. In March 2008, we exercised our term-out option under the agreement, extending the maturity date of the \$100 million principal balance outstanding to March 2009 as a non-revolving term loan. The loan bears interest at a cost of LIBOR plus 1.75% (LIBOR plus 1.98% on an all in basis).

The most subordinated component of our debt capital structure are junior subordinated debentures that back trust preferred securities issued to third parties. These securities represent long-term, subordinated, unsecured financing and generally carry limited operational covenants. At March 31, 2008, we had issued \$129 million of junior subordinated debentures that back \$125 million of trust preferred securities sold to third parties in two separate issuances. On a combined basis, the junior subordinated debentures provide us with financing at a cash cost of 7.20% and an all-in effective rate of 7.30%.

Our capital raising activities included the issuance of common stock in the first quarter of 2008. On March 28, 2008, we issued 4,000,000 shares of class A common stock in a public offering underwritten by Morgan Stanley & Co. Inc. Gross proceeds were \$28.75 per share and total net proceeds were \$113 million. Changes in the number of shares also resulted from option exercises, restricted stock grants and vesting, stock unit grants, and the issuance of shares under our dividend reinvestment plan.

| Shareholders'<br>Equity  | March 31,<br>2008 | December 31,<br>2007 |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Book value (in millions) | \$503             | \$408                |
| Shares                   |                   |                      |
| Class A common stock     | 21,283,567        | 17,165,528           |
| Restricted stock         | 410,163           | 423,931              |
| Stock units              | 111,271           | 94,587               |
| Options(1)               | 71,284            | 84,743               |
| Total                    | 21,876,285        | 17,768,789           |
| Book value per share     | \$23.00           | \$22.97              |

(1) Dilutive shares issuable upon the exercise of outstanding options assuming a March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007 stock price, respectively, and the treasury stock method.

At March 31, 2008, we had 21,693,730 of our class A common stock and restricted stock outstanding.

#### Other Balance Sheet Items

Participations sold represent participations in loans that we originated and sold to CT Large Loan 2006, Inc. and third parties. We present these sold interests as both assets and liabilities (in equal amounts) in conformity with GAAP on the basis that these arrangements do not qualify as sales under FAS 140. At March 31, 2008, we had seven such participations sold with a total book balance of \$409 million at a weighted average yield of LIBOR plus 3.40% (6.10% at March 31, 2008). The income earned on the loans is recorded as interest income and an identical amount is recorded as interest expense on the consolidated statements of income.

#### Interest Rate Exposure

We endeavor to manage a book of assets and liabilities that are generally matched with respect to interest rates, typically financing floating rate assets with floating rate liabilities and fixed rate assets with fixed rate liabilities. In some cases, we finance fixed rate assets with floating rate liabilities and, in those cases, we may use interest rate derivatives, such as swaps, to effectively convert the floating rate debt to fixed rate debt. In such instances, the equity we have invested in fixed rate assets is not typically swapped, leaving a portion of our equity capital exposed to changes in value of the fixed rate assets due to interest rate fluctuations. The balance of our assets earn interest at floating rates and are financed with floating rate liabilities, leaving a portion of our equity capital exposed to cash flow variability from fluctuations in rates. Generally, these assets and liabilities earn interest at rates indexed to one month LIBOR.

The table below details our interest rate exposure as of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007:

| Interest Rate Exposure<br>(in millions)        | March 31, 2008 | December 31, 2007 |
|--|----------------|-------------------|
| Value Exposure to Interest Rates(1)            |                |                   |
| Fixed rate assets                              | \$932          | \$948             |
| Fixed rate liabilities                         | (401)          | (403)             |
| Interest rate swaps                            | (511)          | (513)             |
| Net fixed rate exposure                        | \$20           | \$32              |
| Weighted average maturity (assets)             | 7.3 yrs        | 7.4 yrs           |
| Weighted average coupon (assets)               | 7.09%          | 7.10%             |
| Cash Flow Exposure to Interest Rates(1)        |                |                   |
| Floating rate assets                           | \$2,241        | \$2,235           |
| Floating rate debt less cash                   | (2,196)        | (2,280)           |
| Interest rate swaps                            | 511            | 513               |
| Net floating rate exposure                     | \$556          | \$468             |
| Net income impact from 100 bps change in LIBOR | \$5.6          | \$4.7             |

(1) All values are in terms of face or notional amounts.

