PERFICIENT INC Form 10-Q/A August 14, 2007

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC 20549

#### FORM 10-Q/A Amendment No. 1

(Mark One)

**DESCRIPTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934** 

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2007

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from\_\_\_\_\_\_ to\_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number: 001-15169

#### PERFICIENT, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

#### Delaware

No. 74-2853258

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

#### 1120 South Capital of Texas Highway, Building 3, Suite 220 Austin, Texas 78746

(Address of principal executive offices)

(512) 531-6000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements during the past 90 days. by Yes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer" and "large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer o

Accelerated filer b

Non-accelerated filer o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes o Nob

As of May 7, 2007, there were 29,298,012 shares of Common Stock outstanding.

#### Perficient, Inc. Form 10-Q/A Introductory Note

This Amendment No. 1 to quarterly report on Form 10-Q/A ("Form 10-Q/A") is being filed to amend our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2007, which was originally filed on May 10, 2007 (Original Form 10-Q).

The Items of the Company's Form 10-Q/A for the three months ended March 31, 2007 are amended and restated are as follows: Part 1 Financial Information, Item 1 Financial Statements; Part 1 Financial Information, Item 2 Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations; and Part I Financial Information, Item 4 Controls and Procedures.

In August 2007, it was determined that certain previously reported payments associated with acquisitions were incorrectly included as a component of cash flows provided by operating activities in the Company's Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. As a result, we have restated our Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2007. We have also revised our Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements as necessary to reflect the adjustments.

The restatement adjustments had no impact on the previously issued Consolidated Balance Sheets, Consolidated Statements of Income and Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity.

This amendment does not reflect events occurring after the filing of the Original Form 10-Q, and does not modify or update the disclosures therein in any way other than as required to reflect the adjustments described above. Such events include among others, the events described in our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter and year-to-date period ended June 30, 2007, and the events described in our current reports on Form 8-K filed after the filing of the original Form 10-Q.

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

Part I.	Financial Information	1
Item 1.	Financial Statements	1
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006	1
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2007 and 2006	2
	Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2007	3
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2007 and 2006	4
	Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	5
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	15
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	20
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	20
Part II.	Other Information	21
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	21
Item 6.	Exhibits	21
Signatures		22
i		
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#### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### **Item 1. Financial Statements**

# Perficient, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

	M	arch 31, 2007	Dec	cember 31, 2006
ASSETS		(In thou	ısands)	
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	996	\$	4,549
Accounts receivable, net		40,930		38,600
Prepaid expenses		681		1,171
Other current assets		2,071		2,799
Total current assets		44,678		47,119
Property and equipment, net		2,006		1,806
Goodwill		77,748		69,170
Intangible assets, net		14,620		11,886
Other non-current assets		1,017		1,019
Total assets	\$	140,069	\$	131,000
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	3,234	\$	5,025
Current portion of long-term debt		989		1,201
Other current liabilities		11,078		16,034
Total current liabilities		15,301		22,260
Long-term borrowings, net of current portion		1,900		137
Deferred income taxes		2,093		1,251
Total liabilities		19,294		23,648
		•		ŕ
Stockholders' equity:				
Common stock (par value \$.001 per share; 50,000,000 shares authorized and				
27,389,734 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2007;				
26,699,974 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2006)		27		27
Additional paid-in capital		157,297		147,028
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(131)		(125)
Accumulated deficit		(36,418)		(39,578)
Total stockholders' equity		120,775		107,352
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	140,069	\$	131,000
<u> </u>				

See accompanying notes to interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

