CISCO SYSTEMS INC Form 10-Q May 24, 2007 Table of Contents

# **UNITED STATES**

# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

	FORM 10-Q
(Mark one)	
x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUAN' ACT OF 1934 For the quarterly period ended April 28, 2007	T TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
	OR
ACT OF 1934  For the transition period from to	T TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
	Commission file number 0-18225
CISC	O SYSTEMS, INC.
(Exact na	ame of Registrant as specified in its charter)
California (State or other jurisdiction of	77-0059951 (I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization)	Identification Number) 170 West Tasman Drive

Table of Contents 1

San Jose, California 95134

(Address of principal executive office and zip code)

(408) 526-4000

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES x NO "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated filer x Accelerated filer " Non-Accelerated filer "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES "NO x

As of May 17, 2007, 6,071,255,443 shares of the registrant s common stock were outstanding.

# Cisco Systems, Inc.

# FORM 10-Q for the Quarter Ended April 28, 2007

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#### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

# Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)

# CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(in millions, except per-share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Three Mon April 28,	nths Ended April 29,	Nine Mon April 28,	ths Ended April 29,
	2007	2006	2007	2006
NET SALES:				
Product	\$ 7,481	\$ 6,155	\$ 21,520	\$ 17,183
Service	1,385	1,167	3,969	3,317
Total net sales	8,866	7,322	25,489	20,500
COST OF SALES:				
Product	2,685	2,193	7,728	5,718
Service	534	403	1,493	1,180
Total cost of sales	3,219	2,596	9,221	6,898
GROSS MARGIN	5,647	4,726	16,268	13,602
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Research and development	1,144	1,041	3,321	3,003
Sales and marketing	1,830	1,547	5,242	4,431
General and administrative	378	298	1,082	858
Amortization of purchased intangible assets	97	99	298	214
In-process research and development	1	88	7	90
Total operating expenses	3,450	3,073	9,950	8,596
OPERATING INCOME	2,197	1,653	6,318	5,006
Interest income, net	189	142	518	464
Other income, net	33	17	94	17
Interest and other income, net	222	159	612	481
INCOME BEFORE PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	2,419	1,812	6,930	5,487
Provision for income taxes	545	412	1,527	1,451
NET INCOME	\$ 1,874	\$ 1,400	\$ 5,403	\$ 4,036

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Net income per share basic		\$ 0.31	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.89	\$ 0.65
Net income per share diluted		\$ 0.30	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.86	\$ 0.64
Shares used in per-share calculation	basic	6,034	6,160	6,052	6,184
Shares used in per-share calculation	diluted	6,244	6,289	6,255	6,300

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

# CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in millions, except par value)

# (Unaudited)

	April 28,	July 29,
	2007	2006
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,457	\$ 3,297
Investments	16,879	14,517
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$172 at April 28, 2007 and \$175 at July 29, 2006	3,238	3,303
Inventories	1,289	1,371
Deferred tax assets	1,755	1,604
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,922	1,584
Total current assets	30,540	25,676
Property and equipment, net	3,695	3,440
Goodwill	9,493	9,227
Purchased intangible assets, net	1,909	2,161
Other assets	3,198	2,811
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 48,835	\$ 43,315
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 864	\$ 880
Income taxes payable	1,525	1,744
Accrued compensation	1,791	1,516
Deferred revenue	4,854	4,408
Other accrued liabilities	2,938	2,765
Total current liabilities	11,972	11,313
Long-term debt	6,478	6,332
Deferred revenue	1,485	1,241
Other long-term liabilities	373	511
Total liabilities	20,308	19,397
Minority interest	9	6
Shareholders equity:		
Preferred stock, no par value: 5 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding		
Common stock and additional paid-in capital, \$0.001 par value: 20,000 shares authorized; 6,054 and 6,059 shares issued and outstanding at April 28, 2007 and July 29, 2006, respectively	28,411	24,257

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Accumulated deficit	(457)	(617)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	564	272
T ( 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	20.510	22.012
Total shareholders equity	28,518	23,912
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY	\$ 48,835	\$ 43,315

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

# CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

## (in millions)

# (Unaudited)

	Nine Mont April 28, 2007	ths Ended April 29, 2006	
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	\$ 5,403	\$ 4,036	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	1,039	856	
Employee share-based compensation expense	709	839	
Share-based compensation expense related to acquisitions and investments	27	75	
Provision for doubtful accounts	6	22	
Deferred income taxes	(302)	(79)	
Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation	(648)	(385)	
In-process research and development	7	90	
Net gains and impairment charges on investments	(154)	(74)	
Other		31	
Change in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions:			
Accounts receivable	60	(588)	
Inventories	82	179	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(355)	(228)	
Lease receivables, net	(131)	(98)	
Accounts payable	(17)	(86)	
Income taxes payable	535	273	
Accrued compensation	275	65	
Deferred revenue	690	414	
Other liabilities	140	240	
Net cash provided by operating activities	7,366	5,582	
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchases of investments	(15,342)	(17,154)	
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	13,438	14,539	
Acquisition of property and equipment	(912)	(595)	
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash and cash equivalents acquired	(387)	(5,347)	
Change in investments in privately held companies	(81)	(158)	
Purchase of minority interest of Cisco Systems, K.K. (Japan)		(25)	
Other	(87)	(31)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,371)	(8,771)	
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Issuance of common stock	3,719	1,282	
Repurchase of common stock	(6,281)	(5,478)	
Issuance of debt	,	6,481	
Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation	648	385	
Other	79	14	

