

MEDICIS PHARMACEUTICAL CORP

Form 10-Q

November 14, 2002

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**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, DC 20549

**FORM 10-Q**

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE  
ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2002

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE  
ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 0-18443

**MEDICIS PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION**

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

52-1574808

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

8125 North Hayden Road

Scottsdale, Arizona 85258-2463  
(Address of principal executive offices)

(602) 808-8800

(Registrant's telephone number,  
including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES  NO

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class

Outstanding at November 8, 2002

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Class A Common Stock \$.014 Par Value  
Class B Common Stock \$.014 Par Value  
379,016

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26,571,659

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**Part I. Financial Information**

**Item 1. Financial Statements**

**MEDICIS PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(in thousands, except share amounts)

	September 30, 2002	June 30, 2002
	(unaudited)	
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$208,819	\$299,209
Short-term investments	380,554	278,367
Accounts receivable, net	39,784	45,054
Inventories, net	11,244	11,955
Deferred tax assets	7,364	7,388
Other current assets	18,363	16,500
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Total current assets	666,128	658,473
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Property and equipment, net	2,558	2,605
Intangible assets:		
Intangible assets related to product line acquisitions and business combinations	174,384	165,084
Other intangible assets		

12,685 11,727

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187,069 176,811  
Less: accumulated amortization  
32,787 31,007

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Net intangible assets  
154,282 145,804 Goodwill 39,163 39,389 Deferred  
tax assets 16,557 17,570  
Deferred financing costs, net  
11,840 12,390  
Other non-current assets  
34 42

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\$890,562 \$876,273

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See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**MEDICIS PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
**(in thousands, except share amounts)**

	September 30, 2002	June 30, 2002
	(unaudited)	
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$15,493	\$14,037
Short-term contract obligation	10,000	10,000
Income taxes payable	6,519	1,460
Other current liabilities	27,659	21,717
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Total current liabilities	59,671	47,214
<hr/>		
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Long-term liabilities:		
Contingent convertible senior notes	400,000	400,000
<b>Stockholders Equity</b>		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; shares authorized: 5,000,000; no shares issued		
Class A common stock, \$0.014 par value; shares authorized: 50,000,000; issued and outstanding: 30,917,504 and 30,776,276 at September 30, 2002 and at June 30, 2002, respectively		
	433	431
Class B common stock, \$0.014 par value; shares authorized: 1,000,000; issued and outstanding: 379,016 at September 30, 2002 and at June 30,		



2002	
5	5
Additional paid-in capital	
434,038	429,951
Accumulated other comprehensive income	
1,256	790
Deferred compensation	
(1,965)	(2,094)
Accumulated earnings	
166,802	154,923
Less: Treasury stock, 3,804,134 and 3,412,434 shares at cost at September 30, 2002 and at June 30, 2002, respectively	
(169,678)	(154,947)

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Total stockholders' equity	
430,891	429,059

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\$890,562 \$876,273

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See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****MEDICIS PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME**  
**(unaudited)****(in thousands, except per share data)**

	Three Months Ended	
	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2001
Net revenues	\$58,745	\$ 45,514
Operating costs and expenses:		
Cost of product revenue		
9,158 7,641		
Selling, general and administrative		
21,605 16,275		
Research and development		
7,876 1,444		
Depreciation and amortization		
2,006 1,916		
Operating costs and expenses		
40,645 27,276		
Operating income		
18,100 18,238		
Interest income		
3,310 2,782		
Interest expense		
(3,134) (234)		
Income before income tax expense		
18,276 20,786		
Income tax expense		
(6,397) (7,005)		

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Net income  
\$11,879 \$13,781

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Basic net income per common  
share  
\$0.43 \$0.46

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Diluted net income per common  
share  
\$0.42 \$0.44

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Shares used in computing basic net  
income per common share  
27,483 30,253

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Shares used in computing diluted  
net income per common share  
28,336 31,442

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****MEDICIS PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
**(unaudited)****(in thousands)**

	Three Months Ended	
	September 30, 2002	September 30, 2001
<b>Operating Activities:</b>		
Net income		
\$11,879	\$13,781	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization		
2,737	1,916	
Gain on sale of available-for-sale investments		
(191)	(43)	
Amortization of deferred compensation		
129	97	
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)		
1,037	(1,410)	
Provision for doubtful accounts and returns		
750	830	
Accretion of premium on investments		
965	277	
Accretion of discount on contract obligation		
225		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable		
4,543	(3,722)	
Inventories		
711	(305)	
Other current assets		
(1,863)	268	
Accounts payable		
1,918	(1,409)	
Income taxes payable		
5,059	8,283	
Tax benefit of stock option exercises		
870	290	
Other current liabilities		
6,147	(277)	

