

KATY INDUSTRIES INC  
Form 10-Q  
August 11, 2014

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United States  
Securities and Exchange Commission  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF  
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended: June 27, 2014

Or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF  
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 001-05558

Katy Industries, Inc.  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 75-1277589  
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

305 Rock Industrial Park Drive, Bridgeton, Missouri 63044  
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (314) 656-4321

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer   
Non-accelerated filer  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).  
Yes  No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock as of the latest practicable date.

Class	Outstanding at July 25, 2014
Common Stock, \$1 Par Value	7,951,176 Shares

KATY INDUSTRIES, INC.  
 FORM 10-Q  
 June 27, 2014

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IndexPART I FINANCIAL INFORMATIONItem 1. Financial Statements

KATY INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
 AS OF JUNE 27, 2014 (UNAUDITED) AND DECEMBER 31, 2013  
 (Amounts in Thousands)

ASSETS

	June 27, 2014	December 31, 2013
<b>CURRENT ASSETS:</b>		
Cash	\$512	\$ 708
Accounts receivable, net	12,752	7,206
Inventories, net	12,336	10,004
Other current assets	2,042	663
Assets held for sale	21	74
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>27,663</b>	<b>18,655</b>
<b>OTHER ASSETS:</b>		
Goodwill	2,788	-
Intangibles, Net	4,005	-
Other	1,869	1,375
<b>Total other assets</b>	<b>8,662</b>	<b>1,375</b>
<b>PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT</b>		
Land and improvements	535	251
Buildings and improvements	6,175	3,080
Machinery and equipment	53,483	52,164
	60,193	55,495
Less - Accumulated depreciation	(49,620)	(48,533 )
<b>Property and equipment, net</b>	<b>10,573</b>	<b>6,962</b>
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$46,898</b>	<b>\$ 26,992</b>

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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KATY INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
 AS OF JUNE 27, 2014 (UNAUDITED) AND DECEMBER 31, 2013  
 (Amounts in Thousands, Except Share Data)

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	June 27, 2014	December 31, 2013
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$8,408	\$5,983
Book overdraft	328	264
Accrued compensation	1,225	1,411
Accrued expenses	7,926	7,062
Payable to related party	3,400	2,750
Deferred revenue	186	186
Revolving credit agreement	22,237	7,706
Total current liabilities	43,710	25,362
DEFERRED REVENUE	227	316
OTHER LIABILITIES	3,765	3,794
Total liabilities	47,702	29,472
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 10)		
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)		
15% Convertible preferred stock, \$100 par value; authorized 1,200,000 shares; issued and outstanding 1,131,551 shares; liquidation value \$113,155	108,256	108,256
Common stock, \$1 par value; authorized 35,000,000 shares; issued 9,822,304 shares	9,822	9,822
Additional paid-in capital	27,110	27,110
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(880 )	(848 )
Accumulated deficit	(123,675)	(125,383)
Treasury stock, at cost, 1,871,128 shares	(21,437 )	(21,437 )
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	(804 )	(2,480 )
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$46,898	\$26,992

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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## KATY INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)  
FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 27, 2014 AND JUNE 28, 2013

(Amounts in Thousands, Except Per Share Data)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months		Six Months Ended	
	Ended June 27, 2014	June 28, 2013	June 27, 2014	June 28, 2013
Net sales	\$25,608	\$20,804	\$45,534	\$38,965
Cost of goods sold	21,534	17,370	38,471	33,118
Gross profit	4,074	3,434	7,063	5,847
Selling, general and administrative expenses	3,292	2,900	7,182	6,285
Severance, restructuring and related charges	-	37	-	321
Operating income (loss)	782	497	(119 )	(759 )
Interest expense	(276 )	(206 )	(557 )	(376 )
Other, net	37	37	77	71
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income tax benefit (expense)	543	328	(599 )	(1,064 )
Income tax benefit (expense) from continuing operations	3	(6 )	2,307	(13 )
Income (loss) from continuing operations	546	322	1,708	(1,077 )
(Loss) income from operations of discontinued business (net of tax)	-	(182 )	-	387
Net income (loss)	\$546	\$140	\$1,708	\$(690 )
Net income (loss)	\$546	\$140	\$1,708	\$(690 )
Other comprehensive income (loss)				
Foregin currency translation	6	1	(32 )	(11 )
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$552	\$141	\$1,676	\$(701 )
Income (loss) per share of common stock - Basic:				
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$0.07	\$0.04	\$0.21	\$(0.14 )
Discontinued operations	-	(0.02 )	-	0.05
Net income (loss)	\$0.07	\$0.02	\$0.21	\$(0.09 )
Income (loss) per share of common stock - Diluted:				
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$0.02	\$0.02	\$0.06	\$(0.14 )
Discontinued operations	-	(0.01 )	-	0.05
Net income (loss)	\$0.02	\$0.01	\$0.06	\$(0.09 )
Weighted average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	7,951	7,951	7,951	7,951
Diluted	26,810	26,810	26,810	7,951

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.



