

COFFEE HOLDING CO INC
Form 10-Q
June 07, 2018

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended: **April 30, 2018**

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: **001-32491**

Coffee Holding Co., Inc.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada

(State or other jurisdiction of

incorporation or organization)

11-2238111

(I.R.S. Employer

Identification No.)

3475 Victory Boulevard, Staten Island, New York

(Address of principal executive offices)

10314

(Zip Code)

(718) 832-0800

(Registrant's telephone number including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed from last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No .

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes
[] No [X]

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock as of the latest practicable date.

5,702,342 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, are outstanding at June 6, 2018.

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PART I

ITEM 1 – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

COFFEE HOLDING CO., INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

APRIL 30, 2018 AND OCTOBER 31, 2017

	April 30, 2018	October 31, 2017
	(Unaudited)	
- ASSETS -		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash	\$ 3,232,113	\$ 2,325,650
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$144,000 for 2018 and 2017	13,931,417	13,441,802
Inventories	16,345,937	16,310,572
Prepaid green coffee	112,397	171,350
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	350,294	593,825
Prepaid and refundable income taxes	447,351	472,814
Due from broker	642,046	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	35,061,555	33,316,013
Machinery and equipment, at cost, net of accumulated depreciation of \$5,895,426 and \$5,557,899 for 2018 and 2017, respectively	2,831,939	2,439,338
Customer list and relationships, net of accumulated amortization of \$87,500 and \$72,250 for 2018 and 2017, respectively	352,500	367,750
Trademarks	820,000	820,000
Other intangible assets	331,124	331,124
Non-compete	150,000	
Goodwill	2,548,969	1,794,265
Equity method investments	90,085	94,643
Deferred income tax asset	13,968	339,748
Deposits and other assets	522,633	497,529
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 42,722,773	\$ 40,000,410
- LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY -		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 2,917,399	\$ 4,430,626
Line of credit	12,207,727	8,407,527

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Due to broker		210,862
Note payable	150,000	
Income taxes payable	300	1,346
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	15,275,426	13,050,361
Deferred income tax liabilities	366,054	629,680
Deferred rent payable	241,261	240,379
Deferred compensation payable	513,633	488,529
TOTAL LIABILITIES	16,396,374	14,408,949
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Coffee Holding Co., Inc. stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, par value \$.001 per share; 10,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding	-	-
Common stock, par value \$.001 per share; 30,000,000 shares authorized, 6,494,680 shares issued; 5,702,342 and 5,805,935 shares outstanding as of April 30 2018 and October 31, 2017, respectively	6,494	6,494
Additional paid-in capital	16,103,283	16,104,075
Retained earnings	13,287,726	12,345,490
Less: Treasury stock, 792,338 and 688,745 common shares, at cost as of April 30, 2018 and October 31, 2017, respectively	(3,942,508)	(3,504,510)
Total Coffee Holding Co., Inc. Stockholders' Equity	25,454,995	24,951,549
Noncontrolling interest	871,404	639,912
TOTAL EQUITY	26,326,399	25,591,461
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$42,722,773	\$40,000,410

See notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

COFFEE HOLDING CO., INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED APRIL 30, 2018 AND 2017

(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended April 30,		Three Months Ended April 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
NET SALES	\$44,277,116	\$37,419,469	\$22,193,898	\$17,787,103
COST OF SALES (including \$4.4 and \$2.2 million of related party costs for the six months ended April 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Including \$3.0 and \$1.4 million for the three months ended April 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.)	36,614,421	31,645,614	18,326,914	15,144,534
GROSS PROFIT	7,662,695	5,773,855	3,866,984	2,642,569
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Selling and administrative	5,570,082	4,715,679	2,833,248	2,365,395
Officers' salaries	340,500	347,840	170,250	179,250
TOTAL	5,910,582	5,063,519	3,003,498	2,544,645
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	1,752,113	710,336	863,486	97,924
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)				
Interest income	7,737	23,389	4,690	10,958
Gain (loss) from equity method investment	(4,558)	252	257	(1,067)
Interest expense	(186,649)	(124,239)	(94,141)	(66,495)
TOTAL	(183,470)	(100,598)	(89,194)	(56,604)
INCOME BEFORE PROVISION (BENEFIT) FOR INCOME TAXES AND NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARY	1,568,643	609,738	774,292	41,320
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	394,916	135,220	181,152	(35,893)
NET INCOME BEFORE NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARY	1,173,727	474,518	593,140	77,213
Less: Net (income) attributable to the non-controlling interest	(231,491)	(96,999)	(82,291)	(75,476)

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NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO COFFEE HOLDING CO., INC.	\$942,236	\$377,519	\$510,849	\$1,737
Basic and diluted earnings per share	\$.16	\$.06	\$.09	\$.00
Weighted average common shares outstanding:				
Basic and diluted	5,743,967	5,862,722	5,721,635	5,862,123

See notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

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COFFEE HOLDING CO., INC.
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
 SIX MONTHS ENDED APRIL 30, 2018 AND 2017
 (Unaudited)

	2018	2017
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$1,173,727	\$474,518
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	352,777	372,962
Unrealized (gain) loss on commodities	(852,908)	735,331
(Gain) loss on equity method investments	4,558	(252)
Deferred rent	882	4,582
Deferred income taxes	307,450	(340,077)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(403,173)	3,024,956
Inventories	1,105,528	(407,059)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	306,413	94,304
Prepaid green coffee	58,953	45,756
Prepaid and refundable income taxes	25,463	363,156
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(1,513,226)	(1,298,619)
Deposits and other assets		4,156
Income taxes payable	(1,046)	25,511
Net cash provided by operating activities	565,398	3,099,225
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Cash paid for investment in subsidiary, net of cash acquired		(2,893,275)
Purchases of machinery and equipment	(280,128)	(386,666)
Cash paid for business acquisition	(2,740,217)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,020,345)	(3,279,941)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Advances under bank line of credit	3,800,200	3,900,200
Purchase of treasury stock	(438,790)	(15,829)
Principal payments under bank line of credit		(3,465,000)
Net cash provided by financing activities	3,361,410	419,371
NET INCREASE IN CASH	906,463	238,655
CASH, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	2,325,650	3,227,981
CASH, END OF PERIOD	\$3,232,113	\$3,466,636
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW DATA:		
Interest paid	\$178,293	\$121,000

Income taxes paid	\$26,863	\$74,826
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See notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

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COFFEE HOLDING CO., INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

SIX MONTHS ENDED APRIL 30, 2018 AND 2017

(Unaudited)

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

On April 24, 2018 Generations Coffee Company acquired the assets of Steep & Brew, Inc.:

Accounts receivable	\$86,442
Inventory	1,140,893
Equipment	450,000
Prepaid expenses	62,882
Non-compete	150,000
Goodwill	1,000,000
Less: Note payable	150,000
Net cash paid	\$2,740,217

COFFEE HOLDING CO., INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
APRIL 30, 2018
(UNaudited)

NOTE 1 - BUSINESS ACTIVITIES:

Coffee Holding Co., Inc. (the “Company”) conducts wholesale coffee operations, including manufacturing, roasting, packaging, marketing and distributing roasted and blended coffees for private labeled accounts and its own brands, and it sells green coffee. The Company also manufactures and sells coffee roasters. The Company’s core product, coffee, can be summarized and divided into three product categories (“product lines”) as follows:

Wholesale Green Coffee: unroasted raw beans imported from around the world and sold to large and small roasters and coffee shop operators;

Private Label Coffee: coffee roasted, blended, packaged and sold under the specifications and names of others, including supermarkets that want to have their own brand name on coffee to compete with national brands; and

Branded Coffee: coffee roasted and blended to the Company’s own specifications and packaged and sold under the Company’s eight proprietary and licensed brand names in different segments of the market.

