

TANGER FACTORY OUTLET CENTERS INC
Form 10-Q
May 03, 2018

United States
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2018

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 1-11986 (Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc.)
Commission file number 333-3526-01 (Tanger Properties Limited Partnership)

TANGER FACTORY OUTLET CENTERS, INC.
TANGER PROPERTIES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

North Carolina (Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc.) 56-1815473
North Carolina (Tanger Properties Limited Partnership) 56-1822494
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

3200 Northline Avenue, Suite 360, Greensboro, NC 27408
(Address of principal executive offices)

(336) 292-3010
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc. Yes No
Tanger Properties Limited Partnership Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc. Yes No
Tanger Properties Limited Partnership Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc.
Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Emerging growth company
Tanger Properties Limited Partnership

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Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc.
Tanger Properties Limited Partnership

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Act).

Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc. Yes No
Tanger Properties Limited Partnership Yes No

As of May 1, 2018, there were 94,382,583 common shares of Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc. outstanding, \$.01 par value.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This report combines the unaudited quarterly reports on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2018 of Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc. and Tanger Properties Limited Partnership. Unless the context indicates otherwise, the term "Company" refers to Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc. and subsidiaries and the term "Operating Partnership" refers to Tanger Properties Limited Partnership and subsidiaries. The terms "we", "our" and "us" refer to the Company or the Company and the Operating Partnership together, as the text requires.

Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc. and subsidiaries is one of the largest owners and operators of outlet centers in the United States and Canada. The Company is a fully-integrated, self-administered and self-managed real estate investment trust ("REIT") which, through its controlling interest in the Operating Partnership, focuses exclusively on developing, acquiring, owning, operating and managing outlet shopping centers. The outlet centers and other assets are held by, and all of the operations are conducted by, the Operating Partnership and its subsidiaries. Accordingly, the descriptions of the business, employees and properties of the Company are also descriptions of the business, employees and properties of the Operating Partnership. As the Operating Partnership is the issuer of our registered debt securities, we are required to present a separate set of financial statements for this entity.

The Company owns the majority of the units of partnership interest issued by the Operating Partnership through its two wholly-owned subsidiaries, Tanger GP Trust and Tanger LP Trust. Tanger GP Trust controls the Operating Partnership as its sole general partner. Tanger LP Trust holds a limited partnership interest. As of March 31, 2018, the Company, through its ownership of Tanger GP Trust and Tanger LP Trust, owned 94,382,583 units of the Operating Partnership and other limited partners (the "Non-Company LPs") collectively owned 4,995,433 Class A common limited partnership units. Each Class A common limited partnership unit held by the Non-Company LPs is exchangeable for one of the Company's common shares, subject to certain limitations to preserve the Company's status as a REIT. Class B common limited partnership units, which are held by Tanger LP Trust, are not exchangeable for common shares of the Company.

Management operates the Company and the Operating Partnership as one enterprise. The management of the Company consists of the same members as the management of the Operating Partnership. These individuals are officers of the Company and employees of the Operating Partnership. The individuals that comprise the Company's Board of Directors are also the same individuals that make up Tanger GP Trust's Board of Trustees.

We believe combining the quarterly reports on Form 10-Q of the Company and the Operating Partnership into this single report results in the following benefits:

- enhancing investors' understanding of the Company and the Operating Partnership by enabling investors to view the business as a whole in the same manner as management views and operates the business;
- eliminating duplicative disclosure and providing a more streamlined and readable presentation since a substantial portion of the disclosure applies to both the Company and the Operating Partnership; and
- creating time and cost efficiencies through the preparation of one combined report instead of two separate reports.

There are only a few differences between the Company and the Operating Partnership, which are reflected in the disclosure in this report. We believe it is important, however, to understand these differences between the Company and the Operating Partnership in the context of how the Company and the Operating Partnership operate as an interrelated consolidated company.

As stated above, the Company is a REIT, whose only material asset is its ownership of partnership interests of the Operating Partnership through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, the Tanger GP Trust and Tanger LP Trust. As a result,

the Company does not conduct business itself, other than issuing public equity from time to time and incurring expenses required to operate as a public company. However, all operating expenses incurred by the Company are reimbursed by the Operating Partnership, thus the only material item on the Company's income statement is its equity in the earnings of the Operating Partnership. Therefore, the assets and liabilities and the revenues and expenses of the Company and the Operating Partnership are the same on their respective financial statements, except for immaterial differences related to cash, other assets and accrued liabilities that arise from public company expenses paid by the Company. The Company itself does not hold any indebtedness but does guarantee certain debt of the Operating Partnership, as disclosed in this report.

The Operating Partnership holds all of the outlet centers and other assets, including the ownership interests in consolidated and unconsolidated joint ventures. The Operating Partnership conducts the operations of the business and is structured as a partnership with no publicly traded equity. Except for net proceeds from public equity issuances by the Company, which are contributed to the Operating Partnership in exchange for partnership units, the Operating Partnership generates the capital required through its operations, its incurrence of indebtedness or through the issuance of partnership units.

Noncontrolling interests, shareholder's equity and partner's capital are the main areas of difference between the consolidated financial statements of the Company and those of the Operating Partnership. The limited partnership interests in the Operating Partnership held by the Non-Company LPs are accounted for as partner's capital in the Operating Partnership's financial statements and as noncontrolling interests in the Company's financial statements.

To help investors understand the significant differences between the Company and the Operating Partnership, this report presents the following separate sections, as applicable, for each of the Company and the Operating Partnership:

- Consolidated financial statements;

- The following notes to the consolidated financial statements:

- Debt of the Company and the Operating Partnership;

- Shareholders' Equity, if applicable, and Partners' Equity;

- Earnings Per Share and Earnings Per Unit;

- Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income of the Company and the Operating Partnership;

- Liquidity and Capital Resources in the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

This report also includes separate Item 4. Controls and Procedures sections and separate Exhibit 31 and 32 certifications for each of the Company and the Operating Partnership in order to establish that the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of each entity have made the requisite certifications and that the Company and Operating Partnership are compliant with Rule 13a-15 or Rule 15d-15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and 18 U.S.C. §1350.

The separate sections in this report for the Company and the Operating Partnership specifically refer to the Company and the Operating Partnership. In the sections that combine disclosure of the Company and the Operating Partnership, this report refers to actions or holdings as being actions or holdings of the Company. Although the Operating Partnership is generally the entity that enters into contracts and joint ventures and holds assets and debt, reference to the Company is appropriate because the business is one enterprise and the Company operates the business through the Operating Partnership.

The Company currently consolidates the Operating Partnership because it has (1) the power to direct the activities of the Operating Partnership that most significantly impact the Operating Partnership's economic performance and (2) the obligation to absorb losses and the right to receive the residual returns of the Operating Partnership that could be potentially significant. The separate discussions of the Company and the Operating Partnership in this report should be read in conjunction with each other to understand the results of the Company on a consolidated basis and how

management operates the Company.

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TANGER FACTORY OUTLET CENTERS, INC. AND TANGER PROPERTIES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP
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PART I. - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 - Financial Statements of Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc.

TANGER FACTORY OUTLET CENTERS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except share data, unaudited)

	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Assets		
Rental property:		
Land	\$279,978	\$ 279,978
Buildings, improvements and fixtures	2,810,980	2,793,638
Construction in progress	615	14,854
	3,091,573	3,088,470
Accumulated depreciation	(929,608)	(901,967)
Total rental property, net	2,161,965	2,186,503
Cash and cash equivalents	3,427	6,101
Investments in unconsolidated joint ventures	114,304	119,436
Deferred lease costs and other intangibles, net	127,493	132,061
Prepays and other assets	98,669	96,004
Total assets	\$2,505,858	\$ 2,540,105
Liabilities and Equity		
Liabilities		
Debt:		
Senior, unsecured notes, net	\$1,135,230	\$ 1,134,755
Unsecured term loan, net	323,082	322,975
Mortgages payable, net	90,109	99,761
Unsecured lines of credit, net	223,634	206,160
Total debt	1,772,055	1,763,651
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	66,405	90,416
Other liabilities	73,907	73,736
Total liabilities	1,912,367	1,927,803
Commitments and contingencies		
Equity		
Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc.:		
Common shares, \$.01 par value, 300,000,000 shares authorized, 94,382,583 and 94,560,536 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively	944	946
Paid in capital	776,753	784,782
Accumulated distributions in excess of net income	(194,416)	(184,865)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(19,623)	(19,285)
Equity attributable to Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc.	563,658	581,578
Equity attributable to noncontrolling interests:		
Noncontrolling interests in Operating Partnership	29,833	30,724
Noncontrolling interests in other consolidated partnerships	—	—
Total equity	593,491	612,302
Total liabilities and equity	\$2,505,858	\$ 2,540,105

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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TANGER FACTORY OUTLET CENTERS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands, except share data, unaudited)

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
Revenues:		
Base rentals	\$81,533	\$80,330
Percentage rentals	1,429	1,855
Expense reimbursements	38,280	36,598
Management, leasing and other services	613	579
Other income	1,680	2,006
Total revenues	123,535	121,368
Expenses:		
Property operating	42,218	40,387
General and administrative	11,112	11,412
Abandoned pre-development costs	—	627
Depreciation and amortization	33,123	31,294
Total expenses	86,453	83,720
Operating income	37,082	37,648
Other income (expense):		
Interest expense	(15,800)	(16,487)
Other non-operating income (expense)	209	35
Income before equity in earnings of unconsolidated joint ventures	21,491	21,196
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated joint ventures	2,194	2,318
Net income	23,685	23,514
Noncontrolling interests in Operating Partnership	(1,217)	(1,178)
Noncontrolling interests in other consolidated partnerships	370	—
Net income attributable to Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc.	\$22,838	\$22,336
Basic earnings per common share:		
Net income	\$0.24	\$0.23
Diluted earnings per common share:		
Net income	\$0.24	\$0.23
Dividends declared per common share	\$0.3425	\$0.3250

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TANGER FACTORY OUTLET CENTERS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In thousands, unaudited)

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
Net income	\$23,685	\$23,514
Other comprehensive income (loss):		
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(3,095)	1,010
Change in fair value of cash flow hedges	2,739	722
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(356)	1,732
Comprehensive income	23,329	25,246
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(829)	(1,247)
Comprehensive income attributable to Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc.	\$22,500	\$23,999

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TANGER FACTORY OUTLET CENTERS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(In thousands, except share and per share data, unaudited)

	Common shares	Paid in capital	Accumulated distributions in excess of earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Equity attributable to Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc.	Noncontrolling interests in Operating Partnership	Noncontrolling interests in other consolidated partnerships	Total equity
Balance, December 31, 2016	\$ 961	\$ 820,251	\$(122,701)	\$(28,295)	\$ 670,216	\$ 35,066	\$ 159	\$ 705,441
Net income	—	—	22,336	—	22,336	1,178	—	23,514
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	1,663	1,663	69	—	1,732
Compensation under Incentive Award Plan	—	3,537	—	—	3,537	—	—	3,537
Issuance of 1,800 common shares upon exercise of options	—	54	—	—	54	—	—	54
Grant of 428,312 restricted common share awards, net of forfeitures	4	(4)	—	—	—	—	—	—
Withholding of 69,886 common shares for employee income taxes	—	(2,435)	—	—	(2,435)	—	—	(2,435)
Adjustment for noncontrolling interests in Operating Partnership	—	106	—	—	106	(106)	—	—
Common dividends (\$.325 per share)	—	—	(32,206)	—	(32,206)	—	—	(32,206)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—	(1,634)	—	(1,634)
Balance, March 31, 2017	\$ 965	\$ 821,509	\$(132,571)	\$(26,632)	\$ 663,271	\$ 34,573	\$ 159	\$ 698,003