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KATY INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
 FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 27, 2014 AND JUNE 28, 2013  
 (Amounts in Thousands)  
 (Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended	
	June	
	June 27,	28,
	2014	2013
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$1,708	\$(690 )
Income from discontinued operations	-	387
Income (loss) from continuing operations	1,708	(1,077)
Depreciation	1,110	1,084
Amortization of intangible assets	61	-
Amortization of debt issuance costs	213	102
Stock-based compensation	35	19
Deferred income taxes	(2,318 )	-
	809	128
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(4,031 )	(2,566)
Inventories	(940 )	(1,994)
Other assets	(1,245 )	436
Accounts payable	1,812	2,026
Accrued expenses	338	365
Payable to related party	250	250
Deferred revenue	(90 )	(98 )
Other	(66 )	(377 )
	(3,972 )	(1,958)
Net cash used in continuing operations	(3,163 )	(1,830)
Net cash provided by discontinued operations	53	866
Net cash used in operating activities	(3,110 )	(964 )
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Payment for acquisition, net of cash received	(11,006)	-
Capital expenditures	(373 )	(193 )
Net cash used in continuing operations	(11,379)	(193 )
Net cash provided by discontinued operations	-	1,786
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(11,379)	1,593
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net borrowings	14,531	(512 )
Loan from related party	400	-
Increase (decrease) in book overdraft	64	(118 )
Direct costs associated with debt facilities	(672 )	-
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	14,323	(630 )
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash from continuing operations	(30 )	(76 )



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Effect of exchange rate changes on cash from discontinued operations	-	(25 )
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(30 )	(101 )
Net decrease in cash	(196 )	(102 )
Cash, beginning of period	708	621
Cash, end of period	\$512	\$519

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(Unaudited)

## Note 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Consolidation Policy and Basis of Presentation – The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Katy Industries, Inc. and subsidiaries in which it has a greater than 50% voting interest or significant influence, collectively “Katy” or the “Company”. All significant intercompany accounts, profits and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet at June 27, 2014 and the related Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the three and six months ended June 27, 2014 and June 28, 2013 and Cash Flows for the six months ended June 27, 2014 and June 28, 2013 have been prepared without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, and reflect all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial condition, results of operations and comprehensive income (loss) and cash flows of the Company for the interim periods. Interim results may not be indicative of results to be realized for the entire year. The condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto, together with management’s discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations, contained in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013. The Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2013 was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”).

Fiscal Year – The Company operates and reports using a 4-4-5 fiscal year which always ends on December 31. As a result, December and January do not typically consist of five and four weeks, respectively. The three months ended June 27, 2014 and June 28, 2013 consisted of 63 and 64 shipping days, respectively. The six months ended June 27, 2014 and June 28, 2013 consisted of 124 and 126 shipping days, respectively.

Use of Estimates – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Inventories – The components of inventories are as follows (amounts in thousands):

	June 27, 2014	December 31, 2013
Raw materials	\$6,363	\$ 5,803
Finished goods	11,242	9,101
Inventory reserves	(671 )	(534 )
LIFO reserve	(4,598 )	(4,366 )
	\$12,336	\$ 10,004

At June 27, 2014 and December 31, 2013, approximately 77% and 80%, respectively, of Katy’s inventories were accounted for using the last-in, first-out (“LIFO”) method of costing, while the remaining inventories were accounted for using the first-in, first-out (“FIFO”) method. Current cost, as determined using the FIFO method, exceeded LIFO cost by \$4.6 million and \$4.4 million at June 27, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

Share-Based Payment – Compensation cost recognized during the three and six months ended June 27, 2014 and June 28, 2013 includes: a) compensation cost for all stock options based on the grant date fair value amortized over the options' vesting period and b) compensation cost for outstanding stock appreciation rights ("SARs") as of June 27, 2014 and June 28, 2013 based on the June 27, 2014 and June 28, 2013 fair values, respectively. The Company re-measures the fair value of SARs each reporting period until the award is settled and compensation expense is recognized each reporting period for changes in fair value and vesting.

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Compensation income (expense) is included in selling, general and administrative expense in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss). The components of compensation income (expense) as a result of share-based payments are as follows (amounts in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 27, 28, 2014		Six Months Ended June 27, 28, 2014	
	2013		2013	

Stock appreciation right income (expense) \$9 \$60 \$(35) \$(19)

The fair value of stock options is estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. As the Company does not have sufficient historical exercise data to provide a basis for estimating the expected term, the Company uses the simplified method for estimating the expected term by averaging the minimum and maximum lives expected for each award. In addition, the Company estimated volatility by considering its historical stock volatility over a term comparable to the remaining expected life of each award. The risk-free interest rate is the current yield available on U.S. treasury issues with a remaining term equal to each award. The Company estimates forfeitures using historical results. Its estimates of forfeitures will be adjusted over the requisite service period based on the extent to which actual forfeitures differ, or are expected to differ, from their estimate. There were no stock options granted during the three and six months ended June 27, 2014 and June 28, 2013.

The fair value of SARs, a liability award, was estimated at June 27, 2014 and June 28, 2013 using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. The Company estimated the expected term by averaging the minimum and maximum lives expected for each award. In addition, the Company estimated volatility by considering its historical stock volatility over a term comparable to the remaining expected life of each award. The risk-free interest rate is the current yield available on U.S. treasury issues with a remaining term equal to each award. The Company estimates forfeitures using historical results. Its estimates of forfeitures will be adjusted over the requisite service period based on the extent to which actual forfeitures differ, or are expected to differ, from their estimate. The assumptions for expected term, volatility and risk-free rate are presented in the table below:

	June 27, 2014	June 28, 2013
Expected term (years)	2.2- 5.0	0.6- 5.0
Volatility	274.8% - 362.5%	238.2% - 353.2%
Risk-free interest rate	0.5% - 1.6%	0.1% - 1.4%

Accumulated Comprehensive Loss – The components of accumulated other comprehensive loss are foreign currency translation adjustments and pension and other postretirement benefits adjustments. The balance of foreign currency translation adjustments was \$0.6 million at June 27, 2014 and December 31, 2013. The balance of pension and other postretirement benefits adjustments was \$0.3 million at June 27, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

Segment Reporting – Operating segments are components of an enterprise about which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief decision maker or group in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. The Company's chief decision maker reviews the results of operations and requests for capital expenditures based on one industry segment: manufacturing, importing and distributing commercial cleaning and storage products. The Company's entire revenue is generated through this segment.

