

TREX CO INC
Form 10-Q
October 27, 2015
Table of Contents

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2015

OR

.. **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 001-14649

Company, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

54-1910453
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

160 Exeter Drive

Winchester, Virginia
(Address of principal executive offices)

22603-8605
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (540) 542-6300

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.:

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act): Yes No

The number of shares of the registrant's common stock, par value \$.01 per share, outstanding at October 20, 2015 was 30,866,899 shares.

Table of Contents

TREX COMPANY, INC.

INDEX

| | Page |
|--|-------------|
| <u>PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u> | |
| Item 1. <u>Financial Statements</u> | 1 |
| <u>Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2015 (unaudited) and December 31, 2014</u> | 1 |
| <u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 (unaudited)</u> | 2 |
| <u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 (unaudited)</u> | 3 |
| <u>Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)</u> | 4 |
| Item 2. <u>Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u> | 10 |
| Item 3. <u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u> | 16 |
| Item 4. <u>Controls and Procedures</u> | 16 |
| <u>PART II OTHER INFORMATION</u> | |
| Item 1. <u>Legal Proceedings</u> | 17 |
| Item 2. <u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u> | 17 |
| Item 5. <u>Other Information</u> | 17 |
| Item 6. <u>Exhibits</u> | 19 |

Table of Contents

PART I
FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements**TREX COMPANY, INC.****Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets**

(In thousands)

| | September 30, 2015 (Unaudited) | December 31, 2014 |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Assets | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 2,532 | \$ 9,544 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 80,396 | 36,391 |
| Inventories | 16,955 | 23,747 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 4,879 | 6,288 |
| Deferred income taxes | 9,860 | 9,271 |
| | | |
| Total current assets | 114,622 | 85,241 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | 105,944 | 98,716 |
| Goodwill and other intangibles | 10,528 | 10,534 |
| Other assets | 1,537 | 1,333 |
| | | |
| Total assets | \$ 232,631 | \$ 195,824 |
| Liabilities and Stockholders Equity | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 10,146 | \$ 20,050 |
| Accrued expenses | 22,548 | 20,660 |
| Accrued warranty | 7,744 | 8,744 |
| Line of credit | 48,500 | |
| | | |
| Total current liabilities | 88,938 | 49,454 |
| Deferred income taxes | 3,708 | 3,708 |
| Non-current accrued warranty | 28,211 | 25,097 |
| Other long-term liabilities | 3,774 | 4,180 |
| | | |
| Total liabilities | 124,631 | 82,439 |
| | | |
| Stockholders equity: | | |

Edgar Filing: TREX CO INC - Form 10-Q

| | | |
|--|------------|------------|
| Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 3,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding | | |
| Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 80,000,000 shares authorized; 34,779,891 and 34,800,552 shares issued and 30,865,162 and 32,020,123 shares outstanding at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively | 348 | 348 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 116,571 | 116,740 |
| Retained earnings | 111,309 | 71,297 |
| Treasury stock, at cost, 3,914,729 and 2,780,429 shares at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively | (120,228) | (75,000) |
| Total stockholders' equity | 108,000 | 113,385 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ 232,631 | \$ 195,824 |

See Accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated

Financial Statements (Unaudited).

Table of Contents**TREX COMPANY, INC.****Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income**

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|---|-------------|--|-------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Net sales | \$ 94,023 | \$ 95,502 | \$ 351,602 | \$ 317,458 |
| Cost of sales | 71,880 | 65,133 | 228,688 | 203,897 |
| Gross profit | 22,143 | 30,369 | 122,914 | 113,561 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 15,698 | 15,902 | 58,763 | 54,468 |
| Income from operations | 6,445 | 14,467 | 64,151 | 59,093 |
| Interest expense, net | 157 | 167 | 482 | 791 |
| Income before income taxes | 6,288 | 14,300 | 63,669 | 58,302 |
| Provision for income taxes | 2,544 | 5,387 | 23,657 | 21,934 |
| Net income | \$ 3,744 | \$ 8,913 | \$ 40,012 | \$ 36,368 |
| Basic earnings per common share | \$ 0.12 | \$ 0.28 | \$ 1.27 | \$ 1.12 |
| Basic weighted average common shares outstanding | 31,227,643 | 31,606,264 | 31,547,212 | 32,538,832 |
| Diluted earnings per common share | \$ 0.12 | \$ 0.28 | \$ 1.25 | \$ 1.10 |
| Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding | 31,537,010 | 32,008,781 | 31,923,255 | 32,966,317 |
| Comprehensive income | \$ 3,744 | \$ 8,913 | \$ 40,012 | \$ 36,368 |

See Accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated
Financial Statements (Unaudited).

Table of Contents**TREX COMPANY, INC.****Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|--|-------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 |
| Operating Activities | | |
| Net income | \$ 40,012 | \$ 36,368 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 10,920 | 11,449 |
| Deferred income taxes | (589) | |
| Stock-based compensation | 4,021 | 3,672 |
| Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment | 168 | 169 |
| Excess tax benefits from stock compensation | (2,437) | (12,677) |
| Other non-cash adjustments | (269) | (245) |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | |
| Accounts receivable | (44,005) | (7,698) |
| Inventories | 6,792 | 7,789 |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets | (310) | (415) |
| Accounts payable | (9,904) | (2,027) |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities | 3,626 | (3,690) |
| Income taxes receivable/payable | 4,126 | 12,630 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 12,151 | 45,325 |
| Investing Activities | | |
| Expenditures for property, plant and equipment | (18,279) | (8,794) |
| Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment | 35 | 48 |
| Purchase of acquired company, net of cash acquired | (32) | (44) |
| Notes receivable, net | | 59 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (18,276) | (8,731) |
| Financing Activities | | |
| Borrowings under line of credit | 199,000 | 139,000 |
| Principal payments under line of credit | (150,500) | (136,000) |
| Repurchases of common stock | (52,081) | (52,892) |
| Proceeds from employee stock purchase and option plans | 257 | 690 |
| Excess tax benefits from stock compensation | 2,437 | 12,677 |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (887) | (36,525) |

| | | |
|--|-----------|----------|
| Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents | (7,012) | 69 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period | 9,544 | 3,772 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of period | \$ 2,532 | \$ 3,841 |
| Supplemental Disclosure: | | |
| Cash paid for interest, net of capitalized interest | \$ 390 | \$ 498 |
| Cash paid for income taxes, net | \$ 20,164 | \$ 9,342 |

See Accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated

Financial Statements (Unaudited).