#### Investment Management Overview

In addition to our balance sheet investment activities, we act as an investment manager for third parties. The purpose of our investment management business is to leverage our platform, generating fee revenue from investing third party capital and, in certain instances, co-investment income. Our third party investment management mandates are designed to be complementary to our balance sheet programs and are built around opportunities that we do not pursue directly on balance sheet due to their scale/concentration, risk/return profile and/or regulatory constraints. In some instances, we co-invest in our investment management vehicles (as described below). Our active investment management mandates are described below:

- CTOPI is a multi-investor private equity fund designed to invest in commercial real estate debt and equity investments, specifically taking advantage of the current dislocation in the commercial real estate capital markets. Total equity commitments as of March 31, 2008 were \$389 million (\$272 million immediately available) and, subsequent to quarter end, the fund held an additional closing bringing total equity commitments to \$489 million (\$405 million immediately available) as of April 16, 2008. We have committed to invest \$25 million in the vehicle and entities controlled by our chairman have committed to invest \$20 million. The fund's investment period expires in December 2010, and we earn base management fees as the investment manager to CTOPI (1.65% of available equity commitments during the investment period and of invested capital thereafter). In addition, we earn gross incentive management fees of 20% of profits after a 9% preferred return and a 100% return of capital.
- CTX Fund is a single investor fund designed to invest in collateralized debt obligations, or CDOs, sponsored, but not issued, by us. We do not earn fees on the CTX Fund, however, we earn CDO management fees from the CDOs in which the CTX Fund invests. We sponsored one such CDO in 2007, a \$500 million CDO secured primarily by credit default swaps referencing CMBS.
- CT High Grade closed in November 2006, with a single, related party investor committing \$250 million. This separate account does not utilize leverage and we earn management fees of 0.25% per annum of invested assets. In July 2007, we upsized the account by \$100 million to \$350 million and extended the investment period to July

2008.

- CT Large Loan closed in May 2006 with total equity commitments of \$325 million from eight third party investors. The fund employs leverage (not to exceed a two to one ratio of debt to equity), and we earn management fees of 0.75% per annum of invested assets (capped at 1.5% on invested equity). In April 2007, we extended the investment period of the fund to May 2008.

At March 31, 2008, we managed four private equity funds and one separate account through our wholly-owned, taxable, investment management subsidiary, CT Investment Management Co., LLC, or CTIMCO.

Investment Management Mandates

|               | Type       | Total Equity Commitments (\$ in millions) | Co-Investment% | Base Management Fee | Incentive Management Fee |            |
|---------------|------------|---|----------------|---------------------|--------------------------|------------|
|               |            |   |                |                     | Company %                | Employee % |
| Fund III      | Fund       | \$425                                     | 4.71%          | 1.42% (Equity)      | 57%(1)                   | 43%(2)     |
| CT Large Loan | Fund       | 325                                       | (3)            | 0.75% (Assets) (4)  | N/A                      | N/A        |
| CT High Grade | Sep. Acct. | 350                                       | 0%             | 0.25% (Assets)      | N/A                      | N/A        |
| CTX Fund      | Fund       | 10(5)                                     | (3)            | (6)                 | 100%(6)                  | 0%(6)      |
| CTOPI         | Fund       | 389(7)                                    | (8)            | 1.65% (Equity)      | 100%(9)(10)              | 0%(10)     |

- (1) CTIMCO earns gross incentive management fees of 20% of profits after a 10% preferred return on capital and a 100% return of capital, subject to a catch up.
- (2) Portions of the Fund III incentive management fees received by us have been allocated to our employees as long term performance awards.
- (3) We co-invest on a pari passu, asset by asset basis with CT Large Loan and CTX Fund.
- (4) Capped at 1.5% of equity.
- (5) In 2008, we reduced the total capital commitment in the CTX Fund to \$10 million.
- (6) CTIMCO serves as collateral manager of the CDOs in which the CTX Fund invests and CTIMCO earns base and incentive management fees as CDO collateral manager. At March 31, 2008 we manage one such \$500 million CDO and earn base management fees of 0.15% of assets and have the potential to earn incentive management fees.
- (7) Assumes all equity commitments are available. At March 31, 2008, \$272 million of these commitments were immediately available.
- (8) We have committed to invest \$25 million in CTOPI and expect that our co-investment percentage will be less than 10% once capital raising activities have concluded.
- (9) CTIMCO earns gross incentive management fees of 20% of profits after a 9% preferred return on capital and a 100% return of capital, subject to a catch-up.
- (10) We have not allocated any of the CTOPI incentive management fee to employees as of March 31, 2008.

