AVIS BUDGET GROUP, INC. Form 10-Q May 10, 2007 **Table of Contents**

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2007 OR "TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF

THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____

Commission File No. 1-10308

Avis Budget Group, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of

06-0918165 (I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization)

Identification Number)

6 Sylvan Way

Parsippany, NJ (Address of principal executive offices)

07054 (Zip Code)

(973) 496-4700

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer " Non-accelerated filer "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No x

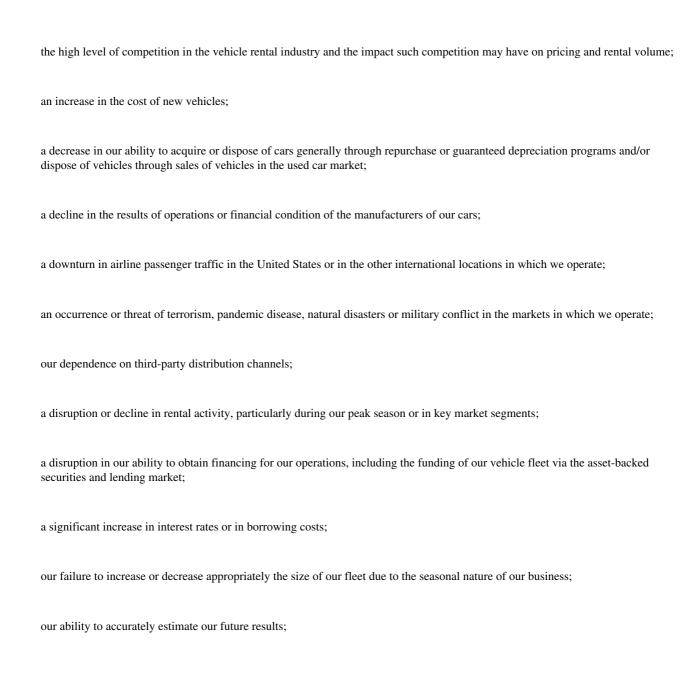
The number of shares outstanding of the issuer s common stock was 101,917,949 shares as of March 31, 2007.

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The forward-looking statements contained herein are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are based on various facts and were derived utilizing numerous important assumptions and other important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include the information concerning our future financial performance, business strategy, projected plans and objectives. Statements preceded by, followed by or that otherwise include the words believes, expects, anticipates, intends, projects, estimates, plans, may increase, may fluctuate and similar expressions or future or conditional verbs such as will, should, would, may are generally forward-looking in nature and not historical facts. You should understand that the following important factors and assumptions could affect our future results and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in such forward-looking statements:



our ability to implement our strategy for growth;

a major disruption in our communication or centralized information networks;

our failure or inability to comply with regulations or any changes in regulations;

our failure or inability to make the changes necessary to operate effectively now that we operate independently from the former real estate, hospitality and travel distribution businesses following the separation of those businesses from us during third quarter 2006, when we were known as Cendant Corporation;

other business, economic, competitive, governmental, regulatory, political or technological factors affecting our operations, pricing or services;

risks inherent in the restructuring of the operations of Budget Truck Rental;

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risks inherent in the separation and related transactions, including risks related to our April 2006 borrowings, and costs of the separation; and

the terms of agreements among the separated companies, including the allocations of assets and liabilities, including contingent liabilities and guarantees, commercial arrangements and the performance of each of the separated companies obligations under these agreements.

Other factors and assumptions not identified above, including those described under Risk Factors set forth in Item 1A of our 2006 Annual Report on Form 10-K were also involved in the derivation of these forward-looking statements, and the failure of such other assumptions to be realized, as well as other factors, may also cause actual results to differ materially from those projected. Most of these factors are difficult to predict accurately and are generally beyond our control.

You should consider the areas of risk described above, as well as those described under Risk Factors set forth in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K in connection with any forward-looking statements that may be made by us and our businesses generally. Except for our ongoing obligations to disclose material information under the federal securities laws, we undertake no obligation to release any revisions to any forward-looking statements, to report events or to report the occurrence of unanticipated events unless required by law. For any forward-looking statements contained in any document, we claim the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

Avis Budget Group, Inc.

CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(In millions, except per share data)

		nths Ended ch 31, 2006
Revenues	2007	2000
Vehicle rental	\$ 1,077	\$ 1,065
Other	288	272
Net revenues	1,365	1,337
Expenses		
Operating	711	696
Vehicle depreciation and lease charges, net	362	330
Selling, general and administrative	159	206
Vehicle interest, net	71	91
Non-vehicle related depreciation and amortization	24	27
Interest expense related to corporate debt, net	33	60 25
Separation costs, net	(6)	23
Total expenses	1,354	1,435
Income (loss) before income taxes	11	(98)
Benefit from income taxes	(1)	(32)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	12	(66)
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax		215
Gain (loss) on disposal of discontinued operations, net of tax	1	(15)
Income before cumulative effect of accounting changes	13	134
Cumulative effect of accounting changes, net of tax		(64)
Net income	\$ 13	\$ 70
Earnings per share		
Basic		
Income (loss) from continuing operations Net income	\$ 0.12 0.13	\$ (0.66) 0.70
Diluted		
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 0.12	\$ (0.66)
Net income	0.12	0.70

See Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

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Avis Budget Group, Inc.

CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

(In millions, except share data)

	M	arch 31, 2007	Dec	ember 31, 2006
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	254	\$	172
Receivables, net		420		363
Deferred income taxes		7		7
Other current assets		431		1,264
oner current assets		131		1,201
Total current assets		1,112		1,806
Property and equipment, net		486		486
Deferred income taxes		137		226
Goodwill		2,193		2,193
		,		
Other intangibles, net		739		739
Other non-current assets		721		121
Total assets exclusive of assets under vehicle programs		5,388		5,571
Assets under vehicle programs:		10		
Program cash		19		14
Vehicles, net		8,143		7,049
Receivables from vehicle manufacturers and other		178		276
Investment in Avis Budget Rental Car Funding (AESOP) LLC related party		347		361
		8,687		7,700
Total assets	\$	14,075	\$	13,271
Liabilities and stockholders equity				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	1,021	\$	1,855
	Ф	29	Þ	
Current portion of long-term debt		29		29
Total current liabilities		1,050		1,884
Long-term debt		1,794		1,813
Other non-current liabilities		954		452
one non current nuomues		751		132
Total liabilities exclusive of liabilities under vehicle programs		3,798		4,149
Liabilities under vehicle programs:				
Debt		844		750
				759
Debt due to Avis Budget Rental Car Funding (AESOP) LLC related party		5,554		4,511
Deferred income taxes		1,255		1,206
Other		178		203

	7,831	6,679
Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)		
Stockholders equity:		
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value authorized 1 million shares; none issued and outstanding		
Common stock, \$.01 par value authorized 250 million shares; issued 136,110,786 and		
135,498,121 shares	1	1
Additional paid-in capital	9,627	9,664
Retained earnings	(591)	(586)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	64	68
Treasury stock, at cost 34,076,560 and 34,306,694 shares	(6,655)	(6,704)
Total stockholders equity	2,446	2,443
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 14,075	\$ 13,271

See Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

Avis Budget Group, Inc.

CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In millions)

	Three Moi Marc	
	2007	2006
Operating Activities Net income Adjustments to arrive at income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 13 (1)	\$ 70 (136)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	12	(66)
Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from continuing operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities exclusive of vehicle programs: Non-vehicle related depreciation and amortization	24	27
Net change in assets and liabilities, excluding the impact of acquisitions and dispositions: Receivables	(2)	6
Income taxes and deferred income taxes Accounts payable and other current liabilities Other, net	(4) (33) 6	6 (118) (19) (23)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities exclusive of vehicle programs	3	(193)
Vehicle programs: Vehicle depreciation	352	317
	352	317
Net cash provided by operating activities	355	124
Investing Activities Property and equipment additions	(20)	(17)
Net assets acquired, net of cash acquired, and acquisition-related payments Proceeds received on asset sales	4	(15)
Proceeds from sale of investment Payments received from (made to) Realogy and Wyndham, net	106 (61)	
Proceeds from dispositions of businesses, net of transaction-related payments Other, net	(6)	(19)
Net cash used in investing activities exclusive of vehicle programs	23	(44)
Vehicle programs:	(5)	(15)
Increase in program cash Investment in vehicles Payments received on investment in vehicles Other, net	(5) (3,476) 2,067	(15) (3,932) 3,091 (7)
	(1,414)	(863)

Net cash used in investing activities (1,391) (907)

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Avis Budget Group, Inc.

CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

(In millions)

	M			Months Ended March 31,			
	2	2007		2006			
Financing Activities Principal payments on borrowings Net short-term borrowings		(19)		(1) 225			
Issuances of common stock Repurchases of common stock		13		22 (243)			
Payment of dividends Other, net		(1)		(113)			
Net cash used in financing activities exclusive of vehicle programs		(7)		(110)			
Vehicle programs: Proceeds from borrowings		3,368		3,562			
Principal payments on borrowings		2,297)		(3,026)			
Net change in short-term borrowings	(54		43			
Other, net		3.		(5)			
		1,125		574			
Net cash provided by financing activities		1,118		464			
Effect of changes in exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents				(1)			
Cash provided by (used in) discontinued operations Operating activities				230			
Investing activities				(204)			
Financing activities				(206)			
Cash used in discontinued operations				(180)			
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		82		(500)			
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		172		546			
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	254	\$	46			

See Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

Avis Budget Group, Inc.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unless otherwise noted, all amounts are in millions, except per share amounts)

1. Basis of Presentation and Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements Basis of Presentation

Avis Budget Group, Inc. provides car and truck rentals and ancillary services to businesses and consumers in the United States and internationally. The accompanying unaudited Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements include the accounts and transactions of Avis Budget Group, Inc. and its subsidiaries (Avis Budget), as well as entities in which Avis Budget directly or indirectly has a controlling financial interest (collectively, the Company).

The Company operates in the following business segments:

Domestic Car Rental provides car rentals and ancillary products and services in the United States.

International Car Rental provides car rentals and ancillary products and services primarily in Canada, Argentina, Australia, New Zealand, Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

Truck Rental provides truck rentals and related services to consumers and light commercial users in the United States. In presenting the Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements, management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported and related disclosures. Estimates, by their nature, are based on judgments and available information. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. In management s opinion, the Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements contain all normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of interim results reported. The results of operations reported for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the entire year or any subsequent interim period. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company s 2006 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 1, 2007.

Vehicle Programs. The Company presents separately the financial data of its vehicle programs. These programs are distinct from the Company s other activities since the assets are generally funded through the issuance of debt that is collateralized by such assets. Assets under vehicle programs are funded through borrowings under asset-backed funding or other similar arrangements. The income generated by these assets is used, in part, to repay the principal and interest associated with the debt. Cash inflows and outflows relating to the generation or acquisition of such assets and the principal debt repayment or financing of such assets are classified as activities of the Company s vehicle programs. The Company believes it is appropriate to segregate the financial data of its vehicle programs because, ultimately, the source of repayment of such debt is the realization of such assets.

