

STEIN MART INC
Form 10-Q
December 04, 2018

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended November 3, 2018

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 0-20052

STEIN MART, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Florida

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

64-0466198

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)

1200 Riverplace Blvd., Jacksonville, Florida

(Address of principal executive offices)

32207

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(904) 346-1500**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated

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filer, smaller reporting company and emerging growth company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The number of shares outstanding of the Registrant's common stock as of November 30, 2018, was 47,846,438.

Stein Mart, Inc.

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Stein Mart, Inc.**Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets****(Unaudited)**

(In thousands, except for share and per share data)

	As Adjusted		As Adjusted	
	November 3, 2018	February 3, 2018	October 28, 2017	
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,884	\$ 10,400	\$ 13,230	
Inventories	305,010	270,237	311,255	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	35,638	26,620	33,265	
Total current assets	354,532	307,257	357,750	
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$250,418, \$231,997 and \$236,623, respectively	133,094	151,128	159,006	
Other assets	24,594	24,973	30,192	
Total assets	\$ 512,220	\$ 483,358	\$ 546,948	
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 122,019	\$ 119,388	\$ 179,666	
Current portion of long-term debt	-	13,738	3,333	
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	82,043	78,453	80,458	
Total current liabilities	204,062	211,579	263,457	
Long-term debt, net of current portion	190,657	142,387	147,472	
Deferred rent	40,558	40,860	41,592	
Other liabilities	35,982	40,214	47,219	
Total liabilities	471,259	435,040	499,740	
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES				
Shareholders' equity:				
Preferred stock - \$0.01 par value, 1,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding	-	-	-	
Common stock - \$0.01 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; 47,898,068, 47,978,275 and 47,867,630 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	479	480	479	
Additional paid-in capital	59,009	56,002	54,528	
Retained deficit	(18,295)	(7,918)	(7,521)	

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Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(232)	(246)	(278)
Total shareholders' equity	\$ 40,961	\$ 48,318	\$ 47,208
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 512,220	\$ 483,358	\$ 546,948

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Stein Mart, Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except per share data)

	13 Weeks Ended November 3, 2018	As Adjusted 13 Weeks Ended October 28, 2017	39 Weeks Ended November 3, 2018	As Adjusted 39 Weeks Ended October 28, 2017
Net sales	\$ 279,127	\$ 285,395	\$ 916,751	\$ 933,766
Other revenue	3,734	3,516	11,525	10,728
Total revenue	282,861	288,911	928,276	944,494
Cost of merchandise sold	209,286	217,126	671,427	705,273
Selling, general and administrative expenses	86,948	95,674	258,584	274,581
Operating loss	(13,373)	(23,889)	(1,735)	(35,360)
Interest expense, net	3,078	1,156	8,406	3,437
Loss income before income taxes	(16,451)	(25,045)	(10,141)	(38,797)
Income tax expense (benefit)	171	(10,429)	291	(14,888)
Net loss	\$ (16,622)	\$ (14,616)	\$ (10,432)	\$ (23,909)
Net loss per common share:				
Basic	\$ (0.36)	\$ (0.31)	\$ (0.22)	\$ (0.52)
Diluted	\$ (0.36)	\$ (0.31)	\$ (0.22)	\$ (0.52)
Weighted-average shares outstanding:				
Basic	46,743	46,447	46,674	46,292
Diluted	46,743	46,447	46,674	46,292
Dividends declared per common share	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0.075

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Stein Mart, Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)

	13 Weeks Ended November 3, 2018	13 Weeks Ended October 28, 2017	39 Weeks Ended November 3, 2018	39 Weeks Ended October 28, 2017
Net loss	\$ (16,622)	\$ (14,616)	\$ (10,432)	\$ (23,909)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:				
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	5	9	14	26
Comprehensive loss	\$ (16,617)	\$ (14,607)	\$ (10,418)	\$ (23,883)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Stein Mart, Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)

		As Adjusted
	39 Weeks Ended	39 Weeks Ended
	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2017
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (10,432)	\$ (23,909)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	24,513	24,254
Share-based compensation	2,973	4,194
Store closing (benefit) charge	(180)	97
Impairment of property and other assets	491	640
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	139	287
Deferred income taxes	-	1,900
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Inventories	(34,773)	(20,145)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(9,018)	(207)
Other assets	(1,882)	(820)
Accounts payable	2,559	65,298
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	3,977	3,781
Other liabilities	(3,928)	(2,566)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(25,561)	52,804
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Net acquisition of property and equipment	(7,379)	(17,168)
Proceeds from cancelled corporate owned life insurance policies	2,514	1,504
Proceeds from insurance claims	296	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,569)	(15,664)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from borrowings	1,033,415	290,169
Repayments of debt	(997,990)	(321,187)

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Debt issuance costs	(1,146)	-
Cash dividends paid	(147)	(3,597)
Capital lease payments	(551)	(1)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options and other	90	328
Repurchase of common stock	(57)	(226)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	33,614	(34,514)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	3,484	2,626
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	10,400	10,604
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 13,884	\$ 13,230

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:

Income taxes received	\$ (332)	\$ (18,103)
Interest paid	7,758	3,340
Accruals and accounts payable for capital expenditures	324	2,479

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Stein Mart, Inc.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for annual audited financial statements. In our opinion, all adjustments (consisting primarily of normal and recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Due to the seasonality of our business, results for any quarter are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be achieved for a full fiscal year. These Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) should be read in conjunction with the audited Consolidated Financial Statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended February 3, 2018, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on May 4, 2018.

As used herein, the terms we, our, us and Stein Mart refer to Stein Mart, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries.

Revenue Recognition

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)* (ASU No. 2014-09). This update provides a single, comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes most current revenue recognition guidance, including industry-specific guidance. ASU No. 2014-09 requires an entity to recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. We adopted this ASU on February 4, 2018, for all revenue contracts with our customers using the full retrospective approach and increased retained earnings as of January 28, 2017, by less than \$0.1 million as we now recognize Ecommerce sales when orders are delivered to the carrier and no longer reserve for orders in transit. Prior to the adoption of ASU No. 2014-09, our sales return liability was recorded as a net liability on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited). We now recognize a gross return liability for the sales amounts expected to be refunded to customers and a corresponding asset for the recoverable cost of the merchandise expected to be returned by customers in other current assets and other current liabilities on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited). Other changes relate primarily to the presentation of revenue. Revenue associated with our credit card program and breakage revenue has been retrospectively reclassified to present the revenue in other revenues, rather than as an offset to selling, general and administrative expenses on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited) for all periods presented.

Revenue from sales of our merchandise is recognized at the time of sale net of any returns, discounts and percentage-off coupons. Our Ecommerce operation records revenue as orders are fulfilled and provided to a carrier for delivery. Shipping and handling fees charged to customers are also included in total net sales with corresponding costs recorded as cost of goods sold as they are considered a fulfillment cost. Future merchandise returns are estimated based on historical experience. Sales tax collected from customers is not recognized as revenue and is included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited) until paid. Our shoe department and vintage luxury handbag department inventories are each owned by separate single suppliers under supply agreements. Our commissions from the sales in these areas are included in net sales on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited).

We offer gift and merchandise return cards to our customers. Some cards are electronic and none have expiration dates. At the time gift cards are sold, the issuance is recorded as a liability to customers, and no revenue is recognized. At the time merchandise return cards are issued for returned merchandise, the sale is reversed and a liability to customers is recorded. These card liabilities are reduced and sales revenue recognized when they are redeemed for merchandise. Card liabilities are included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited).

