IES Holdings, Inc. Form 8-K February 09, 2017

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

Current Report

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d)

of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): February 7, 2017

IES Holdings, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in Charter)

Delaware (State or Other Jurisdiction 001-13783 (Commission 76-0542208 (I.R.S. Employer

of Incorporation)

) File Number) Ide 5433 Westheimer Road, Suite 500, Houston, Texas 77056

Identification Number)

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (713) 860-1500

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2 (b))

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4 (c))

Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On February 8, 2017, IES Holdings, Inc. (the Company) issued a press release announcing its results of operations for the fiscal 2017 first quarter. A copy of the press release is furnished with this report as Exhibit 99.1.

Item 5.02 Departure of Directors or Certain Officers; Election of Directors; Appointment of Certain Officers; Compensatory Arrangements of Certain Officers.

Appointment of Todd M. Cleveland

On February 8, 2017, the Board of Directors of IES Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the Company), approved an increase in the size of the Company s Board of Directors (the Board) from six to seven members, and the Nominating and Governance Committee of the Board recommended, and the Board approved, the appointment of Todd M. Cleveland to fill the newly-created Board seat.

There is no arrangement or understanding between Mr. Cleveland and any other persons pursuant to which he was appointed to the Board. Other than the transaction described above, there are no transactions involving him that require disclosure under Item 404(a) of Regulation S-K. He is not a party to any plan, contract or arrangement with the Company in his role as a director and will receive the standard compensation received by the Company s current non-employee directors, as described in the Company s Proxy Statement dated December 29, 2016, for his service on the Board.

A copy of the press release announcing Mr. Cleveland s appointment to the Board is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.2.

Item 5.07. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

On February 7, 2017, IES Holdings, Inc. (IES or the Company) held its 2017 Annual Stockholders Meeting (the Annual Meeting). At the Annual Meeting, the Company s stockholders (1) elected all of the Company s nominees for director, (2) ratified the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as the Company s certified public accountants for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2017, (3) approved by advisory vote the compensation of the Company s named executive officers, (4) approved by advisory vote a one year frequency of the stockholders advisory vote on the compensation of the Company s named executive officers and (5) ratified the Company s Tax Benefit Protection Plan Agreement.

(1) Proposal One: Election of Directors to serve until the 2018 Annual Meeting of Stockholders and until their successors are duly elected and qualified (or until their earlier death, resignation or removal). Each director was elected as follows:

					NON
		NAME	FOR	WITHHELD	VOTE
01-	Joseph L. Dowling III		17,502,405	52,142	2,849,112
02-	David B. Gendell		15,703,239	1,851,308	2,849,112
03-	Jeffrey L. Gendell		15,752,113	1,802,434	2,849,112
04-	Joe D. Koshkin		17,415,858	138,689	2,849,112
05-	Robert W. Lewey		15,764,410	1,790,137	2,849,112
06-	Donald L. Luke		17,415,703	138,844	2,849,112

(2) Proposal Two: Ratification of the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as the Company s certified public accountants was approved as follows:

20,312,211	71,393	20,055	0
FOR	AGAINST	ABSTAIN	NON VOTE

(3) Proposal Three: Approval by advisory vote the compensation of the Company s named executive officers:

17,512,162	25,590	16,795	2,849,112
FOR	AGAINST	ABSTAIN	NON VOTE

(4) Proposal Four: Approval by advisory vote the frequency of the stockholders advisory vote on the compensation of the Company s named executive officers:

17,275,420 ONCE	8,964 ONCE	266,396 ONCE	3,767 Abstain
EVERY	EVERY	EVERY	
YEAR	TWO	THREE	
	YEARS	YEARS	

(5) Proposal Five: Ratification of the Company s Tax Benefit Protection Plan Agreement:

15,608,021	1,936,057	10,469	2,849,112
FOR	AGAINST	ABSTAIN	NON VOTE

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

On February 9, 2017, the Company posted to its website, www.ies-co.com, under the Investor Relations section, a presentation with the title IES Holdings, Inc. Fiscal 2017 First Quarter Update. A copy of the presentation is furnished with this report as Exhibit 99.3. The presentation will remain on the Company s website for a period of at least thirty days.

The information set forth herein is furnished pursuant to Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure and shall not be deemed filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of such section nor shall the information be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing of the Company.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

Exhibit Number	Description
Exhibit 99.1	Press release dated February 8, 2017 announcing results of operations.
Exhibit 99.2	

Press release dated February 9, 2017 regarding appointment of Todd Cleveland to the Board of Directors.

Exhibit 99.3 Presentation titled IES Holdings, Inc. Fiscal 2017 First Quarter Update, dated February 9, 2017.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

IES HOLDINGS, INC.

Date: February 9, 2017

/s/ Gail D. Makode Gail D. Makode Senior Vice President and General Counsel

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description			
Exhibit 99.1	Press release dated February 8, 2017 announcing results of operations.			
Exhibit 99.2	Press release dated February 9, 2017 regarding appointment of Todd Cleveland to the Board of Directors.			
Exhibit 99.3 NT> (3,587) (56,113)	Presentation titled IES Holdings, Inc. Fiscal 2017 First Quarter Update, dated February 9, 2017.			

Principal payments on lines of credit

Purchase of treasury stock

(184,993) (286,737)

Proceeds from issuance of common stock

64,412 24,613

Incremental tax benefits from stock options exercised

5,191 2,616

Net cash used in financing activities

(118,977) (315,621)

Effect of exchange rate changes on cash

6,902 10,559

Net increase in cash and cash equivalents

228,036 42,577

Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period

366,893 435,230

Cash and cash equivalents, end of period

\$594,929 \$477,807

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

INVITROGEN CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation Financial Statement Preparation

The unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared by Invitrogen Corporation according to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and, therefore, certain information and disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States have been omitted.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements for the periods presented reflect all adjustments, which are normal and recurring, necessary to fairly state the financial position, results of operations and cash flows. These unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on March 1, 2007.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Invitrogen Corporation and its majority owned or controlled subsidiaries collectively referred to as Invitrogen (the Company). All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. For purposes of these Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, gross profit is defined as revenues less cost of revenues including amortization of purchased intangibles and gross margin is defined as gross profit divided by revenues. Operating income is defined as gross profit less operating expenses, and operating margin is defined as operating income divided by revenues.

Discontinued operations relate to the sale of the Company s BioReliance business unit, which was sold on April 12, 2007, to Avista Capital Partners and the sale of BioSource Europe, S.A., a diagnostic business located in Belgium, which was sold on February 1, 2007 to a private investor group in Belgium. Unless otherwise indicated, all amounts in the prior period financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. (See Note 3).

Reclassification

The consolidated financial statements include a reclassification of amortization of purchased intangibles from operating expenses into the determination of gross profit. Certain prior period figures have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

Long-Lived Assets

The Company periodically re-evaluates the original assumptions and rationale utilized in the establishment of the carrying value and estimated lives of its long-lived assets. The criteria used for these evaluations include management s estimate of the asset s continuing ability to generate income from operations and positive cash flow in future periods as well as the strategic significance of any intangible asset to the Company s business objectives. If assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment recognized is the amount by which the carrying value of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets, which is determined by applicable market prices, when available.

Computation of Earnings (Loss) Per Share

Basic earnings per share were computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur from the following items:

Convertible subordinated notes and contingently convertible notes where the effect of those securities is dilutive;

Dilutive stock options; and

Unvested restricted stock

Computations for basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share are as follows:

(in thousands, except per share data)	Net Income (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator)	Earnings Per Share	
Three Months Ended September 30, 2007				
Basic earnings per share:				
Net income from continuing operations	\$ 30,490			
Net income from discontinued operations, net of tax	506			
Total basic earnings	\$ 30,996	46,315	\$ 0.67	
Diluted earnings per share:				
Net income from continuing operations	\$ 30,490			
Dilutive stock options		1,111		
Unvested restricted stock		23		
2% Convertible Senior Notes due 2023	24	711		
1 ¹ /2% Convertible Senior Notes due 2024	9	38		
Net income from continuing operations plus assumed conversions	30,523			
Net income from discontinued operations plus assumed conversions	506			
Total diluted earnings	\$ 31,029	48,198	\$ 0.64	
Potentially dilutive securities not included above since they are antidilutive:				
Antidilutive stock options		3,158		
3 ¹ /4% Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2025		3,562		
Three Months Ended September 30, 2006				
Basic earnings (loss) per share:	¢ 15.000			
Net income from continuing operations	\$ 15,838			
Net loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(145,631)			
Total basic loss	\$ (129,793)	51,271	\$ (2.53)	
Diluted earnings per share:				
Net income from continuing operations	\$ 15,838			
Dilutive stock options		702		
Unvested restricted stock		77		
2% Convertible Senior Notes due 2023	91	419		
1 ¹ /2% Convertible Senior Notes due 2024	29	116		
Net income from continuing operations plus assumed conversions	15,958			
Net loss from discontinued operations plus assumed conversions	(145,631)			
Total diluted loss	\$ (129,673)	52,585	\$ (2.47)	
Potentially dilutive securities not included above since they are antidilutive:				
Antidilutive stock options		5,302		
2 ¹ /4% Convertible Subordinated Notes redeemed in 2006	883	2,054		
3 ¹ /4% Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2025		3,562		