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Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(1,835)	2,684
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2.160	(505)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	3,297	4,742
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 5,457	\$ 4,237

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

# CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

(in millions)

(Unaudited)

	Common Stock Shares and Additional of			Stock and Additional			nulated ther		Total	
		Paid-	-In	Ret	ained	Compr	ehensive	Sha	reholders	
	Common									
Nine Months Ended April 29, 2006	Stock	Capi	tal	Ear	rnings	Inc	ome	I	Equity	
BALANCE AT JULY 30, 2005	6,331	\$ 2	2,394	\$	506	\$	274	\$	23,174	
Net income					4,036				4,036	
Change in unrealized gains and losses on investments, net of										
tax							8		8	
Other							80		80	
Comprehensive income									4,124	
									.,.21	
Issuance of common stock	128		1.282						1.282	
Repurchase of common stock	(296)		(1,057)		(4,421)				(5,478)	
Tax benefits from employee stock incentive plans	(270)	(	418		(7,721)				418	
Purchase acquisitions	1		187						187	
Employee share-based compensation expense	•		833						833	
Share-based compensation expense related to acquisitions and										
investments			75						75	
BALANCE AT APRIL 29, 2006	6,164	\$ 2	4,132	\$	121	\$	362	\$	24,615	
	Shares					Accur	nulated			
		Common	Stock							
	of	and Add	itional			O	ther		Total	
	Common	Paid	-In	Accu	mulated	Compr	ehensive	e Sharehold		
Nine Months Ended April 28, 2007	Stock	Capi	tal	De	eficit	Inc	ome	I	Equity	
BALANCE AT JULY 29, 2006	6,059	-	4,257	\$	(617)	\$	272	\$	23,912	
Net income					5,403				5,403	
Change in unrealized gains and losses on investments, net of										
tax							155		155	
Other							137		137	
Comprehensive income									5,695	
1									2,070	
Issuance of common stock	238		3,719						3,719	
Repurchase of common stock	(243)	(	(1,038)		(5,243)				(6,281)	
Tax benefits from employee stock incentive plans			733						733	
Purchase acquisitions			6						6	
Employee share-based compensation expense			707						707	
			27						27	

Share-based compensation expense related to acquisitions and					
investments					
BALANCE AT APRIL 28, 2007	6,054	\$ 28,411	\$ (457)	\$ 564	\$ 28,518

#### **Supplemental Information**

In September 2001, the Company s Board of Directors authorized a stock repurchase program. As of April 28, 2007, the Company s Board of Directors had authorized an aggregate repurchase of up to \$47 billion of common stock under this program. For additional information regarding stock repurchases, see Note 9 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. The purchase price of shares of common stock repurchased was reflected as (i) a reduction to retained earnings until retained earnings were zero and then as an increase to accumulated deficit and (ii) a reduction of common stock and additional paid-in capital. Issuance of common stock and the tax benefit related to employee stock incentive plans are recorded in shareholders equity as an increase to common stock and additional paid-in capital. The stock repurchases since the inception of this program are summarized in the table below (in millions):

	Shares		Retained	Accumulated	
	of	Common Stock and Additional	Earnings	Other	Total
	Common	Paid-In	(Accumulated	Comprehensive	Shareholders
	Stock	Capital	Deficit)	Income	Equity
Repurchases of common stock	2,174	\$ 7,332	\$ 34,397	\$	\$ 41,729

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (Unaudited)

#### 1. Description of Business

Cisco Systems, Inc. (the Company or Cisco ) designs, manufactures, and sells networking and other products related to the communications and information technology industry and provides services associated with these products and their use. The Company s products are installed at corporations, public institutions, telecommunications companies, commercial businesses and personal residences. Cisco provides a broad line of products for transporting data, voice, and video within buildings, across campuses, and around the world.

The Company conducts business globally and is primarily managed on a geographic basis in the following theaters: United States and Canada; European Markets; Emerging Markets; Asia Pacific; and Japan. The Emerging Markets theater consists of Eastern Europe, Latin America, the Middle East and Africa, and Russia and the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS).

On February 24, 2006, the Company completed the acquisition of Scientific-Atlanta, Inc. (Scientific-Atlanta), a provider of set-top boxes, end-to-end video distribution networks, and video system integration. With this acquisition, the Company has enhanced its video capabilities to help enable the convergence of data, voice and video technologies. The Company seeks to have further strategic business relationships with key service provider customers, and to reach a broad range of consumers with its enhanced product line following the acquisition.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Fiscal Year

The Company s fiscal year is the 52 or 53 weeks ending on the last Saturday in July. Fiscal 2007 and fiscal 2006 are 52-week fiscal years.

#### Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial data as of April 28, 2007 and for the three and nine months ended April 28, 2007 and April 29, 2006 has been prepared by the Company, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. The July 29, 2006 Consolidated Balance Sheet was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. However, the Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. These Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto, included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended July 29, 2006.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments (which include normal recurring adjustments, except as disclosed herein) necessary to present a fair statement of financial position as of April 28, 2007, results of operations for the three and nine months ended April 28, 2007 and April 29, 2006, cash flows, and shareholders equity for the nine months ended April 28, 2007 and April 29, 2006, as applicable, have been made. The results of operations for the three and nine months ended April 28, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full fiscal year or any future periods.

#### Computation of Net Income per Share

Basic net income per share is computed using the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per share is computed using the weighted-average number of common shares and dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period. Dilutive potential common shares primarily consist of employee stock options, restricted common stock and restricted stock units.