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Note 2. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Recently Issued Accounting Standards – In March 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued amended guidance that resolves the diversity in practice for the accounting for the cumulative translation adjustment upon derecognition of certain subsidiaries or groups of assets within a foreign entity. The amended guidance requires that when a parent entity ceases to have a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or group of assets within a foreign entity, the parent is required to release any related cumulative translation adjustment into net income in instances when a sale or transfer results in the complete or substantially complete liquidation of the foreign entity in which the subsidiary or group of assets had resided. Additionally, the amended guidance clarifies that the sale of an investment in a foreign entity includes both (1) events that result in the loss of a controlling financial interest in a foreign entity and (2) events that result in an acquirer obtaining control of an acquiree in which it held an equity interest immediately before the acquisition date. In these instances, an entity is required to release the cumulative translation adjustment into net income. We adopted the FASB's amended guidance during the six months ended June 27, 2014. The adoption of the guidance did not have a significant impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers." This ASU is a comprehensive new revenue recognition model that requires a company to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to a customer at an amount that reflects the consideration it expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. This ASU is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016 and early adoption is not permitted. Accordingly, we will adopt this ASU on January 1, 2017. Companies may use either a full retrospective or modified retrospective approach to adopt this ASU and we are currently evaluating which transition approach to use and the full impact this ASU will have on our future financial statements.

Note 3. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On January 24, 2013, the Company announced the closure of the Glit division of Continental Commercial Products, LLC. The Company ceased the majority of the operations of the division in the first quarter of 2013. In addition, the Company entered into agreements to sell certain assets related to the Glit division in the first quarter of 2013. The Company used the net proceeds from the sale of assets to settle the outstanding operating liabilities related to the division and reduce the outstanding balance under the PB Loan Agreement (as defined in Note 5 below).

On July 24, 2012, the Company announced the closure of the Container division of CCP. The Company sold certain assets related to the Container division for \$0.6 million.

On September 20, 2012, the Company sold certain assets related to the Gemtex division to 2340258 Ontario, Inc. (the "Buyer"), a corporation incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario, for \$1.0 million, \$0.7 million of which will be payable in 48 monthly installments subject to certain prepayment requirements in connection with the generation of excess cash by the Buyer. The Company used the net proceeds from the transaction to reduce its outstanding balance under the PB Loan Agreement (see Note 5).

The closure of the Glit and Container divisions and sale of the Gemtex division met the criteria for classification as discontinued operations in accordance with GAAP; therefore, the Company has classified the results of the Glit, Container and Gemtex divisions as discontinued operations for all periods presented. Selected financial data for discontinued operations is summarized as follows (amounts in thousands):

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	For the Six Months Ended June 28, 2013			
	Total	Container Division	Gemtex Division	Glit Division
Net sales	\$8,007	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,007
Operating income (loss) - net of tax	\$387	\$ (301 )	\$ 13	\$ 675
	For the Three Months Ended June 28, 2013			
	Total	Container Division	Gemtex Division	Glit Division
Net sales	\$1,047	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,047
Operating income (loss) - net of tax	\$(182 )	\$( 53 )	\$ 13	\$(142 )

The Company recognized deferred revenue of \$1.9 million in the six months ended June 28, 2013. The recognition of deferred revenue is included in net sales for the Glit Division.

The components of assets and liabilities held for sale as of June 27, 2014 and December 31, 2013 are as follows (amounts in thousands):

	June 27, 2014	December 31, 2013
Assets		
Receivables from property and equipment sales	\$ 21	\$ 74

## Note 4. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

The consolidated financial statements include basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share. Diluted per share information is calculated by considering the impact of potential common stock on the weighted average shares outstanding. Potential common stock consists of (a) incremental shares that would be available for issuance upon the assumed exercise of stock options “in the money” based on the average stock price for the respective period and (b) convertible preferred shares, owned by Kohlberg & Co. LLC (see Note 9), accounted for using the “if converted” basis, which assumes their conversion to common stock at a ratio of 16.6:1. The basic and diluted earnings per share (“EPS”) calculations are as follows:

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	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 27, 2014	June 28, 2013	June 27, 2014	June 28, 2013
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$546	\$322	\$1,708	(1,077)
Discontinued operations	-	(182 )	-	387
Net income (loss)	\$546	\$140	\$1,708	\$(690 )
Average common shares outstanding - Basic	7,951	7,951	7,951	7,951
Dilutive effect of stock options	-	-	-	-
Dilutive effect of convertible preferred stock	18,859	18,859	18,859	-
Average common shares outstanding - Diluted	26,810	26,810	26,810	7,951
Per share amount - Basic:				
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$0.07	\$0.04	\$0.21	\$(0.14 )
Discontinued operations	-	(0.02 )	-	0.05
Net income (loss)	\$0.07	\$0.02	\$0.21	\$(0.09 )
Per share amount - Diluted:				
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$0.02	\$0.02	\$0.06	\$(0.14 )
Discontinued operations	-	(0.01 )	-	0.05
Net income (loss)	\$0.02	\$0.01	\$0.06	\$(0.09 )

## Note 5. INDEBTEDNESS

On February 19, 2014, the Company and BMO Harris Bank N.A. entered into a Credit and Security Agreement (the “BMO Credit Agreement”), which provides the Company a \$27.0 million revolving credit facility, including a \$3.0 million sub-limit for letters of credit. The proceeds of the Company’s initial borrowing under the BMO Credit Agreement were used to repay the PrivateBank Loan and Security Agreement (the “PB Loan Agreement”), finance the acquisition of FTW (as defined in Note 8), and pay certain fees and expenses related to the negotiation and consummation of the BMO Credit Agreement and the acquisition. All extensions of credit under the BMO Credit Agreement are collateralized by a first priority security interest in and lien upon substantially all present and future assets and properties of the Company.