	Net Income		Earnings
	a.	Shares	
(in thousands, except per share data)	(Numerator)	(Denominator)	Per Share
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007			
Basic earnings per share:	\$ 89.779		
Net income from continuing operations	1		
Net income from discontinued operations, net of tax	12,361		
Total basic earnings	\$ 102,140	46,710	\$ 2.19
Diluted earnings per share:			
Net income from continuing operations	\$ 89,779		
Dilutive stock options		904	
Unvested restricted stock		47	
2% Convertible Senior Notes due 2023	85	377	
1 ¹ /2% Convertible Senior Notes due 2024	28	38	
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Net income from continuing operations plus assumed conversions	89,892		
Net income from discontinued operations plus assumed conversions	12,361		
Total diluted earnings	\$ 102,253	48,076	\$ 2.13
Potentially dilutive securities not included above since they are antidilutive:			
Antidilutive stock options		4,374	
3 ¹ /4% Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2025		3,562	
<u>Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006</u>			
Basic earnings (loss) per share:			
Net income from continuing operations	\$ 53,145		
Net loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(144,040)		
Total basic loss	\$ (90,895)	52,499	\$ (1.73)
Diluted earnings per share:			
Net income from continuing operations	\$ 53,145		
Dilutive stock options		767	
Unvested restricted stock		78	
2% Convertible Senior Notes due 2023	314	502	
1 ¹ /2% Convertible Senior Notes due 2024	171	231	
Net income from continuing operations plus assumed conversions	53,630		
Net loss from discontinued operations plus assumed conversions	(144,040)		
Total diluted loss	\$ (90,410)	54,077	\$ (1.67)
Potentially dilutive securities not included above since they are antidilutive:			
Antidilutive stock options		4,998	
2 ¹ /4% Convertible Subordinated Notes redeemed in 2006	2,614	2,253	
3 ¹ /4% Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2025	2,014	3,562	
Share-Based Compensation		5,502	

Share-Based Compensation

The Company has ten stock option plans: the 1995, 1997, 2000, 2001, 2002 and 2004 Invitrogen Corporation stock option plans, the 1996 and 1998 NOVEX Stock Option/Stock Issuance Plans, the Life Technologies 1995 and 1997 Long-Term Incentive Plans. During 2004, the Company s shareholders approved the 2004 Invitrogen Equity Incentive Plan (the 2004 Plan), which replaced the Company s 1995, 1997, 2000, 2001 and 2002 stock option plans (collectively, the Prior Plans). Upon approval of the 2004 Plan, all Prior Plans were frozen and a total of 5.7 million shares of the Company s common stock were reserved for granting of new awards under the 2004 Plan. The total shares reserved for issuance under the 2004 Plan includes all options and other awards that the Company has granted that are still outstanding under the Prior Plans as of September 30, 2007. Pursuant to an employment agreement entered in May 2003, the Company granted an option to purchase 675,000 shares of the Company s common stock to its Chief Executive Officer, which was granted outside any of the Company s option plans discussed

above.

The Company s 2004 Plan permits the granting of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, restricted stock units, performance awards and deferred stock awards of up to 10.8 million shares of stock. Shares of the Company s common stock granted under the 2004 Plan in the form of stock options or stock appreciation rights are counted against the 2004 Plan share reserve on a one for one basis. Shares of the Company s common stock granted under the 2004 Plan as an award other than as an option or as a stock appreciation right are counted against the 2004 Plan share reserve on a basis of 1.6 shares for each share of common stock. Stock option awards are granted to eligible employees and directors at an exercise price equal to no less than the fair market value of such stock on the date of grant. These awards, which generally vest over a period of time ranging up to four years, are exercisable in whole or in installments and expire ten years from the date of grant. Restricted stock awards and restricted stock units are granted to eligible employees and directors and represent rights to receive shares of common stock at a future date. In addition, the Company has a qualified employee stock purchase plan (purchase rights) whereby eligible employees may elect to withhold up to 15% of their compensation to purchase shares of the Company s stock on a quarterly basis at a discounted price equal to 85% of the lower of the employee s offering price or the closing price of the stock on the date of purchase.

The Company used the Black-Scholes option-pricing model (Black-Scholes model) to value share-based employee stock option and purchase right awards, which was also used for the Company s pro forma disclosure required under SFAS 123 prior to adoption of SFAS 123R on January 1, 2006. The determination of fair value of stock-based payment awards using an option-pricing model requires the use of certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of share-based compensation cost recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. Among these include expected term of options, estimated forfeitures, expected volatility of the Company s stock price, expected dividends and risk-free interest rate.

Stock Options and Purchase Rights

The underlying assumptions used to value employee stock options and purchase rights granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 were as follows:

	Nine mont Septeml	
	2007	2006
Stock Options		
Weighted average risk free interest rate	4.75%	4.94%
Expected term of share-based awards	4.5 yrs	4.2 yrs
Expected stock price volatility	28%	33%
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%
Weighted average fair value of share-based awards granted	\$ 22.95	\$ 22.81
Purchase Rights		
Weighted average risk free interest rate	4.76%	5.01%
Expected term of share-based awards	1.1 yrs	1.1 yrs
Expected stock price volatility	28%	34%
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%
Weighted average fair value of share-based awards granted	\$ 18.78	\$ 19.91

The Company is required to estimate forfeitures at the time of grant and revise those estimates in subsequent periods on a cumulative basis in the period the estimated forfeiture rate changes. The Company considered its historical experience of pre-vesting option forfeitures as the basis to arrive at its estimated annual pre-vesting option forfeiture rate of 9.9% and 10.6% per year for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. All option awards, including those with graded vesting, were valued as a single award with a single average expected term and are amortized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of the awards, which is generally the vesting period. At September 30, 2007, \$48.0 million remained in unrecognized compensation cost related to employee stock options (including stock options assumed in business combinations), which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.1 years. No compensation cost was capitalized during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 as the amounts involved were not material.

Total share-based compensation expense for employee stock options (including stock options assumed in business combinations) and purchase rights for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 is comprised of the following:

	Three months ended September 30,			ths ended ber 30,
(in thousands, except per share amounts)	2007	2006	2007	2006
Cost of revenues	\$ 1,398	\$ 712	\$ 4,379	\$ 2,214
Sales and marketing	1,490	1,185	4,668	3,658
General and administrative	4,843	7,153	15,163	22,083
Research and development	1,006	1,025	3,150	3,145
Share-based compensation expense before taxes	8,737	10,075	27,360	31,100
Related income tax benefits	2,438	2,289	7,599	6,946
Share-based compensation expense, net of taxes	\$ 6,299	\$ 7,786	\$ 19,761	\$ 24,154
Net share-based compensation expense per common share:				
Basic	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.42	\$ 0.46

Diluted

Restricted Stock Units

Restricted stock units represent a right to receive shares of common stock at a future date determined in accordance with the participant s award agreement. An exercise price and monetary payment are not required for receipt of restricted stock units or the shares issued in settlement of the award. Instead, consideration is furnished in the form of the participant s services to the Company. Restricted stock units generally vest over three to four years. Compensation cost for these awards is based on the estimated fair value on the date of grant and recognized as compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. There were no pre-vesting forfeitures estimated for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006. For the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, the Company recognized \$2.0 million and \$1.5 million, respectively, and the Company recognized \$5.3 million and \$3.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, \$9.5 million remained in unrecognized compensation cost related to these awards, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.0 years. The weighted average fair value of restricted stock units granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 was \$65.30 and \$66.79, respectively.

During 2007, the Company awarded performance share-based grants. For the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Company recognized \$1.3 million and \$3.0 million in performance share-based compensation cost, respectively. As of September 30, 2007, there was \$12.0 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to performance share-based compensation arrangements. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.9 years.