Our gift and merchandise return cards may not ultimately be redeemed either in full or partially. We account for this breakage of unused amounts as revenue in proportion to the pattern of rights exercised by the customer. With the adoption of ASU No. 2014-09, breakage revenue is recorded within other revenue in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited). During the 13 weeks ended November 3, 2018 and October 28, 2017, we recognized \$0.2 million of breakage revenue on unused gift and merchandise return cards. During the 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018 and October 28, 2017, we recognized \$1.1 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, of breakage revenue on unused gift and merchandise return cards.

Credit Card

We offer co-branded and private label credit cards under the Stein Mart brand. These cards are issued by Synchrony Bank (Synchrony). Synchrony extends credit directly to card holders, provides all servicing for the credit card accounts and bears all risk of credit and fraud losses.

We receive royalty revenue from Synchrony based on card usage in our stores and at other retailers for the Stein Mart Mastercard. We also receive revenues for new accounts and gain share based on the profitability of the overall program. Credit card revenue is recorded within

Stein Mart, Inc.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(Unaudited)

other revenue in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited). These revenues are recorded as they are earned based on the occurrence of the various program activities and represent the majority of other revenue.

Once a card is activated, the card holders are eligible to participate in the credit card rewards program, which provides for an incentive to card holders in the form of reward points for which certificates are issued in \$10 increments, which is equivalent to 1,000 points. Points are valued at the stand-alone selling price of the certificates issued. We defer a portion of our revenue for loyalty points earned by customers using the co-branded and private label cards and recognize the revenue as the certificates earned are used to purchase merchandise by our customers. This revenue is recorded within other revenue in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited). Stein Mart card holders also receive special promotional offers and advance notice of in-store sales events.

Adjustments to Previously Reported Financial Statements

The following tables set forth the adjustments made to our financial statements for the adoption of ASU No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (in thousands):

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

	February 3, 2018		
	As Reported	Adjustment	As Adjusted
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 24,194	\$ 2,426	\$ 26,620
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	76,058	2,395	78,453
Retained deficit	(7,949)	31	(7,918)

	October 28, 2017		
	As Reported	Adjustment	As Adjusted
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 31,371	\$ 1,894	\$ 33,265
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	78,595	1,863	80,458
Retained deficit	(7,552)	31	(7,521)

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations

	13 Weeks Ended October 28, 2017		
	As Reported	Adjustment	As Adjusted
Other revenue	\$ -	\$ 3,516	\$ 3,516
Selling, general and administrative expenses	92,158	3,516	95,674

	39 Weeks Ended October 28, 2017		
	As Reported	Adjustment	As Adjusted
Other revenue	\$ -	\$ 10,728	\$ 10,728

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Selling, general and administrative expenses	263,853	10,728	274,581
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Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	39 Weeks Ended October 28, 2017		
	As Reported	Adjustment	As Adjusted
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ (1,122)	\$ 915	\$ (207)
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	4,696	(915)	3,781

Stein Mart, Inc.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(Unaudited)

Revenue

The following table sets forth our revenue by type of contract (in thousands):

	13 Weeks Ended November 3, 2018	13 Weeks Ended October 28, 2017	39 Weeks Ended November 3, 2018	39 Weeks Ended October 28, 2017
Store sales (1)	\$ 261,138	\$ 271,836	\$ 860,143	\$ 891,792
Ecommerce sales (1)	11,897	8,172	37,728	24,663
Licensed department commissions (2)	6,092	5,387	18,880	17,311
Net sales	\$ 279,127	\$ 285,395	\$ 916,751	\$ 933,766
Credit card revenue (3)	1,754	2,230	6,243	7,596
Breakage revenue (4)	1,930	1,242	5,146	3,018
Other	50	44	136	114
Other revenue	3,734	3,516	11,525	10,728
Total revenue	\$ 282,861	\$ 288,911	\$ 928,276	\$ 944,494

(1) Store and Ecommerce sales are net of any returns, discounts and percentage-off coupons.

(2) Licensed department commissions are licensed department commissions received net of any returns.

(3) Credit card revenue earned from Synchrony programs.

(4) Breakage revenue earned on unused gift and merchandise return cards and unused certificates and loyalty reward points.

The following table sets forth the gross up of the sales return reserve (in thousands):

	November 3, 2018	February 3, 2018	October 28, 2017
Reserve for sales returns	\$ (4,888)	\$ (4,094)	\$ (3,189)
Cost of inventory returns	1,919	2,426	1,894

The following table sets forth the contract liabilities and their relationship to revenue (in thousands):

	November 3, 2018	February 3, 2018	October 28, 2017
Deferred revenue contracts	\$ (11,417)	\$ (12,512)	\$ (12,909)
Gift card liability	(8,774)	(12,180)	(8,799)
Credit card reward liability	(4,972)	(4,689)	(3,224)
Liability for deferred revenue	\$ (25,163)	\$ (29,381)	\$ (24,932)

Contract liabilities include consideration received for gift card and loyalty related performance obligations which have not been satisfied as of the dates presented above.

The following table sets forth a rollforward of the amounts included in contract liabilities for the periods presented (in thousands):

	39 Weeks Ended November 3, 2018	39 Weeks Ended October 28, 2017
Beginning balance	\$ 29,381	\$ 29,412
Current period gift cards sold and loyalty reward points earned	23,287	20,212
Net sales from redemptions (1)	(21,164)	(20,483)
Breakage and amortization (2)	(6,341)	(4,209)
Ending balance	\$ 25,163	\$ 24,932

- (1) \$1.0 million and \$0.9 million in net sales from redemptions were included in the beginning balance of contract liabilities for the 13 weeks ended November 3, 2018 and October 28, 2017, respectively. \$7.4 and \$7.3 million in net sales from redemptions were included in the beginning balance of contract liabilities for the 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018 and October 28, 2017, respectively.
- (2) \$0.4 million in breakage and amortization were included in the beginning balance of contract liabilities for the 13 weeks ended November 3, 2018 and October 28, 2017, respectively. \$3.1 million and \$2.1 million in breakage and amortization were included in the beginning balance of contract liabilities for the 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018 and October 28, 2017, respectively.

Stein Mart, Inc.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(Unaudited)

Accrued Expenses and Other Current Liabilities

The following table sets forth the major components of accrued expenses and other current liabilities (in thousands):

	November 3, 2018	February 3, 2018	October 28, 2017
Property taxes	\$ 18,424	\$ 17,451	\$ 17,364
Unredeemed gift and merchandise return cards	8,734	12,150	8,777
Compensation and employee benefits	8,649	7,732	7,944
Accrued vacation	7,632	7,632	7,715
Other	38,604	33,488	38,658
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$ 82,043	\$ 78,453	\$ 80,458