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Net cash provided by operating activities

34,691 18,801

**Investing Activities:**

Purchase of property and equipment

(178) (188)

Payment of direct merger costs

(464)

Payments for purchase of product rights

(10,358) (377)

Purchase of available-for-sale investments

(148,367) (44,607)

Sale of available-for-sale investments

32,584 6,811

Maturity of available-for-sale investments

13,335 29,430

Change in other assets

8 8

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Net cash used in investing activities

(113,440) (8,923)

**Financing Activities:**

Payment of deferred financing costs

(81)

Purchase of treasury stock

(14,730) (4,343)

Proceeds from the exercise of stock options

3,218 1,063

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Net cash used in financing activities

(11,593) (3,280)

Effect of foreign currency exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents

(48)	(67)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	
(90,390)	6,531
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	
299,209	153,258

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Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	
\$208,819	\$159,789

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See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**MEDICIS PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**September 30, 2002**

**(unaudited)**

**1. ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

Medicis Pharmaceutical Corporation and its wholly owned subsidiaries ( Medicis or the Company ) is a leading specialty pharmaceutical company focusing primarily on developing and marketing drugs in the United States for the treatment of dermatological, pediatric and podiatric conditions. The Company offers a broad range of drugs addressing various conditions including acne, fungal infections, asthma, rosacea, hyperpigmentation, photoaging, psoriasis, eczema, skin and skin-structure infections, seborrheic dermatitis, head lice and cosmesis (improvement in the texture and appearance of skin). In November 2001, Medicis expanded into pediatrics through its merger with Ascent Pediatrics, Inc. ( Ascent ). Ascent markets products to U.S.-based pediatricians, including an oral treatment for children with asthma and other inflammatory respiratory conditions and subsequent to merging with Medicis, now markets dermatological products to pediatricians.

Medicis has built its business by successfully executing a four-part growth strategy. This strategy consists of growing existing core brands, developing new products and important product line extensions, entering into strategic collaborations and acquiring complementary products, technologies and businesses.

The accompanying interim consolidated condensed financial statements of Medicis have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, consistent in all material respects with those applied in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002 ( fiscal 2002 ). The financial information is unaudited but reflects all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring accruals, which are, in the opinion of the Company s management, necessary to a fair statement of the results for the interim periods presented. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year. The interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform with current period presentation.

**2. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT COSTS AND ACCOUNTING FOR STRATEGIC COLLABORATIONS**

All research and development costs, including payments related to products under development, and research consulting agreements, are expensed as incurred. The Company makes up-front, non-refundable payments to third parties for new technologies and for research and development work that has been completed. These up-front payments may be expensed at the time of payment depending on the nature of the payment made.

The Company s policy on accounting for costs of strategic collaborations determines the timing of the recognition of certain development costs. In addition, this policy determines whether the cost is classified as development expense or capitalized as an asset. Management is required to form judgments with respect to the commercial status of such products in determining whether development costs meet the criteria for immediate expense or capitalization.

On September 26, 2002, Medicis entered into an exclusive license and development agreement with Dow Pharmaceutical, Inc. ( Dow ) for the development and commercialization of a patented dermatologic product. Under terms of the agreement, Medicis made an initial payment of \$5.4 million to Dow and in accordance with the agreement between the parties, is required to make potential additional payments upon the certification that certain development milestones have occurred. Successful completion

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of these developmental milestones will result in future charges to research and development expense that could total as much as \$10.9 million. The initial \$5.4 million was recorded as a charge to research and development expense during the quarter ended September 30, 2002.

On September 4, 2002, the Company purchased the Abbreviated New Drug Application ( ANDA ) for a pediatric prescription product from a third-party pharmaceutical company for \$9.0 million. Under terms of the agreement, the Company may be required to make future contingent payments based on the achievement of certain milestones. The contingent payments, if the milestones are achieved, would be payable at the six-, 12-, and 18-month anniversaries of the closing of the agreement. The Company accounted for this transaction as an acquisition of an intangible asset and will commence amortizing the asset over 15 years beginning in the second quarter of fiscal 2003.

In January 2001, the Company entered into an arrangement with a foreign public company to develop certain potential products for future sale. Under terms of the arrangement, the Company paid \$3.0 million and had the right to terminate the arrangement and receive its \$3.0 million back subject to certain conditions. During fiscal 2002, the Company notified this party that it had elected to discontinue the arrangement. Under the terms of the original contract, this party is to return the funds within 180 days of the notification. Such amounts are included in other current assets as of September 30, 2002. The Company received payment in full of the \$3.0 million owed by this party on October 9, 2002.