Table of Contents

TREX COMPANY, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014

(Unaudited)

1. BUSINESS AND ORGANIZATION

Trex Company, Inc. (Company) is the world's largest manufacturer of wood-alternative decking and railing products, which are marketed under the brand name Trex®. The Company is incorporated in Delaware. The principal executive offices are located at 160 Exeter Drive, Winchester, Virginia 22603, and the telephone number at that address is (540) 542-6300. The Company operates in one business segment.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal and recurring adjustments except as otherwise described herein) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements. Certain prior year amounts in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. The consolidated results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full fiscal year. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2014 included in the Annual Report of Trex Company, Inc. on Form 10-K, as filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

The Company's critical accounting policies are included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

3. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. The new standard provides a single, comprehensive model for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes most current revenue recognition guidance. The new standard requires an entity to recognize revenue at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. In August 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-14, *Revenue From Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date*, which deferred the effective date of the standard by one year. The deferral results in the new revenue standard being effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company is currently assessing the impact of the adoption of this new standard on its consolidated financial

statements and footnote disclosures and has not yet selected a method of adoption.

On April 7, 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-03, *Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs* (ASU 2015-03), which requires debt issuance costs to be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying value of the associated debt liability. Debt issuance costs are specific incremental costs, other than those paid to the lender, that are directly attributable to issuing a debt instrument. The effective date of the new standard is for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. In August 2015, the FASB amended ASU 2015-03 to include the guidance that SEC staff would not object to an entity deferring and presenting debt issuance costs related to line-of-credit arrangements as an asset, subsequently amortizing the related deferred debt issuance costs as an asset, and subsequently amortizing the related deferred debt issuance costs ratably over the term of the line-of-credit arrangement, regardless of whether there are any outstanding borrowings on the line-of-credit arrangement. The Company does not believe the standard will have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements and footnote disclosures.

Table of Contents**4. INVENTORIES**

Inventories, at LIFO (last-in, first-out) value, consist of the following (in thousands):

| | September 30, 2015 | December 31, 2014 |
|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Finished goods | \$ 21,655 | \$ 32,756 |
| Raw materials | 20,599 | 16,290 |
| Total FIFO (first-in, first-out) inventories | 42,254 | 49,046 |
| Reserve to adjust inventories to LIFO value | (25,299) | (25,299) |
| Total LIFO inventories | \$ 16,955 | \$ 23,747 |

The Company utilizes the LIFO method of accounting for inventory, which generally provides for the matching of current costs with current revenues. However, under the LIFO method, reductions in annual inventory balances cause a portion of the Company's cost of sales to be based on historical costs rather than current year costs (LIFO liquidation). Reductions in interim inventory balances expected to be replenished by year-end do not result in a LIFO liquidation. Accordingly, interim LIFO calculations are based, in part, on management's estimates of expected year-end inventory levels and costs which may differ from actual results. There were no LIFO inventory liquidations or related impact on cost of sales in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 or 2014. Since inventory levels and costs are subject to factors beyond management's control, interim results are subject to the final year-end LIFO inventory valuation.

5. ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accrued expenses consist of the following (in thousands):

| | September 30, 2015 | December 31, 2014 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Accrued sales and marketing | \$ 10,456 | \$ 5,963 |
| Accrued compensation and benefits | 7,548 | 9,201 |
| Accrued manufacturing expenses | 1,062 | 1,307 |
| Accrued rent obligations | 909 | 1,372 |
| Other | 2,573 | 2,817 |
| Total accrued expenses | \$ 22,548 | \$ 20,660 |

6. DEBT

The Company's outstanding debt consists of a revolving credit facility.

Revolving Credit Facility

The Company currently has a Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement that provides the Company with one or more revolving loans in a collective maximum principal amount of \$150 million from January 1 through June 30 of each year, and a maximum principal amount of \$100 million from July 1 through December 31 of each year throughout the term, which ends November 20, 2019.

The Company had \$48.5 million of outstanding borrowings under its revolving credit facility and remaining available borrowing capacity of approximately \$51.5 million at September 30, 2015.

Compliance with Debt Covenants and Restrictions

The Company's ability to make scheduled principal and interest payments, borrow and repay amounts under any outstanding revolving credit facility and continue to comply with any loan covenants depends primarily on the Company's ability to generate sufficient cash flow from operations.

As of September 30, 2015, the Company was in compliance with all of the covenants contained in its debt agreements. Failure to comply with the loan covenants might cause lenders to accelerate the repayment obligations under the credit facility, which may be declared payable immediately based on a default.

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company considers the recorded value of its financial assets and liabilities, consisting primarily of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities to approximate the fair value of the respective assets and liabilities at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

Table of Contents**8. STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY***Earnings Per Share*

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share (in thousands, except share and per share data):

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|---|-------------|--|-------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Numerator: | | | | |
| Net income available to common shareholders | \$ 3,744 | \$ 8,913 | \$ 40,012 | \$ 36,368 |
| Denominator: | | | | |
| Basic weighted average shares outstanding | 31,227,643 | 31,606,264 | 31,547,212 | 32,538,832 |
| Effect of dilutive securities: | | | | |
| Stock appreciation rights and options | 182,082 | 237,602 | 216,276 | 268,016 |
| Restricted stock | 127,285 | 164,915 | 159,767 | 159,469 |
| Diluted weighted average shares outstanding | 31,537,010 | 32,008,781 | 31,923,255 | 32,966,317 |
| Basic earnings per share | \$ 0.12 | \$ 0.28 | \$ 1.27 | \$ 1.12 |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$ 0.12 | \$ 0.28 | \$ 1.25 | \$ 1.10 |

Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of shares determined for the basic earnings per share computation plus the dilutive effect of common stock equivalents using the treasury stock method. The computation of diluted earnings per share excludes the following potentially dilutive securities because the effect would be anti-dilutive:

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|------------------------------------|---|-------------|--|-------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Restricted stock and stock options | 2,004 | 10,444 | 668 | 3,511 |
| Stock appreciation rights | 7,726 | 3,340 | 2,575 | 2,625 |

Stock Repurchase Programs

On October 23, 2014, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a common stock repurchase program of up to two million shares of the Company's outstanding common stock (Stock Repurchase Program). This authorization had no expiration date. During the three months ended September 30, 2015, the Company repurchased 1,134,300 shares for \$45.2 million under the Stock Repurchase Program. On October 22, 2015, the Company's Board of Directors terminated the Stock Repurchase Program adopted on October 23, 2014, and adopted a new stock repurchase program of up to three million one hundred fifty thousand (3,150,000) shares of the Company's outstanding common stock (2015 Stock Repurchase Program). This authorization has a termination date of December 31, 2016. As of October 27,

2015, no shares have been purchased under the 2015 Stock Repurchase Program.

9. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company has one stock-based compensation plan, the 2014 Stock Incentive Plan (Plan), approved by the Company's stockholders in April 2014. The Plan amended and restated in its entirety the Trex Company, Inc. 2005 Stock Incentive Plan. The Plan is administered by the Compensation Committee of the Company's Board of Directors. Stock-based compensation is granted to officers, directors and certain key employees in accordance with the provisions of the Plan. The Plan provides for grants of stock options, restricted stock, restricted stock units, stock appreciation rights (SARs), and unrestricted stock. As of September 30, 2015, the total aggregate number of shares of the Company's common stock that may be issued under the Plan is 6,420,000.

In 2014, the Company began granting performance-based restricted stock in addition to the time-based restricted stock it previously granted. The performance-based restricted shares have a three-year vesting period, vesting one-third each year based on target earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization for 1 year, cumulative 2 years and cumulative 3 years, respectively. The number of shares that vest, with respect to each vesting, will be between 0% and 200% of the target number of shares.

Table of Contents

The fair value of each SAR is estimated on the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option-pricing formula. For SARs issued in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, the assumptions shown in the following table were used:

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---------------------------------------|--|-------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 |
| Weighted-average fair value of grants | \$ 16.26 | \$ 18.02 |
| Dividend yield | 0% | 0% |
| Average risk-free interest rate | 1.6% | 1.7% |
| Expected term (years) | 5 | 5 |
| Expected volatility | 43% | 53% |

The following table summarizes the Company's stock-based compensation grants for the nine months ended September 30, 2015:

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 | |
|------------------------------------|---|---|
| | Stock Awards Granted | Weighted-Average Grant Price Per Share |
| Time-based restricted stock | 57,408 | \$ 43.84 |
| Performance-based restricted stock | 34,638 | \$ 43.89 |
| Stock appreciation rights | 15,585 | \$ 41.19 |

The Company recognizes stock-based compensation expense ratably over the period from the grant date to the earlier of: (1) the vesting date of the award, or (2) the date the grantee is eligible to retire without forfeiting the award. For performance-based restricted stock, expense is recognized ratably over the performance and vesting period of each tranche based on management's judgment of the ultimate award that is likely to be paid out based on the achievement of the predetermined performance measures. The following table summarizes the Company's stock-based compensation expense for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----------------|--|-----------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Stock appreciation rights | \$ 111 | \$ 222 | \$ 400 | \$ 813 |
| Time-based restricted stock | 750 | 769 | 2,245 | 2,247 |
| Performance-based restricted stock | 432 | 205 | 1,320 | 570 |
| Employee stock purchase plan | 11 | 21 | 56 | 42 |
| Total stock-based compensation | \$ 1,304 | \$ 1,217 | \$ 4,021 | \$ 3,672 |

Total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested awards as of September 30, 2015 was \$3.2 million. The cost of these unvested awards is being recognized over the requisite vesting period of each award.

10. INCOME TAXES

The Company's effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 was 37.2% and 37.6% respectively, which resulted in expense of \$23.7 million and \$21.9 million, respectively.

The Company analyzes its deferred tax assets in each reporting period, considering all available positive and negative evidence, in determining the expected realization of those deferred tax assets. As of September 30, 2015, the Company maintains a valuation allowance of \$4.5 million against deferred tax assets related to state tax credits it estimates will expire before they are realized.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company realized \$2.4 million of excess tax benefits from stock-based awards and, accordingly, recorded an increase to additional paid-in capital.

The Company operates in multiple tax jurisdictions and, in the normal course of business, its tax returns are subject to examination by various taxing authorities. Such examinations may result in future assessments by these taxing authorities, and the Company accrues a liability when it believes that it is more likely than not that benefits of tax positions will not be realized. The Company believes that adequate provisions have been made for all tax returns subject to examination. As of September 30, 2015, federal tax years 2012 through 2014 remain subject to examination. Sales made to foreign distributors are not taxable in any foreign jurisdictions as the Company does not have a taxable presence in any foreign jurisdiction.

Table of Contents**11. SEASONALITY**

The Company's operating results have historically varied from quarter to quarter, often attributable to seasonal trends in the demand for Trex products. The Company has historically experienced lower net sales during the fourth quarter because holidays and adverse weather conditions in certain regions reduce the level of home improvement and construction activity.

12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES*Contract Termination Costs*

In anticipation of relocating its corporate headquarters, the Company entered into a lease agreement in 2005. The Company reconsidered and decided not to move its headquarters. The agreement obligates the Company to lease 55,047 square feet of office space through June 30, 2019. As of September 30, 2015, the Company has executed subleases for 49,756 square feet of the leased space and is currently marketing the remaining portion of the space to find suitable tenants. The Company estimates that the present value of the estimated future sublease receipts, net of transaction costs, will be less than the remaining minimum lease payment obligations under its lease and has recorded a liability for the expected shortfall. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company recorded charges of \$0.2 million and \$1.0 million, respectively, to selling, general and administrative expenses due to changes in its estimate of future sublease receipts.