# Perficient, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
		2007		2006
	(in	thousands, except	per	share data)
Revenues				
Services	\$	43,297	\$	25,606
Software		4,192		2,682
Reimbursable expenses		2,560		1,356
Total revenues		50,049		29,644
Cost of revenues (exclusive of depreciation and amortization, shown separately below)				
• •		26.266		16 265
Project personnel costs Software costs		26,266		16,265
		3,486		2,288
Reimbursable expenses		2,560		1,356
Other project related expenses		685		447 20.256
Total cost of revenues		32,997		20,356
Cross margin		17,052		9,288
Gross margin		17,032		9,200
Selling, general and administrative		10,299		5,638
Depreciation		337		168
Amortization of intangible assets		846		425
Income from operations		5,570		3,057
Interest income		49		2
Interest expense		(50)		(84)
Other		6		59
Income before income taxes		5,575		3,034
Provision for income taxes		2,415		1,329
Net income	\$	3,160	\$	1,705
Basic net income per share	\$	0.12	\$	0.07
Diluted net income per share	\$	0.11	\$	0.07
Change youd in commuting bosic not income non shore		27.001.425		22 527 524
Shares used in computing basic net income per share		27,081,425		23,537,534
Shares used in computing diluted net income per share		29,448,512		26,183,393
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See accompanying notes to interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

# Perficient, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity Three Months Ended March 31, 2007 (Unaudited) (In thousands)

				Accumulated		
	Common	Common	Additional	Other		Total
	Stock	Stock	Paid-in	Comprehensive	eAccumulated	Stockholders'
	Shares	Amount	Capital	Loss	Deficit	Equity
Balance at December 31,						
2006	26,700	\$ 27	\$ 147,028	\$ \$ (125)	\$ (39,578)	\$ 107,352
E Tech acquisition	306		5,755			5,755
Stock options exercised	341		1,188			1,188
Purchases of stock from						
Employee Stock Purchase						
Plan	2		44			44
Tax benefit of stock						
option exercises			1,702			1,702
Stock compensation			1,580			1,580
Vested stock						
compensation	41					
Foreign currency						
translation adjustment				(6)		(6)
Net income					3,160	3,160
Total comprehensive						
income						3,154
Balance at March 31,	07.000	Φ 27	Φ 157.205	. ф. (121)	Φ (26.410)	Φ 120.775
2007	27,390	\$ 27	\$ 157,297	\$ (131)	\$ (36,418)	\$ 120,775

See accompanying notes to interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

# Perficient, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

		Three Months Ended March 31,			
		2007		2006	
		Restated, Note 2			
	-	(In thou	ısands)		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			,		
Net income	\$	3,160	\$	1,705	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in)		,		ĺ	
operations:					
Depreciation		337		168	
Amortization of intangibles		846		425	
Non-cash stock compensation		1,580		724	
Non-cash interest expense		,		5	
Change in deferred income taxes		928		(572)	
č				,	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:					
Accounts receivable		(140)		(158)	
Other assets		1,643		896	
Accounts payable		(1,791)		(1,123)	
Other liabilities		(7,829)		(2,777)	
Net cash used in operating activities		(1,266)		(707)	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Purchase of property and equipment		(406)		(278)	
Capitalization of software developed for internal use		(50)		(47)	
Purchase of businesses, net of cash acquired		(6,306)			
Net cash used in investing activities		(6,762)		(325)	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from short-term borrowings		9,100			
Payments on short-term borrowings		(7,200)		(3,000)	
Payments on long-term debt		(350)		(326)	
Tax benefit on stock options		1,702		895	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options and Employee Stock Purchase Plan		1,232		666	
Proceeds from exercise of warrants				46	
Net cash provided by financing activities		4,484		(1,719)	
Effect of exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents		(9)		(9)	
Change in cash and cash equivalents		(3,553)		(2,760)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		4,549		5,096	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	996	\$	2,336	
Supplemental disclosures:					
Interest paid	\$	26	\$	111	
Cash paid for income taxes	\$	177	\$	215	

Non cash activities:		
Stock issued for Purchase of Business	\$ 5,755	\$ 
Change in goodwill	\$ (257)	\$ 62

See accompanying notes to interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

## PERFICIENT, INC. NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements of Perficient, Inc. (the "Company") have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and are presented in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission applicable to interim financial information. Accordingly, certain footnote disclosures have been condensed or omitted. In the opinion of management, the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements and notes thereto filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006, as amended. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2007 may not be indicative of the results for the full fiscal year ending December 31, 2007.

#### 2. Restatement of Financial Information

In August of 2007, an error was identified in the previously reported Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2007 related to certain previously reported cash payments for acquisitions that were shown as cash used in operating activities, rather than investing activities. Consequently, the Company has restated the presentation of the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2007. For the three months ended March 31, 2006, no restatement was necessary to the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. The error does not change the total amount of cash and cash equivalents or have any impact on the previously reported income statement (including earnings per share), balance sheet or statement of stockholders' equity amounts.

