

DIME COMMUNITY BANCSHARES INC  
Form 10-Q  
August 07, 2017

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UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

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FORM 10-Q

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QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2017  
OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 0-27782

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DIME COMMUNITY BANCSHARES, INC.  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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N/A  
(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Delaware 11-3297463  
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. employer identification number)

300 Cadman Plaza West, 8<sup>th</sup> Floor, Brooklyn, NY 11201  
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(718) 782-6200  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all the reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YES NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T

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(§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

YES NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

LARGE ACCELERATED FILER ACCELERATED FILER

NON -ACCELERATED FILER (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

SMALLER REPORTING COMPANY

EMERGING GROWTH COMPANY

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

YES NO

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

| <u>Classes of Common Stock</u> | <u>Number of Shares Outstanding at August 7, 2017</u> |
|--------------------------------|---|
| \$.01 Par Value                | 37,446,742  |

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#### Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains a number of forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). These statements may be identified by use of words such as "anticipate," "believe," "continue," "could," "estimate," "expect," "impact," "intend," "seek," "may," "outlook," "plan," "potential," "predict," "project," "should," "will," "would" and similar terms and phrases, including references to assumptions.

Forward-looking statements are based upon various assumptions and analyses made by Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. (the "Holding Company," and together with its direct and indirect subsidiaries, the "Company") in light of management's experience and its perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments, as well as other factors it believes appropriate under the circumstances. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors (many of which are beyond the Company's control) that could cause actual conditions or results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Accordingly, you should not place undue reliance on such statements. These factors include, without limitation, the following:

- the timing and occurrence or non-occurrence of events may be subject to circumstances beyond the Company's control;
- there may be increases in competitive pressure among financial institutions or from non-financial institutions;
- the net interest margin is subject to material short-term fluctuation based upon market rates;
- changes in deposit flows, loan demand or real estate values may adversely affect the business of Dime Community Bank (the "Bank");
- changes in accounting principles, policies or guidelines may cause the Company's financial condition to be perceived differently;

changes in corporate and/or individual income tax laws may adversely affect the Company's business or financial condition;

· general economic conditions, either nationally or locally in some or all areas in which the Company conducts business, or conditions in the securities markets or the banking industry may be less favorable than the Company currently anticipates;

· legislative or regulatory changes may adversely affect the Company's business;

· technological changes may be more difficult or expensive than the Company anticipates;

· our ability to successfully integrate acquired entities, if any;

· breaches, failures and interruptions in IT systems and IT security;

· ability to retain key employees/executive management team;

· success or consummation of new business initiatives may be more difficult or expensive than the Company anticipates;

· litigation or other matters before regulatory agencies, whether currently existing or commencing in the future, may delay the occurrence or non-occurrence of events longer than the Company anticipates; and

· the risks referred to in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 as updated by our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q.

The Company has no obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this document.

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## Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

DIME COMMUNITY BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION (UNAUDITED)  
 (Dollars in thousands except share amounts)

|   | June 30,<br>2017 | December 31,<br>2016 |
|---|------------------|----------------------|
| <b>ASSETS:</b>  |                  |                      |
| Cash and due from banks   | \$ 110,044       | \$ 113,503           |
| Investment securities held-to-maturity (estimated fair value of \$8,385 and \$7,296 at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively) (Fully unencumbered)  | 5,315            | 5,378                |
| Investment securities available-for-sale, at fair value (Fully unencumbered)  | 4,049            | 3,895                |
| Mortgage-backed securities ("MBS") available-for-sale, at fair value (Fully unencumbered)   | 3,496            | 3,558                |
| Trading securities  | 2,687            | 6,953                |
| <b>Loans:</b>   |                  |                      |
| Real estate, net  | 5,806,933        | 5,633,007            |
| Commercial and industrial ("C&I") loans   | 68,199           | 2,058                |
| Other loans   | 1,749            | 1,357                |
| Less allowance for loan losses  | (21,985 )        | (20,536 )            |
| Total loans, net  | 5,854,896        | 5,615,886            |
| Premises and fixed assets, net  | 22,315           | 18,405               |
| Premises held for sale  | 1,379            | 1,379                |
| Federal Home Loan Bank of New York ("FHLBNY") capital stock   | 50,961           | 44,444               |
| Bank Owned Life Insurance ("BOLI")  | 87,424           | 86,328               |
| Goodwill  | 55,638           | 55,638               |
| Other assets  | 59,980           | 50,063               |
| Total Assets  | \$6,258,184      | \$ 6,005,430         |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>   |                  |                      |
| <b>Liabilities:</b>   |                  |                      |
| <b>Due to depositors:</b>   |                  |                      |
| Interest bearing deposits   | \$4,105,129      | \$ 4,097,992         |
| Non-interest bearing deposits   | 313,351          | 297,434              |
| Total deposits  | 4,418,480        | 4,395,426            |
| Escrow and other deposits   | 91,196           | 103,001              |
| FHLBNY advances   | 944,575          | 831,125              |
| Subordinated notes payable  | 113,545          | -                    |
| Trust Preferred securities payable  | 70,680           | 70,680               |
| Other liabilities   | 39,260           | 39,330               |
| Total Liabilities   | 5,677,736        | 5,439,562            |
| <b>Stockholders' Equity:</b>  |                  |                      |
| Preferred stock (\$0.01 par, 9,000,000 shares authorized, none issued or outstanding at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016)  | -                | -                    |
| Common stock (\$0.01 par, 125,000,000 shares authorized, 53,614,924 shares and 53,572,745 shares issued at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, and 37,675,379 shares and 37,455,853 shares outstanding at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively) | 536              | 536                  |

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|  |             |              |
|--|-------------|--------------|
| Additional paid-in capital   | 280,453     | 278,356      |
| Retained earnings  | 516,165     | 503,539      |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of deferred taxes  | (5,647 )    | (5,939 )     |
| Unearned stock award common stock  | (4,433 )    | (1,932 )     |
| Holding Company common stock held by Benefit Maintenance Plan ("BMP")  | (7,029 )    | (6,859 )     |
| Treasury stock, at cost (15,939,545 shares and 16,116,892 shares at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively) | (199,597 )  | (201,833 )   |
| Total Stockholders' Equity   | 580,448     | 565,868      |
| Total Liabilities And Stockholders' Equity   | \$6,258,184 | \$ 6,005,430 |

See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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## DIME COMMUNITY BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

(Dollars in thousands except per share amounts)

|   | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |           | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, |           |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|-----------|
|   | 2017                           | 2016      | 2017                         | 2016      |
| Interest income:                                      |                                |           |                              |           |
| Loans secured by real estate                          | \$ 51,137                      | \$ 47,358 | \$ 101,612                   | \$ 93,009 |
| C&I loans   | 474                            | 6         | 515                          | 11        |
| Other loans   | 18                             | 18        | 36                           | 37        |
| MBS   | 14                             | 2         | 28                           | 4         |
| Investment securities                                 | 164                            | 265       | 354                          | 438       |
| Other short-term investments                          | 611                            | 721       | 1,328                        | 1,382     |
| Total interest income                                 | 52,418                         | 48,370    | 103,873                      | 94,881    |
| Interest expense:                                     |                                |           |                              |           |
| Deposits and escrow                                   | 9,509                          | 7,597     | 19,016                       | 14,391    |
| Borrowed funds  | 4,856                          | 5,163     | 9,317                        | 10,249    |
| Total interest expense                                | 14,365                         | 12,760    | 28,333                       | 24,640    |
| Net interest income                                   | 38,053                         | 35,610    | 75,540                       | 70,241    |
| Provision for loan losses                             | 1,047                          | 442       | 1,497                        | 421       |
| Net interest income after provision for loan losses   | 37,006                         | 35,168    | 74,043                       | 69,820    |
| Non-interest income:                                  |                                |           |                              |           |
| Service charges and other fees                        | 919                            | 758       | 1,713                        | 1,443     |
| Net mortgage banking income                           | 65                             | 27        | 81                           | 55        |
| Net gain on securities and other assets               | 59                             | 33        | 134                          | 79        |
| Net (loss) gain on the sale of premises held for sale | -                              | (4 )      | -                            | 68,183    |
| Income from BOLI                                      | 551                            | 1,043     | 1,096                        | 1,603     |
| Other   | 153                            | 448       | 501                          | 683       |
| Total non-interest income                             | 1,747                          | 2,305     | 3,525                        | 72,046    |
| Non-interest expense:                                 |                                |           |                              |           |
| Salaries and employee benefits                        | 9,341                          | 9,532     | 19,661                       | 19,240    |
| Occupancy and equipment                               | 3,500                          | 3,115     | 7,128                        | 5,742     |
| Data processing costs                                 | 1,503                          | 1,256     | 3,110                        | 2,451     |
| Marketing   | 1,466                          | 1,178     | 2,932                        | 2,355     |
| Federal deposit insurance premiums                    | 712                            | 581       | 1,367                        | 1,320     |
| Other   | 2,947                          | 2,430     | 6,040                        | 4,853     |
| Total non-interest expense                            | 19,469                         | 18,092    | 40,238                       | 35,961    |
| Income before income taxes                            | 19,284                         | 19,381    | 37,330                       | 105,905   |
| Income tax expense                                    | 7,295                          | 8,173     | 14,184                       | 44,660    |
| Net income  | \$ 11,989                      | \$ 11,208 | \$ 23,146                    | \$ 61,245 |
| Earnings per Share:                                   |                                |           |                              |           |
| Basic   | \$ 0.32                        | \$ 0.30   | \$ 0.62                      | \$ 1.67   |
| Diluted   | \$ 0.32                        | \$ 0.30   | \$ 0.61                      | \$ 1.67   |

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

(Dollars in thousands except per share amounts)

Three Months Ended Six Months Ended

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|   | June 30,  |           | June 30,  |           |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|   | 2017      | 2016      | 2017      | 2016      |
| Net Income  | \$ 11,989 | \$ 11,208 | \$ 23,146 | \$ 61,245 |
| Other comprehensive income:   |           |           |           |           |
| Change in unrealized holding loss on securities held-to-maturity and transferred securities | 30        | 22        | 64        | 41        |
| Change in unrealized holding loss on securities available-for-sale                          | 104       | 47        | 224       | 62        |
| Change in pension and other postretirement obligations                                      | 355       | 425       | 657       | 850       |
| Change in unrealized gain on derivatives  | (733 )    | (957 )    | (418 )    | (957 )    |
| Other comprehensive gain before income taxes  | (244 )    | (463 )    | 527       | (4 )      |
| Deferred tax expense (benefit)  | (111 )    | (209 )    | 235       | (2 )      |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax   | (133 )    | (254 )    | 292       | (2 )      |
| Total comprehensive income  | 11,856    | 10,954    | 23,438    | 61,243    |

See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.



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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

(Dollars in thousands)

| Six Months ended June 30, 2017          |            |        |            |           |               |          |          |           |           |               |           |
|---|------------|--------|------------|-----------|---------------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|---------------|-----------|
|   | Number of  | Common | Additional | Retained  | Accumulated   |          | Unearned | Common    | Treasury  | Total         |           |
|   | Shares     | Stock  | Paid-in    | Earnings  | Other         | Net of   | Stock    | Stock     | Stock, at | Stockholders' |           |
|   |            |        | Capital    |           | Comprehensive | Deferred | of       | Held by   | cost      | Equity        |           |
|   |            |        |            |           | Loss,         | Taxes    | Common   | Common    |           |               |           |
|   |            |        |            |           | Unallocated   |          | Award    | Stock     |           |               |           |
|   |            |        |            |           | Stock         |          | Stock    | BMP       |           |               |           |
|   |            |        |            |           | ESOP          |          |          |           |           |               |           |
| Beginning balance as of January 1, 2017 | 37,455,853 | \$536  | \$278,356  | \$503,539 | \$(5,939)     | \$-      |          | \$(1,932) | \$(6,859) | \$(201,833)   | \$565,868 |
| Net Income                              | -          | -      | -          | 23,146    | -             | -        | -        | -         | -         | -             | 23,146    |
| Other comprehensive income, net of tax  | -          | -      | -          | -         | 292           | -        | -        | -         | -         | -             | 292       |
| Exercise of stock options               | 42,179     | -      | 626        | -         | -             | -        | -        | -         | -         | -             | 626       |
| Release of shares, net of forfeitures   | 177,347    | -      | 1,471      | -         | -             | -        | -        | (3,339)   | (170 )    | 2,236         | 198       |
| Stock-based compensation                | -          | -      | -          | -         | -             | -        | -        | 838       | -         | -             | 838       |
| Cash dividends declared and paid        | -          | -      | -          | (10,520 ) | -             | -        | -        | -         | -         | -             | (10,520 ) |
| Ending balance as of June 30, 2017      | 37,675,379 | \$536  | \$280,453  | \$516,165 | \$(5,647)     | \$-      |          | \$(4,433) | \$(7,029) | \$(199,597)   | \$580,448 |

## Six Months ended June 30, 2016

| Six Months ended June 30, 2016          |            |        |            |           |               |           |          |           |           |               |           |
|---|------------|--------|------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|---------------|-----------|
|   | Number of  | Common | Additional | Retained  | Accumulated   |           | Unearned | Common    | Treasury  | Total         |           |
|   | Shares     | Stock  | Paid-in    | Earnings  | Other         | Net of    | Stock    | Stock     | Stock, at | Stockholders' |           |
|   |            |        | Capital    |           | Comprehensive | Deferred  | of       | Held by   | cost      | Equity        |           |
|   |            |        |            |           | Loss,         | Taxes     | Common   | Common    |           |               |           |
|   |            |        |            |           | Unallocated   |           | Award    | Stock     |           |               |           |
|   |            |        |            |           | Stock         |           | Stock    | BMP       |           |               |           |
|   |            |        |            |           | ESOP          |           |          |           |           |               |           |
| Beginning balance as of January 1, 2016 | 37,371,992 | \$533  | \$262,798  | \$451,606 | \$(8,801)     | \$(2,313) |          | \$(2,271) | \$(9,354) | \$(198,251)   | \$493,947 |
| Net Income                              | -          | -      | -          | 61,245    | -             | -         | -        | -         | -         | -             | 61,245    |
| Other comprehensive                     | -          | -      | -          | -         | (2 )          | -         | -        | -         | -         | -             | (2 )      |

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|                                       |            |       |           |           |           |           |           |           |             |           |
|---------------------------------------|------------|-------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| loss, net of tax                      |            |       |           |           |           |           |           |           |             |           |
| Exercise of stock options             | 193,828    | 2     | 2,898     | -         | -         | -         | -         | -         | -           | 2,900     |
| Release of shares, net of forfeitures | 88,951     | -     | 727       | -         | -         | -         | (1,311)   | (222 )    | 1,105       | 299       |
| Stock-based compensation              | -          | -     | 561       | -         | -         | 115       | 828       | -         | -           | 1,504     |
| Cash dividends declared and paid      | -          | -     | -         | (10,282 ) | -         | -         | -         | -         | -           | (10,282 ) |
| Ending balance as of June 30, 2016    | 37,654,771 | \$535 | \$266,984 | \$502,569 | \$(8,803) | \$(2,198) | \$(2,754) | \$(9,576) | \$(197,146) | \$549,611 |

See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

(Dollars in thousands)

|  | Six Months Ended June 30, |              |
|--|---------------------------|--------------|
|  | 2017                      | 2016         |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>   |                           |              |
| Net Income   | \$ 23,146                 | \$ 61,245    |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:                      |                           |              |
| Net gain recognized on trading securities  | (134 )                    | (39 )        |
| Net gain on the sale of other real estate owned ("OREO")   | -                         | (40 )        |
| Net gain on sale of premises held for sale   | -                         | (68,183 )    |
| Net depreciation, amortization and accretion   | 1,836                     | 1,086        |
| Stock plan compensation [excluding Employee Stock Ownership Plan ("ESOP")]                             | 838                       | 943          |
| ESOP compensation expense  | -                         | 561          |
| Provision for loan losses  | 1,497                     | 421          |
| Increase in cash surrender value of BOLI   | (1,096 )                  | (1,119 )     |
| Income recognized from mortality benefit on BOLI   | -                         | (484 )       |
| Deferred income tax provision  | 6                         | 615          |
| Reduction in credit related other than temporary impairment ("OTTI") amortized through interest income | (52 )                     | (52 )        |
| Excess tax benefit from stock benefit plans  | -                         | (142 )       |
| Changes in assets and liabilities:   |                           |              |
| Increase in other assets   | (10,488 )                 | (4,094 )     |
| Increase in other liabilities  | 499                       | 6,038        |
| Net cash provided by (used in) Operating activities  | 16,052                    | (3,244 )     |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>   |                           |              |
| Proceeds from sales of investment securities available-for-sale  | 101                       | -            |
| Purchases of investment securities available-for-sale  | (37 )                     | (19 )        |
| Proceeds from the sales of trading securities  | 4,544                     | 3,648        |
| Purchases of trading securities  | (144 )                    | (222 )       |
| Proceeds from calls and principal repayments of MBS available-for-sale                                 | 28                        | 25           |
| Proceeds from the sale of loans  | 393                       | -            |
| Purchases of loans   | -                         | (152,637 )   |
| Loans originated, net of repayments  | (240,900 )                | (359,730 )   |
| Proceeds from sale of OREO   | -                         | 170          |
| Proceeds from surrender of cash surrender value of BOLI  | -                         | 1,425        |
| Net proceeds from the sale of premises held for sale   | -                         | 75,899       |
| Net purchases of fixed assets  | (5,527 )                  | (16 )        |
| Redemption of FHLBNY capital stock, net  | (6,517 )                  | 5,899        |
| Net cash used in Investing Activities  | (248,059 )                | (425,558 )   |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>   |                           |              |
| Increase in due to depositors  | 23,054                    | 595,956      |
| Increase (decrease) in escrow and other deposits   | (11,805 )                 | 15,160       |
| Repayments of FHLBNY advances  | (1,359,500 )              | (2,402,500 ) |
| Proceeds from FHLBNY advances  | 1,472,950                 | 2,252,900    |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options  | 626                       | 2,900        |
| Excess tax benefit from stock benefit plans  | -                         | 142          |
| Release of stock for benefit plan awards   | 198                       | 299          |
| Cash dividends paid to stockholders  | (10,520 )                 | (10,282 )    |

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|  |            |           |
|--|------------|-----------|
| Proceeds from Subordinated debt issuance, net    | 113,545    | -         |
| Net cash provided by Financing Activities        | 228,548    | 454,575   |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | (3,459     | ) 25,773  |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD   | 113,503    | 64,154    |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD         | \$ 110,044 | \$ 89,927 |

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:

|   |           |           |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Cash paid for income taxes  | \$ 20,912 | \$ 29,100 |
| Cash paid for interest  | 28,124    | 11,770    |
| Transfer of premises to held for sale   | -         | 1,379     |
| Amortization of unrealized loss on securities transferred from available-for-sale to held-to-maturity | 47        | 25        |
| Net decrease in non-credit component of OTTI  | 17        | 16        |

See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Dollars in Thousands Except Per Share Amounts)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Dime Community Bancshares (the “Company”), is a Delaware corporation headquartered in the Brooklyn Heights neighborhood of Brooklyn, New York. The Company was organized in 1996 and is registered as a savings and loan holding company with the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System pursuant to section 10(l) of the Home Owners’ Loan Act, as amended. As of June 30, 2017, the Holding Company's direct subsidiaries were Dime Community Bank, 842 Manhattan Avenue Corp., and Dime Community Capital Trust 1. The Company engages in commercial banking and financial services through its wholly-owned banking subsidiary, Dime Community Bank. In 2004, the Company formed Dime Community Capital Trust I as a subsidiary, which issued \$72.2 million of 7.0% trust preferred securities, \$70.7 million of which remained outstanding at June 30, 2017. The Company’s common stock is traded on the Nasdaq Global Market under the symbol “DCOM.”

Dime Community Bank, a New York-chartered stock savings bank formerly known as The Dime Savings Bank of Williamsburgh, was founded in 1864 and operates 27 full service retail banking offices located in the New York City boroughs of Brooklyn, Queens, and the Bronx, and in Nassau County, New York. The Bank’s principal business is gathering deposits from customers within its market area and via the internet, and investing them primarily in multifamily residential, commercial real estate, mixed use, and, to a lesser extent, commercial and industrial (“C&I”) loans, mortgage-backed securities, obligations of the U.S. government and government sponsored enterprises, and corporate debt and equity securities. The substantial majority of the Bank’s lending occurs in the greater New York City metropolitan area. The Bank has four active subsidiaries, including two real estate investment trusts that hold one- to four-family and multifamily residential and commercial real estate loans; Dime Insurance Agency, which engages in general insurance agency activities; and Boulevard Funding Corporation, which holds and manages real estate.

2. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the Company's financial condition as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the results of operations and statements of comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. The results of operations for the three-month and six-month period ended June 30, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the remainder of the year ending December 31, 2017. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") have been omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the U. S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

The preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Please see "Part I - Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Critical Accounting Policies" for a discussion of areas in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements utilizing significant estimates.