To estimate future sublease receipts, the Company has assumed that existing subleases will be renewed or new subleases will be executed at rates consistent with rental rates in the current subleases or estimated market rates and that existing vacancies will be filled within one year. However, management cannot be certain that the timing of future subleases or the rental rates contained in future subleases will not differ from current estimates. Factors such as the availability of commercial office space, market conditions and subtenant preferences will influence the terms achieved in future subleases. The inability to sublet the office space in the future or unfavorable changes to key assumptions used in the estimate of the future sublease receipts may result in material charges to selling, general and administrative expenses in future periods.

As of September 30, 2015, minimum payments remaining under the Company's lease relating to its reconsidered corporate relocation over the years ending December 31, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018 and 2019 are \$0.5 million, \$1.9 million, \$1.9 million, \$2.0 million and \$1.0 million, respectively. Net minimum receipts remaining under the Company's existing subleases over the years ending December 31, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018 and 2019 are \$0.0 million, \$1.1 million, \$1.2 million, \$1.3 million and \$0.7 million, respectively.

The following table provides information about the Company's liability related to the lease (in thousands):

| | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Beginning balance, January 1 | \$ 3,033 | \$ 1,787 |
| Net rental payments | (903) | (281) |
| Accretion of discount | 173 | 125 |
| Increase in net estimated contract termination costs | 206 | 1,018 |
| Ending balance, September 30 | \$ 2,509 | \$ 2,649 |

Product Warranty

The Company warrants that its products will be free from material defects in workmanship and materials. This warranty generally extends for a period of 25 years for residential use and 10 years for commercial use. With respect to TrexTrim and Trex Reveal Railing, the warranty period is 25 years for both residential and commercial use. With respect to the Company's Transcend, Enhance®, Select® and Universal Fascia product, the Company further warrants that the product will not fade in color more than a certain amount and will be resistant to permanent staining from food substances or mold, provided the stain is cleaned within seven days of appearance. This warranty extends for a period of 25 years for residential use and 10 years for commercial use. If there is a breach of such warranties, the Company has an obligation either to replace the defective product or refund the purchase price.

The Company continues to receive and settle surface flaking claims related to material produced at its Nevada facility prior to 2007 and maintains a warranty reserve to provide for the settlement of these claims. Estimating the warranty reserve for surface flaking claims requires management to estimate (1) the number of claims to be settled with payment and (2) the average cost to settle each claim.

Table of Contents

To estimate the number of claims to be settled with payment, the Company utilizes actuarial techniques to quantify both the expected number of claims to be received and the percentage of those claims that will ultimately require payment (collectively, elements). Estimates for these elements are quantified using a range of assumptions derived from claim count history and the identification of factors influencing the claim counts, including the downward trend in received claims due to the passage of time since production of the suspect material. The cost per claim varies due to a number of factors, including the size of affected decks, the type of replacement material used, the cost of production of replacement material and the method of claim settlement.

The Company monitors surface flaking claims activity each quarter for indications that its estimates require revision. Typically, a majority of surface flaking claims received in a year are received during the summer outdoor season, which spans the second and third quarters. It has been the Company's practice to utilize the actuarial techniques discussed above during the third quarter, after a significant portion of all claims has been received for the fiscal year and variances to annual claims expectations are more meaningful. The number of surface flaking claims received continues to decline each year and amounts paid to settle such claims during 2015 are significantly lower than during 2014. However, through the third quarter of 2015, both the number of claims received and the average cost per claim were slightly higher than expectations. As a result and after actuarial review, the Company revised its estimate and recorded an increase to the warranty reserve of \$5.4 million during the third quarter. The Company believes that its reserve at September 30, 2015 is sufficient to cover future surface flaking obligations.

The Company's analysis is based on currently known facts and a number of assumptions, as discussed above. Projecting future events such as the number of claims to be received, the number of claims that will require payment and the average cost of claims could cause the actual warranty liabilities to be higher or lower than those projected which could materially affect the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. The Company estimates that the annual number of claims received will continue to decline over time and that the average cost per claim will increase slightly, primarily due to inflation. If the level of claims received or average cost per claim differs materially from expectations, it could result in additional increases or decreases to the warranty reserve and a decrease or increase in earnings and cash flows in future periods. The Company estimates that a 10% change in the expected number of remaining claims to be settled with payment or the expected cost to settle claims may result in approximately a \$3.2 million change in the surface flaking warranty reserve.

The following is a reconciliation of the Company's surface flaking warranty reserve (in thousands):

| | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| Beginning balance, January 1 | \$ 31,419 | \$ 40,312 |
| Changes in estimates related to pre-existing warranties | 5,426 | |
| Settlements made during the period | (5,286) | (6,647) |
| Ending balance, September 30 | \$ 31,559 | \$ 33,665 |

The remainder of the Company's warranty reserve represents amounts accrued for non-surface flaking claims.

Legal Matters

The Company has lawsuits, as well as other claims, pending against it which are ordinary routine litigation and claims incidental to the business. Management has evaluated the merits of these lawsuits and claims, and believes that their ultimate resolution will not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial condition, results of

operations, liquidity or competitive position.

Table of Contents**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

The following management discussion should be read in conjunction with the Trex Company, Inc. (Company, we or our) Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and the condensed consolidated financial statements and the footnotes thereto included in Part I, Item 1. Financial Statements of this quarterly report.

NOTE ON FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This management's discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. All statements regarding our expected financial position and operating results, our business strategy, our financing plans, forecasted demographic and economic trends relating to our industry and similar matters are forward-looking statements. These statements can sometimes be identified by our use of forward-looking words such as may, will, anticipate, estimate, expect, in similar expressions. We cannot promise you that our expectations in such forward-looking statements will turn out to be correct. Our actual results could be materially different from our expectations because of various factors, including the factors discussed under Item 1A. Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 filed with the SEC. These statements are also subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause the Company's actual operating results to differ materially. Such risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to: the extent of market acceptance of the Company's products; the costs associated with the development and launch of new products and the market acceptance of such new products; the sensitivity of the Company's business to general economic conditions; the impact of seasonal and weather-related demand fluctuations on inventory levels in the distribution channel and sales of the Company's products; the availability and cost of third-party transportation services for the Company's products; the Company's ability to obtain raw materials at acceptable prices; the Company's ability to maintain product quality and product performance at an acceptable cost; the level of expenses associated with product replacement and consumer relations expenses related to product quality; and the highly competitive markets in which the Company operates.

