

EQT Corp
Form 10-Q
October 22, 2015
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UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM TO

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 1-3551

EQT CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

PENNSYLVANIA

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

25-0464690

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

625 Liberty Avenue, Suite 1700, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

(Address of principal executive offices)

15222

(Zip code)

(412) 553-5700

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer
Non-Accelerated Filer

Accelerated Filer
Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
Yes No

As of September 30, 2015, 152,540 (in thousands) shares of common stock, no par value, of the registrant were outstanding.

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EQT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

EQT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Statements of Consolidated Income (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	(Thousands, except per share amounts)			
Revenues:				
Sales of natural gas, oil and NGLs	\$358,977	\$526,521	\$1,306,684	\$1,596,894
Pipeline and marketing services	56,775	50,381	203,164	185,680
Gain (loss) on derivatives not designated as hedges	161,263	1,821	209,114	(16,058)
Total operating revenues	577,015	578,723	1,718,962	1,766,516
Operating expenses:				
Transportation and processing	65,033	49,121	187,709	146,019
Operation and maintenance	32,385	27,944	92,693	80,752
Production	32,505	33,840	95,353	97,662
Exploration	8,177	3,606	32,153	12,477
Selling, general and administrative	60,633	57,131	193,415	169,382
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	208,227	175,578	599,791	484,908
Total operating expenses	406,960	347,220	1,201,114	991,200
Gain on sale / exchange of assets	—	—	—	37,749
Operating income	170,055	231,503	517,848	813,065
Other income	2,661	1,004	6,289	6,134
Interest expense	36,547	35,717	110,596	99,558
Income before income taxes	136,169	196,790	413,541	719,641
Income tax expense	35,936	64,496	28,393	239,920
Income from continuing operations	100,233	132,294	385,148	479,721
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	—	—	—	1,772
Net income	100,233	132,294	385,148	481,493
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	59,446	33,739	165,398	79,824
Net income attributable to EQT Corporation	\$40,787	\$98,555	\$219,750	\$401,669
Amounts attributable to EQT Corporation:				
Income from continuing operations	\$40,787	\$98,555	\$219,750	\$399,897
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	—	—	—	1,772
Net income	\$40,787	\$98,555	\$219,750	\$401,669
Earnings per share of common stock attributable to EQT Corporation:				
Basic:				
Weighted average common stock outstanding	152,551	151,557	152,326	151,533
Income from continuing operations	\$0.27	\$0.65	\$1.44	\$2.64
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	—	—	—	0.01

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Net income	\$0.27	\$0.65	\$1.44	\$2.65
Diluted:				
Weighted average common stock outstanding	152,854	152,330	152,789	152,468
Income from continuing operations	\$0.27	\$0.65	\$1.44	\$2.62
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	—	—	—	0.01
Net income	\$0.27	\$0.65	\$1.44	\$2.63
Dividends declared per common share	\$0.03	\$0.03	\$0.09	\$0.09

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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EQT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Statements of Consolidated Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	(Thousands)			
Net income	\$ 100,233	\$ 132,294	\$ 385,148	\$ 481,493
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:				
Net change in cash flow hedges:				
Natural gas, net of tax (benefit) expense of \$(26,093), \$11,844, \$(81,279) and \$(16,036)	(39,346	) 17,820	(122,678	) (23,418
Interest rate, net of tax expense of \$25, \$25, \$75 and \$75	36	36	108	108
Pension and other post-retirement benefits liability adjustment, net of tax expense of \$127, \$113, \$382 and \$340	202	175	606	527
Other comprehensive (loss) income	(39,108	) 18,031	(121,964	) (22,783
Comprehensive income	61,125	150,325	263,184	458,710
Less: Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	59,446	33,739	165,398	79,824
Comprehensive income attributable to EQT Corporation	\$ 1,679	\$ 116,586	\$ 97,786	\$ 378,886

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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EQT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Statements of Condensed Consolidated Cash Flows (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2015	2014
	(Thousands)	
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$385,148	\$481,493
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Deferred income tax (benefit) expense	(78,958	) 102,301
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	599,791	484,908
Asset impairments	35,004	8,729
Gain on sale / exchange of assets	—	(37,749
Gain on dispositions	—	(3,598
(Recoveries of) provision for losses on accounts receivable	(2,262	) 1,753
Other income	(6,276	) (6,134
Stock-based compensation expense	41,622	33,072
Loss recognized in operating revenues for hedging ineffectiveness	—	(13,075
(Gain) loss on derivatives not designated as hedges	(209,114	) 16,058
Cash settlements received (paid) on derivatives not designated as hedges	70,874	(9,232
Changes in other assets and liabilities:		
Dividend from Nora Gathering, LLC	—	9,463
Excess tax benefits on stock-based compensation	(21,176	) (28,592
Accounts receivable	161,118	34,419
Accounts payable	(84,262	) (15,201
Accrued interest	22,935	30,860
Other items, net	(14,226	) 52,470
Net cash provided by operating activities	900,218	1,141,945
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Capital expenditures from continuing operations	(1,899,338	) (1,606,307
Capital expenditures associated with Range Resources Corporation asset exchange	—	(163,251
Capital contributions to Mountain Valley Pipeline, LLC	(75,838) —
Restricted cash, net	—	(338,561
Proceeds from sale of assets	—	7,444
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,975,176	) (2,100,675
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from the issuance of common units of EQT Midstream Partners, LP, net of issuance costs	758,812	902,467
Proceeds from the sale of common units of EQT GP Holdings, LP, net of sale costs	674,010	—
Proceeds from issuance of EQT Midstream Partners, LP debt	—	500,000
Increase in short-term loans	561,500	450,000
Decrease in short-term loans	(211,500	) (450,000
Dividends paid	(13,725) (13,653
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(85,218) (46,155

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Repayments and retirements of long-term debt	(9,004) (6,162)
Proceeds and excess tax benefits from exercises under employee compensation plans	35,196	42,181	
Cash paid for taxes related to net settlement of share-based incentive awards	(46,492	) (49,013)
Debt issuance costs and revolving credit facility origination fees	—	(12,690)
Repurchase and retirement of common stock	(3,375	) (32,368)
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,660,204	1,284,607	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	585,246	325,877	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,077,429	845,641	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$1,662,675	\$1,171,518	
Cash paid during the period for:			
Interest, net of amount capitalized	\$87,661	\$68,698	
Income taxes, net	\$100,987	\$127,858	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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EQT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
	(Thousands)	
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,662,675	\$1,077,429
Accounts receivable (less accumulated provision for doubtful accounts: \$2,685 at September 30, 2015 and \$5,311 at December 31, 2014)	147,229	306,085
Derivative instruments, at fair value	395,264	458,460
Prepaid expenses and other	57,653	62,349
Total current assets	2,262,821	1,904,323
Property, plant and equipment	15,364,032	13,608,151
Less: accumulated depreciation and depletion	4,091,834	3,531,337
Net property, plant and equipment	11,272,198	10,076,814
Other assets	205,087	83,763
Total assets	\$13,740,106	\$12,064,900

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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EQT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
	(Thousands)	
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 160,000	\$ 166,011
Short-term loans	350,000	—
Accounts payable	265,407	444,077
Other current liabilities	215,709	223,391
Total current liabilities	991,116	833,479
Long-term debt	2,818,200	2,822,889
Deferred income taxes	1,875,552	1,750,870
Other liabilities and credits	302,965	284,599
Total liabilities	5,987,833	5,691,837
Equity:		
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, no par value, authorized 320,000 shares, shares issued: 175,347 at September 30, 2015 and 175,384 at December 31, 2014	2,384,312	1,895,632
Treasury stock, shares at cost: 22,807 at September 30, 2015 and 23,788 at December 31, 2014	(411,701	) (429,440)
Retained earnings	3,121,376	2,917,129
Accumulated other comprehensive income	77,530	199,494
Total common stockholders' equity	5,171,517	4,582,815
Noncontrolling interests in consolidated subsidiaries	2,580,756	1,790,248
Total equity	7,752,273	6,373,063
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 13,740,106	\$ 12,064,900