Restricted Stock Awards

During 2004 and 2003, the Company issued 20,000 and 155,000 shares of restricted stock awards, respectively, with a weighted average grant date fair value of \$72.77 for issuances during 2004 and \$49.34 for issuances during 2003 to certain executive officers and key employees. The awards generally vest over four years. Compensation cost for these restricted stock awards is based on the estimated fair value on the date of grant and recognized as compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. There were no pre-vesting forfeitures estimated for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006. For the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, the Company recognized \$0.2 million and \$0.5 million, respectively, and the Company recognized \$1.0 million and \$1.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, in share-based compensation cost related to these restricted stock awards.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities*, which allows entities to account for most financial instruments at fair value rather than under other applicable generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), such as historical cost. The accounting results in the instrument being marked to fair value every reporting period with the gain/loss from a change in fair value recorded in the income statement. SFAS 159 is effective as of the beginning of an entity s first fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2007. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of the previous fiscal year provided that the entity makes that choice in the first 120 days of that fiscal year and also elects to apply the provisions of FASB Statement No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*. The Company does not believe that the adoption of this statement will have a material impact on our financial statements.

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) 158, *Employers Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans*, which requires that we recognize the overfunded or underfunded status of our defined benefit and retiree medical plans (our Plans) as an asset or liability and to recognize as a component of other comprehensive income, including the gain or losses and prior service costs or credits and the transition asset or obligation remaining from the initial application of SFAS 87, *Employers Accounting for Pensions*, are adjusted as they are subsequently recognized as components of net periodic benefit cost pursuant to the recognition and amortization provisions of those statements in our 2006 year-end balance sheet. SFAS 158 also requires us to measure the funded status of our Plans as of our year-end balance sheet date no later than 2008. Aggregated net increase in other comprehensive income due to the adoption of SFAS 158 was \$5.4 million for the foreign plans and no impact on the domestic plans as of December 31, 2006. The Company currently expects to adopt in the fourth fiscal quarter of 2008 the provisions of SFAS 158 relating to the changes in measurement date, which is not expected to have a material impact on the Company s consolidated financial statements.

In June 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48 (FIN 48), *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes*, an interpretation of SFAS 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*. FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertain tax positions. FIN 48 prescribes a comprehensive model for how companies should recognize, measure, present and disclose in their financial statements uncertain tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. Under FIN 48, tax positions shall initially be

recognized in the financial statements when it is more likely than not the position will be sustained upon examination by the tax authorities. Such tax positions shall initially and subsequently be measured as the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50% likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement with the tax authority, assuming full knowledge of the position and all relevant facts. FIN 48 also revises disclosure requirements to include an annual tabular rollforward of unrecognized tax benefits. The provisions of this interpretation are required to be adopted for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2006. The Company adopted this provision beginning January 1, 2007. Net impact due to the adoption of FIN 48 was \$1.4 million decrease to retained earnings.

2. Composition of Certain Financial Statement Items

Investments

Investments consisted of the following:

	Sept	tember 30,	Dec	ember 31,		
(in thousands)	(Uı	2007 (Unaudited)				2006
Short-term						
Auction Rate Securities	\$	50,064	\$			
U.S. Treasury and Agency obligations				8,914		
Total short-term investments Long-term		50,064		8,914		
Equity securities		753		2,850		
Total long-term investments		753		2,850		
Total investments	\$	50,817	\$	11,764		

Inventories

Inventories consisted of the following:

	September 30,	De	ecember 31,
	2007		2006
(in thousands)	(Unaudited)		
Raw materials and components	\$ 28,418	\$	27,003
Work in process (materials, labor and overhead)	31,577		23,536
Finished goods (materials, labor and overhead)	104,982		95,735
Adjustment to write up acquired finished goods inventory to fair value	2		126
Total inventories	\$ 164,979	\$	146,400

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consisted of the following:

	Estimated useful life	2007	2006
(in thousands)	(In years)	(Unaudited)	
Land		\$ 19,617	\$ 18,956
Building and improvements	1-50	173,289	168,323
Machinery and equipment	1-10	154,650	148,051
Internal use software	1-10	115,678	58,597
Construction in process		10,093	37,757
Total property and equipment		473,327	431,684
Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(187,825)	(156,265)
Total property and equipment, net		\$ 285,502	\$ 275,419

Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The \$42.9 million increase in goodwill on the consolidated balance sheets from December 31, 2006 to September 30, 2007 was the result of \$39.0 million in foreign currency translation and \$6.1 million related to the acquisition of Cascade Biologics, Inc. (Cascade) during the second quarter of fiscal year 2007, offset by \$1.1 million in adjustments for prior year acquisitions and \$1.1 million decrease due to the application of FIN 48 to tax provisions taken in certain preacquisition tax returns.

Intangible assets consisted of the following:

	Weighted average	September 30, 2007		Weighted average		ember 31, 20	06		
(in thousands)	Life		oss carrying amount (Unaudited)	ccumulated nortization	Life		oss carrying amount		ccumulated nortization
Amortized intangible assets:									
Purchased technology	7 years	\$	768,135	\$ (549,237)	7 years	\$	758,748	\$	(477,719)
Purchased tradenames and trademarks	8 years		83,180	(50,082)	7 years		78,273		(45,327)
Purchased customer base	5 years		51,216	(28,247)	12 years		46,950		(19,896)
Other intellectual property	6 years		45,019	(26,879)	6 years		44,590		(21,365)
Total intangible assets		\$	947,550	\$ (654,445)		\$	928,561	\$	(564,307)
Intangible assets not subject to amortization:									
Purchased tradenames and trademarks		\$	7,451			\$	7,451		

Amortization expense related to intangible assets for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 was \$26.3 million and \$30.4 million, respectively, and \$81.8 million and \$83.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Estimated aggregate amortization expense is expected to be \$14.5 million for the remainder of fiscal year 2007. Estimated aggregate amortization expense for fiscal years 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011 is \$57.6 million, \$54.7 million, \$50.0 million and \$43.9 million, respectively.

Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Total comprehensive income consisted of the following:

		onths ended mber 30,	Nine mon Septem	
(in thousands, unaudited)	2007	2006	2007	2006
Net income (loss), as reported	\$ 30,996	\$ (129,793)	\$ 102,140	\$ (90,895)
Unrealized gain on investments, net of related tax effects		523		2,150
Unrealized loss on hedging transactions, net of related tax effects		139		(1,548)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	37,798	1,157	63,034	38,266
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 68,794	\$ (127,974)	\$ 165,174	\$ (52,027)

3. Discontinued Operations

In April 2007, Invitrogen completed the sale of its BioReliance subsidiary to Avista Capital Partners and received net cash proceeds of approximately \$209.0 million. No additional loss on the sale was recorded in 2007. The results of operations for BioReliance for the period from January through April 2007 and the results for all prior periods are reported as discontinued operations. Additionally, the Company finalized the sale of BioSource Europe, S.A., a diagnostic business located in Belgium, on February 1, 2007 to a private investor group in Belgium for proceeds of \$5.5 million. Net proceeds from both acquisitions less cash spent as part of the disposal process were \$209.9 million.

We have reclassified the consolidated financial statements for all periods presented to reflect BioReliance and BioSource Europe, S.A. as discontinued operations as these businesses meet the criteria as a component of an entity under SFAS No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets. Accordingly, any operating results of these businesses are presented in the Company s Consolidated Statements of Operations as discontinued operations, net of income tax, and all prior periods have been reclassified. The components of discontinued operations for the periods presented are as follows:

(in thousands, unaudited)		nonths ended tember 30, 2006
Net revenues	\$ 15	\$ 26,847
Cost of revenues	8	24,036
Gross profit	7	2,811
Operating expenses	(2)	(875)
Impairment of goodwill		(150,000)
Non-operating income (expense)	501	(232)
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations before income taxes	506	(148,296)
Income tax benefit		2,665
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$ 506	\$ (145,631)

	Septer	nths ended nber 30,
(in thousands, unaudited)	2007	2006
Net revenues	\$ 29,962	\$ 84,093
Cost of revenues	22,357	62,362
Gross profit	7,605	21,731
Operating expenses	(6,309)	(18,068)
Impairment of goodwill		(150,000)
Non-operating income	5,457	451
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations before income taxes	6,753	(145,886)
Income tax benefit	5,608	1,846
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$ 12,361	\$ (144,040)

The net assets of discontinued operations consisted of the following:

(in thousands, unaudited)	September 30, 2007	December 31, 20
Cash	\$ 651	\$ 23,71
Accounts receivable		27,74
Other current assets		5,79
Property, plant and equipment, net		25,52
Goodwill		145,16
Intangibles, net		20,04
Other assets		14,59
Total assets of discontinued operations	\$ 651	\$ 262,57
Accounts payable	\$	\$ 6,81

Accrued expenses and other current liabilities Other liabilities	3,233	11,643 9,709
Total liabilities of discontinued operations	\$ 3,233	\$ 28,171

4. Business Combinations and Consolidations Costs

The Company continues to integrate recent acquisitions into its operations and recorded approximately \$2.3 million and \$4.8 million, respectively, for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 and \$2.6 million and \$8.0 million, respectively, for the three and nine month periods ended to these efforts. These expenses relate primarily to the severance and other costs associated with consolidations.