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The table below describes the status of our investment management vehicles as of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007.

| Investment Management Snapshot<br>(in millions) | March 31,<br>2008 | December<br>31, 2007 |
|---|-------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Fund III</b>                                 |                   |                      |
| Assets  | \$48              | \$47                 |
| Equity  | \$16              | \$15                 |
| Incentive fees collected(1)                     | \$—               | \$5.6                |
| Incentive fees projected(2)                     | \$2.7             | \$2.6                |
| Status(3)                                       | Liquidating       | Liquidating          |
| <b>CT Large Loan</b>                            |                   |                      |
| Assets  | \$327             | \$323                |
| Equity  | \$153             | \$130                |
| Status(4)                                       | Investing         | Investing            |
| <b>CT High Grade</b>                            |                   |                      |
| Assets  | \$305             | \$305                |
| Equity  | \$305             | \$305                |
| Status(4)                                       | Investing         | Investing            |
| <b>CTX Fund</b>                                 |                   |                      |
| Assets(5)                                       | \$500             | \$500                |
| Equity  | \$7               | \$7                  |
| Status(3)                                       | Liquidating       | Investing            |
| <b>CTOPI</b>                                    |                   |                      |
| Assets  | \$111             | \$69                 |
| Equity commitments(6)                           | \$389             | \$314                |
| Incentive fees collected                        | \$—               | \$—                  |
| Incentive fees projected                        | \$—               | \$—                  |
| Status(4)                                       | Investing         | Investing            |

- (1) CTIMCO received \$5.6 million of incentive fees from Fund III in 2007 of which \$372,000 may have to be returned under certain circumstances. Accordingly, we only recorded \$5.2 million as revenue for the year ended December 31, 2007.
- (2) Assumes assets were sold and liabilities were settled on April 1, 2008 and January 1, 2008, respectively, at the recorded book value, and the fund's equity and income was distributed for the respective period ends.
- (3) Fund III's investment period ended in June 2005. The CTX Fund's investment period ended February 2008.
- (4)

CT Large Loan, CT High Grade, and CTOPI investment periods expire in May 2008, July 2008, and December 2010, respectively.

- (5) Represents the total notional cash exposure to CTX CDO I collateral.
- (6) Assumes all equity commitments are available. At March 31, 2008, \$272 million of these commitments were immediately available.

We expect to continue to grow our investment management business, sponsoring additional investment management vehicles consistent with the theme of developing mandates that are complementary to our balance sheet activities.

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Comparison of Results of Operations: Three Months Ended March 31, 2008 vs. March 31, 2007  
(in thousands, except per share data)

|   | 2008      | 2007      | \$ Change | % Change |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| <b>Income from loans and other investments:</b> |           |           |           |          |
| Interest and related income                     | \$ 56,554 | \$ 57,449 | \$ (895)  | (1.6%)   |
| Interest and related expenses                   | 37,944    | 36,100    | 1,844     | 5.1%     |
| Income from loans and other investments, net    | 18,610    | 21,349    | (2,739)   | (12.8%)  |
| <b>Other revenues:</b>                          |           |           |           |          |
| Management fees                                 | 2,197     | 749       | 1,448     | 193.3%   |
| Incentive management fees                       | —         | 962       | (962)     | (100.0%) |
| Servicing fees                                  | 178       | 67        | 111       | 165.7%   |
| Other   | 188       | 311       | (123)     | (39.5%)  |
| Total other revenues                            | 2,563     | 2,089     | 474       | 22.7%    |
| <b>Other expenses:</b>                          |           |           |           |          |
| General and administrative                      | 6,901     | 6,812     | 89        | 1.3%     |
| Depreciation and amortization                   | 105       | 1,328     | (1,223)   | (92.1%)  |
| Total other expenses                            | 7,006     | 8,140     | (1,134)   | (13.9%)  |
| Income/(loss) from equity investments           | 7         | (703)     | 710       | (101.0%) |
| (Benefit) provision for income taxes            | (599)     | (254)     | (345)     | 135.8%   |
| Net income                                      | \$ 14,773 | \$ 14,849 | \$ (76)   | (0.5%)   |
| Net income per share - diluted                  | \$ 0.82   | \$ 0.84   | \$ (0.02) | (2.4%)   |
| Dividend per share                              | \$ 0.80   | \$ 0.80   | \$ 0.00   | 0.0%     |
| Average LIBOR                                   | 3.31%     | 5.32%     | (2.0%)    | (37.8%)  |