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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EQT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Statements of Condensed Consolidated Equity (Unaudited)

	Common Stock		Retained	Accumulated	Noncontrolling	Total
	Shares	No	Earnings	Other	Interests in	Equity
	Outstanding	Par Value		Comprehensive	Consolidated	
	(Thousands)			Income (Loss)	Subsidiaries	
Balance, January 1, 2014	150,884	\$ 1,422,105	\$ 2,567,980	\$ 44,703	\$ 829,340	\$ 4,864,128
Comprehensive income (net of tax):						
Net income			401,669		79,824	481,493
Net change in cash flow hedges:						
Natural gas, net of tax benefit of \$(16,036)				(23,418)		(23,418)
Interest rate, net of tax expense of \$75				108		108
Pension and other post-retirement benefits liability adjustment, net of tax expense of \$340				527		527
Dividends (\$0.09 per share)			(13,653)			(13,653)
Stock-based compensation plans, net	922	40,436			1,685	42,121
Distributions to noncontrolling interests (\$1.47 per EQM common unit)					(46,155)	(46,155)
Issuance of common units of EQT Midstream Partners, LP					902,467	902,467
Repurchase and retirement of common stock	(300)	(12,759)	(19,609)			(32,368)
Balance, September 30, 2014	151,506	\$ 1,449,782	\$ 2,936,387	\$ 21,920	\$ 1,767,161	\$ 6,175,250
Balance, January 1, 2015	151,596	\$ 1,466,192	\$ 2,917,129	\$ 199,494	\$ 1,790,248	\$ 6,373,063
Comprehensive income (net of tax):						
Net income			219,750		165,398	385,148
Net change in cash flow hedges:						
Natural gas, net of tax benefit of \$(81,279)				(122,678)		(122,678)
Interest rate, net of tax expense of \$75				108		108
Pension and other post-retirement benefits liability adjustment, net of tax expense of \$382				606		606

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Dividends (\$0.09 per share)			(13,725)			(13,725)
Stock-based compensation plans, net	982	54,238		796		55,034
Distributions to noncontrolling interests (\$1.83 and \$0.04739 per common unit from EQM and EQGP, respectively)				(85,218)		(85,218)
Issuance of common units of EQT Midstream Partners, LP				758,812		758,812
Sale of common units of EQT GP Holdings, LP				674,010		674,010
Changes in ownership of consolidated subsidiaries		453,778		(723,290)		(269,512)
Repurchase and retirement of common stock	(38)	(1,597)	(1,778)			(3,375)
Balance, September 30, 2015	152,540	\$1,972,611	\$3,121,376	\$77,530	\$2,580,756	\$7,752,273

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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EQT Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

A. Financial Statements

The accompanying unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for interim financial information and with the requirements of Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by United States GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, these statements include all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring accruals, unless otherwise disclosed in this Form 10-Q) necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position of EQT Corporation and subsidiaries as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the results of its operations for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 and its cash flows for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2014. In this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, references to “we,” “us,” “our,” “EQT,” “EQT Corporation,” and the “Company” refer collectively to EQT Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries.

Certain previously reported amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. The impact of these reclassifications was not material to any of the previously issued financial statements.

The balance sheet at December 31, 2014 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by United States GAAP for complete financial statements.

Amounts related to discontinued operations included within the Statements of Consolidated Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 relate to the sale of Equitable Gas Company, LLC and related transactions in 2013.

For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in EQT Corporation’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 as well as “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” beginning on page 21 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

B. Discontinued Operations

On December 17, 2013, the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary Distribution Holdco, LLC (Holdco) completed the disposition of their ownership interests in Equitable Gas Company, LLC (Equitable Gas) and Equitable Homeworks, LLC (Homeworks) to PNG Companies LLC (the Equitable Gas Transaction). Equitable Gas and Homeworks comprised substantially all of the Company’s previously reported Distribution segment. The financial information of Equitable Gas and Homeworks is reflected as discontinued operations for all periods presented in these financial statements.

During the second quarter of 2014, the Company received additional cash proceeds of \$7.4 million as a result of post-closing purchase price adjustments for the Equitable Gas Transaction. The Company recognized an additional gain of \$3.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, included in income from discontinued operations, net of tax, in the Statements of Consolidated Income. As consideration for the Equitable Gas Transaction, the Company received total cash proceeds of \$748.0 million, select midstream assets (including the Allegheny Valley Connector) with a fair value of \$140.9 million and other contractual assets with a fair value of \$32.5 million.

Income from discontinued operations before income taxes was \$3.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. Income from discontinued operations was \$1.8 million, net of tax of \$1.3 million, for the nine months ended

September 30, 2014.

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EQT Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

C. EQT GP Holdings, LP

In January 2015, the Company formed EQT GP Holdings, LP (EQGP) (NYSE: EQGP), a Delaware limited partnership, to own partnership interests in EQT Midstream Partners, LP (EQM) (NYSE: EQM). In April 2015, EQT Midstream Investments, LLC, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company that held EQT's EQM common units, merged with and into EQGP, and EQT Gathering Holdings, LLC (EQT Gathering Holdings), an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of EQT, contributed 100% of the outstanding limited liability company interests in EQT Midstream Services, LLC, EQM's general partner, to EQGP. As a result of these restructuring transactions, EQGP owned the following EQM partnership interests as of September 30, 2015, which represent EQGP's only cash-generating assets: 21,811,643 EQM common units, representing a 29.89% limited partner interest in EQM; 1,443,015 EQM general partner units, representing a 1.98% general partner interest in EQM; and all of EQM's incentive distribution rights, or IDRs, which entitle EQGP to receive up to 48.0% of all incremental cash distributed in a quarter after \$0.5250 has been distributed in respect of each common unit and general partner unit of EQM for that quarter. The Company is the ultimate parent company of EQGP and EQM.

On May 15, 2015, EQGP completed an underwritten initial public offering (IPO) of 26,450,000 common units representing limited partner interests in EQGP, which represented 9.9% of EQGP's outstanding limited partner interests. The Company retained 239,715,000 common units, which represented a 90.1% limited partner interest, and a non-economic general partner interest, in EQGP. EQT Gathering Holdings, as the selling unitholder, sold all of the EQGP common units in the offering, resulting in net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$674.0 million after deducting underwriting discounts and structuring fees of approximately \$2.6 million. EQGP did not receive any of the proceeds from, or incur any expenses in connection with, EQGP's IPO.

The Company continues to consolidate the results of EQGP, but records an income tax provision only as to its ownership percentage. The Company records the noncontrolling interest of the EQGP public limited partners in its financial statements. In connection with the May 2015 EQGP IPO, the Company recorded a \$321.8 million gain to additional paid-in-capital, a decrease in noncontrolling interest in consolidated subsidiary of \$512.9 million and an increase to deferred tax liability of \$191.1 million.

On October 20, 2015, the Board of Directors of EQGP's general partner declared a cash distribution to EQGP's unitholders for the third quarter of 2015 of \$0.104 per common unit, or approximately \$27.7 million. The distribution will be paid on November 23, 2015 to unitholders of record, including the Company, at the close of business on November 2, 2015.

Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (i.e., to the EQGP limited partner interests not owned by the Company and the EQM limited partner interests not owned by EQGP) was \$59.4 million and \$165.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively. Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (i.e., to the EQM limited partner interests not owned by the Company) was \$33.7 million and \$79.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively.

D. EQT Midstream Partners, LP

In January 2012, the Company formed EQM to own, operate, acquire and develop midstream assets in the Appalachian Basin. EQM provides midstream services to the Company and other third parties. EQM is consolidated in the Company's consolidated financial statements. The Company records the noncontrolling interest of the EQM public limited partners in its financial statements.

In connection with EQM's IPO in July 2012, EQM issued 17,339,718 subordinated units of EQM to the Company. On February 17, 2015, the subordinated units converted into common units representing limited partner interests in EQM on a one-for-one basis as a result of satisfaction of certain conditions for termination of the subordination period set forth in EQM's partnership agreement.