5. Segment Information

The Company has two reportable segments: BioDiscovery and Cell Culture Systems.

The BioDiscovery product segment includes molecular biology, cell biology and drug discovery product lines. Molecular biology encompasses products from the initial cloning and manipulation of DNA, to examining RNA levels and regulating gene expression in cells, to capturing, separating and analyzing proteins. These products include the research tools used in reagent and kit form that simplify and improve gene acquisition, gene cloning, gene expression and gene analysis techniques. This segment also includes a full range of enzymes, nucleic acids, other biochemicals and reagents. The Company also offers software that enables the analysis and interpretation of genomic, proteomic and other biomolecular data for application in pharmaceutical, therapeutic and diagnostic development.

The Cell Culture Systems (CCS) product segment includes all of our cell culture products and services business. Products include sera, growth factors, cell and tissue culture media used in both life sciences research and to produce biopharmaceuticals and other end products made through cultured cells. Cell Culture services include the creation of commercially viable stable cell lines and the optimization of production processes used for the production of therapeutic drugs.

The Company does not have intersegment revenues that are material to the overall consolidated financial statements. In addition, the Company does not currently segregate assets by segment as a majority of the Company s total assets are shared or considered non-segment assets. As a result, the Company has determined it is not useful to assign its shared assets to individual segments.

Segment information was as follows:

				C	orporate	
					and	
(dollars in thousands, unaudited)	Bio	Discovery	 ll Culture Systems	Una	allocated ⁽¹⁾	Total
Three Months Ended September 30, 2007						
Revenues from external customers	\$	220,366	\$ 94,593			\$ 314,959
Gross profit		154,296	48,654		(28,160)	174,790
Gross margin		70%	51%			55%
Selling and administrative		72,260	25,706		6,328	104,294
Research and development		24,141	3,424		1,006	28,571
Business integration costs					2,267	2,267
Operating income (loss)	\$	57,895	\$ 19,524	\$	(37,761)	\$ 39,658
Operating margin		26%	21%			13%
Three Months Ended September 30, 2006						
Revenues from external customers	\$	199,510	\$ 84,687			\$ 284,197
Gross profit		127,223	45,523		(28,486)	144,260
Gross margin		64%	54%			51%
Selling and administrative		64,075	18,956		8,338	91,369
Research and development		22,353	2,872		1,025	26,250

Cornorate

Business integration costs			2,644	2,644
Operating income (loss)	\$ 40,795	\$ 23,695	\$ (40,493)	\$ 23,997
Operating margin	20%	28%		8%
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007	2070	2070		070
Revenues from external customers	\$ 663,193	\$ 282,109		\$ 945,302
Gross profit	468,877	139,472	(86,683)	521,666
Gross margin	71%	49%		55%
Selling and administrative	215,255	74,178	19,824	309,257
Research and development	71,361	10,109	3,150	84,620
Business integration costs			4,789	4,789
Operating income (loss)	\$ 182,261	\$ 55,185	\$ (114,446)	\$ 123,000
Operating margin	28%	20%		13%
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006				
Revenues from external customers	\$ 604,044	\$ 245,548		\$ 849,592
Gross profit	411,364	127,270	(88,850)	449,784
-				
Gross margin	68%	52%		53%
Selling and administrative	197,414	61,695	25,741	284,850
Research and development	68,600	7,993	3,145	79,738
Business integration costs			8,043	8,043
Operating income (loss)	\$ 145,350	\$ 57,582	\$ (125,779)	\$ 77,153
Operating margin	24%	24%		9%

(1) Unallocated items for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 include noncash charges for purchase accounting inventory revaluations of \$0.5 million and \$0.3 million, amortization of purchased intangibles of \$26.3 million and \$27.7 million, amortization of deferred compensation of zero and \$0.1 million, business consolidation costs of \$2.3 million and \$2.6 million, and expenses related to share-based payments as a result of the adoption of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), Share-Based Payments, of \$8.7 million and \$9.9 million, respectively. Unallocated items for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 include noncash charges for purchase accounting inventory revaluations of \$0.5 million and \$4.4 million, amortization of purchased intangibles of \$81.8 million and \$83.5 million, amortization of deferred compensation of immaterial and \$0.5 million, business consolidation costs of \$4.8 million and \$80.0 million, and expenses related to share-based payments as a result of the adoption of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), Share-Based round \$8.0 million, and expenses related to share-based payments as a result of the adoption of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), Share-Based Payments, of \$2.7.4 million and \$30.6 million, respectively. These items are not allocated by management for purposes of analyzing the operations since they are principally non-cash or other costs resulting primarily from business restructuring or purchase accounting that are separate from ongoing operations.

6. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following:

	September 30,		ember 30, Decem	
(in thousands)	(1	2007 (Unaudited)		2006
3 ¹ /4% Convertible Senior Notes (principal due 2025)	\$	350,000	\$	350,000
1 ¹ /2% Convertible Senior Notes (principal due 2024)		450,000		450,000
2% Convertible Senior Notes (principal due 2023)		350,000		350,000
Capital leases		11		
Other		1,258		2,785
Total debt		1,151,269		1,152,785
Less current portion		(566)		(1,961)
Total long-term debt	\$	1,150,703	\$	1,150,824

7. Lines of Credit

On January 9, 2006, the Company entered into a syndicated \$250.0 million senior secured credit facility (the Credit Facility) with Bank of America, N.A. Interest rates on outstanding borrowings are determined by reference to LIBOR or to an alternate base rate, with margins determined based on changes in the Company s leverage ratio. Under the terms of the Credit Facility, the Company may request that the aggregate amount available be increased by \$100.0 million of additional financing, subject to certain conditions having been met, including the availability of additional lender commitments. The Credit Facility contains various representations, warranties and affirmative, negative and financial covenants and conditions of default customary for financings of this type. The Company currently anticipates using the proceeds of the Credit Facility for the purpose of general working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions and/or other capital needs as they may arise. The Credit Facility will terminate and all amounts outstanding under it will be due and payable in full on January 6, 2011. As of September 30, 2007, the available credit is \$243.3 million as the Company has issued \$6.7 million in letters of credit through the facility.

At September 30, 2007, the Company s foreign subsidiaries in Brazil, China, Japan and Norway had available bank lines of credit denominated in local currency to meet short-term working capital requirements. The credit facilities bear interest at a fixed rate, the People s Bank of China rate, the Norwegian NIBOR rate, the Japan TIBOR and Mizhuho prime rate. The weighted average interest rate of these lines of credit was 4.2% at September 30, 2007. Under these lines of credit, the U.S. dollar equivalent of these facilities totaled \$21.1 million, none of which was outstanding at September 30, 2007. There were no parent company guarantees associated with these facilities.

8. Commitments and Contingencies

Letters of Credit

The Company had outstanding letters of credit totaling \$6.7 million at September 30, 2007, of which \$5.0 million was to support liabilities associated with the Company s self-insured worker s compensation programs and \$1.7 million was to support its building lease requirements. These liabilities are reflected in other current liabilities and long-term deferred credits and reserves in the Consolidated Balance Sheets at September 30, 2007.

Executive Employment Agreements

The Company has employment contracts with key executives that provide for the continuation of salary if terminated for reasons other than cause, as defined in those agreements. At September 30, 2007, future employment contract commitments for such key executives were approximately \$17.1 million for the remainder of fiscal year 2007.

Contingent Acquisition Obligations

Pursuant to the purchase agreements for certain prior year acquisitions, the Company could be required to make additional contingent cash payments based on the achievement of certain operating results of the acquired companies. Payments aggregating a maximum of \$53.5 million based upon certain percentages of future gross sales of the acquired companies could be required through 2007. Additional payments of \$5.0 million could be required of the Company based upon the achievement of certain development milestones through 2008. For the three and the nine months ended September 30, 2007, none of the contingent payments have been earned or paid for research and development milestones or for the achievement of operating results.

In addition, the purchase agreement for one of the prior year acquisitions may require the Company to make additional contingent cash payments based on percentages of future gross sales of the acquired company through 2009. The purchase agreement does not limit the payment to a maximum amount. The Company will account for any such contingent payments as an addition to the purchase price of the acquired company.