Income from loans and other investments

Growth in Interest Earning Assets (\$273 million or 10% from March 31, 2007 to March 31, 2008) offset by a 38% decrease in average LIBOR, contributed to an \$895,000 (2%) decrease in interest income between the first quarter of 2007 and the first quarter of 2008. Lower LIBOR offset, to a large degree, the higher levels of leverage and the net result was a \$1.8 million, or 5%, increase in interest expense for the period. On a net basis, net interest income decreased by \$2.7 million, or 13%.

Management fees

Base management fees from the investment management business increased \$1.5 million (193%) during the first quarter of 2008 compared with the first quarter of 2007. The increase was attributed primarily to \$1.2 million of new fee revenue earned from CTOPI.

Incentive management fees



Incentive management fees from the investment management business decreased by \$962,000 as no incentive fee income was recorded in the first quarter of 2008 and \$962,000 of incentive management fees from CT Mezzanine Partners II LP, or Fund II, were recognized in the first quarter of 2007.

Servicing fees

Servicing fee income during the first quarter of 2008 was \$178,000 compared with \$67,000 in the first quarter of 2007. The 166% increase in servicing fee revenue was a result of recognizing revenue relating to the servicing contracts acquired as part of our purchase of the healthcare origination platform in June 2007.

#### General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses include compensation and benefits for employees, operating expenses and professional fees. Total general and administrative expenses increased 1% between the first quarter of 2007 and the first quarter of 2008. Higher levels of base employment costs (due primarily to the acquisition of the healthcare origination platform) were experienced in the first quarter of 2008 as compared to the first quarter of 2007, however, the impact is not apparent due to the payment to employees of a portion of incentive management fees (\$171,000) from Fund II in the first quarter of 2007.

#### Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation and amortization decreased by \$1.2 million or 92% between the first quarter of 2007 and the first quarter of 2008 due primarily to the write off of \$1.3 million of capitalized costs related to the liquidation of Fund II in the first quarter of 2007.

#### Income/(loss) from equity investments

The income from equity investments in the first quarter of 2008 resulted primarily from our share of operating income (loss) at Fund III and CTOPI. The loss from equity investments in the first quarter of 2007 resulted primarily from the amortization of \$384,000 of capitalized costs passed through to us from the general partner of Fund II, our portion of operating losses at Fund II (as it paid incentive management fees during the period) and our portion of operating losses of \$159,000 at Bracor. We sold our investment in Bracor during the fourth quarter of 2007.

#### Income taxes

We did not pay any taxes at the REIT level in either the first quarter of 2007 or 2008. However, CTIMCO, our investment management subsidiary, is a taxable REIT subsidiary and subject to taxes on its earnings. In the first quarter of 2008, CTIMCO recorded an operating loss before income taxes of \$662,000, which resulted in an income tax benefit of \$599,000, all of which we recorded. In the first quarter of 2007, CTIMCO recorded an operating loss before income taxes of \$1.8 million, resulting in an income tax benefit which was fully reserved.

#### Net income

Net income decreased by \$76,000 from the first quarter of 2007 to the first quarter of 2008. While the total change in net income was small, several components changed significantly from period to period. In particular, as described above, the impact of changes in LIBOR, management fees, incentive management fees, general and administrative expenses, depreciation and amortization, income from funds and taxes all changed in magnitude, character or both from period to period. On a diluted per share basis, net income was \$0.82 and \$0.84 in the first quarter of 2008 and 2007, respectively, representing a decrease of approximately 2%. The decrease in net income per diluted share was due to the decrease in net income and a larger number of weighted average shares outstanding during the first quarter of 2008 compared to the first quarter of 2007.