On March 10, 2015, the Company and certain subsidiaries of the Company entered into a contribution and sale agreement (Contribution Agreement) with EQM and EQM Gathering Opco, LLC (EQM Gathering), an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of EQM. Pursuant to the Contribution Agreement, on March 17, 2015, a subsidiary of the Company contributed the Northern West Virginia Marcellus gathering system to EQM Gathering in exchange for total consideration of approximately \$925.7 million, consisting of approximately \$873.2 million in cash, 511,973 EQM common units and 178,816 EQM general partner units (the NWV Gathering Transaction). EQM Gathering is consolidated by the Company as it is still controlled by the Company. On April 15, 2015, pursuant to the Contribution Agreement, the Company transferred a preferred interest in EQT Energy Supply, LLC, a subsidiary of the Company that generates revenue from services provided to a local distribution company, to EQM in exchange for total consideration of approximately \$124.3 million.

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EQT Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

On March 17, 2015, EQM completed an underwritten public offering of 8,250,000 common units. On March 18, 2015, the underwriters exercised their option to purchase 1,237,500 additional common units on the same terms as the offering. EQM received net proceeds of approximately \$696.6 million from the offering after deducting the underwriters' discount and offering expenses of approximately \$24.5 million. In connection with the offering, the Company recorded a \$122.8 million gain to additional paid-in-capital, a decrease in noncontrolling interest in consolidated subsidiary of \$195.8 million and an increase to deferred tax liability of \$73.0 million.

On March 30, 2015, the Company assigned 100% of the membership interests in MVP Holdco, LLC (MVP Holdco), an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company that owns a majority interest (the MVP Interest) in Mountain Valley Pipeline, LLC (MVP Joint Venture), to EQM for approximately \$54.2 million, which represented EQM's reimbursement to the Company for 100% of the capital contributions made by the Company to the MVP Joint Venture as of March 30, 2015. The MVP Joint Venture plans to construct the Mountain Valley Pipeline (MVP), an estimated 300-mile natural gas interstate pipeline spanning from northern West Virginia to southern Virginia. The MVP Joint Venture has secured a total of 2.0 Bcf per day of 20 - year firm capacity commitments, including an approximately 1.3 Bcf per day firm capacity commitment by the Company. The MVP project is subject to Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) approval. The voluntary pre-filing process with the FERC began in October 2014 and the pipeline is expected to be placed in-service during the fourth quarter of 2018. The MVP Joint Venture has been determined to be a variable interest entity because the MVP Joint Venture has insufficient equity to finance activities during the construction stage of the MVP. EQM is not the primary beneficiary because it does not have the power to direct the activities of the MVP Joint Venture that most significantly impact its economic performance. EQM accounted for the MVP Interest beginning on the date it was assumed from EQT as an equity method investment.

During the third quarter of 2015, EQM entered into an equity distribution agreement that established an "At the Market" (ATM) common unit offering program, pursuant to which a group of managers, acting as EQM's sales agents, may sell EQM common units having an aggregate offering price of up to \$750 million (the \$750 million ATM Program). During the three months ended September 30, 2015, EQM issued 827,975 common units at an average price per unit of \$76.58. EQM received net proceeds of approximately \$62.2 million after deducting commissions of approximately \$0.7 million and other offering expenses of approximately \$0.5 million. EQM used the net proceeds from the sales for general partnership purposes. EQM's general partner elected not to maintain its general partner ownership percentage at the previous level of 2.0%. In connection with the September offerings, the Company recorded a \$9.2 million gain to additional paid-in-capital, a decrease in noncontrolling interest in consolidated subsidiary of \$14.6 million and an increase to deferred tax liability of \$5.4 million.

On October 20, 2015, the Board of Directors of EQM's general partner declared a cash distribution to EQM's unitholders for the third quarter of 2015 of \$0.675 per common unit. The cash distribution will be paid on November 13, 2015 to unitholders of record, including EQGP, at the close of business on November 2, 2015. Based on the 71,870,181 EQM common units outstanding on October 22, 2015, the aggregate cash distributions to EQGP would be approximately \$28.6 million consisting of: \$14.7 million in respect of its limited partner interest, \$1.2 million in respect of its general partner interest and \$12.7 million in respect of its incentive distribution rights in EQM. The distributions in respect of EQGP's general partner interest and incentive distribution rights in EQM are subject to change if EQM issues additional common units on or prior to the record date for the third quarter 2015 distribution.

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EQT Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

E. Financial Information by Business Segment

Operating segments are revenue-producing components of the enterprise for which separate financial information is produced internally and which are subject to evaluation by the Company's chief operating decision maker in deciding how to allocate resources.

The Company reports its operations in two segments, which reflect its lines of business. The EQT Production segment includes the Company's exploration for, and development and production of, natural gas, natural gas liquids (NGLs) and a limited amount of crude oil in the Appalachian and Permian Basins. The EQT Midstream segment's operations include the natural gas gathering, transmission, storage and marketing activities of the Company, including ownership and operation of EQM.

Operating segments are evaluated on their contribution to the Company's consolidated results based on operating income. Other income, interest and income taxes are managed on a consolidated basis. Headquarters' costs are billed to the operating segments based upon an allocation of the headquarters' annual operating budget. Differences between budget and actual headquarters' expenses are not allocated to the operating segments.

Substantially all of the Company's operating revenues, income from operations and assets are generated or located in the United States.

	Three Months Ended September		Nine Months Ended September	
	30,		30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	(Thousands)			
Revenues from external customers:				
EQT Production	\$381,538	\$411,687	\$1,127,319	\$1,297,593
EQT Midstream	198,579	173,856	599,235	502,427
Less intersegment revenues, net (a)	(3,102)	) (6,820)	) (7,592)	) (33,504)
Total	\$577,015	\$578,723	\$1,718,962	\$1,766,516
Operating income:				
EQT Production (b)	\$56,360	\$140,036	\$175,317	\$561,930
EQT Midstream (b)	113,010	93,600	350,942	265,196
Unallocated expenses (c)	685	(2,133)	) (8,411)	) (14,061)
Total operating income	\$170,055	\$231,503	\$517,848	\$813,065

(a) Eliminates intercompany natural gas sales from EQT Production to EQT Midstream.

(b) Gains on sales / exchanges of assets of \$31.0 million and \$6.8 million are included in EQT Production and EQT Midstream operating income, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

(c) Unallocated expenses consist primarily of incentive compensation expense and administrative costs.

Reconciliation of operating income to income from continuing operations:

Other income	2,661	1,004	6,289	6,134
Interest expense	36,547	35,717	110,596	99,558
Income taxes	35,936	64,496	28,393	239,920
Income from continuing operations	\$100,233	\$132,294	\$385,148	\$479,721

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EQT Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

	As of September 30, 2015		As of December 31, 2014	
	(Thousands)			
Segment assets:				
EQT Production		\$8,842,653		\$8,153,199
EQT Midstream		3,134,036		2,709,052
Total operating segments		11,976,689		10,862,251
Headquarters assets, including cash and short-term investments		1,763,417		1,202,649
Total assets		\$13,740,106		\$12,064,900
	Three Months Ended September		Nine Months Ended September	
	30,		30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	(Thousands)			
Depreciation, depletion and amortization:				
EQT Production	\$184,277	\$154,031	\$529,071	\$421,521
EQT Midstream	23,830	21,709	70,417	63,848
Other	120	(162	) 303	(461
Total	\$208,227	\$175,578	\$599,791	\$484,908
Expenditures for segment assets (d):				
EQT Production (e)	\$451,358	\$511,971	\$1,453,647	\$1,855,518
EQT Midstream	130,902	136,589	368,019	333,813
Other	437	805	2,046	2,167
Total	\$582,697	\$649,365	\$1,823,712	\$2,191,498

Includes non-cash capital expenditures of \$5.9 million and \$5.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$18.5 million and \$13.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 (d) and 2014, respectively, for certain labor overhead costs including a portion of non-cash stock-based compensation expense. The Company also had accrued capital expenditures which had not yet been paid of \$164.1 million and \$233.3 million as of September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

(e) Includes \$159.0 million of cash capital expenditures and \$353.1 million of non-cash capital expenditures for the exchange of assets with Range Resources Corporation (Range) (described in Note L) for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. Expenditures for segment assets in the EQT Production segment include \$41.8 million and \$37.2 million for property acquisitions during the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$180.9 million and \$646.9 million for property acquisitions during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

F. Derivative Instruments

The Company's primary market risk exposure is the volatility of future prices for natural gas and NGLs, which can affect the operating results of the Company primarily at EQT Production. The Company's overall objective in its hedging program is to protect cash flows from undue exposure to the risk of changing commodity prices.