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TANGER FACTORY OUTLET CENTERS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(In thousands, except share and per share data, unaudited)

	Common shares	Paid in capital	Accumulated distributions in excess of earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Equity attributable to Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc.	Noncontrolling interests in Operating Partnership	Noncontrolling interests in other consolidated partnerships	Total equity
Balance, December 31, 2017	\$ 946	\$ 784,782	\$ (184,865)	\$ (19,285)	\$ 581,578	\$ 30,724	\$ —	\$ 612,302
Net income	—	—	22,838	—	22,838	1,217	(370)	23,685
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	(338)	(338)	(18)	—	(356)
Compensation under Incentive Award Plan	—	3,656	—	—	3,656	—	—	3,656
Grant of 355,184 restricted common share awards, net of 3 forfeitures	3	(3)	—	—	—	—	—	—
Repurchase of 443,700 common shares, including transaction costs	(4)	(9,994)	—	—	(9,998)	—	—	(9,998)
Withholding of 89,437 common shares for employee income taxes	(1)	(2,067)	—	—	(2,068)	—	—	(2,068)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—	—	445	445
Adjustment for noncontrolling interests in Operating Partnership	—	379	—	—	379	(379)	—	—
Common dividends (\$.3425 per share)	—	—	(32,389)	—	(32,389)	—	—	(32,389)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—	(1,711)	(75)	(1,786)
Balance, March 31, 2018	\$ 944	\$ 776,753	\$ (194,416)	\$ (19,623)	\$ 563,658	\$ 29,833	\$ —	\$ 593,491

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TANGER FACTORY OUTLET CENTERS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(In thousands, unaudited)

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$23,685	\$23,514
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	33,123	31,294
Amortization of deferred financing costs	783	878
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated joint ventures	(2,194)	(2,318)
Equity-based compensation expense	3,392	3,292
Amortization of debt (premiums) and discounts, net	101	125
Amortization (accretion) of market rent rate adjustments, net	562	722
Straight-line rent adjustments	(1,948)	(1,705)
Distributions of cumulative earnings from unconsolidated joint ventures	2,198	2,473
Changes in other assets and liabilities:		
Other assets	1,714	(909)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(11,412)	(761)
Net cash provided by operating activities	50,004	56,605
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Additions to rental property	(19,714)	(35,527)
Additions to investments in unconsolidated joint ventures	(514)	(1,371)
Additions to non-real estate assets	(303)	(6,949)
Distributions in excess of cumulative earnings from unconsolidated joint ventures	4,494	3,313
Additions to deferred lease costs	(1,014)	(1,430)
Other investing activities	2,969	2,833
Net cash used in investing activities	(14,082)	(39,131)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Cash dividends paid	(32,389)	(32,206)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests in Operating Partnership	(1,711)	(1,634)
Proceeds from revolving credit facility	149,200	128,855
Repayments of revolving credit facility	(129,700)	(117,500)
Repayments of notes, mortgages and loans	(9,379)	(736)
Repurchase of common shares, including transaction costs	(9,998)	—
Employee income taxes paid related to shares withheld upon vesting of equity awards	(2,068)	(2,435)
Additions to deferred financing costs	(2,606)	(50)
Proceeds from exercise of options	—	54
Proceeds from other financing activities	445	3,283
Payment for other financing activities	(362)	(104)
Net cash used in financing activities	(38,568)	(22,473)
Effect of foreign currency rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(28)	2
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(2,674)	(4,997)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	6,101	12,222
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$3,427	\$7,225

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Item 1 - Financial Statements of Tanger Properties Limited Partnership

TANGER PROPERTIES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except unit data, unaudited)

	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Assets		
Rental property:		
Land	\$279,978	\$ 279,978
Buildings, improvements and fixtures	2,810,980	2,793,638
Construction in progress	615	14,854
	3,091,573	3,088,470
Accumulated depreciation	(929,608)	(901,967)
Total rental property, net	2,161,965	2,186,503
Cash and cash equivalents	3,338	6,050
Investments in unconsolidated joint ventures	114,304	119,436
Deferred lease costs and other intangibles, net	127,493	132,061
Prepays and other assets	97,860	95,384
Total assets	\$2,504,960	\$ 2,539,434
Liabilities and Equity		
Liabilities		
Debt:		
Senior, unsecured notes, net	\$1,135,230	\$ 1,134,755
Unsecured term loan, net	323,082	322,975
Mortgages payable, net	90,109	99,761
Unsecured lines of credit, net	223,634	206,160
Total debt	1,772,055	1,763,651
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	65,507	89,745
Other liabilities	73,907	73,736
Total liabilities	1,911,469	1,927,132
Commitments and contingencies		
Equity		
Partners' Equity:		
General partner, 1,000,000 units outstanding at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017	5,743	5,844
Limited partners, 4,995,433 and 4,995,433 Class A common units, and 93,382,583 and 93,560,536 Class B common units outstanding at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively	608,449	626,803
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(20,701)	(20,345)
Total partners' equity	593,491	612,302
Noncontrolling interests in consolidated partnerships	—	—
Total equity	593,491	612,302
Total liabilities and equity	\$2,504,960	\$ 2,539,434

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TANGER PROPERTIES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands, except per unit data, unaudited)

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
Revenues:		
Base rentals	\$81,533	\$80,330
Percentage rentals	1,429	1,855
Expense reimbursements	38,280	36,598
Management, leasing and other services	613	579
Other income	1,680	2,006
Total revenues	123,535	121,368
Expenses:		
Property operating	42,218	40,387
General and administrative	11,112	11,412
Abandoned pre-development costs	—	627
Depreciation and amortization	33,123	31,294
Total expenses	86,453	83,720
Operating income	37,082	37,648
Other income (expense):		
Interest expense	(15,800)	(16,487)
Other non-operating income (expense)	209	35
Income before equity in earnings of unconsolidated joint ventures	21,491	21,196
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated joint ventures	2,194	2,318
Net income	23,685	23,514
Noncontrolling interests in consolidated partnerships	370	—
Net income available to partners	24,055	23,514
Net income available to limited partners	23,814	23,281
Net income available to general partner	\$241	\$233
Basic earnings per common unit:		
Net income	\$0.24	\$0.23
Diluted earnings per common unit:		
Net income	\$0.24	\$0.23
Distribution declared per common unit	\$0.3425	\$0.3250

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TANGER PROPERTIES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(In thousands, unaudited)

	Three months ended March 31, 2018	2017
Net income	\$ 23,685	\$ 23,514
Other comprehensive income (loss):		
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(3,095)	1,010
Changes in fair value of cash flow hedges	2,739	722
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(356)	1,732
Comprehensive income	23,329	25,246
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests in consolidated partnerships	370	—
Comprehensive income attributable to the Operating Partnership	\$ 23,699	\$ 25,246

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TANGER PROPERTIES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY

(In thousands, except unit and per unit data, unaudited)

	General partner	Limited partners	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Total partners' equity	Noncontrolling interests in consolidated equity partnerships	Total equity
Balance, December 31, 2016	\$6,485	\$728,631	\$ (29,834)	\$705,282	\$ 159	\$705,441
Net income	233	23,281	—	23,514	—	23,514
Other comprehensive income	—	—	1,732	1,732	—	1,732
Compensation under Incentive Award Plan	—	3,537	—	3,537	—	3,537
Issuance of 1,800 common units upon exercise of options	—	54	—	54	—	54
Grant of 428,312 restricted common share awards by the Company, net of forfeitures	—	—	—	—	—	—
Withholding of 69,886 common units for employee income taxes	—	(2,435)	—	(2,435)	—	(2,435)
Common distributions (\$.325 per common unit)	(325)	(33,515)	—	(33,840)	—	(33,840)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—	—
Balance, March 31, 2017	\$6,393	\$719,553	\$ (28,102)	\$697,844	\$ 159	\$698,003

	General partner	Limited partners	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Total partners' equity	Noncontrolling interests in consolidated equity partnerships	Total equity
Balance, December 31, 2017	\$5,844	\$626,803	\$ (20,345)	\$612,302	\$ —	\$612,302
Net income	241	23,814	—	24,055	(370)	23,685
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	(356)	(356)	—	(356)
Compensation under Incentive Award Plan	—	3,656	—	3,656	—	3,656
Grant of 355,184 restricted common share awards by the Company	—	—	—	—	—	—
Repurchase of 443,700 units, including transaction costs	—	(9,998)	—	(9,998)	—	(9,998)
Withholding of 89,437 common units for employee income taxes	—	(2,068)	—	(2,068)	—	(2,068)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	445	445
Common distributions (\$.3425 per common unit)	(342)	(33,758)	—	(34,100)	—	(34,100)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	(75)	(75)
Balance, March 31, 2018	\$5,743	\$608,449	\$ (20,701)	\$593,491	\$ —	\$593,491

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TANGER PROPERTIES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands, unaudited)

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$23,685	\$23,514
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	33,123	31,294
Amortization of deferred financing costs	783	878
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated joint ventures	(2,194)	(2,318)
Equity-based compensation expense	3,392	3,292
Amortization of debt (premiums) and discounts, net	101	125
Amortization (accretion) of market rent rate adjustments, net	562	722
Straight-line rent adjustments	(1,948)	(1,705)
Distributions of cumulative earnings from unconsolidated joint ventures	2,198	2,473
Changes in other assets and liabilities:		
Other assets	1,903	(869)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(11,639)	(843)
Net cash provided by operating activities	49,966	56,563
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Additions to rental property	(19,714)	(35,527)
Additions to investments in unconsolidated joint ventures	(514)	(1,371)
Additions to non-real estate assets	(303)	(6,949)
Distributions in excess of cumulative earnings from unconsolidated joint ventures	4,494	3,313
Additions to deferred lease costs	(1,014)	(1,430)
Other investing activities	2,969	2,833
Net cash used in investing activities	(14,082)	(39,131)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Cash distributions paid	(34,100)	(33,840)
Proceeds from revolving credit facility	149,200	128,855
Repayments of revolving credit facility	(129,700)	(117,500)
Repayments of notes, mortgages and loans	(9,379)	(736)
Repurchase of units, including transaction costs	(9,998)	—
Employee income taxes paid related to shares withheld upon vesting of equity awards	(2,068)	(2,435)
Additions to deferred financing costs	(2,606)	(50)
Proceeds from exercise of options	—	54
Proceeds from other financing activities	445	3,283
Payment for other financing activities	(362)	(104)
Net cash used in financing activities	(38,568)	(22,473)
Effect of foreign currency on cash and cash equivalents	(28)	2
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(2,712)	(5,039)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	6,050	12,199
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$3,338	\$7,160

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TANGER FACTORY OUTLET CENTERS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
TANGER PROPERTIES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Business

Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc. and subsidiaries is one of the largest owners and operators of outlet centers in the United States and Canada. We are a fully-integrated, self-administered and self-managed real estate investment trust ("REIT") which, through our controlling interest in the Operating Partnership, focuses exclusively on developing, acquiring, owning, operating and managing outlet shopping centers. As of March 31, 2018, we owned and operated 36 consolidated outlet centers, with a total gross leasable area of approximately 12.9 million square feet. We also had partial ownership interests in 8 unconsolidated outlet centers totaling approximately 2.4 million square feet, including 4 outlet centers in Canada.

Our outlet centers and other assets are held by, and all of our operations are conducted by, Tanger Properties Limited Partnership and subsidiaries. Accordingly, the descriptions of our business, employees and properties are also descriptions of the business, employees and properties of the Operating Partnership. Unless the context indicates otherwise, the term "Company" refers to Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc. and subsidiaries and the term, "Operating Partnership", refers to Tanger Properties Limited Partnership and subsidiaries. The terms "we", "our" and "us" refer to the Company or the Company and the Operating Partnership together, as the text requires.