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016 and notes thereto.



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3. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). ASU 2014-09 impacts any entity that either enters into contracts with customers to transfer goods or services, or that enters into contracts for the transfer of nonfinancial assets unless those contracts are within the scope of other standards (e.g., insurance or lease contracts). Under ASU 2014-09, an entity is required to recognize revenue for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. ASU 2014-09 also requires disclosure of sufficient information to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers, as well as qualitative and quantitative disclosure related to contracts with certain customers, significant judgments and changes in judgments, and assets recognized from the costs to obtain or fulfill a contract. In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-08, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Principal Versus Agent Consideration - Reporting Revenue Gross Versus Net. The objective of the ASU is to align the recognition of revenue with the transfer of promised goods or services provided to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The amendments in this ASU affect the guidance in ASU 2014-09, which is not yet effective. Both ASU 2014-09 and the amendment are effective for public business entities for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company is evaluating the potential impact of ASU 2014-09 and the amendment on its consolidated financial statements, however, it is not presently expected to have a material impact.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, an amendment to Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (Subtopic 825-10). The objectives of the ASU are to: (1) require equity investments to be measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognized in net income, (2) simplify the impairment assessment of equity investments without readily determinable fair values, (3) eliminate the requirement to disclose methods and significant assumptions used to estimate fair value for financial instruments measured at amortized cost on the balance sheet, (4) require the use of the exit price notion when measuring the fair value of financial instruments, and (5) clarify the need for a valuation allowance on a deferred tax asset related to available-for-sale securities in combination with the entity’s other deferred tax assets. The amendments in this ASU are effective for public business entities for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company is evaluating the potential impact of ASU 2016-01 on its consolidated financial statements, however, it is not presently expected to have a material impact.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). ASU 2016-02 requires companies that lease valuable assets to recognize on their balance sheets the assets and liabilities generated by contracts longer than a year. The amendments in this update are effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2018, however, early adoption is permitted. The Company is evaluating the potential impact of ASU 2016-02 on its consolidated financial statements.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326), which requires that the measurement of all expected credit losses for financial assets held at the reporting date be based on historical experience, current condition, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. Financial institutions and other organizations will now use forward-looking information to better inform their credit loss estimates. This guidance also amends the accounting for credit losses on available-for-sale debt securities and purchased financial assets with credit deterioration. For the Company, this guidance is effective for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after December 31, 2019. The Company has established a committee that is assessing system requirements, gathering data, and evaluating the impact of the ASU on its consolidated financial statements. The Company expects to recognize a one-time cumulative effect increase to the allowance for loan losses as of the beginning of the reporting period in which the ASU takes effect, however, cannot yet determine the magnitude of the impact on the consolidated financial statements.

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-07, Compensation – Retirement Benefits (Topic 715). ASU 2017-07 requires companies that offer employee defined pension plans, other postretirement benefit plans, or other types of benefit plans accounted for under Topic 715 to report the service cost component in the same line item or items as other compensation costs arising from services rendered by the pertinent employees during the period. The other components of net benefit cost are required to be presented in the income statement separately from the service cost component and outside a subtotal of income from operations, if one is presented. The amendments in this update are effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2017, however, early adoption is permitted. The adoption of ASU 2017-07 will not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.



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In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-08, Receivables – Nonrefundable Fees and Other Costs (Subtopic 310-20): Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities. ASU 2017-08 shortens the amortization period for certain callable debt securities held at a premium. Specifically, the amendments require the premium to be amortized to the earliest call date. The amendments do not require an accounting change for securities held at a discount; the discount continues to be amortized to maturity. The amendments in this update are effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2018, however, early adoption is permitted. The adoption of ASU 2017-08 will not have a material impact on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

In May 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-09, Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Scope of Modification Accounting. The amendments in ASU 2017-09 provide guidance on determining which changes to the terms and conditions of share-based payment awards require an entity to apply modification accounting. The amendments in this update are effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2017, however, early adoption is permitted. The adoption of ASU 2017-09 is currently not expected to have a material impact on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

## 4. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

Activity in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, was as follows:

|  | Securities<br>Held-<br>to-Maturity<br>and<br>Transferred<br>Securities | Securities<br>Available-for-<br>Sale | Defined<br>Benefit<br>Plans | Derivative<br>Asset | Total<br>Accumulated<br>Other<br>Comprehensive<br>Gain (Loss) |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|---|
| Balance as of January 1, 2017                                  | \$ (713 )  | \$ (92 )                             | \$ (6,910 )                 | \$ 1,776            | \$ (5,939 )   |
| Other comprehensive income before reclassifications            | 36   | 125                                  | (7 )                        | (331 )              | (177 )  |
| Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss | -  | -                                    | 372                         | 97                  | 469   |
| Net other comprehensive income during the period               | 36   | 125                                  | 365                         | (234 )              | 292   |
| Balance as of June 30, 2017                                    | \$ (677 )  | \$ 33                                | \$ (6,545 )                 | \$ 1,542            | \$ (5,647 )   |
| Balance as of January 1, 2016                                  | \$ (760 )  | \$ (122 )                            | \$ (7,919 )                 | \$ -                | \$ (8,801 )   |
| Other comprehensive income before reclassifications            | 22   | 34                                   | -                           | (526 )              | (470 )  |
| Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss | -  | -                                    | 468                         | -                   | 468   |
| Net other comprehensive income during the period               | 22   | 34                                   | 468                         | (526 )              | (2 )  |
| Balance as of June 30, 2016                                    | \$ (738 )  | \$ (88 )                             | \$ (7,451 )                 | \$ (526 )           | \$ (8,803 )   |

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The before and after tax amounts allocated to each component of other comprehensive income (loss) are presented in the table below. Reclassification adjustments related to securities available-for-sale are included in the line entitled net gain (loss) on securities and other assets in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income. Reclassification adjustments related to the defined benefit plan are included in the line entitled salaries and employee benefits.

|   | Three Months<br>Ended<br>June 30,<br>2017 |           | Six Months<br>Ended<br>June 30,<br>2016 |         |
|---|---|-----------|---|---------|
| Change in unrealized holding loss on securities held-to-maturity and transferred securities:    |   |           |   |         |
| Accretion of previously recognized non-credit component of OTTI                                 | \$ 8                                      | \$ 8      | \$ 17                                   | \$ 16   |
| Change in unrealized loss on securities transferred to held-to-maturity                         | 22  | 14        | 47                                      | 25      |
| Net change  | 30  | 22        | 64                                      | 41      |
| Tax expense   | 12  | 10        | 28                                      | 19      |
| Net change in unrealized holding loss on securities held-to-maturity and transferred securities | 18  | 12        | 36                                      | 22      |
| Change in unrealized holding gain on securities available-for-sale:                             |   |           |   |         |
| Change in net unrealized gain during the period   | 104                                       | 47        | 224                                     | 62      |
| Tax expense   | 44  | 21        | 99                                      | 28      |
| Net change in unrealized holding gain on securities available-for-sale                          | 60  | 26        | 125                                     | 34      |
| Change in pension and other postretirement obligations:   |   |           |   |         |
| Reclassification adjustment for expense included in salaries and employee benefits expense      | 355                                       | 425       | 657                                     | 850     |
| Tax expense   | 161                                       | 191       | 292                                     | 382     |
| Net change in pension and other postretirement obligations                                      | 194                                       | 234       | 365                                     | 468     |
| Change in unrealized loss on derivative liability:  |   |           |   |         |
| Change in net unrealized loss during the period   | (825 )                                    | (998 )    | (597 )                                  | (998 )  |
| Reclassification adjustment for expense included in interest expense                            | 92  | 41        | 179                                     | 41      |
| Net change  | (733 )                                    | (957 )    | (418 )                                  | (957 )  |
| Tax benefit   | (328 )                                    | (431 )    | (184 )                                  | (431 )  |
| Net change in unrealized loss on derivative liability   | (405 )                                    | (526 )    | (234 )                                  | (526 )  |
| Other comprehensive income (loss)   | \$ (133 )                                 | \$ (254 ) | \$ 292                                  | \$ (2 ) |

## 5. EARNINGS PER SHARE ("EPS")

Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income by the weighted-average common shares outstanding during the reporting period. Diluted EPS is computed using the same method as basic EPS, but reflects the potential dilution that would occur if "in the money" stock options were exercised and converted into common stock, and likely aggregate Long-term Incentive Plan ("LTIP") share payout. In determining the weighted average shares outstanding for basic and diluted EPS, treasury shares, and (until the period ended September 30, 2016) unallocated ESOP shares, are excluded. Vested restricted stock award ("RSA") shares are included in the calculation of the weighted average shares outstanding for basic and diluted EPS. Unvested RSA shares and LTIP shares not yet awarded are recognized as a special class of participating securities under ASC 260.

The following is a reconciliation of the numerators and denominators of basic and diluted EPS for the periods presented:

|  | Three Months Ended | Six Months Ended |
|--|--------------------|------------------|
|--|--------------------|------------------|

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|  | June 30,<br>2017 | 2016       | June 30,<br>2017 | 2016       |
|--|------------------|------------|------------------|------------|
| Net income per the Consolidated Statements of Income                           | \$ 11,989        | \$ 11,208  | \$ 23,146        | \$ 61,245  |
| Less: Dividends paid and earnings allocated to participating securities        | (38 )            | (24 )      | (63 )            | (55 )      |
| Income attributable to common stock  | \$ 11,951        | \$ 11,184  | \$ 23,083        | \$ 61,190  |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding, including participating securities | 37,733,956       | 36,946,082 | 37,670,585       | 36,874,535 |
| Less: weighted average participating securities                                | (179,346 )       | (192,525 ) | (166,398 )       | (202,885 ) |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding                                     | 37,554,610       | 36,753,557 | 37,504,187       | 36,671,650 |
| Basic EPS  | \$ 0.32          | \$ 0.30    | \$ 0.62          | \$ 1.67    |
| Income attributable to common stock  | \$ 11,951        | \$ 11,184  | \$ 23,083        | \$ 61,190  |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding                                     | 37,554,610       | 36,753,557 | 37,504,187       | 36,671,650 |
| Weighted average common equivalent shares outstanding                          | 81,188           | 65,028     | 86,011           | 69,420     |
| Weighted average common and equivalent shares outstanding                      | 37,635,798       | 36,818,585 | 37,590,198       | 36,741,070 |
| Diluted EPS  | \$ 0.32          | \$ 0.30    | \$ 0.61          | \$ 1.67    |

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Common and equivalent shares resulting from the dilutive effect of "in-the-money" outstanding stock options are calculated based upon the excess of the average market value of the common stock over the exercise price of outstanding in-the-money stock options during the period.

There were no "out-of-the-money" stock options during the three-month or six-month periods ended June 30, 2017. There were 80,000 weighted-average stock options outstanding for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 which were not considered in the calculation of diluted EPS since their exercise prices exceeded the average market price during the period.

For information about the calculation of likely aggregate LTIP share payout, see Note 6.

## 6. ACCOUNTING FOR STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

The Company maintains the Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. 2001 Stock Option Plan for Outside Directors, Officers and Employees, the 2004 Stock Incentive Plan and the 2013 Equity and Incentive Plan ("2013 Equity Plan") (collectively, the "Stock Plans"), which are discussed more fully in Note 15 to the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016, and which are subject to the accounting requirements of ASC 505-50 and ASC 718.

### Stock Option Awards

The following table presents a summary of activity related to stock options granted under the Stock Plans, and changes during the six-month period then ended:

|   | Number of<br>Options | Weighted-Average<br>Exercise Price | Weighted-Average<br>Remaining<br>Contractual Years | Aggregate<br>Intrinsic Value |
|---|----------------------|------------------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Options outstanding at January 1, 2017          | 209,254              | \$ 15.48                           |  |                              |
| Options granted                                 | -                    | -                                  |  |                              |
| Options exercised                               | (42,179 )            | 14.87                              |  |                              |
| Options outstanding at June 30, 2017            | 167,075              | \$ 15.64                           | 2.1  | \$ 662                       |
| Options vested and exercisable at June 30, 2017 | 167,075              | \$ 15.64                           | 2.1  | \$ 662                       |

Information related to stock options during each period is as follows:

|  | At or for the Three Months<br>Ended June 30, |          | At or for the Six Months<br>Ended June 30, |          |
|--|--|----------|--|----------|
|  | 2017   | 2016     | 2017                                       | 2016     |
| Cash received for option exercise cost                                 | \$ 2   | \$ 2,900 | \$ 626                                     | \$ 2,900 |
| Income tax benefit recognized on stock option exercises <sup>(1)</sup> | -  | 64       | 69   | 64       |
| Intrinsic value of options exercised                                   | 1  | 732      | 276  | 732      |

Effective January 1, 2017, income tax benefits were recognized as discrete items in income tax expense in accordance to ASU 2016-09. Prior to January, 1, 2017, income tax benefits were recognized through additional paid in capital.

There were no grants of stock options during the three-month or six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 or 2016. All stock options are fully vested at both June 30, 2017 and 2016.

### Restricted Stock Awards

The Company has made RSA grants to outside Directors and certain officers under the 2004 Stock Incentive Plan or 2013 Equity and Incentive Plan. Typically, awards to outside Directors fully vest on the first anniversary of the grant date, while awards to officers may vest in equal annual installments over a four-year period or at the end of the four-year requisite period.

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The following table presents a summary of activity related to the RSAs granted, and changes during the three-month period then ended:

|  | Number of Shares | Weighted-Average<br>Grant-Date Fair<br>Value |
|--|------------------|--|
| Unvested allocated shares outstanding at January 1, 2017 | 152,409          | \$ 16.56                                     |
| Shares granted   | 121,857          | 19.60  |
| Shares vested  | (82,520 )        | 16.34  |
| Shares forfeited   | (16,448 )        | 17.24  |
| Unvested allocated shares at June 30, 2017               | 175,298          | \$ 18.71                                     |

All awards were made at the fair value of the Holding Company's common stock (i.e., the closing price on the NASDAQ market as of the close of business) on the award date. Compensation expense is based upon the fair value of the shares on the respective dates of the grant.

Information related to RSAs during each period is as follows:

|  | At or for the Three Months<br>Ended June 30, |        | At or for the Six Months<br>Ended June 30, |        |
|--|--|--------|--|--------|
|  | 2017   | 2016   | 2017                                       | 2016   |
| Compensation expense recognized                                | \$ 370                                       | \$ 390 | \$ 666                                     | \$ 828 |
| Income tax benefit recognized on vesting of RSA <sup>(1)</sup> | 114  | 77     | 116  | 78     |

Effective January 1, 2017, income tax benefits were recognized as discrete items in income tax expense in <sup>(1)</sup>accordance to ASU 2016-09. Prior to January, 1, 2017, income tax benefits were recognized through additional paid in capital.

As of June 30, 2017, unrecognized compensation cost relating to unvested restricted shares totaled \$2,998. This amount will be recognized over a remaining weighted average period of 2.89 years.

### Performance Based Equity Awards

The Company established the LTIP, a long term incentive award program for certain officers, that meets the criteria for equity-based accounting. For each award, threshold (50% of target), target (100% of target) and maximum (150% of target) opportunities are eligible to be earned over a three-year performance period based on the Company's relative performance on certain goals that were established at the onset of the performance period and cannot be altered subsequently. Shares of the Holding Company's common stock are issued on the grant date and held as unvested stock awards until the end of the performance period. They are issued at the maximum opportunity in order to ensure that an adequate number of shares are allocated for shares expected to vest at the end of the performance period.

The following table presents a summary of activity related to performance based equity awards, and changes during the three-month period then ended:

|   | Number of<br>Shares | Weighted-Average<br>Grant-Date Fair Value |
|---|---------------------|---|
| Maximum aggregate share payout at January 1, 2017 | 24,730              | \$ 17.35                                  |
| Shares granted                                    | 71,976              | 19.75                                     |
| Shares forfeited                                  | (10,010 )           | 18.73                                     |
| Maximum aggregate share payout at June 30, 2017   | 86,696              | \$ 19.18                                  |
| Minimum aggregate share payout                    | -                   | -   |

|                               |        |    |       |
|-------------------------------|--------|----|-------|
| Likely aggregate share payout | 49,974 | \$ | 19.47 |
|-------------------------------|--------|----|-------|

Compensation expense recorded for performance based equity awards was \$76 and \$21 for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Compensation expense recorded for performance based equity awards was \$172 and \$48 for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

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7. LOANS RECEIVABLE AND CREDIT QUALITY

Loans are reported at the principal amount outstanding, net of unearned fees or costs and the allowance for loan losses. Interest income on loans is recorded using the level yield method. Under this method, discount accretion and premium amortization are included in interest income. Loan origination fees and certain direct loan origination costs are deferred and amortized as yield adjustments over the contractual loan terms.

Credit Quality Indicators:

On a quarterly basis, the Company categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt, such as: current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, public information, and current economic trends, among other factors. The Company analyzes loans individually by classifying them as to credit risk. This analysis includes all loans, such as multifamily residential, mixed use residential (i.e., loans in which the aggregate rental income of the underlying collateral property is generated from both residential and commercial units, but the majority of such income is generated from the residential units), mixed use commercial real estate (i.e., loans in which the aggregate rental income of the underlying collateral property is generated from both residential and commercial units, but the majority of such income is generated from the commercial units), commercial real estate loans, acquisition, development, and construction (“ADC”) loans (which includes land loans), C&I loans, as well as one-to-four family residential and cooperative and condominium apartment loans. Prior to April 1, 2016, the analysis of one-to-four family residential and cooperative and condominium apartment loans included only loans with balances in excess of the Fannie Mae (“FNMA”) conforming loan limits for high-cost areas such as the Bank’s primary lending area (“FNMA Limits”) that were deemed to meet the definition of impaired. Prior to December 31, 2016, the analysis of C&I loans was included in the consumer loan credit quality analysis, which is based on payment activity due to the nature and volume of the C&I loan balance.

The Company uses the following definitions for risk ratings:

**Special Mention.** Loans classified as special mention have a potential weakness that deserves management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the loan or of the Bank's credit position at some future date.

**Substandard.** Loans classified as substandard are inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Loans so classified have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the Bank will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

**Doubtful.** Loans classified as doubtful have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as substandard, with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of then existing facts, conditions, and values, highly questionable and improbable.

The Bank had no loans classified as doubtful as of June 30, 2017 or December 31, 2016. All real estate and C&I loans not classified as Special Mention or Substandard were deemed pass loans at both June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

The following is a summary of the credit risk profile of real estate and C&I loans (including deferred costs) by internally assigned grade as of the dates indicated:

| Balance at June 30, 2017 |         |             |          |       |
|--------------------------|---------|-------------|----------|-------|
| Pass                     | Special | Substandard | Doubtful | Total |



## Mention

## Real Estate:

|   |             |          |           |      |             |
|---|-------------|----------|-----------|------|-------------|
| One-to-four family residential, including condominium and cooperative apartment | \$69,688    | \$ 182   | \$ 1,112  | \$ - | \$70,982    |
| Multifamily residential and residential mixed use                               | 4,747,233   | 3,432    | 5,515     | -    | 4,756,180   |
| Commercial mixed use real estate  | 399,960     | -        | 4,966     | -    | 404,926     |
| Commercial real estate  | 563,513     | 864      | 6,468     | -    | 570,845     |
| ADC   | 4,000       | -        | -         | -    | 4,000       |
| Total real estate   | 5,784,394   | 4,478    | 18,061    | -    | 5,806,933   |
| C&I   | 68,199      | -        | -         | -    | 68,199      |
| Total   | \$5,852,593 | \$ 4,478 | \$ 18,061 | \$ - | \$5,875,132 |

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|   | Balance at December 31, 2016 |                    |             |          |             |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
|   | Pass                         | Special<br>Mention | Substandard | Doubtful | Total       |
| Real Estate:  |                              |                    |             |          |             |
| One-to-four family residential, including condominium and cooperative apartment | \$72,325                     | \$ 212             | \$ 1,485    | \$ -     | \$74,022    |
| Multifamily residential and residential mixed use                               | 4,589,838                    | 3,488              | 7,200       | -        | 4,600,526   |
| Commercial mixed use real estate  | 398,139                      | 535                | 5,465       | -        | 404,139     |
| Commercial real estate  | 546,568                      | 525                | 7,227       | -        | 554,320     |
| Total Real Estate   | \$5,606,870                  | \$ 4,760           | \$ 21,377   | \$ -     | \$5,633,007 |

For consumer loans, the Company evaluates credit quality based on payment activity. Consumer loans that are 90 days or more past due are placed on non-accrual status, while all remaining consumer loans are classified and evaluated as performing.

The following is a summary of the credit risk profile of consumer loans by internally assigned grade:

| Grade       | Balance at<br>June 30,<br>2017 | Balance at<br>December 31,<br>2016 <sup>(1)</sup> |
|-------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Performing  | \$ 1,748                       | \$ 3,414  |
| Non-accrual | 1                              | 1   |
| Total       | \$ 1,749                       | \$ 3,415  |

<sup>(1)</sup> Included in the balance of consumer loans at December 31, 2016 are \$2,058 of C&I loans. Subsequent to December 31, 2016, C&I loans were evaluated based on risk ratings and included in the preceding credit risk profile table.