The Company’s private label and branded coffee sales are primarily to customers that are located throughout the United States with limited sales in Canada and certain countries in Asia. Such customers include supermarkets, wholesalers, and individually-owned and multi-unit retailers. The Company’s unprocessed green coffee, which includes over 90 specialty coffee offerings, is sold primarily to specialty gourmet roasters and to coffee shop operators in the United States with limited sales in Australia, Canada and China.

The Company’s wholesale green, private label, and branded coffee product categories generate revenues and cost of sales individually but incur selling, general and administrative expenses in the aggregate. There are no individual product managers and discrete financial information is not available for any of the product lines. The Company’s product portfolio is used in one business and it operates and competes in one business activity and economic environment. In addition, the three product lines share customers, manufacturing resources, sales channels, and marketing support. Thus, the Company considers the three product lines to be one single reporting segment.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The following (a) condensed consolidated balance sheet as of October 31, 2017, which has been derived from audited financial statements, and (b) the unaudited interim condensed financial statements have been prepared by the Company pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") have been condensed or omitted pursuant to those rules and regulations, although the Company believes that the disclosures made are adequate to make the information not misleading. It is suggested that these condensed consolidated financial statements be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company's latest shareholders' annual report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on January 29, 2018 for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2017 ("Form 10-K").

In the opinion of management, all adjustments (which include normal and recurring nature adjustments) necessary to present a fair statement of the Company's financial position as of April 30, 2018, and results of operations for the three and six months ended April 30, 2018 and the cash flows for the six months ended April 30, 2018 as applicable, have been made.

COFFEE HOLDING CO., INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
APRIL 30, 2018
(UNaudited)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION (cont'd):

The results of operations for the three and six months ended April 30, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full fiscal year or any future periods.

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, the Company's subsidiaries, Organic Products Trading Company, LLC ("OPTCO") Sonofresco, LLC ("SONO") Comfort Foods, Inc ("CFI") and Generations Coffee Company, LLC ("GCC"), the entity formed as a result of the Company's joint venture with Caruso's Coffee, Inc. The Company owns a 60% equity interest in GCC. All significant inter-company transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

NOTE 3 - RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS AFFECTING THE COMPANY:

The FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). ASU 2016-01 requires that a lessee recognize the assets and liabilities that arise from operating leases. A lessee should recognize in the statement of financial position a liability to make lease payments (the lease liability) and a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term. For leases with a term of 12 months or less, a lessee is permitted to make an accounting policy election by class of underlying asset not to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities. In transition, lessees and lessors are required to recognize and measure leases at the beginning of the earliest period presented using a modified retrospective approach. Public business entities should apply the amendments in ASU 2016-02 for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years (i.e., January 1, 2019, for a calendar year entity). Nonpublic business entities should apply the amendments for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019 (i.e., January 1, 2020, for a calendar year entity), and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. Early application is permitted for all public business entities and all nonpublic business entities upon issuance. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting this guidance.

In May 2014 the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, which is a new standard related to revenue recognition. Under the new standard, recognition of revenue occurs when a customer obtains control of promised services or goods in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. In addition, the standard requires disclosure of the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts. The standard must be adopted

using either a full retrospective approach for all periods presented in the period of adoption or a modified retrospective approach. In July 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-14, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers - Deferral of the Effective Date*, which defers the implementation of this new standard to be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted effective January 1, 2017. In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-08, *Principal versus Agent Considerations*, which clarifies the implementation guidance on principal versus agent considerations in the new revenue recognition standard pursuant to ASU 2014-09. In April 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-10, *Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing*, and in May 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-12, *Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients*, which amend certain aspects of the new revenue recognition standard pursuant to ASU 2014-09. We are currently evaluating which transition approach we will utilize and the impact of adopting this accounting standard on our financial statements.

COFFEE HOLDING CO., INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
APRIL 30, 2018
(Unaudited)

NOTE 3 - RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS AFFECTING THE COMPANY (cont'd):

In July 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-11, "Earnings Per Share (Topic 260), Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity (Topic 480), Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): I. Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Down Round Features, II. Replacement of the Indefinite Deferral for Mandatorily Redeemable Financial Instruments of Certain Nonpublic Entities and Certain Mandatorily Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests with a Scope Exception" which addresses narrow issues identified as a result of the complexity associated with applying generally accepted accounting principles for certain financial instruments with characteristics of liabilities and equity. Part I of this Update addresses the complexity of accounting for certain financial instruments with down round features. Current accounting guidance creates cost and complexity for entities that issue financial instruments (such as warrants and convertible instruments) with down round features that require fair value measurement of the entire instrument or conversion option. Part II of this Update addresses the difficulty of navigating Topic 480, Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity, because of the existence of extensive pending content in the FASB Accounting Standards Codification. This pending content is the result of the indefinite deferral of accounting requirements about mandatorily redeemable financial instruments of certain nonpublic entities and certain mandatorily redeemable noncontrolling interests. The amendments in Part I of this Update change the classification analysis of certain equity-linked financial instruments (or embedded features) with down round features. When determining whether certain financial instruments should be classified as liabilities or equity instruments, a down round feature no longer precludes equity classification when assessing whether the instrument is indexed to an entity's own stock. The amendments also clarify existing disclosure requirements for equity-classified instruments. The amendments in Part II of this update recharacterize the indefinite deferral of certain provisions of Topic 480 that now are presented as pending content in the Codification, to a scope exception. These amendments in Part I of this update are effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2018, early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. If an entity early adopts the amendments in an interim period, any adjustments should be reflected as of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes that interim period. The amendments in Part I of this Update should be applied in either of the following ways: (1) Retrospectively to outstanding financial instruments with a down round feature by means of a cumulative-effect adjustment to the statement of financial position as of the beginning of the first fiscal year and interim period(s) in which the pending content that links to this paragraph is effective. (2) Retrospectively to outstanding financial instruments with a down round feature for each prior reporting period presented in accordance with the guidance on accounting changes in paragraphs 250-10-45-5 through 45-10. The amendments in Part II of this Update do not require any transition guidance because those amendments do not have an accounting effect.

The FASB has issued ASU No. 2015-17, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes, which changes how deferred taxes are classified on organizations' balance sheets. The ASU eliminates the current requirement for organizations to present deferred tax liabilities and assets as current and noncurrent in a classified balance sheet. Instead, organizations will be required to classify all deferred tax assets and liabilities as noncurrent.

The amendments apply to all organizations that present a classified balance sheet. For public companies, the amendments are effective for financial statements issued for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those annual periods. For private companies, not-for-profit organizations, and employee benefit plans, the amendments are effective for financial statements issued for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The Company adopted ASU 2015-17 during the quarter ended January 31, 2018, which did not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

COFFEE HOLDING CO., INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
APRIL 30, 2018
(Unaudited)

NOTE 3 - RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS AFFECTING THE COMPANY (cont'd):

In July 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-11, "Inventory (Topic 330): Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory," which applies to inventory that is measured using first-in, first-out ("FIFO") or average cost. Under the updated guidance, an entity should measure inventory that is within scope at the lower of cost and net realizable value, which is the estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal and transportation. Subsequent measurement is unchanged for inventory that is measured using last-in, last-out ("LIFO"). This ASU is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and should be applied prospectively with early adoption permitted at the beginning of an interim or annual reporting period. The Company adopted ASU 2015-11, which did not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 4 – BUSINESS ACQUISITION:

Pursuant to the terms of an Asset Purchase Agreement dated April 24, 2018 (the "Generations Agreement"), by and among Generations Coffee Company, LLC ("GCC"), the entity formed as a result of the Company's joint venture with Caruso's Coffee, Inc., Steep & Brew, Inc. ("the Seller") a Wisconsin corporation and the stockholder of the Seller. GCC purchased substantially all the assets, including equipment, inventory, customer list and relationships (the "Assets") of the Seller. This was accounted for as a business combination. GCC purchased the Assets for a purchase price consisting of \$2,740,217 in cash and a Seller held promissory note for \$150,000. The Seller held promissory note calls for two principal payments of \$75,000 each. The first payment of principal only is due October 24, 2018 and the final payment is due April 24, 2019.