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*. This update requires organizations to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet and also disclose key information about leasing arrangements. The main provisions of the new standard include: clarifications to the definitions of a lease, components of leases and criteria for determining lease classification; requiring virtually all leased assets, including operating leases and related liabilities, to be reflected on the lessee's balance sheet; and expanding and adding to the required disclosures for lessees. This ASU is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those annual periods. Earlier application is permitted for all entities as of the beginning of an interim or annual period. This guidance was additionally updated by ASU No. 2018-11 in July 2018. This update, among other things, added a transition option for lessees. Under the transition option, entities can choose to continue to apply the legacy guidance and make only annual disclosures for the comparative periods or, for those who elect the transition option, can recognize a cumulative effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings in the period of adoption rather than the earliest period presented. We plan to adopt these ASU's in fiscal 2019 using the effective date transition method. The effective date transition method allows us to initially apply the new leases standard at the application date and recognize a cumulative-effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings in the period of adoption. In addition, we have elected to apply the package of practical expedients at the transition that allows us to forgo reassessing certain conclusions reached under Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 840. We do not need to assess whether any expired or existing contracts are leases or contain leases under ASC 842, classification of any expired or existing leases under ASC 842, and whether unamortized initial direct costs for existing leases meet the definition of initial direct costs under ASC 840. We currently believe the adoption of this ASU will have a significant effect on our Consolidated Balance Sheets due to the addition of our applicable leased assets and related liabilities. We do not believe the adoption of this ASU will have a significant effect on our results of operations as the lease expense under the new standard will approximate our rent expense as it is currently being recorded.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-15, *Intangibles Goodwill and Other Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40)*. This update provides additional guidance to ASU No. 2015-05, *Intangibles Goodwill and Other Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40)*, which was issued in April 2015. The amendments in this ASU align the requirements for

capitalizing implementation costs incurred in a hosting arrangement that is a service contract with the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs incurred to develop or obtain internal-use software (and hosting arrangements that include an internal use software license). This ASU is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within those annual periods with early adoption permitted in any interim period for which financial statements have not yet been issued. We are in the process of evaluating the effect that this ASU will have on our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

2. Shareholders Equity

Dividends

During the 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018, there were no cash dividends declared. We paid \$0.1 million in accrued dividends on restricted shares that vested during the period. During the 39 weeks ended October 28, 2017, we paid one quarterly cash dividend of \$0.075 per common share on April 14, 2017.

Stock Repurchase Plan

During the 13 weeks ended November 3, 2018, we repurchased 3,832 shares of our common stock at a total cost of less than \$0.1 million. During the 13 weeks ended October 28, 2017, we repurchased 5,636 shares of our common stock at a total cost of less than \$0.1 million. During the 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018, we repurchased 52,241 shares of our common stock at a total cost of less than \$0.1 million. During the 39 weeks ended October 28, 2017, we repurchased 69,122 shares of our common stock at a total cost of approximately \$0.2 million. Stock repurchases were for tax withholding amounts due on employee stock awards and during 2018 and 2017, included no shares purchased on the open market under our previously authorized stock repurchase plan. As of November 3, 2018, there are 366,889 shares that can be repurchased pursuant to the Board of Directors' current authorization.

Stein Mart, Inc.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(Unaudited)

3. Earnings per Share

Our restricted stock awards granted in 2013 contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends and, as such, are considered participating securities. Participating securities are to be included in the calculation of earnings per share under the two-class method. In applying the two-class method, income is allocated to both common shares and participating securities based on their respective weighted-average shares outstanding for the period.

The following table sets forth the calculation of basic and diluted loss per common share (in thousands, except per share data):

	13 Weeks Ended		13 Weeks Ended		39 Weeks Ended		39 Weeks Ended	
	November 3, 2018		October 28, 2017		November 3, 2018		October 28, 2017	
Basic:								
Net loss	\$	(16,622)	\$	(14,616)	\$	(10,432)	\$	(23,909)
Income allocated to participating securities		-		-		-		2
Net loss available to common shareholders	\$	(16,622)	\$	(14,616)	\$	(10,432)	\$	(23,911)
Basic weighted-average shares outstanding		46,743		46,447		46,674		46,292
Basic loss per common share	\$	(0.36)	\$	(0.31)	\$	(0.22)	\$	(0.52)
Diluted:								
Net loss	\$	(16,622)	\$	(14,616)	\$	(10,432)	\$	(23,909)
Income allocated to diluted participating securities		-		-		-		2
Net loss available to common shareholders	\$	(16,622)	\$	(14,616)	\$	(10,432)	\$	(23,911)
Basic weighted-average shares outstanding		46,743		46,447		46,674		46,292
Incremental shares from share-based compensation plans		-		-		-		-
Diluted weighted-average shares outstanding		46,743		46,447		46,674		46,292
Diluted loss per common share	\$	(0.36)	\$	(0.31)	\$	(0.22)	\$	(0.52)

Diluted weighted-average shares outstanding exclude approximately 2.3 million and 2.9 million shares during the 13 weeks ended November 3, 2018 and October 28, 2017, respectively, which are anti-dilutive for the periods presented. Diluted weighted-average shares outstanding exclude approximately 2.7 million and 2.9 million shares during the 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018 and October 28, 2017, respectively, which are anti-dilutive for the periods presented. These shares are comprised of a mix of stock options, performance awards and restricted stock. Stock options

excluded were those that had exercise prices greater than the average market price of the common shares such that inclusion would have been anti-dilutive. Restricted stock and performance shares excluded were shares that were anti-dilutive as calculated using the treasury stock method.

4. Debt

The following table sets forth our debt (in thousands):

	November 3, 2018	February 3, 2018	October 28, 2017
Revolving credit facility	\$ 156,551	\$ 142,387	\$ 147,483
Term loan	35,000	-	-
Promissory note	-	13,738	-
Equipment term loan	-	-	3,333
Total debt	191,551	156,125	150,816
Current portion	-	(13,738)	(3,333)
Debt issuance costs	(894)	-	(11)
Long-term debt	\$ 190,657	\$ 142,387	\$ 147,472

Stein Mart, Inc.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(Unaudited)

Revolving Credit Facility and Equipment Term Loan

On February 3, 2015, we entered into a \$250.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility pursuant to a second amended and restated credit agreement (the *Credit Agreement*) with Wells Fargo Bank (*Wells Fargo*) that will mature in February 2020 (the *Revolving Credit Facility*) and a secured \$25.0 million master loan agreement with Wells Fargo Equipment Finance, Inc. (the *Equipment Term Loan*) with an original maturity in February 2018. Borrowings under the *Revolving Credit Facility* were initially used for a special dividend but are subsequently being used for working capital, capital expenditures and other general corporate purposes. During 2015, debt issuance costs of \$0.4 million were associated with the *Revolving Credit Facility* and the *Equipment Term Loan*. Debt issuance costs associated with the *Revolving Credit Facility* are being amortized over its respective term. We repaid the *Equipment Term Loan* in full on January 22, 2018, at which time the associated debt issuance costs were fully amortized.

On February 19, 2018, we entered into Amendment No. 1 (the *Credit Agreement Amendment*) to the *Credit Agreement* with Wells Fargo. The *Credit Agreement Amendment* provides for, among other things, an Accommodation Period (as defined in the *Credit Agreement Amendment*) during which we were not required to meet the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio (as defined in the *Credit Agreement*). This change permitted us to borrow the full amount of the then applicable borrowing base until we delivered our financial statements for the Measurement Period (as defined in the *Credit Agreement*) ended February 28, 2018. Pursuant to the *Credit Agreement Amendment*, a Cash Dominion Event (as defined in the *Credit Agreement Amendment*) occurred as of the effective date of the *Credit Agreement Amendment* and at all times thereafter. As a result of the Cash Dominion Event, all of our cash receipts were swept daily to repay outstanding borrowings under the *Credit Agreement* and the amount outstanding under the *Credit Agreement* was classified as a short-term obligation. See below for discussion of the Third *Credit Agreement* and the removal of the Cash Dominion Event effective September 18, 2018.