The Company owns the majority of the units of partnership interest issued by the Operating Partnership through its two wholly-owned subsidiaries, Tanger GP Trust and Tanger LP Trust. Tanger GP Trust is the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership. Tanger LP Trust holds a limited partnership interest. As of March 31, 2018, the Company, through its ownership of Tanger GP Trust and Tanger LP Trust, owned 94,382,583 units of the Operating Partnership and other limited partners (the "Non-Company LPs") collectively owned 4,995,433 Class A common limited partnership units. Each Class A common limited partnership unit held by the Non-Company LPs is exchangeable for one of the Company's common shares, subject to certain limitations to preserve the Company's REIT status. Class B common limited partnership units, which are held by Tanger LP Trust, are not exchangeable for common shares of the Company.

2. Basis of Presentation

The unaudited consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared pursuant to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto of the Company's and the Operating Partnership's combined Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017. The December 31, 2017 balance sheet data in this Form 10-Q was derived from audited financial statements. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the SEC's rules and regulations, although management believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the financial statements for the interim periods have been made. The results of interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results for a full year.

The Company currently consolidates the Operating Partnership because it has (1) the power to direct the activities of the Operating Partnership that most significantly impact the Operating Partnership's economic performance and (2) the obligation to absorb losses and the right to receive the residual returns of the Operating Partnership that could be potentially significant.

We consolidate properties that are wholly-owned and properties where we own less than 100% but we control. Control is determined using an evaluation based on accounting standards related to the consolidation of voting interest entities and variable interest entities ("VIE"). For joint ventures that are determined to be a VIE, we consolidate the entity where we are deemed to be the primary beneficiary. Determination of the primary beneficiary is based on whether an entity has (1) the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance, and (2) the obligation to absorb losses of the entity that could potentially be significant to the VIE or the right to receive benefits from the entity that could potentially be significant to the VIE. Our determination of the primary beneficiary considers all relationships between us and the VIE, including management agreements and other contractual arrangements.

Investments in real estate joint ventures that we do not control but may exercise significant influence are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. These investments are recorded initially at cost and subsequently adjusted for our equity in the joint venture's net income or loss, cash contributions, distributions and other adjustments required under the equity method of accounting.

For certain investments in real estate joint ventures, we record our equity in the venture's net income or loss under the hypothetical liquidation at book value ("HLBV") method of accounting due to the structures and the preferences we receive on the distributions from our joint ventures pursuant to the respective joint venture agreements for those joint ventures. Under this method, we recognize income and loss in each period based on the change in liquidation proceeds we would receive from a hypothetical liquidation of our investment based on depreciated book value. Therefore, income or loss may be allocated disproportionately as compared to the ownership percentages due to specified preferred return rate thresholds and may be more or less than actual cash distributions received and more or less than what we may receive in the event of an actual liquidation.

We separately report investments in joint ventures for which accumulated distributions have exceeded investments in, and our share of net income or loss of, the joint ventures within other liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets because we are committed to provide further financial support to these joint ventures. The carrying amount of our investments in the Charlotte and Galveston/Houston joint ventures are less than zero because of financing or operating distributions that were greater than net income, as net income includes non-cash charges for depreciation and amortization.

"Noncontrolling interests in the Operating Partnership" reflects the Non-Company LP's percentage ownership of the Operating Partnership's units. "Noncontrolling interests in other consolidated partnerships" consist of outside equity interests in partnerships or joint ventures not wholly-owned by the Company or the Operating Partnership that are consolidated with the financial results of the Company and Operating Partnership because the Operating Partnership exercises control over the entities that own the properties. Noncontrolling interests are initially recorded in the consolidated balance sheets at fair value based upon purchase price allocations. Income is allocated to the noncontrolling interests based on the allocation provisions within the partnership or joint venture agreements.

3. Investments in Unconsolidated Real Estate Joint Ventures

The equity method of accounting is used to account for each of the individual joint ventures. We have an ownership interest in the following unconsolidated real estate joint ventures:

As of March 31, 2018

Joint Venture	Outlet Center Location	Ownership %		Square Feet (in 000's)	Carrying Value of Investment (in millions)	Total Joint Venture Debt, Net (in millions) ⁽¹⁾
Columbus	Columbus, OH	50.0 %		355	\$ 0.1	\$ 84.5
National Harbor	National Harbor, MD	50.0 %		341	2.0	86.5
RioCan Canada	Various	50.0 %		923	112.2	10.6
Investments included in investments in unconsolidated joint ventures					\$ 114.3	
Charlotte ⁽²⁾	Charlotte, NC	50.0 %		398	\$ (4.3)	\$ 89.9
Galveston/Houston ⁽²⁾	Texas City, TX	50.0 %		353	(14.7)	79.5
Investments included in other liabilities					\$ (19.0)	

As of December 31, 2017

Joint Venture	Outlet Center Location	Ownership %		Square Feet (in 000's)	Carrying Value of Investment (in millions)	Total Joint Venture Debt, Net (in millions) ⁽¹⁾
Columbus	Columbus, OH	50.0 %		355	\$ 1.1	\$ 84.4
National Harbor	National Harbor, MD	50.0 %		341	2.5	86.4
RioCan Canada	Various	50.0 %		923	115.8	11.1
Investments included in investments in unconsolidated joint ventures					\$ 119.4	
Charlotte ⁽²⁾	Charlotte, NC	50.0 %		398	\$ (4.1)	\$ 89.8
Galveston/Houston ⁽²⁾	Texas City, TX	50.0 %		353	(13.0)	79.4
Investments included in other liabilities					\$ (17.1)	

⁽¹⁾ Net of debt origination costs and including premiums of \$1.3 million and \$1.4 million as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

⁽²⁾ The negative carrying value is due to distributions exceeding contributions and increases or decreases from the equity in earnings of the joint venture.

Fees we received for various services provided to our unconsolidated joint ventures were recognized in management, leasing and other services as follows (in thousands):

Three
months
ended
March 31,
2018 2017

Fee:
Management and marketing \$567 \$542

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Leasing and other fees	46	37
Total Fees	\$613	\$579

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Our investments in real estate joint ventures are reduced by the percentage of the profits earned for leasing and development services associated with our ownership interest in each joint venture. Our carrying value of investments in unconsolidated joint ventures differs from our share of the assets reported in the "Summary Balance Sheets - Unconsolidated Joint Ventures" shown below due to adjustments to the book basis, including intercompany profits on sales of services that are capitalized by the unconsolidated joint ventures. The differences in basis (totaling \$4.1 million and \$4.2 million as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively) are amortized over the various useful lives of the related assets.

Condensed combined summary financial information of unconsolidated joint ventures accounted for using the equity method is as follows (in thousands):

Condensed Combined Balance Sheets - Unconsolidated Joint Ventures	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Assets		
Land	\$94,138	\$95,686
Buildings, improvements and fixtures	500,209	505,618
Construction in progress, including land under development	3,094	3,005
	597,441	604,309
Accumulated depreciation	(98,614)	(93,837)
Total rental property, net	498,827	510,472
Cash and cash equivalents	19,848	25,061
Deferred lease costs and other intangibles, net	10,405	10,985
Prepays and other assets	14,614	15,073
Total assets	\$543,694	\$561,591
Liabilities and Owners' Equity		
Mortgages payable, net	\$351,016	\$351,259
Accounts payable and other liabilities	11,289	14,680
Total liabilities	362,305	365,939
Owners' equity	181,389	195,652
Total liabilities and owners' equity	\$543,694	\$561,591

Condensed Combined Statements of Operations - Unconsolidated Joint Ventures	Three months ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
Revenues	\$23,997	\$24,062
Expenses:		
Property operating	9,928	9,378
General and administrative	198	120
Depreciation and amortization	6,363	7,513
Total expenses	16,489	17,011
Operating income	7,508	7,051
Interest expense	(3,077)	(2,260)
Other non-operating income	52	2
Net income	\$4,483	\$4,793

The Company and Operating Partnership's share of:

Net income	\$2,194	\$2,318
Depreciation and amortization expense (real estate related)	\$3,229	\$3,838

4. Debt Guaranteed by the Company

All of the Company's debt is held by the Operating Partnership and its consolidated subsidiaries.

The Company guarantees the Operating Partnership's obligations with respect to its unsecured lines of credit which have a total borrowing capacity of \$600.0 million. The Company also guarantees the Operating Partnership's unsecured term loan.

The Operating Partnership had the following principal amounts outstanding on the debt guaranteed by the Company (in thousands):

	As of	
	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Unsecured lines of credit	\$227,600	\$208,100
Unsecured term loan	\$325,000	\$325,000

5. Debt of the Operating Partnership

The debt of the Operating Partnership consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Stated Interest Rate(s)	Maturity Date	As of March 31, 2018		As of December 31, 2017	
			Principal	Book Value ⁽¹⁾	Principal	Book Value ⁽¹⁾
Senior, unsecured notes:						
Senior notes	3.875	% December 2023	\$250,000	\$246,192	\$250,000	\$246,036
Senior notes	3.750	% December 2024	250,000	247,498	250,000	247,410
Senior notes	3.125	% September 2026	350,000	345,263	350,000	345,128
Senior notes	3.875	% July 2027	300,000	296,277	300,000	296,182
Mortgages payable:						
Atlantic City ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	5.14%-7.65%	November 2021-December 2026	36,682	39,001	37,462	39,879
Southaven	LIBOR + 1.80%	April 2021	51,400	51,108	60,000	59,881
Unsecured term loan	LIBOR + 0.95%	April 2021	325,000	323,082	325,000	322,975
Unsecured lines of credit	LIBOR + 0.875%	October 2021	227,600	223,634	208,100	206,160
			\$1,790,682	\$1,772,055	\$1,780,562	\$1,763,651

(1) Including premiums and net of debt discount and debt origination costs.

(2) The effective interest rate assigned during the purchase price allocation to the Atlantic City mortgages assumed during the acquisition in 2011 was 5.05%.

(3) Principal and interest due monthly with remaining principal due at maturity.

Certain of our properties, which had a net book value of approximately \$189.3 million at March 31, 2018, serve as collateral for mortgages payable. We maintain unsecured lines of credit that provide for borrowings of up to \$600.0 million. The unsecured lines of credit include a \$20.0 million liquidity line and a \$580.0 million syndicated line. The syndicated line may be increased up to \$1.2 billion through an accordion feature in certain circumstances. As of March 31, 2018, letters of credit totaling approximately \$6.0 million were issued under the lines of credit.

We provide guarantees to lenders for our joint ventures which include standard non-recourse carve out indemnifications for losses arising from items such as but not limited to fraud, physical waste, payment of taxes, environmental indemnities, misapplication of insurance proceeds or security deposits and failure to maintain required insurance. For construction and term loans, we may include a guaranty of completion as well as a principal guaranty ranging from 5% to 100% of principal. The principal guarantees include terms for release or reduction based upon satisfactory completion of construction and performance targets including occupancy thresholds and minimum debt service coverage tests. As of March 31, 2018, the maximum amount of unconsolidated joint venture debt guaranteed by the Company was \$32.7 million.

The unsecured lines of credit and senior unsecured notes include covenants that require the maintenance of certain ratios, including debt service coverage and leverage, and limit the payment of dividends such that dividends and distributions will not exceed funds from operations, as defined in the agreements, for the prior fiscal year on an annual basis or 95% of funds from operations on a cumulative basis. As of March 31, 2018, we were in compliance with all of our debt covenants.