As part of the transaction, all of the employees of the Seller will be leased to GCC for a transitional period ending July 31, 2018 (or earlier date as may be agreed in writing between GCC and the Seller). In addition, on April 24, 2018, GCC entered into a three month advisory agreement (the "Advisory Agreement"), with one of the Seller's executives (the "Executive"), on an independent contractor basis, to ensure continuity of the business and to continue to operate the business located in Wisconsin. After completion of the first three month term, the Advisory Agreement will automatically expire, subject to renewal by mutual agreement of the parties. Pursuant to the terms of the Advisory Agreement, the Executive is entitled to cash compensation of \$7,000 per month, as well as reimbursement by GCC of the Executive of up to \$815 per month for health insurance benefits for the Executive paid by the seller.

The Company has not yet completed its full analysis of the fair value of tangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed and the allocation of any excess acquisition cost over the fair value of the net tangible net assets acquired to any separately identifiable intangible assets. Pursuant to ASC No. 805-10-25, if the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, but during the allowed measurement period (which is not to exceed one year from the acquisition date), the Company retrospectively adjusts the provisional amounts recognized at the acquisition date by means of adjusting the amount recognized for goodwill.

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COFFEE HOLDING CO., INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
APRIL 30, 2018
(Unaudited)

NOTE 4 – BUSINESS ACQUISITION (cont'd):

The following table summarizes the assets purchased:

Assets acquired:	
Accounts receivable	\$86,442
Inventory	1,140,893
Equipment	450,000
Prepaid expenses	62,882
Non-compete	150,000
Goodwill	1,000,000
Assets acquired:	\$2,890,217
Purchase of assets funded by:	
Cash paid	\$2,740,217
Note payable to seller	150,000
	\$2,890,217

Pro Forma Results of Operations (unaudited)

The following pro forma results of operations for the three and six months ended April 30, 2018 and 2017 have been prepared as though the business acquisition had occurred as of the beginning of the earliest period presented. This pro forma financial information is not indicative of the results of operations that the Company would have attained had the acquisition occurred at the beginning of the periods presented, nor is the pro forma financial information indicative of the results of operations that may occur in the future:

	Six Months Ended April 30,		Three Months Ended April 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Pro forma sales	\$49,905,031	\$43,360,087	\$24,637,939	\$20,786,149
Pro forma net income (loss)	\$973,134	\$430,107	\$514,844	\$(23,813)
Pro forma basic and diluted earnings per share	\$.17	\$.07	\$.09	\$.00

The operations have been included in the Company's consolidated statement of operations since the date of the acquisition on April 24, 2018. The total revenue included for the period is \$158,430.

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COFFEE HOLDING CO., INC.
 NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 APRIL 30, 2018
 (Unaudited)

NOTE 5 - PREPAID GREEN COFFEE:

The balance represents advance payments made by OPTCO to several coffee growing cooperatives for the purchase of green coffee. Interest is charged to the cooperatives for these advances. Interest earned was \$5,657 and \$23,389 for the six months ended April 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively and \$3,339 and \$10,958 for the three months ended April 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The prepaid coffee balance was \$112,397 at April 30, 2018 and \$171,350 at October 31, 2017.

NOTE 6 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE:

Trade accounts receivable are stated at the amount the Company expects to collect. The Company maintains allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of its customers to make required payments. Management considers the following factors when determining the collectability of specific customer accounts: customer credit-worthiness, past transaction history with the customer, current economic industry trends, and changes in customer payment terms. Past due balances over 60 days and other higher risk amounts are reviewed individually for collectability. If the financial condition of the Company's customers were to deteriorate, adversely affecting their ability to make payments, additional allowances would be required. Based on management's assessment, the Company provides for estimated uncollectible amounts through a charge to earnings and a credit to a valuation allowance. Balances that remain outstanding after the Company has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the valuation allowance and a credit to accounts receivable.

The reserve for sales discounts represents the estimated discount that customers will take upon payment. The reserve for other allowances represents the estimated amount of returns, slotting fees and volume based discounts estimated to be incurred by the Company from its customers. The allowances are summarized as follows:

	April 30, 2018	October 31, 2017
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$65,000	\$65,000
Reserve for other allowances	35,000	35,000
Reserve for sales discounts	44,000	44,000

Totals	\$ 144,000	\$ 144,000
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NOTE 7 - INVENTORIES:

Inventories at April 30, 2018 and October 31, 2017 consisted of the following:

	April 30, 2018	October 31, 2017
Packed coffee	\$4,703,629	\$2,242,714
Green coffee	10,087,326	12,317,394
Roasters and parts	294,410	286,515
Packaging supplies	1,260,572	1,463,949
Totals	\$16,345,937	\$16,310,572

COFFEE HOLDING CO., INC.
 NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 APRIL 30, 2018
 (Unaudited)

NOTE 8 - COMMODITIES HELD BY BROKER:

The Company has used, and intends to continue to use in a limited capacity, short term coffee futures and options contracts primarily for the purpose of partially hedging and minimizing the effects of changing green coffee prices and to reduce our cost of sales. The commodities held at broker represent the market value of the Company's trading account, which consists of options and future contracts for coffee held with a brokerage firm. The Company uses options and futures contracts, which are not designated or qualifying as hedging instruments, to partially hedge the effects of fluctuations in the price of green coffee beans. Options and futures contracts are recognized at fair value in the condensed consolidated financial statements with current recognition of gains and losses on such positions. The Company's accounting for options and futures contracts may increase earnings volatility in any particular period.

The Company has open position contracts held by the broker, which are summarized as follows:

	April 30, 2018	October 31, 2017
Option Contracts	\$ 163,699	\$ 166,945
Future Contracts	478,347	(377,807)
Total Commodities	\$642,046	\$(210,862)

The Company classifies its options and future contracts as trading securities and accordingly, unrealized holding gains and losses are included in earnings and not reflected as a net amount as a separate component of stockholders' equity.

At April 30, 2018, the Company held 140 futures contracts (generally with terms of three to four months) for the purchase of 5,250,000 pounds of green coffee at a weighted average price of \$1.17 per pound. The fair market value of coffee applicable to such contracts was \$1.23 per pound at that date. At April 30, 2018, the Company did not have any options.

At October 31, 2017, the Company held 145 futures contracts (generally with terms of three to four months) for the purchase of 5,437,500 pounds of green coffee at a weighted average price of \$1.31 per pound. The fair market value of coffee applicable to such contracts was \$1.25 per pound at that date. At October 31, 2017, the Company did not have any options.

COFFEE HOLDING CO., INC.
 NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 APRIL 30, 2018
 (Unaudited)

NOTE 8 - COMMODITIES HELD BY BROKER (cont'd):

The Company recorded realized and unrealized gains and losses respectively, on these contracts as follows:

	Three Months Ended	
	April 30,	
	2018	2017
Gross realized gains	\$ 134,849	\$ 322,389
Gross realized losses	(545,296)	(40,883)
Unrealized gain (loss)	737,041	(774,280)
Total	\$ 326,594	\$ (492,774)

	Six Months Ended	
	April 30,	
	2018	2017
Gross realized gains	\$ 265,795	\$ 727,648
Gross realized losses	(958,631)	(500,901)
Unrealized gain (loss)	852,909	(735,331)
Total	\$ 160,073	\$ (508,584)

COFFEE HOLDING CO., INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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(Unaudited)

NOTE 9 - LINE OF CREDIT:

On April 25, 2017 the Company and OPTCO (together with the Company, collectively referred to herein as the “Borrowers”) entered into an Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement (the “A&R Loan Agreement”) and Amended and Restated Loan Facility (the “A&R Loan Facility”) with Sterling National Bank (“Sterling”), which consolidated (i) the financing agreement between the Company and Sterling, dated February 17, 2009, as modified, (the “Company Financing Agreement”) and (ii) the financing agreement between Company, as guarantor, OPTCO and Sterling, dated March 10, 2015 (the “OPTCO Financing Agreement”), amongst other things.