On March 14, 2018, we entered into Amendment No. 2 (the *Second Credit Agreement Amendment*) to the *Credit Agreement* with Wells Fargo. The *Second Credit Agreement Amendment* provided for, among other things, the following: (1) the \$25.0 million Tranche A-1 Revolving Loans (as defined in the *Second Credit Agreement Amendment*) was repaid in full with the proceeds of the *Term Loan* (as defined below); (2) the entry into the *Intercreditor Agreement* (as defined below); and (3) certain other modifications and updates to coordinate the *Revolving Credit Facility* with the *Term Loan*.

On September 18, 2018, we entered into Amendment No. 3 the (the *Third Credit Agreement Amendment*) to the *Credit Agreement* with Wells Fargo. The *Third Credit Agreement Amendment* provides for, among other things, the following: (1) the increase of Aggregate Tranche A Revolving Loan Commitments (as defined in the *Second Credit Agreement Amendment*) from \$225.0 million to \$240.0 million; (2) an extension of the Maturity Date of the *Revolving Credit Facility* to the earlier of (a) the maturity date of the *Term Loan Agreement* (as defined below) or (b) September 18, 2023; and (3) the elimination of Cash Dominion Event status and a change in Cash Dominion to be triggered only in the event of (a) the occurrence and continuance of any Event of Default or (b) Excess Availability of less than (A) 10.0% of the loan cap at any time or (B) 12.5% of the loan cap for 3 consecutive business days. During 2018, debt issuance costs of less than \$0.1 million were associated with the *Third Credit Agreement Amendment* and are being amortized over its respective term. Debt issuance costs of \$0.1 million remaining under the initial *Credit Agreement* will also be amortized over the new term of the *Third Credit Agreement*.

The total amount available for borrowings under the Credit Agreement is the lesser of \$240.0 million or 100 percent of eligible credit card receivables and the net recovery percentage of inventories less reserves. On November 3, 2018, in addition to outstanding borrowings under the Credit Agreement, we had \$8.5 million of outstanding letters of credit and our unused availability under the Credit Agreement was \$74.9 million. The amount outstanding under the Credit Agreement has been classified as a long-term obligation.

The Credit Agreement contains customary representations and warranties, affirmative and negative covenants (including the requirement of a 1.0 to 1.0 consolidated Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio upon the occurrence and during the continuance of any Covenant Compliance Event, as defined in the Credit Agreement), and events of default for facilities of this type and is cross-collateralized and cross-defaulted. Collateral for the Revolving Credit Facility and the Equipment Term Loan consists of substantially all of our personal property. Wells Fargo has a first lien on all collateral other than equipment. Wells Fargo Equipment Finance had a first lien on equipment through January 22, 2018, when we repaid the Equipment Term Loan in full.

Borrowings under the Credit Agreement are either base rate loans or London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) loans. LIBOR loans bear interest equal to the adjusted LIBOR plus the applicable margin (125 to 175 basis points) depending on the quarterly average excess availability. Base Rate Loans bear interest equal to the highest of (a) the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.50 percent, (b) the adjusted LIBOR plus 1.00 percent, or (c) the Wells Fargo prime rate, plus the Applicable Margin (25 to 75 basis points).

The weighted average interest rate for the amount outstanding under the Credit Agreement was 4.10 percent as of November 3, 2018.

Stein Mart, Inc.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(Unaudited)

Promissory Note

On February 2, 2018, we executed a promissory note under which we borrowed approximately \$13.7 million (the Promissory Note) from SunTrust Bank (the Trustee) in its capacity as the trustee under a trust agreement (the Trust Agreement) dated September 1, 1999. The trust established by the Trust Agreement (the Trust) holds certain life insurance policies related to our executive deferred compensation plans. The Trustee obtained loans from the insurance policies held in the Trust in an amount not less than the amount of the Promissory Note. The Promissory Note is a short-term obligation and the proceeds were used to pay down borrowings under the existing Credit Agreement which provided additional availability under that agreement.

The Promissory Note had a fixed interest rate of 3.58 percent per annum and an original maturity date of April 1, 2018. On March 7, 2018, we executed an amendment to the Promissory Note under which the Trustee extended the maturity date of the note from April 1, 2018, to July 1, 2018 (the Maturity Date). The amendment did not alter the short-term nature of the Promissory Note. The Promissory Note could be prepaid in whole or in part at any time. All unpaid principal and accrued interest on the Promissory Note would have become due and payable on the Maturity Date. The Trustee could offset payments due under the Promissory Note against amounts we would otherwise be entitled to withdraw from the Trust under the terms of the Trust Agreement. On June 29, 2018, we repaid the outstanding balance of the Promissory Note.

On July 31, 2018, we executed a second promissory note from SunTrust Bank for \$13.0 million which carries a fixed interest rate of 3.58 percent per annum and an original maturity date of September 10, 2018. This note is under the same terms as the Promissory Note executed on February 2, 2018. On September 10, 2018, we repaid the outstanding balance of the Promissory Note.

We believe we are able to borrow, on a short-term basis and subject to the formal agreement of the lender, amounts up to the cash surrender value of the life insurance policies related to our executive deferred compensation plans to provide additional liquidity if needed. At November 3, 2018, the cash surrender value of our life insurance policies was \$12.8 million.

Term Loan

On March 14, 2018, we entered into a Term Loan Credit Agreement with Gordon Brothers Finance Company, as administrative agent (in such capacity, the Term Loan Agent), and Gordon Brothers Finance Company, LLC, as lender (the Term Loan Agreement). The Term Loan Agreement provided for a term loan in the amount of \$50.0 million (the Term Loan) and paid in full the existing \$25.0 million Tranche A-1 Revolving Loan (as defined in the Credit Agreement) under the Credit Agreement. Debt issuance costs associated with the Term Loan were capitalized in the amount of \$0.9 million and will be amortized over the term of the Term Loan. The net proceeds of \$49.1 million from the Term Loan were used to permanently pay off the Tranche A-1 Revolving Loan (as defined in the Credit Agreement) and to pay down the Credit Agreement. After utilizing proceeds from the Term Loan Agreement for repayment of amounts outstanding under the existing Tranche A-1 Revolving Loans, the Term Loan resulted in an increase in our Excess Availability of approximately \$25.0 million under the Credit Agreement.

The Term Loan originally matured on the earlier of (1) the termination date specified in our Credit Agreement, as such date may be extended with the consent of the Term Loan Agent or in accordance with the Intercreditor Agreement (defined below), and (2) March 14, 2020.

On September 18, 2018, we entered into Amendment No. 2 (the Second Amendment) to the Term Loan with Gordon Brothers Finance Company. The Second Amendment provided for, among other things, the following: (1) the reduction of the maximum amount of the Term Loan to \$35.0 million; (2) an extension of the maturity date of the Term Loan Agreement to the earlier of (a) the termination date specified in the Revolving Credit Facility (as defined in the Credit Agreement), and (b) September 18, 2023; (3) the reduction of the non-default interest rate applicable to the Term Loan under the Term Loan Agreement to a fluctuating rate of interest equal to three-month LIBOR (with a floor of 1.5%) plus 8.25% per annum; and (4) the elimination of Cash Dominion Event status and a change in Cash Dominion to be triggered only in the event of (a) the occurrence and continuance of any Event of Default or (b) Excess Availability of less than (A) 10.0% of the Revolving Loan Cap at any time or (B) 12.5% of the Revolving Loan Cap for 3 consecutive Business Days. During 2018, debt issuance costs of approximately \$0.3 million were associated with the Term Loan and are being amortized over its respective term.