OVERVIEW

General. Trex Company, Inc. is the world's largest manufacturer of wood-alternative decking and railing products, which are marketed under the brand name Trex[®] and manufactured exclusively in the United States. We offer a comprehensive set of aesthetically durable, low maintenance product offerings in the decking, railing, porch, fencing, trim, steel deck framing, and outdoor lighting categories. We believe that the range and variety of our product offerings allow consumers to design much of their outdoor living space using Trex brand products. A majority of our products are made in a proprietary process that combines waste wood fibers and scrap polyethylene. Our products are provided in a wide selection of popular sizes and lengths and are available with several finishes and numerous colors. Trex products offer a number of significant aesthetic advantages over wood while eliminating many of wood's major functional disadvantages, which include warping, splitting and other damage from moisture. Our products require no staining, are resistant to moisture damage, provide a splinter-free surface and do not require chemical treatment against rot or insect infestation. Like wood, Trex products are slip-resistant (even when wet) but are less vulnerable to damage from ultraviolet rays. Special characteristics (including resistance to splitting, the ability to bend, and ease and consistency of machining and finishing) facilitate deck, railing, fencing and trim installation, reduce contractor call-backs and afford customers a wide range of design options.

We offer the following products:

Edgar Filing: TREX CO INC - Form 10-Q

Three principal decking products: Trex Transcend[®], Trex Select[®], and Trex Enhance[®]. Each product features a protective shell for enhanced protection against fading, staining, mold and scratching.

Three principal railing products: Trex Transcend Railing, Trex Reveal[®] aluminum railing, and Trex Select Railing. Trex Transcend Railing is available in the colors of Trex Transcend decking and finishes that make it appropriate for use with Trex decking products as well as other decking materials, which we believe enhances the sales prospects of our railing products. Trex Reveal aluminum railing is available in three colors and is for consumers who want a sleek, contemporary aesthetic look. Trex Select Railing is provided in white for consumers who desire a simple clean finished look for their deck.

Trex Transcend Porch Flooring and Railing System, which is an integrated system of porch components and accessories;

Trex Elevations[®], a triple-coated steel deck framing system that offers more durability compared to pressure treated lumber;

Trex Seclusions[®], a fencing line offered through two specialty distributors and consists of structural posts, bottom rail, pickets, top rail and decorative post caps;

Table of Contents

Two outdoor lighting systems, Trex Deck Lighting and Trex Landscape Lighting, which are energy efficient, LED dimmable deck lighting systems designed for use on posts, floors and steps. The line includes a post cap light, deck rail light, riser light and a recessed deck light, and an energy-efficient well light, path light, multifunction light, and spotlight; and,

TrexTrim, a low maintenance cellular PVC residential exterior trim product that offers exceptional workability, durability, visual appeal and a low level of required maintenance.

In addition, we offer Trex Hideaway®, which is a hidden fastening system for specially grooved boards.

Highlights for the nine months ended September 30, 2015:

Net sales of \$351.6 million for the nine months ended September 2015, an increase of 10.8% compared to net sales of \$317.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

Earnings before taxes of \$63.7 million for the nine-month period ended September 2015, an increase of 9.2% compared to \$58.3 million for the same period in 2014.

Net income of \$40.0 million for the nine-month period ended September 2015, or \$1.25 per diluted share, compared to \$36.4 million, or \$1.10 per diluted share, for the same period in 2014.

Net Sales. Net sales consist of sales and freight, net of returns and discounts. The level of net sales is principally affected by sales volume and the prices paid for Trex products. Our branding and product differentiation strategy enables us to command premium prices over wood products. Our operating results have historically varied from quarter to quarter, often due to seasonal trends in the demand for Trex. We have historically experienced lower net sales during the fourth quarter because holidays and adverse weather conditions in certain regions reduce the level of home improvement and construction activity.

Sales Incentives / Early Buy Program: As part of our normal business practice and consistent with industry practices, we have historically provided our distributors and dealers incentives to build inventory levels before the start of the prime deck-building season to ensure adequate availability of product to meet anticipated seasonal consumer demand and to enable production planning. These incentives, which together we reference as our early buy program, include payment discounts and favorable payment terms. In addition, from time to time we may offer price discounts or volume rebates on specified products and other incentives based on increases in purchases as part of specific promotional programs.

We launched our early buy program for the 2015 decking season in December 2014. The timing and terms of the 2015 program were generally consistent with the timing and terms of the 2014 program launched in December 2013. To qualify for early buy program incentives, customers must commit to the terms of the program which specify eligible products and quantities, order deadlines and available terms, discounts and rebates. There are no product return rights granted to our distributors except those granted pursuant to the warranty provisions of our agreements with distributors. In addition, our products are not susceptible to rapid changes in technology that may cause them to become obsolete. The early buy program can have a significant impact on our sales, receivables and inventory levels. Refer to the liquidity and capital resources section for further discussion of significant impacts on our receivables and inventory levels.

Gross Profit. Gross profit represents the difference between net sales and cost of sales. Cost of sales consists of raw materials costs, direct labor costs, manufacturing costs and freight. Raw materials costs generally include the costs to purchase and transport waste wood fiber, reclaimed polyethylene and pigmentation for coloring Trex products. Direct labor costs include wages and benefits of personnel engaged in the manufacturing process. Manufacturing costs consist of costs of depreciation, utilities, maintenance supplies and repairs, indirect labor, including wages and benefits, and warehouse and equipment rental activities.