**3. SEGMENT AND PRODUCT INFORMATION**

The Company operates in one significant business segment: Pharmaceuticals. The Company's current pharmaceutical franchises are divided between the Dermatological and Non-Dermatological fields. The Dermatological field represents products for the treatment of Acne and Acne-related dermatological conditions and Non-acne dermatological conditions. The Non-Dermatological field represents products for the treatment of Asthma and Urea Cycle Disorder. The Acne and Acne-related dermatological product lines include DYNACIN®, PLEXION® and TRIAZ®. The Non-acne dermatological product lines include ESOTERICA®, LIDEX®, LOPROX®, LUSTRA®, OMNICEF®, OVIDE®, SYNALAR® and TOPICORT®. The Non-Dermatological product lines include BUPHENYL® and ORAPRED®.

The Company's pharmaceutical products, with the exception of BUPHENYL®, are promoted to dermatologists, podiatrists or pediatricians. Such products are often prescribed by physicians outside these three specialties; including family practitioners, general practitioners, primary-care physicians, plastic surgeons and OB/GYNs, as well as physicians based in hospitals, government agencies and others. All products, with the exception of BUPHENYL®, are sold primarily to wholesalers and retail chain drug stores. BUPHENYL® is primarily sold directly to hospitals and pharmacies.

The percentage of net revenues for each of the product categories is as follows:

	<b>THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,</b>	
	<b>2002</b>	<b>2001</b>
Acne and acne-related dermatological products	37%	42%
Non-acne dermatological products	55	47
Non-dermatological products	8	11
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<hr/>		
Total net revenues	100%	100%
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**4. INVENTORIES**

The Company utilizes third parties to manufacture and package inventories held for sale, takes title to certain inventories once manufactured, and warehouses such goods until packaged for final distribution and sale. Inventories consist of salable products held at the Company's warehouses, as well as raw materials and components at the manufacturers' facilities, and are valued at the lower of cost or market using the first-in, first-out method. The Company provides valuation reserves for estimated obsolescence or unmarketable

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inventory in an amount equal to the difference between the cost of inventory and the estimated market value based upon assumptions about future demand and market conditions.

Inventories at September 30, 2002 and June 30, 2002, are as follows (amounts in thousands):

	September 30, 2002	June 30, 2002
Raw materials	\$5,192	\$5,430
Finished goods		
6,750	7,276	
Valuation reserve		
(698)	(751)	
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Total inventories		
\$11,244	\$11,955	
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**5. CONTINGENT CONVERTIBLE SENIOR NOTES**

On June 4, 2002 and June 10, 2002, the Company sold \$400.0 million aggregate principal amount of its 2.5% Contingent Convertible Notes Due 2032 in private transactions. The Notes bear interest at a rate of 2.5% per annum, which is payable on June 4 and December 4 of each year, beginning on December 4, 2002. The Company also will pay contingent interest at a rate equal to 0.5% per annum during any six-month period, with the initial six-month period commencing June 4, 2007, if the average trading price of the Notes reaches certain thresholds. The Notes will mature on June 4, 2032.

The Company may redeem some or all of the Notes at any time on or after June 11, 2007, at a redemption price, payable in cash, of 100% of the principal amount of the Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest. Holders of the Notes may require the Company to repurchase all or a portion of their Notes on June 4, 2007, 2012 and 2017, and upon a change in control, as defined in the indenture governing the Notes, at 100% of the principal amount of the Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of the repurchase, payable in cash.

The Notes are convertible, at the holders' option, prior to the maturity date into shares of the Company's Class A common stock in the following circumstances:

during any quarter commencing after June 30, 2002, if the closing price of the Company's Class A common stock over a specified number of trading days during the previous quarter is more than 110% of the conversion price of the Notes on the last trading day of the previous quarter. The Notes are initially convertible at a conversion price of \$58.10 per share, which is equal to a conversion rate of approximately 17.217 shares per \$1,000 principal amount of Notes, subject to adjustment;

if the Company has called the Notes for redemption;

during the five trading day period immediately following any nine consecutive day trading period in which the trading price of the Notes per \$1,000 principal amount for each day of such period was less than 95% of the product of the closing sale price of the Company's Class A common stock on that day multiplied by the number of shares of the Company's Class A common stock issuable upon conversion of \$1,000 principal amount of the Notes; or

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upon the occurrence of specified corporate transactions.

The Notes, which are unsecured, do not contain any restrictions on the payment of dividends, the incurrence of additional indebtedness or the repurchase of the Company's securities and do not contain any financial covenants.

### **6. INCOME TAXES**

Income taxes have been provided for using the liability method in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. The provision for income taxes reflects management's estimate of the effective tax rate expected to be applicable for the full fiscal year. This estimate is re-evaluated by management each quarter based on the Company's estimated tax expense for the year.