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128, Earnings per Share, requires that employee equity share options, nonvested shares, and similar equity instruments granted by the Company be treated as potential common shares outstanding in computing diluted earnings per share.

Diluted shares outstanding include the dilutive effect of in-the-money options which is calculated based on the average share price for each fiscal period using the treasury stock method. Under the treasury stock method, the amount the employee must pay for exercising stock options, the amount of compensation cost for future service that the Company has not yet recognized, and the amount of tax benefits that would be recorded in additional paid-in capital when the award becomes deductible are assumed to be used to repurchase shares.

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#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Financial Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes-an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 (FIN 48), which is a change in accounting for income taxes. FIN 48 specifies how tax benefits for uncertain tax positions are to be recognized, measured, and derecognized in financial statements; requires certain disclosures of uncertain tax matters; specifies how reserves for uncertain tax positions should be classified on the balance sheet; and provides transition and interim-period guidance, among other provisions. FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006 and as a result, is effective for the Company in the first quarter of fiscal 2008. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of FIN 48 on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In September 2006, the SEC issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108, Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements (SAB 108). SAB 108 provides interpretative guidance on the process of quantifying financial statement misstatements and is effective for fiscal years ending after November 15, 2006. The Company applied the provisions of SAB 108 beginning in the first quarter of fiscal 2007 and there was no impact to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 157, Fair Value Measurements (SFAS 157). SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework and gives guidance regarding the methods used for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company is currently assessing the impact that SFAS 157 will have on its results of operations and financial position.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115 (SFAS 159). SFAS 159 expands the use of fair value accounting but does not affect existing standards which require certain assets or liabilities to be carried at fair value. The objective of SFAS 159 is to improve financial reporting by providing companies with the opportunity to mitigate volatility in reported earnings caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently without having to apply complex hedge accounting provisions. Under SFAS 159, a company may choose, at specified election dates, to measure eligible items at fair value and report unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. SFAS 159 is effective as of the beginning of the fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2007. The Company is currently assessing the impact that SFAS 159 will have on its results of operations and financial position.

#### Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior period amounts in order to conform to the current period s presentation.

#### 3. Business Combinations

#### Purchase Acquisitions

A summary of the purchase acquisitions and asset purchases for the nine months ended April 28, 2007 is as follows (in millions):

					In-Pr	rocess	Pur	chased						
	Purchase		Purchase Liabilities		Purchase Liabilities R&D Intangib		Purchase Liabilities		R&D		Intangible			
	Consi	Consideration		Assumed Expe		ense	Assets		Go	odwill				
Arroyo Video Solutions, Inc.	\$	86	\$	1	\$	3	\$	25	\$	57				
Reactivity, Inc.		110		4		1		39		72				
Other		211		17		3		77		135				
Total	\$	407	\$	22	\$	7	\$	141	\$	264				

The Company acquired Arroyo Video Solutions, Inc. to enable carriers to accelerate the creation and distribution of network-delivered entertainment, interactive media, and advertising services across the growing portfolio of televisions, personal computers, and mobile handsets.

The Company acquired Reactivity, Inc. to complement and extend the Company s application networking services portfolio, within advanced technologies.

Under the terms of the definitive agreements related to the acquisitions and asset purchases, the purchase consideration consisted of cash and stock options assumed. The purchase consideration for the Company s acquisitions and asset purchases is also allocated to tangible assets acquired. The Consolidated Financial Statements include the operating results of each business from the date of acquisition. Pro forma results of operations for the acquisitions completed during the nine months ended April 28, 2007 have not been presented because the effects of the acquisitions, individually or in the aggregate, were not material to the Company s financial results.

#### Pro Forma Financial Information Relating to the Acquisition of Scientific-Atlanta, Inc.

The financial information in the table below summarizes the combined results of operations of Cisco and Scientific-Atlanta, on a pro forma basis, as though the companies had been combined at the beginning of each period presented. The pro forma financial information for the three months ended April 29, 2006 combines the historical results of operations of Cisco for that period, with the historical results of operations of Scientific-Atlanta for the month ended February 24, 2006. The pro forma financial information for the nine months ended April 29, 2006 combines the historical results of operations of Cisco for that period, with the historical results of operations of Scientific-Atlanta for the six months ended December 30, 2005 and the month ended February 24, 2006.

The pro forma financial information is presented for informational purposes only and is not indicative of the results of operations that would have been achieved if the acquisition of Scientific-Atlanta and issuance of \$6.5 billion of debt (see Note 7) had taken place at the beginning of each period presented. The debt was issued to finance the acquisition of Scientific-Atlanta as well as for general corporate purposes. For the purposes of this pro forma financial information, the interest expense on the entire debt, including the effects of hedging, was included in the pro forma financial adjustments. The pro forma financial information for the three and nine months ended April 29, 2006 also includes incremental stock-based compensation expense due to the acceleration of Scientific-Atlanta employee stock options prior to the acquisition date, investment banking fees, and other acquisition-related costs, recorded in Scientific-Atlanta s historical results of operations during February 2006. In addition, the pro forma financial information for the three and nine months ended April 29, 2006 includes the purchase accounting adjustments on historical Scientific-Atlanta inventory, adjustments to depreciation on acquired property and equipment, a charge for in-process research and development, amortization charges from acquired intangible assets, adjustments to interest income, and related tax effects.