Pursuant to the A&R Loan Agreement, the terms of each of the Company Financing Agreement and the OPTCO Financing Agreement were amended and restated to, among other things: (i) provide for a new Maturity Date of February 28, 2018; (ii) consolidate the principal amounts of the Company Financing Agreement and the OPTCO Financing Agreement to provide for a maximum principal amount limit of \$12,000,000 for the Borrowers, collectively, *provided that* OPTCO is limited to a \$3,000,000 maximum principal amount sublimit; (iii) expand the borrowing base to include, along with 85% of eligible accounts receivable, up to the lesser of \$2,000,000 as to the Company and \$1,500,000 as to OPTCO; (iv) effective March 1, 2017, converted the interest rate on the average unpaid balance of the A&R Loan Facility from an interest rate per annum equal to the Wall Street Journal Prime Rate to an interest rate per annum equal to the sum of the LIBOR rate plus 2.4%; (v) require the Company and OPTCO to pay, collectively, upon the occurrence of certain termination events, a prepayment premium of 1.0% (as opposed to the 0.5% under the OPTCO Financing Agreement) of the maximum amount of the A&R Loan Facility in effect as of the date of the termination event; (vi) eliminate the over advance fee; and (vii) establish a Letter of Credit Facility (as defined in the A&R Loan Agreement) with a maximum obligation amount of \$1,000,000, and subject to other terms and conditions described therein. Also on April 25, 2017, SONO and CFI (collectively referred to herein as the “Guarantors”), entered into a Guaranty Agreement (the “Guaranty Agreement”) in connection with the A&R Loan Agreement. The Guaranty Agreement was provided as an inducement to Sterling to extend credit to Borrowers in exchange for the Guarantors’ unconditional guarantee of the payment and performance obligations of the Borrowers under the Loan Agreement, as further defined in the Guaranty Agreement.

On March 23, 2018, the Company reached an agreement for a new loan modification agreement and credit facility with Sterling. The terms of the new agreement among other things: (i) provides for a new maturity date of March 31, 2020; (ii) increases the maximum principal amount to \$14,000,000; and (iii) decreases the interest rate per annum to LIBOR plus 2 percent.

Each of the A&R Loan Facility and A&R Loan Agreement contains covenants, subject to certain exceptions, that place annual restrictions on the Borrowers' operations, including covenants relating to debt restrictions, capital expenditures, indebtedness, minimum deposit restrictions, tangible net worth, net profit, leverage, employee loan restrictions, dividend and repurchase restrictions (common stock and preferred stock), and restrictions on intercompany transactions.

The A&R Loan Facility also requires that we maintain a minimum working capital at all times, and the A&R Loan Agreement requires that the Borrowers, on a consolidated basis, maintain a minimum working capital at all times and achieve a minimum net profit amount as of fiscal year end during the term of the A&R Loan Agreement. The Company and OPTCO, were not in compliance with an intercompany loan restrictive covenant as of April 30, 2018. The Company requested and received from the lender, a waiver of such noncompliance.

COFFEE HOLDING CO., INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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(Unaudited)

NOTE 9 - LINE OF CREDIT (cont'd):

Each of the A&R Loan Facility and the A&R Loan Agreement is secured by all tangible and intangible assets of the Company. Other than as amended and restated by the A&R Loan Agreement, the Company Financing Agreement and the OPTCO Financing Agreement remains in full force and effect.

As of April 30, 2018 and October 31, 2017, the outstanding balance under the bank line of credit was \$12,207,727 and \$8,407,527, respectively.

NOTE 10 - INCOME TAXES:

The Company accounts for income taxes pursuant to the asset and liability method which requires deferred income tax assets and liabilities to be computed for temporary differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future based on enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized. The income tax provision or benefit is the tax incurred for the period plus or minus the change during the period in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

As of April 30, 2018 and October 31, 2017, the Company did not have any unrecognized tax benefits or open tax positions. The Company's practice is to recognize interest and/or penalties related to income tax matters in income tax expense. As of April 30, 2018 and October 31, 2017, the Company had no accrued interest or penalties related to income taxes. The Company currently has no federal or state tax examinations in progress.

The Company files a U.S. federal income tax return and California, Colorado, Connecticut, Idaho, Kansas, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Jersey, New York, New York City, Oregon, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Virginia, and Texas state tax returns. The Company's federal income tax return is no longer subject to examination by the federal taxing authority for the years before fiscal 2014. The Company's California, Colorado and New Jersey income tax returns are no longer subject to examination by their respective taxing authorities for the years before fiscal 2011.

The Company's Oregon and New York income tax returns are no longer subject to examination by their respective taxing authorities for the years before fiscal 2012.

On December 22, 2017, the U.S. government enacted comprehensive tax legislation commonly referred to as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Tax Act"). The Tax Act makes broad and complex changes to the U.S. tax code that will affect the Company's fiscal year ending October 31, 2018, including, but not limited to, reducing the U.S. federal corporate tax rate. The Tax Act reduces the federal corporate tax rate to 21% in the fiscal year ending October 31, 2018. Section 15 of the Internal Revenue Code stipulates that our fiscal year ending October 31, 2018, will have a blended corporate tax rate of approximately 23%, which is based on the applicable tax rates before and after the Tax Act and the number of days in the year. The reduction of the corporate tax rate to 21% has caused the Company to reduce its deferred tax assets and liabilities. The effect of this discrete event had an immaterial effect on the condensed consolidated financial statements for the six and three months ended April 30, 2018.

The changes included in the Tax Act are broad and complex. The final impacts of the Tax Act may differ from the above estimate, possibly materially, due to, among other things, changes in interpretations of the Tax Act, any legislative action to address questions that arise because of the Tax Act, any changes in accounting standards for income taxes or related interpretations in response to the Tax Act, or any updates or changes to estimates the company has utilized to calculate the transition impact. The Securities Exchange Commission has issued rules that would allow for a measurement period of up to one year after the enactment date of the Tax Act to finalize the recording of the related tax impacts. We currently anticipate finalizing and recording any resulting adjustments within one year after enactment date of the Tax Act.

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NOTE 11 - EARNINGS PER SHARE:

The Company presents “basic” and “diluted” earnings per common share pursuant to the provisions included in the authoritative guidance issued by FASB, “Earnings per Share,” and certain other financial accounting pronouncements. Basic earnings per common share were computed by dividing net income by the sum of the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per common share is computed by dividing the net income by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding plus the dilutive effect of common shares issuable upon exercise of potential sources of dilution.

The weighted average common shares outstanding used in the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share were 5,743,967 and 5,721,635 for the six and three months ended April 30, 2018, respectively and 5,862,722 and 5,862,123 for the six and three months April 30, 2017, respectively.

NOTE 12 - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY:

Approximately 20% of the Company’s sales were derived from five customers during the six months ended April 30, 2018. Approximately 26% of the Company’s sales were derived from four customers during the six months ended April 30, 2017. Concentration of credit risk with respect to other trade receivables is limited due to the short payment terms generally extended by the Company, by ongoing credit evaluations of customers, and by maintaining an allowance for doubtful accounts that management believes will adequately provide for credit losses.