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At September 30, 2002, the Company has federal net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$77 million that begin expiring in varying amounts in the years 2008 through 2021 if not previously utilized. Additionally, the Company has research and experimentation credits of \$1.2 million that begin to expire in 2008 if not utilized. All of the net operating loss and research and experimentation carryforwards are attributable to the Company's merger with Ascent. As such, they are limited for tax purposes under Internal Revenue Code sections 382 and 383 that limit the annual utilization of net operating losses and income tax credits, respectively.

At September 30, 2002, the Company took advantage of additional tax deductions available relating to the exercise of non-qualified stock options and disqualified dispositions of incentive stock options. Accordingly, the Company recorded a \$870,000 increase to equity with a corresponding \$870,000 reduction to taxes payable. Quarterly adjustments for the exercise of non-qualified stock options and disqualified dispositions of incentive stock options may vary as they relate to the actions of the option holder or shareholder.

**7. STOCK REPURCHASE PLAN**

During the three months ended September 30, 2002, Medicis purchased 391,700 shares of its Class A common stock in the open market at an average price of \$37.61 per share. During the three months ended September 30, 2001, Medicis purchased 102,000 shares of its Class A common stock in the open market at an average price of \$42.58 per share. These stock purchases were made in accordance with a stock repurchase program that was approved by the Company's Board of Directors in May 1999. This program provides for the repurchase of up to \$75 million of Class A common stock at such times as management may determine.

**8. DEFERRED COMPENSATION**

In July 2001, Medicis granted 55,000 restricted shares of Class A common stock to certain employees. The Company recorded deferred compensation of \$2,577,850, representing the market price of the shares at the date of grant. The amount of deferred compensation is presented as a reduction of stockholders' equity and is being amortized ratably over the service period of the employees receiving the grants.

Amortization of deferred compensation was \$129,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2002 and has been included in selling, general and administrative expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income. The Company expects to record compensation expense related to deferred compensation of approximately \$129,000 per quarter through September 30, 2006. Expense with respect to the grants could be reduced and/or reversed to the extent employees receiving the grants leave the Company prior to vesting in the award. The vesting period for the restricted shares begins after the third anniversary of the date of grant.

**9. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

Total comprehensive income includes net income and other comprehensive income, which consists of foreign currency translation adjustments and unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale investments. Total comprehensive income for the three months ended September 30, 2002 was \$12.3 million. Total comprehensive income for the three months ended September 30, 2001 was \$14.0 million.

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**10. EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE**

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	<b>Three Months Ended September 30,</b>	
	<b>2002</b>	<b>2001</b>
<b>Numerator:</b>		
Net income	\$11,879	\$13,781
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<hr/>		
Denominator for basic net income per common share	27,483	30,253
Effect of dilutive securities:		
stock options and restricted stock	853	1,189
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Denominator for diluted net income per common share	28,336	31,442
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Basic net income per common share	\$0.43	\$0.46
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Diluted net income per common share	\$0.42	\$0.44

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The diluted net income per common share computation for the first quarter of fiscal 2003 and 2002 excludes 3,285,073 and 2,854,100 shares of stock, respectively, which represented outstanding stock options whose exercise prices were greater than the average market price of the common shares during the respective fiscal years and were anti-dilutive. Diluted net income per share for the first quarter of fiscal 2003 also excludes 6,884,681 shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the contingent convertible senior notes based upon those shares underlying common stock price of \$58.10.

#### **11. CONTINGENCIES**

On November 9, 2001, prior to its merger with Medicis, Ascent received notice that Triumph-Connecticut Limited Partnership and related parties had brought a civil action against it in Massachusetts. In the action, the Triumph group claims that the execution by Ascent of the merger agreement and the consummation of the merger without the consent of the Triumph group or the payment to the Triumph group of a specified amount breaches the terms of a January 1997 securities purchase agreement, the terms of warrants issued to the Triumph group, an implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and certain deceptive trade laws. The Triumph group is seeking damages in an amount not less than \$22.1 million, plus treble damages. A trial in the action is scheduled for April 2003. The Company believes that the claims of the Triumph group are without merit and we intend to vigorously contest and defend this suit.

The Company and certain of its subsidiaries are parties to other actions and proceedings incident to their businesses, including litigation regarding its intellectual property, challenges to the enforceability or validity of its intellectual property and claims that its products infringe on the intellectual property rights of others.