Environmental Liabilities

The Company assumed certain environmental exposures as a result of the merger with Dexter Corporation in 2000 and recorded reserves to cover estimated environmental clean-up costs. The environmental reserves, which are not discounted, were \$7.1 million at September 30, 2007, and include current reserves of \$0.8 million, which are estimated to be paid during this fiscal year, and long-term reserves of \$6.3 million. In addition, the Company has an insurance policy to cover these assumed environmental exposures. Based upon currently available information, the Company believes that it has adequately provided for these environmental exposures and that the outcome of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on its consolidated results of operations.

Intellectual Properties

The Company is involved in various claims and legal proceedings of a nature considered normal to its business, including protection of its owned and licensed intellectual property. The Company accrues for such contingencies when it is probable that a liability is incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. These accruals are adjusted periodically as assessments change or additional information becomes available. Specific royalty liabilities related to acquired businesses have been recorded on the consolidated financial statements at September 30, 2007.

Litigation

The Company is subject to potential liabilities under government regulations and various claims and legal actions that are pending or may be asserted. These matters have arisen in the ordinary course and conduct of the Company s business, as well as through acquisitions, and some are expected to be covered, at least partly, by insurance. Claim estimates that are probable and can be reasonably estimated are reflected as liabilities of the Company. The ultimate resolution of these matters is subject to many uncertainties. It is reasonably possible that some of the matters that are pending or may be asserted could be decided unfavorably to the Company. Although the amount of liability at September 30, 2007 with respect to these matters cannot be ascertained, the Company believes that any resulting liability should not materially affect its consolidated financial statements.

9. Pension Plans and Postretirement Health and Benefit Program

The Company has several defined benefit pension plans covering its U.S. employees and employees in several foreign countries.

The components of net periodic pension cost for the Company s pension plans and postretirement health and benefit program for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 were as follows:

		Domestic Plans Nine months ended						
(in thousands)		onths ended mber 30, 2006	Septem 2007	ber 30, 2006				
Service cost	\$ 20	\$ 19	\$ 60	\$ 59				
Interest cost	842	835	2,519	2,491				
Expected return on plan assets	(1,059) (947)	(3,066)	(2,788)				
Amortization of prior service cost	59	59	179	179				
Amortization of actuarial loss	240	376	856	1,182				
Net periodic pension cost	\$ 102	\$ 342	\$ 548	\$ 1,123				

	Foreign Plans			
	Nine months ended			
	Three months ended			
	Septem	ber 30,	September 30,	
(in thousands)	2007	2006	2007	2006
Service cost	\$ 1,195	\$ 1,192	\$ 3,501	\$ 3,570
Interest cost	840	717	2,468	2,101
Expected return on plan assets	(674)	(644)	(1,981)	(1,880)
Amortization of actuarial loss	151	155	445	454
Net periodic pension cost	\$ 1,512	\$ 1,420	\$ 4,433	\$ 4,245

10. Income Taxes

Effective January 1, 2007, the Company adopted FASB Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes (FIN 48). FIN 48 prescribes a more-likely-than-not threshold for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. This interpretation also provides guidance on derecognition of income tax assets and liabilities, classification of current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities, accounting for interest and penalties associated with tax positions, accounting for income taxes in interim periods and income tax disclosures.

As of September 30 and January 1, 2007, the total amount of gross unrecognized tax benefits was \$29.0 million and \$25.2 million, respectively, of which \$21.2 million and \$17.6 million, respectively, would reduce our income tax expense and effective tax rate, if recognized. The cumulative effects of applying this interpretation have been recorded as a decrease of \$1.4 million to retained earnings, an increase of \$2.7 million to net deferred income tax assets, a decrease to goodwill of \$1.1 million and an increase of \$3.1 million to income taxes payable.

In conjunction with the adoption of FIN 48, the Company has classified uncertain tax positions as non-current income tax liabilities unless expected to be paid in one year. The Company s continuing practice is to recognize interest and/or penalties related to income tax matters in income tax expense. As of September 30 and January 1, 2007, the total amount of accrued income tax-related interest and penalties included in the consolidated statements of operations was \$2.9 million and \$1.8 million, respectively.

The Company is subject to routine compliance reviews on various tax matters around the world in the ordinary course of business. Currently, audits are occurring in the United States, United Kingdom, Norway, and various other tax jurisdictions. The United States audit cycle for the consolidated income tax returns for the year ended 2004 is expected to be completed in 2008. After the 2004 audit cycle, the remaining years subject to examinations are 2005 and 2006.

At September 30, 2007, global audit resolutions over the next twelve months could potentially reduce unrecognized tax benefits up to \$2.0 million, either because tax positions are sustained or the Company agrees to the audit disallowance, depending on the outcomes of ongoing examinations.

11. Stock Repurchase Program

In August 2006, the Company s Board of Directors authorized a \$500 million share repurchase program of the Company s common stock. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, under this plan the Company repurchased zero and 2.2 million shares, respectively, at a total cost of approximately zero and \$150.0 million, respectively. The cost of repurchased shares are included in treasury stock and reported as a reduction in stockholders equity. As of September 30, 2007, management has completed stock repurchases up to this \$500 million authorization.

In July 2007, the Board approved a program authorizing management to repurchase up to \$500 million of common stock over the next three years. Under this plan, the Company repurchased 0.4 million shares at a total cost of approximately \$35.0 million during the third quarter of 2007. The cost of repurchased shares are included in treasury stock and reported as a reduction in stockholders equity.

ITEM 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto included elsewhere in this report and the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto included in our annual report on Form 10-K.

Forward-looking Statements

Any statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q about our expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, prospects, financial condition, assumptions or future events or performance are not historical facts and are forward-looking statements as that term is defined under the Federal Securities Laws. These statements are often, but not always, made through the use of words or phrases such as believe, anticipate, should, intend, plan, will, expects, estimates, projects, positioned, strategy, outlook, and similar words. You should read statements that types of words carefully. Such forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from what is expressed or implied in such forward-looking statements. There may be events in the future that we are not able to predict accurately or over which we have no control. Potential risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, those discussed below under Risk Factors and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report as well as other risks and uncertainties detailed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 1, 2007. We do not undertake any obligation to release publicly any revisions to such forward-looking statements or uncertainties after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

OVERVIEW

Revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 were \$315.0 million and \$945.3 million, respectively, with income from continuing operations of \$30.5 million and \$89.8 million, respectively, and net income of \$31.0 million and \$102.1 million, respectively.

Our Business and Operating Segments

We are a leading developer, manufacturer and marketer of research tools in reagent, kit and high throughput application forms to customers engaged in life sciences research, drug discovery, diagnostics and the commercial manufacture of biological products. Additionally we are a leading supplier of sera, cell and tissue culture media and reagents used in life sciences research, as well as in processes to grow cells in the

laboratory and produce pharmaceuticals and other high valued proteins.

We conduct our business through two principal segments:

BioDiscovery. Our BioDiscovery segment includes molecular biology, cell biology and drug discovery product lines. Molecular biology encompasses products from the initial cloning and manipulation of DNA, to examining RNA levels and regulating gene expression in cells, to capturing, separating and analyzing proteins. These include the research tools used in reagent and kit form that simplify and improve gene acquisition, gene cloning, gene expression and gene analysis techniques. This segment also includes a full range of enzymes, nucleic acids, other biochemicals and reagents. These biologics are manufactured to the highest research standards and are matched in a gene specific, validated manner (gene, ORF, RNAi, protein, antibodies, etc.) to ensure researchers the highest purity and scientific relevance for their experimentation. We also offer software through this segment that enables more efficient, accelerated analysis and interpretation of genomic, proteomic and other biomolecular data for application in pharmaceutical, therapeutic and diagnostic development. The acquisitions of Zymed, Caltag, Dynal and Biosource have enhanced our ability to offer new technology and products, such as antibodies and proteins (Zymed, Caltag and BioSource) and magnetic beads used for biological separation (Dynal), which is the first step in almost every biologic investigative or diagnostic process.

Cell Culture Systems (CCS). Our CCS segment includes all of our GIBCO cell culture products and services. Products include sera, cell and tissue culture media, reagents used in both life sciences research and in processes to grow cells in the laboratory and to produce biopharmaceuticals and other end products made through cultured cells. CCS services include the creation of commercially viable stable cell lines and the optimization of production processes used for the production of therapeutic drugs. The principal markets for our products include the life sciences research market and the biopharmaceutical production market. The life sciences research market consists of laboratories generally associated with universities, medical research centers, government institutions and other research institutions as well as biotechnology, pharmaceutical, energy, agricultural and chemical companies. Life sciences researchers use our reagents and informatics to perform a broad range of experiments in the laboratory.