The following is a breakdown of the past due status of the Company's investment in loans (excluding accrued interest) as of the dates indicated:

|   | At June 30, 2017                   |                                    |   |                    |         | Total<br>Past<br>Due | Current     | Total<br>Loans |
|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|--------------------|---------|----------------------|-------------|----------------|
|   | 30 to<br>59<br>Days<br>Past<br>Due | 60 to<br>89<br>Days<br>Past<br>Due | Loans 90<br>Days or<br>More<br>Past Due<br>and<br>Still<br>Accruing<br>Interest | Non-accrual<br>(1) |         |                      |             |                |
| Real Estate:  |                                    |                                    |   |                    |         |                      |             |                |
| One-to-four family residential, including condominium and cooperative apartment | \$84                               | \$ 74                              | \$ 373  | \$ 654             | \$1,185 | \$69,797             | \$70,982    |                |
| Multifamily residential and residential mixed use                               | -                                  | -                                  | 98  | 2,618              | 2,716   | 4,753,464            | 4,756,180   |                |
| Commercial mixed use real estate  | -                                  | -                                  | 793   | 101                | 894     | 404,032              | 404,926     |                |
| Commercial real estate  | 1,713                              | -                                  | -   | -                  | 1,713   | 569,132              | 570,845     |                |
| ADC   | -                                  | -                                  | -   | -                  | -       | 4,000                | 4,000       |                |
| Total real estate   | \$1,797                            | \$ 74                              | \$ 1,264  | \$ 3,373           | \$6,508 | \$5,800,425          | \$5,806,933 |                |
| C&I   | \$-                                | \$-                                | \$-   | \$-                | \$-     | \$68,199             | \$68,199    |                |
| Consumer  | \$2                                | \$-                                | \$-   | \$ 1               | \$3     | \$1,746              | \$1,749     |                |

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(1) Includes all loans on non-accrual status regardless of the number of days such loans were delinquent as of June 30, 2017.

|  | At December 31, 2016               |                                    |   |                    |                      |              |                |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|--------------------|----------------------|--------------|----------------|
|  | 30 to<br>59<br>Days<br>Past<br>Due | 60 to<br>89<br>Days<br>Past<br>Due | Loans 90<br>Days or<br>More<br>Past Due<br>and<br>Still<br>Accruing<br>Interest | Non-accrual<br>(1) | Total<br>Past<br>Due | Current      | Total<br>Loans |
| Real Estate:   |                                    |                                    |   |                    |                      |              |                |
| One-to-four family residential, including<br>condominium and cooperative apartment | \$ 188                             | \$ -                               | \$ 1,513  | \$ 1,012           | \$ 2,712             | \$ 71,309    | \$ 74,022      |
| Multifamily residential and residential<br>mixed use                               | -                                  | -                                  | 1,557   | 2,675              | 4,232                | 4,596,294    | 4,600,526      |
| Commercial mixed use real estate   | -                                  | -                                  | -   | 549                | 549                  | 403,590      | 404,139        |
| Commercial real estate   | 1,732                              | -                                  | -   | -                  | 1,732                | 552,588      | 554,320        |
| Total real estate  | \$ 1,920                           | \$ -                               | \$ 3,070  | \$ 4,236           | \$ 9,226             | \$ 5,623,781 | \$ 5,633,007   |
| C&I  | \$-                                | \$ -                               | \$ -  | \$ -               | \$-                  | \$ 2,058     | \$ 2,058       |
| Consumer   | \$-                                | \$ -                               | \$ -  | \$ 1               | \$ 1                 | \$ 1,356     | \$ 1,357       |

(1) Includes all loans on non-accrual status regardless of the number of days such loans were delinquent as of December 31, 2016.

Table of ContentsAccruing Loans 90 Days or More Past Due

The Bank continued accruing interest on five real estate loans with an aggregate outstanding balance of \$1,265 at June 30, 2017, and four real estate loans with an aggregate outstanding balance of \$3,070 at December 31, 2016, all of which were 90 days or more past due on their respective contractual maturity dates. These loans continued to make monthly payments consistent with their initial contractual amortization schedule exclusive of the balloon payments due at maturity. These loans were well secured and were expected to be refinanced, and, therefore, remained on accrual status and were deemed performing assets at the dates indicated above.

Troubled Debt Restructurings ("TDRs")

The following table summarizes outstanding TDRs by underlying collateral types as of the dates indicated:

|   | As of June 30,<br>2017 |          | As of December 31,<br>2016 |          |
|---|------------------------|----------|----------------------------|----------|
|   | No.<br>of<br>Loans     | Balance  | No.<br>of<br>Loans         | Balance  |
| One-to-four family residential, including condominium and cooperative apartment | 2                      | \$ 399   | 2                          | \$ 407   |
| Multifamily residential and residential mixed use                               | 3                      | 639      | 3                          | 658      |
| Commercial mixed use real estate  | 1                      | 4,218    | 1                          | 4,261    |
| Commercial real estate  | 1                      | 3,330    | 1                          | 3,363    |
| Total real estate   | 7                      | \$ 8,586 | 7                          | \$ 8,689 |

Accrual status for TDRs is determined separately for each TDR in accordance with the Bank's policies for determining accrual or non-accrual status. At the time an agreement is entered into between the Bank and the borrower that results in the Bank's determination that a TDR has been created, the loan can be on either accrual or non-accrual status. If a loan is on non-accrual status at the time it is restructured, it continues to be classified as non-accrual until the borrower has demonstrated compliance with the modified loan terms for a period of at least six months. Conversely, if at the time of restructuring the loan is performing (and accruing), it will remain accruing throughout its restructured period, unless the loan subsequently meets any of the criteria for non-accrual status under the Bank's policy and agency regulations. There were no TDRs on non-accrual status at June 30, 2017 or December 31, 2016.

The Company has not restructured troubled consumer loans, as its consumer loan portfolio has not experienced any problem issues warranting restructuring. Therefore, all TDRs were collateralized by real estate at both June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

There were no loans modified in a manner that met the criteria of a TDR during the three-month or six-month periods ended June 30, 2017. The Company modified one one-to-four family residential loan in a manner that met the criteria of a TDR during the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016.

The Bank's allowance for loan losses at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 did not reflect any allocated reserve associated with TDRs.

As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Bank had no loan commitments to borrowers with outstanding TDRs.

A TDR is considered to be in payment default once it is 90 days contractually past due under the modified terms. All TDRs are considered impaired loans and are evaluated individually for measurable impairment, if any.

There were no TDRs which defaulted within twelve months following the modification during the three-month or six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 or 2016 (thus no impact to the allowance for loan losses during those periods).

Impaired Loans

A loan is considered impaired when, based on then current information and events, it is probable that all contractual amounts due will not be collected in accordance with the terms of the loan. Factors considered by management in determining impairment include payment status, collateral value, and the probability of collecting scheduled principal and interest payments when due. Loans that experience insignificant payment delays or shortfalls generally are not classified as impaired. Management determines the significance of payment delays and shortfalls on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration all of the circumstances surrounding the loan and the borrower, including the length of the delay, the reasons for the delay, the borrower's prior payment record, and the amount of the shortfall in relation to the principal and interest owed.

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The Bank considers TDRs and non-accrual multifamily residential, commercial real estate, and C&I loans, along with non-accrual one-to-four family loans in excess of the FNMA Limits, to be impaired. Non-accrual one-to-four family loans equal to or less than the FNMA Limits, as well as all consumer loans, are considered homogeneous loan pools and are not required to be evaluated individually for impairment unless considered a TDR.

Impairment is typically measured using the difference between the outstanding loan principal balance and either: 1) the likely realizable value of a note sale; 2) the fair value of the underlying collateral, net of likely disposal costs, if repayment is expected to come from liquidation of the collateral; or 3) the present value of estimated future cash flows (using the loan's pre-modification rate for some of the performing TDRs). If a TDR is substantially performing in accordance with its restructured terms, management will look to either the potential net liquidation proceeds of the underlying collateral or the present value of the expected cash flows from the debt service in measuring impairment (whichever is deemed most appropriate under the circumstances). If a TDR has re-defaulted, generally the likely realizable net proceeds from either a note sale or the liquidation of the collateral is considered when measuring impairment. Measured impairment is either charged off immediately or, in limited instances, recognized as an allocated reserve within the allowance for loan losses.

Please refer to Note 8 for tabular information related to impaired loans.

## 8. ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES

The allowance for loan losses may consist of specific and general components. At June 30, 2017, the Bank's periodic evaluation of its allowance for loan losses (specific or general) was comprised of two primary components: (1) impaired loans and (2) pass graded loans. Within these components, the Company has identified the following portfolio segments for purposes of assessing its allowance for loan losses: (1) real estate loans; (2) C&I loans; and (3) consumer loans. Within these segments, the Bank analyzes the allowance for loan losses based upon the underlying collateral type (classes). Due to their small homogeneous balances, consumer loans were not individually evaluated for impairment as of either June 30, 2017 or December 31, 2016.

### Impaired Loan Component

All multifamily residential, mixed use, commercial real estate, ADC and C&I loans that are deemed to meet the definition of impaired are individually evaluated for impairment. In addition, all condominium or cooperative apartment and one-to-four family residential real estate loans in excess of the FNMA Limits are individually evaluated for impairment. Impairment is typically measured using the difference between the outstanding loan principal balance and either: (1) the likely realizable value of a note sale; (2) the fair value of the underlying collateral, net of likely disposal costs, if repayment is expected to come from liquidation of the collateral; or (3) the present value of estimated future cash flows (using the loan's pre-modification rate in the case of some performing TDRs). For impaired loans on non-accrual status, either of the initial two measurements is utilized.

All TDRs are considered impaired loans and are evaluated individually for measurable impairment, if any. If a TDR is substantially performing in accordance with its restructured terms, management will look to either the present value of the expected cash flows from the debt service or the potential net liquidation proceeds of the underlying collateral in measuring impairment (whichever is deemed most appropriate under the circumstances). If a TDR has re-defaulted, the likely realizable net proceeds from either a note sale or the liquidation of the collateral are generally considered when measuring impairment. While measured impairment is generally charged off immediately, impairment attributed to a reduction in the present value of expected cash flows of a performing TDR is generally reflected as an allocated reserve within the allowance for loan losses. At June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, there were no allocated reserves related to TDRs within the allowance for loan losses.

Smaller balance homogeneous real estate loans, such as condominium or cooperative apartment and one-to four-family residential real estate loans with balances equal to or less than the FNMA Limits, are collectively evaluated for impairment, and accordingly, are not separately identified for impairment disclosures.

#### Non-Impaired Loan Component

During the three month period ended June 30, 2016, the Bank refined the calculation of the allowance for loan losses associated with non-impaired loans using third party software purchased by the Bank. The software model is substantially similar to the previous model used by the Bank whereby the primary drivers of the calculation are historical charge-offs by loan type and certain qualitative elements. The historical loss look-back period for Substandard and Special Mention non-impaired loans was expanded from the previous twelve month period to a forty-eight month period, which is aligned with the same historical loss look-back period used for all Pass-graded loans. Management has evaluated the impact of these changes and concluded that they are not material to the overall allowance for non-impaired loans.

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The Bank initially looks to the underlying collateral type when determining the allowance for loan losses associated with non-impaired real estate loans. The following underlying collateral types are analyzed separately: 1) one-to-four family residential and condominium or cooperative apartment; 2) multifamily residential and residential mixed use; 3) commercial mixed use real estate, 4) commercial real estate; 5) ADC; and 6) C&I. Within the analysis of each underlying collateral type, the following elements are additionally considered and provided weighting in determining the allowance for loan losses for non-impaired real estate loans:

- (i) Charge-off experience (including peer charge-off experience)
- (ii) Economic conditions
- (iii) Underwriting standards or experience
- (iv) Loan concentrations
- (v) Regulatory climate
- (vi) Nature and volume of the portfolio
- (vii) Changes in the quality and scope of the loan review function

The following is a brief synopsis of the manner in which each element is considered:

(i) Charge-off experience - Loans within the non-impaired loan portfolio are segmented by significant common characteristics, against which historical loss rates are applied to reflect probable incurred loss percentages. The Bank also reviews and considers the charge-off experience of peer banks in its lending marketplace in order to determine whether probable incurred losses that could take a longer period to flow through its allowance for loan losses possibly exist.

(ii) Economic conditions - The Bank assigned a loss allocation to its entire non-impaired real estate loan portfolio based, in part, upon a review of economic conditions affecting the local real estate market. Specifically, the Bank considered both the level of, and recent trends in: 1) the local and national unemployment rate, 2) residential and commercial vacancy rates, 3) real estate sales and pricing, and 4) delinquencies in the Bank's loan portfolio.

(iii) Underwriting standards or experience - Underwriting standards are reviewed to ensure that changes in the Bank's lending policies and practices are adequately evaluated for risk and reflected in its analysis of potential credit losses. Loss expectations associated with changes in the Bank's lending policies and practices, if any, are then incorporated into the methodology.

(iv) Loan concentrations - The Bank regularly reviews its loan concentrations (borrower, collateral type and location) in order to ensure that heightened risk has not evolved that has not been captured through other factors. The risk component of loan concentrations is regularly evaluated for reserve adequacy.

(v) Regulatory climate – Consideration is given to public statements made by the banking regulatory agencies that have a potential impact on the Bank's loan portfolio and allowance for loan losses.

(vi) Nature and volume of the portfolio – The Bank considers any significant changes in the overall nature and volume of its loan portfolio.

(vii) Changes in the quality and scope of the loan review function – The Bank considers the potential impact upon its allowance for loan losses of any adverse change in the quality and scope of the loan review function.

All non-impaired Substandard loans were deemed sufficiently well secured and performing to have remained on accrual status both prior and subsequent to their downgrade to the Substandard internal loan grade at June 30, 2017.

### Consumer Loans



Due to their small individual balances, the Bank does not evaluate individual consumer loans for impairment. Loss percentages are applied to aggregate consumer loans based upon both their delinquency status and loan type. These loss percentages are derived from a combination of the Company's historical loss experience and/or nationally published loss data on such loans. Consumer loans in excess of 120 days delinquent are typically fully charged off against the allowance for loan losses.

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The following tables present data regarding the allowance for loan losses activity for the periods indicated:

|                                    | At or for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2017 |             |             |             |     |             |         |          |
|------------------------------------|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-----|-------------|---------|----------|
|                                    | Real Estate Loans                              |             |             |             |     |             |         |          |
|                                    | One-to-Four                                    |             |             |             |     |             |         |          |
|                                    | Family   |             |             |             |     |             |         |          |
|                                    | Residential                                    |             |             |             |     |             |         |          |
|                                    | Including Multifamily                          |             |             |             |     |             |         |          |
|                                    | Residential                                    |             |             |             |     |             |         |          |
|                                    | Including                                      |             |             |             |     |             |         |          |
|                                    | Condominium                                    |             |             |             |     |             |         |          |
|                                    | and Residential Commercial                     |             |             |             |     |             |         |          |
|                                    | Cooperatives                                   | Mixed Use   | Mixed Use   | Commercial  |     | Total       |         | Consumer |
|                                    | Apartment Use                                  | Real Estate | Real Estate | Real Estate | ADC | Real Estate | C&I     | Loans    |
| Beginning balance                  | \$129  | \$16,665    | \$1,589     | \$2,099     | \$- | \$20,482    | \$453   | \$19     |
| Provision (credit) for loan losses | (19)   | 730         | (178)       | (65)        | 6   | 474         | 570     | 3        |
| Charge-offs                        | -  | (23)        | -           | -           | -   | (23)        | -       | (5)      |
| Recoveries                         | 12   | -           | -           | -           | -   | 12          | -       | -        |
| Ending balance                     | \$122  | \$17,372    | \$1,411     | \$2,034     | \$6 | \$20,945    | \$1,023 | \$17     |

|                                    | At or for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 |             |             |             |  |             |          |
|------------------------------------|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|-------------|----------|
|                                    | Real Estate Loans                              |             |             |             |  |             |          |
|                                    | One-to-Four                                    |             |             |             |  |             |          |
|                                    | Family   |             |             |             |  |             |          |
|                                    | Residential,                                   |             |             |             |  |             |          |
|                                    | Including                                      |             |             |             |  |             |          |
|                                    | Condominium                                    |             |             |             |  |             |          |
|                                    | and Residential and Commercial                 |             |             |             |  |             |          |
|                                    | Cooperatives                                   | Residential | Mixed Use   | Commercial  |  | Total       | Consumer |
|                                    | Apartment Use                                  | Mixed Use   | Real Estate | Real Estate |  | Real Estate | Loans    |
| Beginning balance                  | \$99   | \$14,462    | \$1,552     | \$2,381     |  | \$18,494    | \$19     |
| Provision (credit) for loan losses | 96   | 407         | 133         | (194)       |  | 442         | -        |
| Charge-offs                        | (4)  | (43)        | (1)         | -           |  | (48)        | -        |
| Recoveries                         | 1  | -           | -           | -           |  | 1           | 1        |
| Ending balance                     | \$192  | \$14,826    | \$1,684     | \$2,187     |  | \$18,889    | \$20     |

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At or for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2017

Real Estate Loans

One-to-Four

Family

Residential, Multifamily

Including Residential

Condominium

and Residential Commercial

Cooperatives

Apartments

Mixed Use

Real Estate

Commercial

Real Estate

Total

Real Estate

C&amp;I

Consumer

|                                    | Cooperatives | Apartments | Mixed Use<br>Real Estate | Mixed Use<br>Real Estate | Commercial<br>Real Estate | ADC      | Total<br>Real Estate | C&I  | Consumer<br>Loans |
|------------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|----------|----------------------|------|-------------------|
| Beginning balance                  | \$145        | \$16,555   | \$1,698                  | \$2,118                  | \$-                       | \$20,516 | \$-                  | \$20 |                   |
| Provision (credit) for loan losses | (23)         | 864        | (291)                    | (84)                     | 6                         | 472      | 1,023                | 2    |                   |
| Charge-offs                        | (13)         | (92)       | -                        | -                        | -                         | (105)    | -                    | (5)  |                   |
| Recoveries                         | 13           | 45         | 4                        | -                        | -                         | 62       | -                    | -    |                   |
| Ending balance                     | \$122        | \$17,372   | \$1,411                  | \$2,034                  | \$6                       | \$20,945 | \$1,023              | \$17 |                   |

At or for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2016

Real Estate Loans

One-to-Four

Family

Residential,

Including

Condominium, Multifamily

and Residential and Commercial

Cooperatives

Residential

Mixed Use

Mixed Use

Real Estate

Real Estate

Commercial

Real Estate

Total

Real Estate

Consumer

Loans

|                                    | Cooperatives | Residential | Mixed Use   | Mixed Use   | Commercial  | Commercial  | Total       | Consumer |
|------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|----------|
|                                    | Apartments   | Mixed Use   | Real Estate | Real Estate | Real Estate | Real Estate | Real Estate | Loans    |
| Beginning balance                  | \$263        | \$14,118    | \$1,652     | \$2,461     | \$18,494    | \$20        |             |          |
| Provision (credit) for loan losses | (46)         | 731         | 34          | (297)       | 422         | (1)         |             |          |
| Charge-offs                        | (27)         | (60)        | (2)         | -           | (89)        | -           |             |          |
| Recoveries                         | 2            | 37          | -           | 23          | 62          | 1           |             |          |
| Ending balance                     | \$192        | \$14,826    | \$1,684     | \$2,187     | \$18,889    | \$20        |             |          |