The Company believes that the ultimate outcome based on the information available to the Company with respect to any of these matters is either covered by insurance and/or established reserves, or in some cases rights of offset, and in the aggregate should not have a material adverse effect on its business, financial position or results of operations. There can be no assurance, however, that an adverse determination on any action or proceeding will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations, or that the Company will be able to realize the full

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amount of any indemnification obligation or offset that any person may have to the Company or that any such indemnification or offset will adequately cover any liability.

**Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the attached condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and with our audited financial statements, notes to the consolidated financial statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations relating thereto included or incorporated by reference in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002 (the 2002 Form 10-K).

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q (Form 10-Q) contains forward-looking statements that anticipate results based upon management's plans that are subject to uncertainties. Forward-looking statements are based upon current expectations of future results. These statements may be identified by use of the words expects, plans, anticipates, believes, estimates and similar words used in conjunction with discussions of future operations or financial performance. We cannot ensure that any forward-looking statements will be accurate. Actual results could differ materially if underlying assumptions prove inaccurate or unknown risks or uncertainties develop. We assume no obligation to update forward-looking statements as a result of future events or developments.

In Item 1 of the 2002 Form 10-K, as well as in press releases, live webcasts and this Form 10-Q, we discuss in more detail various factors that could cause actual results to vary from expectations. Investors should understand that it is not possible to predict or identify all such factors and should not consider such factors to be a complete statement of all potential risks and uncertainties that may affect our business.

**OVERVIEW**

We are a leading specialty pharmaceutical company focusing primarily on developing and marketing drugs in the United States for the treatment of dermatological, pediatric and podiatric conditions. We believe that annual U.S. pharmaceutical sales in these markets exceed \$10 billion. We offer a broad range of products addressing various conditions including acne, fungal infections, asthma, rosacea, hyperpigmentation, photoaging, psoriasis, eczema, skin and skin-structure infections, seborrheic dermatitis, head lice and cosmesis (improvement in the texture and appearance of skin).

We derive a majority of our prescription volume from our core products. We believe that the prescription volume of our core products will constitute the majority of the prescription volume for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, any factor adversely affecting the prescription volume related to our core products, individually or collectively, could harm our business, financial condition and results of operations. Several of our core products are subject to generic competition currently or may be in the future. Each of our core products could be rendered obsolete or uneconomical by regulatory or competitive changes.

As a result of customer buying patterns, a substantial portion of our revenues has been recognized in the last month of each quarter. We schedule our inventory purchases to meet anticipated customer demand. As a result, relatively small delays in the receipt of manufactured products by us could result in revenues being deferred or lost. Our operating expenses are based upon anticipated sales levels, and a high percentage of our operating expenses are relatively fixed in the short term. Consequently, variations in the timing of revenue recognition could cause significant fluctuations in operating results from period to period and may result in unanticipated periodic earnings shortfalls or losses. There can be no assurance that we will maintain or increase revenues or profitability or avoid losses in any future period.

We estimate customer demand for our products primarily through use of third party syndicated data sources which track prescriptions written by health care providers and dispensed by licensed pharmacies. These data are extrapolations from information provided only by certain pharmacies, and are estimates of historical demand levels. We observe trends from these data, and, coupled with certain proprietary information, prepare demand forecasts that are the basis for purchase orders for finished and

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component inventory from our third party manufacturers and suppliers. Our forecasts may fail to accurately anticipate ultimate customer demand for products. Overestimates of demand may result in excessive inventory production; underestimates may result in inadequate supply of our products in channels of distribution.

We sell our products primarily to major wholesalers and retail pharmacy chains. Consistent with pharmaceutical industry patterns, approximately 80% of our revenues are derived from four major drug wholesale concerns. While we attempt to estimate inventory levels of our products at our major wholesale customers, using historical prescription information and historical purchase patterns, this process is inherently imprecise. Rarely do wholesale customers provide us complete inventory levels at regional distribution centers, or within their national distribution systems. We rely wholly upon our wholesale and drug chain customers to effect the distribution allocation of our products. There can be no assurance that these customers will adequately manage their local and regional inventories to avoid spot outages. Based upon historically consistent purchasing patterns of our major wholesale customers, we believe our estimates of trade inventory levels of our products are reasonable. We further believe that inventories of our products among wholesale customers, taken as a whole, are similar to those of other specialty pharmaceutical companies, and that our trade practices, which periodically involve volume discounts and early payment discounts, are typical of the industry.