The Term Loan Agreement contains customary representations and warranties, affirmative and negative covenants including the retention of the existing minimum 1.0 to 1.0 consolidated fixed charge coverage ratio under the Credit Agreement, which limits borrowing availability if not met during periods where Revolving Excess Availability (as defined in the Term Loan Agreement) is less than the greater of \$20.0 million or 10.0 percent of Combined Loan Cap (as defined in the Term Loan Agreement) for four consecutive business days, and events of default for a facility of this type. The Term Loan is secured by a second lien security interest (subordinate only to the liens securing the Credit

Stein Mart, Inc.**Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued****(Unaudited)**

Agreement) on all assets securing the Credit Agreement (which consist of substantially all of our personal property), except furniture, fixtures and equipment and intellectual property, upon which the Term Loan lenders will have a first lien security interest. If at any time prior to the first anniversary date of the Term Loan, the Revolving Excess Availability is less than \$20.0 million, if requested by the Term Loan Agent, the Term Loan will also be secured by a first lien on leasehold interests in real property with an aggregate value of not less than \$10.0 million, and the Credit Agreement will be secured by a second lien on such leasehold interests.

The Term Loan is subject to certain mandatory prepayments if an Event of Default (as defined in the Term Loan Agreement) exists. If no such Event of Default exists, proceeds of the Term Loan priority collateral are to be applied to amounts outstanding under the Credit Agreement.

The Term Loan Agent and Wells Fargo have entered into an Intercreditor Agreement dated as of March 14, 2018 (the Intercreditor Agreement), acknowledged by us under the Term Loan and the Credit Agreement. The Intercreditor Agreement was also amended on September 18, 2018 to incorporate the amendment to the Revolving Credit Facility and the Term Loan Agreement.

The weighted average interest rate for the amount outstanding under the Term Loan was 10.65 percent as of November 3, 2018.

The following table sets forth the aggregate maturities of our long-term debt at November 3, 2018, for the following fiscal years (in thousands):

2019	\$	-
2020		-
2021		-
2022		-
2023		191,551
Thereafter		-
Total	\$	191,551

5. Commitments and Contingencies

We are involved in various routine legal proceedings incidental to the conduct of our business. During both the 13 and 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018 and October 28, 2017, we did not accrue for any actual or anticipated loss contingencies. While some of these matters could be material to our results of operations or cash flows for any particular period if an unfavorable outcome results, we do not believe that the ultimate resolution of currently pending legal proceedings, either individually or in the aggregate, will have a material adverse effect on our overall financial condition.

6. Income Taxes

Our income tax expense for the 13 and 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018, reflects our net operating loss carryforward position along with the valuation allowance established against deferred tax assets during the fourth quarter of 2017. The 2017 Tax Act changed the carryback rules for 2018 and future years. As a result, we are unable to carry back our 2018 losses. The 39 weeks of 2018 expense represents certain state income tax expense. The effective tax rate will be close to zero percent for all of 2018.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

As used herein, the terms we, our, us and Stein Mart refer to Stein Mart, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, which are subject to certain risks, uncertainties or assumptions and may be affected by certain factors including, but not limited to, the matters discussed in Item 1A. Risk Factors of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 3, 2018, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on May 4, 2018. Wherever used, the words plan, expect, anticipate, believe, estimate and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. Should one or more of these risks, uncertainties or other factors materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results, performance or achievements may vary materially from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are based on beliefs and assumptions of our management and on information currently available to such management. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise our forward-looking statements in light of new information or future events. Undue reliance should not be placed on such forward-looking statements, which are based on current expectations. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of performance.

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the audited Consolidated Financial Statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended February 3, 2018, filed with the SEC on May 4, 2018.

Overview

We are a national specialty off-price retailer offering designer and name-brand fashion apparel, home décor, accessories and shoes at everyday discount prices. We currently operate 288 stores across 30 states.

Financial Overview for the 13 and 39 weeks Ended November 3, 2018

Net sales were \$279.1 million for the 13 weeks ended November 3, 2018, compared to \$285.4 million for the 13 weeks ended October 28, 2017, and \$916.8 million for the 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018, compared to \$933.8 million for the 39 weeks ended October 28, 2017.

Comparable sales for the 13 weeks ended November 3, 2018, increased 1.4 percent compared to the 13 weeks ended October 28, 2017, and for the 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018, increased 0.4 percent compared to the 39 weeks ended October 28, 2017.

Net loss for the 13 weeks ended November 3, 2018, was \$16.6 million, or \$0.36 per diluted share, compared to net loss of \$14.6 million, or \$0.31 per diluted share, during the 13 weeks ended October 28, 2017.

Net loss for the 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018, was \$10.4 million, or \$0.22 per diluted share, compared to net loss of \$23.9 million, or \$0.52 per diluted share, during the 39 weeks ended October 28, 2017.

We had \$190.7 million, \$156.1 million and \$150.8 million of borrowings on our credit facilities as of November 3, 2018, February 3, 2018, and October 28, 2017, respectively.

Stores

The following table sets forth the stores activity for the 13 and 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018 and October 28, 2017:

13 Weeks Ended 13 Weeks Ended 39 Weeks Ended 39 Weeks Ended

	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2017	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2017
Stores at beginning of period	289	292	293	290
Stores opened during the period	2	4	2	9
Stores closed during the period	(3)	(3)	(7)	(6)
Stores at the end of period	288	293	288	293

Inventories

Inventory levels were \$305.0 million as of November 3, 2018, compared to \$270.2 million as of February 3, 2018, and \$311.3 million as of October 28, 2017. Average inventories per store as of November 3, 2018, decreased 2.9 percent from October 28, 2017. We have intentionally operated with lower inventory levels during 2018, mainly by planning to turn faster and leaving a percentage of receipt dollars open to spend closer to actual delivery dates.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth each line item of our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited) expressed as a percentage of net sales (1):

	As Adjusted		As Adjusted	
	13 Weeks Ended	13 Weeks Ended	39 Weeks Ended	39 Weeks Ended
	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2018	November 3, 2017	October 28, 2017
Net sales	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Other revenue	1.3%	1.2%	1.3%	1.2%
Total revenue	101.3%	101.2%	101.3%	101.2%
Cost of merchandise sold	75.0%	76.1%	73.2%	75.5%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	31.2%	33.5%	28.2%	29.4%
Operating loss	-4.8%	-8.4%	-0.2%	-3.8%
Interest expense, net	1.1%	0.4%	0.9%	0.4%
Loss before income taxes	-5.9%	-8.8%	-1.1%	-4.2%
Income tax expense (benefit)	0.1%	-3.7%	0.0%	-1.6%
Net loss	-6.0%	-5.1%	-1.1%	-2.6%

(1) Table may not foot due to rounding.

Important Information Regarding Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We report our financial results in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). However, we believe that certain non-GAAP financial measures provide users of our financial information with additional useful information in evaluating operating performance. Non-GAAP financial measures should be viewed as supplementing, and not as an alternative or substitute for, financial results prepared in accordance with GAAP. Items excluded from or included in non-GAAP financial measures may be significant and should be considered in assessing our financial condition and performance. The methods we used to calculate these non-GAAP financial measures may differ significantly from methods used by other companies to compute similar measures. As a result, the non-GAAP financial measures presented herein may not be comparable to similar measures provided by other companies.

Calculations of our comparable sales including sales from licensed departments are non-GAAP financial measures. We believe that providing calculations of changes in comparable sales, both including and excluding sales from licensed departments, assists in evaluating our ability to generate sales growth, whether through owned businesses or departments licensed to third parties. The following table sets forth these calculations.