The Company uses over the counter (OTC) derivative commodity instruments, primarily swap and collar agreements, that are primarily placed with financial institutions and the creditworthiness of all counterparties is regularly monitored. The Company also uses exchange traded futures contracts that obligate the Company to buy or sell a designated commodity at a future date for a specified price and quantity at a specified location. Swap agreements involve payments to or receipts from counterparties based on the differential between two prices for the commodity.

Collar agreements require the counterparty to pay the Company if the index price falls below the floor price and the Company to pay the counterparty if the index price rises above the cap price. The Company also engages in basis swaps to protect earnings from undue exposure to the risk of geographic disparities in commodity prices and interest rate swaps to hedge exposure to interest rate fluctuations on potential debt issuances. The Company has also engaged in a limited number of swaptions and call options.

The Company recognizes all derivative instruments as either assets or liabilities at fair value on a gross basis. The assets are reported as derivative instruments at fair value in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets and liabilities are reported within other current liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. These derivative instruments are reported as either current assets or current liabilities due to their highly liquid nature. The Company can net settle its derivative instruments at any time.

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EQT Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The accounting for the changes in fair value of the Company's derivative instruments depends on the use of the derivative instruments. To the extent that a derivative instrument had been designated and qualified as a cash flow hedge, the effective portion of the change in fair value of the derivative instrument is reported as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (OCI), net of tax, and is subsequently reclassified into the Statements of Consolidated Income in the same period or periods during which the forecasted transaction affects earnings. In conjunction with the exchange of assets with Range that closed in June 2014 (see Note L), the Company de-designated certain derivative instruments that were previously designated as cash flow hedges because it was probable that the forecasted transactions would not occur, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$28.0 million recorded within gain on sale / exchange of assets in the Statements of Consolidated Income for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. Any subsequent changes in fair value of these derivative instruments are recognized within operating revenues in the Statements of Consolidated Income each period.

Historically, derivative commodity instruments used by the Company to hedge its exposure to variability in expected future cash flows associated with the fluctuations in the price of natural gas related to the Company's forecasted sale of equity production and forecasted natural gas purchases and sales were designated and qualified as cash flow hedges. As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company deferred net gains of \$94.4 million and \$217.1 million, respectively, in accumulated OCI, net of tax, related to the effective portion of the change in fair value of its derivative commodity instruments designated as cash flow hedges. Effective December 31, 2014, the Company elected to de-designate all cash flows hedges and discontinue the use of cash flow hedge accounting. As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the forecasted transactions remained probable of occurring and as such, the amounts in accumulated OCI will continue to be reported in accumulated OCI and will be reclassified into earnings in future periods when the underlying hedged transactions occur. The Company estimates that approximately \$73.8 million of net gains on its derivative commodity instruments reflected in accumulated OCI, net of tax, as of September 30, 2015 will be recognized in earnings during the next twelve months due to the settlement of hedged transactions. As a result of the discontinuance of cash flow hedge accounting, beginning in 2015, all changes in fair value of the Company's derivative instruments are recognized in the Statements of Consolidated Income.

The Company also enters into fixed price natural gas sales agreements that are satisfied by physical delivery. These physical commodity contracts qualify for the normal purchases and sales exception and are not subject to derivative instrument accounting.

Exchange-traded instruments are generally settled with offsetting positions. OTC arrangements require settlement in cash. Settlements of derivative commodity instruments are reported as a component of cash flows from operations in the accompanying Statements of Condensed Consolidated Cash Flows.

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2015		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Commodity derivatives designated as cash flow hedges	(Thousands)			
Amount of gain (loss) recognized in OCI (effective portion), net of tax	\$—	\$23,160	\$—	\$(29,489)
Amount of gain reclassified from accumulated OCI, net of tax, into gain on sale / exchange of assets due to forecasted transactions probable to not occur	—	—	—	16,735
Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from accumulated OCI, net of tax, into operating revenues (effective portion)	39,346	5,340	122,678	(22,806)
	—	34,348	—	13,075

Amount of gain recognized in operating revenues (ineffective portion) (a)

Interest rate derivatives designated as cash flow hedges

Amount of loss reclassified from accumulated OCI, net of tax, into interest expense (effective portion)	\$ (36)	\$ (36)	\$ (108)	\$ (108)
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Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments

Amount of gain (loss) recognized in gain (loss) on derivatives not designated as hedges	\$ 161,263	\$ 1,821	\$ 209,114	\$ (16,058)
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(a) No amounts were excluded from effectiveness testing of cash flow hedges.

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EQT Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The absolute quantities of the Company's derivative commodity instruments totaled 585 Bcf and 624 Bcf as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, and were primarily related to natural gas swaps and collars. The open positions at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 had maturities extending through December 2018.

The Company recognizes all derivative instruments as either assets or liabilities at fair value on a gross basis. Margin deposits remitted to financial counterparties or received from financial counterparties related to OTC natural gas swap agreements and options and any funds remitted to or deposits received from the Company's brokers are recorded on a gross basis. The Company has netting agreements with financial institutions and its brokers that permit net settlement of gross commodity derivative assets against gross commodity derivative liabilities. The table below reflects the impact of netting agreements and margin deposits on gross derivative assets and liabilities as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

	Derivative instruments, recorded in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet, gross (Thousands)	Derivative instruments subject to master netting agreements	Margin deposits remitted to counterparties	Derivative instruments, net
As of September 30, 2015				
Asset derivatives:				
Derivative instruments, at fair value	\$395,264	\$(15,411)	) \$—	\$379,853
Liability derivatives:				
Derivative instruments, at fair value (included in other current liabilities)	\$26,057	\$(15,411)	) \$—	\$10,646
As of December 31, 2014				
Asset derivatives:				
Derivative instruments, at fair value	\$458,460	\$(22,810)	) \$—	\$435,650
Liability derivatives:				
Derivative instruments, at fair value (included in other current liabilities)	\$22,942	\$(22,810)	) \$(132)) \$—

Certain of the Company's derivative instrument contracts provide that if the Company's credit ratings by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services (S&P) or Moody's Investors Services (Moody's) are lowered below investment grade, additional collateral may be required to be deposited with the counterparty. The additional collateral can be up to 100% of the derivative liability. As of September 30, 2015, the aggregate fair value of all derivative instruments with credit risk-related contingent features that were in a net liability position was \$15.7 million, for which the Company had no collateral posted on September 30, 2015. If the Company's credit rating by S&P or Moody's had been downgraded below investment grade on September 30, 2015, the Company would not have been required to post any

additional collateral under the agreements with the respective counterparties. Investment grade refers to the quality of the Company's credit as assessed by one or more credit rating agencies. The Company's senior unsecured debt was rated BBB by S&P and Baa3 by Moody's at September 30, 2015. In order to be considered investment grade, the Company must be rated BBB- or higher by S&P and Baa3 or higher by Moody's. Anything below these ratings is considered non-investment grade. Having a non-investment grade rating may result in greater borrowing costs and collateral requirements than would be available if all credit ratings were investment grade.

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EQT Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

G. Fair Value Measurements

The Company records its financial instruments, principally derivative instruments, at fair value in its Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company estimates the fair value using quoted market prices, where available. If quoted market prices are not available, fair value is based upon models that use market-based parameters as inputs, including forward curves, discount rates, volatilities and nonperformance risk. Nonperformance risk considers the effect of the Company's credit standing on the fair value of liabilities and the effect of the counterparty's credit standing on the fair value of assets. The Company estimates nonperformance risk by analyzing publicly available market information, including a comparison of the yield on debt instruments with credit ratings similar to the Company's or counterparty's credit rating and the yield of a risk-free instrument and credit default swaps rates where available.