For the six months ended April 30, 2018, approximately 19% of the Company’s purchases were from six vendors. These vendors accounted for approximately \$218,000 of the Company’s accounts payable at April 30, 2018. For the six months ended April 30, 2017, approximately 24% of the Company’s purchases were from four vendors. These vendors accounted for approximately \$331,000 of the Company’s accounts payable at April 30, 2017. Management does not believe the loss of any one vendor would have a material adverse effect of the Company’s operations due to the availability of many alternate suppliers.

Approximately 18% of the Company's sales were derived from five customers during the three months ended April 30, 2018. Approximately 24% of the Company's sales were derived from four customers during the three months ended April 30, 2017.

For the three months ended April 30, 2018, approximately 18% of the Company's purchases were from six vendors. For the three months ended April 30, 2017, approximately 25% of the Company's purchases were from four vendors.

COFFEE HOLDING CO., INC.
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NOTE 13 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

The Company has engaged its 40% partner in GCC as an outside contractor (the “Partner”). Included in contract labor expense are expenses incurred from the Partner during the three and six months ended April 30, 2018 of \$119,557 and \$231,225, respectively, for the processing of finished goods.

An employee of one of the top six vendors is a director of the Company. Purchases from that vendor totaled approximately \$4,434,000 and \$3,036,000 for the six and three months ended April 30, 2018, respectively and \$2,200,000 and \$1,400,000 for the six and three months ended April 30, 2017, respectively. The corresponding accounts payable balance to this vendor was approximately \$218,000 and \$140,000 at April 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

In January 2005, the Company established the “Coffee Holding Co., Inc. Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan.” Currently, there is only one participant in the plan: Andrew Gordon, the Company’s Chief Executive Officer. Within the plan guidelines, this employee is deferring a portion of his current salary and bonus. The assets are held in a separate trust. The deferred compensation payable represents the liability due to an officer of the Company. The assets are included in the Deposits and other assets in the accompanying balance sheets. The deferred compensation asset and liability at April 30, 2018 and October 31, 2017 were \$513,633 and \$488,529, respectively.

NOTE 14 - STOCKHOLDERS’ EQUITY:

Treasury stock. The Company utilizes the cost method of accounting for treasury stock. The cost of reissued shares is determined under the last-in first-out method. The Company purchased 103,593 shares for \$438,791 during the six months ended April 30, 2018. The Company purchased 57,367 shares for \$247,382 during the year ended October 31, 2017.

Share Repurchase Program. On September 29, 2015, the Company announced that the Board of Directors had approved a share repurchase program (the “2015 Share Repurchase Program”) pursuant to which the Company may

repurchase up to \$2 million of its outstanding shares of common stock from time to time on the open market and in privately negotiated transactions subject to market conditions, share price and other factors. The timing and amount of any shares repurchased will be determined based on the Company's evaluation of market conditions and other factors. The 2015 Share Repurchase Program may be discontinued or suspended at any time. Pursuant to the terms of the 2015 Share Repurchase Program, the Company purchased 3,384 and 337,269 shares respectively for \$15,829 and \$1,754,878, respectively during the year ended October 31, 2017 and 2016. On September 10, 2017, the Company announced that the Board of Directors had approved a share repurchase program (the "2017 Share Repurchase Program") pursuant to which the Company may repurchase up to \$2 million of its outstanding shares of common stock from time to time on the open market and in privately negotiated transactions subject to market conditions, share price and other factors. The timing and amount of any shares repurchased will be determined based on the Company's evaluation of market conditions and other factors

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NOTE 14 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (cont'd):

The 2017 Share Repurchase Program may be discontinued or suspended at any time. Pursuant to the terms of the 2017 Share Repurchase Program, the Company purchased 103,593 and 53,983 shares for \$438,791 and \$239,091 during the six months ended April 30, 2018 and for the year ended October 31, 2017, respectively.

NOTE 15 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

The Company evaluates events that have occurred after the balance sheet date but before the financial statements are issued. Based upon the evaluation, the Company did not identify any recognized or non-recognized subsequent events that would have required further adjustment or disclosure in the condensed consolidated financial statements.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Cautionary Note on Forward-Looking Statements

Some of the matters discussed under the caption "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation" and elsewhere in this quarterly report include forward-looking statements made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. We have based these forward-looking statements upon information available to management as of the date of this Form 10-Q and management's expectations and projections about future events, including, among other things:

- our dependency on a single commodity could affect our revenues and profitability;
- our success in expanding our market presence in new geographic regions;
- the effectiveness of our hedging policy may impact our profitability;
- the success of our joint ventures and acquisitions;
- our success in implementing our business strategy or introducing new products;
- our ability to attract and retain customers;
- our ability to obtain additional financing;
- the effects of competition from other coffee manufacturers and other beverage alternatives;
- the impact to the operations of our Colorado facility;
- general economic conditions and conditions which affect the market for coffee;
- the macro global economic environment;
- our ability to maintain and develop our brand recognition;

the impact of rapid or persistent fluctuations in the price of coffee beans;

fluctuations in the supply of coffee beans;

the volatility of our common stock; and

other risks which we identify in future filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”).

In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as “may,” “should,” “could,” “predict,” “potential,” “continue,” “expect,” “anticipate,” “future,” “intend,” “plan,” “believe,” “estimate” and similar expressions (or the such expressions). Any or all of our forward looking statements in this quarterly report and in any other public statements we make may turn out to be wrong. They can be affected by inaccurate assumptions we might make or by known or unknown risks and uncertainties. Consequently, no forward-looking statement can be guaranteed. In addition, we undertake no responsibility to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances, that occur after the date of this quarterly report.

Overview

We are an integrated wholesale coffee roaster and dealer in the United States and one of the few coffee companies that offers a broad array of coffee products across the entire spectrum of consumer tastes, preferences and price points. As a result, we believe that we are well-positioned to increase our profitability and endure potential coffee price volatility throughout varying cycles of the coffee market and economic conditions.

Our operations have primarily focused on the following areas of the coffee industry:

the sale of wholesale specialty green coffee;

the roasting, blending, packaging and sale of private label coffee;

the roasting, blending, packaging and sale of our eight proprietary brands of coffee; and

sales of our tabletop coffee roasting equipment.

Our operating results are affected by a number of factors including:

the level of marketing and pricing competition from existing or new competitors in the coffee industry;

our ability to retain existing customers and attract new customers;

our hedging policy;

fluctuations in purchase prices and supply of green coffee and in the selling prices of our products; and

our ability to manage inventory and fulfillment operations and maintain gross margins.

Our net sales are driven primarily by the success of our sales and marketing efforts and our ability to retain existing customers and attract new customers. For this reason, we have made, and will continue to evaluate, strategic decisions to invest in measures that are expected to increase net sales. These transactions include our acquisition of Premier Roasters, LLC, including equipment and a roasting facility in La Junta, Colorado, the addition of a west coast sales manager to increase sales of our private label and branded coffees to new customers, our joint venture with Caruso's Coffee, Inc. of Brecksville, Ohio, the transaction with OPTCO and our licensing arrangement with DTS8 Coffee Company, Ltd. On June 23, 2016, we formed our wholly-owned subsidiary, Sonofresco, LLC ("SONO"), a Delaware limited liability company. On June 29, 2016, we purchased through SONO, substantially all the assets, including equipment, inventory, customer list and relationships of Coffee Kinetics, LLC, a Washington limited liability company. On February 24, 2017, we acquired 100% of the capital stock of Comfort Foods, Inc. ("CFI"), a Massachusetts based medium sized coffee roaster, manufacturing both branded and private label coffee for retail and foodservice customers. The Company paid \$2.3 million in cash for 100% of the capital stock of CFI. In April 2018, Generations Coffee Company, the entity formed as a result of our joint venture with Caruso's Coffee, Inc., purchased substantially all the assets of Steep & Brew, Inc. We believe these efforts will allow us to expand our business.