The BMO Credit Agreement has an expiration date of February 17, 2017 and its borrowing base is determined by eligible inventory, accounts receivable, machinery and equipment and owned real estate, amounting to \$25.1 million at June 27, 2014. The borrowing base under the BMO Credit Agreement is reduced by the outstanding amount of standby and commercial letters of credit. Currently, the Company’s largest letters of credit relate to its casualty insurance programs. Total outstanding letters of credit were \$1.2 million at June 27, 2014. Upon extinguishment of the PB loan Agreement, the Company was required to advance cash to PrivateBank as collateral for the outstanding letters of credit in the amount of \$1.5 million, of which \$1.0 million was still outstanding at June 27, 2014. The cash advance is recorded within other current assets and the revolving credit agreement in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. There was \$22.2 million outstanding under the BMO Loan Agreement and \$7.7 million outstanding under the PB Loan Agreement as of June 27, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

Borrowings under the BMO Credit Agreement bear interest at a per annum rate equal to, at the Borrower’s option, (a) the Base Rate plus applicable Base Rate Margin, which varies from 0.50% to 1.00% based on average excess availability, or (b) reserve adjusted Eurodollar Rate plus the applicable Eurodollar Rate Margin, which varies from

1.50% to 2.00% based on average excess availability. The Base Rate is the greatest of (i) BMO Harris' prime commercial rate as in effect on such day, (ii) the sum of the Fed Funds rate for such day plus 0.5%, and (iii) the Eurodollar Rate for one month plus 1.50%. The Eurodollar Rate is the British Bankers Association LIBOR Rate, as published by Reuters (or other commercially available source) with a term equivalent to the applicable one, two, three or six month interest period. An unused commitment fee of 25 basis points per annum is payable quarterly on the average unused amount of the BMO Credit Agreement. The BMO Credit Agreement includes financial covenants regarding fixed charge coverage ratio, maximum annual capital expenditures and minimum availability through June 2014. The Company was in compliance with the financial covenants at June 27, 2014.

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The BMO Credit Agreement requires a lockbox agreement which provides receipts (subject to certain exceptions) to be swept daily to reduce borrowings outstanding and allows for certain credit reserves to be set from time to time. These provisions in the BMO Credit Agreement cause the BMO Credit Agreement to be classified as a current liability, per guidance in the Accounting Standards Codification established by the Financial Accounting Standards Board. The Company does not expect to repay, or be required to repay, within one year, the balance of the BMO Credit Agreement, which is classified as a current liability. The BMO Credit Agreement does not expire or have a maturity date within one year, but rather has a final expiration date of February 17, 2017.

All of the debt under the BMO Credit Agreement is re-priced to current rates at frequent intervals. Therefore, its fair value approximates its carrying value at June 27, 2014. For the three and six months ended June 27, 2014, the Company had amortization of debt issuance costs, included within interest expense, of \$54,000 and \$215,000, respectively. Included in amortization of debt issuance costs for the six months ended June 27, 2014 is approximately \$109,000 of debt issuance costs written off due to the extinguishment of the PB Loan Agreement. For the three and six months ended June 28, 2013, the Company had amortization of debt issuance costs, included within interest expense, of \$54,000 and \$102,000, respectively.

## Note 6. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Certain subsidiaries have pension plans covering substantially all of their employees. These plans are noncontributory, defined benefit pension plans. The benefits to be paid under these plans are generally based on employees' retirement age and years of service. The Company's funding policies, subject to the minimum funding requirements of employee benefit and tax laws, are to contribute such amounts as determined on an actuarial basis to provide the plans with assets sufficient to meet the benefit obligations. Plan assets consist primarily of fixed income investments, corporate equities and government securities. The Company also provides certain health care and life insurance benefits for some of its retired employees. The postretirement health plans are unfunded.

Information regarding the Company's net periodic benefit cost for pension and other postretirement benefit plans for the three and six months ended June 27, 2014 and June 28, 2013 is as follows (amounts in thousands):

	Pension Benefits			
	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 27, 2014	June 28, 2013	June 27, 2014	June 28, 2013
Components of net periodic benefit cost:				
Interest cost	\$16	\$15	\$30	\$29
Expected return on plan assets	(17)	(14)	(32)	(28)
Amortization of net loss	10	11	19	23
Net periodic benefit cost	\$9	\$12	\$17	\$24

	Other Benefits			
	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 27, 2014	June 28, 2013	June 27, 2014	June 28, 2013
Components of net periodic benefit cost:				

Components of net periodic benefit cost:

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Interest cost	\$10	\$27	\$20	\$53
Amortization of net loss	(4)	14	(9)	29
Net periodic benefit cost	\$6	\$41	\$11	\$82

During the three and six months ended June 27, 2014, the Company made contributions to the pension plans of \$14,000 and \$28,000, respectively. The Company expects to contribute an additional \$28,000 to the pension plans throughout the remainder of 2014. The Company uses a December 31 measurement date for its pension and other postretirement benefit plans. The fair value of plan assets was determined by using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1 inputs per the fair value hierarchy).

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## Note 7. STOCK INCENTIVE PLANS

The Company has various stock incentive plans that provide for the granting of stock options, nonqualified stock options, SARs, restricted stock, performance units or shares and other incentive awards to certain employees and directors. Options have been granted at or above the market price of the Company's stock at the date of grant, typically vest over a three-year period, and are exercisable not less than twelve months or more than ten years after the date of grant. SARs have been granted at or above the market price of the Company's stock at the date of grant, typically vest over periods up to three years, and expire ten years from the date of issue. No more than 50% of the cumulative number of vested SARs held by an employee can be exercised in any one calendar year.