The Company has categorized its assets and liabilities recorded at fair value into a three-level fair value hierarchy, based on the priority of the inputs to the valuation technique. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). Assets and liabilities included in Level 1 include the Company's futures contracts. Assets and liabilities in Level 2 primarily include the Company's swap and collar agreements. There were no transfers between Level 1 and 2 during the periods presented. There were no transfers into or out of Level 3 during the periods presented. The Company recognizes transfers between Levels as of the actual date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

The fair value of the assets and liabilities included in Level 2 is based on standard industry income approach models that use significant observable inputs, including New York Mercantile Exchange (NYMEX) forward curves, LIBOR-based discount rates and basis forward curves. The Company's collars, swaptions and options are valued using standard industry income approach option models. The significant observable inputs utilized by the option pricing models include NYMEX forward curves, natural gas volatilities and LIBOR-based discount rates.

The Company uses NYMEX forward curves to value futures, commodity swaps, collars, swaptions and options. The NYMEX forward curves, LIBOR-based discount rates, natural gas volatilities and basis forward curves are validated to external sources at least monthly.

The following assets and liabilities were measured at fair value on a recurring basis during the applicable period:

Description	As of September 30, 2015	Fair value measurements at reporting date using		
		Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
	(Thousands)			
Assets				
Derivative instruments, at fair value	\$ 395,264	\$—	\$ 395,264	\$—
Liabilities				
Derivative instruments, at fair value (included in other current liabilities)	\$ 26,057	\$—	\$ 26,057	\$—

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EQT Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Description	As of December 31, 2014 (Thousands)	Fair value measurements at reporting date using		
		Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
Assets				
Derivative instruments, at fair value	\$458,460	\$—	\$458,460	\$—
Liabilities				
Derivative instruments, at fair value (included in other current liabilities)	\$22,942	\$132	\$22,810	\$—

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, amounts due to/from related parties and accounts payable approximate fair value due to the short maturity of the instruments. The carrying value of short-term loans under EQM's credit facility approximates fair value as the interest rates are based on prevailing market rates.

The Company estimates the fair value of its debt using its established fair value methodology. Because not all of the Company's debt is actively traded, the fair value of the debt is a Level 2 fair value measurement. Fair value for non-traded debt obligations is estimated using a standard industry income approach model which utilizes a discount rate based on market rates for debt with similar remaining time to maturity and credit risk. The estimated fair value of long-term debt (including EQM's long-term debt) on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets was approximately \$3.1 billion and \$3.3 billion at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. The carrying value of long-term debt (including EQM's long-term debt) on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets was approximately \$3.0 billion at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

H. Income Taxes

The Company estimates an annual effective income tax rate based on projected results for the year and applies this rate to income before taxes to calculate income tax expense. All of EQGP's earnings are included in the Company's net income. However, the Company is not required to record income tax expense with respect to the portion of EQGP's earnings allocated to the noncontrolling public limited partners of EQGP and EQM, which reduces the Company's effective tax rate. Any refinements made due to subsequent information that affects the estimated annual effective income tax rate are reflected as adjustments in the current period.

The Company's effective income tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was 6.9%, compared to 33.3% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. Excluding the impact of recent Internal Revenue Service (IRS) guidance received by the Company (discussed below), the effective income tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was 15.5%. The decrease in the effective income tax rate was primarily attributable to an increase in income allocated to the noncontrolling limited partners of EQGP and EQM, a decrease in state taxes in 2015 as a result of lower pre-tax income on state tax paying entities and increased tax credits recorded in 2015. The increase to noncontrolling limited partners income was primarily the result of higher net income at EQM and increased noncontrolling interests as a result of EQM's March 2015 underwritten public offering of common units, issuances of EQM common units under the \$750 million ATM Program and EQGP's May 2015 IPO.

The Company's income tax expense was lower for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 due to a realized \$35.5 million tax benefit in connection with recent IRS guidance received by the Company regarding the Company's sale of Equitable Gas Company, LLC, a regulated entity, in 2013. The transaction included a partial like-kind exchange of assets that resulted in tax deferral for the Company. However, in order to be in compliance with the normalization rules of the Internal Revenue Code, the IRS guidance held that the deferred tax liability associated with the exchanged regulatory assets should not be considered for ratemaking purposes. As a result, during the second quarter of 2015, the Company recorded a regulatory asset equal to the taxes deferred from the exchange and an associated income tax benefit. The regulatory asset and deferred taxes will be reversed when the assets are disposed of in a taxable transaction such as a sale of assets or amortized over the 32-year remaining life of the assets received in the exchange, in either event increasing tax expense at that time.

There were no material changes to the Company's methodology for determining unrecognized tax benefits during the three months ended September 30, 2015. The Company believes that it is appropriately reserved for uncertain tax positions.

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EQT Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

I. Revolving Credit Facilities

The Company has a \$1.5 billion credit facility that expires in February 2019. The Company had no loans or letters of credit outstanding under its revolving credit facility as of September 30, 2015 or December 31, 2014 or at any time during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

EQM has a \$750 million credit facility that expires in February 2019, and EQM had \$350.0 million of loans and no letters of credit outstanding under its revolving credit facility as of September 30, 2015. As of December 31, 2014, EQM had no loans or letters of credit outstanding under its revolving credit facility. The maximum amount of outstanding short-term loans under EQM’s revolving credit facility at any time during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 was \$404 million. The maximum amount of outstanding short-term loans under EQM’s revolving credit facility at any time during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 was \$330 million and \$450 million, respectively. The average daily balance of loans outstanding under EQM’s credit facility was approximately \$357 million and \$241 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively. The average daily balance of loans outstanding under EQM’s credit facility was approximately \$133 million and \$159 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively. Interest was incurred on the loans at a weighted average annual interest rate of approximately 1.7% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

The Company incurred commitment fees averaging approximately 6 basis points for each of the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, and approximately 17 basis points for each of the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, to maintain credit availability under its revolving credit facility. EQM incurred commitment fees averaging approximately 6 basis points for each of the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, and 17 basis points and 18 basis points for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, to maintain credit availability under its revolving credit facility.

J. Earnings Per Share

Potentially dilutive securities, consisting of options and restricted stock awards, which were included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share, totaled 302,550 and 772,873 for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and 462,317 and 935,027 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Options to purchase common stock which were excluded from potentially dilutive securities because they were anti-dilutive totaled 291,700 and 133,500 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively. No options to purchase common stock were excluded from potentially dilutive securities because they were anti-dilutive for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014. The impact of EQM’s and EQGP’s dilutive units did not have a material impact on the Company’s earnings per share calculations for any of the periods presented.

K. Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income by Component

The following tables explain the changes in accumulated OCI by component during the applicable period:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2015				Accumulated OCI, net of tax
Natural gas cash flow hedges,	Interest rate cash flow hedges, net of tax	Pension and other post- retirement		

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	net of tax		benefits liability adjustment, net of tax	
	(Thousands)			
Accumulated OCI (loss), net of tax, as of July 1, 2015	\$133,789	\$(915)	\$(16,236)	\$116,638
(Gains) losses reclassified from accumulated OCI, net of tax	(39,346)	(a) 36	(a) 202	(b) (39,108)
Accumulated OCI (loss), net of tax, as of September 30, 2015	\$94,443	\$(879)	\$(16,034)	\$77,530