#### Dividends

Our dividend for the first quarter of 2008 was \$0.80 per share, unchanged from the first quarter of 2007.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

We expect to use a significant amount of our available capital resources to invest in new and existing loans and investments for our balance sheet. We intend to continue to employ leverage on our balance sheet to enhance our

return on equity. At March 31, 2008, our net liquidity was as follows:

| Net Liquidity<br>(in millions) | March 31, 2008 |
|--------------------------------|----------------|
| Available cash                 | \$138          |
| Available borrowings           | 84             |
| Total immediate liquidity      | 222            |
| Net unfunded commitments(1)    | (33 )          |
| Net liquidity                  | \$189          |

- (1) Represents gross unfunded commitments of \$147 million less respective in place financing commitments from our lenders of \$114 million.

At March 31, 2008, we had total immediate liquidity of \$222 million comprised of \$122 million in cash, \$16 million in restricted cash and \$84 million of immediately available liquidity from our repurchase agreements. Our primary sources of liquidity during the next 12 months are expected to be cash on hand, cash generated from operations, principal and interest payments received on loans and investments, additional borrowings under our repurchase agreements, stock offerings, proceeds from our direct stock purchase plan and dividend reinvestment plan, and other capital raising activities. We believe these sources of capital will be adequate to meet both short term and medium term cash requirements.

We experienced a net increase in cash of \$97 million for the three months ended March 31, 2008, compared to a net decrease of \$4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007. Cash provided by operating activities during the three months ended March 31, 2008 was \$12 million, compared to cash provided by operating activities of \$16 million during the same period of 2007. The change was primarily due to a decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses. For the three months ended March 31, 2008, cash used in investing activities was \$299,000, compared to \$301 million during the same period in 2007. The change was primarily due to a decrease in originations of \$375 million during the three months ended March 31, 2008 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2007, and a decrease in principal repayments of \$59 million for the same periods. For the three months ended March 31, 2008, cash provided by financing activities was \$85 million, compared to \$280 million during the same period in 2007. The change was primarily due to proceeds from repurchase obligations and the issuance of junior subordinated debentures and activity on other debt in the three months ended March 31, 2007.

At March 31, 2008, under our repurchase agreements, we had pledged assets that enable us to borrow an additional \$84 million. We had \$663 million of credit available for the financing of new and existing unpledged assets pursuant to these sources of financing. At March 31, 2008, we had outstanding debt in the form of CDOs of \$1.2 billion and outstanding repurchase obligations totaling \$910 million. The terms of these agreements are described in Note 7 of the consolidated financial statements and in the capitalization discussion above in this Item 2. Additional liquidity will be generated when assets that are currently pledged under repurchase obligations are contributed to our CDOs as the difference between the repurchase price under our repurchase agreements is generally less than the leverage available to us in our CDOs. At March 31, 2008, we had additional liquidity of \$16 million in our CDOs in the form of restricted cash.

The following table sets forth information about certain of our contractual obligations as of March 31, 2008:

Contractual Obligations  
(in millions)

|   | Total           | Payments due by period |               |               |                      |
|---|-----------------|------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------|
|   |                 | Less than<br>1 year    | 1-3 years     | 3-5 years     | More than<br>5 years |
| <b>Long-term debt obligations</b>       |                 |                        |               |               |                      |
| Repurchase obligations                  | \$ 910          | \$ 739                 | \$ 171        | \$ —          | \$ —                 |
| Collateralized debt obligations         | 1,186           | —                      | —             | —             | 1,186                |
| Participations sold                     | 409             | 73                     | —             | 336           | —                    |
| Senior unsecured credit facility        | 100             | —                      | 100           | —             | —                    |
| Junior subordinated debentures          | 129             | —                      | —             | —             | 129                  |
| <b>Total long-term debt obligations</b> | <b>2,734</b>    | <b>812</b>             | <b>271</b>    | <b>336</b>    | <b>1,315</b>         |
| <b>Unfunded commitments</b>             |                 |                        |               |               |                      |
| Loans                                   | 147             | 97                     | 45            | 5             | —                    |
| Equity investments                      | 25              | —                      | 25            | —             | —                    |
| <b>Total unfunded commitments</b>       | <b>172</b>      | <b>97</b>              | <b>70</b>     | <b>5</b>      | <b>—</b>             |
| Operating lease obligations             | 15              | 1                      | 3             | 3             | 8                    |
| <b>Total</b>                            | <b>\$ 2,921</b> | <b>\$ 910</b>          | <b>\$ 344</b> | <b>\$ 344</b> | <b>\$ 1,323</b>      |