Increased Borrowing Capacity and Extension of Unsecured Lines of Credit

In January 2018, we closed on amendments to our unsecured lines of credit, which increased the borrowing capacity from \$520.0 million to \$600.0 million and extended the maturity date from October 2019 to October 2021, with a one-year extension option. We also reduced the interest rate spread over LIBOR from 0.90% to 0.875%, and increased the incremental borrowing availability through an accordion feature on the syndicated line from \$1.0 billion to \$1.2 billion. Loan origination costs associated with the amendments totaled approximately \$2.3 million.

Southaven Mortgage

In February 2018, the consolidated joint venture that owns the Tanger outlet center in Southaven, Mississippi amended and restated the \$60.0 million mortgage loan secured by the property that was scheduled to mature in April 2018. The amended and restated loan reduced the principal balance to \$51.4 million, increased the interest rate from LIBOR + 1.75% to LIBOR + 1.80% and extended the maturity to April 2021, with a two-year extension option. In March 2018, the consolidated joint venture entered into an interest rate swap, effective March 1, 2018, that fixed the base LIBOR rate at 2.47% on a notional amount of \$40.0 million through January 31, 2021.

Debt Maturities

Maturities of the existing long-term debt as of March 31, 2018 for the next five years and thereafter are as follows (in thousands):

Calendar Year	Amount
2018	\$2,404
2019	3,369
2020	3,566
2021	609,793
2022	4,436
Thereafter	1,167,114
Subtotal	1,790,682
Net discount and debt origination costs	(18,627)
Total	\$ 1,772,055

6. Derivative Financial Instruments

The following table summarizes the terms and fair values of our derivative financial instruments, as well as their classifications within the consolidated balance sheets (notional amounts and fair values in thousands):

Effective Date	Maturity Date	Notional Amount	Bank Pay Rate	Company Fixed Pay Rate	Fair Value	
					March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Assets (Liabilities) ⁽¹⁾ :						
November 14, 2013	August 14, 2018	\$ 150,000	1 month LIBOR	1.30 %	\$ 369	\$ 326
April 13, 2016	January 1, 2021	175,000	1 month LIBOR	1.03 %	6,636	5,207
March 1, 2018	January 31, 2021	40,000	1 month LIBOR	2.47 %	(32)	—
August 14, 2018	January 1, 2021	150,000	1 month LIBOR	2.20 %	1,111	(188)
Total		\$ 515,000			\$ 8,084	\$ 5,345

(1) Asset balances are recorded in prepaids and other assets on the consolidated balance sheets and liabilities are recorded in other liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets.

The derivative financial instruments are comprised of interest rate swaps, which are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges, each with a separate counterparty. We do not use derivatives for trading or speculative purposes and currently do not have any derivatives that are not designated as hedges.

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives designated and qualifying as cash flow hedges is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss and subsequently reclassified into earnings in the period that the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings. The ineffective portion of the change in fair value of the derivative, if significant, is recognized directly in earnings. For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, the ineffective portion was not significant.

The following table represents the effect of the derivative financial instruments on the accompanying consolidated financial statements (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31, 2018 2017	
Interest Rate Swaps (Effective Portion):		
Amount of gain recognized in OCI on derivative	\$ 2,739	\$ 722

7. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value guidance establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. These tiers are defined as follows:

Tier	Description
Level 1	Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets
Level 2	Inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable
Level 3	Unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions

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The following table sets forth our assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value within the fair value hierarchy (in thousands):

	Total	Level 1 Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets or Liabilities	Level 2 Significant Observable Inputs	Level 3 Significant Unobservable Inputs
Fair value as of March 31, 2018:				
Asset:				
Interest rate swaps (prepaids and other assets)	\$8,116	\$	—\$ 8,116	\$ —
Total assets	\$8,116	\$	—\$ 8,116	\$ —
Liabilities:				
Interest rate swaps (other liabilities)	\$32	\$	—\$ 32	\$ —
Total liabilities	\$32	\$	—\$ 32	\$ —

	Total	Level 1 Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets or Liabilities	Level 2 Significant Observable Inputs	Level 3 Significant Unobservable Inputs
Fair value as of December 31, 2017:				
Asset:				
Interest rate swaps (prepaids and other assets)	\$5,533	\$	—\$ 5,533	\$ —
Total assets	\$5,533	\$	—\$ 5,533	\$ —
Liabilities:				
Interest rate swaps (other liabilities)	\$188	\$	—\$ 188	\$ —
Total liabilities	\$188	\$	—\$ 188	\$ —

Fair values of interest rate swaps are approximated using Level 2 inputs based on current market data received from financial sources that trade such instruments and are based on prevailing market data and derived from third party proprietary models based on well recognized financial principles including counterparty risks, credit spreads and interest rate projections, as well as reasonable estimates about relevant future market conditions.

The estimated fair value within the fair value hierarchy and recorded value of our debt consisting of senior unsecured notes, unsecured term loans, secured mortgages and unsecured lines of credit were as follows (in thousands):

	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Level 1 Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets or Liabilities	\$—	\$—

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Level 2 Significant Observable Inputs	1,096,355	1,139,064
Level 3 Significant Unobservable Inputs	644,249	636,476
Total fair value of debt	\$1,740,604	\$ 1,775,540
Recorded value of debt	\$1,772,055	\$ 1,763,651

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Our senior unsecured notes are publicly-traded which provides quoted market rates. However, due to the limited trading volume of these notes, we have classified these instruments as Level 2 in the hierarchy. Our other debt is classified as Level 3 given the unobservable inputs utilized in the valuation. Our unsecured term loan, unsecured lines of credit and variable interest rate mortgages are all LIBOR based instruments. When selecting the discount rates for purposes of estimating the fair value of these instruments, we evaluated the original credit spreads and do not believe that the use of them differs materially from current credit spreads for similar instruments and therefore the recorded values of these debt instruments is considered their fair value.

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, accounts payable, accrued expenses and other assets and liabilities are reasonable estimates of their fair values because of the short maturities of these instruments.

8. Share Repurchase Program

In May 2017, we announced that our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$125.0 million of our outstanding common shares as market conditions warrant over a period commencing on May 19, 2017 and expiring on May 18, 2019. Repurchases may be made from time to time through open market, privately-negotiated, structured or derivative transactions (including accelerated share repurchase transactions), or other methods of acquiring shares. The Company intends to structure open market purchases to occur within pricing and volume requirements of Rule 10b-18. The Company may, from time to time, enter into Rule 10b5-1 plans to facilitate the repurchase of its shares under this authorization. During the first quarter of 2018, we repurchased approximately 443,700 common shares on the open market at an average price of \$22.52, totaling approximately \$10.0 million, exclusive of commissions and related fees. The remaining amount authorized to be repurchased under the program as of March 31, 2018 was approximately \$65.7 million.

9. Partners' Equity of the Operating Partnership

All units of partnership interest issued by the Operating Partnership have equal rights with respect to earnings, dividends and net assets. When the Company issues common shares upon the exercise of options, the grant of restricted common share awards, or the exchange of Class A common limited partnership units, the Operating Partnership issues a corresponding number of Class B common limited partnership units to Tanger LP Trust, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Likewise, when the Company repurchases its outstanding common shares, the Operating Partnership repurchases a corresponding number of Class B common limited partnership units held by Tanger LP Trust.

The following table sets forth the changes in outstanding partnership units for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017:

	General Partnership Units	Limited Partnership Units		
		Class A	Class B	Total
Balance December 31, 2016	1,000,000	5,027,781	95,095,891	100,123,672
Grant of restricted common share awards by the Company, net of forfeitures	—	—	428,312	428,312
Units issued upon exercise of options	—	—	1,800	1,800
Units withheld for employee income taxes	—	—	(69,886)	(69,886)
Balance March 31, 2017	1,000,000	5,027,781	95,456,117	100,483,898
Balance December 31, 2017	1,000,000	4,995,433	93,560,536	98,555,969
	—	—	355,184	355,184

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Grant of restricted common share awards by the Company, net of forfeitures

Repurchase of units	—	—	(443,700)	(443,700)
Units withheld for employee income taxes	—	—	(89,437)	(89,437)
Balance March 31, 2018	1,000,000	4,995,433	93,382,583	98,378,016

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10. Earnings Per Share of the Company

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of the numerators and denominators in computing the Company's earnings per share (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
Numerator:		
Net income attributable to Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc.	\$22,838	\$22,336
Less allocation of earnings to participating securities	(263)	(295)
Net income available to common shareholders of Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc.	\$22,575	\$22,041
Denominator:		
Basic weighted average common shares	93,644	95,245
Effect of outstanding options and certain restricted common shares	—	66
Diluted weighted average common shares	93,644	95,311
Basic earnings per common share:		
Net income	\$0.24	\$0.23
Diluted earnings per common share:		
Net income	\$0.24	\$0.23

We determine diluted earnings per share based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding combined with the incremental weighted average shares that would have been outstanding assuming all potentially dilutive securities were converted into common shares at the earliest date possible.

Notional units granted under our equity compensation plan are considered contingently issuable common shares and are included in earnings per share if the effect is dilutive using the treasury stock method and the common shares would be issuable if the end of the reporting period were the end of the contingency period. For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, 1,013,383 and 871,116 notional units were excluded from the computation, respectively, because these notional units either would not have been issuable if the end of the reporting period were the end of the contingency period or because they were anti-dilutive.

With respect to outstanding options, the effect of dilutive common shares is determined using the treasury stock method, whereby outstanding options are assumed exercised at the beginning of the reporting period and the exercise proceeds from such options and the average measured but unrecognized compensation cost during the period are assumed to be used to repurchase our common shares at the average market price during the period. For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, 564,200 and 177,700 options were excluded from the computation, respectively, as they were anti-dilutive.

The assumed exchange of the partnership units held by the Non-Company LPs as of the beginning of the year, which would result in the elimination of earnings allocated to the noncontrolling interest in the Operating Partnership, would have no impact on earnings per share since the allocation of earnings to a common limited partnership unit, as if exchanged, is equivalent to earnings allocated to a common share.

Certain of the Company's unvested restricted common share awards contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents. The impact of these unvested restricted common share awards on earnings per share has been calculated using the two-class method whereby earnings are allocated to the unvested restricted common share awards based on dividends declared and the unvested restricted common shares' participation rights in undistributed earnings. Unvested restricted common shares that do not contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents are included in the diluted earnings per share computation if the effect is dilutive, using the treasury stock method.

11. Earnings Per Unit of the Operating Partnership

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of the numerators and denominators in computing earnings per unit (in thousands, except per unit amounts):

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
Numerator:		
Net income attributable to partners of the Operating Partnership	\$24,055	\$23,514
Less allocation of earnings to participating securities	(263)	(295)
Net income available to common unitholders of the Operating Partnership	\$23,792	\$23,219
Denominator:		
Basic weighted average common units	98,640	100,273
Effect of outstanding options and certain restricted common units	—	66
Diluted weighted average common units	98,640	100,339
Basic earnings per common unit:		
Net income	\$0.24	\$0.23
Diluted earnings per common unit:		
Net income	\$0.24	\$0.23

We determine diluted earnings per unit based on the weighted average number of common units outstanding combined with the incremental weighted average units that would have been outstanding assuming all potentially dilutive securities were converted into common units at the earliest date possible.

Notional units granted under our equity compensation plan are considered contingently issuable common units and are included in earnings per unit if the effect is dilutive using the treasury stock method and the common shares would be issuable if the end of the reporting period were the end of the contingency period. For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, 1,013,383 and 871,116 notional units were excluded from the computation, respectively, because these notional units either would not have been issuable if the end of the reporting period were the end of the contingency period or because they were anti-dilutive.