Discontinued Operations. In connection with the separation of Cendant into four independent companies, the Company completed the spin-offs of Realogy Corporation (Realogy and Wyndham Worldwide Corporation (Wyndham) on July 31, 2006 and completed the sale of Travelport, Inc. (Travelport) on August 23, 2006. Pursuant to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets (SFAS No. 144), the account balances and activities of Realogy, Wyndham and Travelport have been segregated and reported as discontinued operations for first quarter 2006. Summarized financial data for the aforementioned businesses are provided in Note 2 Discontinued Operations.

Separation. During first quarter 2007 and 2006, the Company incurred costs (credits) of \$(6) million and \$25 million, respectively, in connection with the separation of Cendant into four independent companies. Such costs consisted primarily of professional and consulting fees and the 2007 amount includes a \$14 million credit related to tax-related receivables from Realogy and Wyndham recognized in connection with the adoption of FIN 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes (FIN 48), discussed below.

Changes in Accounting Policies during 2007

Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes. In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FIN 48, which is an interpretation of SFAS No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. FIN 48 prescribes a recognition threshold and a measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. For those benefits to be recognized, a tax position must be more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. The amount recognized is measured as the largest amount of benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement. The Company adopted the provisions of

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FIN 48 effective January 1, 2007, as required, and recorded an after tax charge to stockholders—equity of \$18 million, which represents the recognition of \$10 million of accrued interest and an increase of \$8 million in the liability for unrecognized tax benefits. The Company has been indemnified by Realogy and Wyndham for additional tax related liabilities of \$14 million recognized as a result of the adoption of FIN 48. Accordingly, the Company recorded a \$14 million credit, within the separation costs, net line item on the accompanying Consolidated Condensed Statement of Income for first quarter 2007, reflecting the recognition of receivables from Wyndham and Realogy for such tax related matters. At March 31, 2007, certain income tax payable balances have been classified as long-term liabilities and certain receivables from Realogy and Wyndham have been classified as non-current assets (see Note 8 Other Current Assets and Note 9 Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities).

Including the impact of the adoption of FIN 48 discussed above, the Company s unrecognized tax benefits totaled \$559 million as of January 1, 2007, substantially all of which would affect the annual effective income tax rate, if recognized. In connection with the Company s adoption of FIN 48, the Company reduced alternative minimum tax credit and net operating loss carryforwards in the amount of \$94 million and \$60 million, respectively, and classified certain income tax payable balances as long-term liabilities and classified the corresponding receivables from Realogy and Wyndham as non-current assets (see Note 8 Other Current Assets and Note 9 Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities).

During the three months ended March 31, 2007, the Company s unrecognized tax benefits did not significantly change. As of March 31, 2007, the unrecognized tax benefits in the long-term income taxes payable were \$405 million. The Company does not anticipate that total unrecognized tax benefits will significantly change due to the settlement of audits or the expiration of statute of limitations within twelve months.

Including the impact of the adoption of FIN 48 discussed above, the Company s accrual for the payment of potential interest associated with uncertain tax positions was \$26 million as of January 1, 2007. During the three months ended March 31, 2007, the Company recorded additional liabilities of \$6 million for the payment of interest, which had minimal impact on the Company s results of operations as the Company is substantially indemnified for such liabilities and recognized corresponding receivables from Realogy and Wyndham. The Company recognizes potential interest related to unrecognized tax benefits within interest expense related to corporate debt, net on the accompanying Consolidated Condensed Statement of Income. Penalties, if incurred, would be recognized as a component of income taxes.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115, (SFAS No. 159). SFAS No. 159 permits a company to irrevocably elect fair value as the initial and subsequent measurement attribute for certain financial assets and financial liabilities on a contract-by-contract basis, with changes in fair value recognized in earnings. The Company will adopt SFAS No. 159 on January 1, 2008, as required, and is currently evaluating the impact of such adoption on its financial statements.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements (SFAS No. 157) which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company will adopt SFAS No. 157 on January 1, 2008, as required, and is currently evaluating the impact of such adoption on its financial statements.

2. Discontinued Operations

The \$1 million gain on disposal of discontinued operations, net of tax in the three months ended March 31, 2007 represents purchase price adjustments related to the sale of Travelport. Summarized statement of operations data for discontinued operations for the three months ended March 31, 2006 is as follows:

	Marketing Services Division ^(a)	Rea	logy ^(b)	Wyn	dham ^(b)	Trav	elport ^(b)	Total
Net revenues	\$	\$	1,425	\$	815	\$	640	\$ 2,880
Income before income taxes	\$	\$	91	\$	161	\$	56	\$ 308

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Provision (benefit) for income taxes		32	62	(1)	93
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$	\$ 59	\$ 99	\$ 57	\$ 215
Loss on disposal of discontinued operations Benefit from income taxes	\$ (2) (1)	\$ (5) (1)	\$ (6) (1)	\$ (7) (2)	\$ (20) (5)
Loss on disposal of discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ (1)	\$ (4)	\$ (5)	\$ (5)	\$ (15)

⁽a) Represents payments in connection with a guarantee obligation made to the Company s former Marketing Services division.

⁽b) Loss on disposal of discontinued operations represents costs incurred in connection with the separation, including legal, accounting and other professional fees.

3. Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS):

	Three Months End March 31,			
	2007	2006		
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 12	\$ (66)		
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax		215		
Gain (loss) on disposal of discontinued operations, net of tax	1	(15)		
Cumulative effect of accounting changes, net of tax		(64)		
Net income	\$ 13	\$ 70		
Basic weighted average shares outstanding (a)	101.6	100.6		
Stock options, warrants and restricted stock units (b)	1.4			
Stock options, warrants and restricted stock units	1.7			
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding (a)	103.0	100.6		
Earnings per share:				
Basic				
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 0.12	\$ (0.66)		
Income from discontinued operations		2.14		
Gain (loss) on disposal of discontinued operations	0.01	(0.15)		
Cumulative effect of accounting changes		(0.63)		
N-4 :	¢ 0.12	¢ 0.70		
Net income	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.70		
D'L e I				
Diluted	\$ 0.12	\$ (0.66)		
Income (loss) from continuing operations Income from discontinued operations	\$ 0.12	\$ (0.66) 2.14		
Gain (loss) on disposal of discontinued operations		(0.15)		
Cumulative effect of accounting changes		(0.13)		
Camalative effect of accounting changes		(0.03)		
Net income	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.70		

⁽a) Because the Company incurred a loss from continuing operations in 2006, all outstanding stock options, restricted stock units and warrants are anti-dilutive. Accordingly, basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding are equal for such period.

The following table summarizes the Company s outstanding common stock equivalents that were anti-dilutive and therefore excluded from the computation of diluted EPS:

	Three	Months Ended
	ľ	March 31,
	2007	2006
Options (a)	\$ 6.4	\$ 12.6
Warrants	0.2	0.2

⁽b) Excludes restricted stock units for which performance-based vesting criteria have not been achieved.

(a) The weighted average exercise price for anti-dilutive options at March 31, 2007 was \$33.47. At March 31, 2006, all outstanding stock options were anti-dilutive, as the Company incurred a loss from continuing operations.

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4. Intangible Assets

As of March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006, intangible assets consisted of:

	Gross Carrying Accumulated Amount Amortization				
Amortized Intangible Assets Franchise agreements Customer lists Other	\$ 75 19 2	\$	16 6 1	\$	59 13 1
	\$ 96	\$	23	\$	73
Unamortized Intangible Assets Goodwill	\$ 2,193				
Trademarks	\$ 666				

Amortization expense relating to all intangible assets was less than \$1 million during both first quarter 2007 and 2006.

Based on the Company s amortizable intangible assets at March 31, 2007, the Company expects amortization expense of approximately \$2 million for the remainder of 2007 and approximately \$3 million for each of the five fiscal years thereafter.

5. Restructuring Charges

During fourth quarter 2006, the Company recorded \$10 million of restructuring charges, of which \$8 million was incurred in connection with current restructuring initiatives within the Company s Truck Rental and Domestic Car Rental operations and \$2 million represented a revision to an estimated charge recorded in connection with restructuring actions undertaken in first quarter 2005. The remaining liability relating to the 2005 actions was \$3 million at March 31, 2007 and primarily relates to obligations under terminated leases.

2006 Restructuring

During fourth quarter 2006, the Company committed to various strategic initiatives targeted principally at reducing costs, enhancing organizational efficiency and consolidating and rationalizing existing processes and facilities within its Budget Truck Rental and Domestic Car Rental operations. The more significant areas of cost reduction include the closure of the Budget Truck Rental headquarters and other facilities and reductions in staff.

The initial recognition of the restructuring charge and the corresponding utilization from inception are summarized by category as follows:

	Personnel Related ^(a)	Facility Related ^(b)	Total
Initial charge	\$ 4	\$ 4	\$ 8
Cash payments		(1)	(1)
Balance at December 31, 2006	4	3	7
Cash payments	(2)		(2)
Balance at March 31, 2007	\$ 2	\$ 3	\$ 5

(a) The initial charge primarily represents severance benefits resulting from reductions in staff. The Company formally communicated the termination of employment to approximately 180 employees, representing a wide range of employee groups. As of March 31, 2007, the Company had terminated approximately 160 of these employees.

(b) The initial charge principally represents costs incurred in connection with facility closures and lease obligations resulting from the closure of the Truck Rental headquarters, consolidation of Truck Rental operations and the closure of other facilities within the Company s Domestic Car Rental operations.

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6. Vehicle Rental Activities

The components of the Company s vehicles, net within assets under vehicle programs are as follows:

	As of March 31, 2007	As of December 31, 2006
Rental vehicles Vehicles held for sale	\$ 9,023 158	\$ 7,738 304
Less: Accumulated depreciation	9,181 (1,038)	8,042 (993)
	\$ 8,143	\$ 7,049

The components of vehicle depreciation and lease charges, net are summarized below:

	Three Mor Marc	
	2007	2006
Depreciation expense	\$ 352	\$ 317
Lease charges	14	16
Gain on sales of vehicles, net	(4)	(3)
	\$ 362	\$ 330

During the three months ended March 31, 2007, vehicle interest, net on the accompanying Consolidated Condensed Statements of Income excludes \$35 million of interest expense related to the fixed and floating rate borrowings of the Company s Avis Budget Car Rental, LLC (Avis Budget Car Rental) subsidiary. Such interest is recorded within interest expense related to corporate debt, net on the accompanying Consolidated Condensed Statements of Income.

7. Income Taxes

The Company s effective tax rate from continuing operations for the three months ended March 31, 2007 is a benefit of 9.1%. Such rate differs from the Federal statutory rate of 35.0% primarily due to an increase in the receivables due from Realogy and Wyndham in connection with the adoption of FIN 48 and a corresponding credit to the separation costs which is not subject to income taxes.