13 Weeks Ended 13 Weeks Ended 39 Weeks Ended 39 Weeks Ended

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	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2017	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2017
Decrease in comparable sales excluding sales from licensed departments (1)	(0.2)%	(6.9)%	(0.8)%	(6.5)%
Effect of growth in comparable sales of licensed departments (2)	1.6 %	0.6 %	1.2 %	0.5 %
Increase (decrease) in comparable sales including sales from licensed departments	1.4 %	(6.3)%	0.4 %	(6.0)%

- (1) Represents the period-to-period percentage change in net sales from stores open throughout the period presented and the same period in the prior year and all online sales of steinmart.com, excluding commissions from departments licensed to third parties.
- (2) Represents the effect of including the full sales amounts for departments licensed to third parties throughout the period presented and the same period in the prior year on the calculation of comparable sales. We license our shoe and vintage handbag departments to third parties and receive a commission from these third parties based on a percentage of their sales. In our financial statements prepared in conformity with GAAP, we include commissions (rather than sales of the departments licensed to third parties) in our net sales. We do not include the commission amounts from licensed department sales in our comparable sales calculation.

13 and 39 weeks Ended November 3, 2018, Compared to the 13 and 39 weeks Ended October 28, 2017 (tables presented in thousands):

Net Sales

	13 Weeks Ended			39 Weeks Ended		
	13 Weeks Ended	13 Weeks Ended	(Decrease)/	39 Weeks Ended	39 Weeks Ended	(Decrease)/
	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2017	Increase	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2017	Increase
Net sales	\$ 279,127	\$ 285,395	\$ (6,268)	\$ 916,751	\$ 933,766	\$ (17,015)
Sales percent change:						
Total net sales			(2.2)%			(1.8)%
Comparable store sales including sales from leased departments			1.4%			0.4%

Net sales for the 13 weeks ended November 3, 2018, decreased compared to the 13 weeks ended October 28, 2017. The 2.2 percent decrease in net sales is primarily due to closing underperforming stores in 2018 and lower traffic in the Southeast and Mid-Atlantic states from hurricanes. The 1.4 percent increase in comparable sales on an owned plus licensed basis for the 13 weeks ended November 3, 2018, was primarily driven by higher regular-priced selling compared to last year's higher clearance selling. Higher regular-priced selling for the 13 weeks ended November 3, 2018, increased the average unit retail price, which was partially offset by lower units per transaction and number of transactions, primarily due to lower clearance selling. Comparable sales reflect stores open throughout the period and prior fiscal year and include Ecommerce. Ecommerce sales were up 76.1 percent in the 13 weeks ended November 3, 2018, which include online orders shipped from our stores, and contributed approximately a 210-basis point increase to comparable sales in the same period. Comparable sales on an owned plus licensed basis for the 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018, increased 0.4 percent compared to the 39 weeks ended October 28, 2017. The 1.8 percent decrease in net sales is due to closing underperforming stores. Ecommerce sales were up 95.6 percent and contributed approximately a 240-basis point increase to comparable sales for the 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018.

Other Revenue

	13 Weeks Ended			39 Weeks Ended		
	13 Weeks Ended	13 Weeks Ended		39 Weeks Ended	39 Weeks Ended	
	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2017	Increase	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2017	Increase
Other revenue	\$ 3,734	\$ 3,516	\$ 218	\$ 11,525	\$ 10,728	\$ 797
Percentage of net sales	1.3%	1.2%	0.1%	1.3%	1.1%	0.2%

Other revenue for the 13 and 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018, increased compared to the 13 and 39 weeks ended October 28, 2017. The slight increase in other revenue for the 13 and 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018, is the result

of higher penetration from our growing credit card program.

Gross Profit

Gross profit is determined as follows:

	13 Weeks Ended	13 Weeks Ended	(Decrease)/	39 Weeks Ended	39 Weeks Ended	(Decrease)/
	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2017	Increase	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2017	Increase
Net sales	\$ 279,127	\$ 285,395	\$ (6,268)	\$ 916,751	\$ 933,766	\$ (17,015)
Cost of merchandise sold	209,286	217,126	(7,840)	671,427	705,273	(33,846)
Gross profit	\$ 69,841	\$ 68,269	\$ 1,572	\$ 245,324	\$ 228,493	\$ 16,831
Percentage of net sales	25.0%	23.9%	1.1%	26.8%	24.5%	2.3%

The gross profit rate increase for the 13 and 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018, was primarily due to a higher merchandise margin rate. The higher merchandise margin rate was driven by lower markdowns, partially offset by higher Ecommerce fulfillment and shipping costs which were higher due to an increase in online orders.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses (SG&A)

	13 Weeks Ended			39 Weeks Ended		
	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2017	Decrease	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2017	Decrease
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 86,948	\$ 95,674	\$ (8,726)	\$ 258,584	\$ 274,581	\$ (15,997)
Percentage of net sales	31.1%	33.5%	(2.4)%	28.2%	29.4%	(1.2)%

The SG&A decrease for the 13 weeks ended November 3, 2018, was primarily the result of cost savings initiatives, lower advertising expense and the impact of closing underperforming stores. Decreases are partially offset by \$1.1 million in advisory fees for capital alternatives that resulted in the extension of our credit agreements and \$0.7 million in hurricane-related expenses, which we expect to be recovered from insurance in future quarters. The SG&A decrease for the 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018, was primarily the result of cost savings, including closing underperforming stores, partially offset by \$1.1 million in advisory fees for capital alternatives that resulted in the extension of our credit agreements, \$0.7 million in hurricane-related expenses which will be recovered from insurance in future quarters and increased Ecommerce expenses of \$3.5 million. Ecommerce expenses were higher to support the additional sales volume.

Interest Expense, Net

	13 Weeks Ended			39 Weeks Ended		
	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2017	Increase	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2017	Increase
Interest expense, net	\$ 3,078	\$ 1,156	\$ 1,922	\$ 8,406	\$ 3,437	\$ 4,969
Percentage of net sales	1.1%	0.4%	0.7%	0.9%	0.4%	0.5%

The increase in interest expense for the 13 and 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018, is due to higher borrowing levels and higher interest rates, plus \$0.3 million from the early termination of a portion of the Term Loan (as defined in Note 4 Debt to the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)) in connection with the extension and amendment of our credit agreements in September.

Income Taxes

	13 Weeks Ended	3 Weeks Ended	Increase/	39 Weeks Ended	39 Weeks Ended	Increase/
	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2017	(Decrease)	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2017	(Decrease)

Income tax expense (benefit)	\$	171	\$	(10,429)	\$	10,600	\$	291	\$	(14,888)	\$	15,179
Effective tax rate		(1.0)%		41.6%		(42.6)%		-2.9%		38.4%		(41.3)%

Our effective tax rate represents the applicable combined federal and state statutory rates reduced by the federal benefit of state taxes deductible on federal returns, adjusted for the effect of permanent differences. The decrease in the effective tax rate for the 13 and 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018, was primarily driven by our net operating loss carryforward position and our valuation allowance against all net deferred tax assets established during the fourth quarter of 2017. We expect that our effective tax rate will remain near zero percent for the rest of fiscal 2018.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Capital requirements and working capital needs are funded through a combination of internally generated funds, available cash, credit terms from vendors, our \$240.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility pursuant to a second amended and restated credit agreement with Wells Fargo Bank (Credit Agreement) and our \$35.0 million Term Loan (as discussed below).