With respect to outstanding options, the effect of dilutive common units is determined using the treasury stock method, whereby outstanding options are assumed exercised at the beginning of the reporting period and the exercise proceeds from such options and the average measured but unrecognized compensation cost during the period are assumed to be used to repurchase our common units at the average market price during the period. The market price of a common unit is considered to be equivalent to the market price of a Company common share. For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, 564,200 and 177,700 options excluded from the computation, respectively, as they were anti-dilutive.

Certain of the Company's unvested restricted common share awards contain non-forfeitable rights to distributions or distribution equivalents. The impact of the corresponding unvested restricted unit awards on earnings per unit has been calculated using the two-class method whereby earnings are allocated to the unvested restricted unit awards based on distributions declared and the unvested restricted units' participation rights in undistributed earnings. Unvested restricted common units that do not contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents are included in the diluted earnings per unit computation if the effect is dilutive, using the treasury stock method.

12. Equity-Based Compensation of the Company

We have a shareholder approved equity-based compensation plan, the Incentive Award Plan of Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc. and Tanger Properties Limited Partnership (as amended and restated on April 4, 2014, (the "Plan"), which covers our non-employee directors, officers, employees and consultants. For each common share issued by the Company, the Operating Partnership issues one corresponding unit of partnership interest to the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries. Therefore, when the Company grants an equity-based award, the Operating Partnership treats each award as having been granted by the Operating Partnership. In the discussion below, the term "we" refers to the Company and the Operating Partnership together and the term "shares" is meant to also include corresponding units of the Operating Partnership.

We recorded equity-based compensation expense in general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of operations as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
Restricted common shares	\$2,376	\$2,349
Notional unit performance awards	937	882
Options	79	61
Total equity-based compensation	\$3,392	\$3,292

Equity-based compensation expense capitalized as a part of rental property and deferred lease costs were as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
Equity-based compensation expense capitalized	\$264	\$246

Option Awards

During February 2018, the Company granted 331,000 options to non-executive employees of the Company. The exercise price of the options granted during the first quarter of 2018 is \$21.94 per share which equaled the closing market price of the Company's common shares on the day prior to the grant date. The options expire 10 years from the date of grant and 20% of the options become exercisable in each of the first five years commencing one year from the date of grant. The fair value of each option grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, which resulted in a weighted average grant date fair value per share of \$3.62 and included the following weighted-average assumptions: expected dividend yield 6.24%; expected life of 7.1 years; expected volatility of 32.47%; a risk-free rate of 2.8%; and forfeiture rates of 3.0% to 10.0% dependent upon the employee's position within the Company.

Restricted Common Share and Restricted Share Unit Awards

During February 2018, the Company granted 407,156 in restricted common shares and restricted share units to the Company's non-employee directors and the Company's senior executive officers. The grant date fair value of the awards ranged from \$18.65 to \$21.94 per share. The non-employee directors' restricted common shares generally vest ratably over a three year period and the senior executive officers' restricted shares (other than our chief executive

officer's) generally vest ratably over a three or five year period. Our chief executive officer's restricted shares generally vest ratably over a two year period and his restricted share units generally vest on the third anniversary of the grant date. For the restricted shares issued to our chief executive officer, the restricted share agreement generally requires him to hold shares issued to him for a minimum of three years following vesting. For the restricted share units issued to our chief executive officer, the restricted share unit agreement generally requires him to hold shares issued to him thereunder for a minimum of three years following the applicable share issuance date. Compensation expense related to the amortization of the deferred compensation is being recognized in accordance with the vesting schedule of the restricted shares.

For certain shares that vest during the period, we withhold shares with value equivalent up to the employees' maximum statutory obligation (minimum obligation during 2017) for the applicable income and other employment taxes, and remit cash to the appropriate taxing authorities. The total number of shares withheld upon vesting was 89,437 and 69,886 for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017, respectively. The total number of shares withheld was based on the value of the restricted common shares on the vesting date as determined by our closing share price on the day prior to the vesting date. Total amounts paid for the employees' tax obligation to taxing authorities was \$2.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and was \$2.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017. These amounts are reflected as financing activities within the consolidated statements of cash flows.

2018 Outperformance Plan

In February 2018, the Compensation Committee of Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc. approved the terms of the Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc. 2018 Outperformance Plan (the "2018 OPP"), a long-term incentive compensation plan. Recipients receive notional units which may convert, subject to the achievement of the goals described below, into common shares of the Company based on the Company's absolute total shareholder return and its total shareholder return relative to its peer group over a three-year measurement period. For all recipients (other than our chief executive officer), any shares earned at the end of the three-year measurement period are issued immediately following such measurement period, but are restricted and remain subject to a time-based vesting schedule, with 50% of the shares vesting immediately following issuance, and the remaining 50% vesting one year thereafter, contingent upon continued employment with the Company through the vesting dates (unless terminated prior thereto (a) by the Company without cause, (b) by participant for good reason or (c) due to death or disability). For our chief executive officer, any shares earned at the end of the three-year measurement period remain subject to a time-based vesting schedule and are issued following vesting, with 50% of the shares vesting immediately following issuance, and the remaining 50% vesting one year thereafter, contingent upon continued employment with the Company through the vesting dates (unless terminated prior thereto (a) by the Company without cause, (b) by participant for good reason or due to retirement or (c) due to death or disability).

The following table sets forth 2018 OPP performance targets and other relevant information about the 2018 OPP:

Performance targets ⁽¹⁾

Absolute portion of award:

Percent of total award	33.3%
Absolute total shareholder return range	19.1% - 29.5%
Percentage of units to be earned	20%-100%

Relative portion of award:

Percent of total award	66.7%
Percentile rank of peer group range ⁽²⁾	30th - 80th
Percentage of units to be earned	20%-100%

Maximum number of restricted common shares that may be earned 409,972

Grant date fair value per share \$ 12.42

The number of restricted common shares received under the 2018 OPP will be determined on a pro-rata basis by (1) linear interpolation between total shareholder return thresholds, both for absolute total shareholder return and for relative total shareholder return amongst the Company's peer group.

(2) The peer group is based on companies included in the FTSE NAREIT Retail Index.

The fair values of the 2018 OPP awards granted during the three months ended March 31, 2018 were determined at the grant dates using a Monte Carlo simulation pricing model and the following assumptions:

Risk free interest rate ⁽¹⁾ 2.40 %

Expected dividend yield ⁽²⁾ 4.8 %

Expected volatility ⁽³⁾ 27 %

(1) Represents the interest rate as of the grant date on US treasury bonds having the same life as the estimated life of the restricted unit grants.

(2) The dividend yield is calculated utilizing the dividends paid for the previous five-year period.

(3) Based on a mix of historical and implied volatility for our common shares and the common shares of our peer index companies over the measurement period.

13. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) of the Company

The following table presents changes in the balances of each component of accumulated comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2018 (in thousands):

	Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)			Noncontrolling Interest in Operating Partnership Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)		
	Foreign Currency	Cash flow hedges	Total	Foreign Currency	Cash flow hedges	Total
Balance December 31, 2017	\$(24,360)	\$5,075	\$(19,285)	\$(1,329)	\$ 269	\$(1,060)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	(2,938)	2,914	(24)	(157)	156	(1)
Reclassification out of accumulated other comprehensive income into interest expense	—	(314)	(314)	—	(17)	(17)
Balance March 31, 2018	\$(27,298)	\$7,675	\$(19,623)	\$(1,486)	\$ 408	\$(1,078)

The following table presents changes in the balances of each component of accumulated comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2017 (in thousands):

	Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)			Noncontrolling Interest in Operating Partnership Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)		
	Foreign Currency	Cash flow hedges	Total	Foreign Currency	Cash flow hedges	Total
Balance December 31, 2016	\$(32,087)	\$3,792	\$(28,295)	\$(1,740)	\$ 201	\$(1,539)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	959	411	1,370	51	3	54
Reclassification out of accumulated other comprehensive income into interest expense	—	293	293	—	15	15
Balance March 31, 2017	\$(31,128)	\$4,496	\$(26,632)	\$(1,689)	\$ 219	\$(1,470)

We expect within the next twelve months to reclassify into earnings as a decrease to interest expense approximately \$1.3 million of the amounts recorded within accumulated other comprehensive income related to the interest rate swap agreements in effect as of March 31, 2018.

14. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) of the Operating Partnership

The following table presents changes in the balances of each component of accumulated comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2018 (in thousands):

	Foreign Currency	Cash flow hedges	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)
Balance December 31, 2017	\$(25,689)	\$5,344	\$ (20,345)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	(3,095)	3,070	(25)
Reclassification out of accumulated other comprehensive income into interest expense	—	(331)	(331)
Balance March 31, 2018	\$(28,784)	\$8,083	\$ (20,701)

The following table presents changes in the balances of each component of accumulated comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2017 (in thousands):

	Foreign Currency	Cash flow hedges	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)
Balance December 31, 2016	\$(33,827)	\$3,993	\$ (29,834)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	1,010	414	1,424
Reclassification out of accumulated other comprehensive income into interest expense	—	308	308
Balance March 31, 2017	\$(32,817)	\$4,715	\$ (28,102)

We expect within the next twelve months to reclassify into earnings as a decrease to interest expense approximately \$1.3 million of the amounts recorded within accumulated other comprehensive income related to the interest rate swap agreements in effect as of March 31, 2018.

15. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

We purchase capital equipment and incur costs relating to construction of facilities, including tenant finishing allowances. Expenditures included in accounts payable and accrued expenses were as follows (in thousands):

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Costs relating to construction included in accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 18,978	\$ 26,923

Interest paid, net of interest capitalized was as follows (in thousands):

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Interest paid, net of interest capitalized	\$ 15,903	\$ 9,445

16. New Accounting Pronouncements

Recently adopted accounting standards

In November 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-18, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash. This ASU requires that a statement of cash flows explain the change during the period in cash, cash equivalents, and amounts generally described as restricted cash. Amounts generally described as restricted cash should be included with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the beginning-of-period and end-of-period total amounts shown on the statement of cash flows. The update should be applied retrospectively to each period presented. The pronouncement is effective for fiscal years, and for interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2017. We adopted this pronouncement on January 1, 2018, and the pronouncement did not result in changes to our consolidated statements of cash flows as there were no restricted cash amounts included in the beginning-of-period and end-of-period cash and cash equivalents totals.

In February 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-05, "Other Income - Gains and Losses from the Derecognition of Nonfinancial Assets (Subtopic 610-20): Clarifying the Scope of Asset Derecognition Guidance and Accounting for Partial Sales of Nonfinancial Assets." ASU 2017-05 clarifies the definition of an in-substance nonfinancial asset and changes the accounting for partial sales of nonfinancial assets to be more consistent with the accounting for a sale of a business pursuant to ASU 2017-01. This update is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017 using a full retrospective or modified retrospective method and is required to be adopted in conjunction with ASU 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" discussed below. We adopted ASU 2017-05 effective January 1, 2018, along with our adoption of ASU 2014-09, using the modified retrospective approach only to contracts that are not completed contracts as of January 1, 2018. Subsequent to adoption, we believe most of our future contributions of nonfinancial assets to our joint ventures where we cease to have a controlling financial interest, if any, will result in the recognition of a full gain or loss as if we sold 100% of the nonfinancial asset and we will also measure our retained interest at fair value.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers: Topic 606, as amended, (collectively, Topic 606). Topic 606 is based on the principle that revenue is recognized to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Topic 606 applies to all contracts with customers, except those that are within the scope of other topics in the FASB's Accounting Standards Codification, including real estate lease contracts, which the majority of our revenue is derived. The guidance also provides a model for the measurement and recognition of gains and losses on the sale of certain nonfinancial assets, such as property, including real estate.