Our net sales are affected by the price of green coffee. We purchase our green coffee from dealers located primarily within the United States. The dealers supply us with coffee beans from many countries, including Colombia, Mexico, Kenya, Indonesia, Brazil and Uganda. The supply and price of coffee beans are subject to volatility and are influenced by numerous factors which are beyond our control. For example, in Brazil, which produces approximately 40% of the world's green coffee, the coffee crops are historically susceptible to frost in June and July and drought in September, October and November. However, because we purchase coffee from a number of countries and are able to freely substitute one country's coffee for another in our products, price fluctuations in one country generally have not had a material impact on the price we pay for coffee. Accordingly, price fluctuations in one country generally have not had a material effect on our results of operations, liquidity and capital resources. Historically, because we generally have been able to pass green coffee price increases through to customers, increased prices of green coffee generally result in increased net sales.

The supply and price of coffee beans are subject to volatility and are influenced by numerous factors which are beyond our control. Historically, we have used, and intend to continue to use in a limited capacity, short-term coffee futures and options contracts primarily for the purpose of partially hedging the effects of changing green coffee prices. In addition, we acquired, and expect to continue to acquire, futures contracts with longer terms, generally three to four months, primarily for the purpose of guaranteeing an adequate supply of green coffee. Realized and unrealized gains or losses on options and futures contracts are reflected in our cost of sales. Gains on options and futures contracts reduce our cost of sales and losses on options and futures contracts increase our cost of sales. The use of these derivative financial instruments has generally enabled us to mitigate the effect of changing prices. We believe that, in normal economic times, our hedging policies remain a vital element to our business model not only in controlling our cost of sales, but also giving us the flexibility to obtain the inventory necessary to continue to grow our sales while trying to minimize margin compression during a time of historically high coffee prices. However, no strategy can entirely eliminate pricing risks and we generally remain exposed to losses on futures contracts when prices decline significantly in a short period of time, and we would generally remain exposed to supply risk in the event of non-performance by the counterparties to any of our futures contracts. Although we have had net gains on options and futures contracts in the past, we have incurred significant losses on options and futures contracts in the past. In these cases, our cost of sales has increased, resulting in a decrease in our profitability or increase in our losses. Such losses have and could in the future materially increase our cost of sales and materially decrease our profitability and adversely affect our stock price. See "Item 3, Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk. If our hedging policy is not effective, we may not be able to control our coffee costs, we may be forced to pay greater than market value for green coffee and our profitability may be reduced." Failure to properly design and implement an effective hedging strategy may materially adversely affect our business and operating results. If the hedges that we enter do not adequately offset the risks of coffee bean price volatility or our hedges result in losses, our cost of sales may increase, resulting in a decrease in profitability or increased losses. As previously announced, as a result of the volatile nature of the commodities markets, we have and are continuing to scale back our use of hedging and short-term trading of coffee futures and options contracts, and intend to continue to use these practices in a limited capacity going forward.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Estimates are used for, but not limited to, the accounting for the allowance for doubtful accounts, inventories, assets held for sale, income taxes, commodities held and loss contingencies. Management bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

We believe the following critical accounting policies, among others, may be impacted significantly by judgment, assumptions and estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements:

We recognize revenue in accordance with the relevant authoritative guidance. Revenue is recognized at the point title and risk of ownership transfers to its customers which is upon the shippers taking possession of the goods because i) title passes in accordance with the terms of the purchase orders and with our agreements with our customers, ii) any risk of loss is covered by the customers' insurance, iii) there is persuasive evidence of a sales arrangement, iv) the sales price is determinable and v) collection of the resulting receivable is reasonably assured. Thus, revenue is recognized at the point of shipment.

Our allowance for doubtful accounts is maintained to provide for losses arising from customers' inability to make required payments. If there is deterioration of our customers' credit worthiness and/or there is an increase in the length of time that the receivables are past due greater than the historical assumptions used, additional allowances may be required. For example, every additional one percent of our accounts receivable that becomes uncollectible, would decrease our operating income by approximately \$139,000 for the quarter ended April 30, 2018. The reserve for sales discounts represents the estimated discount that customers will take upon payment. The reserve for other allowances represents the estimated amount of returns, slotting fees and volume based discounts estimated to be incurred by us from our customers.

Inventories are stated at lower of cost (determined on a first-in, first-out basis) or market. Based on our assumptions about future demand and market conditions, inventories are subject to be written-down to market value. If our assumptions about future demand change and/or actual market conditions are less favorable than those projected, additional write-downs of inventories may be required. Each additional one percent of potential inventory writedown would have decreased operating income by approximately \$163,000 for the quarter ended April 30, 2018.

The commodities held at broker represent the market value of the Company's trading account, which consists of option and futures contracts for coffee held with a brokerage firm. We use options and futures contracts, which are not designated or qualifying as hedging instruments, to partially hedge the effects of fluctuations in the price of green coffee beans. Options and futures contracts are recognized at fair value in the consolidated financial statements with current recognition of gains and losses on such positions. We classify options and futures contracts as trading securities and accordingly, unrealized holding gains and losses are included in earnings. We record realized and unrealized gains and losses in our cost of sales in the statement of operations/income.

We account for income taxes in accordance with the relevant authoritative guidance. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are computed for temporary differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future based on enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. Deferred tax assets are reflected on the balance sheet when it is determined that it is more likely than not that the asset will be realized. Accordingly, our net deferred tax asset as of April 30, 2018 of \$141,610 may require a valuation allowance if we do not generate taxable income.

Our goodwill consists of the cost in excess of the fair market value of the acquired net assets of OPTCO, SONO, CFI and GCC which has been integrated into a structure that does not provide the basis for separate reporting units. Consequently, we are a single reporting unit for goodwill impairment testing purposes. We also have intangible assets consisting of our customer list and relationships and trademarks acquired from OPTCO and SONO. At April 30, 2018 our balance sheet reflected goodwill and intangible assets as set forth below:

	April 30, 2018
Customer list and relationships, net	\$352,500
Trademarks	820,000
Non compete	150,000
Other intangible assets	331,124
Goodwill	2,548,969
	\$4,202,593

Goodwill and the trademarks which are deemed to have indefinite lives are subject to annual impairment tests. Goodwill impairment tests require the comparison of the fair value and carrying value of reporting units. We assess the potential impairment of goodwill and intangible assets annually and on an interim basis whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. Upon completion of such review, if impairment is found to have occurred, a corresponding charge will be recorded. The value assigned to the customer list and relationships is being amortized over a twenty year period.

Because we are a single reporting unit, the closing NASDAQ Capital Market price of our common stock as of the acquisition date was used as a basis to measure the fair value of goodwill. Goodwill and the intangible assets will be tested annually at the end of each fiscal year to determine whether they have been impaired. Upon completion of each annual review, there can be no assurance that a material charge will not be recorded. Impairment testing is required more often than annually if an event or circumstance indicates that an impairment or decline in value may have occurred.

Three Months Ended April 30, 2018 Compared to the Three Months Ended April 30, 2017

Net Sales. Net sales totaled \$22,193,898 for the three months ended April 30, 2018, an increase of \$4,406,795, or 24.8%, from \$17,787,103 for the three months ended April 30, 2017. The increase in net sales reflects our increased sales of branded and private label coffee and wholesale green beans to both new and existing customers.

Cost of Sales. Cost of sales for the three months ended April 30, 2018 was \$18,326,914, or 82.6% of net sales, as compared to \$15,144,534, or 85.1% of net sales, for the three months April 30, 2017. Cost of sales consists primarily of the cost of green coffee and packaging materials and realized and unrealized gains or losses on hedging activity. The increase in cost of sales reflects the change in the product mix as compared to the quarter ended April 30, 2017 and the inclusion of results of our subsidiary CFI which results were partially included in the quarter ended April 30, 2017.