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements.

#### Impact of Inflation

Our operating results depend in part on the difference between the interest income earned on our interest-earning assets and the interest expense incurred in connection with our interest-bearing liabilities. Changes in the general level of interest rates prevailing in the economy in response to changes in the rate of inflation or otherwise can affect our income by affecting the spread between our interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, as well as, among other things, the value of our interest-earning assets and our ability to realize gains from the sale of assets and the average life of our interest-earning assets. Interest rates are highly sensitive to many factors, including governmental monetary and tax policies, domestic and international economic and political considerations, and other factors beyond our control. We employ the use of correlated hedging strategies to limit the effects of changes in interest rates on our operations, including engaging in interest rate swaps and interest rate caps to minimize our exposure to changes in interest rates. There can be no assurance that we will be able to adequately protect against the foregoing risks or that we will ultimately realize an economic benefit from any hedging contract into which we enter.

#### Note on Forward-Looking Statements

Except for historical information contained herein, this quarterly report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Section 21E of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, which involve certain risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements are included with respect to, among other things, our current business plan, business and investment strategy and portfolio management. These forward-looking statements are identified by their use of such terms and phrases as "intends," "intend," "intended," "goal," "estimate," "estimates," "expects," "expect," "expected," "project," "projected," "projections," "plans," "anticipates," "anticipated," "should," "designed to," "foreseeable future," "believe," "believes" and "scheduled" and similar expressions. Our actual results or outcomes may differ materially from those anticipated. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date the statement was made. We assume no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Important factors that we believe might cause actual results to differ from any results expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements are discussed in the cautionary statements contained in Exhibit 99.1 to this Form 10-Q, which are incorporated herein by reference. In assessing forward-looking statements contained herein, readers are urged to read carefully all cautionary statements contained in this Form 10-Q.

ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Interest Rate Risk

The principal objective of our asset/liability management activities is to maximize net interest income, while managing levels of interest rate risk. Net interest income and interest expense are subject to the risk of interest rate fluctuations. In certain instances, to mitigate the impact of fluctuations in interest rates, we use interest rate swaps to effectively convert variable rate liabilities to fixed rate liabilities for proper matching with fixed rate assets. The swap agreements are generally held-to-maturity and we do not use interest rate derivative financial instruments for trading purposes. The differential to be paid or received on these agreements is recognized as an adjustment to the interest expense related to debt and is recognized on the accrual basis.

As of March 31, 2008, a 100 basis point change in LIBOR would impact our net income by approximately \$5.6 million.

Credit Risk

Our loans and investments, including our fund investments, are also subject to credit risk. The ultimate performance and value of our loans and investments depends upon the owner's ability to operate the properties that serve as our collateral so that they produce cash flows adequate to pay interest and principal due us. To monitor this risk, our asset management team continuously reviews the investment portfolio and in certain instances is in constant contact with our borrowers, monitoring performance of the collateral and enforcing our rights as necessary.

The following table provides information about our financial instruments that are sensitive to changes in interest rates at March 31, 2008. For financial assets and debt obligations, the table presents cash flows (in certain cases, face adjusted for expected losses) to the expected maturity and weighted average interest rates. For interest rate swaps, the table presents notional amounts and weighted average fixed pay and variable receive interest rates by contractual maturity dates. Notional amounts are used to calculate the contractual cash flows to be exchanged under the contract. Weighted average variable rates are based on rates in effect as of the reporting date.