The effect of the restatement on specific line items in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows is as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2007		
	As previously reported As 1		
	(In thousands)		
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Other liabilities	\$ (8,297)	\$	(7,829)
Net cash provided by operating activities	(1,734)		(1,266)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchase of businesses, net of cash acquired	(5,838)		(6,306)
Net cash used in investing activities	(6,294)		(6,762)

#### 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Stock-Based Compensation**

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123R (As Amended), *Share Based Payment* ("SFAS No. 123R"), using the modified prospective application transition method. Under this method, compensation cost for the portion of awards for which the requisite service has not yet been rendered that are outstanding as of the adoption date is recognized over the remaining service period. The compensation cost for that portion of awards is based on the grant-date fair value of those awards as calculated for pro forma disclosures under SFAS No. 123. All new awards and awards that are modified, repurchased, or cancelled after the adoption date are accounted for under the provisions of SFAS No. 123R. Prior periods are not restated under this transition method. The Company recognizes share-based compensation ratably using the straight-line attribution method over the requisite service period. In addition, pursuant to SFAS No. 123R, the Company is required to estimate the amount of expected forfeitures when calculating share-based compensation, instead of accounting for forfeitures as they occur, which was the Company's practice prior to the adoption of SFAS No. 123R.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

Revenues are primarily derived from professional services provided on a time and materials basis. For time and material contracts, revenues are recognized and billed by multiplying the number of hours expended in the performance of the contract by the established billing rates. For fixed fee projects, revenues are generally recognized using the proportionate performance method based on the ratio of hours expended to total estimated hours. Billings in excess of costs plus earnings are classified as deferred revenues. On many projects the Company is also reimbursed for out-of-pocket expenses such as airfare, lodging and meals. These reimbursements are included as a component of revenues. Revenues from software sales are recorded on a gross basis based on the Company's role as principal in the transaction. The Company is considered a "principal" if the Company is the primary obligor and bears the associated credit risk in the transaction. In the event the Company does not meet the requirements to be considered a principal in the software sale transaction and acts as an agent, the revenues would be recorded on a net basis.

Revenues are recognized when the following criteria are met: (1) persuasive evidence of the customer arrangement exists, (2) fees are fixed and determinable, (3) delivery and acceptance have occurred, and (4) collectibility is deemed probable. The Company's policy for revenue recognition in instances where multiple deliverables are sold contemporaneously to the same counterparty is in accordance with American Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("AICPA") Statement of Position 97-2, Software Revenue Recognition, Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") Issue No. 00-21, Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Deliverables, and SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 104, Revenue Recognition. Specifically, if the Company enters into contracts for the sale of services and software, then the Company evaluates whether the services are essential to the functionality of the software and whether it has objective fair value evidence for each deliverable in the transaction. If the Company has concluded the services to be provided are not essential to the functionality of the software and can determine objective fair value evidence for each deliverable of the transaction, then it accounts for each deliverable in the transaction separately, based on the relevant revenue recognition policies. All deliverables of the Company's multiple element arrangements meet these criteria. We follow very specific and detailed guidelines, discussed above, in determining revenues; however, certain judgments and estimates are made and used to determine revenues recognized in any accounting period. Material differences may result in the amount and timing of revenues recognized for any period if different conditions were to prevail.

Revenues are presented net of taxes assessed by governmental authorities. Sales taxes are generally collected and subsequently remitted on all software sales and certain services transactions as appropriate.

#### **Intangible Assets**

Goodwill represents the excess purchase price over the fair value of net assets acquired, or net liabilities assumed, in a business combination. In accordance with SFAS No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*, the Company performs an annual impairment test of goodwill. The Company evaluates goodwill at the enterprise level as of October 1 each year or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that goodwill might be impaired. As required by SFAS No.142, the impairment test is accomplished using a two-step approach. The first step screens for impairment and, when impairment is indicated, a second step is employed to measure the impairment. The Company also reviews other factors to determine the likelihood of impairment. During the three months ended March 31, 2007, there were no triggering events that may indicate an impairment of goodwill has occurred.