Gross Profit. Gross profit for the three months ended April 30 2018 was \$3,866,984, an increase of \$1,224,415 from \$2,642,569 for the three months ended April 30, 2017. Gross profit as a percentage of net sales increased to 17.4% for the three months ended April 30, 2018 from 14.9% for the three months ended April 30, 2017. The increase in gross profits resulted from improved margins on our wholesale and roasted business.

Operating Expenses. Total operating expenses increased by \$458,853 to \$3,003,498 for the three months ended April 30, 2018 from \$2,544,645 for the three months ended April 30, 2017. We incurred increases in shipping expenses of \$302,477 due to our increased sales for the quarter, salary expense of \$19,753, commission expense of \$38,239, \$69,484 in professional fees expense and \$18,927 in insurance expense. These increases are all the result of our reinvestment in our growth and expansion strategy.

Other Income (Expense). Other expense for the three months ended April 30, 2018 was \$89,194, an increase of \$32,590 from \$56,604 for the three months ended April 30, 2017. The increase in other expense was attributable to an increase in interest expense of \$27,646 and a reduction in our interest income of \$6,268, partially offset by an increase in our equity method investment of \$1,324.

Income Taxes. Our provision for income taxes for the three months ended April 30, 2018 totaled \$181,152 compared to a benefit of \$35,893 for the three months ended April 30, 2017. The change was attributable to the difference in the gain for the quarter ended April 30, 2018 as compared to the gain in the quarter ended April 30, 2017.

Net Income. We had net income of \$510,849 or \$0.09 per share basic and diluted, for the three months ended April 30, 2018 compared to net income of \$1,737, or \$0.00 per share basic and diluted for the three months ended April 30, 2017. The increase in net income was due primarily to the reasons described above.

Six Months Ended April 30, 2018 Compared to the Six Months Ended April 30, 2017

Net Sales. Net sales totaled \$44,277,116 for the six months ended April 30, 2018, an increase of \$6,857,647, or 18.3%, from \$37,419,469 for the six months ended April 30, 2017. The increase in net sales reflects our increased sales of branded and private label coffee and wholesale green beans to both new and existing customers.

Cost of Sales. Cost of sales for the six months ended April 30, 2018 was \$36,614,421, or 82.7% of net sales, as compared to \$31,645,614, or 84.6% of net sales, for the six months April 30, 2017. Cost of sales consists primarily of the cost of green coffee and packaging materials and realized and unrealized gains or losses on hedging activity. The increase in cost of sales reflects the change in the product mix as compared to the six months ended April 30, 2017 and the inclusion of results of our subsidiary CFI which results were partially included for the six months ended April 30, 2017.

Gross Profit. Gross profit for the six months ended April 30 2018 was \$7,662,695, an increase of \$1,888,840 from \$5,773,855 for the six months ended April 30, 2017. Gross profit as a percentage of net sales increased to 17.3% for the six months ended April 30, 2018 from 15.4% for the six months ended April 30, 2017. The increase in gross profits resulted from improved margins on our wholesale and roasted business.

Operating Expenses. Total operating expenses increased by \$847,063 to \$5,910,582 for the six months ended April 30, 2018 from \$5,063,519 for the six months ended April 30, 2017. Operating expenses for the six months ended April 30, 2018 included approximately \$825,020 of selling and administrative expenses from our subsidiary "CFI", which represents an entire six months of operations. An increase of \$577,451 from \$247,569, which only represented approximately a two month period of operations ended April 30, 2017. CFI, was acquired on February 23, 2017. Therefore, operating expenses increased \$188,248.

Other Income (Expense). Other expense for the six months ended April 30, 2018 was \$183,470, an increase of \$82,872 from \$100,598 from the six months ended April 30, 2017. The increase in other expense was attributable to an increase in interest expense of \$62,410, a decrease in our equity method investment of \$4,810 and a decrease in interest income of \$15,652.

Income Taxes. Our provision for income taxes for the six months ended April 30, 2018 totaled \$394,916 compared to a provision of \$135,220 for the six months ended April 30, 2017. The change was attributable to the difference in the gain for the six months ended April 30, 2018 as compared to the gain in the six months ended April 30, 2017.

Net Income. We had net income of \$942,236 or \$0.16 per share basic and diluted, for the six months ended April 30, 2018 compared to net income of \$377,519, or \$0.06 per share basic and diluted for the six months ended April 30, 2017. The increase in net income was due primarily to the reasons described above.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of April 30, 2018, we had working capital of \$19,786,129, which represented a \$479,523 decrease from our working capital of \$20,265,652 as of October 31, 2017, and total stockholders' equity of \$25,454,995 which increased by \$503,446 from our total stockholders' equity of \$24,951,549 as of October 31, 2017. Our working capital decreased primarily due to decreases of \$58,953 in prepaid green coffee, \$243,531 in prepaid expenses and other current assets, \$25,463 in prepaid and refundable income taxes, increases of \$3,800,200 in our line of credit, \$27,284 in deferred income tax liabilities, partially offset by increases of \$906,463 in cash, \$489,615 in accounts receivable, \$35,365 in inventories, \$852,908 due from broker and decreases of \$1,363,227 in accounts payable and accrued expenses and \$1,046 in income taxes payable. As of April 30, 2018, the outstanding balance on our line of credit was \$12,207,727 compared to \$8,407,527 as of October 31, 2017. Total stockholders' equity increased due to our net income and was partially offset by our purchase of treasury stock.

Pursuant to the A&R Loan Agreement, the terms of each of the Company Financing Agreement and the OPTCO Financing Agreement were amended and restated to, among other things: (i) provide for a new Maturity Date of February 28, 2018; (ii) consolidate the principal amounts of the Company Financing Agreement and the OPTCO Financing Agreement to provide for a maximum principal amount limit of \$12,000,000 for the Borrowers, collectively, *provided that* OPTCO is limited to a \$3,000,000 maximum principal amount sublimit; (iii) expand the borrowing base to include, along with 85% of eligible accounts receivable, up to the lesser of \$2,000,000 as to the Company and \$1,500,000 as to OPTCO; (iv) effective March 1, 2017, converted the interest rate on the average unpaid balance of the A&R Loan Facility from an interest rate per annum equal to the Wall Street Journal Prime Rate to an interest rate per annum equal to the sum of the LIBOR rate plus 2.4%; (v) require the Company and OPTCO to pay, collectively, upon the occurrence of certain termination events, a prepayment premium of 1.0% (as opposed to the 0.5% under the OPTCO Financing Agreement) of the maximum amount of the A&R Loan Facility in effect as of the date of the termination event; (vi) eliminate the over advance fee; and (vii) establish a Letter of Credit Facility (as defined in the A&R Loan Agreement) with a maximum obligation amount of \$1,000,000, and subject to other terms and conditions described therein. Also on April 25, 2017, SONO and CFI (collectively referred to herein as the "Guarantors"), entered into a Guaranty Agreement (the "Guaranty Agreement") in connection with the A&R Loan Agreement. The Guaranty Agreement was provided as an inducement to Sterling to extend credit to Borrowers in exchange for the Guarantors' unconditional guarantee of the payment and performance obligations of the Borrowers under the Loan Agreement, as further defined in the Guaranty Agreement.

On March 23, 2018, the Company reached an agreement for a new loan modification agreement and credit facility with Sterling. The terms of the new agreement among other things: (i) provides for a new maturity date of March 31, 2020; (ii) increases the maximum principal amount to \$14,000,000; and (iii) decreases the interest rate per annum to LIBOR plus 2 percent.

Each of the A&R Loan Facility and A&R Loan Agreement contains covenants, subject to certain exceptions, that place annual restrictions on the Borrowers' operations, including covenants relating to debt restrictions, capital

expenditures, indebtedness, minimum deposit restrictions, tangible net worth, net profit, leverage, employee loan restrictions, dividend and repurchase restrictions (common stock and preferred stock), and restrictions on intercompany transactions.