Product Warranty. We continue to receive and settle surface flaking claims related to material produced at our Nevada facility prior to 2007 and maintain a warranty reserve to provide for the settlement of these claims. We monitor surface flaking claims activity each quarter for indications that our estimates require revision. Typically, a majority of surface flaking claims received in a fiscal year are received during the summer outdoor season, which spans the second and third fiscal quarters. It has been our practice to utilize actuarial techniques during the third quarter, after a significant portion of all claims has been received for the fiscal year and variances to annual claims expectations are more meaningful. The number of surface flaking claims received continues to decline each year and amounts paid to settle such claims during 2015 are significantly lower than during 2014. However, through the third quarter of 2015, both the number of claims received and the average cost per claim were slightly higher than expectations. As a result and after actuarial review, the Company revised its estimate and recorded an increase to the warranty reserve of \$5.4 million during the third quarter. The Company's actuarial analysis was based on currently known facts and a number of assumptions. Projecting future events such as the number of claims to be received, the number of claims that will require payment and the average cost of claims could cause the actual warranty liabilities to be higher or lower than those projected which could materially affect the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. The Company estimates that the annual number of claims received will

Table of Contents

continue to decline over time and that the average cost per claim will increase slightly, primarily due to inflation. If the level of claims received or average cost per claim differs materially from expectations, it could result in additional increases or decreases to the warranty reserve and a decrease or increase in earnings and cash flows in future periods.

The following table details surface flaking claims activity related to our warranty:

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--|--|-------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 |
| Claims unresolved, beginning of period | 2,872 | 4,249 |
| Claims received (1) | 2,547 | 2,765 |
| Claims resolved (2) | (2,446) | (3,497) |
| Claims unresolved, end of period | 2,973 | 3,517 |
| Average cost per claim (3) | \$ 2,608 | \$ 2,270 |

(1) Claims received include new claims received or identified during the period.

(2) Claims resolved include all claims settled with or without payment and closed during the period.

(3) Average cost per claim represents, for claims closed during the period, the average settlement cost of claims closed with payment (excludes claims settled without payment).

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. One component of selling, general and administrative expenses is branding and other sales and marketing costs, which are used to build brand awareness of Trex. These costs consist primarily of advertising, merchandising, and other promotional costs. Another component of selling, general and administrative expenses is personnel related costs, which include salaries, commissions, incentive compensation, and benefits of personnel engaged in sales and marketing, accounting, information technology, corporate operations, research and development, and other business functions. Other general and administrative expenses include professional fees, office occupancy costs attributable to the business functions previously referenced, and consumer relations expenses. As a percentage of net sales, selling, general and administrative expenses have varied from quarter to quarter due, in part, to the seasonality of our business.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Below we have included a discussion of our operating results and material changes in our operating results for the three months ended September 30, 2015 (2015 quarter) compared to the three months ended September 30, 2014 (2014 quarter) and for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 (2015 nine-month period) compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2014 (2014 nine-month period).

Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 Compared To The Three Months Ended September 30, 2014**Net Sales**

| Three Months Ended September 30, | | | |
|---|-------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 2015 | 2014 | \$ Change | % Change |

Table of Contents**Selling, General and Administrative Expenses**

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | |
|--|---|-------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | \$ Change | % Change |
| | (dollars in thousands) | | | |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | \$ 15,698 | \$ 15,902 | \$ (204) | (1.3)% |
| % of net sales | 16.7% | 16.7% | | |

The slight decrease in selling, general and administrative expenses in the 2015 quarter compared to the 2014 quarter was primarily due to general spending reductions. As a percentage of net sales, total selling, general and administrative expenses remained constant in the 2015 quarter compared to the 2014 quarter.

Interest Expense

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | |
|------------------|---|-------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | \$ Change | % Change |
| | (dollars in thousands) | | | |
| Interest expense | \$ 157 | \$ 167 | \$ (10) | (6.0)% |

The decrease in interest expense during the 2015 quarter compared to the 2014 quarter was due to a lower effective interest rate under the revolving credit facility.

Provision for Income Taxes

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | |
|----------------------------|---|-------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | \$ Change | % Change |
| | (dollars in thousands) | | | |
| Provision for income taxes | \$ 2,544 | \$ 5,387 | \$ (2,843) | (52.8)% |
| Effective tax rate | 40.5% | 37.6% | | |

The effective tax rate of 40.5% for the 2015 quarter increased when compared to the 2014 quarter effective rate due to the recognition of certain unfavorable permanent book-to-tax differences and reduced earnings before taxes during the 2015 quarter.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 Compared To The Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014**Net Sales**

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, \$ | | | |
|-----------|---|-------------|---------------|-----------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | Change | % Change |
| | (dollars in thousands) | | | |
| Net sales | \$ 351,602 | \$ 317,458 | \$ 34,144 | 10.8% |

The increase in net sales in the 2015 nine-month period compared to the 2014 nine-month period was due to an 8.0% increase in sales volume and a 2.5% increase in the average price per unit. We attribute the increase in sales volume to market share gains and an increase in demand for wood-alternative products. The increase in average price per unit in the 2015 nine-month period was a result of price increases on some of our 2015 decking products and a product mix shift to higher-priced products.

Gross Profit

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | \$ | |
|----------------|---------------------------------|------------|-----------|----------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | Change | % Change |
| | (dollars in thousands) | | | |
| Cost of sales | \$ 228,688 | \$ 203,897 | \$ 24,791 | 12.2% |
| % of net sales | 65.0% | 64.2% | | |
| Gross profit | \$ 122,914 | \$ 113,561 | \$ 9,353 | 8.2% |
| Gross margin | 35.0% | 35.8% | | |

Table of Contents

Gross profit as a percentage of net sales, gross margin, for the 2015 nine-month period decreased 2.2% due to a \$7.8 million increase to the warranty reserve, primarily related to surface flaking. The decrease was partially offset by a 1.4% increase in gross margin resulting from a product mix shift to higher-margin products.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | | |
|--|--|-------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | \$ Change | % Change |
| | (dollars in thousands) | | | |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | \$ 58,763 | \$ 54,468 | \$ 4,295 | 7.9% |
| % of net sales | 16.7% | 17.2% | | |

The increase in selling, general and administrative expenses in the 2015 nine-month period compared to the 2014 nine-month period was attributable to a \$4.3 million increase in personnel-related expenses primarily due to incentive compensation and severance pay and \$2.2 million higher branding spend due to the launch of our new marketing campaign in the 2015 nine-month period. These increases were partially offset by \$0.7 million in reduced facilities expense and \$1.0 million in other general cost reductions. As a percentage of net sales, total selling, general and administrative expenses decreased to 16.7% in the 2015 nine-month period from 17.2% in the 2014 nine-month period.