The biopharmaceutical production market consists of biotechnology and pharmaceutical companies that use sera and media for the production of clinical and commercial quantities of biopharmaceuticals and vaccines. The selection of sera and media generally occurs early in the clinical process and continues through commercialization. Other industries consume sera and media for the commercial production of genetically engineered products including food processing and agricultural industries.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

There were no significant changes in critical accounting policies from those at December 31, 2006. For additional information on the recent accounting pronouncements impacting our business, see Note 1 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Discontinued Operations

In April 2007, Invitrogen completed the sale of its BioReliance subsidiary to Avista Capital Partners and received net cash proceeds of approximately \$209.0 million. No additional loss on the sale was recorded in 2007. The results of operations for BioReliance for the period from January through April 2007 and the results for all prior periods are reported as discontinued operations.

Additionally, the Company finalized the sale of BioSource Europe, S.A., a diagnostic business located in Belgium, on February 1, 2007 to a private investor group in Belgium.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Third Quarter of 2007 Compared to the Third Quarter of 2006

The following table compares revenues and gross margin by segment for the third quarter of 2007 and 2006:

	Three months ended			
	September 30,			
(in millions)(unaudited)	2007	2006	Increase	% Increase
BioDiscovery revenues	220.4	\$ 199.5	\$ 20.9	10%

Cell Culture Systems revenues	94.6	84.7	9.9	12%
Total revenues	\$ 315.0	\$ 284.2	\$ 30.8	11%
BioDiscovery gross margin Cell Culture Systems gross margin Total gross margin	70% 51% 55%	64% 54% 51%		

Revenues

The Company s revenues increased by \$30.8 million or 11% for the third quarter of 2007 compared to the third quarter of 2006. The increase in revenue was driven by \$19.7 million in volume and price, \$9.4 million due to favorable currency impacts and \$1.7 million in royalty and other increases. For details on segment performance, refer to the Segment Results section below.

Gross Profit

Gross profit increased \$30.5 million or 21% in the third quarter of 2007 compared to the third quarter of 2006. The increase in gross profit was driven primarily by \$13.9 million in increased volume and pricing, \$7.7 million from production efficiency, \$6.1 million due to favorable currency impacts and \$2.8 million in royalty and other increases. Amortization expense related to purchased intangible assets acquired in our business combinations was \$26.3 million for the third quarter of 2007 compared to \$27.7 million for the third quarter of 2006.

Operating Expenses

The following table compares operating expenses by segment for the third quarter of 2007 and 2006:

	Three months ended September 30,					
	2	2007	2	006		
	Operating	As a percentage of segment	Operating	As a percentage of segment	\$ Increase	% Increase
(in millions)(unaudited)	expense	revenues	expense	revenues	(decrease)	(decrease)
BioDiscovery segment:						
Sales and marketing	46.9	21%	43.0	22%	3.9	9%
General and administrative	25.3	11%	21.0	11%	4.3	20%
Research and development	24.2	11%	22.4	11%	1.8	8%
Cell Culture segment:						
Sales and marketing	15.5	16%	12.8	15%	2.7	21%
General and administrative	10.2	11%	6.2	7%	4.0	65%
Research and development	3.4	4%	2.9	3%	0.5	17%
Unallocated ⁽¹⁾ :						
Sales and marketing	1.4		1.2			
General and administrative	4.9		7.1			
Research and development	1.1		1.0			
Consolidated:						
Sales and marketing	63.8	20%	56.9	20%	6.9	12%
General and administrative	40.4	13%	34.4	12%	6.0	17%
Research and development	28.7	9%	26.3	9%	2.4	9%

⁽¹⁾ Consists primarily of shared-based compensation expense associated with the adoption of SFAS 123R. See Note 1 of the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Sales and Marketing. For the third quarter of 2007, sales and marketing expenses increased \$6.9 million or 12% compared to the third quarter of 2006. This increase was driven by an increase of \$4.3 million in compensation and benefits, \$0.8 million in outside services and \$1.9 million in other expenses.

General and Administrative. For the third quarter of 2007, general and administrative expenses increased \$6.0 million or 17% compared to the third quarter of 2006. This increase was driven by a \$6.0 million increase compensation and benefits, \$1.5 million in depreciation and \$0.8 million on other increases, partially offset by a \$2.3 million decrease in outside services.

Research and Development. Research and development expenses for the third quarter of 2007 increased \$2.4 million or 9% compared to the third quarter of 2006. This increase was mainly driven by a \$2.2 million increase in compensation and benefits and \$0.9 million in outside services, offset by decreases of \$0.7 million in other expenses.

Business Consolidation Costs. Business consolidation costs for the three months ended September 30, 2007 were \$2.3 million compared to \$2.6 million in the third quarter of 2006. These costs are associated with our efforts to realign our business and consolidation of certain facilities. We expect to continue to incur business consolidation costs in 2007 as we further consolidate operations and facilities.

Other Income (Expense)

Interest Income

Interest income was \$7.7 million for the third quarter of 2007 compared to \$7.2 million for the third quarter of 2006. The increase was mainly due to an increase in the cash balance during the third quarter compared to the same period in the prior year.

Interest income in the future will be affected by changes in short-term interest rates and changes in cash balances, which may materially increase or decrease as a result of acquisitions and other financing activities.

Interest Expense

Interest expense was \$6.9 million for the third quarter of 2007 compared to \$8.0 million for the third quarter of 2006. The decrease was mainly due to a lower average balance of our convertible debt in the third quarter of 2007 compared to the third quarter of 2006 as a result of the repayment of our 2006 notes which occurred in December 2006.

Provision for Income Taxes

The estimated annual effective tax rate as a percentage of pre-tax income was 27.3% for the third quarter of 2007 and for the third quarter of 2006. The effective tax rate remained consistent with the same period in 2006.

Segment Results for the Third Quarter of 2007 Compared to the Third Quarter of 2006

BioDiscovery Segment. BioDiscovery revenues for the third quarter of 2007 increased \$20.9 million or 10% compared to the third quarter of 2006. The increase was mainly driven by \$13.0 million in increased volume and pricing, \$6.5 million in favorable currency translation, and \$1.4 million in royalty and other increases. BioDiscovery gross margin increased by six percentage points to 70% mainly due to lower operating costs and higher sales volumes. BioDiscovery operating margin for the third quarter of 2007 increased to 26% from the third quarter of 2006 at 20% as a result of the increase in gross margin.

Cell Culture Segment. Cell Culture revenues for the third quarter of 2007 increased \$9.9 million or 12% compared to the third quarter of 2006. The increase was due to \$6.9 million in increased pricing and volume, \$2.9 million in favorable currency translation and \$0.1 million in other increases. Cell Culture gross margin for the third quarter of 2007 decreased by three percentage points to 51% compared to the third quarter of 2006. The decrease was due to additional operating expenses. Cell Culture operating margin decreased by seven percentage points to 21% for the third quarter of 2007 compared to the third quarter of 2006 as a result of lower gross margin and higher operating expenses.

First Nine Months of 2007 compared to First Nine Months of 2006

The following table compares revenues and gross margin by segment for the first nine months of 2007 and 2006:

	Nine months ended			
	September 30,			
(in millions)(unaudited)	2007	2006	Increase	% Increase
BioDiscovery revenues	\$ 663.2	\$ 604.0	\$ 59.2	10%

Cell Culture Systems revenues	282.1	245.6	36.5	15%
Total revenues	\$ 945.3	\$ 849.6	\$ 95.7	11%
BioDiscovery gross margin	71%	68%		
Cell Culture Systems gross margin	49%	52%		
Total gross margin	55%	53%		

Revenues

Revenues increased by \$95.7 million or 11% for the first nine months of 2007 compared to the first nine months of 2006. Increase in volume and price accounted for \$59.0 million of the increase over the prior year. Foreign currency translation increased revenues by \$24.4 million. The remaining \$12.3 million increase was mainly due to royalty revenue related to legal settlements and other minimal changes. See Segment Results below for further information.

Gross Profit

Gross profit increased by \$71.9 million or 16% for the first nine months of 2007 compared to the first nine months of 2006. The increase in gross profit was driven by \$37.9 million in increased volume and pricing, \$15.0 million from favorable foreign currency rates, \$8.7 million from royalty related settlements and \$10.3 million in other increases. Amortization expense related to purchased intangible assets acquired in our business combinations was \$81.8 million for the first nine months of 2007 compared to \$83.5 million for the first nine months of 2006. Included in gross profit for the first nine months of 2006 was approximately \$4.4 million of costs associated with the write-up of acquired inventory to fair market value as a result of a business combination. In accordance with purchase accounting rules, this acquired inventory was written-up to fair market value and subsequently expensed as the inventory was sold.