On February 19, 2018, we entered into Amendment No. 1 (the Credit Agreement Amendment) to the Credit Agreement with Wells Fargo. The Credit Agreement Amendment provides for, among other things, an Accommodation Period (as defined in the Credit Agreement Amendment) during which we were not required to meet the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio (as defined in the Credit Agreement). This change permitted us to borrow the full amount of the then applicable borrowing base until we delivered our financial statements for the Measurement Period (as defined in the Credit Agreement) ended February 28, 2018. Pursuant to the Credit Agreement Amendment, a Cash Dominion Event (as defined in the Credit Agreement Amendment) occurred as of the effective date of the Credit Agreement Amendment and at all times thereafter. As a result of the Cash Dominion Event, all of our cash receipts were swept daily to repay outstanding borrowings under the Credit Agreement and the amount outstanding under the Credit Agreement was classified as a short-term obligation on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited). See below for discussion of the Third Credit Agreement Amendment and the removal of the Cash Dominion Event effective September 18, 2018.

On March 14, 2018, we entered into the Term Loan Agreement (as defined in Note 4 Debt in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)), which provided for a term loan in the amount of \$50.0 million. At the same time, we entered into Amendment No. 2 (the Second Credit Agreement Amendment) to the Credit Agreement with Wells Fargo. The Second Credit Agreement Amendment provided for, among other things, the following: (1) the permanent repayment in full of \$25.0 million of Tranche A-1 Revolving Loans (as defined in the Second Credit Agreement Amendment) with the proceeds of the Term Loan (as defined below), thereby reducing the maximum amount of the revolving credit facility under the Credit Agreement to \$225.0 million; (2) the entry into the Intercreditor Agreement (as defined in Note 4 Debt in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)) between Wells Fargo Bank and Gordon Brothers Finance Company, LLC; and (3) certain other modifications and updates to coordinate the Credit Agreement with the Term Loan. The net proceeds of \$49.1 million from the Term Loan were used to permanently pay off the \$25.0 million Tranche A-1 Revolving Loan Commitment (as defined in Note 4 Debt in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)) and to pay down the outstanding Tranche A-1 Revolving Loans (as defined in the Credit Agreement). After utilizing proceeds from the Term Loan Agreement for repayment of amounts outstanding under the Credit Agreement, the Term Loan increased our total borrowing availability under the combination of the Credit Agreement and Term Loan to \$275 million and increased our Excess Availability by approximately \$25.0 million. See Note 4 Debt of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) for further discussion.

On September 18, 2018, we entered into Amendment No. 3 (the Third Credit Agreement Amendment) to the Credit Agreement with Wells Fargo. The Third Credit Agreement Amendment provides for, among other things, the following: (1) the increase of Aggregate Tranche A Revolving Loan Commitments (as defined in Note 4 Debt in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)) from \$225.0 million to \$240.0 million; (2) an extension of the Maturity Date of the Revolving Credit Agreement to the earlier of (a) the maturity date of the Term Loan Agreement or (b) September 18, 2023; and (3) the elimination of Cash Dominion Event status and a change in the definition of Cash Dominion Event to be triggered in the event of (a) the occurrence and continuance of any Event of Default or (b) Excess Availability of less than (A) 10.0% of the Loan Cap at any time or (B) 12.5% of the Loan Cap for 3 consecutive Business Days. At the same time, we entered into Amendment No. 2 (the Second Amendment) to the Term Loan with Gordon Brothers Finance Company. The Second Amendment provides for, among other things, the following: (1) the reduction of the maximum amount of the Term Loan to \$35.0 million; (2) an extension of the maturity date of the Term Loan Agreement to the earlier of (a) the termination date specified in the Revolving Credit Agreement (as defined in the Credit Agreement), and (b) September 18, 2023; (3) the reduction of the non-default interest rate applicable to the Term Loan under the Term Loan Agreement to a fluctuating rate of interest equal to three-month LIBOR (with a floor of 1.5%) plus 8.25% per annum; and (4) the elimination of Cash Dominion Event status and a change in Cash Dominion to be triggered in the event of (a) the occurrence and continuance of any Event of Default or (b) Excess Availability of less than (A) 10.0% of the Revolving Loan Cap at any time or (B) 12.5% of the Revolving Loan Cap for 3 consecutive Business Days. As we are no longer in Cash Dominion Event status, the amount outstanding under the Credit Agreement is classified as a long-term obligation on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited).

On February 2, 2018, we executed a short-term promissory note under which we borrowed approximately \$13.7 million (the Promissory Note) from SunTrust Bank in its capacity as trustee under a trust agreement dated September 1, 1999. The proceeds from the Promissory Note were used to pay down borrowings under the Credit Agreement to provide additional availability under the Credit Agreement to assist us during our February low working capital period following the holiday selling season. In March 2018, we extended the due date of the Promissory Note to July 1, 2018. On June 29, 2018, we repaid the outstanding balance of the Promissory Note. On July 31, 2018, we borrowed \$13.0 million under a new promissory note from SunTrust Bank. The proceeds were used to provide additional availability as we begin to purchase inventory for the second half of 2018. See Note 4 Debt of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) for further discussion. On September 10, 2018, we repaid the outstanding balance of the Promissory Note.

We believe we are able to borrow, on a short-term basis and subject to formal agreement with the lender, amounts up to the cash surrender value of the life insurance policies related to our executive deferred compensation plans to provide additional liquidity if needed. At November 3, 2018, the cash surrender value of our life insurance policies was \$12.8 million.

Cash flows from operations are driven by sales as well as the credit terms available to us from our vendors and their factors. Our sales generate cash almost immediately and are affected by customer traffic to our stores and the desirability of our merchandise for those customers. Customer traffic is in turn affected by our marketing and advertising, general economic and business conditions, and weather. Changes in these factors could have a material effect on our ability to generate sales and thus cash inflows to operate our business.

Our cash outflows can be materially affected by changes in credit terms and availability from our vendors and their factors. During the first quarter of 2018, our vendors and factors constricted our credit terms and limits significantly. This was a reaction to our 2017 third-quarter results, as well as concern about the general retail environment at the time, which included multiple bankruptcies and restructurings by other retailers in the same business. This constriction caused us to make payments to our vendors and factors more quickly than in prior periods thus increasing our debt levels during that period. The added availability from the Term Loan Agreement was a key part of our ability to fund the accelerated payments. During this time, we successfully managed our vendor and factor relationships to maintain the flow of our

merchandise during the key early spring selling period. Throughout all periods, we made our payments to vendors and their factors on a timely basis in accordance with our negotiated terms.

After we announced our fourth quarter 2017 results and outlook for spring 2018, in March our terms with the vendors and their factors began to be less constricted. At that same time, we also announced our Term Loan Agreement. We have non-disclosure agreements with the major factors, credit insurers and several of our largest vendors which allow us to communicate our operating results and cash flows to them on a regular basis. Additionally, we made presentations to larger groups of our vendors just after our fourth quarter results were announced, in March 2018. We continue to communicate our operating results and cash flows to our large vendors and factors with whom we have non-disclosure agreements in place. These steps have contributed to the positive movement in their credit arrangements.