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|                               | 2008                   | 2009      | 2010      | Expected Maturity Dates |           |            | Total       | Fair Value  |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------------|-----------|------------|-------------|-------------|
|                               |                        |           |           | 2011                    | 2012      | Thereafter |             |             |
|                               | (dollars in thousands) |           |           |                         |           |            |             |             |
| <b>Assets:</b>                |                        |           |           |                         |           |            |             |             |
| <b>CMBS</b>                   |                        |           |           |                         |           |            |             |             |
| Fixed Rate                    | \$47,831               | \$6,858   | \$14,013  | \$75,831                | \$193,383 | \$396,880  | \$734,796   | \$643,342   |
| Avg Int Rate                  | 6.42%                  | 7.72%     | 7.32%     | 7.65%                   | 7.12%     | 6.06%      | 6.57%       |             |
| Variable Rate                 | \$3,701                | \$40,524  | \$83,165  | \$1,975                 | \$5,840   | \$36,389   | \$171,594   | \$128,610   |
| Avg Int Rate                  | 3.91%                  | 4.91%     | 6.04%     | 4.70%                   | 6.25%     | 8.60%      | 6.26%       |             |
| <b>Loans</b>                  |                        |           |           |                         |           |            |             |             |
| Fixed Rate                    | \$1,393                | \$64,993  | \$1,998   | \$24,864                | \$2,124   | \$95,085   | \$190,457   | \$206,500   |
| Avg Int Rate                  | 8.49%                  | 10.80%    | 8.23%     | 8.42%                   | 7.76%     | 7.37%      | 8.70%       |             |
| Variable Rate                 | \$816,300              | \$849,926 | \$134,911 | —                       | \$250,871 | \$13,000   | \$2,065,008 | \$2,001,527 |
| Avg Int Rate                  | 5.42%                  | 5.66%     | 6.67%     | —                       | 6.30%     | 4.66%      | 5.70%       |             |
| <b>Interest rate swaps</b>    |                        |           |           |                         |           |            |             |             |
| Notional Amounts              | \$39,651               | \$49,553  | \$14,280  | \$50,023                | \$81,887  | \$275,474  | \$510,868   | \$(35,647)  |
| Avg Fixed Pay Rate            | 5.08%                  | 4.77%     | 5.04%     | 4.66%                   | 4.98%     | 5.04%      | 4.97%       |             |
| Avg Variable Receive Rate     | 2.70%                  | 2.70%     | 2.70%     | 2.70%                   | 2.70%     | 2.70%      | 2.70%       |             |
| <b>Liabilities:</b>           |                        |           |           |                         |           |            |             |             |
| <b>Repurchase obligations</b> |                        |           |           |                         |           |            |             |             |
| Variable Rate                 | \$738,957              | \$113,171 | \$57,921  | —                       | —         | —          | \$910,049   | \$910,049   |
| Avg Int Rate                  | 3.66%                  | 3.91%     | 3.86%     | —                       | —         | —          | 3.70%       |             |
| <b>CDOs</b>                   |                        |           |           |                         |           |            |             |             |
| Fixed Rate                    | \$4,278                | \$3,042   | \$5,484   | \$41,593                | \$68,965  | \$148,272  | \$271,634   | \$243,586   |
| Avg Int Rate                  | 5.60%                  | 6.22%     | 5.19%     | 5.10%                   | 5.16%     | 5.42%      | 5.31%       |             |
| Variable Rate                 | \$35,616               | \$268,532 | \$49,443  | \$155,101               | \$196,410 | \$209,395  | \$914,497   | \$671,519   |
| Avg Int Rate                  | 3.07%                  | 3.16%     | 3.87%     | 3.00%                   | 3.08%     | 3.31%      | 3.18%       |             |

Avg Int  
Rate

Senior unsecured credit  
facility

|            |            |   |   |   |   |           |          |
|------------|------------|---|---|---|---|-----------|----------|
| Fixed Rate | —\$100,000 | — | — | — | — | \$100,000 | \$96,461 |
| Avg Int    | — 4.45%    | — | — | — | — | — 4.45%   |          |

Rate

Junior  
subordinated  
debt

|            |   |   |   |   |   |           |           |          |
|------------|---|---|---|---|---|-----------|-----------|----------|
| Fixed Rate | — | — | — | — | — | \$128,875 | \$128,875 | \$72,710 |
| Avg Int    | — | — | — | — | — | 7.20%     | 7.20%     |          |