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The following tables present the balance in the allowance for loan losses and the recorded investment in loans by portfolio segment and based on impairment evaluation method as of the periods indicated:

|                                       | At or for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2017   |                                 |  |                           |         |                      |          |                   |
|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------|---------|----------------------|----------|-------------------|
|                                       | Real Estate Loans  |                                 |  |                           |         |                      |          |                   |
|                                       | One-to-Four<br>Family<br>Residential,<br>Including Multifamily<br>Condominiums<br>and Cooperative<br>Apartment | Residential<br>and<br>Mixed Use | Commercial<br>Mixed Use<br>Real Estate | Commercial<br>Real Estate | ADC     | Total<br>Real Estate | C&I      | Consumer<br>Loans |
| Allowance for loan losses:            |  |                                 |  |                           |         |                      |          |                   |
| Individually evaluated for impairment | \$-  | \$-                             | \$-                                    | \$-                       | \$-     | \$-                  | \$-      | \$-               |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment | 122  | 17,372                          | 1,411                                  | 2,034                     | 6       | 20,945               | 1,023    | 17                |
| Total ending allowance balance        | \$122  | \$17,372                        | \$1,411                                | \$2,034                   | \$6     | \$20,945             | \$1,023  | \$17              |
| Loans:                                |  |                                 |  |                           |         |                      |          |                   |
| Individually evaluated for impairment | \$399  | \$3,257                         | \$4,319                                | \$3,330                   | \$-     | \$11,305             | \$-      | \$-               |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment | 70,583   | 4,752,923                       | 400,607                                | 567,515                   | 4,000   | 5,795,628            | 68,199   | 1,749             |
| Total ending loans balance            | \$70,982   | \$4,756,180                     | \$404,926                              | \$570,845                 | \$4,000 | \$5,806,933          | \$68,199 | \$1,749           |

|                                       | At or for the Year Ended December 31, 2016   |                                 |  |                           |                      |     |                   |     |
|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------|----------------------|-----|-------------------|-----|
|                                       | Real Estate Loans  |                                 |  |                           |                      |     |                   |     |
|                                       | One-to-Four<br>Family<br>Residential,<br>Including Multifamily<br>Condominiums<br>and Cooperative<br>Apartment | Residential<br>and<br>Mixed Use | Commercial<br>Mixed Use<br>Real Estate | Commercial<br>Real Estate | Total<br>Real Estate | C&I | Consumer<br>Loans |     |
| Allowance for loan losses:            |  |                                 |  |                           |                      |     |                   |     |
| Individually evaluated for impairment | \$-  | \$-                             | \$-                                    | \$-                       | \$-                  | \$- | \$-               | \$- |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment | 145  | 16,555                          | 1,698                                  | 2,118                     | 20,516               | -   | 20                |     |
| Total ending allowance balance        | \$145  | \$16,555                        | \$1,698                                | \$2,118                   | \$20,516             | \$- | \$20              |     |
| Loans:                                |  |                                 |  |                           |                      |     |                   |     |
|                                       | \$407  | \$3,333                         | \$4,810                                | \$3,363                   | \$11,913             | \$- | \$-               |     |

|  |          |              |            |            |             |         |          |
|--|----------|--------------|------------|------------|-------------|---------|----------|
| Individually evaluated for<br>impairment |          |              |            |            |             |         |          |
| Collectively evaluated for<br>impairment | 73,615   | 4,597,193    | 399,329    | 550,957    | 5,621,094   | 2,058   | 1,357    |
| Total ending loans balance               | \$74,022 | \$ 4,600,526 | \$ 404,139 | \$ 554,320 | \$5,633,007 | \$2,058 | \$ 1,357 |

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There were no impaired real estate loans with a related allowance recorded for the periods ended June 30, 2017 or December 31, 2016. The following tables summarize impaired real estate loans with no related allowance recorded as of the periods indicated (by collateral type within the real estate loan segment):

|   | At June 30, 2017         |                                    |                   | At December 31, 2016     |                                    |                   |
|---|--------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|
|   | Unpaid Principal Balance | Recorded Investment <sup>(1)</sup> | Related Allowance | Unpaid Principal Balance | Recorded Investment <sup>(1)</sup> | Related Allowance |
| With no related allowance recorded:   |                          |                                    |                   |                          |                                    |                   |
| One-to-Four Family Residential, Including Condominium and Cooperative Apartment Multifamily Residential and Residential Mixed Use | \$399                    | \$ 399                             | \$ -              | \$407                    | \$ 407                             | \$ -              |
| Commercial Mixed Use Real Estate  | 4,319                    | 4,319                              | -                 | 4,810                    | 4,810                              | -                 |
| Commercial Real Estate  | 3,330                    | 3,330                              | -                 | 3,363                    | 3,363                              | -                 |
| Total with no related allowance recorded  | \$11,305                 | \$ 11,305                          | \$ -              | \$11,913                 | \$ 11,913                          | \$ -              |

<sup>(1)</sup>The recorded investment excludes accrued interest receivable and loan origination fees, net, due to immateriality.

The following table presents information for impaired loans for the periods indicated:

|   | Three Months Ended June 30, |                     |                             |                     | Six Months Ended June 30,   |                     |                             |                     |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|
|   | 2017                        |                     | 2016                        |                     | 2017                        |                     | 2016                        |                     |
|   | Average Recorded Investment | Interest Recognized | Average Recorded Investment | Interest Recognized | Average Recorded Investment | Interest Recognized | Average Recorded Investment | Interest Recognized |
| With no related allowance recorded:   |                             |                     |                             |                     |                             |                     |                             |                     |
| One-to-Four Family Residential, Including Condominium and Cooperative Apartment Multifamily Residential and Residential Mixed Use | \$400                       | \$ 7                | \$399                       | \$ 7                | \$402                       | \$ 14               | \$465                       | \$ 41               |
| Commercial Mixed Use Real Estate  | 3,264                       | 16                  | 2,451                       | 25                  | 3,287                       | 62                  | 1,962                       | 38                  |
| Commercial Real Estate  | 4,527                       | 43                  | 4,367                       | 44                  | 4,622                       | 88                  | 4,360                       | 88                  |
| Ending balance  | \$11,529                    | \$ 99               | \$10,621                    | \$ 110              | \$11,658                    | \$ 231              | \$10,268                    | \$ 235              |

<sup>(1)</sup>The recorded investment excludes accrued interest receivable and loan origination fees, net, due to immateriality.

## 9. INVESTMENT AND MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES

The following tables summarize the major categories of securities owned by the Company (excluding trading securities) for the periods indicated:

|  | At June 30, 2017              |                        |                         |            |
|--|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
|  | Amortized Cost <sup>(1)</sup> | Gross Unrealized Gains | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value |
| Investment securities held-to-maturity:              |                               |                        |                         |            |
| Pooled bank trust preferred securities ("TRUP CDOs") | \$5,315                       | \$ 3,161               | \$ (91 )                | \$8,385    |

Investment securities available-for-sale:

|   |          |          |         |   |          |
|---|----------|----------|---------|---|----------|
| Registered Mutual Funds                           | 3,944    | 186      | (81     | ) | 4,049    |
| Pass-through MBS issued by GSEs                   | 333      | 10       | -       |   | 343      |
| Agency Collateralized Mortgage Obligation (“CMO”) | 3,207    | -        | (54     | ) | 3,153    |
| Total investment securities available-for-sale    | 7,484    | 196      | (135    | ) | 7,545    |
| Total investment securities                       | \$12,799 | \$ 3,357 | \$ (226 | ) | \$15,930 |

<sup>(1)</sup> Amount represents the purchase amortized / historical cost less any OTTI charges (credit or non-credit related) previously recognized. For the TRUP CDOs, amount is also net of the \$708 unamortized portion of the unrealized loss that was recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss on September 1, 2008 (the day on which these securities were transferred from available-for-sale to held-to-maturity).

<sup>(2)</sup> The Company sold its TRUP CDOs in August 2017, refer to Note 16 – Subsequent Events.

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|  | At December 31, 2016             |                              |                               |               |
|--|----------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|
|  | Amortized<br>Cost <sup>(1)</sup> | Gross<br>Unrealized<br>Gains | Gross<br>Unrealized<br>Losses | Fair<br>Value |
| Investment securities held-to-maturity:        |                                  |                              |                               |               |
| TRUP CDOs                                      | \$5,378                          | \$ 2,221                     | \$ (303 )                     | \$7,296       |
| Investment securities available-for-sale:      |                                  |                              |                               |               |
| Registered Mutual Funds                        | 4,011                            | 62                           | (178 )                        | 3,895         |
| Pass-through MBS issued by GSEs                | 360                              | 12                           | -                             | 372           |
| CMO  | 3,247                            | -                            | (61 )                         | 3,186         |
| Total investment securities available-for-sale | 7,618                            | 74                           | (239 )                        | 7,453         |
| Total investment securities                    | \$12,996                         | \$ 2,295                     | \$ (542 )                     | \$14,749      |

<sup>(1)</sup> Amount represents the purchase amortized / historical cost less any OTTI charges (credit or non-credit related) previously recognized. For the TRUP CDOs, amount is also net of the \$755 unamortized portion of the unrealized loss that was recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss on September 1, 2008 (the day on which these securities were transferred from available-for-sale to held-to-maturity).

The held-to-maturity TRUP CDOs had a weighted average term to maturity of 17.5 years at June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2017, available-for-sale pass-through MBS issued by GSEs possessed a weighted average contractual maturity of 10.6 years and a weighted average estimated duration of 1.0 year. As of June 30, 2017, the available-for-sale agency CMO security had a weighted average term to maturity of 2.6 years. All of the pass-through MBS securities issued by GSEs possess an annual interest rate adjustment.

Gross proceeds from the sales of registered mutual funds totaled \$68 and \$103 for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017, respectively. There were no gains or losses recognized on these sales. There were no sales of registered mutual funds during the three-month or six-month periods ended June 30, 2016. There were no sales of pass-through MBS issued by GSEs during the three-month or six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 or 2016. There were no sales of agency collateralized mortgage obligation securities during the three-month or six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 or 2016.

Gross proceeds from the sales of trading securities were \$4,544 during the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017. Gross gains of \$63 and gross losses of \$25 were recognized on these sales. Gross proceeds from the sales of trading securities were \$3,648 during the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016. Gross gains of \$3 and gross losses of \$45 were recognized on these sales.

The following table summarizes the gross unrealized losses and fair value of investment securities aggregated by investment category and the length of time the securities were in a continuous unrealized loss position for the periods indicated:

|   | June 30, 2017                         |                      |                                    |                      |               |                      |
|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------|----------------------|
|   | Less than 12<br>Consecutive<br>Months |                      | 12 Consecutive<br>Months or Longer |                      | Total         |                      |
|   | Fair<br>Value                         | Unrealized<br>Losses | Fair<br>Value                      | Unrealized<br>Losses | Fair<br>Value | Unrealized<br>Losses |
| Investment securities held-to-maturity:   |                                       |                      |                                    |                      |               |                      |
| TRUP CDOs                                 | \$-                                   | \$ -                 | \$ 2,549                           | \$ 91                | \$2,549       | \$ 91                |
| Investment securities available-for-sale: |                                       |                      |                                    |                      |               |                      |



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|                         |       |    |       |    |       |    |
|-------------------------|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|
| Registered Mutual Funds | 1,099 | 25 | 1,595 | 56 | 2,694 | 81 |
| Agency CMO              | -     | -  | 3,153 | 54 | 3,153 | 54 |

December 31, 2016

Less than 12

Consecutive

Months

12 Consecutive

Months or Longer

Total

|  | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses |
|--|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|
|--|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|

Investment securities held-to-maturity:

|           |     |      |          |        |         |        |
|-----------|-----|------|----------|--------|---------|--------|
| TRUP CDOs | \$- | \$ - | \$ 2,439 | \$ 303 | \$2,439 | \$ 303 |
|-----------|-----|------|----------|--------|---------|--------|

Investment securities available-for-sale:

|                         |       |    |       |     |       |     |
|-------------------------|-------|----|-------|-----|-------|-----|
| Registered Mutual Funds | 1,308 | 47 | 1,747 | 131 | 3,055 | 178 |
| Agency CMO              | 3,186 | 61 | -     | -   | 3,186 | 61  |

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The Company sold its \$5,315 of TRUP CDOs in August 2017. The disclosures below are as of, or for the periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

TRUP CDOs That Maintained an Unrealized Holding Loss for 12 or More Consecutive Months

At June 30, 2017, there were two TRUP CDOs with unrealized holding losses for 12 or more consecutive months. The impairment of one of those TRUP CDOs was deemed temporary, as management believed that the full recorded balance of the investments would be realized. In making this determination, management considered the following:

- Based upon an internal review of the collateral backing the TRUP CDOs portfolio, which accounted for current and prospective deferrals, the securities could reasonably be expected to continue making all contractual payments
- At June 30, 2017, the Company did not intend to sell these securities prior to full recovery of their impairment
- There were no cash or working capital requirements nor contractual or regulatory obligations that would compel the Company to sell these securities prior to their forecasted recovery or maturity
- The securities have a pool of underlying issuers comprised primarily of banks
- None of the securities have exposure to real estate investment trust issued debt (which has experienced high default rates)
- The securities feature either a mandatory auction or a de-leveraging mechanism that could result in principal repayments to the Bank prior to the stated maturity of the security
- The securities are adequately collateralized

The unrealized loss on the second TRUP with unrealized holding losses for 12 or more consecutive months was considered to be other than temporary. See below for a discussion of other than temporary impairment.

TRUP CDOs with Other than Temporary Impairment

As of each reporting period through June 30, 2017, the Company applied the protocol established by ASC 320-10-65 in order to determine whether OTTI existed for its TRUPS and/or to measure, for TRUP CDOs that were determined to be other than temporarily impaired, the credit related and non-credit related components of OTTI. As of June 30, 2017, five TRUP CDOs were determined to meet the criteria for OTTI based upon this analysis, and no additional OTTI charges were recognized.

The following table provides a reconciliation of the pre-tax OTTI charges recognized on the Company's TRUP CDOs, for which a portion of the impairment loss (non-credit factors) was recognized in other comprehensive income for the period ended:

|   | Three Months Ended June 30, |               |         | 2016       |               |         |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------|---------|------------|---------------|---------|
|   | 2017                        |               |         | 2016       |               |         |
|   | Credit                      | Non-Credit    | Total   | Credit     | Non-Credit    | Total   |
|   | Related                     | OTTI          | OTTI    | Related    | OTTI          | OTTI    |
|   | in                          | Recognized    | Charge  | in         | Recognized    | Charge  |
|   | OTTI                        | Accumulated   | Charge  | OTTI       | Accumulated   | Charge  |
|   | Recognized                  | Other         | Charge  | Recognized | Other         | Charge  |
|   | in                          | Comprehensive | Charge  | in         | Comprehensive | Charge  |
|   | Earnings                    | Loss          | Charge  | Earnings   | Loss          | Charge  |
| Cumulative pre-tax balance at the beginning of the period | \$8,587                     | \$ 536        | \$9,123 | \$8,691    | \$ 570        | \$9,261 |
| Amortization of previously recognized OTTI                | (26 )                       | (9 )          | (35 )   | (26 )      | (8 )          | (34 )   |
| Cumulative pre-tax balance at end of the period           | \$8,561                     | \$ 527        | \$9,088 | \$8,665    | \$ 562        | \$9,227 |

|   | Six Months Ended June 30,<br>2017                         |   |                         | 2016  |   |                         |
|---|---|---|-------------------------|---|---|-------------------------|
|   | Credit<br>Related<br>OTTI<br>Recognized<br>in<br>Earnings | Non-Credit<br>OTTI<br>Recognized<br>in<br>Accumulated<br>Other<br>Comprehensive<br>Loss | Total<br>OTTI<br>Charge | Credit<br>Related<br>OTTI<br>Recognized<br>in<br>Earnings | Non-Credit<br>OTTI<br>Recognized<br>in<br>Accumulated<br>Other<br>Comprehensive<br>Loss | Total<br>OTTI<br>Charge |
| Cumulative pre-tax balance at the beginning of the period | \$8,613   | \$ 544  | \$9,157                 | \$8,717   | \$ 578  | \$9,295                 |
| Amortization of previously recognized OTTI                | (52 )   | (17 )   | (69 )                   | (52 )   | (16 )   | (68 )                   |
| Cumulative pre-tax balance at end of the period           | \$8,561   | \$ 527  | \$9,088                 | \$8,665   | \$ 562  | \$9,227                 |

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## 10. DERIVATIVES AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES

## Cash Flow Hedges of Interest Rate Risk

The Company's objectives in using interest rate derivatives are to add stability to interest expense and to manage its exposure to interest rate movements. To accomplish this objective, the Company primarily uses interest rate swaps as part of its interest rate risk management strategy. Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable amounts from a counterparty in exchange for the Company making fixed-rate payments over the life of the agreements without exchange of the underlying notional amount.

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives designated and that qualify as cash flow hedges is recorded in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss and is subsequently reclassified into earnings in the period that the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings. During the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, such derivatives were used to hedge the variability in cash flows associated with wholesale borrowings, i.e., FHLBNY advances. The ineffective portion of the change in fair value of the derivatives is recognized directly in earnings. The Company did not record any hedge ineffectiveness during the three-month or six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 or 2016.

Amounts reported in accumulated other comprehensive loss related to derivatives will be reclassified to interest expense as interest payments are paid on the Company's liabilities. During the next twelve months the Company estimates that \$52 will be reclassified as an increase to interest expense.

The table below presents the fair value of the Company's derivative financial instruments as well as their classification on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition:

|  | At June 30, 2017 |                 |                   | At December 31, 2016 |                 |                   |                        |
|--|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------------|
|  | Count            | Notional Amount | Fair Value Assets | Count                | Notional Amount | Fair Value Assets | Fair Value Liabilities |
| Included in other assets/(liabilities):        |                  |                 |                   |                      |                 |                   |                        |
| Interest rate swaps related to FHLBNY advances | 7                | \$ 135,000      | \$ 2,898          | 4                    | \$ 90,000       | \$ 3,228          | \$ -                   |
| Weighted average pay rates                     |                  | 1.46 %          |                   |                      | 1.24 %          |                   |                        |
| Weighted average receive rates                 |                  | 1.22 %          |                   |                      | 0.95 %          |                   |                        |
| Weighted average maturity                      |                  | 4.79 years      |                   |                      | 5.32 years      |                   |                        |

The table below presents the effect of the Company's derivative financial instruments as the amount of gain or (loss) on the Consolidated Statements of Income for the periods indicated:

|   | For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2017 |           | For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2017 |           |
|---|--|-----------|--|-----------|
| <u>Interest rate products</u>   |  |           |  |           |
| Effective portion:  |  |           |  |           |
| Amount of gain (loss) recognized in other comprehensive income                              | \$ (825 )                                | \$ (998 ) | \$ (597 )                              | \$ (998 ) |
| Amount of gain or (loss) reclassified from other comprehensive income into interest expense | (92 )                                    | (41 )     | (179 )                                 | (41 )     |

Ineffective Portion:

|   |   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Amount of gain or (loss) recognized in other non-interest expense | - | - | - | - |
|---|---|---|---|---|

The Company's agreements with each of its derivative counterparties state that if the Company defaults on any of its indebtedness, it could also be declared in default on its derivative obligations and could be required to terminate its derivative positions with the counterparty.

The Company's agreements with certain of its derivative counterparties state that if the Bank fails to maintain its status as a well-capitalized institution, the Bank could be required to terminate its derivative positions with the counterparty.

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As of June 30, 2017, the termination value of derivatives in a net asset position, which includes accrued interest but excludes any adjustment for nonperformance risk, related to these agreements was \$2,791. If the Company had breached any of the above provisions at June 30, 2017, it could have been required to settle its obligations under the agreements at the termination value and would have been required to pay any additional amounts due in excess of amounts previously posted as collateral with the respective counterparty. There were no provisions breached for the period ended June 30, 2017.

## 11. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The fair value hierarchy established under ASC 820-10 is summarized as follows:

Level 1 Inputs – Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2 Inputs – Significant other observable inputs such as any of the following: (1) quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, (2) quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, (3) inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability (e.g., interest rates and yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, volatilities, prepayment speeds, loss severities, credit risks, and default rates), or (4) inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means (market-corroborated inputs).

Level 3 Inputs – Significant unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Significant unobservable inputs reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk). Significant unobservable inputs shall be used to measure fair value to the extent that observable inputs are not available, thereby allowing for situations in which there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability at the measurement date.

The following tables present the assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of the dates indicated, segmented by level within the fair value hierarchy. Financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

|   | Total | Fair Value Measurements at<br>June 30, 2017 Using |                   |                   |
|---|-------|---|-------------------|-------------------|
|   |       | Level 1<br>Inputs                                 | Level 2<br>Inputs | Level 3<br>Inputs |
| <b>Financial Assets</b>                       |       |   |                   |                   |
| Trading securities (Registered Mutual Funds): |       |   |                   |                   |
| Domestic Equity Mutual Funds                  | \$437 | \$ 437  | \$ -              | \$ -              |
| International Equity Mutual Funds             | 114   | 114   | -                 | -                 |
| Fixed Income Mutual Funds                     | 2,136 | 2,136   | -                 | -                 |
| Investment securities available-for-sale:     |       |   |                   |                   |
| Registered Mutual Funds:                      |       |   |                   |                   |
| Domestic Equity Mutual Funds                  | 1,456 | 1,456   | -                 | -                 |
| International Equity Mutual Funds             | 429   | 429   | -                 | -                 |
| Fixed Income Mutual Funds                     | 2,164 | 2,164   | -                 | -                 |
| Pass-through MBS issued by GSEs               | 343   | -   | 343               | -                 |
| Agency CMOs                                   | 3,153 | -   | 3,153             | -                 |
| Derivative – interest rate product            | 2,898 | -   | 2,898             | -                 |

## Financial Liabilities

|                                    |    |   |    |   |
|------------------------------------|----|---|----|---|
| Derivative – interest rate product | 87 | - | 87 | - |
|------------------------------------|----|---|----|---|

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|   | Total | Fair Value Measurements at<br>December 31, 2016 Using |                   |                   |
|---|-------|---|-------------------|-------------------|
|   |       | Level 1<br>Inputs                                     | Level 2<br>Inputs | Level 3<br>Inputs |
| Financial Assets                              |       |   |                   |                   |
| Trading securities (Registered Mutual Funds): |       |   |                   |                   |
| Domestic Equity Mutual Funds                  | \$873 | \$ 873  | \$ -              | \$ -              |
| International Equity Mutual Funds             | 213   | 213   | -                 | -                 |
| Fixed Income Mutual Funds                     | 5,867 | 5,867   | -                 | -                 |
| Investment securities available-for-sale:     |       |   |                   |                   |
| Registered Mutual Funds:                      |       |   |                   |                   |
| Domestic Equity Mutual Funds                  | 1,356 | 1,356   | -                 | -                 |
| International Equity Mutual Funds             | 377   | 377   | -                 | -                 |
| Fixed Income Mutual Funds                     | 2,162 | 2,162   | -                 | -                 |
| Pass-through MBS issued by GSEs               | 372   | -   | 372               | -                 |
| Agency CMOs                                   | 3,186 | -   | 3,186             | -                 |
| Derivative – interest rate product            | 3,228 | -   | 3,228             | -                 |

The Company's available-for-sale investment securities and MBS are reported at fair value, which were determined utilizing prices obtained from independent parties. The valuations obtained are based upon market data, and often utilize evaluated pricing models that vary by asset and incorporate available trade, bid and other market information. For securities that do not trade on a daily basis, pricing applications apply available information such as benchmarking and matrix pricing. The market inputs normally sought in the evaluation of securities include benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes (obtained only from market makers or broker/dealers recognized as market participants), issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers and reference data. For certain securities, additional inputs may be used or some market inputs may not be applicable. Prioritization of inputs may vary on any given day based on market conditions.