Other intangible assets include customer relationships, customer backlog, non-compete arrangements and internally developed software, and are being amortized over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives range from four months to eight years. Amortization of customer relationships, customer backlog, non-compete arrangements and internally developed software are considered operating expenses and are included in "Amortization of intangible assets" in the accompanying consolidated Statements of Operations. The

Company periodically reviews the estimated useful lives of its identifiable intangible assets, taking into consideration any events or circumstances that might result in a lack of recoverability or revised useful life.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates, and such differences could be material to the financial statements.

#### 4. Stock-Based Compensation

#### **Stock Option Plans**

In May 1999, the Company's Board of Directors and stockholders approved the 1999 Stock Option/Stock Issuance Plan (the "1999 Plan"). The 1999 Plan contains programs for (i) the discretionary granting of stock options to employees, non-employee board members and consultants for the purchase of shares of the Company's commons stock, (ii) the discretionary issuance of common stock directly to eligible individuals, and (iii) the automatic issuance of stock options to non-employee board members. The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors administers the 1999 Plan, and determines the exercise price and vesting period for each grant. Options granted under the 1999 Plan have a maximum term of 10 years. In the event that the Company is acquired, whether by merger or asset sale or board-approved sale by the stockholders of more than 50% of the Company's voting stock, each outstanding option under the discretionary option grant program which is not to be assumed by the successor corporation or otherwise continued will automatically accelerate in full, and all unvested shares under the discretionary option grant and stock issuance programs will immediately vest, except to the extent the Company's repurchase rights with respect to those shares are to be assigned to the successor corporation or otherwise continued in effect. The Compensation Committee may grant options under the discretionary option grant program that will accelerate in the acquisition even if the options are assumed or that will accelerate if the optionee's service is subsequently terminated.

The Compensation Committee may grant options and issue shares that accelerate in connection with a hostile change in control effected through a successful tender offer for more than 50% of the Company's outstanding voting stock or by proxy contest for the election of board members, or the options and shares may accelerate upon a subsequent termination of the individual's service.

Total share-based compensation cost recognized for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006 was approximately \$1.6 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, and the associated current and future income tax benefits recognized for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006 was approximately \$0.5 million and \$0.1 million, respectively. As of March 31, 2007, there was \$18.9 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested share-based awards. This cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.5 years.

Stock option activity for the three months ended March 31, 2007 was as follows (in thousands, except exercise price information):

	Shares		Range of Exercise Prices		Weighted-Average Exercise Price
			0.02 -		
Options outstanding at January 1, 2007	3,552	\$	\$16.94	\$	4.03
Options granted					
			0.03 -		
Options exercised	(341)	\$	\$16.94	\$	3.47
Options canceled				\$	
			0.02 -		
Options outstanding at March 31, 2007	3,211	\$	\$16.94	\$	4.09
			0.02 -		
Options vested at March 31, 2007	2,223	\$	\$16.94	\$	3.72

Restricted stock activity for the three months ended March 31, 2007 was as follows (in thousands, except fair value information):

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	Shares	eighted-Average Frant Date Fair Value
Restricted stock awards outstanding at January 1, 2007	1,429	\$ 12.74
Awards granted	16	\$ 19.70
Awards vested	(41)	\$ 7.13
Awards canceled	(6)	\$ 13.50
Restricted stock awards outstanding at March 31, 2007	1,398	\$ 12.98
7		

#### 5. Net Income per Share

The following table presents the calculation of basic and diluted net income per share (in thousands, except per share information):

	T	Three months e	ended M	larch 31,
		2007		2006
Net income	\$	3,160	\$	1,705
Basic:				
Weighted-average shares of common stock outstanding		27,081		23,537
Shares used in computing basic net income per share		27,081		23,537
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Stock options		2,004		2,385
Warrants		8		125
Restricted stock subject to vesting		356		136
Shares used in computing diluted net income per share		29,449		26,183
Basic net income per share	\$	0.12	\$	0.07
Diluted net income per share	\$	0.11	\$	0.07