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EQT Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014			
	Natural gas cash flow hedges, net of tax	Interest rate cash flow hedges, net of tax	Pension and other post-retirement benefits liability adjustment, net of tax	Accumulated OCI, net of tax
	(Thousands)			
Accumulated OCI (loss), net of tax, as of July 1, 2014	\$20,461	\$(1,060)	\$(15,512)	\$3,889
Gains recognized in accumulated OCI, net of tax	23,160	(a) —	—	23,160
(Gains) losses reclassified from accumulated OCI, net of tax	(5,340)	(a) 36	(a) 175	(b) (5,129)
Change in accumulated OCI, net of tax	17,820	36	175	18,031
Accumulated OCI (loss), net of tax, as of September 30, 2014	\$38,281	\$(1,024)	\$(15,337)	\$21,920
	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015			
	Natural gas cash flow hedges, net of tax	Interest rate cash flow hedges, net of tax	Pension and other post-retirement benefits liability adjustment, net of tax	Accumulated OCI (loss), net of tax
	(Thousands)			
Accumulated OCI (loss), net of tax, as of January 1, 2015	\$217,121	\$(987)	\$(16,640)	\$199,494
(Gains) losses reclassified from accumulated OCI, net of tax	(122,678)	(a) 108	(a) 606	(b) (121,964)
Accumulated OCI (loss), net of tax, as of September 30, 2015	\$94,443	\$(879)	\$(16,034)	\$77,530
	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014			
	Natural gas cash flow hedges, net of tax	Interest rate cash flow hedges, net of tax	Pension and other post-retirement benefits liability adjustment, net of tax	Accumulated OCI (loss), net of tax
	(Thousands)			
Accumulated OCI (loss), net of tax, as of January 1, 2014	\$61,699	\$(1,132)	\$(15,864)	\$44,703
Losses recognized in accumulated OCI, net of tax	(29,489)	(a) —	—	(29,489)
	(16,735)	(a) —	—	(16,735)

Gain reclassified from accumulated OCI, net of tax, into gain on sale / exchange of assets				
Losses reclassified from accumulated OCI, net of tax	22,806	(a) 108	(a) 527	(b) 23,441
Change in accumulated OCI (loss), net of tax (23,418)		108	527	(22,783)
Accumulated OCI (loss), net of tax, as of September 30, 2014	\$38,281	\$(1,024)	\$(15,337)	\$21,920

(a) See Note F for additional information.

(b) This accumulated OCI reclassification is attributable to the net actuarial loss and net prior service cost related to the Company's defined benefit pension plans and other post-retirement benefit plans. See Note 13 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 for additional information.

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EQT Corporation and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

L. Sale and Exchange of Properties

In June 2014, the Company exchanged assets with Range. The Company received approximately 73,000 net acres and approximately 900 producing wells, most of which are vertical wells, in the Permian Basin of Texas. In exchange, Range received approximately 138,000 net acres in the Nora field of Virginia (Nora), the Company's working interest in approximately 2,000 producing vertical wells in Nora, the Company's 50% ownership interest in Nora Gathering, LLC (Nora LLC), which owned the supporting gathering system in Nora, and \$167.3 million in cash. The Company previously recorded its 50% ownership interest in Nora LLC as a nonconsolidated investment in its consolidated financial statements.

The fair value of the assets exchanged by the Company was approximately \$516.5 million. Fair value of \$318.3 million was allocated to the acquired acreage and \$198.2 million was allocated to the acquired wells. The Company recorded a pre-tax gain of \$34.1 million, which is included in gain on sale / exchange of assets in the Statements of Consolidated Income. The gain on sale / exchange of assets includes a \$28.0 million pre-tax gain related to the de-designation of certain derivative instruments that were previously designated as cash flow hedges because it was probable that the forecasted transactions would not occur.

As the asset exchange qualified as a business combination under United States GAAP, the fair value of the acquired assets was determined using a discounted cash flow model under the market approach. Significant unobservable inputs used in the analysis included the determination of estimated developed reserves, NYMEX forward pricing and comparable sales transactions, which classify the acquired assets as a Level 3 measurement.

M. Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The standard requires an entity to recognize revenue in a manner that depicts the transfer of goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. ASU No. 2014-09 will supersede most of the existing revenue recognition requirements in United States GAAP when it becomes effective and is required to be adopted using one of two retrospective application methods. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-14, Revenue from Contracts with Customers - Deferral of the Effective Date which approved a one year deferral of ASU 2014-09 for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. Early application is permitted as of the original effective date for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim reporting periods within that reporting period. The Company is currently evaluating the method of adoption and impact this standard will have on its financial statements and related disclosures.

In February 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-02, Consolidation. The standard changes the analysis that a reporting entity must perform to determine whether it should consolidate certain types of legal entities. The ASU will be effective for public entities for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015, including interim periods therein. The Company has evaluated this standard and determined that the adoption of it will have no significant impact on reported results.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-03, Interest - Imputation of Interest. The standard requires an entity to present the debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-15, Interest -

Imputation of Interest. The standard added Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) paragraphs to clarify the applicability of ASU No. 2015-03 to debt issuance costs related to line-of-credit arrangements. The guidance in ASU No. 2015-03 is effective for public entities for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015, including interim periods therein. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the timing of adoption and impact this standard will have on its financial statements and related disclosures.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-05, Intangibles - Goodwill and Other - Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40): Customer's Accounting for Fees Paid in a Cloud Computing Arrangement. The ASU adds guidance that will help entities evaluate the accounting for fees paid by a customer in a cloud computing arrangement. The ASU will be effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The Company is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on its financial statements and related disclosures.

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EQT Corporation and Subsidiaries

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Disclosures in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contain certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Statements that do not relate strictly to historical or current facts are forward-looking and usually identified by the use of words such as "anticipate," "estimate," "could," "would," "will," "may," "forecast," "approximate," "expect," "plan," "believe" and other words of similar meaning in connection with any discussion of future operating or financial matters. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q include the matters discussed in the section captioned "Outlook" in Item 2, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and the expectations of plans, strategies, objectives and growth and anticipated financial and operational performance of the Company and its subsidiaries, including guidance regarding the Company's strategy to develop its Marcellus, Utica and other reserves; drilling plans and programs (including the number, type, feet of pay and location of wells to be drilled and the availability of capital to complete these plans and programs); production sales volumes (including liquids volumes) and growth rates; gathering and transmission volumes; infrastructure programs (including the timing, cost and capacity of the transmission and gathering expansion projects); the timing, cost, capacity and expected interconnects with facilities and pipelines of the Ohio Valley Connector (OVC) and Mountain Valley Pipeline (MVP) projects; the ultimate terms, partners and structure of the MVP joint venture; technology (including drilling techniques); monetization transactions, including midstream asset sales (dropdowns) to EQT Midstream Partners, LP (EQM) and other asset sales, joint ventures or other transactions involving the Company's assets; natural gas prices and changes in basis; reserves; projected capital expenditures; the amount and timing of any repurchases under the Company's share repurchase authorization; liquidity and financing requirements, including funding sources and availability; hedging strategy; the effects of government regulation and litigation; and tax position. The forward-looking statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from projected results. Accordingly, investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as a prediction of actual results. The Company has based these forward-looking statements on current expectations and assumptions about future events. While the Company considers these expectations and assumptions to be reasonable, they are inherently subject to significant business, economic, competitive, regulatory and other risks and uncertainties, many of which are difficult to predict and beyond the Company's control. The risks and uncertainties that may affect the operations, performance and results of the Company's business and forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, those set forth under Item 1A, "Risk Factors", and elsewhere in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which such statement is made, and the Company does not intend to correct or update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

In reviewing any agreements incorporated by reference in or filed with this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, please remember such agreements are included to provide information regarding the terms of such agreements and are not intended to provide any other factual or disclosure information about the Company. The agreements may contain representations and warranties by the Company, which should not in all instances be treated as categorical statements of fact, but rather as a way of allocating the risk to one of the parties to such agreements should those statements prove to be inaccurate. The representations and warranties were made only as of the date of the relevant agreement or such other date or dates as may be specified in such agreement and are subject to more recent developments. Accordingly, these representations and warranties alone may not describe the actual state of affairs of the Company or its affiliates

as of the date they were made or at any other time.

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EQT Corporation and Subsidiaries

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

CORPORATE OVERVIEW

Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 vs. Three Months Ended September 30, 2014

Income from continuing operations attributable to EQT Corporation for the three months ended September 30, 2015 was \$40.8 million, \$0.27 per diluted share, compared with \$98.6 million, \$0.65 per diluted share, for the three months ended September 30, 2014. The \$57.8 million decrease in income from continuing operations attributable to EQT Corporation between periods was primarily attributable to a 42% decrease in the average realized price for production sales volumes, higher operating expenses and higher net income attributable to noncontrolling interests, partially offset by increased gains on derivatives not designated as hedges, increased production sales volumes, lower income tax expense and increased gathering and transmission firm reservation revenues.