The pass-through MBS issued by GSEs all possessed the highest possible credit rating published by at least one established credit rating agency as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016. Obtaining market values as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 for these securities utilizing significant observable inputs was not difficult due to their considerable demand.

Derivatives represent interest rate swaps and estimated fair values are based on valuation models using observable market data as of the measurement date.

There were no assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis as of June 30, 2017 or December 31, 2016.

Impaired Loans - Loans with certain characteristics are evaluated individually for impairment. A loan is considered impaired under ASC 310-10-35 when, based upon existing information and events, it is probable that the Bank will be unable to collect all amounts due, including principal and interest, according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. The Bank's impaired loans at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 were collateralized by real estate and were thus carried at the lower of the outstanding principal balance or the estimated fair value of the collateral. Fair value is estimated through either a negotiated note sale price (Level 3 input), or, more commonly, a recent real estate appraisal (Level 3 input). The appraisals may utilize a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches including comparable sales and the income approach. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process by the independent appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available. Such adjustments are usually significant and typically result in a Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value.



An appraisal is generally ordered for all impaired multifamily residential, mixed use and commercial real estate loans for which the most recent appraisal is more than one year old. The Bank never adjusts independent appraisal data upward. Occasionally, management will adjust independent appraisal data downward based upon its own lending expertise and/or experience with the subject property, utilizing such factors as potential note sale values, or a more refined estimate of costs to repair and time to lease the property. Adjustments for potential disposal costs are also considered when determining the final appraised value.

As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, there were no impaired loans measured at fair value.

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The carrying amounts and estimated fair values of financial instruments other than those measured at fair value on either a recurring or non-recurring basis at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 were as follows:

|   | Carrying Amount | Fair Value Measurements at June 30, 2017 Using |                |                | Total      |
|---|-----------------|--|----------------|----------------|------------|
|   |                 | Level 1 Inputs                                 | Level 2 Inputs | Level 3 Inputs |            |
| <b>Financial Assets</b>                     |                 |  |                |                |            |
| Cash and due from banks                     | \$ 110,044      | \$ 110,044                                     | \$-            | \$-            | \$ 110,044 |
| TRUP CDOs                                   | 5,315           | -  | -              | 8,385          | 8,385      |
| Loans, net                                  | 5,854,896       | -  | -              | 5,845,003      | 5,845,003  |
| Accrued interest receivable                 | 16,124          | -  | 12             | 16,112         | 16,124     |
| FHLBNY capital stock                        | 50,961          | N/A  | N/A            | N/A            | N/A        |
| <b>Financial Liabilities</b>                |                 |  |                |                |            |
| Savings, money market and checking accounts | 3,521,854       | 3,521,854                                      | -              | -              | 3,521,854  |
| Certificates of Deposits (“CDs”)            | 896,626         | -  | 899,111        | -              | 899,111    |
| Escrow and other deposits                   | 91,196          | 91,196   | -              | -              | 91,196     |
| FHLBNY Advances                             | 944,575         | -  | 943,875        | -              | 943,875    |
| Subordinated debt                           | 113,545         | -  | 114,695        | -              | 114,695    |
| Trust Preferred securities payable          | 70,680          | 70,680   | -              | -              | 70,680     |
| Accrued interest payable                    | 2,289           | -  | 2,289          | -              | 2,289      |

|   | Carrying Amount | Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2016 Using |                |                | Total      |
|---|-----------------|--|----------------|----------------|------------|
|   |                 | Level 1 Inputs                                     | Level 2 Inputs | Level 3 Inputs |            |
| <b>Financial Assets</b>                     |                 |  |                |                |            |
| Cash and due from banks                     | \$ 113,503      | \$ 113,503   | \$-            | \$-            | \$ 113,503 |
| TRUP CDOs                                   | 5,378           | -  | -              | 7,296          | 7,296      |
| Loans, net                                  | 5,615,886       | -  | -              | 5,609,034      | 5,609,034  |
| Accrued interest receivable                 | 15,647          | -  | 11             | 15,636         | 15,647     |
| FHLBNY capital stock                        | 44,444          | N/A  | N/A            | N/A            | N/A        |
| <b>Financial Liabilities</b>                |                 |  |                |                |            |
| Savings, money market and checking accounts | 3,346,961       | 3,346,961  | -              | -              | 3,346,961  |
| CDs   | 1,048,465       | -  | 1,054,131      | -              | 1,054,131  |
| Escrow and other deposits                   | 103,001         | 103,001  | -              | -              | 103,001    |
| FHLBNY Advances                             | 831,125         | -  | 831,951        | -              | 831,951    |
| Trust Preferred securities payable          | 70,680          | -  | 69,973         | -              | 69,973     |
| Accrued interest payable                    | 2,080           | -  | 2,080          | -              | 2,080      |

Cash and Due From Banks – The fair value is assumed to be equal to their carrying value as these amounts are due upon demand (deemed a Level 1 valuation).

TRUP CDOs Held to Maturity – At both June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 the Company owned seven TRUP CDOs classified as held-to-maturity. As a result of improved marketplace stability and enhanced trading activity, broker quotations became the sole valuation source utilized to estimate the fair value of TRUP CDOs as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016. Despite improvement in the overall marketplace conditions, unobservable data was still deemed to have been utilized in the broker quotation pricing, warranting a determination of Level 3 valuation for these securities at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

Loans, Net (Excluding Impaired Loans Carried at Fair Value) – For adjustable rate loans repricing monthly or quarterly, and with no significant change in credit risk, fair values are based on carrying values. The fair value of all remaining loans receivable is determined by discounting anticipated future cash flows of the loans, net of anticipated prepayments, using a discount rate reflecting current market rates for loans with similar terms to borrowers of similar credit quality. The valuation method used for loans does not necessarily represent an exit price valuation methodology as defined under ASC 820. However, since the valuation methodology is deemed to be comparable to a Level 3 input, the fair value of loans receivable other than impaired loans measured at fair value, is shown under the Level 3 valuation column.

Accrued Interest Receivable – The estimated fair value of accrued interest receivable approximates its carrying amount, and is deemed to be valued at an input level comparable to its underlying financial asset.

FHLBNY Capital Stock – It is not practicable to determine the fair value of FHLBNY capital stock due to restrictions placed on transferability.

Deposits – The fair value of savings, money market, and checking accounts is, by definition, equal to the amount payable on demand at the reporting date (i.e., their carrying amount), which has been deemed a Level 1 valuation. The fair value of CDs is based upon the present value of contractual cash flows using current interest rates for instruments of the same remaining maturity (deemed a Level 2 valuation).

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Escrow and Other Deposits – The fair value of escrow and other deposits is, by definition, equal to the amount payable on demand at the reporting date (i.e., their carrying amount), which has been deemed a Level 1 valuation.

FHLBNY Advances – The fair value of FHLBNY advances is measured by the discounted anticipated cash flows through contractual maturity or next interest repricing date, or an earlier call date if, as of the valuation date, the borrowing is expected to be called (deemed a Level 2 valuation). The carrying amount of accrued interest payable on FHLBNY advances is its fair value and is deemed a Level 2 valuation.

Subordinated debt – The fair value of subordinated debt is estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on then current borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements (deemed a Level 2 valuation), and is provided to the Company quarterly independently by a market maker in the underlying security. The fair value is shown net of capitalized issuance costs.

Trust Preferred Securities Payable – The fair value is assumed to be equal to their carrying value as the Company redeemed the trust preferred securities in July 2017 at par value (deemed a Level 1 valuation).

Accrued Interest Payable – The estimated fair value of accrued interest payable approximates its carrying amount, and is deemed to be valued at an input level comparable to its underlying financial liability.

## 12. RETIREMENT AND POSTRETIREMENT PLANS

The Holding Company or the Bank maintains the Retirement Plan of Dime Community Bank (the "Employee Retirement Plan"), the Retirement Plan for Board Members of Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. (the "Outside Director Retirement Plan"), the BMP, and the Postretirement Welfare Plan of Dime Community Bank (the "Postretirement Plan"). Net expenses associated with these plans were comprised of the following components:

|  | Three Months Ended June 30,<br>2017                                   |       | 2016  |       |
|--|---|-------|---|-------|
|  | BMP,<br>Employee<br>and<br>Outside<br>Director<br>Retirement<br>Plans |       | BMP,<br>Employee<br>and<br>Outside<br>Director<br>Retirement<br>Plans |       |
|  | Postretirement<br>Plan  |       | Postretirement<br>Plan  |       |
| Service cost                           | \$ -  | \$ -  | \$ -  | \$ -  |
| Interest cost                          | 329   | 14    | 343   | 16    |
| Expected return on assets              | (395 )  | -     | (383 )  | -     |
| Unrecognized past service liability    | -   | (2 )  | -   | (2 )  |
| Amortization of unrealized loss (gain) | 359   | (1 )  | 428   | (1 )  |
| Net periodic cost                      | \$ 293  | \$ 11 | \$ 388  | \$ 13 |

|  | Six Months Ended June 30,<br>2017                                  |  | 2016   |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
|  | BMP, Postretirement<br>Employee Plan<br>and<br>Outside<br>Director |  | BMP, Postretirement<br>Employee Plan<br>and<br>Outside<br>Director |  |

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|  | Retirement<br>Plans |       | Retirement<br>Plans |       |
|--|---------------------|-------|---------------------|-------|
| Service cost                           | \$ -                | \$ -  | \$ -                | \$ -  |
| Interest cost                          | 658                 | 28    | 686                 | 32    |
| Expected return on assets              | (790 )              | -     | (766 )              | -     |
| Unrecognized past service liability    | -                   | (4 )  | -                   | (4 )  |
| Amortization of unrealized loss (gain) | 718                 | (2 )  | 858                 | (2 )  |
| Net periodic cost                      | \$586               | \$ 22 | \$ 778              | \$ 26 |

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The Company disclosed in its consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016 that it expected to make contributions to, or benefit payments on behalf of, benefit plans during 2017 as follows: Employee Retirement Plan - \$15, Outside Director Retirement Plan - \$208, Postretirement Plan - \$113, and BMP - \$725. The Company made contributions of \$8 to the Employee Retirement Plan during the three months ended June 30, 2017, and \$12 during the six months ended June 30, 2017, and expects to make the remainder of the anticipated contributions during 2017. The Company made benefit payments of \$56 on behalf of the Outside Director Retirement Plan during the three months ended June 30, 2017, and \$97 during the six months ended June 30, 2017, and expects to make the remainder of the estimated net contributions or benefit payments during 2017. The Company made benefit payments totaling \$42 on behalf of the Postretirement Plan during the three months ended June 30, 2017, and \$77 during the six months ended June 30, 2017, and expects to make the remainder of the anticipated contributions or benefit payments during 2017. The Company made benefit payments totaling \$69 on behalf of the BMP during the three month period ended June 30, 2017, and \$104 during six months ended June 30, 2017, and expects to make the remainder of the anticipated benefit payments during 2017.

The BMP exists in order to compensate executive officers for any curtailments in benefits due to statutory limitations on qualifying benefit plans. During the three-month period ended June 30, 2017, in addition to benefit payments from the defined benefit plan component of the BMP discussed above, a retired participant elected a gross lump-sum distribution of \$121. The distribution was satisfied by 4,282 shares of Common Stock (market value of \$84) held by the ESOP component of the BMP and cash of \$37 held by the defined contribution plan components of the BMP. As a result of the distribution, a non-cash tax benefit of \$8 was recognized for the difference between market value and cost basis of the common stock held by the BMP. Effective January 1, 2017, income tax benefits were recognized as discrete items in income tax expense in accordance to ASU 2016-09.

### 13. SUBORDINATED NOTES PAYABLE

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Holding Company issued \$115.0 million of fixed-to-floating rate subordinated notes due June 2027, which become callable commencing on June 15, 2022. The notes will mature on June 15, 2027 (the "Maturity Date"). From and including June 13, 2017 until but excluding June 15, 2022, interest will be paid semi-annually in arrears on each June 15 and December 15 at a fixed annual interest rate equal to 4.50%. From and including June 15, 2022 to, but excluding, the Maturity Date or earlier redemption date, the interest rate shall reset quarterly to an annual interest rate equal to the then-current three-month LIBOR plus 266 basis points, payable quarterly in arrears. Debt issuance cost directly associated with subordinated debt offering was capitalized and netted with subordinated notes payable on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

### 14. INCOME TAXES

During the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Company's consolidated effective tax rates were 37.8% and 42.2%, respectively. During the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Company's consolidated effective tax rates were 38.0% and 42.2%, respectively. The higher consolidated tax rate during the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 was primarily the result of a \$68,183 gain on sale of real estate transaction during the six month period ended June 30, 2016. There were no other significant unusual income tax items during the three-month or six-month periods ended either June 30, 2017 or 2016.

### 15. PREMISES HELD FOR SALE

On March 16, 2016, the Bank completed the sale of premises held for sale with an aggregate recorded balance of \$8,799 at December 31, 2015. A gain of \$68,183 was recognized on this sale.

During the three months ended March 31, 2016, the Bank re-classified certain real estate utilized as a retail branch and principal office of the Company and the Bank to premises held for sale. The aggregate recorded balance of the

premises held for sale was \$1,379 at June 30, 2017, the outstanding balance upon transfer. On April 14, 2016, a Purchase and Sale Agreement was executed for the property, for a sale price of \$12,300. The sale is expected to close in September 2017.

16. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The Company redeemed its \$70,680 of Trust Preferred securities borrowings at par from third parties in June 2017. The redemption was completed on July 17, 2017. No gain or loss is expected to be recorded from the redemption.

On July 24, 2017, the Company decided to sell its \$5,315 of TRUP CDOs. The sale was completed in August 2017. A pre-tax gain of approximately \$3,850 is expected to be recorded from the sale.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

General

Dime Community Bancshares (the “Company”), is a Delaware corporation headquartered in the Brooklyn Heights neighborhood of Brooklyn, New York. The Company was organized in 1996 and is registered as a savings and loan holding company with the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System pursuant to section 10(l) of the Home Owners’ Loan Act, as amended. As of June 30, 2017, the Holding Company's direct subsidiaries were Dime Community Bank, 842 Manhattan Avenue Corp., and Dime Community Capital Trust 1. The Company engages in commercial banking and financial services through its wholly-owned banking subsidiary, Dime Community Bank. In 2004, the Company formed Dime Community Capital Trust I as a subsidiary, which issued \$72.2 million of 7.0% trust preferred securities, \$70.7 million of which remained outstanding at June 30, 2017. The Company’s common stock is traded on the Nasdaq Global Market under the symbol “DCOM.”

Dime Community Bank, a New York-chartered stock savings bank formerly known as The Dime Savings Bank of Williamsburgh, was founded in 1864 and operates 27 full service retail banking offices located in the New York City boroughs of Brooklyn, Queens, and the Bronx, and in Nassau County, New York. The Bank’s principal business is gathering deposits from customers within its market area and via the internet, and investing them primarily in multifamily residential, commercial real estate, mixed use, and, to a lesser extent, commercial and industrial (“C&I”) loans, mortgage-backed securities, obligations of the U.S. government and government sponsored enterprises, and corporate debt and equity securities. The substantial majority of the Bank’s lending occurs in the greater New York City metropolitan area. The Bank has four active subsidiaries, including two real estate investment trusts that hold one- to four-family and multifamily residential and commercial real estate loans; Dime Insurance Agency, which engages in general insurance agency activities; and Boulevard Funding Corporation, which holds and manages real estate.

Executive Summary

The Company’s primary business is the ownership of the Bank. The Bank’s primary deposit strategy is generally to increase its product and service utilization for each depositor, and to increase its household and deposit market shares in the communities that it serves. In recent years, particular emphasis has been placed upon growing individual and small business commercial checking account balances. The Bank also actively strives to obtain checking account balances affiliated with the operation of the collateral underlying its mortgage and C&I loans, as well as personal deposit accounts from its borrowers. The Bank launched an internet banking initiative, “DimeDirect,” in the second half of 2015. To date, deposits gathered through DimeDirect have primarily been money markets. The DimeDirect deposits are anticipated to carry lower administrative servicing costs than the Bank’s traditional retail deposits.

Historically, the Bank’s primary lending strategy included the origination of, and investment in, mortgage loans secured by multifamily and mixed use properties, and, to a lesser extent, mortgage loans secured by commercial real estate properties, primarily located in the greater New York City metropolitan area. As part of its strategic plan for 2017 and beyond, the Bank is investing in the development of a robust commercial banking platform, by adding products and services to serve both the credit and business banking needs in its footprint.

The commercial banking platform is focused on total relationship banking and will enable the Bank to diversify its loan portfolio into areas such as C&I loans, Small Business Administration (“SBA”) loans (a portion of which is guaranteed by the SBA), small business loans, acquisition, land development and construction loans, finance loans and leases, one- to four-family loans and personal loans. These business lines are intended to supplement core deposit growth and provide greater funding diversity. In the first quarter of 2017, the Bank hired seasoned commercial lenders, and bolstered its C&I lending and credit and administrative staff. During the first quarter of 2017, our business banking division extended \$28.1 million of C&I loans and raised \$14.0 million of new core deposits. The



Bank also purchases investment grade securities primarily for liquidity purposes. The Bank seeks to maintain the asset quality of its loans and other investments, and uses portfolio and asset/liability management techniques in an effort to manage the effects of interest rate volatility on its profitability and capital.

#### Recent Events

In June 2017, the Company announced that it priced an underwritten public offering of \$115.0 million of fixed-to-floating rate subordinated notes due June 2027, which will become callable commencing in June 2022. Interest will be paid semi-annually in arrears on each June 15 and December 15 at an initial fixed annual interest rate equal to 4.50%. The notes will mature on June 15, 2027. The Company used part of the net proceeds from the offering to redeem its \$70.7 million of trust preferred securities which had a 7.00% annual coupon in July 2017. See "Part I - Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 13" for details of the subordinated notes payable.