The Company s effective tax rate from continuing operations for the three months ended March 31, 2006 is a benefit of 32.7 %. Such rate differs from the Federal statutory rate of 35.0% primarily due to the non-deductibility of certain executive compensation expenses.

8. Other Current Assets

Other current assets consisted of:

As of As of March 31, December 31, 2007 2006

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Receivables from Realogy (a)	\$ 124	\$ 572
Receivables from Wyndham (a)	104	393
Prepaid expenses	147	144
Other	56	155
	\$ 431	\$ 1,264

Represents amounts due for certain contingent and other corporate liabilities assumed by Realogy and Wyndham in connection with the separation and services performed under the Transition Services Agreement. These amounts are due from Realogy and Wyndham on demand upon the Company s settlement of the related liability. At March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006, there are corresponding liabilities recorded within accounts payable and other current liabilities. In connection with the Company s adoption of FIN 48, receivables from Realogy and Wyndham related to income taxes were classified as non-current assets. At March 31, 2007, non-current assets related to income taxes receivable were \$619 million.

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9. Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities

Accounts payable and other current liabilities consisted of:

	As of March 3 2007	1, De	As of ecember 31, 2006
Income taxes payable (a)	\$	\$	520
Accounts payable	20	12	223
Accrued payroll and related	19	1	244
Accrued disposition costs	14	-2	152
Public liability and property damage insurance liabilities (b)	11	.6	116
Accrued legal settlements	4	18	71
Other	32	2	529
	\$ 1,02	21 \$	1,855

⁽a) Income taxes payable have been classified as long-term liabilities as of January 1, 2007, in connection with the adoption of FIN 48. At March 31, 2007, the non-current liability related to long term income taxes payable was \$405 million.

10. Long-term Debt and Borrowing Arrangements

Long-term debt consisted of:

	Maturity Date	As of March 31, 2007		As of December 31, 2006	
Floating rate term loan	April 2012	\$	819	\$	838
Floating rate notes	May 2014		250		250
7 ⁵ /8% notes	May 2014		375		375
7 ³ /4% notes	May 2016		375		375
			1,819		1,838
Other			4		4
Total long-term debt			1,823		1,842
Less: Current portion (a)			29		29
Long-term debt		\$	1,794	\$	1,813

⁽a) Primarily represents borrowings under the Company s floating rate term loan as of March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006. *Committed Credit Facilities and Available Funding Arrangements*

At March 31, 2007, the committed credit facilities available to the Company and/or its subsidiaries at the corporate or Avis Budget Car Rental level were as follows:

⁽b) The non-current liability related to public liability and property damage insurance was \$263 million and \$260 million at March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively.

	Total Capacity	Outstanding Borrowings	ers of t Issued	 ailable pacity
\$1.5 billion revolving credit facility (a)	\$ 1,500	\$	\$ 343	\$ 1,157
Letter of credit facility (b)	303		303	

⁽a) This secured revolving credit facility was entered into by Avis Budget Car Rental in April 2006, has a five year term and currently bears interest at one month LIBOR plus 125 basis points.

On February 9, 2007, the Company agreed to guarantee (the Guarantee) the payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest on the \$1.0 billion aggregate principal amount of senior notes issued by Avis Budget Car Rental on April 19, 2006 (the Notes). The Notes consist of Avis Budget Car Rental s 7.625% Senior Notes due 2014, 7.75% Senior Notes due 2016 and Floating Rate Senior Notes due 2014. The Company executed a Supplemental Indenture, dated February 9, 2007, to provide the Guarantee in accordance with the terms and limitations of the Notes and the indenture governing the Notes.

⁽b) Final maturity date is July 2010.

In consideration for providing the Guarantee, the Company received \$14 million, before fees and expenses, from certain institutional investors. The \$14 million consideration is being treated as deferred income and will be amortized over the life of the debt.

The Company s debt agreements contain restrictive covenants, including restrictions on dividends paid to the Company by certain of its subsidiaries, the incurrence of indebtedness by the Company and certain of its subsidiaries, mergers, liquidations, and sale and leaseback transactions. The credit facility also requires the maintenance of certain financial ratios. As of March 31, 2007, the Company is not aware of any instances of non-compliance with such financial or restrictive covenants.

11. Debt Under Vehicle Programs and Borrowing Arrangements

Debt under vehicle programs (including related party debt due to Avis Budget Rental Car Funding (AESOP) LLC (Avis Budget Rental Car Funding)) consisted of:

	Ma	As of arch 31, 2007	As of December 31, 2006		
Debt due to Avis Budget Rental Car Funding (a)	\$	5,554	\$	4,511	
Budget Truck financing:					
Budget Truck Funding program		154		135	
Capital leases		244		257	
Other (b)		446		367	
	\$	6,398	\$	5,270	

⁽a) The change in the balance at March 31, 2007 principally reflects increased borrowings under the Company s extendible commercial paper program and conduit facility during first quarter 2007 to support the acquisition of rental vehicles within the Company s domestic car rental operations.

(b) The change in the balance at March 31, 2007 primarily reflects incremental borrowings under the Company s bank loan and commercial paper conduit facilities to support the acquisition of vehicles in its international operations.