The average realized price to EQT Corporation for production sales volumes was \$2.12 per Mcfe for the three months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$3.63 per Mcfe for the three months ended September 30, 2014. The decrease in the average realized price was driven by lower New York Mercantile Exchange (NYMEX) natural gas prices net of cash settled derivatives, a lower average differential and lower natural gas liquids (NGLs) prices.

The average NYMEX natural gas index price was \$2.77 per MMBtu during the third quarter of 2015, 32% lower than the average index price of \$4.06 per MMBtu during the third quarter of 2014. In addition, the average differential decreased \$0.13 per Mcf primarily due to lower recoveries. Recoveries represent differences in natural gas prices between the Appalachian Basin and the sales points of other markets reached by utilizing transportation capacity, differences in natural gas prices between Appalachian Basin and fixed price sales contracts, term sales with fixed differentials to NYMEX and other marketing activity, including the resale of unused pipeline capacity. The average NGL price was \$8.10 per barrel for the three months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$42.27 per barrel for the three months ended September 30, 2014.

Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests of EQT GP Holdings, LP (EQGP) and EQM was \$59.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$33.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014. The \$25.7 million increase was primarily the result of increased net income at EQM and increased noncontrolling interests as a result of EQM's March 2015 public offering of common units, EQGP's May 2015 initial public offering (IPO), and EQM's September 2015 issuances of common units in connection with the \$750 million ATM Program (as defined in Note D to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements). In March 2015, EQM completed a public offering of additional EQM common units in connection with the NWV Gathering Transaction (as defined in Note D to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements). In May 2015, EQGP completed an IPO of 26,450,000 common units representing limited partner interests in EQGP, which represented 9.9% of EQGP's outstanding limited partner interests. The Company retained a 90.1% limited partner interest and a non-economic general partner interest in EQGP (as described in Note C to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements). During September 2015, EQM issued 827,975 common units pursuant to the \$750 million ATM Program.

Income tax expense was \$35.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015, compared to income tax expense of \$64.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014. The Company's effective income tax rate was 26.4% and 32.8% for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The decrease in the effective income tax rate was primarily attributable to an increase in income allocated to the noncontrolling limited partners of EQGP and EQM, a decrease in EQT Production's operating income, a decrease in state taxes in 2015 as a result of lower pre-tax income on state tax paying entities and increased tax credits recorded in 2015. The Company's effective income tax rate was reduced for both periods as the Company consolidates 100% of the pre-tax income related to the noncontrolling public limited partners' share of EQGP earnings, but is not required to record an income

tax provision with respect to the portion of the earnings allocated to EQGP and EQM noncontrolling public limited partners. Earnings allocated to the EQGP and EQM noncontrolling public limited partners increased in the third quarter 2015 compared to the third quarter 2014 due to higher net income at EQM and increased noncontrolling interests as a result of EQM's March 2015 public offering of common units, EQGP's May 2015 IPO and issuances of EQM common units under the \$750 million ATM Program.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 vs. Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014

Income from continuing operations attributable to EQT Corporation for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was \$219.8 million, \$1.44 per diluted share, compared with \$399.9 million, \$2.62 per diluted share, for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The \$180.1 million decrease in income from continuing operations attributable to EQT Corporation between periods was primarily attributable to a 37% decrease in the average realized price for production sales volumes, higher operating expenses and higher net income attributable to noncontrolling interests, partially offset by increased gains on derivatives not designated as hedges, lower income tax expense, increased production sales volumes and increased gathering and transmission firm reservation revenues.

The average realized price to EQT Corporation for production sales volumes was \$2.71 per Mcfe for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$4.32 per Mcfe for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The decrease in the average realized price was driven by lower NYMEX natural gas prices net of cash settled derivatives, a lower average differential and lower NGL prices.

The average NYMEX natural gas index price was \$2.80 per MMBtu during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, 38% lower than the average index price of \$4.55 per MMBtu during the nine months ended September 30, 2014. In addition, the average differential decreased \$0.25 per Mcf primarily due to lower Appalachian Basin basis, which was partially offset by increased recoveries. The average NGL price was \$15.17 per barrel for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$46.46 per barrel for the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests of EQGP and EQM was \$165.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$79.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The \$85.6 million increase was primarily the result of increased net income at EQM and increased noncontrolling interests as a result of EQM's March 2015 public offering of common units, EQGP's May 2015 IPO, and EQM's September 2015 issuances of common units in connection with the \$750 million ATM Program. Additionally, during May of 2014, EQM completed a public offering of common units in connection with its acquisition of the Jupiter gathering system from the Company.

Interest expense increased \$11.0 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2014 primarily as a result of EQM's 4.00% Senior Notes due 2024 issued during the third quarter of 2014.

Income tax expense decreased \$211.5 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2014 primarily as a result of lower pre-tax income and a realized \$35.5 million tax benefit in connection with recent Internal Revenue Service (IRS) guidance received by the Company in connection with the Company's sale of Equitable Gas Company, LLC in 2013 (discussed below). The Company's effective income tax rate decreased to 6.9% in 2015 from 33.3% in 2014. The decrease in the effective income tax rate from the nine months of 2014 is primarily attributable to the effects of the IRS guidance, an increase in earnings allocated to noncontrolling limited partners of EQGP and EQM, a decrease in EQT Production's operating income, a decrease in state taxes in 2015 as a result of lower pre-tax income on state paying entities and increased tax credits in 2015. The overall rate was lower for both periods as the Company consolidates 100% of the pre-tax income related to the noncontrolling public limited partners' share of EQGP earnings, but is not required to record an income tax provision with respect to the portion of the earnings allocated to EQM and EQGP noncontrolling public limited partners. Earnings allocated to the EQM and EQGP noncontrolling public limited partners increased in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2014 due to higher net income at EQM and increased noncontrolling interests as a result of EQM's March 2015 public offering of common units, EQGP's May

2015 IPO and issuances of EQM common units under the \$750 million ATM Program.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company realized a \$35.5 million tax benefit in connection with recent IRS guidance received by the Company regarding the Company's sale of Equitable Gas Company, LLC, a regulated entity, in 2013. The transaction included a partial like-kind exchange of assets that resulted in tax deferral for the Company. However, in order to be in compliance with the normalization rules of the Internal Revenue Code, the IRS guidance held that the deferred tax liability associated with the exchanged regulatory assets should not be considered for ratemaking purposes. As a result, during the second quarter of 2015, the Company recorded a regulatory asset equal to the taxes deferred from the exchange and an associated income tax benefit. The regulatory asset and deferred taxes will be reversed when the assets are disposed of in a taxable transaction such as a sale of assets or amortized over the 32-year remaining life of the assets received in the exchange, in either event increasing tax expense at that time.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

See "Business Segment Results of Operations" for a discussion of production sales volumes and gathering and transmission firm reservation revenues.

See "Investing Activities" under the caption "Capital Resources and Liquidity" for a discussion of capital expenditures.

Consolidated Operational Data

Revenues earned by the Company from the sale of natural gas, NGLs and oil are split between EQT Production and EQT Midstream. The split is reflected in the calculation of EQT Production's average realized price. The following operational information presents detailed gross liquid and natural gas operational information as well as midstream deductions to assist in the understanding of the Company's consolidated operations.

The operational information in the table below presents an average realized price (\$/Mcf) to EQT Production and EQT Corporation, which is based on EQT Production adjusted net operating revenues, a non-GAAP supplemental financial measure. EQT Production adjusted net operating revenues is presented because it is an important measure used by the Company's management to evaluate period-to-period comparisons of earnings trends. EQT Production adjusted net operating revenues should not be considered as an alternative to EQT Corporation total operating revenues as reported in the Statements of Consolidated Income, the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure. See "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures" for a reconciliation of EQT Production adjusted net operating revenues to EQT Corporation total operating revenues.