Table of ContentsSelected Financial Highlights and Other Data  
(Dollars in Thousands Except Per Share Amounts)

|   | At or For the Three   |         | At or For the Six     |         |          |   |          |   |
|---|-----------------------|---------|-----------------------|---------|----------|---|----------|---|
|   | Months Ended June 30, |         | Months Ended June 30, |         |          |   |          |   |
|   | 2017                  | 2016    | 2017                  | 2016    |          |   |          |   |
| Per Share Data:   |                       |         |                       |         |          |   |          |   |
| Reported EPS (Diluted)  | \$ 0.32               | \$ 0.30 | \$ 0.61               | \$ 1.67 |          |   |          |   |
| Cash dividends paid per share   | 0.14                  | 0.14    | 0.28                  | 0.28    |          |   |          |   |
| Book value per share  | 15.41                 | 14.60   | 15.41                 | 14.60   |          |   |          |   |
| Dividend Payout Ratio   | 43.75                 | 46.67   | 45.90                 | 16.77   |          |   |          |   |
| Performance and Other Selected Ratios:                                  |                       |         |                       |         |          |   |          |   |
| Return on average assets  | 0.78                  | %       | 0.81                  | %       | 0.76     | % | 2.29     | % |
| Return on average common equity   | 8.32                  |         | 8.23                  |         | 8.08     |   | 23.28    |   |
| Net interest spread   | 2.40                  |         | 2.50                  |         | 2.40     |   | 2.57     |   |
| Net interest margin   | 2.57                  |         | 2.68                  |         | 2.57     |   | 2.74     |   |
| Average interest earning assets to average interest bearing liabilities | 117.18                |         | 117.91                |         | 116.77   |   | 117.27   |   |
| Non-interest expense to average assets                                  | 1.27                  |         | 1.31                  |         | 1.32     |   | 1.35     |   |
| Efficiency Ratio  | 48.99                 |         | 47.75                 |         | 50.98    |   | 48.58    |   |
| Loans to Deposits at End of Period                                      | 133.01                |         | 137.80                |         | 133.01   |   | 137.80   |   |
| Effective Tax Rate  | 37.83                 |         | 42.17                 |         | 38.00    |   | 42.17    |   |
| Asset Quality Summary:  |                       |         |                       |         |          |   |          |   |
| Non-performing loans  | \$ 3,374              |         | \$ 4,329              |         | \$ 3,374 |   | \$ 4,329 |   |
| Non-performing assets   | 4,661                 |         | 5,600                 |         | 4,661    |   | 5,600    |   |
| Net charge-offs (recoveries)  | 16                    |         | 46                    |         | 48       |   | 26       |   |
| Non-performing loans/Total loans  | 0.06                  | %       | 0.08                  | %       | 0.06     | % | 0.08     | % |
| Non-performing assets/Total assets                                      | 0.07                  |         | 0.10                  |         | 0.07     |   | 0.10     |   |
| Allowance for loan loss/Total loans                                     | 0.37                  |         | 0.36                  |         | 0.37     |   | 0.36     |   |
| Allowance for loan loss/Non-performing loans                            | 651.60                |         | 436.80                |         | 651.60   |   | 436.80   |   |
| Earnings to Fixed Charges Ratios <sup>(1)</sup>                         |                       |         |                       |         |          |   |          |   |
| Including interest on deposits  | 2.28                  | x       | 2.46                  | x       | 2.27     | x | 5.15     | x |
| Excluding interest on deposits  | 4.44                  |         | 4.39                  |         | 4.57     |   | 10.50    |   |

(1) Please refer to Exhibit 12.1 for further detail on the calculation of these ratios.

## Critical Accounting Policies

The Company's policies with respect to: (1) the methodologies it uses to determine the allowance for loan losses (including reserves for loan commitments), and (2) accounting for defined benefit plans, are its most critical accounting policies because they are important to the presentation of the Company's consolidated financial condition and results of operations, involve a significant degree of complexity and require management to make difficult and subjective judgments which often necessitate assumptions or estimates about highly uncertain matters. The use of different judgments, assumptions or estimates could result in material variations in the Company's consolidated results of operations or financial condition.

**Allowance for Loan Losses.** The Bank's methods and assumptions utilized to periodically determine its allowance for loan losses are summarized in Note 8 to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

**Accounting for Defined Benefit Plans.** Defined benefit plans are accounted for in accordance with ASC 715, which requires an employer sponsoring a single employer defined benefit plan to recognize the funded status of such benefit

plan in its statements of financial condition, measured as the difference between plan assets at fair value (with limited exceptions) and the benefit obligation. The Company utilizes the services of trained actuaries employed at an independent benefits plan administration entity in order to assist in measuring the funded status of its defined benefit plans.

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Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Board of Directors of the Bank has approved a liquidity policy that it reviews and updates at least annually. Senior management is responsible for implementing the policy. The Bank's Asset Liability Committee ("ALCO") is responsible for general oversight and strategic implementation of the policy and management of the appropriate departments are designated responsibility for implementing any strategies established by ALCO. On a daily basis, appropriate senior management receives a current cash position report and one-week forecast to ensure that all short-term obligations are timely satisfied and that adequate liquidity exists to fund future activities. Reports detailing the Bank's liquidity reserves and forecasted cash flows are presented to appropriate senior management on a monthly basis, and the Board of Directors at each of its meetings. In addition on a monthly basis, a twelve-month liquidity forecast is presented to ALCO in order to assess potential future liquidity concerns. A forecast of cash flow data for the upcoming 12 months is presented to the Board of Directors on an annual basis.

The Bank's primary sources of funding for its lending and investment activities include deposits, loan and MBS payments, investment security principal and interest payments and advances from the FHLBNY. The Bank may also sell selected multifamily residential or mixed use real estate loans to private sector secondary market purchasers, and has in the past sold such loans and one to four family residential loans to FNMA. The Company may additionally issue debt under appropriate circumstances. Although maturities and scheduled amortization of loans and investments are predictable sources of funds, deposit flows and prepayments on mortgage loans and MBS are influenced by interest rates, economic conditions and competition.

The Bank gathers deposits in direct competition with commercial banks, savings banks and brokerage firms, many among the largest in the nation. It must additionally compete for deposit monies against the stock and bond markets, especially during periods of strong performance in those arenas. The Bank's deposit flows are affected primarily by the pricing and marketing of its deposit products compared to its competitors, as well as the market performance of depositor investment alternatives such as the U.S. bond or equity markets. To the extent that the Bank is responsive to general market increases or declines in interest rates, its deposit flows should not be materially impacted. However, favorable performance of the equity or bond markets could adversely impact the Bank's deposit flows.

Total retail deposits (due to depositors) increased \$23.1 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$596.0 million during the six months ended June 30, 2016. Within deposits, core deposits (i.e., non-CDs) increased \$174.9 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017 and \$420.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2016. The increase in growth of core deposits during each of the comparative periods were due primarily to successful gathering efforts tied to promotional Internet money market offerings in line with the Company's growth strategy. CDs decreased \$151.8 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017, due to the attrition of maturing CDs from successful CD promotional activities, particularly among Individual Retirement Account customers, during the six months ended June 30, 2016 in which CDs increased \$175.7 million.

In the event that the Bank should require funds beyond its ability or desire to generate them internally, an additional source of funds is available through its borrowing line at the FHLBNY. At June 30, 2017, the Bank had an additional potential borrowing capacity of \$1.13 billion through the FHLBNY, subject to customary minimum FHLBNY common stock ownership requirements (i.e., 4.5% of the Bank's outstanding FHLBNY borrowings).

The Bank increased its outstanding FHLBNY advances by \$113.5 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017, to fund asset growth. The Bank decreased its outstanding FHLBNY advances by \$149.6 million during the six months ended June 30, 2016, reflecting both the utilization of deposit inflows to fund asset growth and the deployment of the cash proceeds received from the real estate sale during the six months ended June 30, 2016.

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, principal repayments on real estate loans (including refinanced loans) totaled \$304.7 million compared to \$375.6 million during the six months ended June 30, 2016. The decrease resulted

primarily from lower prepayment volume.

Gross proceeds from the sales of registered mutual funds totaled \$103,000 for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2017. There were no gains or losses recognized on these sales. There were no sales of registered mutual funds during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016. There were no sales of pass-through MBS issued by GSEs during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 or 2016. There were no sales of agency collateralized mortgage obligation securities during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 or 2016.

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The Company and the Bank are subject to minimum regulatory capital requirements imposed by its primary federal regulator. As a general matter, these capital requirements are based on the amount and composition of an institution's assets. At June 30, 2017, each of the Company and the Bank were in compliance with all applicable regulatory capital requirements and were considered "well-capitalized" for all regulatory purposes.

The following table summarizes Company and Bank capital ratios calculated under the Basel III Capital Rules framework as of June 30, 2017:

|                                       | Actual Ratios at<br>June 30, 2017 |                         | Basel III              |                                     |  | Well<br>Capitalized<br>Requirement<br>Under FDIC<br>Prompt<br>Corrective<br>Action<br>Framework <sup>(3)</sup> |   |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|
|                                       | Bank                              | Consolidated<br>Company | Minimum<br>Requirement | Plus 1.25%<br>Buffer <sup>(1)</sup> | Minimum<br>Requirement<br>Plus 2.5%<br>Buffer <sup>(2)</sup> |  |   |
| Tier 1 common equity ratio            | 11.44 %                           | 10.78                   | % 4.5 %                | 5.75                                | % 7.0  | % 6.5  | % |
| Tier 1 risk-based based capital ratio | 11.44                             | 12.17                   | 6.0                    | 7.25                                | 8.5  | 8.0  |   |
| Total risk-based based capital ratio  | 11.88                             | 14.96                   | 8.0                    | 9.25                                | 10.5   | 10.0   |   |
| Tier 1 leverage ratio                 | 9.25                              | 9.86                    | 4.0                    | n/a                                 | n/a  | 5.0  |   |

(1)The 1.25% buffer percentage represents the phased-in requirement as of June 30, 2017.

(2)The 2.5% buffer percentage represents the fully phased-in requirement as of January 1, 2019.

(3)Only the Bank is subject to these requirements.

Implementation of the initial phase capital conservation buffer under the Basel III Capital Rules effective January 1, 2016 did not have a material impact upon the operations of the Bank or Holding Company. Management believes that, as of June 30, 2017, the Bank and the Holding Company would satisfy all capital categories requirements under the Basel III Capital Rules on a fully phased in basis as if such requirement had been in effect on that date.

The Company generally utilizes its liquidity and capital resources primarily to fund the origination of real estate and, recently, C&I loans, the purchase of real estate loans, mortgage-backed and other securities, the repurchase of common stock into treasury, the payment of quarterly cash dividends to holders of the common stock, and the payment of quarterly interest to holders of its outstanding trust preferred debt. During the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, real estate loan originations totaled \$476.7 million and \$734.1 million, respectively. The decrease reflected the Company's election to steady the growth of the real estate portfolio and focus efforts on developing and growing the C&I loan portfolio, which totaled \$66.5 million in originations during the six months ended June 30, 2017, as a result of the build out of the Business Banking division during 2017. Additionally, real estate originations included \$152.6 million of purchased loan participations during the six months ended June 30, 2016 in order to deploy liquidity from deposit inflows more profitably. Security purchases were de-emphasized during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, as the yield offered in highly graded investment securities was not deemed sufficiently attractive.

The Holding Company did not repurchase any shares of its common stock during the six months ended June 30, 2017 or 2016. As of June 30, 2017, up to 1,104,549 shares remained available for purchase under authorized share purchase programs.

The Holding Company paid \$10.5 million in cash dividends on common stock during the six months ended June 30, 2017, up from \$10.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2016, reflecting an increase of 20,608 in outstanding shares from July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017.

### Contractual Obligations

The Bank is obligated to make rental payments under leases on certain of its branches and equipment. In addition, the Bank generally has outstanding at any time significant borrowings in the form of FHLB NY advances, as well as customer CDs with fixed contractual interest rates. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Holding Company issued \$115.0 million of fixed-to-floating rate subordinated notes due June 2027, which become callable at any time commencing in June 2022. The Holding Company also had \$70.7 million of callable trust preferred borrowings from third parties outstanding at June 30, 2017, which the Company called for redemption on June 14, 2017. The full redemption was completed in July 2017.

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## Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As part of its loan origination business, the Bank generally has outstanding commitments to extend credit to third parties, which are granted pursuant to its regular underwriting standards. Since these loan commitments may expire prior to funding, in whole or in part, the contract amounts are not estimates of future cash flows.

The following table presents off-balance sheet arrangements as of June 30, 2017:

|                                      | Less than<br>One Year | One Year<br>to Three<br>Years | Over Three<br>Years to<br>Five Years | Over Five<br>Years | Total     |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| (Dollars in thousands)               |                       |                               |                                      |                    |           |
| Credit Commitments:                  |                       |                               |                                      |                    |           |
| Available lines of credit            | \$38,302              | \$ -                          | \$ -                                 | \$ -               | \$38,302  |
| Other loan commitments               | 105,210               | -                             | -                                    | -                  | 105,210   |
| Stand-by letters of credit           | 922                   | -                             | -                                    | -                  | 922       |
| Total Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements | \$144,434             | \$ -                          | \$ -                                 | \$ -               | \$144,434 |

## Asset Quality

General

At both June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had neither whole loans nor loans underlying MBS that would have been considered subprime loans at origination, i.e., mortgage loans advanced to borrowers who did not qualify for market interest rates because of problems with their income or credit history. See Note 9 to the condensed consolidated financial statements for a discussion of impaired investment securities and MBS.

Monitoring and Collection of Delinquent Loans

Management of the Bank reviews delinquent loans on a monthly basis and reports to its Board of Directors at each regularly scheduled Board meeting regarding the status of all non-performing and otherwise delinquent loans in the Bank's portfolio.

The Bank's loan servicing policies and procedures require that an automated late notice be sent to a delinquent borrower as soon as possible after a payment is ten days late in the case of multifamily residential, commercial real estate, or C&I loans, or fifteen days late in connection with one-to-four family or consumer loans. A second letter is sent to the borrower if payment has not been received within 30 days of the due date. Thereafter, periodic letters are mailed and phone calls placed to the borrower until payment is received. When contact is made with the borrower at any time prior to foreclosure, the Bank will attempt to obtain the full payment due or negotiate a repayment schedule with the borrower to avoid foreclosure.

Accrual of interest is generally discontinued on a loan that meets any of the following three criteria: (i) full payment of principal or interest is not expected; (ii) principal or interest has been in default for a period of 90 days or more (unless the loan is both deemed to be well secured and in the process of collection); or (iii) an election has otherwise been made to maintain the loan on a cash basis due to deterioration in the financial condition of the borrower. Such non-accrual determination practices are applied consistently to all loans regardless of their internal classification or designation. Upon entering non-accrual status, the Bank reverses all outstanding accrued interest receivable.

The Bank generally initiates foreclosure proceedings when a loan enters non-accrual status based upon non-payment, and typically does not accept partial payments once foreclosure proceedings have commenced. At some point during



foreclosure proceedings, the Bank procures current appraisal information in order to prepare an estimate of the fair value of the underlying collateral. If a foreclosure action is instituted and the loan is not brought current, paid in full, or refinanced before the foreclosure action is completed, the property securing the loan is transferred to OREO status. The Bank generally attempts to utilize all available remedies, such as note sales in lieu of foreclosure, in an effort to resolve non-accrual loans and OREO properties as quickly and prudently as possible in consideration of market conditions, the physical condition of the property and any other mitigating circumstances. In the event that a non-accrual loan is subsequently brought current, it is returned to accrual status once the doubt concerning collectability has been removed and the borrower has demonstrated performance in accordance with the loan terms and conditions for a period of at least six months.

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Within the Bank's permanent portfolio, eleven non-accrual loans (excluding consumer loans) totaled \$3.4 million at June 30, 2017, and sixteen non-accrual loans (excluding consumer loans) totaled \$4.2 million at December 31, 2016. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, four non-accrual loans totaling \$398,000 were fully satisfied according to their contractual terms, one non-accrual loan totaling \$287,000 was partially charged down by \$37,000, one non-accrual loan totaling \$393,000 was sold, and principal amortization of \$33,000 was recognized on four non-accrual loans. There were no changes on the remaining six non-accrual loans during the six month period ended June 30, 2017.

Impaired Loans

The recorded investment in loans deemed impaired (as defined in Note 7 to the condensed consolidated financial statements) totaled \$11.3 million, consisting of eleven loans, at June 30, 2017, compared to \$11.9 million, consisting of thirteen loans, at December 31, 2016. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, one impaired loan totaling \$287,000 was partially charged down by \$37,000, one impaired loan totaling \$49,000 was fully satisfied according to its contractual terms, one impaired loan totaling \$393,000 was sold, and principal amortization totaling \$130,000 was recognized on ten impaired loans. There was no change on the remaining ten impaired loans during the six month period ended June 30, 2017.

The following is a reconciliation of non-accrual and impaired loans as of the dates indicated:

|   | June 30,<br>2017       | December 31,<br>2016 |
|---|------------------------|----------------------|
|   | (Dollars in Thousands) |                      |
| Non-accrual loans <sup>(1)</sup> :  |                        |                      |
| One-to-four family residential, including condominium and cooperative apartment | \$ 654                 | \$ 1,012             |
| Multifamily residential and residential mixed use real estate                   | 2,618                  | 2,675                |
| Commercial mixed use real estate  | 101                    | 549                  |
| Consumer  | 1                      | 1                    |
| Total non-accrual loans   | 3,374                  | 4,237                |
| Non-accrual one-to-four family and consumer loans deemed homogeneous loans      | (655 )                 | (1,013 )             |
| TDRs:   |                        |                      |
| One-to-four family residential, including condominium and cooperative apartment | 399                    | 407                  |
| Multifamily residential and residential mixed use real estate                   | 639                    | 658                  |
| Commercial mixed use real estate  | 4,218                  | 4,261                |
| Commercial real estate  | 3,330                  | 3,363                |
| Total TDRs  | 8,586                  | 8,689                |
| Impaired loans  | \$ 11,305              | \$ 11,913            |

<sup>(1)</sup>There were no non-accruing TDRs for the periods indicated.

TDRs

Under ASC 310-40-15, the Bank is required to recognize loans for which certain modifications or concessions have been made as TDRs. A TDR has been created in the event that, for economic or legal reasons, any of the following concessions has been granted that would not have otherwise been considered to a debtor experiencing financial difficulties. The following criteria are considered concessions:

· A reduction of interest rate has been made for the remaining term of the loan

The maturity date of the loan has been extended with a stated interest rate lower than the current market rate for new debt with similar risk

·The outstanding principal amount and/or accrued interest have been reduced

In instances in which the interest rate has been reduced, management would not deem the modification a TDR in the event that the reduction in interest rate reflected either a general decline in market interest rates or an effort to maintain a relationship with a borrower who could readily obtain funds from other sources at the current market interest rate, and the terms of the restructured loan are comparable to the terms offered by the Bank to non-troubled debtors. The Bank did not modify any loans in a manner that met the criteria for a TDR during the six months ended June 30, 2017. The Bank modified one one-to-four family residential loan in a manner that met the criteria of a TDR during the six months ended June 30, 2016.

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Accrual status for TDRs is determined separately for each TDR in accordance with the policies for determining accrual or non-accrual status that are outlined on page 35. At the time an agreement is entered into between the Bank and the borrower that results in the Bank's determination that a TDR has been created, the loan can be on either accrual or non-accrual status. If a loan is on non-accrual status at the time it is restructured, it continues to be classified as non-accrual until the borrower has demonstrated compliance with the modified loan terms for a period of at least six months. Conversely, if at the time of restructuring the loan is performing (and accruing) it will remain accruing throughout its restructured period, unless the loan subsequently meets any of the criteria for non-accrual status under the Bank's policy, as disclosed on page 35 and agency regulations.

The Bank never accepts receivables or equity interests in satisfaction of TDRs.

At June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, all TDRs but one were collateralized by real estate that generated rental income. For TDRs that demonstrated conditions sufficient to warrant accrual status, the present value of the expected net cash flows of the underlying property was utilized as the primary means of determining impairment. Any shortfall in the present value of the expected cash flows calculated at each measurement period (typically quarter-end) compared to the present value of the expected cash flows at the time of the original loan agreement was recognized as either an allocated reserve (in the event that it related to lower expected interest payments) or a charge-off (if related to lower expected principal payments). For TDRs on non-accrual status, an appraisal of the underlying real estate collateral is deemed the most appropriate measure to utilize when evaluating impairment, and any shortfall in valuation from the recorded balance is accounted for through a charge-off. In the event that either an allocated reserve or a charge-off is recognized on TDRs, the periodic loan loss provision is impacted.

Please refer to Note 7 to the condensed consolidated financial statements for a further discussion of TDRs.

OREO

Property acquired by the Bank, or a subsidiary, as a result of foreclosure on a mortgage loan or a deed in lieu of foreclosure is classified as OREO. Upon entering OREO status, the Bank obtains a current appraisal on the property and reassesses the likely realizable value (a/k/a fair value) of the property quarterly thereafter. OREO is carried at the lower of the fair value or book balance, with any write downs recognized through a provision recorded in non-interest expense. Only the appraised value, or either a contractual or formal marketed value that falls below the appraised value, is used when determining the likely realizable value of OREO at each reporting period. The Bank typically seeks to dispose of OREO properties in a timely manner. As a result, OREO properties have generally not warranted subsequent independent appraisals.

The Bank had no OREO properties at June 30, 2017 or December 31, 2016. The Bank did not recognize any provisions for losses on OREO properties during the three or six months ended June 30, 2017 or 2016.

The following table sets forth information regarding non-accrual loans and certain other non-performing assets (including OREO, if any) at the dates indicated:

|  | June 30,<br>2017       | December 31,<br>2016 |      |   |
|--|------------------------|----------------------|------|---|
|  | (Dollars in Thousands) |                      |      |   |
| Non-accrual loans                      | \$ 3,374               | \$ 4,237             |      |   |
| Non-performing assets:                 |                        |                      |      |   |
| Non-performing TRUP CDOs               | 1,287                  | 1,270                |      |   |
| Total non-performing assets            | \$ 4,661               | \$ 5,507             |      |   |
| Ratios:                                |                        |                      |      |   |
| Total non-accrual loans to total loans | 0.06                   | %                    | 0.08 | % |

Total non-performing assets to total assets      0.07              0.09

Other Potential Problem Loans

Loans Delinquent 30 to 89 Days

The Bank had three real estate loans, totaling \$1.9 million, that were delinquent between 30 and 89 days at both June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016. The 30 to 89 day delinquency levels fluctuate monthly, and are generally considered a less accurate indicator of near-term credit quality trends than non-accrual loans.