The A&R Loan Facility also requires that we maintain a minimum working capital at all times, and the A&R Loan Agreement requires that the Borrowers, on a consolidated basis, maintain a minimum working capital at all times and achieve a minimum net profit amount as of fiscal year end during the term of the A&R Loan Agreement. The Company and OPTCO, were not in compliance with an intercompany loan restrictive covenant as of April 30, 2018. The bank has waived such noncompliance.

Each of the A&R Loan Facility and the A&R Loan Agreement is secured by all tangible and intangible assets of the Company. Other than as amended and restated by the A&R Loan Agreement, the Company Financing Agreement and the OPTCO Financing Agreement remains in full force and effect.

As of April 30, 2018 and October 31, 2017, the outstanding balance under the bank line of credit was \$12,207,727 and \$8,407,527, respectively.

For the six months ended April 30, 2018, our operating activities provided net cash of \$565,398 as compared to the six months ended April 30, 2017 when operating activities provided net cash of \$3,099,225. The decreased cash flow from operations for the six months ended April 30, 2018 was primarily due to our accounts receivable and unrealized gains partially offset by our net income and deferred income taxes.

For the six months ended April 30, 2018, our investing activities used net cash of \$3,020,345 as compared to the six months ended April 30, 2017 when net cash used by investing activities was \$3,279,941. The decrease in our uses of cash in investing activities was due to the purchase of CFI during the six months ended April 30, 2017, partially offset by an increase in our outlays for equipment.

For the six months ended April 30, 2018, our financing activities provided net cash of \$3,361,410 as compared to the six months ended April 30, 2017 when net cash provided by financing activities was \$419,371. The change in cash flow from financing activities for the six months ended April 30, 2018 was due to our increased net principal advances on our line of credit of \$3,465,000 partially offset by our increased purchases of treasury stock.

We expect to fund our operations, including paying our liabilities, funding capital expenditures and making required payments on our indebtedness, through April 30, 2019 with cash provided by operating activities and the use of our credit facility. In addition, an increase in eligible accounts receivable and inventory would permit us to make additional borrowings under our line of credit.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that is material to investors.

ITEM 3 - QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market risks relating to our operations result primarily from changes in interest rates and commodity prices as further described below.

Interest Rate Risks. We are subject to market risk from exposure to fluctuations in interest rates. As of April 30, 2018, our debt consisted of \$12,207,727 of variable rate debt under our revolving line of credit. Our line of credit provides for a maximum of \$14,000,000 and is payable monthly in arrears on the average unpaid balance of the line of credit at an interest rate equal to a per annum reference rate (currently approximately 3.9%). This loan is secured by all of our tangible and intangible assets.

Commodity Price Risks. The supply and price of coffee beans are subject to volatility and are influenced by numerous factors which are beyond our control. Historically, we have used, and intend to continue to use in a limited capacity, short-term coffee futures and options contracts primarily for the purpose of partially hedging the effects of changing green coffee prices, as further explained in Note 8 of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Report. In addition, we acquired, and expect to continue to acquire, futures contracts with longer terms, generally three to four months, primarily for the purpose of guaranteeing an adequate supply of green coffee. Realized and unrealized gains or losses on options and futures contracts are reflected in our cost of sales. Gains on options and futures contracts reduce our cost of sales and losses on options and futures contracts increase our cost of sales. The use of these derivative financial instruments has generally enabled us to mitigate the effect of changing prices. We believe that, in normal economic times, our hedging policies remain a vital element to our business model not only in controlling our cost of sales, but also giving us the flexibility to obtain the inventory necessary to continue to grow our sales while trying to minimize margin compression during a time of historically high coffee prices. However, no strategy can entirely eliminate pricing risks and we generally remain exposed to losses on futures contracts when prices decline significantly in a short period of time, and we would generally remain exposed to supply risk in the event of non-performance by the counterparties to any of our futures contracts. Although we have had net gains on options and futures contracts in the past, we have incurred significant losses on options and futures contracts during some past recent reporting periods. In these cases, our cost of sales has increased, resulting in a decrease in our profitability or increase our losses. Such losses have and could in the future materially increase our cost of sales and materially decrease our profitability and adversely affect our stock price. See “Item 1A – Risk Factors - If our hedging policy is not effective, we may not be able to control our coffee costs, we may be forced to pay greater than market value for green coffee and our profitability may be reduced” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2017 filed with the SEC on January 29, 2018. Failure to properly design and implement an effective hedging strategy may materially adversely affect our business and operating results. If the hedges that we enter do not adequately offset the risks of coffee bean price volatility or our hedges result in losses, our cost of sales may increase, resulting in a decrease in profitability or increased losses. As previously announced, as a result of the volatile nature of the commodities markets, we have and are continuing to scale back our use of hedging and short-term trading of coffee futures and options contracts, and intend to continue to use these practices in a limited capacity going forward.

At April 30, 2018, the Company held 140 futures contracts (generally with terms of three to four months) for the purchase of 5,250,000 pounds of green coffee at a weighted average price of \$1.17 per pound. The fair market value of coffee applicable to such contracts was \$1.23 per pound at that date. At April 30, 2018, the Company did not have any options.

At October 31, 2017, the Company held 145 futures contracts (generally with terms of three to four months) for the purchase of 5,437,500 pounds of green coffee at a weighted average price of \$1.31 per pound. The fair market value of coffee applicable to such contracts was \$1.25 per pound at that date. At October 31, 2017, the Company did not have any options.

ITEM 4 - CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Management, which includes our President, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, our President, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file and submit under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported as and when required and (ii) accumulated and communicated, as is appropriate, to our management, including our principal executive officer and financial officer to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation that occurred during our last fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or that is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1 - LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

We are not a party to, and none of our property is the subject of, any pending legal proceedings other than routine litigation that is incidental to our business. To our knowledge, no governmental authority is contemplating initiating any such proceedings.

ITEM 1A - RISK FACTORS.

There were no material changes during the quarter ended April 30, 2017 to the Risk Factors disclosed in Item 1A “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2017 filed with the SEC on January 29, 2018.

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ITEM 2 - UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.

We repurchased 40,552 shares of our common stock during the three months ended April 30, 2018.

ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES (1)

Period	(a) Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased	(b) Average Price Paid per Share (or Unit)	(c) Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	(d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares (or Units) that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
February 1, 2018 to February 28, 2018	11,917	\$ 4.16	128,941	\$ 1,447,192
March 1, 2018 to March 31, 2018	15,669	\$ 4.35	144,610	\$ 1,379,097
April 1, 2018 to April 30, 2018	12,966	\$ 4.34	157,576	\$ 1,322,869
Total	40,552	4.28	157,576	\$ 1,322,869

On September 13, 2017, we announced that the Board of Directors had approved a share repurchase program (the “2017 Share Repurchase Program”) pursuant to which we may repurchase up to \$2 million of our outstanding (1) common stock from time to time on the open market and in privately negotiated transactions subject to market conditions, share price and other factors. The 2017 Share Repurchase Program may be discontinued or suspended at any time.

ITEM 3 - DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES.

None.

ITEM 4 - MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES.

None.

ITEM 5 - OTHER INFORMATION.

None.

ITEM 6 - EXHIBITS.

10.1 Loan Modification Agreement and Waiver, dated March 23, 2018, by and among Coffee Holding Co., Inc., Organic Products Trading Company LLC, and Sterling National Bank (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Form 8-K filed on March 27, 2018).

31.1 Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer's Certification furnished pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*

32.1 Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer's Certification furnished pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.**

* Filed herewith

** Furnished herewith

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Coffee Holding Co., Inc.

Date: June 7, 2018 By: */s/ Andrew Gordon*
Andrew Gordon President
Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial
Officer