The following table summarizes the pro forma financial information (in millions, except per-share amounts):

	Th	ree Months Ended		Nine Months Ended April 29, 2006		
		April 29, 2006	A			
Net sales	\$	7,485	\$	21,648		
Net income	\$	1,299	\$	3,822		
Net income per share basic	\$	0.21	\$	0.62		
Net income per share diluted	\$	0.21	\$	0.61		

### Purchased Intangible Assets and In-Process Research and Development

The following table presents the amortization of purchased intangible assets and in-process research and development (in millions):

	Three Mo	nths Ended	Nine Months Ended		
	April 28, 2007	April 29, 2006	April 28, 2007	April 29, 2006	
Amortization of purchased intangible assets	\$ 133	\$ 123	\$ 406	\$ 238	
In-process research and development	\$ 1	\$ 88	\$ 7	\$ 90	

The Company s methodology for allocating the purchase price for purchase acquisitions to in-process research and development ( in-process R&D ) is determined through established valuation techniques. In-process R&D is expensed upon acquisition because technological feasibility has not been established and no future alternative uses exist.

The following table presents details of the purchased intangible assets acquired during the nine months ended April 28, 2007 (in millions, except years):

		Custo	mer			
Techno	ology	Relation	ıships	Oth	er	Total
Weighted	Amount	Weighted	Amount	Weighted	Amount	Amount

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	Average		Average		Average		
	Useful Life		Useful Life		Useful Life		
	(in Years)		(in Years)		(in Years)		
Arroyo Video Solutions, Inc.	5.0	\$ 14	7.0	\$ 11		\$	\$ 25
Reactivity, Inc.	6.0	36	5.0	3			39
Other	4.7	69	4.5	7	2.4	1	77
Total		\$ 119		\$ 21		\$ 1	\$ 141

The following tables present details of the Company s purchased intangible assets (in millions):

		Accu	mulated	
April 28, 2007	Gross	Amo	rtization	Net
Technology	\$ 1,100	\$	(424)	\$ 676
Customer relationships	1,567		(357)	1,210
Other	141		(118)	23
Total	\$ 2,808	\$ Accu	(899)	\$ 1,909
July 29, 2006	Gross	Amo	rtization	Net
Technology	\$ 1,052	\$	(302)	\$ 750
Customer relationships	1,535		(175)	1,360
Other	164		(113)	51
Total	\$ 2,751	\$	(590)	\$ 2,161

The estimated future amortization expense of purchased intangible assets as of April 28, 2007 is as follows (in millions):

Fiscal Year	An	nount
2007 (remaining three months)	\$	134
2008		496
2009		410
2010		303
2011		230
Thereafter		336
Total	\$	1,909

# Goodwill

The following table presents the changes in goodwill allocated to the Company s reportable segments during the nine months ended April 28, 2007 (in millions):

	Balance	at			Balance at
	July 29 2006	•	<b>Juisitions</b>	Other	April 28, 2007
United States and Canada	\$ 6,77	78 \$	161	\$ (20)	\$ 6,919
European Markets	1,12	27	53	24	1,204
Emerging Markets	29	92	15	(2)	305
Asia Pacific	27	77	24		301
Japan	75	53	11		764
•					
Total	\$ 9,22	27 \$	264	\$ 2	\$ 9,493

#### Compensation Expense Related to Acquisitions and Investments

The following table presents the compensation expense related to acquisitions and investments (in millions):

	Three M April 28, 2007	Ionths Ended April 29, 2006	Nine Mo April 28, 2007	onths Ended April 29, 2006
Share-based compensation expense	\$ 8	\$ 23	\$ 27	\$ 75
Cash compensation expense	8	9	37	27
Total	\$ 16	\$ 32	\$ 64	\$ 102

#### Share-Based Compensation Expense

Beginning in fiscal 2006, share-based compensation related to acquisitions and investments is measured under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), Share-Based Payment, (SFAS 123(R)) and includes deferred share-based compensation relating to acquisitions completed prior to fiscal 2006. As of April 28, 2007, the remaining balance of share-based compensation related to acquisitions and investments to be recognized over the vesting periods was approximately \$85 million.

#### Cash Compensation Expense

In connection with the Company s purchase acquisitions, asset purchases, and acquisitions of variable interest entities, the Company has agreed to pay certain additional amounts in cash contingent upon achieving certain agreed-upon technology, development, product, or other milestones or continued employment of certain employees with the Company. In each case, any additional amounts paid will be recorded as compensation expense. As of April 28, 2007, the Company had remaining potential payments of up to \$193 million pursuant to these agreements.

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# 4. Balance Sheet Details

The following tables provide details of selected balance sheet items (in millions):

	April 28,	July 29,
	2007	2006
Inventories:		
Raw materials	\$ 175	\$ 131
Work in process	117	377
Finished goods:		122
Distributor inventory and deferred cost of sales	474	423
Manufacturing finished goods	278	236
Total finished goods	752	659
Service-related spares	210	170
Demonstration systems	35	34
	¢ 1.200	¢ 1 271
Total	\$ 1,289	\$ 1,371
Property and equipment, net:		
Land, buildings, and leasehold improvements	\$ 3,852	\$ 3,647
Computer equipment and related software	1,535	1,352
Production, engineering, and other equipment	4,195	3,678
Operating lease assets	160	153
Furniture and fixtures	375	363
	10,117	9,193
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(6,422)	(5,753)
Total	\$ 3,695	\$ 3,440
Total	Ψ 3,073	Ψ 5,110
Other assets:		
Deferred tax assets	\$ 1,147	\$ 983
Investments in privately held companies	641	574
Income tax receivable	277	279
Lease receivables, net	526	464
Other	607	511
Total	\$ 3,198	\$ 2,811
	Ψ 2,170	Ψ 2,011
Deferred revenue:		
Service	\$ 4,392	\$ 4,088
Product:		
Unrecognized revenue on product shipments and other deferred revenue	1,563	1,156
Cash receipts related to unrecognized revenue from two-tier distributors	384	405
Total product deferred revenue	1,947	1,561
Total product deserted sevenue	1,777	1,501