Avis Budget Rental Car Funding. Avis Budget Rental Car Funding, an unconsolidated bankruptcy remote qualifying special purpose limited liability company, issues private placement notes that are typically AAA rated, and has its principal and interest payments guaranteed by independent insurance companies. Avis Budget Rental Car Funding then uses the proceeds from such issuances to make loans to a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, AESOP Leasing LP (AESOP Leasing) on a continuing basis. By issuing debt through the AESOP program, Avis Budget pays a lower rate of interest than if the Company had issued debt directly to third parties. AESOP Leasing is then required to use these proceeds to acquire or finance the acquisition of vehicles used in the Company s rental car operations. As a result, AESOP Leasing s obligation to Avis Budget Rental Car Funding is reflected as related party debt on the Company s Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006. The Company also recorded an asset within assets under vehicle programs on its Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets at March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006, which represented the equity issued to the Company by Avis Budget Rental Car Funding. The vehicles purchased by AESOP Leasing remain on the Company s Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheet as AESOP Leasing is consolidated by the Company. Such vehicles and related assets, which approximate \$7.5 billion, (the majority of which are subject to manufacturer repurchase and guaranteed depreciation agreements) collateralize the debt issued by Avis Budget Rental Car Funding and are not available to pay the obligations of the Company.

The business activities of Avis Budget Rental Car Funding are limited primarily to issuing indebtedness and using the proceeds thereof to make loans to AESOP Leasing for the purpose of acquiring or financing the acquisition of vehicles to be leased to the Company s rental car subsidiary and pledging its assets to secure the indebtedness. Because Avis Budget Rental Car Funding is not consolidated by the Company, its results of operations and cash flows are not reflected with the Company s Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements. Borrowings under the Avis Budget Rental Car Funding program primarily represent floating rate term notes with a weighted average interest rate of 5% as of both March 31, 2007 and of December 31, 2006.

Truck financing. Budget Truck financing consists of debt outstanding under the Budget Truck Funding program and capital leases. The Budget Truck Funding program constitutes debt facilities established by the Company to finance the acquisition of the Budget truck rental fleet. The borrowings under the Budget Truck Funding program are collateralized

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by \$164 million of corresponding assets and are floating rate term loans with a weighted average interest rate of 5% as of March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006. The Company has also obtained a portion of its truck rental fleet under capital lease arrangements for which there are corresponding net assets of \$258 million and \$252 million classified within vehicles, net on the Company s Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively.

Other. Borrowings under the Company s other vehicle rental programs represent amounts issued under financing facilities that provide for the issuance of notes to support the acquisition of vehicles used in the Company s international vehicle rental operations. The debt issued is collateralized by \$838 million of vehicles and related assets and primarily represents floating rate bank loans and commercial paper for which the weighted average interest rate was 5% as of March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006.

The following table provides the contractual maturities of the Company s debt under vehicle programs (including related party debt due to Avis Budget Rental Car Funding) at March 31, 2007:

	Vehicle-				
	Backed	Capital	Capital		
	Debt	Leases	Total		
Within 1 year	\$ 1,432	\$ 92	\$ 1,524		
Between 1 and 2 years	1,725	115	1,840		
Between 2 and 3 years	803	37	840		
Between 3 and 4 years	1,508		1,508		
Between 4 and 5 years					
Thereafter	686		686		
	\$ 6,154	\$ 244	\$ 6,398		

As of March 31, 2007, available funding under the Company s vehicle programs (including related party debt due to Avis Budget Rental Car Funding) consisted of:

	Fotal pacity ^(a)	standing rowings	ailable pacity
Debt due to Avis Budget Rental Car Funding	\$ 6,519	\$ 5,554	\$ 965
Budget Truck financing:			
Budget Truck Funding program	200	154	46
Capital leases	244	244	
Other	1,113	446	667
	\$ 8,076	\$ 6,398	\$ 1,678

Capacity is subject to maintaining sufficient assets to collateralize debt.

Debt agreements under the Company s vehicle-backed funding programs contain restrictive covenants, including restrictions on dividends paid to the Company by certain of its subsidiaries and indebtedness of material subsidiaries, mergers, limitations on liens, liquidations, and sale and leaseback transactions, and also require the maintenance of certain financial ratios. As of March 31, 2007, the Company is not aware of any instances of non-compliance with such financial or restrictive covenants.

12. Commitments and Contingencies Contingencies

The Company and the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) have settled the IRS examination for the federal consolidated income tax group s taxable years 1998 through 2002. The Company was adequately reserved for this audit cycle and has reflected the results of that examination in the accompanying Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements. The IRS has begun to examine the Company s taxable years 2003 through 2006. Although the Company believes there is appropriate support for the positions taken on its tax returns, the Company has recorded liabilities representing the best estimates of the probable loss on certain positions. The Company believes that the accruals for tax liabilities are adequate for all open years, based on assessment of many factors including past experience and interpretations of tax law applied to the facts of each matter. Although the Company believes the recorded assets and liabilities are reasonable, tax regulations are subject to interpretation and tax litigation is inherently uncertain; therefore, the Company s assessments can involve both a series of complex judgments about future events and rely heavily on estimates and assumptions. While the Company believes that the estimates and assumptions supporting the assessments are reasonable, the final determination of tax audits and any other related litigation could be materially different than that which is reflected in historical income tax provisions and recorded assets and liabilities.

The results of an audit or litigation related to these matters include a range of potential outcomes, which may involve material amounts. However, the Company has been indemnified for pre-separation matters by Realogy and Wyndham and therefore, does not expect such resolution to have a significant impact on its earnings, financial position or cash flows.

On March 19, 2007, the IRS and the U.S. Department of the Treasury issued final regulations addressing the treatment of dual consolidated losses. Certain elements of these regulations can be applied retroactively and may affect the Company. The Company is currently evaluating what impact, if any, these regulations have on its tax accounts.