Operating Expenses

The following table compares operating expenses by segment for the first nine months of 2007 and 2006:

Nine months ended September 30,						
	2007 As a percentage of Operating segment		20	006		
			Operating	As a percentage of segment	\$ Increase	% Increase
(in millions)(unaudited)	expense	revenues	expense	revenues	(decrease)	(decrease)
BioDiscovery segment:	•		•			
Sales and marketing	134.9	20%	130.4	22%	4.5	3%
General and administrative	80.3	12%	67.0	11%	13.3	20%
Research and development	71.4	11%	68.6	11%	2.8	4%
Cell Culture segment:						
Sales and marketing	44.0	16%	40.4	16%	3.6	9%
General and administrative	30.2	11%	21.3	9%	8.9	42%
Research and development	10.1	4%	8.0	3%	2.1	26%
Unallocated ⁽¹⁾ :						
Sales and marketing	4.6		3.7			
General and administrative	15.2		22.1			
Research and development	3.2		3.1			
Consolidated:						
Sales and marketing	183.5	19%	174.5	21%	9.0	5%
General and administrative	125.7	13%	110.4	13%	15.3	14%
Research and development	84.7	9%	79.7	9%	5.0	6%

⁽¹⁾ Consists primarily of shared-based compensation expense associated with the adoption of FAS 123R. See Note 1 of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Sales and Marketing. For the first nine months of 2007, sales and marketing expenses increased \$9.0 million or 5% compared to the first nine months of 2006. This increase was driven by a \$6.7 million increase in compensation and benefits, \$4.1 million in foreign currency, \$1.1 million in advertising and outside services and \$0.6 million in other increases, partially offset by a \$3.5 million decrease in travel and entertainment.

General and Administrative. For the first nine months of 2007, general and administrative expenses increased \$15.3 million or 14% compared to the first nine months of 2006. This increase was driven by a \$6.0 million increase in compensation and benefits, including incentive compensation, and \$4.2 million in depreciation, \$1.6 million in outside services and \$3.5 million in other increases.

Research and Development. Research and development expenses for the first nine months of 2007 increased \$5.0 million or 6% compared to the first nine months of 2006. This increase was driven by a \$1.7 million increase in compensation and benefits, \$3.0 million in outside services, and \$0.3 million in other expenses.

Business Consolidation Costs. Business consolidation costs for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 were \$4.8 million compared to \$8.0 million for the same period in 2006 and represent costs associated with our efforts to realign our business and consolidation of certain facilities. These costs consisted mainly of termination benefits of certain employees involuntarily terminated. We expect to continue to incur business consolidation costs in 2007 as we further consolidate operations and facilities.

Other Income (Expense)

Interest Income.

Interest income was \$19.6 million for the first nine months of 2007, compared to \$21.4 million for the first nine months of 2006. The decrease was due to a lower balance in cash and cash equivalents in the first quarter of 2007 which has impacted the year to date interest income results.

Interest income in the future will be affected by changes in short-term interest rates and changes in cash balances, which may materially increase or decrease as a result of acquisitions and other financing activities.

Interest Expense. Interest expense was \$21.1 million for the first nine months of 2007 compared to \$24.4 million for the first nine months of 2006. The decrease was due to a lower average balance of our convertible debt in the first nine months of 2007 compared to the first nine months of 2006 as a result of the repayment of our 2006 notes which occurred in December 2006.

Provision for Income Taxes

The estimated annual effective tax rate as a percentage of pre-tax income was 27.1% for the first nine months of 2007 compared with 28.8% for the first nine months of 2006. Through the first nine months in 2007, the effective tax rate declined compared to the same period in 2006 primarily because a greater portion of our current period expense from employee stock options is from options that are treated as tax-deductible under SFAS 123R, net of changes to the tax benefits derived from income earned in jurisdictions having lower tax rates than the United States.

Segment Results for the First Nine months of 2007 Compared to the First Nine months of 2006

BioDiscovery Segment. BioDiscovery revenues for the first nine months of 2007 increased \$59.2 million or 10% compared to the first nine months of 2006. This increase was mainly driven by a \$32.3 million increase in volume and pricing, \$8.6 million in legal settlements, favorable foreign currency translation of \$17.5 million and \$0.8 million in other increases. BioDiscovery gross margin for the first nine months of 2007 increased three percentage points to 71% compared to the first nine months of 2006. BioDiscovery operating margin was 28% for the first nine months of 2007 compared to 24% for the first nine months of 2006.

Cell Culture Systems Segment. Cell Culture revenues for the first nine months of 2007 increased \$36.5 million or 15% compared to the first nine months of 2006. This increase was mainly driven by a \$26.7 million increase in volume and pricing, favorable foreign currency translation of \$6.9 million and \$2.9 million of other increases. Cell Culture gross margin for the first nine months of 2007 decreased three percentage points to 49% compared to the first nine months of 2006. The decrease was mainly driven by increased sales of production media, which is a lower margin product. Cell Culture operating margin decreased by four percentage points to 20% for the first nine months of 2007 compared to the first nine months of 2006.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash and cash equivalents were \$594.9 million at September 30, 2007, an increase of \$228.0 million from December 31, 2006 primarily due to cash provided from investing activities of \$115.1 million, operating activities of \$225.0 million, and favorable impact of foreign currency of \$6.9 million, and partially offset by cash used in financing activities of \$119.0 million. Cash flow from discontinued operations is included in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

Operating activities provided net cash of \$225.0 million through the third quarter of 2007 primarily from our net income of \$102.1 million and net non-cash charges of \$150.9 million, partially offset by a decrease in cash from operating assets and liabilities by \$28.0 million. The decrease in cash within operating assets and liabilities was mainly due to a \$13.1 million increase in accounts receivable due to increases in sales and a \$17.8 million increase in inventory. These decreases were partially offset by an increase of \$2.9 million in cash from other assets and liabilities.

As a result of working capital improvement programs, we expect to utilize our working capital more efficiently in the future resulting in higher inventory turnover and lower days sales outstanding. Our working capital factors, such as inventory turnover and days sales outstanding are seasonal, and on an interim basis during the year, may require an influx of short-term working capital.

On January 9, 2006, we entered into a syndicated \$250.0 million senior secured credit facility (the Credit Facility) with Bank of America, N.A. Interest rates on outstanding borrowings are determined by reference to LIBOR or to an alternate base rate, with margins determined based on changes in our leverage ratio. Under the terms of the Credit Facility, we may request that the aggregate amount available be increased by \$100.0 million of additional financing, subject to certain conditions having been met, including the availability of additional lender commitments. The Credit Facility contains various representations, warranties, affirmative, negative and financial covenants, and conditions of default customary for financings of this type. We currently anticipate using the proceeds of the Credit Facility for the purpose of general working capital and capital expenditures, and the Credit Facility will terminate and all amounts outstanding under it will be due and payable in full on January 6, 2011. As of September 30, 2007, the available credit was \$243.3 million as the Company has issued \$6.7 million in letters of credit through the facility. See Note 7 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

As of September 30, 2007, several of the Company s foreign subsidiaries had available bank lines of credit denominated in local currency to meet short-term working capital requirements. The U.S. dollar equivalent of these facilities totaled \$21.1 million, none of which was outstanding at September 30, 2007.

In April 2007, Invitrogen completed the sale of its BioReliance subsidiary to Avista Capital Partners and received net cash proceeds of approximately \$209.0 million. Additionally, the Company finalized the sale of BioSource Europe, S.A., a diagnostic business located in Belgium, on February 1, 2007 to a private investor group in Belgium for proceeds of \$5.5 million. Net proceeds from both acquisitions less cash spent as part of the disposal process were \$209.9 million.

We believe our current cash and cash equivalents, investments, cash provided by operations and interest income earned thereon will satisfy our working capital requirements for the foreseeable future. Our future capital requirements and the adequacy of our available funds will depend on many factors, including future business acquisitions, future stock or note repayment or repurchases, scientific progress in our research and development programs and the magnitude of those programs, our ability to establish collaborative and licensing arrangements, the cost involved in preparing, filing, prosecuting, maintaining and enforcing patent claims and competing technological and market developments.

We intend to continue our strategic investment activities in new product development, in-licensing technologies and acquisitions that support our BioDiscovery and Cell Culture platforms. In the event additional funding needs arise, we may obtain cash through new debt or stock issuance, or a combination of sources.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

We did not enter into any material significant contractual obligations during the nine months ended September 30, 2007. We have no significant material contractual obligations not fully recorded on our Consolidated Balance Sheets or fully disclosed in the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements. We have no off-balance sheet arrangements as defined in S-K 303(a)(4)(ii). See Note 8 to our Consolidated Financial Statements.

ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We are exposed to market risk related to changes in foreign currency exchange rates, commodity prices and interest rates, and we selectively use financial instruments to manage these risks. We do not enter into financial instruments for speculation or trading purposes. These financial exposures are monitored and managed by us as an integral part of our overall risk management program, which recognizes the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to reduce potentially adverse effects on our results.