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Total	\$ 6,339	\$ 5,649
Reported as:		
Current	\$ 4,854	\$ 4,408
Noncurrent	1,485	1,241
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Total	\$ 6,339	\$ 5,649

#### 5. Lease Receivables, Net

Lease receivables represent sales-type and direct-financing leases resulting from the sale of the Company s and complementary third-party products and services. These lease arrangements typically have terms from two to three years and are generally collateralized by a security interest in the underlying assets. The current portion of lease receivables, net, is recorded in prepaid expenses and other current assets, and the noncurrent portion is recorded in other assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The net lease receivables are summarized as follows (in millions):

	April 28,	July 29,
	2007	2006
Gross lease receivables	\$ 1,109	\$ 960
Unearned income and other allowances	(206)	(188)
Total	\$ 903	\$ 772
Reported as:		
Current	\$ 377	\$ 308
Noncurrent	526	464
Total	\$ 903	\$ 772

Contractual maturities of the gross lease receivables at April 28, 2007 were as follows (in millions):

Fiscal Year	An	nount
2007 (remaining three months)	\$	150
2008		432
2009		275
2010		157
2011		72
Thereafter		23
Total	\$	1.109

Actual cash collections may differ from the contractual maturities due to early customer buyouts, refinancings, or defaults.

#### 6. Investments

The following tables summarize the Company s investments (in millions):

			Gı	oss	G	ross		
	An	nortized	Unre	alized	Unr	ealized		Fair
April 28, 2007		Cost	Ga	ins	L	osses	,	Value
Fixed income securities:								
U.S. government notes and bonds	\$	5,947	\$	17	\$	(12)	\$	5,952
Corporate notes, bonds, and asset-backed securities		8,390		9		(46)		8,353

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Municipal notes and bonds	1,467			(1)	1,466
Total fixed income securities	15,804		26	(59)	15,771
Publicly traded equity securities	713	4	00	(5)	1,108
Total	\$ 16,517	\$ 4	26 \$	(64)	\$ 16,879

			G	ross	G	ross	
	Amo	ortized	Unre	ealized	Unr	ealized	Fair
July 29, 2006	C	Cost	G	ains	L	osses	Value
Fixed income securities:							
U.S. government notes and bonds	\$	5,179	\$	3	\$	(47)	\$ 5,135
Corporate notes, bonds, and asset-backed securities		7,950		2		(88)	7,864
Municipal notes and bonds		809				(3)	806
Total fixed income securities	1	3,938		5		(138)	13,805
Publicly traded equity securities		467		252		(7)	712
Total	\$ 1	4,405	\$	257	\$	(145)	\$ 14,517

The following table summarizes the maturities of the Company s fixed income securities at April 28, 2007 (in millions):

	An	Amortized		Fair
		Cost	•	Value
Less than 1 year	\$	3,699	\$	3,691
Due in 1 to 2 years		4,044		4,036
Due in 2 to 5 years		5,884		5,866
Due after 5 years		2,177		2,178
Total	\$	15,804	\$ 1	15,771

Actual maturities may differ from the contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay certain obligations.

# 7. Long-Term Debt

In February 2006, the Company issued \$500 million of senior floating interest rate notes due 2009 (the 2009 Notes), \$3.0 billion of 5.25% senior notes due 2011 (the 2011 Notes), and \$3.0 billion of 5.50% senior notes due 2016 (the 2016 Notes), for an aggregate principal amount of \$6.5 billion. The following table summarizes the Company s long-term debt (in millions, except percentages):

	April 2	8, 2007 Effective	July 29	9, 2006 Effective
	Amount	Rate(1)	Amount	Rate(1)
Senior notes:				
Floating-rate notes, due 2009	\$ 500	5.44%	\$ 500	5.27%
5.25% fixed-rate notes, due 2011	3,000	5.56%	3,000	5.39%
5.50% fixed-rate notes, due 2016	3,000	5.79%	3,000	5.62%
Total senior notes	6,500		6,500	
Other notes	5		5	
Unamortized discount	(17)		(18)	
Fair value adjustment	(10)		(155)	

Total \$6,478 \$6,332

The effective rates for the 2011 Notes and the 2016 Notes reflect the variable rate in effect as of the period end on the interest rate swaps designated as fair value hedges of those notes, including the amortization of the discount.

The 2011 Notes and the 2016 Notes are redeemable by the Company at any time, subject to a make-whole premium. To achieve its interest rate objectives, the Company entered into \$6.0 billion notional amount of interest rate swaps. In effect, these swaps convert the fixed interest rates of the 2011 Notes and the 2016 Notes to floating interest rates based on the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). Gains and losses in the fair value of the interest rate swaps offset changes in the fair value of the underlying debt. The Company was in compliance with all debt covenants as of April 28, 2007.