The Company is involved in litigation asserting claims associated with accounting irregularities discovered in 1998 at former CUC business units outside of the principal common stockholder class action litigation. While the Company has an accrued liability of approximately \$30 million recorded on its Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2007 for these claims based upon its best estimates, it does not believe that it is feasible to predict or determine the final outcome or resolution of any unresolved proceedings. Pursuant to the Separation Agreement, Realogy and Wyndham have assumed all liabilities related to this litigation, as described below.

In connection with the spin-offs of Realogy and Wyndham, the Company entered into the Separation Agreement, pursuant to which Realogy assumed 62.5% and Wyndham assumed 37.5% of certain contingent and other corporate liabilities of the Company or its subsidiaries, which are not primarily related to any of the respective businesses of Realogy, Wyndham, Travelport and/or the Company s vehicle rental operations, in each case incurred or allegedly incurred on or prior to the separation of Travelport from the Company (Assumed Liabilities). Realogy is entitled to receive 62.5% and Wyndham is entitled to receive 37.5% of the proceeds (or, in certain cases, a portion thereof) from certain contingent corporate assets of the Company, which are not primarily related to any of the respective businesses of Realogy, Wyndham, Travelport and/or the Company s vehicle rental operations, arising or accrued on or prior to the separation of Travelport from the Company (Assumed Assets). Additionally, if Realogy or Wyndham were to default on its payment of costs or expenses to the Company related to any Assumed Liability, the Company would be responsible for 50% of the defaulting party s obligation. In such event, the Company would be allowed to use the defaulting party s share of the proceeds of any Assumed Assets as a right of offset. Realogy and Wyndham have also agreed to guarantee each other s as well as the Company s obligation under each entity s deferred compensation plans for amounts deferred in respect of 2005 and earlier years.

The Company does not believe that the impact of any unresolved proceedings constituting an Assumed Liability related to the CUC accounting irregularities should result in a material liability to the Company in relation to its consolidated financial position or liquidity, as Realogy and Wyndham each have agreed to assume responsibility for these liabilities as well as other liabilities related to the Company's litigation that is not related to its vehicle rental operations. Such litigation assumed by Realogy and Wyndham includes litigation which was retained by the Company in connection with the sale of its former Marketing Services division and a dispute regarding expenses related to a settled breach of contract claim.

In addition to the matters discussed above, the Company is also involved in claims, legal proceedings and governmental inquiries related to its vehicle rental operations, including contract disputes, business practices, intellectual property, environmental issues and other commercial, employment and tax matters, including breach of contract claims by licensees. The Company believes that it has adequately accrued for such matters as appropriate or, for matters not requiring accrual, believes that they will not have a material adverse effect on its results of operations, financial position or cash flows based on information currently available. However, litigation is inherently unpredictable and, although the Company believes that its accruals are adequate and/or that it has valid defenses in these matters, unfavorable resolutions could occur, which could have a material adverse effect on the Company s results of operations or cash flows in a particular reporting period.

Commitments to Purchase Vehicles

The Company maintains agreements with vehicle manufacturers which require the Company to purchase approximately \$5.4 billion of vehicles from these manufacturers over the next two years. These commitments are subject to the vehicle manufacturers—satisfying their obligations to repurchase vehicles from the Company under the relevant repurchase and guaranteed depreciation agreements. The Company—s featured suppliers for the Avis and Budget brands are General Motors Corporation and Ford Motor Company, respectively. The purchase of such vehicles is financed primarily through the issuance of vehicle-backed debt in addition to cash received upon the sale of vehicles under repurchase and guaranteed depreciation programs.

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Concentrations

Concentrations of credit risk at March 31, 2007 include (i) risks related to the Company s repurchase and guaranteed depreciation agreements with General Motors Corporation and Ford Motor Company with respect to program cars that were sold and returned to the car manufacturers for which the Company has not yet received payment and (ii) receivables from Realogy and Wyndham of \$511 million and \$336 million, respectively, related to certain contingent, income tax and other corporate liabilities assumed by Realogy and Wyndham in connection with the separation.

Activity with Realogy and Wyndham

During the three months ended March 31, 2007, the following transactions occurred between the Company and Realogy and Wyndham, (i) the Company realized a portion of a preferred stock investment in cash and transferred \$106 million to Realogy and Wyndham representing the proceeds received, (ii) the Company also transferred its remaining preferred stock investment to Realogy and Wyndham through the assignment of such investment, (iii) the resolution of a litigation matter for \$20 million, which was paid by Realogy and Wyndham, and (iv) settlement of other reimbursable transactions between the Company and Realogy and Wyndham of \$45 million.

13. Stockholders Equity Dividends

During the three months ended March 31, 2006, the Company paid cash dividends of \$113 million (\$1.10 per share).

Share Repurchases

During the three months ended March 31, 2006, the Company used \$221 million of available cash and \$22 million of proceeds primarily received in connection with option exercises to repurchase \$243 million of its common stock.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The after-tax components of accumulated other comprehensive income are as follows:

	Currency Translation Adjustments	Unrealized Gains on Cash Flow Hedges	Minimum Pension Liability Adjustment	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income
Balance, January 1, 2007 Current period change	\$ 67 7	\$ 30 (11)	\$ (29)	\$ 68 (4)
Balance, March 31, 2007	\$ 74	\$ 19	\$ (29)	\$ 64

All components of accumulated other comprehensive income are net of tax except currency translation adjustments, which include income taxes related to indefinite investments in foreign subsidiaries.

Total Comprehensive Income

For the three months ended March 31, 2007, the Company s total comprehensive income was \$9 million, which includes net income of \$13 million and an other comprehensive loss of \$4 million.