We periodically offer promotions to wholesale and chain drugstore customers to encourage dispensing of our products, consistent with a health care provider's prescription. Because many of our products compete in multi-source markets, it is important for us to ensure the licensed health care providers' dispensing instructions are fulfilled with our branded products and are not substituted with a generic product or another therapeutic alternative product which may be contrary to the licensed health care providers' recommended prescribed Medicis brand. We believe that a critical component of our brand protection program is maintenance of full product availability at drugstore and wholesale customers. We believe such availability strongly reduces the probability of local and regional product substitutions, shortages and backorders, which could result in lost sales. We expect to continue providing favorable terms to wholesale and retail drug chain customers as may be necessary to ensure the fullest possible distribution of our branded products within the pharmaceutical chain of commerce.

We cannot control or influence greatly the purchasing patterns of wholesale and retail drug chain customers. These are highly sophisticated customers that purchase products in a manner consistent with their industry practices and perceived business interests. Our sales are subject to the purchase requirements of our major customers, which, presumably, are based upon their projected demand levels. Purchases by any given customer, during any given measurement period, may be above or below actual prescription volumes of one or more of our products during the same measurement period, resulting in increases or decreases in product inventory existing in the distribution channel, which are managed presumably in accordance with such customer's business practices.

We plan to spend substantial amounts of capital to continue the acquisition and research and development of pharmaceutical products. Actual expenditures will depend upon our financial condition, as well as the results of clinical testing, delays or changes in government-required testing and approval procedures, technological and competitive developments, and strategic marketing decisions. We may increase total expenditures for research and development and expect that research and development expenditures as a percentage of net revenues will fluctuate from period to period. We periodically make up-front, non-refundable payments to third parties for research and development work that has been completed. If there is no recourse provision against the third party for their failure to perform future services to earn such amounts paid, these up-front payments are expensed at the time of payment. Payments made for product rights whereby the product has received regulatory approval for sale are capitalized and amortized over the expected revenue-producing period.

To enable us to focus on our core selling and marketing activities, we selectively outsource certain non-sales and non-marketing functions, such as laboratory research, manufacturing, warehousing and



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distributing. As we expand our activities in these areas, additional financial resources are expected to be utilized. The duration of our manufacturing contracts and other agreements with third parties vary in length.

**Results of Operations**

The following table sets forth certain data, as a percentage of net revenues, for the periods indicated.

	<b>Three Months Ended September 30,</b>	
	<b>2002*</b>	<b>2001</b>
Net revenue	100.0%	100.0%
Gross profit	84.4	83.2
Operating expenses	53.6	43.1
Operating income	30.8	40.1
Interest income, net	0.3	5.6
Income tax expense	(10.9)	(15.4)
<hr/>		
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Net income	20.2%	30.3%
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\* Included in operating expenses is \$5.4 million (or 9.2% of net revenue) related to a research and development collaboration with Dow Pharmaceutical, Inc. ( Dow ).

**Three Months Ended September 30, 2002 Compared to the Three Months Ended September 30, 2001***Net Revenues*

Net revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2002 (the first quarter of fiscal 2003 ) increased 29.1%, or \$13.2 million, to \$58.7 million from \$45.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2001 (the first quarter of fiscal 2002 ). Our net revenues increased in the first quarter of fiscal 2003 primarily as a result of growth in sales of the LOPROX®, PLEXION®, TRIAZ®, OVIDE®, OMNICEF® and BUPHENYL® products. The growth in sales of LOPROX® products caused the non-acne dermatological product segment to increase from 47% of total net revenues during the first quarter of fiscal 2002 to 55% during the first quarter of fiscal 2003. The acne and acne-related dermatological product segment decreased as a percentage of total net revenues from 42% during the first quarter of fiscal 2002 to 37% during the first quarter of fiscal 2003 due to the growth in total net revenues, which was primarily a result of the growth in sales of LOPROX® products.

*Gross Profit*

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Gross profit during the first quarter of fiscal 2003 increased 30.9%, or \$11.7 million, to \$49.6 million from \$37.9 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2002. As a percentage of net revenues, gross profit increased to 84.4% in the first quarter of fiscal 2003 from 83.2% in the first quarter of fiscal 2002. The increase was primarily due to a higher percentage of total sales related to our LOPROX®, PLEXION® and OMNICEF® products, which enjoy higher gross profit percentages than our other products. Amortization of intangible assets related to products sold are not included in gross profit.

### *Selling, General and Administrative Expenses*

Selling, general and administrative expenses in the first quarter of fiscal 2003 increased 32.7%, or \$5.3 million, to \$21.6 million from \$16.3 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2002. This increase was primarily attributable to costs associated with the Ascent sales force, including salaries and travel expenses. The Ascent sales force consists of approximately 75 people. Ascent merged with us on November 15, 2001, and was not included in general and administrative costs during the first quarter of fiscal 2002. As a percentage of net revenues, selling, general, and administrative expenses were consistent with the first quarter of fiscal 2002.