Interest is payable quarterly on the 2009 Notes and semi-annually on the 2011 Notes and 2016 Notes. Interest expense, net of the effect of hedging, included in interest income, net, in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and cash paid for interest are summarized as follows (in millions):

	Th	Three Months Ended Nine Month			ths Er	ıded	
		ril 28, 007		il 29, 006	ril 28, 007		il 29, 006
Interest expense	\$	94	\$	60	\$ 283	\$	60
Cash paid for interest	\$	181	\$		\$ 354	\$	

# 8. Commitments and Contingencies

#### **Operating Leases**

The Company leases office space in several U.S. locations. Outside the United States, larger sites include Australia, Belgium, Canada, China, France, Germany, India, Italy, Japan, and the United Kingdom. Future annual minimum lease payments under all noncancelable operating leases with an initial term in excess of one year as of April 28, 2007 are as follows (in millions):

Fiscal Year	An	nount
2007 (remaining three months)	\$	76
2008		239
2009		184
2010		155
2011		136
Thereafter		685
Total	\$	1,475

#### Purchase Commitments with Contract Manufacturers and Suppliers

The Company purchases components from a variety of suppliers and uses several contract manufacturers to provide manufacturing services for its products. During the normal course of business, in order to manage manufacturing lead times and help ensure adequate component supply, the Company enters into agreements with contract manufacturers and suppliers that either allow them to procure inventory based upon criteria as defined by the Company or that establish the parameters defining the Company's requirements. In certain instances, these agreements allow the Company the option to cancel, reschedule, and adjust the Company's requirements based on its business needs prior to firm orders being placed. Consequently, only a portion of the Company's reported purchase commitments arising from these agreements are firm, noncancelable, and unconditional commitments. As of April 28, 2007, the Company had total purchase commitments for inventory of \$2.6 billion, compared with \$2.0 billion as of July 29, 2006.

In addition to the above, the Company records a liability for firm, noncancelable, and unconditional purchase commitments for quantities in excess of its future demand forecasts consistent with the valuation of the Company s inventory. As of April 28, 2007, the liability for these purchase commitments was \$161 million, compared with \$148 million as of July 29, 2006, and was included in other accrued liabilities.

#### Nuova Systems, Inc.

In the first quarter of fiscal 2007, the Company made an investment in Nuova Systems, Inc. ( Nuova Systems ), which conducts research and development on data center-related products. This investment includes \$50 million of funding and a license to certain of the Company s technology. As a result of this investment, the Company owns approximately 80% of Nuova Systems and has consolidated the results of Nuova Systems in the Company s Consolidated Financial Statements beginning in the first quarter of fiscal 2007. In April 2007, the agreements were amended to add additional product development activities to be undertaken by Nuova Systems. Upon the occurrence of certain events, the Company has committed up to \$62 million of additional funding, which amount was increased by the April 2007 amendment from up to \$42 million.

In connection with this investment, the Company and Nuova Systems have entered into a call option agreement that provides the Company with the right to purchase the remaining interests of approximately 20% in Nuova Systems. If the call option is exercised by the Company, the minority interest holders would be eligible to receive three milestone payments, revised from two milestone payments by the April 2007 amendment, based on agreed formulas. The amounts due under the milestone payments will be recognized by the Company when it is determined that the exercise of the call option is probable. These amounts will be recorded as compensation expense based on an estimate of the fair value of the amounts that could be earned by the minority interest holders pursuant to a vesting schedule. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the amounts probable of being earned and the continued

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vesting will result in adjustments to the recorded compensation expense. If the Company exercises the call option, the potential amount recorded as compensation expense would be up to a maximum of \$678 million, which amount was increased by the April 2007 amendment from up to a maximum of \$578 million due to additional employees required to perform the additional product development.

#### Other Commitments

The Company has entered into an agreement to invest approximately \$800 million in venture funds managed by SOFTBANK Corp. and its affiliates (SOFTBANK) that are required to be funded on demand. The total commitment is to be invested in venture funds and as senior debt with entities as directed by SOFTBANK. The Company s commitment to fund the senior debt is contingent upon the achievement of certain agreed-upon milestones. As of April 28, 2007, the Company had invested \$606 million in the venture funds pursuant to the commitment, compared with \$523 million as of July 29, 2006. In addition, as of April 28, 2007 and July 29, 2006, the Company had invested \$49 million in the senior debt pursuant to the commitment, all of which has been repaid.

The Company also has certain other funding commitments related to its privately held investments that are based on the achievement of certain agreed-upon milestones. The remaining funding commitments were approximately \$60 million as of April 28, 2007, compared with approximately \$34 million as of July 29, 2006.

#### Variable Interest Entities

In the ordinary course of business, the Company has investments in privately held companies and provides financing to certain customers through its wholly owned subsidiaries, which may be considered to be variable interest entities. The Company has evaluated its investments in privately held companies and customer financings and determined that there were no significant unconsolidated variable interest entities as of April 28, 2007.

#### **Guarantees and Product Warranties**

The following table summarizes the activity related to the product warranty liability during the nine months ended April 28, 2007 and April 29, 2006 (in millions):

	Nine Mont	ths Ended
	April 28, 2007	April 29, 2006
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 309	\$ 259
Provision for warranties issued	370	283
Fair value of warranty liability acquired from Scientific-Atlanta		44
Payments	(341)	(287)
Balance at end of period	\$ 338	\$ 299

The Company accrues for warranty costs as part of its cost of sales based on associated material product costs, labor costs for technical support staff, and associated overhead. The products sold are generally covered by a warranty for periods ranging from 90 days to five years, and for some products the Company provides a limited lifetime warranty.