Foreign Currency Transactions

We have operations in the Americas, Europe and Asia-Pacific. As a result, our financial position, results of operations and cash flows can be affected by fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. Many of our reporting entities conduct a portion of their business in currencies other than the entity s functional currency. These transactions give rise to receivables and payables that are denominated in currencies other than the

entity s functional currency. The value of these receivables and payables is subject to changes in exchange rates because they may become worth more or less than they were worth at the time we entered into the transaction due to changes in exchange rates. Both realized and unrealized gains or losses on the value of these receivables

and payables are included in the determination of net income. Realized and unrealized gains or losses on the value of financial contracts entered into to hedge the exchange rate exposure of these receivables and payables are also included in the determination of net income. Net currency exchange loss was recognized on business transactions, net of hedging transactions, was \$0.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and is included in other income and expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Our currency exposures vary, but are primarily concentrated in the euro, British pound sterling, Norwegian kroner and Japanese yen. Historically, we have used foreign currency forward contracts to mitigate foreign currency risk on foreign currency receivables and payables. At September 30, 2007, we had \$25.5 million in foreign currency forward contracts outstanding to hedge currency risk on specific receivables and payables. These contracts, which all settle in October 2007, effectively fix the exchange rate at which these specific receivables and payables will be settled, so that gains or losses on the forward contracts offset the losses or gains from changes in the value of the underlying receivables and payables.

In addition to hedging the value of our foreign currency receivables and payables, our foreign currency-hedging program includes hedging of forecasted foreign currency cash flows. The increase or decrease in value of forward contracts to hedge forecasted foreign currency cash flows prior to their maturity are accounted for as cash flow hedges and recorded in other comprehensive income in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. To the extent any portion of the forward contracts is determined to not be an effective hedge, the increase or decrease in value prior to the maturity are recorded in other income and expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. At September 30, 2007, we did not have any outstanding forward contracts to hedge forecasted foreign currency cash flows.

Commodity Prices

Our exposure to commodity price changes relates to certain manufacturing operations that utilize certain commodities as raw materials. We manage our exposure to changes in those prices primarily through our procurement and sales practices.

Interest Rates

Our investment portfolio is maintained in accordance with our investment policy that defines allowable investments, specifies credit quality standards and limits the credit exposure of any single issuer. The fair value of our cash equivalents and marketable securities is subject to change as a result of changes in market interest rates and investment risk related to the issuers credit worthiness. We do not utilize financial contracts to manage our exposure in our investment portfolio to changes in interest rates. At September 30, 2007, we had \$649.1 million in cash, cash equivalents, fixed income instruments and marketable securities, all of which are stated at fair value. Changes in market interest rates would not be expected to have a material impact on the fair value of \$645.0 million of our cash, cash equivalents and short term investments at September 30, 2007, as these consisted of securities with maturities of less than three months. A 100 basis point increase or decrease in interest rates may affect the fair value of our investment portfolio, any gains or losses will not be recognized in our statement of operations until the investment is sold or if the reduction in fair value was determined to be a permanent impairment.

ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act in 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act)) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the Company's reports filed under the Exchange Act, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Company's Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

As of the end of the period covered by this report (the Evaluation Date), an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company s disclosure controls and procedures as of the Evaluation Date was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of the Company s management, including the Company s Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer. Based upon that evaluation, the Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer have concluded that the Company s disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level as of the Evaluation Date.

In addition, the Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer have concluded that there have been no changes to the Company s internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the last fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company s internal controls over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

We are engaged in various legal actions arising in the ordinary course of our business and believe that the ultimate outcome of these actions will not have a material adverse effect on our business or financial condition.

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

There are no material changes from risk factors disclosed in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006, as filed on March 1, 2007.

ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

- a) None.
- b) None.
- c)

				(c) Approximate Dollar Value of Shares (or Units) Purchased as			oproximate Dollar ue of Shares (or ts) that May Yet
	(a) Total Number of	(b) A	verage Price	Part of Publicly		Be Purchased Under	
	Shares (or Units)	(b) Alterage Thee		Announced Plans		the Plans or	
	Paid per		or				
Period	purchased	Share		Programs		Programs	
July 1 July 31		\$		\$		\$	500,000,000
August 1 August 31	325,200	\$	76.84	\$	24,989,735	\$	475,010,265
September 1 September 30	123,400	\$	81.00	\$	9,995,218	\$	465,015,047
Total	448,600	\$	77.99	\$	34,984,953	\$	465,015,047

ITEM 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

ITEM 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

a) None.

- b) None.
- c) None.
- d) None.

ITEM 5. Other Information

None.

ITEM 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

Exhibits: For a list of exhibits filed with this report, refer to the Index to Exhibits.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

INVITROGEN CORPORATION

Date: November 1, 2007

By: /s/ David F. Hoffmeister David F. Hoffmeister Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Authorized Signatory

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INDEX TO EXHIBITS

EXHIBIT

000-25317).

NUMBER 3.1	DESCRIPTION OF DOCUMENT Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Invitrogen, as amended.(1)
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Invitrogen.(2)
3.3	Certificate of Correction to the Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Invitrogen, dated February 21, 2001.(3)
4.1	Specimen Common Stock Certificate.(4)
4.2	5 ¹ /2% Convertible Subordinated Notes Due 2007, Registration Rights Agreement, by and among Invitrogen, and Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette Securities Corporation et al., as Initial Purchasers, dated March 1, 2000.(5)
4.3	Indenture, by and between Invitrogen and State Street Bank and Trust Company of California, N.A., dated March 1, 2000.(5)
4.4	2 ¹ /4% Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2006, Registration Rights Agreement, by and among Invitrogen and Credit Suisse First Boston Corporation et al., as Initial Purchasers, dated December 11, 2001.(6)
4.5	Indenture, by and between Invitrogen and State Street Bank and Trust Company of California, N.A. and Table of Contents of Indenture, including Cross-Reference Table to the Trust Indenture Act of 1989, dated December 11, 2001.(6)
4.6	2% Convertible Senior Notes Due 2023, Registration Rights Agreement, by and among Invitrogen, and UBS Securities LLC and Credit Suisse First Boston LLC, as Initial Purchasers, dated August 1, 2003.(7)
4.7	Indenture, by and between Invitrogen and U.S. Bank National Association, dated August 1, 2003.(7)
4.8	1 ¹ /2% Convertible Senior Notes Due 2024, Registration Rights Agreement, by and among Invitrogen, and UBS Securities LLC and Bear Stearns & Co Inc., as Initial Purchasers, dated February 19, 2004.(8)
4.9	Indenture, by and between Invitrogen and U.S. Bank National Association, dated February 19, 2004.(8)
4.10	Indenture, by and between Invitrogen and U.S. Bank National Association, dated as of December 14, 2004. (9)
4.11	Indenture, by and between Invitrogen and U.S. Bank National Association, dated as of December 14, 2004. (9)
4.12	3.25% Convertible Senior Notes Due 2025, Registration Rights Agreement, by and among Invitrogen, and UBS Securities LLC and Banc of America Securities LLC., as Initial Purchasers, dated June 20, 2005. (10)
4.13	3.25% Convertible Senior Notes Due 2025, Indenture, by and between Invitrogen and U.S. Bank National Association, dated June 20, 2005.(10)
10.101	Form of Change-In-Control Agreement for executive officers employed on or before February 28, 2007.(11)
10.102	Form of Change-In-Control Agreement for executive officers employed after February 28, 2007. (11)
10.103	Form of Amended and Restated Change-In-Control Agreement for the Chief Executive Officer . (11)
10.104	Notice of Grant.(11)
10.105	Performance Share Agreement. (11)
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer

The Amended and Restated Bylaws are incorporated by reference to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File (2)No. 333-68665). A further amendment to the Bylaws adopted by a Resolution of the Board of Directors dated July 19, 2001 is

incorporated by reference to the Registrant s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2001 (File No. 000-25317).

- (3) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2001 (File No. 000-25317).
- (4) Incorporated by reference to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-68665).
- (5) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-3 (File No. 333-37964).
- (6) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the Year Ended December 31, 2001 (File No. 000-25317), as amended.
- (7) Incorporated by reference to Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-3 (File No. 333-110060).
- (8) Incorporated by reference to Registrant s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Quarterly Period ended March 31, 2004 (File No. 000-25317).
- (9) Incorporated by reference to Registrant s Quarterly Report on Form 10-K for the year period ended December 31, 2004. (File No. 000-25317).
- (10) Incorporated by reference to Registrant s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on June 24, 2005 (File No. 000-25317).
- (11) Incorporated by reference to Registrant s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on March 2, 2007 (File No. 000-25317).

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