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*Research and Development Expenses*

Research and development expenses in the first quarter of fiscal 2003 increased 445.4%, or \$6.5 million, to \$7.9 million from \$1.4 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2002. This increase was primarily due to a \$5.4 million charge for the initial payment under a license and development agreement with Dow for a patented dermatologic product. Absent this charge, research and development expenses increased 71.5%, or \$1.1 million, to \$2.5 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2003 from \$1.4 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2002.

*Depreciation and Amortization Expenses*

Depreciation and amortization expenses in the first quarter of fiscal 2003 increased \$0.1 million, to \$2.0 million from \$1.9 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2002.

*Operating Income*

Operating income during the first quarter of fiscal 2003 decreased 0.8%, or \$0.1 million, from \$18.2 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2002, to \$18.1 million. Operating income for the first quarter of fiscal 2003 included a charge to operations of \$5.4 million related to a research and development collaboration with Dow. Absent this charge, operating income increased 28.9%, or \$5.3 million, to \$23.5 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2003 from \$18.2 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2002, primarily due to an increase in sales volume offset by an increase in operating expenses.

*Interest Income*

Interest income in the first quarter of fiscal 2003 increased 19.0%, or \$0.5 million, to \$3.3 million from \$2.8 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2002, primarily due to an increase in cash available for investment from our issuance of our Contingent Convertible Senior Notes during June of 2002, and cash flows from operations.

*Interest Expense*

Interest expense in the first quarter of fiscal 2003 increased 1,239%, or \$2.9 million, to \$3.1 million from \$0.2 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2002, primarily due to the issuance of our Contingent Convertible Senior Notes during June of 2002. Interest payable on these Notes accrues at 2.5% per annum. Total interest expense recognized during the first quarter of fiscal 2003 related to these Notes, including the amortization of deferred financing costs, was approximately \$3.1 million.

*Income Tax Expense*

Income tax expense during the first quarter of fiscal 2003 decreased 8.7%, or \$0.6 million, to \$6.4 million, from \$7.0 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2002. The provision for income taxes recorded for the first quarter of fiscal 2003 reflects management's estimate of the effective tax rate expected to be applicable for the full fiscal year. This estimate is re-evaluated by management each quarter based upon forecasts of income before taxes for the year. We estimate the effective tax rate for fiscal 2003 to be approximately 35%. The decrease in income tax expense in the first quarter of fiscal 2003, as compared to the first quarter of fiscal 2002, is primarily due to a decrease in pre-tax income. The decrease in pre-tax income is primarily related to the \$5.4 million charge to expenses in fiscal 2002 as a result of the Dow research and development collaboration and the increase in interest expense as a result of the issuance of our Notes.

*Net Income*

Net income during the first quarter of fiscal 2003 decreased \$1.9 million, to \$11.9 million from \$13.8 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2002. The decrease is primarily a result of the \$5.4 million research and development expense related to the Dow collaboration that was incurred in the first quarter of fiscal 2003.

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### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Net cash provided by operating activities for the first quarter of fiscal 2003 increased \$15.9 million, to \$34.7 million, from \$18.8 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2002. The increase was primarily attributable to the atypical timing of an accounts receivable payment of approximately \$7.0 million prior to its due date received just prior to the end of the first quarter of fiscal 2003, and the payment of other accrued liabilities during the first quarter of fiscal 2003. We do not anticipate this level of net cash flows provided by operations in the remaining quarters of fiscal 2003.

Net cash used in investing activities for the first quarter of fiscal 2003 increased \$104.5 million, to \$113.4 million, from \$8.9 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2002. The change was primarily due to increased purchases of available-for-sale investments during the first quarter of fiscal 2003 as compared to the first quarter of fiscal 2002 due to an increase in cash available for investment from our issuance of our Contingent Convertible Senior Notes during June of 2002.

Net cash used in financing activities for the first quarter of fiscal 2003 increased \$8.3 million, to \$11.6 million, from \$3.3 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2002. The change is primarily attributable to the purchase of \$14.3 million of treasury stock during the first quarter of fiscal 2003 as compared to the purchase of \$4.3 million of treasury stock during the first quarter of fiscal 2002.

We had cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments of \$589.4 million and working capital of \$606.5 million at September 30, 2002, as compared to \$577.6 million and \$611.3 million, respectively, at June 30, 2002.

In accordance with various manufacturing agreements, we are required to provide manufacturers with pro forma estimated production requirements by product and in accordance with minimum production runs. From time to time, we may not take possession of all merchandise that has been produced by the manufacturer. However, we record our obligation to the manufacturer at the time finished inventory is produced.

Inflation did not have a significant impact on our results during the first quarter of fiscal 2003.