The Company s guarantees as of April 28, 2007 and July 29, 2006 that were subject to recognition and disclosure requirements were not material. In the normal course of business, the Company indemnifies other parties, including customers, lessors, and parties to other transactions with the Company, with respect to certain matters. The Company has agreed to hold the other parties harmless against losses arising from a breach of representations or covenants, or out of intellectual property infringement or other claims made against certain parties. These agreements may limit the time within which an indemnification claim can be made and the amount of the claim. In addition, the Company has entered into indemnification agreements with its officers and directors, and the Company s bylaws contain similar indemnification obligations to the Company s agents.

It is not possible to determine the maximum potential amount under these indemnification agreements due to the Company s limited history with prior indemnification claims and the unique facts and circumstances involved in each particular agreement. Historically, payments made by the Company under these agreements have not had a material effect on the Company s operating results, financial position, or cash flows.

## Derivative Instruments

The Company primarily uses derivative instruments to manage exposures to foreign currency, interest rate, and equity security price

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risks. The Company s primary objective in holding derivatives is to reduce the volatility of earnings and cash flows associated with changes in foreign currency, interest rates, and equity security prices. The Company s derivatives expose it to credit risk to the extent that the counterparties may be unable to meet the terms of the agreement. The Company seeks to reduce such risks by limiting its counterparties to major financial institutions. In addition, the potential risk of loss with any one counterparty resulting from this type of credit risk is monitored. Management does not expect material losses as a result of defaults by counterparties.

Foreign Currency Derivatives

The Company s foreign exchange forward and option contracts are summarized as follows (in millions):

		April 28, 2007			July 29, 2006												
	Notional Fair Notional		Notional Fair Notional		Notional Fair Notional		Fair		Notional Fair		Notional Fair Notiona		Notional Fair Notional		otional	F	`air
	A	mount	V	alue	A	mount	V٤	alue									
Forward contracts:																	
Purchased	\$	1,447	\$	3	\$	1,376	\$	(2)									
Sold	\$	535	\$	(10)	\$	554	\$	(3)									
Option contracts:																	
Purchased	\$	303	\$	19	\$	591	\$	20									
Sold	\$	299	\$	(1)	\$	573	\$	(2)									

The Company conducts business globally in numerous currencies. As such, it is exposed to adverse movements in foreign currency exchange rates. To limit the exposure related to foreign currency changes, the Company enters into foreign currency contracts. The Company does not enter into foreign exchange forward or option contracts for trading purposes.

The Company enters into foreign exchange forward contracts to reduce the short-term effects of foreign currency fluctuations on foreign currency receivables, investments, and payables. The gains and losses on the foreign exchange forward contracts offset the transaction gains and losses on foreign currency receivables, investments, and payables recognized in earnings. Gains and losses on the contracts are included in other income, net, in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and offset foreign exchange gains and losses from the revaluation of intercompany balances or other current assets, investments, or liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the reporting entity. The Company s foreign exchange forward contracts related to current assets and liabilities generally range from one to three months in original maturity. Additionally, the Company has entered into foreign exchange forward contracts with maturities of up to two years related to long-term customer financings. The foreign exchange forward contracts related to investments generally have maturities of less than one year.

The Company periodically hedges certain foreign currency forecasted transactions related to certain operating expenses with currency options and forward contracts. These transactions are designated as cash flow hedges. The effective portion of the derivative s gain or loss is initially reported as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income and subsequently reclassified into earnings when the hedged exposure affects earnings. The ineffective portion, if any, of the gain or loss is reported in earnings immediately. These currency option contracts and forward contracts generally have maturities of less than 18 months.

Interest Rate Derivatives

The Company s interest rate derivatives are summarized as follows (in millions):

	April 28,	April 28, 2007		2006
	Notional	Fair	Notional	Fair
	Amount	Value	Amount	Value
Interest rate derivatives:				
Interest rate swaps- investments	\$ 1,000	\$ 26	\$ 1,000	\$ 45
Interest rate swaps- long-term debt	\$ 6,000	\$ (10)	\$ 6,000	\$ (155)

The Company s primary objective for holding fixed income securities is to achieve an appropriate investment return consistent with preserving principal and managing risk. To realize these objectives, the Company may utilize interest rate swaps or other derivatives designated as fair

value or cash flow hedges. The Company has entered into \$1.0 billion of interest rate swaps designated as fair value hedges of its investment portfolio. Under these interest rate swap contracts, the Company makes fixed-rate interest payments and receives interest payments based on LIBOR. The effect of these swaps is to convert fixed-rate returns to floating-rate returns based on LIBOR for a portion of the Company s fixed income portfolio. The gains and losses related to changes in the value of the interest rate swaps are included in other income, net, in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and offset the changes in fair value of the underlying hedged investment. The fair values of the interest rate swaps designated as hedges of the Company s investments were reflected in prepaid expenses and other current assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

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In conjunction with its issuance of fixed-rate senior notes in February 2006, the Company entered into \$6.0 billion of interest rate swaps designated as fair value hedges of the fixed-rate debt. Under these interest rate swap contracts, the Company receives fixed-rate interest payments and makes interest payments based on LIBOR. The effect of these swaps is to convert fixed-rate interest expense to floating-rate interest expense based on LIBOR. The gains and losses related to changes in the value of the interest rate swaps are included in other income, net, in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and offset the changes in fair value of the underlying debt. The fair values of the interest rate swaps designated as hedges of the Company s debt were reflected in other long-term liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Equity Derivatives

The Company s equity derivatives are summarized as follows (in millions):