Interest Expense, net

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | | |
|-----------------------|--|-------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | \$ Change | % Change |
| | (dollars in thousands) | | | |
| Interest expense, net | \$ 482 | \$ 791 | \$ (309) | (39.1%) |

The decrease in interest expense was due to a lower effective interest rate under the revolving credit facility during the 2015 nine-month period compared to the 2014 nine-month period.

Provision for Income Taxes

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | | |
|----------------------------|--|-------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | \$ Change | % Change |
| | (dollars in thousands) | | | |
| Provision for income taxes | \$ 23,657 | \$ 21,934 | \$ 1,723 | 7.9% |
| Effective tax rate | 37.2% | 37.6% | | |

The effective tax rate remained relatively constant for the 2015 nine-month period compared to the 2014 nine-month period.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

We finance operations and growth primarily with cash flow from operations, borrowings under our revolving credit facility, operating leases and normal trade credit terms from operating activities.

At September 30, 2015, we had \$2.5 million of cash and cash equivalents.

Sources and Uses of Cash. The following table summarizes our cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 (in thousands):

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--|--|-------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ 12,151 | \$ 45,325 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | \$ (18,276) | \$ (8,731) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | \$ (887) | \$ (36,525) |
| Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents | \$ (7,012) | \$ 69 |

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities decreased \$33.2 million in the 2015 nine-month period compared to the 2014 nine-month period. The decrease was primarily due to an increase in accounts receivable of \$36.3 million due to the timing of customer payments for the 2015 nine-month period. We expect to collect all outstanding accounts receivable balances during the fourth quarter.

Table of Contents**Investing Activities**

Net cash used in investing activities increased \$9.5 million in the 2015 nine-month period compared to the 2014 nine-month period due to increased capital expenditures. Capital expenditures in the 2015 nine-month period totaled \$18.3 million to equipment purchases related to our specialty materials operation, the purchase of land adjacent to our Winchester, VA facility to support potential future expansion, and support cost reduction initiatives. Capital expenditures in the 2014 nine-month period were \$8.8 million related to new lines for our specialty materials operation and continued retrofitting to our current production lines to support the manufacture of our high-performance products.

Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities decreased \$35.6 million in the 2015 nine-month period compared to the 2014 nine-month period primarily due to an increase of \$45.5 million in net borrowings under the line of credit and a \$10.2 million reduction in excess tax benefits from stock compensation. Borrowings under the line of credit are used to support our seasonal working capital needs, which are generally substantially repaid during the subsequent quarter as accounts receivable balances are collected.

Stock Repurchase Programs. On October 23, 2014, our Board of Directors authorized a common stock repurchase program of up to two million shares of our outstanding common stock (Stock Repurchase Program). This authorization has no expiration date. During the three months ended September 30, 2015, the Company repurchased 1,134,300 shares for \$45.2 million under the Stock Repurchase Program using cash on hand and borrowings from our revolving credit facility.

Indebtedness. Our indebtedness consists of a revolving credit facility. At September 30, 2015, our indebtedness totaled \$48.5 million, and remaining available borrowing capacity of approximately \$51.5 million. The interest rate on our revolving credit facility was 1.4%.

We currently have a Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement that provides us with revolving loan capacity in a collective maximum principal amount of \$150 million from January 1 through June 30 of each year, and a maximum principal amount of \$100 million from July 1 through December 31 of each year throughout the term, which ends November 20, 2019.

Debt Covenants. To remain in compliance with covenants contained within our debt agreements, we must maintain specified financial ratios based on levels of debt, fixed charges, and earnings (excluding extraordinary gains and extraordinary non-cash losses) before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization. At September 30, 2015, we were in compliance with these covenants. Failure to comply with our loan covenants might cause our lenders to accelerate our repayment obligations under our credit facility, which may be declared payable immediately based on a default.

We believe that cash on hand, cash from operations and borrowings expected to be available under our revolving credit facility will provide sufficient funds to fund planned capital expenditures, make scheduled principal and interest payments, fund warranty payments, and meet other cash requirements. We currently expect to fund future capital expenditures from operations and financing activities. The actual amount and timing of future capital requirements may differ materially from our estimate depending on the demand for Trex products and new market developments and opportunities.

Capital Requirements. Capital expenditures in the 2015 nine-month period totaled \$18.3 million to support equipment purchases related to our specialty materials operation, the purchase of land adjacent to our Winchester, VA facility to

support potential future expansion, and cost reduction initiatives. We currently estimate that our capital expenditures in 2015 will be approximately \$25 million.

Inventory in Distribution Channels. We sell our products through a tiered distribution system. We have approximately 20 wholesale distributors and two retail merchandisers to which we sell our products. The distributors in turn sell the products to approximately 6,700 dealers and retail locations who in turn sell the products to end users. While we do not typically receive information regarding inventory in the distribution channel from dealers, we occasionally receive limited information from some but not all of our distributors regarding their inventory. Because few distributors provide us with any information regarding their inventory, we cannot definitively determine the level of inventory in the distribution channels at any time. We believe that distributor inventory levels as of September 30, 2015 are comparable to distributor inventory levels as of September 30, 2014. Significant increases in inventory levels in the distribution channel without a corresponding change in end-use demand could have an adverse effect on future sales.

Product Warranty. We continue to receive and settle claims related to material produced at our Nevada facility prior to 2007 that exhibits surface flaking, which has had a material adverse effect on cash flow from operations. We estimate that the annual number of claims received will continue to decline over time and that the average cost per claim will remain relatively stable. If the level of claims received or average cost per claim differs materially from our expectations, it could result in additional increases to the warranty reserve and reduced earnings and cash flow in future periods.