The following table summarizes stock option activity under each of the Company's applicable plans:

	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)
Outstanding at December 31, 2013	12,000	\$ 4.80		
Granted	-	\$ -		
Exercised	-	\$ -		
Expired	6,000	\$ 5.91		
Cancelled	-	\$ -		
Outstanding at June 27, 2014	6,000	\$ 3.69	0.91 years	\$ -
Vested and Exercisable at June 27, 2014	6,000	\$ 3.69	0.91 years	\$ -

The following table summarizes SARs activity under each of the Company's applicable plans:

	SARs
Non-Vested at December 31, 2013	-
Granted	4,000
Vested	(4,000 )
Cancelled	-
Non-Vested at June 27, 2014	-
Total Outstanding at June 27, 2014	50,000

At June 27, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the aggregate liability related to SARs was \$55,000 and \$20,000, respectively, and is included in accrued expenses in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

## Note 8. INCOME TAXES

The Company and its subsidiaries file income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, various states and foreign jurisdictions. The Company and its subsidiaries are generally no longer subject to U.S. federal, state and local examinations by tax authorities for years before 2009.

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As a result of the acquisition of Ft. Wayne Holdings Inc. (“FTW”), the Company recorded deferred tax liabilities of \$2.4 million which reduced its net deferred tax assets. The reduction in deferred tax assets caused a release of a valuation allowance of \$2.3 million.

As of June 27, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company had deferred tax assets, net of deferred tax liabilities, of \$79.5 and \$81.9 million, respectively. Domestic net operating loss (“NOL”) carry forwards comprised \$62.1 million of the deferred tax assets for both periods. Katy’s history of operating losses in many of its taxing jurisdictions provides significant negative evidence with respect to the Company’s ability to generate future taxable income. As a result, valuation allowances have been recorded as of such dates for the full amount of deferred tax assets, net of the amount of deferred tax liabilities.

### Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes

Included in the balances at each of June 27, 2014 and December 31, 2013 are \$0.1 million of liabilities for unrecognized tax benefits. Because of the impact of deferred tax accounting, other than interest and penalties, the recognition of these liabilities would not affect the annual effective tax rate.

The Company recognizes interest and penalties accrued related to the unrecognized tax benefits in the income tax provision. The Company had approximately \$25,000 of interest and penalties accrued at each of June 27, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

### Note 9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Kohlberg & Co., L.L.C., whose affiliate holds all 1,131,551 shares of the Company’s Convertible Preferred Stock, provides ongoing management oversight and advisory services to the Company. At June 27, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company owed Kohlberg \$3.0 million and \$2.8 million, respectively, for these services, which is recorded in current liabilities on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. For each of the three and six months ended June 27, 2014 and June 28, 2013, \$0.1 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, is recorded in selling, general and administrative expenses in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for these services.

In February 2014, loans of \$0.1 million each were received from two directors of the Company, and a loan of \$0.2 million was received from Kohlberg & Co. L.L.C., In connection with these loans, the Company entered into subordinated promissory notes with these individuals and Kohlberg & Co. L.L.C., respectively. These notes were used to finance the acquisition of FTW and are set to mature on December 31, 2014. The notes accrue interest at a rate of 15% per year, which will be paid by capitalizing such interest and adding such capitalized interest to the principal amount of the subordinated notes.

### Note 10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### General Environmental Claims

The Company and certain of its current and former direct and indirect corporate predecessors, subsidiaries and divisions are involved in remedial activities at certain present and former locations and have been identified by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (“EPA”), state environmental agencies and private parties as potentially responsible parties (“PRPs”) at a number of hazardous waste disposal sites under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (“Superfund”) or equivalent state laws and, as such, may be liable for the cost of cleanup and other remedial activities at these sites. Responsibility for cleanup and other remedial activities at a Superfund site is typically shared among PRPs based on an allocation formula. Under the federal Superfund statute, parties could be held jointly and severally liable, thus subjecting them to potential individual liability for the entire

cost of cleanup at the site. Based on its estimate of allocation of liability among PRPs, the probability that other PRPs, many of whom are large, solvent, public companies, will fully pay the costs apportioned to them, currently available information concerning the scope of contamination, estimated remediation costs, estimated legal fees and other factors, the Company has recorded and accrued for environmental liabilities in amounts that it deems reasonable and believes that any liability with respect to these matters in excess of the accruals will not be material. The ultimate costs will depend on a number of factors and the amount currently accrued represents management's best current estimate on an undiscounted basis of the total costs to be incurred. The Company expects this amount to be substantially paid over the next five to ten years.

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## Other Claims

There are a number of product liability, asbestos and workers' compensation claims pending against the Company and its subsidiaries. Many of these claims are proceeding through the litigation process and the final outcome will not be known until a settlement is reached with the claimant or the case is adjudicated. The Company estimates that it can take up to ten years from the date of the injury to reach a final outcome on certain claims. With respect to the product liability and workers' compensation claims, the Company has provided for its share of expected losses beyond the applicable insurance coverage, including those incurred but not reported to the Company or its insurance providers, which are developed using actuarial techniques. Such accruals are developed using currently available claim information, and represent management's best estimates, including estimated legal fees, on an undiscounted basis. The ultimate cost of any individual claim can vary based upon, among other factors, the nature of the injury, the duration of the disability period, the length of the claim period, the jurisdiction of the claim and the nature of the final outcome.

Although management believes that the actions specified above in this section individually and in the aggregate are not likely to have outcomes that will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flow, further costs could be significant and will be recorded as a charge to operations when, and if, current information dictates a change in management's estimates.

## Note 11. BUSINESS ACQUISITIONS

On February 19, 2014, the Company acquired all of the equity interests of FTW, the parent company of Ft. Wayne Plastics, Inc. ("FWP"), a leading manufacturer of medium- to large- sized molded plastic components, specializing in low pressure, multi-nozzle structural plastic and gas assist solutions, for \$11.5 million in cash, subject to certain pre-closing and post-closing purchase price adjustments. The acquisition of FWP's premiere manufacturing capabilities and dedication to customer service are highly complementary with the Company.