	April	28,	July	29,	
	200	7	2006		
	Notional		Notional	Fair	
		Fair			
	Amount	Value	Amount	Value	
Equity derivatives:					
Forward sale and option agreements	\$ 198	\$ 10	\$ 164	\$ 93	

The Company maintains a portfolio of publicly traded equity securities which are subject to price risk. The Company may hold equity securities for strategic purposes or to diversify the Company s overall investment portfolio. To manage its exposure to changes in the fair value of certain equity securities, the Company may, from time to time, enter into equity derivative contracts. As of April 28, 2007, the Company had entered into forward sale and option agreements on certain publicly traded equity securities designated as fair value hedges. The gains and losses due to changes in the value of the hedging instruments are included in other income, net, in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and offset the change in the fair value of the underlying hedged investment. The fair values of the equity derivatives were reflected in prepaid expenses and other current assets and other accrued liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

## Legal Proceedings

The Company and other defendants were subject to patent claims asserted by QPSX Developments 5 Pty Ltd (now known as Ipernica Ltd) against the Company and such other defendants on June 21, 2005 in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas. QPSX alleged that various Cisco switches and routers infringed United States Patent No. 5,689,499 and sought damages and injunctive relief. On April 10, 2007, prior to trial, the Company and QPSX settled the dispute on terms that are not material to the Company, and the lawsuit was dismissed with prejudice on May 2, 2007.

The Company and other defendants were subject to claims asserted by Telcordia Technologies, Inc. on July 16, 2004 in the Federal District Court for the District of Delaware alleging that various Cisco routers, switches and optical products infringed United States Patent Nos. 4,893,306, 4,835,763 and Re 36,633. Telcordia sought damages and injunctive relief. The Court ruled that, as a matter of law, the Company does not infringe Patent No. 4,893,306. After conclusion of a trial, on May 10, 2007, a jury found that infringement had occurred and awarded damages in an amount that is not material to the Company. The Company intends to ask the Court to reverse the verdict as a matter of law, and if necessary, intends to appeal the decision. Telcordia also has the right to appeal the jury finding. The Company believes that the ultimate outcome of this matter and aggregate potential damages are not likely to be material.

In September 2005, Scientific-Atlanta, Inc. (which subsequently was acquired by the Company) and another plaintiff filed a declaratory judgment action against Forgent Networks in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas after Forgent sued various Scientific-Atlanta customers. In the action, Scientific-Atlanta asserted that its products did not infringe Forgent s United States Patent No. 6,285,746 and that the patent was invalid. On October 20, 2005, Forgent responded to the complaint and alleged that various Scientific-Atlanta digital video recorders infringed the patent and sought damages and injunctive relief. Subsequent to that, another declaratory judgment plaintiff moved to intervene and the cases were combined. On April 25, 2007, prior to trial, Scientific-Atlanta and Forgent settled their dispute on terms that are not material to the Company and the lawsuits were dismissed with prejudice on April 30, 2007.

For information regarding legal proceedings terminated during prior quarters of fiscal 2007, see Legal Proceedings under Note 8 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in the Company s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended January 27, 2007.

In addition, the Company is subject to legal proceedings, claims, and litigation arising in the ordinary course of business, including intellectual property litigation. While the outcome of these matters is currently not determinable, the Company does not expect that the ultimate costs to resolve these matters will have a material adverse effect on its consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

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# 9. Shareholders Equity Stock Repurchase Program

In September 2001, the Company s Board of Directors authorized a stock repurchase program. As of April 28, 2007, the Company s Board of Directors had authorized an aggregate repurchase of up to \$47 billion of common stock under this program and the remaining authorized repurchase amount was \$5.3 billion with no termination date. The stock repurchase activity under the stock repurchase program during the first nine months of fiscal 2007 is summarized as follows (in millions, except per-share amounts):

		eighted- verage		
Shares Months Ended April 28, 2007 Repurchased Price per Share			per Share	Amount ourchased
Cumulative balance at July 29, 2006	1,931	\$	18.36	\$ 35,448
Repurchase of common stock	243		25.85	6,281
Cumulative balance at April 28, 2007	2,174	\$	19.20	\$ 41,729

The purchase price for the shares of the Company s stock repurchased was reflected as a reduction to shareholders equity. In accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 6, Status of Accounting Research Bulletins, the Company is required to allocate the purchase price of the repurchased shares as (i) a reduction to retained earnings until retained earnings are zero and then as an increase to accumulated deficit and (ii) a reduction of common stock and additional paid-in capital. Issuance of common stock and the tax benefit related to employee stock incentive plans are recorded as an increase to common stock and additional paid-in capital.

#### Comprehensive Income

The components of comprehensive income are as follows (in millions):

	Three Months Ended April 28, April 29,		Nine Months Ended April 28, April 29,	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Net income	\$ 1,874	\$ 1,400	\$ 5,403	\$ 4,036
Other comprehensive income:	, ,,,,	, , ,	, -,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Change in unrealized gains and losses on investments, net of tax	49	1	158	9
Other (1)	96	40	137	80
Comprehensive income before minority interest	2,019	1,441	5,698	4,125
Change in minority interest (2)	(1)	(4)	(3)	(1)
Total	\$ 2,018	\$ 1,437	\$ 5,695	\$ 4,124

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes changes in currency translation

The Company consolidates its investment in a venture fund managed by SOFTBANK as it is the primary beneficiary as defined under FIN 46(R). As a result, SOFTBANK s interest in the change in the unrealized gains and losses on the investments in the venture fund is recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income, and is reflected as a change in minority interest.

10. Employee Benefit Plans *Emplo*