#### 6. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company leases its office facilities and certain equipment under various operating lease agreements. The Company has the option to extend the term of certain of its office facilities leases. Future minimum commitments under these lease agreements are as follows (table in thousands):

		perating Leases
2007 remaining	\$	1,098
2008 2008	Ψ	1,313
2009		1,164
2010		768
2011		340
Thereafter		61
Total minimum lease payments	\$	4,744

In connection with certain of its acquisitions, the Company was required to establish various letters of credit totaling \$400,000 with Silicon Valley Bank to serve as collateral to secure facility leases. These letters of credit reduce the borrowings available under the Company's accounts receivable line of credit. One letter of credit for \$250,000 expires in June 2007 and the other for \$150,000 expires in October 2009.

#### 7. Balance Sheet Components

The components of accounts receivable are as follows (in thousands):

	March 31, 2007	December 31, 2006
Accounts receivable	\$ 25.605	\$ 29.461

Unbilled revenue	15,786	9,846
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(461)	(707)
Total	\$ 40,930 \$	38,600

The components of other current assets are as follows (in thousands):

	arch 31, 2007	December 31 2006		
Income tax receivable	\$ 1,438		2,150	
Receivables associated with the E Tech acquisition	187			
Miscellaneous receivables	194		16	
Deferred current tax assets	134		43	
Other current assets	118		590	
Total	\$ 2,071	\$	2,799	

The components of other current liabilities are as follows (in thousands):

	1	March 31, 2007	Dec	cember 31, 2006
Accrued bonus	\$	3,970	\$	9,851
Accrued subcontractor fees		1,962		1,803
Deferred revenue		1,296		1,318
Payroll related costs		883		805
Accrued medical claims expense		609		
Accrued vacation		424		453
Accrued acquisition costs related to Insolexen		287		311
Sales and use taxes		47		326
Other accrued expenses		1,600		1,167
Total	\$	11,078	\$	16,034

Property and equipment consist of the following (in thousands):

	rch 31, I 2007	December 31, 2006
Computer Hardware (useful life of 2 years)	\$ 4,434 \$	3,933
Furniture & Fixtures (useful life of 5 years)	985	980
Leasehold Improvements (useful life of 3 years)	295	275
Software (useful life of 1 year)	714	702
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(4,422)	(4,084)
Total	\$ 2,006 \$	1,806

#### **8. Business Combinations**

#### Acquisition of Bay Street Solutions, Inc.

On April 7, 2006, the Company acquired Bay Street Solutions, Inc. ("Bay Street"), a national customer relationship management consulting firm, for approximately \$9.8 million. The purchase price consists of approximately \$4.1 million in cash, transaction costs of \$636,000, and 464,569 shares of the Company's common stock valued at approximately \$12.18 per share (approximately \$5.7 million worth of the Company's common stock) less the discount ascribed to those shares subject to a lapse acceleration right of approximately \$630,000, as determined by a third party valuation firm. The total purchase price has been allocated to the assets acquired, including identifiable intangible assets, based on their respective fair values at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is assigned at the enterprise level. The purchase price was allocated to intangibles based on management's estimate and an independent valuation. Management expects to finalize the purchase price allocation within twelve months of the acquisition date as certain

initial accounting estimates are resolved. The results of Bay Street's operations have been included in the Company's consolidated financial statements since April 7, 2006.

The preliminary purchase price allocation is as follows (in millions):

Intangibles:	
Customer relationships	\$ 1.6
Customer backlog	0.2
Non-compete agreements	0.1
Goodwill	6.4
Tangible assets acquired:	
Accounts receivable	2.4
Other assets	0.6
Property and equipment	0.1
Accrued expenses	(1.6)
Net assets acquired	\$ 9.8

The Company estimates that the intangible assets acquired have useful lives of four months to six years.