Our working capital fluctuates with seasonal variations which affect our borrowings and availability. Our availability is highest just after our strong seasonal spring and holiday selling seasons and is lowest just before those seasons as we build inventory levels. Working capital is also used to support capital investments for maintenance of our existing stores, system improvements and new store openings. We have reduced our capital investments to enhance our cash flows. These reduced levels of investment can be sustained for the foreseeable future as prior to this our store base and systems have been well maintained. Positive operating results and cash flows will help us preserve satisfactory credit terms and allow us to operate within the borrowing availability under our Credit Agreement and Term Loan Agreement. Based on our current expectations regarding our operating results we consider our resources adequate to satisfy our cash needs for at least the next 12 months.

In January 2018, we announced that we hired PJ Solomon to help us evaluate strategic and capital alternatives. We hired Alvarez & Marsal as advisors in 2017 to assist in evaluating our forecasting and strategic communications with our vendors and their factors. Alvarez & Marsal also advised us on cost savings and cash flow initiatives and assisted with evaluating capital alternatives which resulted in the Term Loan Agreement. It is possible that additional strategic alternatives will arise from these efforts.

As of November 3, 2018, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$13.9 million and \$156.6 million in borrowings under our Credit Agreement and \$35.0 million in borrowings under the Term Loan, for a total of \$190.7 million in outstanding borrowings, net of \$0.9 million in unamortized debt issuance costs. As of February 3, 2018, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$10.4, and borrowings under our credit facilities of \$142.4 million and \$13.7 million in borrowings under the Promissory Note, for a total of \$156.1 million in outstanding borrowings. As of October 28, 2017, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$13.2 million and borrowings under our credit facilities were \$150.8 million. The total amount available for borrowings and letters of credit under our Credit Agreement is the lesser of \$240.0 million or 100 percent of eligible credit card receivables and the net recovery percentage value of inventories less reserves. On November 3, 2018, in addition to outstanding borrowings under the Credit Agreement, Term Loan and Promissory Note, we had \$8.5 million of outstanding letters of credit. Our Excess Availability (as defined in the Credit Agreement) was \$74.9 million on November 3, 2018. See Note 4 Debt of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) for further discussion.

Cash Flows

	39 Weeks Ended	39 Weeks Ended	
	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2017	Change
Cash (used in) provided by :			

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Operating activities	\$	(25,561)	\$	52,804	\$	(78,365)
Investing activities		(4,569)		(15,664)		11,095
Financing activities		33,614		(34,514)		68,128
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,484	\$	2,626	\$	858

Net cash used in operating activities was \$25.6 million for the 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018, compared to net cash provided by operating activities of \$52.8 million for the 39 weeks ended October 28, 2017. The decrease in cash provided by operating activities was mainly due to the acceleration of vendor payments during the 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018, which significantly reduced our accounts payable balance compared to the 39 weeks ended October 28, 2017. Also affecting operating cash flows was increased inventory purchases over last year. Due to improved management, our beginning inventory levels were lower this year requiring the purchase of more inventory leading into the holiday season.

Net cash used in investing activities was primarily from capital expenditures offset by proceeds from canceled corporate-owned life insurance policies and was \$4.6 million for the 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018, compared to net cash used of \$15.7 million for the 39 weeks ended October 28, 2017, primarily for capital expenditures. The decrease in capital expenditures was primarily due to lower investment in technologies, fewer remodels to existing stores and fewer tenant improvements during the 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018. We expect lower capital expenditures to continue through the end of fiscal 2018.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$33.6 million during the 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018, compared to cash used in financing activities of \$34.5 million during the 39 weeks ended October 28, 2017. During the 39 weeks ended November 3, 2018, we had net proceeds of debt of \$35.4 million, primarily used to pay vendors due to accelerated payment terms mostly in the first quarter. We paid debt issuance costs of \$1.1 million, cash dividends of \$0.1 and capital lease payments of \$0.6 million. In addition, we repurchased 52,241 shares of common stock for less than \$0.1 million. We also received \$0.1 million from our Employee Share Purchase Plan. During the 39 weeks ended October 28, 2017, we had net repayments of debt of \$31.0 million. We also paid cash dividends of \$3.6 million and capital lease payments of \$1.0 million. We did not pay any debt issuance costs. In addition, we repurchased 69,122 shares of common stock for \$0.2 million. We also received \$0.3 million from our Employee Share Purchase Plan. See Note 2 Shareholders Equity of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) for further discussion.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

We discuss our critical accounting policies and estimates in Item 7, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended February 3, 2018, and filed with the SEC on May 4, 2018. We have made no significant changes in our critical accounting policies and estimates since February 3, 2018.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Recently issued accounting pronouncements are discussed in Note 1 Basis of Presentation of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited).

Seasonality and Inflation

Our business is seasonal. Sales and profitability are historically higher in the first and fourth quarters of the fiscal year, which include the spring and holiday seasons. Therefore, results for any quarter are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be achieved for a full fiscal year.

Although we expect that our income will be influenced by general economic conditions, we do not believe that inflation has had a material effect on our results of operations. However, there can be no assurance that our business will not be affected materially by inflation in the future.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we have evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of November 3, 2018, to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in our reports under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as that term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

See the discussion of legal proceedings in Note 5 Commitments and Contingencies of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) included in Item 1 of Part I of this Quarterly Report, which is incorporated by reference into this Item 1 of Part II.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes in our risk factors from those described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended February 3, 2018.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

The following table sets forth information regarding repurchases of our common stock during the quarter ended November 3, 2018:

ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Period	Total number of shares purchased	Average price paid per share	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs (1)	Maximum number of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs (1)
August 5, 2018 - September 1, 2018	457	\$ 2.71	457	366,889
September 2, 2018 - October 6, 2018	990	2.24	990	366,889
October 7, 2018 - November 3, 2018	2,385	2.14	2,385	366,889
Total	3,832	\$ 2.24	3,832	366,889

(1) All stock repurchases were for tax withholding amounts due on employee stock awards. No shares were purchased on the open market pursuant to our open market repurchase program. Our open market repurchase program is conducted pursuant to authorizations made from time to time by our Board of Directors, including the most recent authorization of an additional 500,000 shares by the Board of Directors on November 24, 2015, and announced on November 30, 2015.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Not applicable.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

10.1 Second Amendment to Term Loan Credit Agreement dated as of September 18, 2018, by and among Gordon Brothers Finance Company, as administrative agent, Gordon Brothers Finance Company LLC, as lender, Stein Mart, Inc., Stein Mart Buying Corp. and Stein Mart Holding Corp., incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 19, 2018

10.2

- Amendment No. 3 to Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of September 18, 2018, by and among Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as administrative agent, the lenders party thereto, Stein Mart, Inc., Stein Mart Buying Corp. and Stein Mart Holding Corp., incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 19, 2018
- 10.3 Amendment No. 1 to Intercreditor Agreement, dated September 18, 2018, by and among Wells Fargo Bank, National Association and Gordon Brothers Finance Company., incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on September 19, 2018
- 10.4+ Second Amendment to the Amended and Restated Co-Brand and Private Label Credit Card Consumer Program Agreement with Synchrony Bank
- 31.1+ Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a)
- 31.2+ Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a)
- 32.1+ Certification of the Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350
- 32.2+ Certification of the Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350
- 101 Interactive data files from Stein Mart, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended November 3, 2018, formatted in XBRL (extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited), (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited), (iii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive (Loss) Income (Unaudited), (iv) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited), and (v) the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
- + Filed herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Registrant has duly caused this Form 10-Q to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

STEIN MART, INC.

Date: December 4, 2018

By: /s/ D. Hunt Hawkins
D. Hunt Hawkins
Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Gregory W. Kleffner
Gregory W. Kleffner
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial
Officer