We adopted Topic 606 effective January 1, 2018 using the modified retrospective approach. Results for reporting periods beginning after January 1, 2018, are presented under Topic 606, while prior period amounts are not adjusted and continue to be reported in accordance with our historic accounting under Revenue Recognition (Topic 605). The new guidance provides a unified model to determine how revenue is recognized. To determine the proper amount of revenue to be recognized, the Company performs the following steps: (i) identify the contract with the customer, (ii) identify the performance obligations within the contract, (iii) determine the transaction price, (iv) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations and (v) recognize revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied. As of March 31, 2018, the Company has no outstanding contract assets or contract liabilities and we did not have a cumulative catch-up upon the adoption of this standard. The adoption of this standard did not result in any material changes to our revenue recognition as compared to the previous guidance.

The Company's revenue-producing contracts are primarily leases that are not within the scope of this standard, except for the lease component relating to common area maintenance ("CAM") reimbursement revenue, which will be within the scope of this standard upon the effective date of ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). The revenues which will be impacted by the initial adoption of Topic 606 include revenues from management, leasing and other services provided to our unconsolidated joint ventures that we manage and other income earned at our properties. We receive management, leasing and other services revenue for services provided to our unconsolidated joint ventures that we manage. We recognize management and other services provided to our unconsolidated joint ventures in revenue as the services are transferred. Our other income earned at our properties consist primarily of revenues from vending and other on-site services or products provided to shoppers or tenants. The other income earned at our properties is recorded as the goods are transferred at a point in time or as the service is transferred over time. We have elected to disaggregate our revenue streams into the following line items on our Consolidated Statements of Operations: base rentals, percentage rentals, expense reimbursements, management, leasing and other services, and other income. We believe that these are the proper disaggregated categories as they are the best depiction of our revenue streams both qualitatively and quantitatively.

Recently issued accounting standards to be adopted

In August 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-12, Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815), Targeted Improvements to Accounting for Hedging Activities. The new guidance will make more financial and nonfinancial hedging strategies eligible for hedge accounting. It also amends the presentation and disclosure requirements and changes how companies assess effectiveness. It is intended to more closely align hedge accounting with companies' risk management strategies, simplify the application of hedge accounting, and increase transparency as to the scope and results of hedging programs. The amendments can be adopted immediately in any interim or annual period (including the current period). The mandatory effective date for calendar year-end public companies is January 1, 2019. We are currently evaluating the impact of adopting the new guidance, but we do not expect the adoption to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), issued subsequent amendments to the initial guidance in September 2017 within ASU 2017-13 and January 2018 within ASU 2018-01 (collectively, Topic 842). Topic 842, amends the existing accounting standards for lease accounting, including requiring lessees to recognize most leases on their balance sheets and making targeted changes to lessor accounting. Topic 842 will be effective beginning in the first quarter of 2019. Early adoption of Topic 842 as of its issuance is permitted. We will adopt Topic 842 effective January 1, 2019. The new leases standard requires a modified retrospective transition approach for all leases existing at, or entered into after, the date of initial application, with an option to use certain transition relief. Based on a preliminary assessment, we expect our significant operating lease commitments, primarily ground leases at seven of our outlet centers, will be required to be recognized as operating lease liabilities and right-of-use assets upon adoption, resulting in an increase in the assets and liabilities on our consolidated balance sheets. In addition, direct internal leasing costs will continue to be capitalized, however, indirect internal leasing costs previously capitalized

will be expensed. Within the terms of our leases where we are the lessor, we are entitled to receive reimbursement amounts from tenants for operating expenses such as real estate taxes, insurance and other CAM. Upon adoption of this ASU, CAM reimbursement revenue will be accounted for in accordance with ASU 2016-12 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). We are continuing our evaluation, which may identify additional impacts this standard will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. Information about our undiscounted future lease payments and the timing of those payments is in Note 23, Commitments and Contingencies of Consolidated Properties, in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

17. Subsequent Events

In April 2018, the Company's Board of Directors declared a \$0.35 cash dividend per common share payable on May 15, 2018 to each shareholder of record on April 30, 2018, and the Trustees of Tanger GP Trust declared a \$0.35 cash distribution per Operating Partnership unit to the Operating Partnership's unitholders.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The discussion of our results of operations reported in the unaudited, consolidated statements of operations compares the three months ended March 31, 2018 with the three months ended March 31, 2017. The results of operations discussion is combined for Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc. and Tanger Properties Limited Partnership because the results are virtually the same for both entities. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial statements appearing elsewhere in this report. Historical results and percentage relationships set forth in the unaudited, consolidated statements of operations, including trends which might appear, are not necessarily indicative of future operations. Unless the context indicates otherwise, the term "Company" refers to Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc. and subsidiaries and the term "Operating Partnership" refers to Tanger Properties Limited Partnership and subsidiaries. The terms "we", "our" and "us" refer to the Company or the Company and the Operating Partnership together, as the text requires.

Cautionary Statements

Certain statements made below are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. We intend for such forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Reform Act of 1995 and have included this statement for purposes of complying with these safe harbor provisions. Forward-looking statements, which are based on certain assumptions and describe our future plans, strategies, beliefs and expectations, are generally identifiable by use of the words "believe", "expect", "intend", "anticipate", "estimate", "project", or similar expressions. Such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding our: ability to raise additional capital, including via future issuances of equity and debt, and the use of proceeds from such issuances; results of operations and financial condition; our capital expenditure and working capital needs and the funding thereof; repurchase of the Company's shares; potential developments, expansions, renovations, acquisitions or dispositions of outlet centers; compliance with debt covenants; renewal and re-lease of leased space; and real estate joint ventures. You should not rely on forward-looking statements since they involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors which are, in some cases, beyond our control and which could materially affect our actual results, performance or achievements. Important factors which may cause actual results to differ materially from current expectations include, but are not limited to: our inability to develop new outlet centers or expand existing outlet centers successfully; risks related to the economic performance and market value of our outlet centers; the relative illiquidity of real property investments; impairment charges affecting our properties; our dispositions of assets may not achieve anticipated results; competition for the acquisition and development of outlet centers, and our inability to complete outlet centers we have identified; environmental regulations affecting our business; risk associated with a possible terrorist activity or other acts or threats of violence and threats to public safety; our dependence on rental income from real property; our dependence on the results of operations of our retailers; the fact that certain of our properties are subject to ownership interests held by third parties, whose interests may conflict with ours; risks related to uninsured losses; the risk that consumer, travel, shopping and spending habits may change; risks associated with our Canadian investments; risks associated with attracting and retaining key personnel; risks associated with debt financing; risk associated with our guarantees of debt for, or other support we may provide to, joint venture properties; our potential failure to qualify as a REIT; our legal obligation to make distributions to our shareholders; legislative or regulatory actions that could adversely affect our shareholders, including the recent changes in the U.S. federal income taxation of U.S. businesses; our dependence on distributions from the Operating Partnership to meet our financial obligations, including dividends; the risk of a cyber-attack or an act of cyber-terrorism and other important factors set forth under Item 1A - "Risk Factors" in the Company's and the Operating Partnership's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

General Overview

As of March 31, 2018, we had 36 consolidated outlet centers in 22 states totaling 12.9 million square feet. We also had 8 unconsolidated outlet centers in 6 states or provinces totaling 2.4 million square feet. The table below details our new developments, expansions and dispositions of consolidated and unconsolidated outlet centers that significantly impacted our results of operations and liquidity from January 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018 (square feet in thousands):

Outlet Center	Quarter Opened/Disposed	Consolidated Outlet Centers		Unconsolidated Joint Venture Outlet Centers	
		Square Feet	Number of Outlet Centers	Square Feet	Number of Outlet Centers
As of January 1, 2017		12,710	36	2,348	8
New Developments:					
Fort Worth	Fourth Quarter	352	1	—	—
Expansion:					
Ottawa	First & Second Quarter	—	—	39	—
Lancaster	Third Quarter	148	—	—	—
Dispositions:					
Westbrook	Second Quarter	(290)	(1)	—	—
Other		10	—	(17)	—
As of December 31, 2017		12,930	36	2,370	8
Other		(10)	—	—	—
As of March 31, 2018		12,920	36	2,370	8

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The following table summarizes certain information for our existing outlet centers in which we have an ownership interest as of March 31, 2018. Except as noted, all properties are fee owned.

Consolidated Outlet Centers Location	Legal Ownership %	Square Feet	% Occupied
Deer Park, New York	100	740,159	95
Riverhead, New York ⁽¹⁾	100	729,706	95
Rehoboth Beach, Delaware ⁽¹⁾	100	557,353	97
Foley, Alabama	100	556,677	96
Atlantic City, New Jersey ^{(1) (4)}	100	489,706	89
San Marcos, Texas	100	471,816	97
Sevierville, Tennessee ⁽¹⁾	100	448,150	100
Savannah, Georgia	100	429,089	96
Myrtle Beach Hwy 501, South Carolina	100	425,334	88
Jeffersonville, Ohio	100	411,793	89
Glendale, Arizona (Westgate)	100	410,783	97
Myrtle Beach Hwy 17, South Carolina ⁽¹⁾	100	403,347	99
Charleston, South Carolina	100	382,117	98
Lancaster, Pennsylvania	100	376,997	95
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	100	372,944	99
Commerce, Georgia	100	371,408	99
Grand Rapids, Michigan	100	357,080	94
Fort Worth, Texas	100	351,741	94
Daytona Beach, Florida	100	351,721	99
Branson, Missouri	100	329,861	100
Locust Grove, Georgia	100	321,082	100
Gonzales, Louisiana	100	321,066	97
Southaven, Mississippi ^{(2) (4)}	50	320,348	95
Park City, Utah	100	319,661	96
Mebane, North Carolina	100	318,886	100
Howell, Michigan	100	314,459	94
Mashantucket, Connecticut (Foxwoods) ⁽¹⁾	100	311,616	95
Williamsburg, Iowa	100	276,331	95
Tilton, New Hampshire	100	250,107	94
Hershey, Pennsylvania	100	247,500	99
Hilton Head II, South Carolina	100	206,564	94
Ocean City, Maryland ⁽¹⁾	100	199,425	96
Hilton Head I, South Carolina	100	181,670	98
Terrell, Texas	100	177,800	96
Blowing Rock, North Carolina	100	104,009	96
Nags Head, North Carolina	100	82,161	98
Totals		12,920,467	96 ⁽³⁾

(1) These properties or a portion thereof are subject to a ground lease.

Based on capital contribution and distribution provisions in the joint venture agreement, we expect our economic

(2) interest in the venture's cash flow to be greater than our legal ownership percentage. We currently receive substantially all the economic interest of the property.

(3) Excludes the occupancy rate at our Fort Worth center which opened during the fourth quarter of 2017 and has not yet stabilized.

(4) Property encumbered by mortgage. See notes 4 and 5 to the consolidated financial statements for further details of our debt obligations.

Unconsolidated joint venture properties Location	Legal Ownership %	Square Feet	% Occupied
Charlotte, North Carolina ⁽¹⁾	50	397,857	99
Columbus, Ohio ⁽¹⁾	50	355,245	95
Ottawa, Ontario	50	354,978	93
Texas City, Texas (Galveston/Houston) ⁽¹⁾	50	352,705	96
National Harbor, Maryland ⁽¹⁾	50	341,156	95
Cookstown, Ontario	50	307,779	98
Bromont, Quebec	50	161,307	72
Saint-Sauveur, Quebec ⁽¹⁾	50	99,405	96
Total		2,370,432	94

(1) Property encumbered by mortgage. See note 3 to the consolidated financial statements for further details of our debt obligations.