The recognized amounts of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed, based upon their fair values as of February 19, 2014 are set forth below:

Current assets	\$3,076
Long-term assets	4,349
Intangible assets	4,066
Goodwill	2,788
Total Assets Acquired	14,279
Deferred tax liabilities	(2,440 )
Other liabilities	(833 )
Total liabilities assumed	(3,273 )
Net assets acquired	\$11,006

The accompanying consolidated statements of income for the three and six months ended June 27, 2014 and June 28, 2013 do not include any revenues or expenses related to the acquisition prior to the respective closing date. The following unaudited pro forma consolidated financial information is presented as if the acquisition had occurred at the beginning of the periods presented. In addition, this unaudited pro forma financial information is provided for illustrative purposes only and should not be relied upon as necessarily being indicative of the historical results that would have been obtained if these acquisitions had actually occurred during those periods, or the results that may be obtained in the future as a result of these acquisitions.

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Pro Forma (unaudited)	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 27, 2014	2013	June 27, 2014	2013
Net Sales	\$25,625	\$25,170	\$47,063	\$47,597
Gross profit	3,979	4,296	7,182	7,493
Income (loss) from continuing operations	411	758	1,707	(264 )
Average common shares outstanding - Basic	7,951	7,951	7,951	7,951
Dilutive effect of stock options	-	-	-	-
Dilutive effect of convertible preferred stock	18,859	18,859	18,859	-
Average common shares outstanding - Diluted	26,810	26,810	26,810	7,951
Basic earnings per share	\$0.05	\$0.10	\$0.21	\$(0.03 )
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.02	\$0.03	\$0.06	\$(0.03 )

Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONSForward-Looking Statements

This report and the information incorporated by reference in this report contain various "forward-looking statements" as defined in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The forward-looking statements are based on the beliefs of our management, as well as assumptions made by, and information currently available to, our management. We have based these forward-looking statements on current expectations and projections about future events and trends affecting the financial condition of our business. Additional information concerning these and other risks and uncertainties is included in Item 1A under the caption "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013. Words and phrases such as "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "projects," "may," "should," "will," "continue," "is subject to" are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The results referred to in forward-looking statements may differ materially from actual results because they involve estimates, assumptions and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements included herein are as of the date hereof and we undertake no obligation to revise or update such statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. All forward-looking statements should be viewed with caution. These forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that may lead to results that differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statement made by us or on our behalf, including, among other things:

- Increases in the cost of, or in some cases continuation of, the current price levels of thermoplastic resins, paper board packaging, broom corn, cotton and other raw materials.
- Our inability to reduce product costs, including manufacturing, sourcing, freight, and other product costs.
- Our inability to expand our customer base and increase corresponding revenues.
- Our inability to achieve product price increases, especially as they relate to potentially higher raw material costs.
- Unfavorable economic or business conditions, as well as our exposure to the credit risks of our customers and distributors, which may reduce our sales or make it difficult to collect accounts receivable.



-Competition from foreign and domestic competitors.

-The potential impact of rising interest rates on our debt outstanding under the BMO Loan Agreement.

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-Our inability to meet covenants associated with the BMO Loan Agreement.

-Our inability to access funds under our current loan agreements or refinance our loan agreements given the current instability in the credit markets.

-Our failure to identify, and promptly and effectively remediate, any material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in our internal control over financial reporting.

-The potential impact of rising costs for insurance for properties and various forms of liabilities.

-Labor issues, including union activities that require an increase in production costs or lead to a strike, thus impairing production and decreasing sales, and labor relations issues at entities involved in our supply chain, including both suppliers and those involved in transportation and shipping.

- Changes in significant laws and government regulations affecting environmental compliance and income taxes.

OVERVIEW

We are a manufacturer, importer and distributor of commercial cleaning and storage products. Our commercial cleaning products are sold primarily to janitorial/sanitary and foodservice distributors that supply end users such as restaurants, hotels, healthcare facilities and schools. Our storage products are primarily sold through major home improvement and mass market retail outlets.

In addition, with the acquisition of Ft. Wayne Plastics (“FWP”), we provide manufacturing services producing both structural foam and injection molded products for a variety of customers in a wide range of industries.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three Months Ended June 27, 2014 versus Three Months Ended June 28, 2013

Net sales increased 23.1% from \$20.8 million during the three months ended June 28, 2013 to \$25.6 million during the three months ended June 27, 2014. The increase was a result of the acquisition of FWP; which contributed \$3.6 million in net sales for the three months ended June 27, 2014, and increased demand in our Continental business unit. The increase in net sales was partially offset, however, by a volume shortfall in our Wilen business unit and one less shipping day in the second quarter 2014 versus the second quarter 2013. Gross margin was 15.9% for the three months ended June 27, 2014, a decrease of 60 basis points from the same period a year ago. The decrease was primarily a result of lower margins on the sales mix in our Continental business unit. As a result of the increase in sales, partially offset by a lower gross margin, our gross profit increased \$0.6 million from \$3.4 million to \$4.1 million.

Selling, general and administrative (“SG&A”) expenses increased \$0.4 million to \$3.3 million for the three months ended June 27, 2014 compared to \$2.9 million for the same period a year ago. The increase was primarily due to the first quarter acquisition of FWP, which increased SG&A expenses for the three months ended June 27, 2014 and one-time settlements received during the three months ended June 28, 2013.

Operating income was \$0.8 million for the three months ended June 27, 2014, compared to \$0.5 million for the same period a year ago. The increase in operating income was primarily the result of the increase in gross profit, which was partially offset by an increase in selling, general and administrative expenses.