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## Reserve for Loan Commitments

The Bank maintains a reserve associated with unfunded loan commitments accepted by the borrower. The amount of reserve was \$25,000 at both June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016. This reserve is determined based upon the outstanding volume of loan commitments at each period end. Any increases or reductions in this reserve are recognized in periodic non-interest expense.

## Allowance for Loan Losses

The methodology utilized to determine the Company's allowance for loan losses on real estate, C&I, and consumer loans, along with periodic associated activity, remained constant during the periods ended June 30, 2017, March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016. The following is a summary of the components of the allowance for loan losses as of the following dates:

|                    | June 30,<br>2017       | March 31,<br>2017 | December 31,<br>2016 |
|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
|                    | (Dollars in Thousands) |                   |                      |
| Impaired loans     | \$-                    | \$ -              | \$ -                 |
| Pass graded loans: |                        |                   |                      |
| Real estate loans  | 20,945                 | 20,482            | 20,516               |
| C&I loans          | 1,023                  | 453               | -                    |
| Consumer loans     | 17                     | 19                | 20                   |
| Total              | \$21,985               | \$ 20,954         | \$ 20,536            |

The allowance for loan losses increased \$1.0 million and \$1.4 million during the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017, respectively. Provisions of \$1.0 million and \$1.5 million were recorded during the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017, respectively, primarily from growth in C&I loans within the pass graded portion of the loan portfolio.

For a further discussion of the allowance for loan losses and related activity during the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and as of December 31, 2016, please see Note 8 to the condensed consolidated financial statements. Period-end balances of all Substandard, Special Mention and pass graded real estate loans are summarized in Note 7 to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

## Comparison of Financial Condition at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016

**Assets.** Assets totaled \$6.26 billion at June 30, 2017, \$252.8 million above their level at December 31, 2016.

Total loans increased \$239.0 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017. During the period, the Bank originated \$476.7 million of real estate loans (including refinancing of existing loans) and \$66.5 million of C&I loans, which exceeded the \$305.1 million of aggregate amortization on such loans (also including refinancing of existing loans) during the period.

Cash and due from banks decreased \$3.5 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017, as a result of funding loan growth in the period.

**Liabilities.** Total liabilities increased \$238.2 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017, primarily due to an increase of \$113.5 million in FHLB NY advances, the net issuance of \$113.5 million of subordinated debt, and increases of \$23.1 million in retail deposits (due to depositors), offset by an \$11.8 million decrease in mortgagor escrow and other deposits. Please refer to "Part I – Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial

Condition and Results of Operations - Liquidity and Capital Resources" for a discussion of the increases in retail deposits and decline in FHLBNY advances during the six months ended June 30, 2017. The decrease in mortgagor escrow and other deposits was due to the semi-annual real estate tax payments made from escrow accounts.

Stockholders' Equity. Stockholders' equity increased \$14.6 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017, due primarily to net income of \$23.1 million, \$626,000 of equity added from stock option exercises, \$838,000 aggregate increase related to expense amortization, and \$198,000 of equity added as a result of issuances of equity awards. Partially offsetting these items was \$10.5 million in cash dividends paid during the period. The change in accumulated other comprehensive loss was immaterial during the six-month period ended June 30, 2017.

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## Comparison of Operating Results for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

General. Net income was \$12.0 million during the three months ended June 30, 2017, an increase of \$781,000 from net income of \$11.2 million during the three months ended June 30, 2016. During the comparative period, net interest income increased by \$2.4 million, offset by a decrease in non-interest income by \$558,000, an increase in non-interest expense by \$1.4 million, and an increase in the provision for loan losses by \$605,000 during the period. Income tax expense was \$7.3 million during the three months ended June 30, 2017, lower than the comparative period by \$878,000 as the effective tax rate was higher in 2016 due to the gain recognized from the sale of real estate.

Net Interest Income. The discussion of net interest income for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 should be read in conjunction with the following tables, which set forth certain information related to the consolidated statements of income for those periods, and which also present the average yield on assets and average cost of liabilities for the periods indicated. The average yields and costs were derived by dividing income or expense by the average balance of their related assets or liabilities during the periods represented. Average balances were derived from average daily balances. The yields include fees that are considered adjustments to yields.

## Analysis of Net Interest Income

|   | Three Months Ended June 30,<br>2017          |          |                           |                | 2016               |          |                           |
|---|--|----------|---------------------------|----------------|--------------------|----------|---------------------------|
|   | Average<br>Balance<br>(Dollars In Thousands) | Interest | Average<br>Yield/<br>Cost |                | Average<br>Balance | Interest | Average<br>Yield/<br>Cost |
| Assets:                                   |  |          |                           |                |                    |          |                           |
| Interest-earning assets:                  |  |          |                           |                |                    |          |                           |
| Real estate loans                         | \$5,759,565                                  | \$51,137 | 3.55                      | % \$ 5,138,053 | \$47,358           | 3.69     | %                         |
| C&I loans                                 | 41,776                                       | 474      | 4.54                      | 384            | 6                  | 6.25     |                           |
| Other loans                               | 1,076  | 18       | 6.69                      | 1,127          | 18                 | 6.39     |                           |
| MBS                                       | 3,460  | 14       | 1.62                      | 400            | 2                  | 2.00     |                           |
| Investment securities                     | 16,970                                       | 164      | 3.87                      | 20,203         | 265                | 5.25     |                           |
| Other                                     | 95,326                                       | 611      | 2.56                      | 148,267        | 721                | 1.95     |                           |
| Total interest-earning assets             | 5,918,173                                    | \$52,418 | 3.54                      | % 5,308,434    | \$48,370           | 3.64     | %                         |
| Non-interest earning assets               | 210,205                                      |          |                           | 201,115        |                    |          |                           |
| Total assets                              | \$6,128,378                                  |          |                           | \$ 5,509,549   |                    |          |                           |
| Liabilities and Stockholders'             |  |          |                           |                |                    |          |                           |
| Equity:                                   |  |          |                           |                |                    |          |                           |
| Interest-bearing liabilities:             |  |          |                           |                |                    |          |                           |
| Interest bearing checking<br>accounts     | \$114,257                                    | \$65     | 0.23                      | % \$ 84,835    | \$61               | 0.29     | %                         |
| Money Market accounts                     | 2,767,455                                    | 6,139    | 0.89                      | 1,892,046      | 3,865              | 0.82     |                           |
| Savings accounts                          | 367,995                                      | 46       | 0.05                      | 369,266        | 44                 | 0.05     |                           |
| CDs                                       | 925,535                                      | 3,259    | 1.41                      | 1,010,864      | 3,627              | 1.44     |                           |
| Borrowed Funds                            | 875,057                                      | 4,856    | 2.23                      | 1,145,058      | 5,163              | 1.81     |                           |
| Total interest-bearing liabilities        | 5,050,299                                    | \$14,365 | 1.14                      | % 4,502,069    | \$12,760           | 1.14     | %                         |
| Non-interest bearing checking<br>accounts | 300,762                                      |          |                           | 255,922        |                    |          |                           |
| Other non-interest-bearing<br>liabilities | 200,628                                      |          |                           | 206,526        |                    |          |                           |
| Total liabilities                         | 5,551,689                                    |          |                           | 4,964,517      |                    |          |                           |



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|  |             |          |        |   |              |          |        |   |
|--|-------------|----------|--------|---|--------------|----------|--------|---|
| Stockholders' equity   | 576,689     |          |        |   | 545,032      |          |        |   |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity                       | \$6,128,378 |          |        |   | \$ 5,509,549 |          |        |   |
| Net interest income  |             | \$38,053 |        |   |              | \$35,610 |        |   |
| Net interest spread  |             |          | 2.40   | % |              |          | 2.50   | % |
| Net interest-earning assets                                      | \$867,874   |          |        |   | \$ 806,365   |          |        |   |
| Net interest margin  |             |          | 2.57   | % |              |          | 2.68   | % |
| Ratio of interest-earning assets to interest-bearing liabilities |             |          | 117.18 | % |              |          | 117.91 | % |
| Deposits   | \$4,476,004 | \$9,509  | 0.85   | % | \$ 3,612,933 | \$7,597  | 0.85   | % |

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## Rate/Volume Analysis

|                                    | Three Months Ended June 30, 2017             |             |          |
|------------------------------------|--|-------------|----------|
|                                    | Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 |             |          |
|                                    | Increase/ (Decrease) Due to:                 |             |          |
|                                    | Volume                                       | Rate        | Total    |
|                                    | (Dollars In thousands)                       |             |          |
| Interest-earning assets:           |  |             |          |
| Real estate loans                  | \$ 5,653                                     | \$ (1,874 ) | \$ 3,779 |
| C&I loans                          | 559  | (91 )       | 468      |
| Other loans                        | (1 )   | 1           | -        |
| MBS                                | 14   | (2 )        | 12       |
| Investment securities              | (37 )  | (64 )       | (101 )   |
| Other                              | (297 )                                       | 187         | (110 )   |
| Total                              | \$ 5,891                                     | \$ (1,843 ) | \$ 4,048 |
| Interest-bearing liabilities:      |  |             |          |
| Interest bearing checking accounts | \$ 19  | \$ (15 )    | \$ 4     |
| Money market accounts              | 1,869  | 405         | 2,274    |
| Savings accounts                   | 1  | 1           | 2        |
| CDs                                | (300 )                                       | (68 )       | (368 )   |
| Borrowed funds                     | (1,364 )                                     | 1,057       | (307 )   |
| Total                              | \$ 225                                       | \$ 1,380    | \$ 1,605 |
| Net change in net interest income  | \$ 5,666                                     | \$ (3,223 ) | \$ 2,443 |

The Company's net interest income and net interest margin ("NIM") during the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 were impacted by the following factors:

During the period January 1, 2009 through June 30, 2017, Federal Open Market Committee monetary policies resulted in the maintenance of the overnight federal funds rate in a range of 0.0% to 1.25%, helping deposit and borrowing costs remain at historically low levels.

Increased marketplace competition and refinancing activity on real estate loans, particularly during the period January 1, 2012 through June 30, 2017, resulted in an ongoing reduction in the average yield on real estate loans.

**Net Interest Income.** Net interest income was \$38.1 million during the three months ended June 30, 2017, an increase of an increase of \$2.4 million from the three months ended June 30, 2016. Average earning assets were \$5.92 billion at June 30, 2017, an increase from \$5.31 billion from June 30, 2016. NIM was 2.57% during the three months ended June 30 2017, down from 2.68% during the three months ended June 30, 2016, primarily due to lower yields on real estate loans.

**Interest Income.** Interest income was \$52.4 million during the three months ended June 30, 2017, an increase of \$4.0 million from the three months ended June 30, 2016, primarily reflecting an increase of \$3.8 million in interest income on real estate loans. The increased interest income on real estate loans was attributable to growth of \$621.5 million in their average balance during the comparative period, as, pursuant to the Company's growth strategy, new originations significantly exceeded amortization and satisfactions during the period July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017. Partially offsetting the higher interest income on real estate loans from the growth in their average balance was a reduction of 14 basis points in their average yield, resulting from both continued low benchmark lending rates and heightened market competition.

**Interest Expense.** Interest expense increased \$1.6 million, to \$14.4 million, during the three months ended June 30, 2017, from \$12.8 million during the three months ended June 30, 2016. The increased interest expense was mainly attributable to growth in money market deposits average balance of \$875.4 million, and an increase in their average cost by 7 basis points. The increase in the money market average balances was due to successful promotional activities in connection with the Company's growth strategy. Offsetting this increase was a decline in interest expense of \$368,000 on CDs and \$307,000 on borrowed funds, as their average balances decreased \$85.3 million and \$270.0 million, respectively, during the comparative period as a result of money market growth outpacing loan growth in furtherance of the Company's strategy to decrease high cost borrowings and borrowed funds.

**Provision for Loan Losses.** The Company recognized a provision for loan losses of \$1.0 million during the three months ended June 30, 2017, compared to a provision for loan losses of \$442,000 during the three months ended June 30, 2016. The increase in loan loss provision resulted mainly from growth in the real estate and C&I loan portfolio.

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**Non-Interest Income.** Non-interest income was \$1.7 million during the three months ended June 30, 2017, a decrease of \$558,000 million from \$2.3 million during the three months ended June 30, 2016, due primarily to \$484,000 of additional income from BOLI related to the receipt of a mortality benefit due to the passing of an insured officer during the three months ended June 30, 2016. The remaining variance in non-interest income during the comparative period was related to miscellaneous other income.

**Non-Interest Expense.** Non-interest expense was \$19.5 million during the three months ended June 30, 2017, an increase of \$1.4 million from \$18.1 million during the three months ended June 30, 2016, reflecting increases of \$274,000 in salaries and employee benefit expense, \$385,000 in occupancy and equipment expense, \$247,000 in data processing costs, \$288,000 in marketing expense, and \$131,000 in FDIC premiums, offset by a decrease of \$465,000 in ESOP and RSA amortization expense during the comparative period. The remaining increase in non-interest expense was experienced in other operating expenses. The \$274,000 increase in salaries and employee benefits expense was primarily driven by the hiring of new employees and their associated employee benefits expense. The \$385,000 increase in occupancy expense was attributable to new leases related to de novo retail branches and a new corporate headquarters. The \$247,000 increase in data processing costs was the result of various technology enhancement initiatives related to customer banking services. The \$288,000 increase in marketing expense was attributable to higher volume of marketing promotions. The \$465,000 decrease in ESOP and RSA amortization expense resulted from the payoff of the ESOP share acquisition loan during the quarter ended December 31, 2016 and a lower number of vesting RSAs during the quarter ended June 30, 2017.

Non-interest expense was 1.27% and 1.31% of average assets during the three-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, as the increase in average assets of \$618.8 million outpaced the growth of non-interest expense during the comparative period.

**Income Tax Expense.** Income tax expense approximated \$7.3 million during the three months ended June 30, 2017, down \$878,000 from \$8.2 million during the three months ended June 30, 2016. The Company's consolidated tax rate was 37.8% during the three months ended June 30, 2017, down from 42.2% during the three months ended June 30, 2016. The decrease in the consolidated tax rate was primarily a result of the previously discussed \$68.2 million gain on sale of real estate transaction, which impacted the consolidated tax rate during the June 2016 quarter.

## Comparison of Operating Results for the Six months Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

**General.** Net income was \$23.1 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017, a decrease of \$38.1 million from net income of \$61.2 million during the six months ended June 30, 2016. During the comparative period, non-interest income decreased by \$68.5 million, non-interest expense increased \$4.3 million, and the provision for loan losses increased by \$1.1 million, offset by an increase of \$5.3 million in net interest income during the period. Income tax expense decreased by \$30.5 million during the comparative period, as a result of \$68.6 million lower pre-tax income, resulting primarily from a \$68.2 million gain on the sale of property in 2016.

**Net Interest Income.** The discussion of net interest income for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 presented below should be read in conjunction with the following tables, which set forth certain information related to the consolidated statements of income for those periods, and which also present the average yield on assets and average cost of liabilities for the periods indicated. The average yields and costs were derived by dividing income or expense by the average balance of their related assets or liabilities during the periods represented. Average balances were derived from average daily balances. The yields include fees that are considered adjustments to yields.

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## Analysis of Net Interest Income

|  | Six Months Ended June 30, |           |         | 2016          |          |         |   |  |
|--|---------------------------|-----------|---------|---------------|----------|---------|---|--|
|  | 2017                      |           | Average |               |          | Average |   |  |
|  | Average                   | Interest  | Yield/  | Average       | Interest | Yield/  |   |  |
|  | Balance                   |           | Cost    | Balance       |          | Cost    |   |  |
| (Dollars In Thousands)   |                           |           |         |               |          |         |   |  |
| Assets:  |                           |           |         |               |          |         |   |  |
| Interest-earning assets:   |                           |           |         |               |          |         |   |  |
| Real estate loans  | \$5,723,561               | \$101,612 | 3.55    | % \$4,977,574 | \$93,009 | 3.74    | % |  |
| C&I loans  | 22,125                    | 515       | 4.66    | 329           | 11       | 6.69    |   |  |
| Other loans  | 1,072                     | 36        | 6.72    | 1,137         | 37       | 6.51    |   |  |
| MBS  | 3,475                     | 28        | 1.61    | 407           | 4        | 1.97    |   |  |
| Investment securities  | 16,906                    | 354       | 4.19    | 20,210        | 438      | 4.33    |   |  |
| Other  | 104,102                   | 1,327     | 2.55    | 132,382       | 1,382    | 2.09    |   |  |
| Total interest-earning assets                                    | 5,871,241                 | \$103,872 | 3.54    | % 5,132,039   | \$94,881 | 3.70    | % |  |
| Non-interest earning assets                                      | 206,405                   |           |         | 208,420       |          |         |   |  |
| Total assets   | \$6,077,646               |           |         | \$5,340,459   |          |         |   |  |
| Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity:                            |                           |           |         |               |          |         |   |  |
| Interest-bearing liabilities:                                    |                           |           |         |               |          |         |   |  |
| Interest bearing checking accounts                               | \$112,527                 | \$124     | 0.22    | % \$82,337    | \$117    | 0.29    | % |  |
| Money Market accounts  | 2,730,337                 | 11,918    | 0.88    | 1,790,974     | 7,244    | 0.81    |   |  |
| Savings accounts   | 368,041                   | 91        | 0.05    | 368,487       | 91       | 0.05    |   |  |
| CDs  | 973,845                   | 6,883     | 1.43    | 970,936       | 6,939    | 1.44    |   |  |
| Borrowed Funds   | 843,173                   | 9,316     | 2.23    | 1,163,586     | 10,249   | 1.77    |   |  |
| Total interest-bearing liabilities                               | 5,027,923                 | \$28,332  | 1.14    | % 4,376,320   | \$24,640 | 1.13    | % |  |
| Non-interest bearing checking accounts                           | 296,007                   |           |         | 258,450       |          |         |   |  |
| Other non-interest-bearing liabilities                           | 180,510                   |           |         | 179,597       |          |         |   |  |
| Total liabilities  | 5,504,440                 |           |         | 4,814,367     |          |         |   |  |
| Stockholders' equity   | 573,206                   |           |         | 526,092       |          |         |   |  |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity                       | \$6,077,646               |           |         | \$5,340,459   |          |         |   |  |
| Net interest income  |                           | \$75,540  |         |               | \$70,241 |         |   |  |
| Net interest spread  |                           |           | 2.40    | %             |          | 2.57    | % |  |
| Net interest-earning assets                                      | \$843,318                 |           |         | \$755,719     |          |         |   |  |
| Net interest margin  |                           |           | 2.57    | %             |          | 2.74    | % |  |
| Ratio of interest-earning assets to interest-bearing liabilities |                           |           | 116.77  | %             |          | 117.27  | % |  |
| Deposits   | \$4,480,757               | \$19,016  | 0.86    | % \$3,471,184 | \$14,391 | 0.83    | % |  |

## Rate/Volume Analysis

|                          | Six Months Ended June 30, 2017 |             |          | Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 |      |       |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|----------|--|------|-------|
|                          | Volume                         | Rate        | Total    | Volume                                     | Rate | Total |
| (Dollars In thousands)   |                                |             |          |  |      |       |
| Interest-earning assets: |                                |             |          |  |      |       |
| Real estate loans        | \$ 13,636                      | \$ (5,033 ) | \$ 8,603 |  |      |       |

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|                       |           |           |     |          |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----|----------|
| C&I loans             | 618       | (114      | )   | 504      |
| Other loans           | (2        | )         | 1   | (1       |
| MBS                   | 28        | (4        | )   | 24       |
| Investment securities | (71       | )         | (13 | )        |
| Other                 | (327      | )         | 272 | (55      |
| Total                 | \$ 13,882 | \$ (4,891 | )   | \$ 8,991 |

Interest-bearing liabilities:

|                                    |           |           |       |          |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------|----------|
| Interest bearing checking accounts | \$ 40     | \$ (33    | )     | \$ 7     |
| Money market accounts              | 3,920     | 754       |       | 4,674    |
| Savings accounts                   | -         | -         |       | -        |
| CDs                                | 7         | (63       | )     | (56      |
| Borrowed funds                     | (3,201    | )         | 2,268 | (933     |
| Total                              | \$ 766    | \$ 2,926  |       | \$ 3,692 |
| Net change in net interest income  | \$ 13,116 | \$ (7,817 | )     | \$ 5,299 |

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The Company's net interest income and NIM during the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 were impacted by the following factors:

During the period January 1, 2009 through June 30, 2017, Federal Open Market Committee monetary policies resulted in the maintenance of the overnight federal funds rate in a range of 0.0% to 1.25%, helping deposit and borrowing costs remain at historically low levels.

Increased marketplace competition and refinancing activity on real estate loans, particularly during the period January 1, 2012 through June 30, 2017, has resulted in an ongoing reduction in the average yield on real estate loans.