Table of Contents

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

For information regarding our exposure to certain market risks, see Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk, in Part II, Item 7A of the Company's 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. There were no material changes to the Company's market risk exposure during the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The Company's management, with the participation of its President and Chief Executive Officer, who is the Company's principal executive officer, and its Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, who is the Company's principal financial officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2015. Based on this evaluation, the President and Chief Executive Officer and the Vice President and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective. In addition, there have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2015 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Table of Contents**PART II****OTHER INFORMATION****Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

The Company has lawsuits, as well as other claims, pending against it which are ordinary routine litigation and claims incidental to the business. Management has evaluated the merits of these lawsuits and claims, and believes that their ultimate resolution will not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial condition, results of operations, liquidity or competitive position.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

(c) The following table provides information relating to the purchases of our common stock during the quarter ended September 30, 2015 in accordance with Item 703 of Regulation S-K:

| Period | (a) Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased (1) | (b) Average Price Paid per Share (or Unit) (\$) | (c) | (d) |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| | | | Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (2) | Maximum number of Shares (or Units) that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plan or Program |
| July 1, 2015 – July 31, 2015 | | | | |
| August 1, 2015 – August 31, 2015 | 1,211,369 | \$ 39.94 | 1,134,300 | 865,700 |
| September 1, 2015 – September 30, 2015 | | | | |
| Quarter ended September 30, 2015 | 1,211,369 | \$ 39.94 | 1,134,300 | 865,700 |

(1) Includes shares withheld by, or delivered to, the Company pursuant to provisions in agreements with recipients of restricted stock granted under the Company's 2005 Stock Incentive Plan allowing the Company to withhold, or the recipient to deliver to the Company, the number of shares having the fair value equal to tax withholding due.

(2) On October 23, 2014, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a common stock repurchase program of up to two million shares of the Company's outstanding common stock (Stock Repurchase Program). The Stock Repurchase Program was publicly announced on October 27, 2014. This authorization had no expiration date. All of the above purchases were made on the open market at prevailing market rates plus related expenses. During the three months ended September 30, 2015, the Company repurchased 1,134,300 shares for \$45.2 million under the Stock Repurchase Program. On October 22, 2015, the Company's Board of Directors terminated the Stock Repurchase Program adopted on October 23, 2014, and adopted a new stock repurchase program of up to three million one hundred fifty thousand (3,150,000) shares of the Company's outstanding common stock (2015 Stock

Repurchase Program). This authorization has a termination date of December 31, 2016. As of October 27, 2015, no shares have been purchased under the 2015 Stock Repurchase Program.

Item 5. Other Information

Amendment of Amended and Restated 1999 Incentive Plan for Outside Directors

On October 21, 2015, the Board of Directors approved an amendment to the Amended and Restated 1999 Incentive Plan for Outside Directors (Outside Directors Plan) as follows:

The annual cash retainer for service on the Board was increased from \$40,000 to \$50,000.

The annual equity award for service on the Board was increased from \$55,000 to \$70,000.

The annual committee fee for members of the Audit Committee was increased from \$7,500 to \$8,500.

The annual committee fee for members of the Compensation Committee was increased from \$5,000 to \$6,500.

The annual committee fee for the chairman of the Compensation Committee was increased from \$7,500 to \$9,000.

The additional compensation for the Lead Independent Director was increased from \$12,500 to \$15,000.

The additional compensation for a non-executive chairman of the Board was increased from \$30,000 to \$60,000.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company amended the Outside Directors Plan as described above based upon a Board of Directors compensation study undertaken by the Hay Group, which is the Company's independent compensation consultant.

Table of Contents

The foregoing description of the amendment to the Outside Directors Plan is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the Outside Directors Plan, which is filed as Exhibit 10.2 to this Form 10-Q.

Table of Contents

Item 6. Exhibits

The number and description of the following exhibits coincide with Item 601 of Regulation S-K:

- 3.1 Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Trex Company, Inc. (the Company). Filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company s Registration Statement on Form S-1 (No. 333-63287) and incorporated herein by reference.
- 3.2 Certificate of Amendment to the Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Trex Company, Inc. dated April 30, 2014. Filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the Company s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014 and incorporated herein by reference.
- 3.3 Amended and Restated By-Laws of the Company. Filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the Company s Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 7, 2008 and incorporated herein by reference.
- 10.1 Form of Trex Company, Inc. 2014 Stock Incentive Plan Stock Appreciation Rights Agreement. Filed herewith.*
- 10.2 Trex Company, Inc. Amended and Restated 1999 Incentive Plan for Outside Directors as amended on October 21, 2015. Filed herewith.*
- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer of Trex Company, Inc. pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Filed herewith.
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer of Trex Company, Inc. pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Filed herewith.
- 32 Certifications of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350).
- 101.INS XBRL Instance Document.
- 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
- 101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
- 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
- 101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
- 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.

* Management contract or compensatory plan or agreement.

Table of Contents

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

TREX COMPANY, INC.

Date: October 27, 2015

By: /s/ Bryan H. Fairbanks
Bryan H. Fairbanks
Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Duly Authorized Officer and Principal Financial
Officer)

Table of Contents**EXHIBIT INDEX**

| Exhibit Number | Exhibit Description |
|---------------------------|--|
| 3.1 | Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Trex Company, Inc. (the Company). Filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company s Registration Statement on Form S-1 (No. 333-63287) and incorporated herein by reference. |
| 3.2 | Certificate of Amendment to the Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Trex Company, Inc. dated April 30, 2014. Filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the Company s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2014 and incorporated herein by reference. |
| 3.3 | Amended and Restated By-Laws of the Company. Filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the Company s Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 7, 2008 and incorporated herein by reference. |
| 10.1 | Form of Trex Company, Inc. 2014 Stock Incentive Plan Stock Appreciation Rights Agreement. Filed herewith.* |
| 10.2 | Trex Company, Inc. Amended and Restated 1999 Incentive Plan for Outside Directors as amended on October 21, 2015. Filed herewith.* |
| 31.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer of Trex Company, Inc. pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Filed herewith. |
| 31.2 | Certification of Chief Financial Officer of Trex Company, Inc. pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Filed herewith. |
| 32 | Certifications of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350). |
| 101.INS | XBRL Instance Document. |
| 101.SCH | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document. |
| 101.CAL | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document. |
| 101.DEF | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document. |
| 101.LAB | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document. |
| 101.PRE | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document. |

* Management contract or compensatory plan or agreement.