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EQT Corporation and Subsidiaries

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

in thousands (unless noted)	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2015	2014	%	2015	2014	%
LIQUIDS						
NGLs:						
Sales volume (MMcfe) (a)	13,827	12,047	14.8	39,552	27,768	42.4
Sales volume (Mbbbls)	2,304	2,008	14.7	6,592	4,628	42.4
Gross price (\$/Bbl)	\$8.10	\$42.27	(80.8)	\$15.17	\$46.46	(67.3)
Gross NGL sales	\$18,665	\$84,868	(78.0)	\$99,983	\$215,016	(53.5)
Third-party processing	(19,970)	(17,883)	11.7	(57,084)	(45,456)	25.6
Net NGL sales	\$(1,305)	\$66,985	(101.9)	\$42,899	\$169,560	(74.7)
Oil:						
Sales volume (MMcfe) (a)	1,102	933	18.1	3,250	1,632	99.1
Sales volume (Mbbbls)	184	155	18.7	542	272	99.3
Net price (\$/Bbl)	\$39.13	\$87.91	(55.5)	\$41.02	\$87.46	(53.1)
Net oil sales	\$7,187	\$13,668	(47.4)	\$22,221	\$23,785	(6.6)
Net liquids sales	\$5,882	\$80,653	(92.7)	\$65,120	\$193,345	(66.3)
NATURAL GAS						
Sales volume (MMcfe)	141,367	110,362	28.1	405,743	310,201	30.8
NYMEX price (\$/MMBtu) (b)	\$2.77	\$4.05	(31.6)	\$2.80	\$4.52	(38.1)
Btu uplift	\$0.28	\$0.41	(31.7)	\$0.26	\$0.38	(31.6)
Gross natural gas price (\$/Mcf)	\$3.05	\$4.46	(31.6)	\$3.06	\$4.90	(37.6)
Basis (\$/Mcf)	\$(1.54)	\$(1.54)	—	\$(1.26)	\$(0.90)	40.0
Recoveries (\$/Mcf) (c)	0.64	0.80	(20.0)	0.88	0.79	11.4
Cash settled basis swaps (not designated as hedges) (\$/Mcf)	0.01	(0.02)	150.0	(0.02)	(0.04)	(50.0)
Average differential (\$/Mcf)	\$(0.89)	\$(0.76)	17.1	\$(0.40)	\$(0.15)	166.7
Average adjusted price - unhedged (\$/Mcf)	\$2.16	\$3.70	(41.6)	\$2.66	\$4.75	(44.0)
Cash settled derivatives (cash flow hedges) (\$/Mcf)	0.46	0.08	475.0	0.50	(0.12)	516.7
Cash settled derivatives (not designated as hedges) (\$/Mcf)	0.21	0.05	320.0	0.19	0.02	850.0
Average adjusted price, including cash settled derivatives (\$/Mcf)	\$2.83	\$3.83	(26.1)	\$3.35	\$4.65	(28.0)
Net natural gas sales, including cash settled derivatives	\$401,382	\$422,359	(5.0)	\$1,355,645	\$1,444,221	(6.1)
TOTAL PRODUCTION						
Total net natural gas & liquids sales, including cash settled derivatives	\$407,264	\$503,012	(19.0)	\$1,420,765	\$1,637,566	(13.2)
Total sales volume (MMcfe)	156,296	123,342	26.7	448,545	339,601	32.1

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Net natural gas & liquids price, including cash settled derivatives (\$/Mcf)	\$2.61	\$4.08	(36.0)	\$3.17	\$4.82	(34.2)
Midstream Deductions (\$/Mcf)						
Gathering to EQT Midstream	\$(0.72)	\$(0.74)	(2.7)	\$(0.74)	\$(0.74)	—
Transmission to EQT Midstream	(0.19)	(0.20)	(5.0)	(0.19)	(0.20)	(5.0)
Third-party gathering and transmission costs	(0.49)	(0.45)	8.9	(0.46)	(0.50)	(8.0)
Total midstream deductions	\$(1.40)	\$(1.39)	0.7	\$(1.39)	\$(1.44)	(3.5)
Average realized price to EQT Production (\$/Mcf)	\$1.21	\$2.69	(55.0)	\$1.78	\$3.38	(47.3)
Gathering and transmission to EQT Midstream (\$/Mcf)	\$0.91	\$0.94	(3.2)	\$0.93	\$0.94	(1.1)
Average realized price to EQT Corporation (\$/Mcf)	\$2.12	\$3.63	(41.6)	\$2.71	\$4.32	(37.3)

(a) NGLs and crude oil were converted to Mcfe at the rate of six Mcfe per barrel for all periods.

The Company's volume weighted NYMEX natural gas price (actual average NYMEX natural gas price (\$/MMBtu) (b) was \$2.77 and \$4.06 for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$2.80 and \$4.55 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively).

Recoveries represent differences in natural gas prices between the Appalachian Basin and the sales points of other markets reached by utilizing transportation capacity, differences in natural gas prices between Appalachian Basin and fixed price sales contracts, term sales with fixed differentials to NYMEX and other marketing activity, (c) including the sale of unused pipeline capacity. Recoveries include approximately \$0.20 and \$0.19 per Mcf for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$0.20 and \$0.18 per Mcf for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, for the sale of unused pipeline capacity.

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Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures

The table below reconciles EQT Production adjusted net operating revenues, a non-GAAP supplemental financial measure, to EQT Corporation total operating revenues as reported in the Statements of Consolidated Income, its most directly comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with GAAP.

The Company reports gain (loss) for hedging ineffectiveness and gain (loss) on derivatives not designated as hedges within total operating revenues in the Statements of Consolidated Income.

EQT Production adjusted net operating revenues is presented because it is an important measure used by the Company's management to evaluate period-over-period comparisons of earnings trends. EQT Production adjusted net operating revenues as presented excludes the revenue impact of changes in the fair value of derivative instruments prior to settlement and is net of transportation and processing costs. Management utilizes EQT Production adjusted net operating revenues to evaluate earnings trends because the measure reflects only the impact of settled derivative contracts and thus does not burden the revenue from natural gas sales with the often volatile fluctuations in the fair value of derivatives prior to settlement. EQT Production adjusted net operating revenues also reflects third-party transportation and processing costs as deductions from operating revenues because management considers the net price realized for sales of products, after the costs of processing and transporting the product to sales points, to be an indicator of the quality of earnings period-over-period. Management also considers this to be an indicator of how well the Company is utilizing its transportation and processing contracts. The sale price for natural gas is significantly impacted by the market in which the gas is sold and the expense incurred to transport and process the gas is important in evaluating the quality of earnings period-over-period because the cost of reaching a higher priced market may exceed the incremental price benefit of that market as compared to the market where the gas is produced. This is particularly important to natural gas producers in the Appalachian Basin given pipeline constraints and the impact on pricing in the area. Management further believes that EQT Production adjusted net operating revenues as presented provides useful information for investors for evaluating period-over-period earnings and is consistent with industry practices.

Calculation of EQT Production adjusted net operating revenues \$ in thousands (unless noted)	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
EQT Production total operating revenues, as reported on segment page	\$381,538	\$411,687	\$1,127,319	\$1,297,593
(Deduct) add back:				
Gain for hedging ineffectiveness	—	(34,348	) —	(13,075
(Gain) loss on derivatives not designated as hedges	(160,458	) (832	) (209,881	) 13,036
Net cash settlements received (paid) on derivatives not designated as hedges	33,170	3,040	69,714	(5,895
Premiums paid for derivatives that settled during the period	(1,029	) —	(3,054) —
EQT Production transportation and processing, as reported on segment page	(64,739	) (48,561	) (187,008	) (144,622
EQT Production adjusted net operating revenues, a non-GAAP measure	\$188,482	\$330,986	\$797,090	\$1,147,037
Total sales volumes (MMcfe)	156,296	123,342	448,545	339,601

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Average realized price to EQT Production (\$/Mcf)	\$ 1.21	\$ 2.69	\$ 1.78	\$ 3.38
Add:				
Gathering and Transmission to EQT Midstream (\$/Mcf)	\$ 0.91	\$ 0.94	\$ 0.93	\$ 0.94
Average realized price to EQT Corporation (\$/Mcf)	\$ 2.12	\$ 3.63	\$ 2.71	\$