#### Acquisition of Insolexen, Corp.

On May 31, 2006, the Company acquired Insolexen, Corp. ("Insolexen"), a business integration consulting firm, for approximately \$15.1 million. The purchase price consists of approximately \$7.7 million in cash, transaction costs of \$695,000, and 522,944 shares of the Company's common stock valued at approximately \$13.72 per share (approximately \$7.2 million worth of the Company's common stock) less the discount ascribed to those shares subject to a lapse acceleration right of approximately \$613,000, as determined by a third party valuation firm. The total purchase price has been allocated to the assets acquired, including identifiable intangible assets, based on their respective fair values at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is assigned at the enterprise level. The purchase price was allocated to intangibles based on management's estimate and an independent valuation. Management expects to finalize the purchase price allocation within twelve months of the acquisition date as certain initial accounting estimates are resolved. The results of Insolexen's operations have been included in the Company's consolidated financial statements since May 31, 2006.

The preliminary purchase price allocation is as follows (in millions):

Intangibles:	
Customer relationships	\$ 2.8
Customer backlog	0.4
Non-compete agreements	0.1
Goodwill	10.5
Tangible assets and liabilities acquired:	
Accounts receivable	3.9
Other assets	2.1
Accrued expenses	(4.7)
Net assets acquired	\$ 15.1

The Company estimates that the intangible assets acquired have useful lives of seven months to six years.

Acquisition of the Energy, Government and General Business (EGG) division of Digital Consulting & Software Services, Inc.

On July 21, 2006, the Company acquired the Energy, Government and General Business ("EGG") division of Digital Consulting & Software Services, Inc., a systems integration consulting business, for approximately \$13.1 million. The purchase price consists of approximately \$6.4 million in cash, transaction costs of approximately \$275,000, and 511,382 shares of the Company's common stock valued at approximately \$12.71 per share (approximately \$6.5 million worth of the Company's common stock) less the discount ascribed to those shares subject to a lapse acceleration right of approximately \$92,000, as determined by a third party valuation firm. The total purchase price has been allocated to the assets acquired, including identifiable intangible assets, based on their respective fair values at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is assigned at the enterprise level. The purchase price was allocated to intangibles based on management's estimate and an independent valuation. Management expects to finalize the purchase price allocation within twelve months of the acquisition date as certain initial accounting estimates are resolved. The results of EGG's operations have been included in the Company's consolidated financial statements since July 21, 2006.

The preliminary purchase price allocation is as follows (in millions):

Intangibles:	
Customer relationships	\$ 3.7
Customer backlog	0.5
Non-compete agreements	0.1
Goodwill	6.2
Tangible assets and liabilities acquired:	
Accounts receivable	3.8
Other assets	0.4
Accrued expenses	(1.6)
Net assets acquired	\$ 13.1

The Company estimates that the intangible assets acquired have useful lives of five months to six years.

#### Acquisition of the E Tech Solutions, Inc.

On February 20, 2007, the Company acquired e tech solutions, Inc. ("E Tech"), a solutions-oriented IT consulting firm, for approximately \$12.3 million. The purchase price consists of approximately \$5.8 million in cash, transaction costs of approximately \$663,000, and 306,247 shares of the Company's common stock valued at approximately \$20.34 per share (approximately \$6.2 million worth of the Company's common stock) less the value of those shares subject to a lapse acceleration right of approximately \$474,000, as determined by a third party valuation firm. The total purchase price has been allocated to the assets acquired, including identifiable intangible assets, based on their respective fair values at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is assigned at the enterprise level. The purchase price was allocated to intangibles based on management's estimate and an independent valuation. Management expects to finalize the purchase price allocation within twelve months of the acquisition date as certain initial accounting estimates are resolved. The results of E Tech's operations have been included in the Company's consolidated financial statements since February 20, 2007.

The preliminary purchase price allocation is as follows (in millions):

Intangibles:	
Customer relationships	\$ 3.0
Customer backlog	0.5
Non-compete agreements	0.1
Goodwill	8.9
Tangible assets and liabilities acquired:	
Accounts receivable	2.2
Property and equipment	0.1
Other assets	0.1
Accrued expenses	(2.6)
Net assets acquired	\$ 12.3

The Company estimates that the intangible assets acquired have useful lives of ten months to eight years.