Leasing Activity

The tables below show changes in rent (base rent and common area maintenance ("CAM")) for leases for new stores that opened or renewals that started during the respective trailing twelve month periods ended March 31, 2018 and 2017:

Trailing twelve months ended March 31, 2018⁽¹⁾

Leases	# of Feet	Square Feet	Average Annual Rent (psf)	Average Tenant Allowance (psf)	Average Initial Term (in years)	Net Average Annual Straight-line Rent (psf) ⁽²⁾
Re-tenant	84	415	\$ 34.32	\$ 70.88	8.55	\$ 26.03
Renewal	262	1,300	\$ 29.25	\$ 0.25	4.07	\$ 29.19

Trailing twelve months ended March 31, 2017⁽¹⁾

Leases	# of Feet	Square Feet	Average Annual Rent (psf)	Average Tenant Allowance (psf)	Average Initial Term (in years)	Net Average Annual Straight-line Rent (psf) ⁽²⁾
Re-tenant	118	383	\$ 40.47	\$ 40.86	8.59	\$ 35.71
Renewal	281	1,235	\$ 32.26	\$ 0.50	4.47	\$ 32.15

Represents change in rent (base rent and common area maintenance) for all leases for new stores that opened or (1) renewals that started during the respective trailing twelve month periods within the consolidated portfolio, except for license agreements, seasonal tenants, and month-to-month leases.

Net average straight-line base rent is calculated by dividing the average tenant allowance costs per square foot by the average initial term and subtracting this calculated number from the average straight-line base rent per year (2) amount. The average annual straight-line base rent disclosed in the table above includes all concessions, abatements and reimbursements of rent to tenants. The average tenant allowance disclosed in the table above includes landlord costs.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Comparison of the three months ended March 31, 2018 to the three months ended March 31, 2017

NET INCOME

Net income increased \$171,000 in the 2018 period to \$23.7 million as compared to \$23.5 million for the 2017 period.

In the tables below, information set forth for new developments and expansions represent our Fort Worth outlet center, which opened in October 2017 and our Lancaster expansion, which opened in September 2017. Properties disposed include our Westbrook outlet center sold in May 2017.

BASE RENTALS

Base rentals increased \$1.2 million, or 1%, in the 2018 period compared to the 2017 period. The following table sets forth the changes in various components of base rentals (in thousands):

	2018	2017	Increase/(Decrease)
Base rentals from existing properties	\$74,899	\$75,278	\$ (379)
Base rentals from new developments and expansions	4,083	1,699	2,384
Base rentals from property disposed	—	1,072	(1,072)
Straight-line rent adjustments	1,948	1,705	243
Termination fees	1,051	1,184	(133)
Amortization of above and below market rent adjustments, net	(448)	(608)	160
	\$81,533	\$80,330	\$ 1,203

Base rentals from existing properties decreased primarily due to a slight decrease in average portfolio occupancy and lease modifications for certain tenants in the prior year.

PERCENTAGE RENTALS

Percentage rentals decreased \$426,000, or 23%, in the 2018 period compared to the 2017 period. (in thousands):

	2018	2017	Increase/(Decrease)
Percentage rentals from existing properties	\$1,374	\$1,789	\$ (415)
Percentage rentals from new developments and expansions	55	2	53
Percentage rentals from property disposed	—	64	(64)
	\$1,429	\$1,855	\$ (426)

Percentage rentals represents revenues based on a percentage of tenants' sales volume above their contractual breakpoints. The decrease in percentage rentals is primarily due to annual increases in contractual breakpoints in certain leases.

EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENTS

Expense reimbursements increased \$1.7 million, or 5%, in the 2018 period compared to the 2017 period. The following table sets forth the changes in various components of expense reimbursements (in thousands):

	2018	2017	Increase/(Decrease)
Expense reimbursements from existing properties	\$36,100	\$35,402	\$ 698
Expense reimbursements from new developments and expansions	2,180	652	1,528
Expense reimbursements from property disposed	—	544	(544)
	\$38,280	\$36,598	\$ 1,682

Expense reimbursements represent the contractual recovery from tenants of certain CAM, insurance, property tax, promotional, advertising and management expenses. Certain expense reimbursements are based on the tenant's proportionate share of the allocable operating expenses for the property and thus generally fluctuate consistently with the related expenses. Other expense reimbursements, such as promotional, advertising and certain CAM payments, are contractually fixed and may escalate each year. See "Property Operating Expenses" below for a discussion of the decrease in operating expenses from our existing properties.

MANAGEMENT, LEASING AND OTHER SERVICES

Management, leasing and other services increased \$34,000, or 6%, in the 2018 period compared to the 2017 period. The following table sets forth the changes in various components of management, leasing and other services (in thousands):

	2018	2017	Increase/(Decrease)
Management and marketing	\$567	\$542	\$ 25
Leasing and other fees	46	37	9
	\$613	\$579	\$ 34

OTHER INCOME

Other income decreased \$326,000, or 16% in the 2018 period as compared to the 2017 period. The following table sets forth the changes in various components of other income (in thousands):

	2018	2017	Increase/(Decrease)
Other income from existing properties	\$1,616	\$1,948	\$ (332)
Other income from new developments and expansions	64	31	33
Other income from property disposed	—	27	(27)
	\$1,680	\$2,006	\$ (326)

PROPERTY OPERATING EXPENSES

Property operating expenses increased \$1.8 million, or 5%, in the 2018 period compared to the 2017 period. The following table sets forth the changes in various components of property operating expenses (in thousands):

	2018	2017	Increase/(Decrease)
Property operating expenses from existing properties	\$40,012	\$39,022	\$ 990
Property operating expenses from new developments and expansions	2,191	672	1,519
Property operating expenses from property disposed	15	693	(678)
	\$42,218	\$40,387	\$ 1,831

Property operating expense from existing properties increased primarily due to higher snow removal costs in the 2018 period compared to the 2017 period.

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

General and administrative expenses decreased \$300,000, or 3% in the 2018 period compared to the 2017 period primarily due to lower payroll-related expenses.

DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION

Depreciation and amortization costs increased \$1.8 million, or 6%, in the 2018 period compared to the 2017 period. The following table sets forth the changes in various components of depreciation and amortization costs from the 2017 period to the 2018 period (in thousands):

	2018	2017	Increase/(Decrease)
Depreciation and amortization from existing properties	\$31,039	\$30,542	\$ 497
Depreciation and amortization from new developments and expansions	2,084	322	1,762
Depreciation and amortization from properties disposed	—	430	(430)
	\$33,123	\$31,294	\$ 1,829

INTEREST EXPENSE

Interest expense decreased \$687,000, or 4%, in the 2018 period compared to the 2017 period, primarily as a result of the July 2017 bond refinancing, which effectively lowered the interest rate from 6.125% to 3.875% on \$300.0 million of senior notes. This savings was partially offset by higher LIBOR interest rate levels on our outstanding variable rate debt.

EQUITY IN EARNINGS OF UNCONSOLIDATED JOINT VENTURES

Equity in earnings of unconsolidated joint ventures decreased approximately \$124,000 or 5% in the 2018 period compared to the 2017 period primarily due to higher LIBOR interest rate levels on variable rate mortgages at our unconsolidated joint ventures.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES OF THE COMPANY

In this "Liquidity and Capital Resources of the Company" section, the term "the Company" refers only to Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc. on an unconsolidated basis, excluding the Operating Partnership.

The Company's business is operated primarily through the Operating Partnership. The Company issues public equity from time to time, but does not otherwise generate any capital itself or conduct any business itself, other than incurring certain expenses in operating as a public company, which are fully reimbursed by the Operating Partnership. The Company does not hold any indebtedness, and its only material asset is its ownership of partnership interests of the Operating Partnership. The Company's principal funding requirement is the payment of dividends on its common shares. The Company's principal source of funding for its dividend payments is distributions it receives from the Operating Partnership.

Through its ownership of the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership, the Company has the full, exclusive and complete responsibility for the Operating Partnership's day-to-day management and control. The Company causes the Operating Partnership to distribute all, or such portion as the Company may in its discretion determine, of its available cash in the manner provided in the Operating Partnership's partnership agreement. The Company receives proceeds from equity issuances from time to time, but is required by the Operating Partnership's partnership agreement to contribute the proceeds from its equity issuances to the Operating Partnership in exchange for partnership units of the Operating Partnership.

We are a well-known seasoned issuer with a shelf registration that expires in March 2021 that allows the Company to register unspecified various classes of equity securities and the Operating Partnership to register unspecified, various classes of debt securities. As circumstances warrant, the Company may issue equity from time to time on an opportunistic basis, dependent upon market conditions and available pricing. The Operating Partnership may use the proceeds to repay debt, including borrowings under its lines of credit, to develop new or existing properties, to make acquisitions of properties or portfolios of properties, to invest in existing or newly created joint ventures or for general corporate purposes.

The liquidity of the Company is dependent on the Operating Partnership's ability to make sufficient distributions to the Company. The Operating Partnership is a party to loan agreements with various bank lenders that require the Operating Partnership to comply with various financial and other covenants before it may make distributions to the Company. The Company also guarantees some of the Operating Partnership's debt. If the Operating Partnership fails to fulfill its debt requirements, which trigger the Company's guarantee obligations, then the Company may be required to fulfill its cash payment commitments under such guarantees. However, the Company's only material asset is its investment in the Operating Partnership.

The Company believes the Operating Partnership's sources of working capital, specifically its cash flow from operations, and borrowings available under its unsecured lines of credit, are adequate for it to make its distribution payments to the Company and, in turn, for the Company to make its dividend payments to its shareholders and to finance its continued operations, growth strategy and additional expenses we expect to incur for at least the next twelve months. However, there can be no assurance that the Operating Partnership's sources of capital will continue to be available at all or in amounts sufficient to meet its needs, including its ability to make distribution payments to the Company. The unavailability of capital could adversely affect the Operating Partnership's ability to pay its distributions to the Company which will, in turn, adversely affect the Company's ability to pay cash dividends to its shareholders.

For the Company to maintain its qualification as a REIT, it must pay dividends to its shareholders aggregating annually at least 90% of its taxable income (excluding capital gains). While historically the Company has satisfied this distribution requirement by making cash distributions to its shareholders, it may choose to satisfy this requirement by making distributions of cash or other property, including, in limited circumstances, the Company's own shares.

As a result of this distribution requirement, the Operating Partnership cannot rely on retained earnings to fund its on-going operations to the same extent that other companies whose parent companies are not real estate investment trusts can. The Company may need to continue to raise capital in the equity markets to fund the Operating Partnership's working capital needs, as well as potential new developments, expansions and renovations of existing properties, acquisitions, or investments in existing or newly created joint ventures.

The Company currently consolidates the Operating Partnership because it has (1) the power to direct the activities of the Operating Partnership that most significantly impact the Operating Partnership's economic performance and (2) the obligation to absorb losses and the right to receive the residual returns of the Operating Partnership that could be potentially significant. The Company does not have significant assets other than its investment in the Operating Partnership. Therefore, the assets and liabilities and the revenues and expenses of the Company and the Operating Partnership are the same on their respective financial statements, except for immaterial differences related to cash, other assets and accrued liabilities that arise from public company expenses paid by the Company. However, all debt is held directly or indirectly at the Operating Partnership level, and the Company has guaranteed some of the Operating Partnership's unsecured debt as discussed below. Because the Company consolidates the Operating Partnership, the section entitled "Liquidity and Capital Resources of the Operating Partnership" should be read in conjunction with this section to understand the liquidity and capital resources of the Company on a consolidated basis and how the Company is operated as a whole.