Interest expense increased by \$70,000 during the three months ended June 27, 2014 as compared to the three months ended June 28, 2013 as a result of higher average borrowings under the BMO Loan Agreement during the three months ended June 27, 2014. The increase was partially offset by lower interest rates for the three months ended June 27, 2014.

Income from continuing operations increased from \$0.3 million for the three months ended June 28, 2013 to \$0.5 million for the three months ended June 27, 2014 primarily due to the increase in gross profit, which was partially offset by higher selling, general, administrative and interest expenses.

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With the announced closure of the Glit division on January 24, 2013 and the closure of the Container division on July 12, 2012 all activity associated with these divisions has been classified as discontinued operations. Loss from operations for these divisions was \$0.2 million for the three months ended June 28, 2013.

Overall, we reported net income of \$0.5 million, or \$0.02 per diluted share, and a net income of \$0.1 million, or \$0.01 per diluted share, for the three months ended June 27, 2014 and June 28, 2013, respectively.

Six Months Ended June 27, 2014 versus Six Months Ended June 28, 2013

Net sales increased 16.9% from \$39.0 million during the six months ended June 28, 2013 to \$45.5 million during the six months ended June 27, 2014. The increase was a result of the acquisition of FWP, which contributed \$5.2 million in net sales for the six months ended June 27, 2014, and increased demand in our Continental business unit. The increase in net sales was partially offset, however, by a volume shortfall in our Wilen business unit and two less shipping days in the first half 2014 versus the first half 2013. Gross margin was 15.5% for the six months ended June 27, 2014, an increase of 50 basis points from the same period a year ago. The increase was primarily a result of higher margins on the sales mix in our Continental business unit. As a result of the increase in sales and gross margin our gross profit increased \$1.2 million from \$5.8 million to \$7.0 million.

Selling, general and administrative (“SG&A”) expenses increased \$0.9 million to \$7.2 million for the six months ended June 27, 2014 compared to \$6.3 million for the same period a year ago. The increase was primarily due to the acquisition of FWP for the six months ended June 27, 2014 and one-time settlements received during the six months ended June 28, 2013.

Operating loss decreased from \$0.8 million during the six months ended June 28, 2013 to \$0.1 million during the six months ended June 27, 2014. The decrease in the operating loss was primarily the result of the increase in gross profit, which was partially offset by an increase in selling, general and administrative expenses.

Interest expense increased by \$0.2 million during the six months ended June 27, 2014 as compared to the six months ended June 28, 2013 as a result of higher average borrowings under the BMO Loan Agreement and \$0.1 million of write-offs related to deferred financing fees in connection with the extinguished PB loan agreement. The increase was partially offset by lower interest rates for the six months ended June 27, 2014.

The income tax benefit for the six months ended June 27, 2014 includes a benefit as a result of the acquisition of FTW. The Company recorded deferred tax liabilities of \$2.4 million which reduced its net deferred tax assets. The reduction in deferred tax assets caused a release of a valuation allowance of \$2.3 million.

Income from continuing operations increased \$2.8 million from a loss of \$1.1 million for the six months ended June 28, 2013 to \$1.7 million for the six months ended June 27, 2014. The increase is a result of the increase in gross profit and tax benefit, which was partially offset by the increase in SG&A and interest costs.

With the announced closure of the Glit division on January 24, 2013 and the closure of the Container division on July 12, 2012 all activity associated with these divisions has been classified as discontinued operations. Income from operations for these divisions was \$0.4 million for the six months ended June 28, 2013. Income from operations includes the Glit Division’s recognition of \$1.9 million of deferred revenue for the six months ended June 28, 2013.

Overall, we reported a net income of \$1.7 million, or \$0.06 per diluted share, for the six months ended June 27, 2014, as compared to a net loss of \$0.7 million, or \$0.09 per share, for the first half of 2013.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

We require funding for working capital needs and capital expenditures. We believe that our cash flow from operations and the use of available borrowings under the BMO Loan Agreement (as defined below) provides sufficient liquidity for our operations going forward. As of June 27, 2014, we had cash of \$0.5 million and outstanding checks of \$0.3 million as compared to cash of \$0.7 million and outstanding checks of \$0.3 million at December 31, 2013. As of June 27, 2014, we had outstanding borrowings of \$22.2 million under the BMO Loan Agreement. Our unused borrowing availability at June 27, 2014 under the BMO Loan Agreement was \$2.6 million. As of December 31, 2013, we had outstanding borrowings of \$7.7 million with unused borrowing availability of \$1.6 million.

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BMO Loan Agreement

On February 19, 2014, the Company and BMO Harris Bank N.A. entered into a Credit and Security Agreement (the “BMO Credit Agreement”), which provides the Company a \$27.0 million revolving credit facility, including a \$3.0 million sub-limit for letters of credit. The proceeds of the Company’s initial borrowing under the BMO Credit Agreement were used to repay the PrivateBank Loan and Security Agreement (the “PB Loan Agreement”), finance the acquisition of FTW (as defined in Note 8), and pay certain fees and expenses related to the negotiation and consummation of the BMO Credit Agreement and the acquisition. All extensions of credit under the BMO Credit Agreement are collateralized by a first priority security interest in and lien upon substantially all present and future assets and properties of the Company.