#### Pro forma Results of Operations

The following presents the unaudited pro forma combined results of operations of the Company with Bay Street, Insolexen, EGG, and E Tech for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006, after giving effect to certain pro forma adjustments related to the amortization of acquired intangible assets. These unaudited pro forma results are not necessarily indicative of the actual consolidated results of operations had the acquisitions actually occurred on January 1, 2007 and January 1, 2006 or of future results of operations of the consolidated entities (in thousands, except per share information):

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
	2007		2006		
Revenues	\$ 51,730	\$	43,750		
Net income	\$ 3,033	\$	1,996		
Basic net income per share	\$ 0.11	\$	0.08		
-					
Diluted net income per share	\$ 0.10	\$	0.07		

#### 9. Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets with Indefinite Lives

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the three months ended March 31, 2007 are as follows (in thousands):

Balance at December 31, 2006	\$ 69,170
E Tech Acquisition	8,932
Miscellaneous adjustments to Insolexen and EGG goodwill	(97)
Adjustment to goodwill related to deferred taxes associated with acquisitions	(257)
Balance at March 31, 2007	\$ 77,748

Intangible Assets with Definite Lives

Following is a summary of Company's intangible assets that are subject to amortization (in thousands):

		March 31, 2007						<b>December 31, 2006</b>				
	C	Gross arrying mounts		umulated ortization		Net arrying mounts	C	Gross arrying mounts		umulated ortization		Net arrying mounts
Customer												
relationships	\$	15,850	\$	(3,425)	\$	12,425	\$	12,860	\$	(2,808)	\$	10,052
Non-compete												
agreements		2,473		(1,222)		1,251		2,393		(1,094)		1,299
Customer backlog		460		(59)		401						
<b>Internally developed</b>												
software		806		(263)		543		755		(220)		535
Total	\$	19,589	\$	(4,969)	\$	14,620	\$	16,008	\$	(4,122)	\$	11,886

The estimated useful lives of acquired identifiable intangible assets are as follows:

Customer relationships 3 - 8 years Non-compete agreements 2 - 5 years

Customer backlog 4 months to 1 year

Internally developed software 5 years

#### 10. Line of Credit and Long-Term Debt

On June 29, 2006, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with Silicon Valley Bank and KeyBank National Association. The amended agreement increased the total size of the Company's senior bank credit facilities from \$28.5 million to \$51.0 million by increasing the accounts receivable line of credit from \$15 million to \$25 million and increasing the acquisition term line of credit from \$13.5 million to \$26.0 million.

The accounts receivable line of credit, which expires in June 2009, provides for a borrowing capacity equal to all eligible accounts receivable, including 80% of unbilled revenues, subject to certain borrowing base calculations as defined in the agreement, but in no event more than \$25 million. Borrowings under this line of credit bear interest at the bank's prime rate (8.25% at March 31, 2007). As of March 31, 2007, there was \$1.9 million outstanding under the accounts receivable line of credit and \$22.7 million of available borrowing capacity.

The Company's \$26.0 million term acquisition line of credit provides an additional source of financing for certain qualified acquisitions. As of March 31, 2007, the balance outstanding under this acquisition line of credit was approximately \$1.0 million. Borrowings under this acquisition line of credit bear interest equal to the four year U.S. Treasury note yield plus 3% based on the spot rate on the day the draw is processed (7.5% at March 31, 2007). Borrowings under this acquisition line are repayable in thirty-six equal monthly installments after the initial interest only period which continues through June 29, 2007. Draws under this acquisition line may be made through June 29, 2008. As of March 31, 2007, the balance outstanding under this acquisition line of credit of \$1.0 million had an average interest rate of 7.0%. The Company currently has approximately \$25.0 million of available borrowing capacity under this acquisition line of credit.

The Company is required to comply with various financial covenants under the \$51.0 million credit facility. Specifically, the Company is required to maintain a ratio of after tax earnings before interest, depreciation and amortization, and other non-cash charges, including but not limited to stock and stock option compensation expense on trailing three months annualized, to current maturities of long-term debt and capital leases plus interest of at least 1.50 to 1.00, a ratio of cash plus eligible accounts receivable including 80% of unbilled revenues less principal amount of all outstanding advances on accounts receivable line of credit to advances under the term acquisition line of credit of at least 0.75 to 1.00, and a maximum ratio of all outstanding advances under the entire credit facility to earnings before taxes, interest, depreciation, amortization and other non-cash charges, including but not limited to, stock and stock option compensation expense including pro forma adjustments for acquisitions on a trailing twelve month basis of no more than 2.50 to 1.00. As of March 31, 2007, the Company was in compliance with all covenants under this facility. This credit facility is secured by substantially all assets of the Company.