In May 2017, we announced that our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$125.0 million of our outstanding common shares as market conditions warrant over a period commencing on May 19, 2017 and expiring on May 18, 2019. Repurchases may be made from time to time through open market, privately-negotiated, structured or derivative transactions (including accelerated share repurchase transactions), or other methods of acquiring shares. The Company intends to structure open market purchases to occur within pricing and volume requirements of Rule 10b-18. The Company may, from time to time, enter into Rule 10b5-1 plans to facilitate the repurchase of its shares under this authorization. During the first quarter of 2018, we repurchased approximately 443,700 common shares on

the open market at an average price of \$22.52, totaling approximately \$10.0 million exclusive of commissions and related fees. The remaining amount authorized to be repurchased under the program as of March 31, 2018 was approximately \$65.7 million.

In April 2018, the Company's Board of Directors declared a \$0.35 cash dividend per common share payable on May 15, 2018 to each shareholder of record on April 30, 2018, and the Trustees of Tanger GP Trust declared a \$0.35 cash distribution per Operating Partnership unit to the Operating Partnership's unitholders.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES OF THE OPERATING PARTNERSHIP

General Overview

In this "Liquidity and Capital Resources of the Operating Partnership" section, the terms "we", "our" and "us" refer to the Operating Partnership or the Operating Partnership and the Company together, as the text requires.

Property rental income represents our primary source to pay property operating expenses, debt service, distributions and capital expenditures needed to maintain our properties. To the extent that our cash flow from operating activities is insufficient to cover our capital needs, including new developments, expansions of existing outlet centers, acquisitions and investments in unconsolidated joint ventures, we finance such activities from borrowings under our unsecured lines of credit or from the proceeds from the Operating Partnership's debt offerings and the Company's equity offerings.

We believe we achieve a strong and flexible financial position by attempting to: (1) maintain a conservative leverage position relative to our portfolio when pursuing new development, expansion and acquisition opportunities, (2) extend and sequence debt maturities, (3) manage our interest rate risk through a proper mix of fixed and variable rate debt, (4) maintain access to liquidity by using our unsecured lines of credit in a conservative manner and (5) preserve internally generated sources of capital by strategically divesting of underperforming assets and maintaining a conservative distribution payout ratio. We manage our capital structure to reflect a long term investment approach and utilize multiple sources of capital to meet our requirements.

The following table sets forth our changes in cash flows (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31,		
	2018	2017	Change
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$49,966	\$56,563	\$(6,597)
Net cash used in investing activities	(14,082)	(39,131)	25,049
Net cash used in financing activities	(38,568)	(22,473)	(16,095)
Effect of foreign currency rate changes on cash and equivalents	(28)	2	(30)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$(2,712)	\$(5,039)	\$2,327

Operating Activities

The decrease in net cash provided by operating activities in the 2018 period compared to the 2017 period was primarily due to change in the timing of our bond interest payments.

Investing Activities

The primary cause for the decrease in net cash used in investing activities was due to higher development activity in the 2017 period. In 2017, we had construction expenditures for our Fort Worth, Daytona Beach, Lancaster and Savannah outlet centers. In the 2018 period, we had no new developments under construction.

Financing Activities

The primary cause for the increase in net cash used in financing activities was the shares purchased under our share repurchase program. During the first quarter of 2018, we repurchased approximately 443,700 common shares on the open market at an average price of \$22.52, totaling approximately \$10.0 million. No common shares were repurchased in the comparable 2017 period.

Capital Expenditures

The following table details our capital expenditures (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31,		
	2018	2017	Change
Capital expenditures analysis:			
New outlet center developments and expansions	\$ 883	\$ 27,329	\$(26,446)
Major outlet center renovations	900	2,455	(1,555)
Second generation tenant allowances	3,152	4,089	(937)
Other capital expenditures	1,696	5,669	(3,973)
	6,631	39,542	(32,911)
Conversion from accrual to cash basis	13,083	(4,015)	17,098
Additions to rental property-cash basis	\$ 19,714	\$ 35,527	\$(15,813)

The decrease in new outlet center developments and expansions expenditures was primarily due to construction expenditures, including first generation tenant allowances, that occurred in the 2017 period for our Fort Worth, Daytona Beach and Lancaster outlet centers.

The decrease in major outlet center renovations in the 2018 period was primarily due to construction activities at our Riverhead and Rehoboth Beach outlet centers that occurred in 2017.

The decrease in other capital expenditures in the 2018 period is primarily due to tenant interior build outs and the installation of solar panels at several of our outlet centers that occurred in 2017.

Current Developments

We intend to continue to grow our portfolio by developing, expanding or acquiring additional outlet centers. However, you should note that any developments or expansions that we, or a joint venture that we have an ownership interest in, have planned or anticipated may not be started or completed as scheduled, or may not result in accretive net income or funds from operations ("FFO"). See the section "Non-GAAP Supplemental Earnings Measures" - "Funds From Operations" below for further discussion of FFO.

In addition, we regularly evaluate acquisition or disposition proposals and engage from time to time in negotiations for acquisitions or dispositions of properties. We may also enter into letters of intent for the purchase or sale of properties. Any prospective acquisition or disposition that is being evaluated or which is subject to a letter of intent may not be consummated, or if consummated, may not result in an increase in earnings or liquidity.

Potential Future Developments

As of the date of this filing, we are in the initial study period for potential new developments. We may also use joint venture arrangements to develop other potential sites. There can be no assurance, however, that these potential future projects will ultimately be developed.

In the case of projects to be wholly-owned by us, we expect to fund these projects from amounts available under our unsecured lines of credit, but may also fund them with capital from additional public debt and equity offerings. For projects to be developed through joint venture arrangements, we may use collateralized construction loans to fund a portion of the project, with our share of the equity requirements funded from sources described above. See "Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements" for a discussion of unconsolidated joint venture development activities.

Financing Arrangements

As of March 31, 2018, unsecured borrowings represented 95% of our outstanding debt and 93% of the gross book value of our real estate portfolio was unencumbered. The Company guarantees the Operating Partnership's obligations under our lines of credit. As of March 31, 2018, we had \$366.4 million available under our unsecured lines of credit after taking into account outstanding letters of credit of \$6.0 million.

Increased Borrowing Capacity and Extension of Unsecured Lines of Credit

In January 2018, we closed on amendments to our unsecured lines of credit, which increased the borrowing capacity from \$520.0 million to \$600.0 million and extended the maturity date from October 2019 to October 2021, with a one-year extension option. We also reduced the interest rate spread over LIBOR from 0.90% to 0.875%, increased the incremental borrowing availability through an accordion feature on the syndicated line from \$1.0 billion to \$1.2 billion. Loan origination costs associated with the amendments totaled approximately \$2.3 million. The interest rate spreads associated with our unsecured lines of credit and our unsecured term loan are based on our current investment grade credit rating. If our credit rating is downgraded or upgraded, our interest rate spread would adjust accordingly.

Southaven Mortgage

In February 2018, the consolidated joint venture that owns the Tanger outlet center in Southaven, Mississippi amended and restated the \$60.0 million mortgage loan secured by the property that was scheduled to mature in April 2018. The amended and restated loan reduced the principal balance to \$51.4 million, increased the interest rate from LIBOR + 1.75% to LIBOR + 1.80% and extended the maturity to April 2021, with a two-year extension option. In March 2018, the consolidated joint venture entered into an interest rate swap, effective March 1, 2018, which fixed the base LIBOR rate at 2.47% on a notional amount of \$40.0 million through January 31, 2021

We intend to retain the ability to raise additional capital, including public debt or equity, to pursue attractive investment opportunities that may arise and to otherwise act in a manner that we believe to be in the best interests of our shareholders and unitholders. The Company is a well-known seasoned issuer with a joint shelf registration with the Operating Partnership, expiring in March 2021, that allows us to register unspecified amounts of different classes of securities on Form S-3. To generate capital to reinvest into other attractive investment opportunities, we may also consider the use of additional operational and developmental joint ventures, the sale or lease of outparcels on our existing properties and the sale of certain properties that do not meet our long-term investment criteria. Based on cash provided by operations, existing lines of credit, ongoing relationships with certain financial institutions and our ability to sell debt or issue equity subject to market conditions, we believe that we have access to the necessary financing to fund the planned capital expenditures for at least the next twelve months.

We anticipate that adequate cash will be available to fund our operating and administrative expenses, regular debt service obligations, and the payment of dividends in accordance with REIT requirements in both the short and long-term. Although we receive most of our rental payments on a monthly basis, distributions to shareholders and unitholders are made quarterly and interest payments on the senior, unsecured notes are made semi-annually. Amounts accumulated for such payments will be used in the interim to reduce the outstanding borrowings under our existing unsecured lines of credit or invested in short-term money market or other suitable instruments.

We believe our current balance sheet position is financially sound; however, due to the uncertainty and unpredictability of the capital and credit markets, we can give no assurance that affordable access to capital will exist between now and when our next significant debt maturity, which is for our unsecured lines of credit, occurs in 2021.

The Operating Partnership's debt agreements require the maintenance of certain ratios, including debt service coverage and leverage, and limit the payment of dividends such that dividends and distributions will not exceed funds from operations, as defined in the agreements, for the prior fiscal year on an annual basis or 95% on a cumulative basis. We have historically been and currently are in compliance with all of our debt covenants. We expect to remain in compliance with all of our existing debt covenants; however, should circumstances arise that would cause us to be in default, the various lenders would have the ability to accelerate the maturity on our outstanding debt.

We believe our most restrictive covenants are contained in our senior, unsecured notes. Key financial covenants and their covenant levels, which are calculated based on contractual terms, include the following:

Senior unsecured notes financial covenants	Required	Actual	
Total consolidated debt to adjusted total assets	<60%	51	%
Total secured debt to adjusted total assets	<40%	3	%
Total unencumbered assets to unsecured debt	>150%	185	%

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The following table details certain information as of March 31, 2018 about various unconsolidated real estate joint ventures in which we have an ownership interest:

Joint Venture	Outlet Center Location	Ownership %		Square Feet (in 000's)	Carrying Value of Investment (in millions)
Columbus	Columbus, OH	50.0 %		355	\$ 0.1
National Harbor	National Harbor, MD	50.0 %		341	2.0
RioCan Canada	Various	50.0 %		923	112.2
Investments included in investments in unconsolidated joint ventures					\$ 114.3
Charlotte ⁽¹⁾	Charlotte, NC	50.0 %		398	\$ (4.3)
Galveston/Houston ⁽¹⁾	Texas City, TX	50.0 %		353	(14.7)
Investments included in other liabilities					\$ (19.0)

(1) The negative carrying value is due to distributions exceeding contributions and increases or decreases from the equity in earnings of the joint venture.

Our joint ventures are generally subject to buy-sell provisions which are customary for joint venture agreements in the real estate industry. Either partner may initiate these provisions (subject to any applicable lock up period), which could result in either the sale of our interest or the use of available cash or additional borrowings to acquire the other party's interest. Under these provisions, one partner sets a price for the property, then the other partner has the option to either (1) purchase their partner's interest based on that price or (2) sell its interest to the other partner based on that price. Since the partner other than the partner who triggers the provision has the option to be the buyer or seller, we do not consider this arrangement to be a mandatory redeemable obligation.

We provide guarantees to lenders for our joint ventures which include standard non-recourse carve out indemnifications for losses arising from items such as but not limited to fraud, physical waste, payment of taxes, environmental indemnities, misapplication of insurance proceeds or security deposits and failure to maintain required insurance. For construction and term loans, we may include a guaranty of completion as well as a principal guaranty ranging from 5% to 100% of principal. The principal guarantees include terms for release based upon satisfactory completion of construction and achievement of performance targets including occupancy thresholds and minimum debt service coverage tests. Our joint ventures may contain make-whole provisions in the event that demands are made on any existing guarantees.

Debt of unconsolidated joint ventures

The following table details information regarding the outstanding debt of the unconsolidated joint ventures and guarantees of such debt provided by us as of March 31, 2018 (dollars in millions):

	Total
Joint Venture	Joint Venture Debt