### **Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

Within the 90 days prior to the filing of this report, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer ( CEO ) and Chief Financial Officer ( CFO ), of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rules 13a-14(c) and 15d-14(c) under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Based on this evaluation, our CEO and CFO concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports that we file with or submit to the Securities and Exchange Commission ( SEC ) is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC 's rules and forms.

In addition, we reviewed our internal controls, and there have been no significant changes in our internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect those controls subsequent to the date of their last evaluation.

## **Part II. Other Information**

### **Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

On November 9, 2001, prior to its merger with Medicis, Ascent received notice that Triumph-Connecticut Limited Partnership and related parties had brought a civil action against it in Massachusetts. In the action, the Triumph group claims that the execution by Ascent of the merger agreement and the consummation of the merger without the consent of the Triumph group or the payment to the Triumph group of a specified amount breaches the terms of a January 1997 securities purchase agreement, the terms

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of warrants issued to the Triumph group, an implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and certain deceptive trade laws. The Triumph group is seeking damages in an amount not less than \$22.1 million, plus treble damages. A trial in the action is scheduled for April 2003. The Company believes that the claims of the Triumph group are without merit and we intend to vigorously contest and defend this suit.

The Company and certain of its subsidiaries are parties to other actions and proceedings incident to their businesses, including litigation regarding its intellectual property, challenges to the enforceability or validity of its intellectual property and claims that its products infringe on the intellectual property rights of others.

The Company believes that the ultimate outcome based on the information available to the Company with respect to any of these matters is either covered by insurance and/or established reserves, or in some cases rights of offset, and in the aggregate should not have a material adverse effect on its business, financial position or results of operations. There can be no assurance, however, that an adverse determination on any action or proceeding will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations, or that the Company will be able to realize the full amount of any indemnification obligation or offset that any person may have to the Company or that any such indemnification or offset will adequately cover any liability.

**Item 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K**

(a) Exhibits

Exhibit 12            Computation of Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges  
Exhibit 99.1  
Certification of  
Periodic Financial  
Reports by the  
Chief Executive  
Officer and Chief  
Financial Officer  
Pursuant to 18  
U.S.C.  
Section 1350  
(filed herewith)

(b) No reports on Form 8-K have been filed during the quarter for which this report is filed.

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The following pages include the Signatures page for this Form 10-Q, and Certifications of our Chief Executive Officer ( CEO ) and our Chief Financial Officer ( CFO ), and (at Exhibit 99.1 of this report) a further Certification by our CEO and our CFO.

The form of Certification immediately following the Signatures page is required by Rule 13a-14 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 in accord with Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the Section 302 Certification ). The Section 302 Certification includes references to an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures and its internal controls and procedures for financial reporting . Item 4 of Part I of this Quarterly Report presents the conclusions of the CEO and CFO about the effectiveness of such controls based on and as of the date of such evaluation (relating to Item 4 of the Section 302 Certification), and contains additional information concerning disclosures to our Audit Committee and independent auditors with regard to deficiencies in internal controls and fraud (Item 5 of the Section 302 Certification) and related matters (Item 6 of the Section 302 Certification).

The second form of Certification (that set forth at Exhibit 99.1) is required by section 1350 of chapter 63 of title 18 of the United States Code.

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

**MEDICIS PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION**

Date: November 14, 2002 By: /s/ Jonah Shacknai

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Jonah Shacknai  
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer) Date: November 14, 2002  
By: /s/ Mark A. Prygocki, Sr.

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Mark A. Prygocki, Sr.  
Executive Vice President  
Chief Financial Officer, Corporate  
Secretary and Treasurer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting  
Officer)

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**CERTIFICATIONS**

I, Jonah Shacknai, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Medicis Pharmaceutical Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report; and
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report.
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and have:
  - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
  - b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
  - c) presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors:
  - a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
  - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
6. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: November 14, 2002

JONAH SHACKNAI

/s/ JONAH SHACKNAI

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(Jonah Shacknai)  
Chairman of the Board and  
Chief Executive Officer

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I, Mark A. Prygocki, Sr., certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Medicis Pharmaceutical Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report; and
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report.
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and have:
  - a. designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
  - b. evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
  - c. presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors:
  - a. all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
  - b. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
6. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: November 14, 2002

MARK A. PRYGOCKI, SR.

/s/ MARK A. PRYGOCKI, SR.

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(Mark A. Prygocki, Sr.)  
Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer,  
Corporate Secretary and Treasurer



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**Exhibit Index**

Exhibit 12	Computation of Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges
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of Periodic	
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Reports by	
the Chief	
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Officer and	
Chief	
Financial	
Officer	
Pursuant to 18	
U.S.C.	
Section 1350	