#### 11. Income Taxes

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, and various states and foreign jurisdictions. With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal, state and local, or non-U.S. income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2005. The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) has completed examinations of the Company's U.S. income tax returns for 2002, 2003 and 2004. As of March 31, 2007, the IRS has proposed no significant adjustments to any of the Company's tax positions.

The Company adopted the provisions of FASB Interpretation ("FIN") No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - An Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* ("FIN 48"), on January 1, 2007. As a result of the implementation of FIN 48, the Company recognized no increases or decreases in the total amount of previously unrecognized tax benefits. As of January 1, 2007, the Company had no unrecognized tax benefits.

The Company recognizes interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits in interest expense and penalties in its tax accruals. The Company had no amounts accrued for the payment of interest or penalties at January 1, 2007, respectively.

The Company's effective tax rate was 43.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to 43.8% for the three months ended March 31, 2006. The difference between the Company's federal statutory rate of 35% and effective tax rate relates primarily to state income taxes, net of the federal benefit, and non-deductible expense related to incentive stock options. The decrease in the Company's effective tax rate was due to a larger number of

disqualifying dispositions of stock options for which the Company receives a tax deduction. The Company has deferred tax assets resulting from net operating losses and capital loss carry forwards of acquired companies amounting to approximately \$2.3 million, for which a valuation allowance of \$1.8 million is recorded. Additionally, the Company has deferred tax assets of \$1.2 million related to fixed assets, reserves and accruals. Deferred tax assets net of the valuation allowance total \$1.7 million and are offset by deferred tax liabilities of \$3.8 million related to identifiable intangibles and cash to accrual adjustments from current and prior acquisitions. Any reversal of the valuation allowance on the deferred tax assets will be adjusted against goodwill and will not have an impact on our statement of operations. All of the net operating losses and capital loss carry forwards relate to acquired entities, and as such are subject to annual limitations on usage under the "change in control" provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.

#### 12. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* ("SFAS 157"). SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in GAAP, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 will be applied prospectively and will be effective for periods beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company is currently evaluating the effect, if any, of SFAS 157 on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

In June 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation ("FIN") No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes-an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* ("FIN 48"). FIN 48 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FIN 48 also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, treatment of interest and penalties, and disclosure of such positions. The Company adopted the provisions of FIN 48 on January 1, 2007 as required and discussed in Note 11 to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

In June 2006, the EITF ratified EITF Issue 06-3, *How Taxes Collected From Customers and Remitted to Governmental Authorities Should Be Presented in the Income Statement (That Is, Gross versus Net Presentation)* ("EITF 06-3"). A consensus was reached that entities may adopt a policy of presenting taxes in the income statement on either a gross or net basis. An entity should disclose its policy of presenting taxes and the amount of any taxes presented on a gross basis should be disclosed, if significant. The Company adopted EITF 06-3 on January 1, 2007. There was no effect of the adoption on the condensed consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2007. The Company presents revenues net of taxes as disclosed in Note 3 to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Statements made in this Report on Form 10-Q, including without limitation this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Operations, other than statements of historical information, are forward looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. These forward-looking statements may sometimes be identified by such words as "may," "will," "expect," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate" and "continue" or similar words. We believe that it is important to communicate our future expectations to investors. However, these forward-looking statements involve many risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those indicated in such forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors, including but not limited to, those set forth under Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and elsewhere in this Report on Form 10-Q. We are under no duty to update any of the forward-looking statements after the date of this Report on Form 10-Q to conform these statements to actual results.

#### Overview

We are an information technology consulting firm serving Global 2000 and large enterprise companies throughout the United States and Canada. We help clients gain competitive advantage by using Internet-based technologies to make their businesses more responsive to market opportunities and threats, strengthen relationships with customers, suppliers and partners, improve productivity and reduce information technology costs. Our solutions enable these benefits by integrating, automating and extending business processes, technology infrastr