Rate

Participations  
sold

|          |          |           |          |            |   |           |           |
|----------|----------|-----------|----------|------------|---|-----------|-----------|
| Variable | \$91,465 | \$170,829 | \$29,050 | —\$117,936 | — | \$409,280 | \$395,531 |
|----------|----------|-----------|----------|------------|---|-----------|-----------|

Rate

|         |       |       |       |         |   |       |  |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|---------|---|-------|--|
| Avg Int | 4.57% | 6.40% | 7.20% | — 6.52% | — | 6.08% |  |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|---------|---|-------|--|

Rate

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ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

An evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our "disclosure controls and procedures" (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")), as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report was made under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. Based upon this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (a) are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms and (b) include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Controls

There have been no significant changes in our "internal control over financial reporting" (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act) that occurred during the period covered by this quarterly report that have materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1: Legal Proceedings  
None

ITEM 1A: Risk Factors  
In addition to the other information discussed in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, please consider the risk factors provided in our updated risk factors attached as Exhibit 99.1, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results.

There were no other material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, except that we have determined to add the following risk factor:

If Bear Stearns does not consummate its combination with JPMorgan, we may need to find a replacement for the repurchase obligation financing provided by Bear Stearns.

On March 16, 2008, JPMorgan Chase & Co, or JPMorgan, entered into an agreement and plan of merger with The Bear, Stearns Companies Inc., or Bear Stearns, pursuant to which JPMorgan agreed to acquire Bear Stearns, subject to certain closing conditions and termination rights. The merger agreement was amended on March 24, 2008 to, among other things, increase the consideration payable to shareholders of Bear Stearns. The merger agreement provides that, upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the merger agreement, a wholly-owned subsidiary of JPMorgan Chase will merge with and into Bear Stearns with Bear Stearns continuing as the surviving corporation and as a wholly-owned subsidiary of JPMorgan Chase. We can provide no assurance that Bear Stearns' combination with JPMorgan will be consummated as contemplated in the merger agreement or at all.

We are a party to repurchase agreements with subsidiaries of Bear Stearns that provide for an aggregate of \$480 million of repurchase obligation financing, the majority of which matures on August 15, 2008. We had \$344 million of repurchase obligations outstanding under these Bear Stearns repurchase agreements as of March 31, 2008. We are also a party to a master repurchase agreement with a subsidiary of JPMorgan that provides for \$250 million of repurchase obligation financing, the majority of which matures on October 29, 2008. We had \$187 million of repurchase obligations outstanding under this JPMorgan repurchase agreement as of March 31, 2008. In the event of a successful combination of JPMorgan and Bear Stearns and absent refinancing of the subject investments with other financing sources, we would have a total of \$531 at the combined firm, which would represent a material concentration of our repurchase obligation financing in a single counterparty and an increase in the risks attendant to such concentration. If the combination is not successful, we may need to find a replacement for the repurchase obligation financing provided by Bear Stearns and such financing, if available, may not be available on commercially attractive terms. If required financing is not available, we may be forced to liquidate investments at inopportune times and may achieve sales prices that are less than those that may be obtained other times in the future.

Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may adversely affect our business, financial condition or operating results.

ITEM 2: Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds  
None.

ITEM 3: Defaults Upon Senior Securities  
None.

ITEM 4: Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None.

ITEM 5:

Other Information

None.

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ITEM 6:

Exhibits

- 11.1 Statements regarding Computation of Earnings per Share (Data required by Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 128, Earnings per Share, is provided in Note 10 to the consolidated financial statements contained in this report).
- 31.1 Certification of John R. Klopp, Chief Executive Officer, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of Geoffrey G. Jervis, Chief Financial Officer, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certification of John R. Klopp, Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2 Certification of Geoffrey G. Jervis, Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 99.1 Updated Risk Factors from the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, filed on March 4, 2008 with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

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· Filed herewith

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CAPITAL TRUST, INC.

May 6, 2008  
Date

/s/ John R. Klopp  
John R. Klopp  
Chief Executive Officer

May 6, 2008  
Date

/s/ Geoffrey G. Jervis  
Geoffrey G. Jervis  
Chief Financial Officer