**Net Interest Income.** Net interest income was \$75.5 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017, an increase of an increase of \$5.3 million from the six months ended June 30, 2016. Average earning assets were \$5.87 billion at June 30, 2017, an increase from \$5.13 billion from June 30, 2016. NIM was 2.57% during the six months ended June 30, 2017, down from 2.74% during the three months ended June 30, 2016, primarily due to lower yields on real estate loans.

**Interest Income.** Interest income was \$103.9 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017, an increase of \$9.0 million from the six months ended June 30, 2016, primarily reflecting increases in interest income of \$8.6 million on real estate loans and \$504,000 on C&I loans. The increased interest income on real estate loans reflected growth of \$746.0 million in their average balance during the comparative period, as new originations significantly exceeded amortization and satisfactions during the period July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017. The increased interest income on C&I loans reflected the build out of the Business Banking division and growth of \$21.8 million in the average balances during the comparative period. Partially offsetting the higher interest income on real estate loans from the growth in their average balance was a reduction of 19 basis points in their average yield, resulting from both continued low benchmark lending rates and heightened marketplace competition.

**Interest Expense.** Interest expense approximated \$28.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017, an increase of \$3.7 million from the six months ended June 30, 2016, primarily reflecting increases in interest expense of \$4.7 million on money market accounts, offset by a reduction of \$933,000 in interest expense on borrowed funds. The increase of \$4.7 million in interest expense on money market deposits reflected successful promotional activities that increased their average balance by \$939.4 million and their average cost by 7 basis points from the six months ended June 30, 2016 to the six months ended June 30, 2017. Interest expense on borrowings declined \$933,000 due to a decrease of \$320.4 million in their average balance during the comparative period, which outweighed the increase in their average cost by 46 basis points.

**Provision for Loan Losses.** The Company recognized a provision for loan losses of \$1.5 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to a provision for loan losses of \$421,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2016. The increase in loan loss provision resulted mainly from growth in the real estate and C&I loan portfolio, offset by continued improvement in the overall credit quality of the loan portfolio.

**Non-Interest Income.** Total non-interest income decreased \$68.5 million from the six months ended June 30, 2016 to the six months ended June 30, 2017, due primarily to a gain of \$68.2 million recognized on the sale of real estate and \$484,000 of additional income from BOLI related to the receipt of a mortality benefit due to the passing of an insured officer during the six months ended June 30, 2016. Partially offsetting these decreases was an increase in service charges and other fees during the comparative period as a result of higher transaction volume.

**Non-Interest Expense.** Non-interest expense was \$40.2 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017, an increase of \$4.3 million from \$36.0 million during the six months ended June 30, 2016, reflecting increases of \$1.5 million in salaries and employee benefits, \$1.4 million in occupancy and equipment expense, \$659,000 in data processing costs, \$577,000 in marketing expense, and \$47,000 in FDIC insurance premiums, offset by a decrease of

\$1.0 million in ESOP and RSA amortization expense during the comparative period. The remaining increase in non-interest expense was experienced in other operating expenses. The \$1.5 million increase in salaries and employee benefits expense was primarily driven by the hiring of new employees and their associated employee benefits expense. The \$1.4 million increase in occupancy expense was attributable to new leases related to de novo retail branches and a new corporate headquarters. The \$659,000 increase in data processing costs was the result of various technology enhancement initiatives related to customer banking services. The \$577,000 increase in marketing expense was attributable to higher volume of marketing promotions. The \$1.0 million decrease in ESOP and RSA amortization expense resulted from the payoff of the ESOP share acquisition loan during the quarter ended December 31, 2016 and a lower number of vesting RSAs during the six months ended June 30, 2017.

Non-interest expense was 1.32% and 1.35% of average assets during the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The decrease was mainly due to the growth in average assets outweighing the growth in non-interest expense during the period.



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**Income Tax Expense.** Income tax expense approximated \$14.2 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017, down from \$44.7 million during the six months ended June 30, 2016, due to a decrease of \$68.6 million in pre-tax income during the comparative period. The \$68.6 million decrease in pre-tax income was primarily attributable to the \$68.2 million gain on sale of real estate that occurred during the six month period ended June 30, 2016. The Company's consolidated tax rate was 38.0% during the six months ended June 30, 2017, down from 42.2% during the six months ended June 30, 2016, primarily due to the additional tax related to the \$68.2 million gain on sale of real estate.

### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk were presented at December 31, 2016 in Item 7A of the Holding Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on March 15, 2017. The following is an update of the discussion provided therein.

**General.** Virtually all of the Company's market risk continues to reside at the Bank level. The Bank's largest component of market risk remains interest rate risk. The Company is not subject to foreign currency exchange or commodity price risk. At June 30, 2017, the Company owned thirteen mutual fund investments totaling \$7.2 million that were designated as trading. At June 30, 2017, the Company conducted seven transactions involving derivative instruments requiring bifurcation in order to hedge interest rate or market risk.

**Assets, Deposit Liabilities and Wholesale Funds.** There was no material change in the composition of assets, deposit liabilities or wholesale funds from December 31, 2016 to June 30, 2017. See "Part I - Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Liquidity and Capital Resources" for a discussion of deposit and borrowing activity during the period.

#### Interest Rate Risk Exposure Analysis

**Economic Value of Equity ("EVE") Analysis.** In accordance with agency regulatory guidelines, the Bank simulates the impact of interest rate volatility upon EVE using several interest rate scenarios. EVE is the difference between the present value of the expected future cash flows of the Bank's assets and liabilities and the value of any off-balance sheet items, such as firm commitments to originate loans, or derivatives, if applicable.

Traditionally, the fair value of fixed-rate instruments fluctuates inversely with changes in interest rates. Increases in interest rates thus result in decreases in the fair value of interest-earning assets, which could adversely affect the Company's consolidated results of operations in the event they were to be sold, or, in the case of interest-earning assets classified as available-for-sale, reduce the Company's consolidated stockholders' equity, if retained. The changes in the value of assets and liabilities due to fluctuations in interest rates measure the interest rate sensitivity of those assets and liabilities.

In order to measure the Bank's sensitivity to changes in interest rates, EVE is calculated under market interest rates prevailing at a given quarter-end ("Pre-Shock Scenario"), and under various other interest rate scenarios ("Rate Shock Scenarios") representing immediate, permanent, parallel shifts in the term structure of interest rates from the actual term structure observed in the Pre-Shock Scenario. An increase in the EVE is considered favorable, while a decline is considered unfavorable. The changes in EVE between the Pre-Shock Scenario and various Rate Shock Scenarios due to fluctuations in interest rates reflect the interest rate sensitivity of the Bank's assets, liabilities, and off-balance sheet items that are included in the EVE. Management reports the EVE results to the Bank's Board of Directors on a quarterly basis. The report compares the Bank's estimated Pre-Shock Scenario EVE to the estimated EVEs calculated under the various Rate Shock Scenarios.

The calculated EVEs incorporate some asset and liability values derived from the Bank's valuation model, such as those for real estate and C&I loans and time deposits, and some asset and liability values provided by reputable independent sources, such as values for the Bank's MBS portfolio, as well as all borrowings. The Bank's valuation model makes various estimates regarding cash flows from principal repayments on loans and deposit decay rates at each level of interest rate change. The Bank's estimates for loan repayment levels are influenced by the recent history of prepayment activity in its loan portfolio, as well as the interest rate composition of the existing portfolio, especially in relation to the existing interest rate environment. In addition, the Bank considers the amount of fee protection inherent in the loan portfolio when estimating future repayment cash flows. Regarding deposit decay rates, the Bank tracks and analyzes the decay rate of its deposits over time, with the assistance of a reputable third party, and over various interest rate scenarios. Such results are utilized in determining estimates of deposit decay rates in the valuation model. The Bank also generates a series of spot discount rates that are integral to the valuation of the projected monthly cash flows of its assets and liabilities. The Bank's valuation model employs discount rates that it considers representative of prevailing market rates of interest, with appropriate adjustments it believes are suited to the heterogeneous characteristics of the Bank's various asset and liability portfolios. No matter the care and precision with which the estimates are derived, however, actual cash flows could differ significantly from the Bank's estimates, resulting in significantly different EVE calculations.

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The analysis that follows presents, as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the estimated EVE at both the Pre-Shock Scenario and the +200 Basis Point Rate Shock Scenario. The analysis additionally presents the percentage change in EVE from the Pre-Shock Scenario to the +200 Basis Point Rate Shock Scenario at both June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

|                     | At June 30, 2017       |               |                   | At December 31, 2016 |               |                   |
|---------------------|------------------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------------|
|                     | EVE                    | Dollar Change | Percentage Change | EVE                  | Dollar Change | Percentage Change |
| Rate Shock Scenario | (Dollars in Thousands) |               |                   |                      |               |                   |
| + 200 Basis Points  | \$556,515              | \$(61,808)    | -10.0             | % \$508,155          | \$(66,494)    | -11.6             |
| Pre-Shock Scenario  | 618,323                | -             | -                 | 574,649              | -             | -                 |

The Bank's Pre-Shock Scenario EVE increased from \$574.6 million at December 31, 2016 to \$618.3 million at June 30, 2017. The factors contributing to the more favorable valuation at June 30, 2017 included an increase in the value of the Bank's real estate and C&I loans and a decrease in the value of the core deposit liability. The more favorable valuation of real estate and C&I loans resulted primarily from a slight decrease in duration of the portfolio at June 30, 2017 compared to December 31, 2016, as both refinancing and gross loan origination activity was lower than in previous quarters. The decrease in the value of the Bank's core deposit liability resulted primarily from an increase in market interest rates from December 31, 2016 to June 30, 2017.

The Bank's EVE in the +200 basis point Rate Shock Scenario increased from \$508.2 million at December 31, 2016 to \$556.5 million at June 30, 2017. The factors contributing to the more favorable valuation included the previously noted increase in the value of the Bank's real estate and C&I loans and decrease in the value of the core deposit liability from December 31, 2016 to June 30, 2017.

**Income Simulation Analysis.** As of the end of each quarterly period, the Bank also monitors the impact of interest rate changes through a net interest income simulation model. This model estimates the impact of interest rate changes on the Bank's net interest income over forward-looking periods typically not exceeding 36 months (a considerably shorter period than measured through the EVE analysis). Management reports the net interest income simulation results to the Bank's Board of Directors on a quarterly basis. The following table discloses the estimated changes to the Bank's net interest income over the 12-month period ending June 30, 2017 assuming instantaneous changes in interest rates for the given Rate Shock Scenarios:

| Instantaneous Change in Interest rate of: | Percentage Change in Net Interest Income |
|---|--|
| + 200 Basis Points                        | (11.4 )%                                 |
| + 100 Basis Points                        | (5.9 )                                   |
| - 100 Basis Points                        | 9.9                                      |

#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Management of the Company, with the participation of its Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness as of June 30, 2017, of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15(d)-15(e) under the Exchange Act. Based upon this evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2017 in ensuring that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to

management of the Company as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

#### Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There was no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's last fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, such controls.

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PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is routinely named as a defendant in or party to various pending or threatened legal actions or proceedings. Certain of these matters may seek substantial monetary damages. In the opinion of management, the Company is involved in no actions or proceedings that are likely to have a material adverse impact on its financial condition and results of operations.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There were no material changes from the risks disclosed in the Risk Factors section of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

(a) Not applicable.

(b) Not applicable.

The Holding Company did not repurchase any shares of common stock into treasury during the three-month or six-month periods ended June 30, 2017. No existing repurchase programs expired during the three months ended (c) June 30, 2017, nor did the Company terminate any repurchase programs prior to expiration during the period. As of June 30, 2017, the Holding Company had an additional 1,104,549 shares remaining eligible for repurchase under its twelfth stock repurchase program, which was publicly announced in June 2007.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. (Removed and Reserved)

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit Number

Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. (incorporated by 3.1 reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Transition Report on Form 10-K for the transition period ended December 31, 2002, filed with the SEC on March 28, 2003 (File No. 000-27782))

3.2 Amended and Restated Bylaws of Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(ii) to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on January 30, 2017 (File No. 000-27782))

4.1 Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. [see Exhibit 3.1 hereto]

4.2 Amended and Restated Bylaws of Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. [see Exhibit 3.2 hereto]

Draft Stock Certificate of Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to the  
4.3 Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1998, filed with the SEC on September  
28, 1998 (File No. 000-27782))

Second Amended and Restated Declaration of Trust, dated as of July 29, 2004, by and among Wilmington Trust  
Company, as Delaware Trustee, Wilmington Trust Company, as Institutional Trustee, Dime Community  
4.4 Bancshares, Inc., as Sponsor, the Administrators of Dime Community Capital Trust I, and the holders from time to  
time of undivided beneficial interests in the assets of Dime Community Capital Trust I (incorporated by reference  
to Exhibit 4.5 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-4, filed with the SEC on July 29, 2004 (File No.  
333-117743))

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- 4.5 Indenture, dated as of March 19, 2004, between Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. and Wilmington Trust Company, as Indenture Trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant’s Registration Statement on Form S-4, filed with the SEC on July 29, 2004 (File No. 333-117743))
- 4.6 Series B Guarantee Agreement, dated as of July 29, 2004, executed and delivered by Dime Community Bancshares, Inc., as Guarantor and Wilmington Trust Company, as Guarantee Trustee, for the benefit of the holders from time to time of the Series B Capital Securities of Dime Community Capital Trust I (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.9 to the Registrant’s Registration Statement on Form S-4, filed with the SEC on July 29, 2004 (File No. 333-117743))
- 4.7 Indenture, dated as of June 13, 2017, by and between Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. and Wilmington Trust, National Association, as Trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant’s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on June 13, 2017 (File No. 000-27782))
- 4.8 First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 13, 2017, by and between Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. and Wilmington Trust, National Association, as Trustee, including the form of 4.50% fixed-to-floating rate subordinated debentures due 2027 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Registrant’s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on June 13, 2017 (File No. 000-27782))
- 10.3 Amended and Restated Employment Agreement between The Dime Savings Bank of Williamsburgh and Kenneth J. Mahon (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to the Registrant’s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2011, filed with the SEC on May 10, 2011 (File No. 000-27782))
- 10.6 Employment Agreement between Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. and Kenneth J. Mahon (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to the Registrant’s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2011, filed with the SEC on May 10, 2011 (File No. 000-27782))
- 10.7 Form of Employee Retention Agreement by and among The Dime Savings Bank of Williamsburgh, Dime Community Bancorp, Inc. and certain officers (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to the Registrant’s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2012, filed with the SEC on May 9, 2012 (File No. 000-27782))
- 10.8 The Benefit Maintenance Plan of Dime Community Bancorp, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to the Registrant’s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on April 4, 2011 (File No. 000-27782))
- 10.9 Severance Pay Plan of The Dime Savings Bank of Williamsburgh (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to the Registrant’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, filed with the SEC on March 16, 2009 (File No. 000-27782))
- 10.10 Retirement Plan for Board Members of Dime Community Bancorp, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to the Registrant’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, filed with the SEC on March 16, 2009 (File No. 000-27782))
- 10.12 Recognition and Retention Plan for Outside Directors, Officers and Employees of Dime Community Bancorp, Inc., as amended by amendments number 1 and 2 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.21 to the Registrant’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1997, filed with the SEC on September 26, 1997 (File No. 000-27782))
- 10.13(i) Form of stock option agreement for Outside Directors under Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. 1996 Stock Option Plan for Outside Directors, Officers and Employees (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.22 to

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the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1997, filed with the SEC on September 26, 1997 (File No. 000-27782))

10.13(ii) Form of stock option agreement for Outside Directors under Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. 2001 Stock Option Plan for Outside Directors, Officers and Employees (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-8, filed with the SEC on January 24, 2003 (File No. 333-102690))

10.13(iii) Form of stock option agreement for Outside Directors under Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. 2004 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on March 29, 2005 (File No. 000-27782))

10.14(i) Form of stock option agreement for officers and employees under Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. 1996 Stock Option Plan for Outside Directors, Officers and Employees (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.23 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1997, filed with the SEC on September 26, 1997 (File No. 000-27782))



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- 10.14(ii) Form of stock option agreement for officers and employees under Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. 2001 Stock Option Plan for Outside Directors, Officers and Employees (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-8, filed with the SEC on January 24, 2003 (File No. 333-102690))
- 10.14(iii) Form of stock option agreement for officers and employees under Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. 2004 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on March 22, 2005 (File No. 000-27782))
- 10.20 Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. 2001 Stock Option Plan for Outside Directors, Officers and Employees (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.20 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2011, filed with the SEC on August 9, 2011 (File No. 000-27782))
- 10.21 Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. 2004 Stock Incentive Plan for Outside Directors, Officers and Employees (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.21 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2008, filed with the SEC on August 8, 2008 (File No. 000-27782))
- 10.24 Waiver executed by Kenneth J. Mahon (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.24 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2005, filed with the SEC on May 10, 2005 (File No. 000-27782))
- 10.25 Form of restricted stock award notice for officers and employees under the 2004 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on March 22, 2005) (File No. 000-27782))
- 10.27 Form of restricted stock award notice for outside directors under the 2004 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on March 22, 2005) (File No. 000-27782))
- 10.30 Adoption Agreement for Pentegra Services, Inc. Volume Submitter 401(K) Profit Sharing Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.30 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2015, filed with the SEC on May 7, 2015) (File No. 000-27782))
- 10.31 Employee Stock Ownership Plan of Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. and Certain Affiliates (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 31 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, filed with the SEC on March 16, 2009) (File No. 000-27782))
- 10.32 Amendment to the Benefit Maintenance Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.32 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2012, filed with the SEC on November 13, 2012) (File No. 000-27782))
- 10.33 Amendments One, Two and Three to the Employee Stock Ownership Plan of Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. and Certain Affiliates (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.33 the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012, filed with the SEC on March 15, 2013 (File No. 000-27782))
- 10.34 Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. 2013 Equity and Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.34 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2013, filed with the SEC on August 9, 2013 (File No. 000-27782))

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- 10.35 Form of restricted stock award notice for officers and employees under the 2013 Equity and Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.35 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2014, filed with the SEC on August 5, 2014 (File No. 000-27782))
- 10.36 Form of restricted stock award notice for outside directors under the 2013 Equity and Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.36 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2014, filed with the SEC on August 5, 2014 (File No. 000-27782))
- 10.37 The Dime Savings Bank of Williamsburgh 401(K) Savings Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.37 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2015, filed with the SEC on May 7, 2015 (File No. 000-27782))
- 10.38 Amendment Number Four to the Employee Stock Ownership Plan of Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. and Certain Affiliates (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.38 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, filed with the SEC on March 16, 2015 (File No. 000-27782))
- 10.39 Amendment Number One to the Dime Savings Bank of Williamsburgh 401(K) Savings Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.39 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2015, filed with the SEC on May 7, 2015 (File No. 000-27782))

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- Retirement and Consulting Agreement between Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. and Michael P. Devine  
10.40 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.40 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2015, filed with the SEC on November 6, 2015 (File No. 000-27782))
- Retirement and Consulting Agreement between Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. and Vincent F. Palagiano  
10.41 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.41 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on June 30, 2016) (File No. 000-27782))
- Form of performance share award notice for 2016 grants to officers under 2013 Equity and Incentive Plan  
10.42 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.42 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2016, filed with the SEC on August 9, 2016 (File No. 000-27782))
- Employment and Change in Control Agreement between Dime Community Bank and Stuart Lubow  
10.43 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.43 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, filed with the SEC on March 15, 2017 (File No. 000-27782))
- Employment and Change in Control Agreement between Dime Community Bank and Conrad Gunther  
10.44 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.44 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, filed with the SEC on March 15, 2017 (File No. 000-27782))
- Purchase and Sale Agreement between The Dime Savings Bank of Williamsburgh and Tarvos Capital Partners  
10.45 USA LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.45 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, filed with the SEC on March 15, 2017 (File No. 000-27782))
- Purchase and Sale Agreement between The Dime Savings Bank of Williamsburgh and Havemeyer Owner BB  
10.46 LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.46 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, filed with the SEC on March 15, 2017 (File No. 000-27782))
- Amendment Number Five to the Employee Stock Ownership Plan of Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. and  
10.47 Certain Affiliates (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.47 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2017, filed with the SEC on May 9, 2017 (File No. 000-27782))
- Amendment Number Six to the Employee Stock Ownership Plan of Dime Community Bancshares, Inc. and  
10.48 Certain Affiliates (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.48 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2017, filed with the SEC on May 9, 2017 (File No. 000-27782))
- 10.49 Dime Community Bank KSOP, as amended and restated effective July 1, 2017
- 12.1 Computation of ratio of earnings to fixed charges
- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)
- 31.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350
- 32.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350
- 101 Pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T, the following financial information from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2017 is formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting

Language) interactive data files: (i) the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition (Unaudited), (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Income f(Unaudited), (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited), (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited), (v) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited), and (vi) the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements \*\*

\*\*Furnished, not filed, herewith.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Dime Community Bancshares, Inc.

Dated: August 7, 2017 By: /s/ KENNETH J. MAHON

Kenneth J. Mahon

President and Chief Executive Officer

Dated: August 7, 2017 By: /s/ JAMES L. RIZZO

James L. Rizzo

Senior Vice President and Comptroller (Principal Financial Officer)