14. Stock-Based Compensation

The Company records compensation expense for all outstanding employee stock awards. The Company recorded pretax stock-based compensation expense of \$4 million and \$8 million (\$2 million and \$5 million, after tax) during first quarter 2007 and 2006, respectively, related to employee stock awards that were granted or modified by the Company. The expense recorded in first quarter 2006 includes a pre-tax charge of \$7 million relating to the extension of the exercisable life of certain stock options.

The Company also recorded pretax stock-based compensation expense of \$16 million (\$10 million, after tax) during first quarter 2006 within discontinued operations.

The activity related to the Company s restricted stock units (RSUs) and stock option plans consisted of (in thousands of shares):

Three Months Ended March 31, 2007 RSUs Options

		Options			
	Number of RSUs	Weighted Average Grant Price	Number of Options ^(c)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	
Balance at January 1, 2007	1,774	\$ 24.33	11,037	\$ 27.22	
Granted at fair market value	1,138	25.85			
Vested/exercised (a)			(842)	15.09	
Cancelled	(52)	24.42	(217)	29.01	
Balance at March 31, 2007 (b)	2,860	24.96	9,978	28.21	

⁽a) Stock options exercised during first quarter 2007 had an intrinsic value of \$9 million.

⁽b) As of March 31, 2007, the Company's outstanding in-the-money stock options and RSUs had aggregate intrinsic value of \$31 million and \$78 million, respectively. Aggregate unrecognized compensation expense related to outstanding stock options and RSUs amounted to \$62 million as of March 31, 2007.

⁽c) All options outstanding as of March 31, 2007 are exercisable and have a weighted average remaining contractual life of 3.2 years.

The table below summarizes information regarding the Company s outstanding and exercisable stock options as of March 31, 2007 (in thousands of shares):

	Number of
Range of Exercise Prices	Options (*)
Less than \$20.00	2,192
\$20.01 to \$25.00	284
\$25.01 to \$30.00	4,379
\$30.01 to \$35.00	1,517
\$35.01 and above	1,606
	9,978

^(*) All outstanding stock options vested in connection with the completion of the separation.

As of March 31, 2007, the Company also had approximately 0.5 million outstanding stock appreciation rights with a weighted average exercise price of \$24.40, a weighted average remaining contractual life of 6.3 years and unrecognized compensation expense of \$4 million.

15. Segment Information

The reportable segments presented below represent the Company s operating segments for which separate financial information is available and is utilized on a regular basis by its chief operating decision maker to assess performance and to allocate resources. In identifying its reportable segments, the Company also considers the nature of services provided by its operating segments. Management evaluates the operating results of each of its reportable segments based upon revenue and EBITDA, which is defined as income from continuing operations before non-vehicle related depreciation and amortization, non-vehicle related interest and income taxes. The Company s presentation of EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly-titled measures used by other companies.

	T 20	Ended March 31, 2006			
	Revenues	EBITDA	Revenues	EBITDA	
Domestic Car Rental	\$ 1,084	\$ 50	\$ 1,044	\$	31
International Car Rental	191	24	174		23
Truck Rental	83	(10)	101		1
Corporate and Other ^(a)	7	4	18		(66)
Total Company	\$ 1,365	68	\$ 1,337		(11)
Less: Non-vehicle related depreciation and amortization		24			27
Interest expense related to corporate debt, net		33			60
Income (loss) before income taxes		\$ 11		\$	(98)

⁽a) Includes unallocated corporate overhead, the elimination of transactions between segments and the results of operations of certain non-strategic businesses.

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Since December 31, 2006, there have been no significant changes in segment assets with the exception of the Company s Domestic Car Rental segment, for which assets under vehicle programs amounted to approximately \$8.7 billion and approximately \$7.7 billion at March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively.

16. Guarantor and Non-Guarantor Consolidating Financial Statements

The following consolidating financial information presents Consolidating Condensed Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006 and Consolidating Condensed Statements of Income and Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006 for: (i) Avis Budget Group, Inc. (the Parent); (ii) Avis Budget Car Rental and Avis Budget Finance, Inc. (the Subsidiary Issuers); (iii) the guarantor subsidiaries; (iv) the non-guarantor subsidiaries; (v) elimination entries necessary to consolidate the Parent with the Subsidiary Issuers, the guarantor and non-guarantor subsidiaries; and (vi) the Company on a consolidated basis. Subsidiary Issuers, guarantor and non-guarantor subsidiaries are 100% owned by the Parent, either directly or indirectly. All guarantees are full and unconditional and joint and several.

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Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for using the equity method of accounting for purposes of the consolidating presentation. The principal elimination entries relate to investments in subsidiaries and intercompany balances and transactions. For purposes of the accompanying Consolidating Condensed Statements of Income, certain expenses incurred by the Subsidiary Issuers are allocated to the guarantor and non-guarantor subsidiaries. The results of operations of discontinued operations are included in the non-guarantor subsidiaries column. Income from discontinued operations, net of tax within the parent column includes the equity in earnings from discontinued operations and gain (loss) on disposal of discontinued operations.

Consolidating Condensed Statements of Income

Three Months Ended March 31, 2007

	Parent	Subsidiary Issuers	Guarantor Subsidiaries		Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries		Eliminations	Total	
Revenues Vehicle rental	\$	\$	\$	937	\$	140	\$	\$ 1,077	
Other	3	Ψ	Ψ	205	Ψ	496	(416)	288	
Net revenues	3			1,142		636	(416)	1,365	
Expenses Operating Vehicle depreciation and lease charges, net				598 320		113 346	(304)	711	