The BMO Credit Agreement has an expiration date of February 17, 2017 and its borrowing base is determined by eligible inventory, accounts receivable, machinery and equipment and owned real estate, amounting to \$25.1 million at June 27, 2014. The borrowing base under the BMO Credit Agreement is reduced by the outstanding amount of standby and commercial letters of credit. Currently, the Company’s largest letters of credit relate to its casualty insurance programs. Total outstanding letters of credit were \$1.2 million at June 27, 2014. Upon extinguishment of the PB loan Agreement, the Company was required to advance cash to PrivateBank as collateral for the outstanding letters of credit in the amount of \$1.5 million, of which \$1.0 million was still outstanding at June 27, 2014. The cash advance is recorded within other current assets and the revolving credit agreement in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. There was \$22.2 million outstanding under the BMO Loan Agreement and \$7.7 million outstanding under the PB Loan Agreement as of June 27, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

Borrowings under the BMO Credit Agreement bear interest at a per annum rate equal to, at the Borrower’s option, (a) the Base Rate plus applicable Base Rate Margin, which varies from 0.50% to 1.00% based on average excess availability, or (b) reserve adjusted Eurodollar Rate plus the applicable Eurodollar Rate Margin, which varies from 1.50% to 2.00% based on average excess availability. The Base Rate is the greatest of (i) BMO Harris’ prime commercial rate as in effect on such day, (ii) the sum of the Fed Funds rate for such day plus 0.5%, and (iii) the Eurodollar Rate for one month plus 1.50%. The Eurodollar Rate is the British Bankers Association LIBOR Rate, as published by Reuters (or other commercially available source) with a term equivalent to the applicable one, two, three or six month interest period. An unused commitment fee of 25 basis points per annum is payable quarterly on the average unused amount of the BMO Credit Agreement. The BMO Credit Agreement includes financial covenants regarding fixed charge coverage ratio, maximum annual capital expenditures and minimum availability through June 2014. The Company was in compliance with the financial covenants at June 27, 2014.

The BMO Credit Agreement requires a lockbox agreement which provides receipts (subject to certain exceptions) to be swept daily to reduce borrowings outstanding and allows for certain credit reserves to be set from time to time. These provisions in the BMO Credit Agreement cause the BMO Credit Agreement to be classified as a current liability, per guidance in the Accounting Standards Codification established by the Financial Accounting Standards Board. The Company does not expect to repay, or be required to repay, within one year, the balance of the BMO Credit Agreement, which is classified as a current liability. The BMO Credit Agreement does not expire or have a maturity date within one year, but rather has a final expiration date of February 17, 2017.

All of the debt under the BMO Credit Agreement is re-priced to current rates at frequent intervals. Therefore, its fair value approximates its carrying value at June 27, 2014. For the three and six months ended June 27, 2014, the Company had amortization of debt issuance costs, included within interest expense, of \$54,000 and \$215,000, respectively. Included in amortization of debt issuance costs for the three months ended June 27, 2014 is approximately \$109,000 of debt issuance costs written off due to the extinguishment of the PB Loan Agreement. For the three and six months ended June 28, 2013, the Company had amortization of debt issuance costs, included within interest expense, of \$54,000 and \$102,000, respectively.

Cash Flows

Cash provided by operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities was \$0.8 million in the first half of 2014 as compared to \$0.1 million in the same period of 2013. Changes in operating assets and liabilities from continuing operations used \$4.0 million in the first half of 2014 as compared to \$2.0 million in the same period of 2013. The increase in usage is primarily attributable to an increase in accounts receivables and posting cash collateralization of \$1.0 million with PrivateBank in connection with our letters of credit.

Cash flows used by investing activities of \$11.4 million in the first half of 2014 were primarily due to the purchase of FTW.

Cash flows provided by financing activities of \$14.3 million in the first half of 2014 were due to an increase of \$13.8 million in our bank borrowings, net of debt issuance costs since December 31, 2013, primarily due to the FTW acquisition and an increase of \$0.4 million in borrowings from related parties.

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OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

As of June 27, 2014, the Company had no off-balance sheet arrangements.

ENVIRONMENTAL AND OTHER CONTINGENCIES

See Note 10 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a discussion of environmental and other contingencies.

RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

See Note 2 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a discussion of recently issued accounting pronouncements.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

We disclosed details regarding certain of our critical accounting policies in the Management's Discussion and Analysis section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 (Part II, Item 7). There have been no changes to these policies as of June 27, 2014.

Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") is reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules, regulations and related forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Katy carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (pursuant to Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period of our report. Based upon that evaluation, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in Katy's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 27, 2014 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, Katy's internal control over financial reporting.



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PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Except as otherwise noted in Note 10 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, during the quarter for which this report is filed, there have been no material developments in previously reported legal proceedings, and no other cases or legal proceedings, other than ordinary routine litigation incidental to the Company's business and other nonmaterial proceedings, were brought against the Company.

Item 1A. RISK FACTORS

We are affected by risks specific to us as well as factors that affect all businesses operating in a global market. The significant factors known to us that could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, or operating results are described in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed on March 31, 2014. There has been no material change in those risk factors.

Item 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

Item 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

Item 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not Applicable.

Item 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

Item 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit

<u>Number</u>	<u>Exhibit Title</u>	<u>Page</u>
<u>31.1</u>	CEO Certification pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	
<u>31.2</u>	CFO Certification pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	
<u>32.1</u>	CEO Certification required by 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	#
<u>32.2</u>	CFO Certification required by 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	#
10.1	Credit and Security Agreement dated February 19, 2014 among Katy Industries, Inc., Continental Commercial Products, LLC, 2155735 Ontario Inc., CCP Canada Inc., and BMO Harris Bank N.A.	*
10.2	Stock Purchase Agreement dated January 24, 2014 by and between Continental Commercial Products, LLC, FTW Holdings, Inc., certain shareholders of FTW Holdings, Inc. and Fort Wayne Plastics, Inc.	*

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101 \* Interactive data files pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-5: (i) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations, (iii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and (iv) the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. \*

\* Indicates incorporated by reference.

# These certifications are being furnished solely to accompany this report pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, and are not being filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and are not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of Katy Industries, Inc. whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.

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Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

KATY INDUSTRIES, INC.

Registrant

DATE: August 11, 2014 By /s/ David J. Feldman

David J. Feldman

President and Chief Executive Officer

By /s/ James W. Shaffer

James W. Shaffer

Vice President, Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer