GENERAL ELECTRIC CAPITAL CORP Form 10-Q November 04, 2014

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark

One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO þ SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2014 OR TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) .. OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

_____to _____

Commission file number 001-06461

GENERAL ELECTRIC CAPITAL CORPORATION (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	13-1500700
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
901 Main Avenue, Norwalk, CT	06851-1168
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code) (203) 840-6300

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes b No " Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes bNo "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer " Non-accelerated filer b Smaller reporting company "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b 2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No b

At September 30, 2014, 1,000 shares of voting common stock, which constitute all of the outstanding common equity, with a par value of \$14 per share were outstanding.

REGISTRANT MEETS THE CONDITIONS SET FORTH IN GENERAL INSTRUCTION h(1)(a) AND (b) OF FORM 10-Q AND IS THEREFORE FILING THIS FORM 10-Q WITH THE REDUCED DISCLOSURE FORMAT.

(1)

General Electric Capital Corporation

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This document contains "forward-looking statements" – that is, statements related to future, not past, events. In this context, forward-looking statements often address our expected future business and financial performance and financial condition, and often contain words such as "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "believe," "seek," "see," "will," "would," or "target." Forward-looking statements by their nature address matters that are, to different degrees, uncertain, such as statements about expected income; revenues; net interest margin; cost structure; restructuring charges; cash flows; assets; return on capital or assets; capital structure, including Tier 1 common ratio; and dividends. For us, particular uncertainties that could cause our actual results to be materially different than those expressed in our forward-looking statements include: current economic and financial conditions, including interest and exchange rate volatility, commodity and equity prices and the value of financial assets; the impact of conditions in the financial and credit markets on the availability and cost of our funding, our exposure to counterparties and our ability to reduce asset levels as planned; the impact of conditions in the housing market and unemployment rates on the level of commercial and consumer credit defaults; pending and future mortgage securitization claims and litigation in connection with WMC, which may affect our estimates of liability, including possible loss estimates; our ability to maintain our current credit rating and the impact on our funding costs and competitive position if we do not do so; our ability to pay dividends to GE at the planned level, which may be affected by our cash flows and earnings, financial services regulation and oversight, and other factors; the level of demand and financial performance of the major industries and customers GE serves; the effectiveness of our risk management framework; the impact of regulation and regulatory, investigative and legal proceedings and legal compliance risks, including the impact of financial services regulation; adverse market conditions, timing of and ability to obtain required bank regulatory approvals, or other factors relating to GE or Synchrony Financial that could prevent GE from completing the Synchrony split-off as planned; our success in completing announced transactions, including the sale of GE Money Bank AB (Nordics); our success in integrating acquired businesses and operating joint ventures; the impact of potential information technology or data security breaches; and the other factors that are described in "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013. These uncertainties may cause our actual future results to be materially different than those expressed in our forward-looking statements. We do not undertake to update our forward-looking statements.

This document includes certain forward-looking projected financial information that is based on current estimates and forecasts. Actual results could differ materially.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

GE's Investor Relations website at www.ge.com/investor and our corporate blog at www.gereports.com, as well as GE's Facebook page and Twitter accounts, contain a significant amount of information about GE, including financial and other information for investors. GE encourages investors to visit these websites from time to time, as information is updated and new information is posted.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

General Electric Capital Corporation and consolidated affiliates Condensed Statement of Earnings (Unaudited)

	Three months ended September 30		Nine mon ended Sej 30	
(In millions)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Revenues				
Revenues from services(a)	\$ 10,428	\$ 10,629	\$ 31,172	\$ 33,367
Other-than-temporary impairment on investment securities:				
Total other-than-temporary impairment on investment securities Less other-than-temporary impairment recognized in	(5)	(62)	(52)	(503)
accumulated other comprehensive income	-	6	4	36
Net other-than-temporary impairment on investment securities		$\langle \boldsymbol{\tau} \boldsymbol{\zeta} \rangle$	(10)	
recognized in earnings	(5)	(56)	(48)	(467)
Revenues from services (Note 9)	10,423	10,573		32,900
Sales of goods	28	33	89	90
Total revenues	10,451	10,606	31,213	32,990
Costs and expenses				
Interest	2,093	2,224	6,325	6,994
Operating and administrative	3,188	2,968	9,373	9,262
Cost of goods sold	25	29	81	75
Investment contracts, insurance losses and insurance annuity benefits	700	714	2,041	2,131
Provision for losses on financing receivables	957	789	2,895	3,256
Depreciation and amortization	1,894	1,966	5,104	5,369
Total costs and expenses	8,857	8,690	25,819	27,087
	-,,	0,020	,	_,,
Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes	1,594	1,916	5,394	5,903
Benefit (provision) for income taxes	(47)	(3)	(29)	(100)
Earnings from continuing operations	1,547	1,913	5,365	5,803
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes (Note 2)	57	(91)	33	(334)
Net earnings	1,604	1,822	5,398	5,469
Less net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	55	10	76	38
Net earnings attributable to GECC	1,549	1,812	5,322	5,431
Preferred stock dividends declared	-	-	(161)	(135)
Net earnings attributable to GECC common shareowner	\$ 1,549	\$ 1,812	\$ 5,161	\$ 5,296
Amounts attributable to GECC common shareowner:	¢ 1 5 4 7	¢ 1.012	¢ = 2/5	¢ 5 002
Earnings from continuing operations		\$ 1,913		\$ 5,803
Less net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	55	10	76 5 280	38 5 765
Earnings from continuing operations attributable to GECC	1,492	1,903	5,289	5,765

Preferred stock dividends declared Earnings from continuing operations attributable to GECC	-	-	(161)	(135)
common shareowner	1,492	1,903	· ·	5,630
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes Net earnings attributable to GECC common shareowner	57 \$ 1,549	(91) \$ 1,812	33 \$ 5,161	(334) \$ 5,296

(a) Excluding net other-than-temporary impairment on investment securities.

See accompanying notes.

(4)

General Electric Capital Corporation and consolidated affiliates Condensed Statement of Comprehensive Income

(Unaudited)

(In millions)	e	Three m ended Septemb 2014	sei		ei S	line mo nded eptemb 2014	sei	
Net earnings Less net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests Net earnings attributable to GECC		\$ 1,604 55 \$ 1,549		10		76		38
Other comprehensive income (loss) Investment securities Currency translation adjustments Cash flow hedges Benefit plans Other comprehensive income (loss) Less other comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests Other comprehensive income (loss) attributable to GECC		\$ (260) (546) 90 11 (705) (4) \$ (701)		(122) 63 8 108 12		523 (510) 188 3 204 1 203		 (377) (115) 349 30 (113) (10) (103)
Comprehensive income	S	\$ 899	\$	1,930	\$	5,602	\$	5,356
Less comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests Comprehensive income attributable to GECC		51 § 848	\$	22 1,908	\$	77 5,525	\$	28 5,328

Amounts presented net of taxes. See Note 8 for further information about other comprehensive income and noncontrolling interests.

See accompanying notes.

General Electric Capital Corporation and consolidated affiliates Condensed Statement of Changes in Shareowners' Equity (Unaudited)

	Nine months ended		
	September 30		
(In millions)	2014	2013	
GECC shareowners' equity balance at January 1,	\$ 82,694	5 81,890	
Increases from net earnings attributable to GECC	5,322	5,431	
Dividends and other transactions with shareowners	(2,382)	(4,082)	
Other comprehensive income (loss) attributable to GECC	203	(103)	
Changes in additional paid-in capital	436	978	
Ending balance at September 30	86,273	84,114	
Noncontrolling interests	2,804	539	

Total equity balance at September 30

\$ 89,077 \$ 84,653

See Note 8 for further information about changes in shareowners' equity.

See accompanying notes.

(5)

General Electric Capital Corporation and consolidated affiliates Condensed Statement of Financial Position

(In millions, except share information) Assets	September 30, 2014 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2013
Cash and equivalents	\$ 79,863	\$ 71 972
*	-	\$ 74,873
Investment securities (Note 3)	46,701 57	43,662 68
Inventories		
Financing receivables – net (Notes 4 and 13)	237,405	253,029
Other receivables	15,273	16,513
Property, plant and equipment, less accumulated amortization of \$27,236	40 125	51 (07
and \$26,960	49,135	51,607
Goodwill (Note 5)	25,666	26,195
Other intangible assets – net (Note 5)	1,195	1,136
Other assets	47,140	47,366
Assets of businesses held for sale (Note 2)	3,158	50
Assets of discontinued operations (Note 2)	1,321	2,330
Total assets(a)	\$ 506,914	\$ 516,829
Liabilities and equity	¢ (0,(7 (¢ 77 000
Short-term borrowings (Note 6)	\$ 68,676	\$ 77,298
Accounts payable	7,182	6,549
Non-recourse borrowings of consolidated securitization entities (Note 6)	30,231	30,124
Bank deposits (Note 6)	60,815	53,361
Long-term borrowings (Note 6)	198,735	210,279
Investment contracts, insurance liabilities and insurance annuity benefits	27,991	26,979
Other liabilities	16,593	20,531
Deferred income taxes	5,696	4,786
Liabilities of businesses held for sale (Note 2)	914	6
Liabilities of discontinued operations (Note 2)	1,004	3,790
Total liabilities(a)	417,837	433,703
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value (750,000 shares authorized at both September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, and 50,000 shares issued and outstanding		
at both September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013)	_	_
Common stock, \$14 par value (4,166,000 shares authorized at		
both September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 and 1,000 shares		
issued and outstanding at both September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013)	-	-
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) – net(b)		
Investment securities	830	309
Currency translation adjustments	(1,196)	(687)
Cash flow hedges	(1,150) (105)	(293)
Benefit plans	(360)	(363)
Additional paid-in capital	32,999	32,563
Retained earnings	54,105	52,505 51,165
Total GECC shareowners' equity	86,273	82,694
	2,804	82,094 432
Noncontrolling interests(c)(Note 8)	2,004	432

Total equity Total liabilities and equity 89,077 83,126 \$ 506,914 \$ 516,829

Our consolidated assets at September 30, 2014 included total assets of \$49,661 million of certain variable interest entities (VIEs) that can only be used to settle the liabilities of those VIEs. These assets included net financing receivables of \$42,799 million and investment securities of \$3,500 million. Our consolidated liabilities at (a) September 20, 2014 included to 11 tilting of a set of \$100 million.

- (a) September 30, 2014 included liabilities of certain VIEs for which the VIE creditors do not have recourse to GECC. These liabilities included non-recourse borrowings of consolidated securitization entities (CSEs) of \$28,780 million. See Note 12.
- (b) The sum of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (AOCI) attributable to GECC was \$(831) million and \$(1,034) million at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

(c) Included AOCI attributable to noncontrolling interests of \$(138) million and \$(139) million at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

See accompanying notes.

General Electric Capital Corporation and consolidated affiliates Condensed Statement of Cash Flows

(Unaudited)

	Nine month September 3	80
(In millions)	2014	2013
Cash flows – operating activities		
Net earnings	\$ 5,398	\$ 5,469
Less net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	76	38
Net earnings attributable to GECC	5,322	5,431
(Earnings) loss from discontinued operations	(33)	334
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings attributable to GECC	. ,	
to cash provided from operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization of property, plant and equipment	5,104	5,369
Deferred income taxes	(1,319)	525
Increase in accounts payable	811	741
Provision for losses on financing receivables	2,895	3,256
All other operating activities	(1,063)	(3,848)
Cash from (used for) operating activities – continuing operations	11,717	11,808
Cash from (used for) operating activities – discontinued operations	136	(46)
Cash from (used for) operating activities	11,853	11,762
		·
Cash flows – investing activities		
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(7,351)	(7,581)
Dispositions of property, plant and equipment	4,935	4,119
Increase in loans to customers	(220,926)	
Principal collections from customers – loans	224,138	228,885
Investment in equipment for financing leases	(5,955)	(6,251)
Principal collections from customers – financing leases	6,656	8,001
Net change in credit card receivables	(2,950)	(3,204)
Proceeds from sale of discontinued operations	232	-
Proceeds from principal business dispositions	-	841
Net cash from (payments for) principal businesses purchased	-	6,384
All other investing activities	4,901	15,922
Cash from (used for) investing activities – continuing operations	3,680	28,283
Cash from (used for) investing activities – discontinued operations	(232)	(15)
Cash from (used for) investing activities	3,448	28,268
Cash flows – financing activities		
Net increase (decrease) in borrowings (maturities of 90 days or less)	(6,611)	(9,917)
Net increase (decrease) in bank deposits	9,004	(2,229)
Newly issued debt (maturities longer than 90 days)	30,432	41,355
Repayments and other debt reductions (maturities longer than 90 days)	(41,768)	(50,396)
Proceeds from issuance of preferred stock	-	990
Dividends paid to shareowners	(2,382)	(4,082)
Proceeds from initial public offering of Synchrony Financial	2,842	-
All other financing activities	(552)	(425)
Cash from (used for) financing activities – continuing operations	(9,035)	(125)
cush nom (used for) inducing ded (thes continuing operations	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(,, 0 .)

Cash from (used for) financing activities – discontinued operations Cash from (used for) financing activities	(6) (9,041)	22 (24,682)
Effect of currency exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents	(1,267)	(986)
Increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents	4,993	14,362
Cash and equivalents at beginning of year	75,105	62,044
Cash and equivalents at September 30	80,098	76,406
Less cash and equivalents of discontinued operations at September 30	130	152
Cash and equivalents of continuing operations at September 30	\$ 79,968	\$ 76,254

See accompanying notes.

(7)

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

General Electric Company (GE Company or GE) owns all of the common stock of General Electric Capital Corporation (GECC). Our financial statements consolidate all of our affiliates – companies that we control and in which we hold a majority voting interest. We also consolidate the economic interests we hold in certain businesses within companies in which we hold a voting equity interest and are majority owned by our parent, but which we have agreed to actively manage and control. See Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 (2013 consolidated financial statements), which discusses our consolidation and financial statement presentation. GECC includes Commercial Lending and Leasing (CLL), Consumer, Real Estate, Energy Financial Services and GE Capital Aviation Services (GECAS).

Effects of transactions between related companies are made on an arms-length basis and are eliminated. As a wholly-owned subsidiary, GECC enters into various operating and financing arrangements with its parent, GE. These arrangements are made on an arms-length basis and consist primarily of GECC dividends to GE; GE customer receivables sold to GECC; GECC services for trade receivables management and material procurement; buildings and equipment (including automobiles) leased between GE and GECC; information technology (IT) and other services sold to GECC by GE; aircraft engines manufactured by GE that are installed on aircraft purchased by GECC from third-party producers for lease to others; and various investments, loans and allocations of GE corporate costs.

We have reclassified certain prior-period amounts to conform to the current-period presentation. Unless otherwise indicated, information in these notes to the condensed, consolidated financial statements relates to continuing operations.

Interim Period Presentation

The condensed, consolidated financial statements and notes thereto are unaudited. These statements include all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) that we considered necessary to present a fair statement of our results of operations, financial position and cash flows. The results reported in these condensed, consolidated financial statements should not be regarded as necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for the entire year. It is suggested that these condensed, consolidated financial statements be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in our 2013 consolidated financial statements. We label our quarterly information using a calendar convention, that is, first quarter is labeled as ending on March 31, second quarter as ending on June 30, and third quarter as ending on September 30. It is our longstanding practice to establish interim quarterly closing dates using a fiscal calendar, which requires our businesses to close their books on either a Saturday or Sunday, depending on the business. The effects of this practice are modest and only exist within a reporting year. The fiscal closing calendar for 2014 is available on our website, www.ge.com/secreports.

Synchrony Financial Initial Public Offering

On August 5, 2014, we completed the initial public offering (IPO) of our North American Retail Finance business, Synchrony Financial, as a first step in a planned, staged exit from that business. Synchrony Financial closed the IPO of 125 million shares of common stock at a price to the public of \$23.00 per share and on September 3, 2014, Synchrony Financial issued an additional 3.5 million shares of common stock pursuant to an option granted to the underwriters in the IPO (Underwriters' Option). We received net proceeds from the IPO and the Underwriters' Option

of \$2,842 million, which remain at Synchrony Financial. Following the closing of the IPO and the Underwriters' Option, we currently own approximately 85% of Synchrony Financial and as a result, GECC will continue to consolidate the business. In addition, in August 2014, Synchrony Financial completed issuances of \$3,593 million of senior unsecured debt with maturities up to 10 years and \$8,000 million of unsecured term loans maturing in 2019 under the New Bank Term Loan Facility with third party lenders.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

See the Notes in our 2013 consolidated financial statements for a summary of our significant accounting policies. (8)

Accounting Changes

On January 1, 2014, we adopted Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2013-05, Foreign Currency Matters (Topic 830): Parent's Accounting for the Cumulative Translation Adjustment upon Derecognition of Certain Subsidiaries or Groups of Assets within a Foreign Entity or of an Investment in a Foreign Entity. Under the revised guidance, the entire amount of the cumulative translation adjustment associated with the foreign entity will be released into earnings in the following circumstances: (a) the sale of a subsidiary or group of net assets within a foreign entity that represents a complete or substantially complete liquidation of that entity, (b) the loss of a controlling financial interest in an investment in a foreign entity, or (c) when the accounting for an investment in a foreign entity changes from the equity method to full consolidation. The revised guidance applies prospectively to transactions or events occurring on or after January 1, 2014.

On January 1, 2014, we adopted ASU 2013-11, Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists. Under the new guidance, an unrecognized tax benefit is required to be presented as a reduction to a deferred tax asset if the disallowance of the tax position would reduce the available tax loss or tax credit carryforward instead of resulting in a cash tax liability. The ASU applies prospectively to all unrecognized tax benefits that exist as of the adoption date and reduced both deferred tax assets and income tax liabilities by \$1,009 million as of January 1, 2014.

In the second quarter of 2014, the Company elected to early adopt ASU 2014-08, Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic 205) and Property, Plant, and Equipment (Topic 360): Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity. This ASU changes the criteria for reporting discontinued operations. To be classified as a discontinued operation, the disposal of a component or group of components must represent a strategic shift that has, or will have, a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results. The ASU also expands the disclosure requirements for those transactions that meet the new criteria to be classified as discontinued operations. The revised accounting guidance applies prospectively to all disposals (or classifications as held for sale) of components of an entity and for businesses that, upon acquisition, are classified as held for sale on or after adoption. Early adoption is permitted for disposals (or classifications as held for sale) that have not been previously reported in financial statements. The effects of applying the revised guidance will vary based upon the nature and size of future disposal transactions. It is expected that fewer disposal transactions will meet the new criteria to be reported as discontinued operations.

2. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF BUSINESSES HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS Assets and Liabilities of Businesses Held for Sale

In the second quarter of 2014, we committed to sell GE Money Bank AB, our consumer finance business in Sweden, Denmark and Norway (GEMB-Nordic) with assets of \$3,158 million and liabilities of \$914 million to Santander. The transaction is targeted to close in the fourth quarter of 2014.

In the first quarter of 2013, we committed to sell our Consumer auto and personal loan business in Portugal and completed the sale on July 15, 2013 for proceeds of \$83 million.

Financial Information for Assets and Liabilities of Businesses Held for Sale

(In millions)	September December
(III IIIIIIolis)	30, 2014 31, 2013
Assets	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 105 \$ 5

Financing receivables – net Goodwill Other	2, 22 14		- 24 21
Assets of businesses held for sale	\$ 3,	-	50
Liabilities Bank deposits Other Liabilities of businesses held for sale	\$ 75 15 \$ 91	7	- 6 6

(9)

Discontinued Operations

Discontinued operations primarily comprised GE Money Japan (our Japanese personal loan business, Lake, and our Japanese mortgage and card businesses, excluding our investment in GE Nissen Credit Co., Ltd.), our U.S. mortgage business (WMC), our Commercial Lending and Leasing (CLL) trailer services business in Europe (CLL Trailer Services) and our Consumer banking business in Russia (Consumer Russia). Results of operations, financial position and cash flows for these businesses are separately reported as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

Financial Information for Discontinued Operations

(In millions)		ended	months aber 30 2013	Nine m ended Septem 2014	
Operations Total revenues (loss)		\$ (34)	\$ 143	\$ (45)	\$ 304
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operation before income taxes Benefit (provision) for income taxes Earnings (loss) from discontinued operation		103	\$ (10) 12	131	\$ (185) 158
net of taxes Disposal		\$ 57	\$ 2	\$ 18	\$ (27)
Gain (loss) on disposal before income taxes Benefit (provision) for income taxes Gain (loss) on disposal, net of taxes	es	\$ - - \$ -	\$ (108) 15 \$ (93)	1	\$ (390) 83 \$ (307)
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operation net of taxes	ons,	\$ 57	\$ (91)	\$ 33	\$ (334)
(In millions)		ptember), 2014	r Decem 31, 201		
Assets Cash and equivalents Financing receivables – net Other Assets of discontinued operations		130 1 1,190 1,321	\$ 232 711 1,38 \$ 2,33		
Liabilities Deferred income taxes Other Liabilities of discontinued operations		230 774 1,004	\$ 250 3,54 \$ 3,79		

Other assets at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 primarily comprised a deferred tax asset for a loss carryforward, which expires principally in 2017 and in part in 2019, related to the sale of our GE Money Japan business.

GE Money Japan

During the third quarter of 2008, we completed the sale of GE Money Japan, which included our Japanese personal loan business. Under the terms of the sale, we reduced the proceeds from the sale for estimated refund claims in excess of the statutory interest rate. Proceeds from the sale were to be increased or decreased based on the actual claims experienced in accordance with loss-sharing terms specified in the sale agreement, with all claims in excess of 258 billion Japanese yen (approximately \$3,000 million) remaining our responsibility. On February 26, 2014, we reached an agreement with the buyer to pay 175 billion Japanese yen (approximately \$1,700 million) to extinguish this obligation. We have no remaining amount payable under the February 26, 2014 agreement as our reserve for refund claims of \$1,836 million at December 31, 2013 was fully paid in the six months ended June 30, 2014.

Financial Information for GE Money Japan

	ended	Nine months ended September 30
(In millions)		2014 2013
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes		\$ 59 \$ (196)
(10)		

WMC

During the fourth quarter of 2007, we completed the sale of WMC, our U.S. mortgage business. WMC substantially discontinued all new loan originations by the second quarter of 2007, and is not a loan servicer. In connection with the sale, WMC retained certain representation and warranty obligations related to loans sold to third parties prior to the disposal of the business and contractual obligations to repurchase previously sold loans that had an early payment default. All claims received by WMC for early payment default have either been resolved or are no longer being pursued.

The remaining active claims have been brought by securitization trustees or administrators seeking recovery from WMC for alleged breaches of representations and warranties on mortgage loans that serve as collateral for residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS). At September 30, 2014, such claims consisted of \$3,694 million of individual claims generally submitted before the filing of a lawsuit (compared to \$5,643 million at December 31, 2013) and \$8,266 million of additional claims asserted against WMC in litigation without making a prior claim (Litigation Claims) (compared to \$6,780 million at December 31, 2013). The total amount of these claims, \$11,960 million, reflects the purchase price or unpaid principal balances of the loans at the time of purchase and does not give effect to pay downs or potential recoveries based upon the underlying collateral, which in many cases are substantial, nor to accrued interest or fees. As of September 30, 2014, these amounts do not include approximately \$1,156 million of repurchase claims relating to alleged breaches of representations that are not in litigation and that are beyond the applicable statute of limitations. WMC believes that repurchase claims brought based upon representations and warranties made more than six years before WMC was notified of the claim would be disallowed in legal proceedings under applicable statutes of limitations. Subsequent to the end of the third quarter, WMC received additional Litigation Claims of \$864 million and other non-Litigation Claims of \$308 million, all of which are beyond the applicable statute of limitations.

Reserves related to repurchase claims made against WMC were \$588 million at September 30, 2014, reflecting a net decrease to reserves in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 of \$212 million due to settlement activity. The reserve estimate takes into account recent settlement activity that reduced WMC's exposure on certain claims and is based upon WMC's evaluation of the remaining exposures as a percentage of estimated mortgage loan losses within the pool of loans supporting each securitization. Recent settlements reduced WMC's exposure on claims asserted in certain securitizations and the claim amounts reported above give effect to these settlements.

Rollforward of the Reserve

	Three 1	nonths	Nine months		
	ended		ended		
	Septen	nber 30	0 September 30		
(In millions)	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 549	\$ 787	\$ 800	\$ 633	
Provision	40	18	142	172	
Claim resolutions / rescissions	(1)	(5)	(354)	(5)	
Balance, end of period	\$ 588	\$ 800	\$ 588	\$ 800	

Given the significant recent claim and related litigation activity and WMC's continuing efforts to resolve the lawsuits involving claims made against WMC, it is difficult to assess whether future losses will be consistent with WMC's past experience. Adverse changes to WMC's assumptions supporting the reserve may result in an increase to these reserves. Taking into account both recent settlement activity and the potential variability of settlements, WMC

estimates a range of reasonably possible loss from \$0 to approximately \$500 million over its recorded reserve at September 30, 2014. This estimate excludes any possible loss associated with an adverse court decision on the applicable statute of limitations, as WMC is unable at this time to develop such a meaningful estimate.

(11)

At September 30, 2014, there were 14 lawsuits involving claims made against WMC arising from alleged breaches of representations and warranties on mortgage loans included in 13 securitizations. Subsequent to the end of the third quarter, WMC learned of an additional lawsuit filed on October 10, 2014, bringing the total to 15 pending lawsuits on 14 securitizations. The adverse parties in these cases are securitization trustees or parties claiming to act on their behalf. Although the alleged claims for relief vary from case to case, the complaints and counterclaims in these actions generally assert claims for breach of contract, indemnification, and/or declaratory judgment, and seek specific performance (repurchase of defective mortgage loan) and/or money damages. Adverse court decisions, including in cases not involving WMC, could result in new claims and lawsuits on additional loans. However, WMC continues to believe that it has defenses to the claims asserted in litigation, including, for example, based on causation and materiality requirements and applicable statutes of limitations. It is not possible to predict the outcome or impact of these defenses and other factors, any of which could materially affect the amount of any loss ultimately incurred by WMC on these claims.

WMC has also received indemnification demands, nearly all of which are unspecified, from depositors/underwriters/sponsors of RMBS in connection with lawsuits brought by RMBS investors concerning alleged misrepresentations in the securitization offering documents to which WMC is not a party. WMC believes that it has defenses to these demands.

To the extent WMC is required to repurchase loans, WMC's loss also would be affected by several factors, including pay downs, accrued interest and fees, and the value of the underlying collateral. The reserve and estimate of possible loss reflect judgment, based on currently available information, and a number of assumptions, including economic conditions, claim and settlement activity, pending and threatened litigation, court decisions regarding WMC's legal defenses, indemnification demands, government activity, and other variables in the mortgage industry. Actual losses arising from claims against WMC could exceed these amounts and additional claims and lawsuits could result if actual claim rates, governmental actions, litigation and indemnification activity, adverse court decisions, actual settlement rates or losses WMC incurs on repurchased loans differ from its assumptions.

Financial Information for WMC

	Three months	Nine months		
	ended	ended		
	September 30	September 30		
(In millions)	2014 2013	2014 2013		
Total revenues (loss)	\$ (35) \$ (13)	\$ (70) \$ (167)		
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes	\$ (25) \$ (11)	\$ (57) \$ (116)		

Other

In the fourth quarter of 2013, we announced the planned disposition of Consumer Russia and classified the business as discontinued operations. At that time, we recorded a \$170 million loss on the planned disposal. We completed the sale in the first quarter of 2014 for proceeds of \$232 million.

Financial Information for Consumer Russia

Three months Nine months ended ended

	Septer	nber 30	Septer	nber 30
(In millions)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Total revenues (loss)	\$ -	\$ 64	\$ 24	\$ 195
Gain (loss) on disposal, net of taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$4	\$ -
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes		\$ (9)	\$ (1)	\$ (22)
(12)				

In the first quarter of 2013, we announced the planned disposition of CLL Trailer Services and classified the business as discontinued operations. We completed the sale in the fourth quarter of 2013 for proceeds of \$528 million.

Financial Information for CLL Trailer Services

	Three ended		Nine months ended		
		nber 30		nber 30	
(In millions)	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Total revenues (loss)	\$ -	\$ 91	\$ 1	\$ 274	
Gain (loss) on disposal, net of taxes	\$ -	\$ (21)	\$ 12	\$ (118)	
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of taxes	\$ 23	\$ (9)	\$ 34	\$ (19)	

3. INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Substantially all of our investment securities are classified as available-for-sale. These comprise mainly investment-grade debt securities supporting obligations to annuitants, policyholders in our run-off insurance operations and supporting obligations to holders of guaranteed investment contracts (GICs) in Trinity and investments held in our CLL business collateralized by senior secured loans of high-quality, middle-market companies in a variety of industries. We do not have any securities classified as held-to-maturity.

(In millions)	•	er 30, 2014 Gross dunrealized gains	Gross	l Estimated fair value	Amortize	r 31, 2013 Gross dınrealized gains	Gross	d Estimated fair value
Debt								
U.S. corporate	\$ 20,000	\$ 3,524	\$ (99)	\$ 23,425	\$ 19,600	\$ 2,323	\$ (217)	\$ 21,706
State and municipal	5,176	517	(89)	5,604	4,245	235	(191)	4,289
Residential	1 600	155	(25)	1 0 7 0	1 0 1 0	139	(19)	1.010
mortgage-backed(a)	1,698	155	(25)	1,828	1,819	159	(48)	1,910
Commercial mortgage-backed	2,993	181	(40)	3,134	2,929	188	(82)	3,035
Asset-backed	7,767	12	(119)	7,660	7,373	60	(46)	7,387
Corporate – non-U.S.	1,569	175	(44)	1,700	1,741	103	(86)	1,758
Government – non-U.S.	2,250	129	(2)	2,377	2,336	81	(7)	2,410
U.S. government and								
federal agency	579	53	-	632	752	45	(27)	770
Retained interests	25	2	-	27	64	8	-	72
Equity								
Available-for-sale	251	51	(10)	292	203	51	(3)	251
Trading	22	-	-	22	74	-	-	74
Total	\$ 42,330	\$ 4,799	\$ (428)	\$ 46,701	\$ 41,136	\$ 3,233	\$ (707)	\$ 43,662

Substantially collateralized by U.S. mortgages. At September 30, 2014, \$1,218 million related to securities issued

(a) by government-sponsored entities and \$610 million related to securities of private-label issuers. Securities issued by private-label issuers are collateralized primarily by pools of individual direct mortgage loans of financial institutions.

(13)

Estimated Fair Value and Gross Unrealized Losses of Available-for-Sale Investment Securities

	In loss position for Less than 12 months			12 months or more			e			
			G	ross		Gross				
			edr	realized				edi	nrealize	d
(In millions)	fa va	ir 1lue	lo	sses	(a)	fa Va	air alue	lo	osses	(a)
September 30, 2014										
Debt	ф.					ф	1 400		(01)	
U.S. corporate		647	\$	(8)		\$	1,433	\$		
State and municipal		134		(2)			649		(87)	
Residential mortgage-backed		96		(1)			436		(24)	
Commercial mortgage-backed		126		(1)			853		(39)	
Asset-backed		7,172		(86)			274		(33)	
Corporate – non-U.S.		29		-			317		(44)	
Government – non-U.S.		880		(2)			2		-	
U.S. government and federal agency		-		-			7		-	
Retained interests		-		-			-		-	
Equity		86		(10)			-		-	
Total	\$	9,170	\$	(110)		\$	3,971	\$	(318)	(b)
December 31, 2013										
Debt										
U.S. corporate	\$		\$	(122)		\$	598	\$	(95)	
State and municipal		1,076		(82)			367		(109)	
Residential mortgage-backed		232		(11)			430		(37)	
Commercial mortgage-backed		396		(24)			780		(58)	
Asset-backed		112		(2)			359		(44)	
Corporate – non-U.S.		96		(3)			454		(83)	
Government – non-U.S.		1,479		(6)			42		(1)	
U.S. government and federal agency		229		(27)			254		-	
Retained interests		2		-			-		-	
Equity		31		(3)			-		-	
Total	\$	5,823	\$	(280)		\$	3,284	\$	(427)	

(a) Included gross unrealized losses related to securities that had other-than-temporary impairments previously recognized of \$(55) million at September 30, 2014.

(b) The majority relate to debt securities held to support obligations to holders of GICs and more than 70% are debt securities that were considered to be investment-grade by the major rating agencies at September 30, 2014.

We regularly review investment securities for other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI) using both qualitative and quantitative criteria. For debt securities, our qualitative review considers our ability and intent to hold the security and the financial condition of and near-term prospects for the issuer, including whether the issuer is in compliance with the terms and covenants of the security. Our quantitative review considers whether there has been an adverse change in expected future cash flows. Unrealized losses are not indicative of the amount of credit loss that would be recognized and at September 30, 2014 are primarily due to increases in market yields subsequent to our purchase of the securities. We presently do not intend to sell the vast majority of our debt securities that are in an unrealized loss position and

believe that it is not more likely than not that we will be required to sell the vast majority of these securities before anticipated recovery of our amortized cost. The methodologies and significant inputs used to measure the amount of credit loss for our investment securities during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 have not changed. For equity securities, we consider the duration and the severity of the unrealized loss. We believe that the unrealized loss associated with our equity securities will be recovered within the foreseeable future.

Our corporate debt portfolio comprises securities issued by public and private corporations in various industries, primarily in the U.S. Substantially all of our corporate debt securities are rated investment grade by the major rating agencies.

(14)

Our RMBS portfolio is collateralized primarily by pools of individual, direct mortgage loans, of which substantially all are in a senior position in the capital structure of the deals, not other structured products such as collateralized debt obligations. Of the total RMBS held at September 30, 2014, \$1,218 million and \$610 million related to agency and non-agency securities, respectively. Additionally, \$316 million was related to residential subprime credit securities, primarily supporting our guaranteed investment contracts. Substantially all of the subprime exposure is related to securities backed by mortgage loans originated in 2006 and prior. A majority of subprime RMBS have been downgraded to below investment grade and are insured by Monoline insurers (Monolines). We continue to place partial reliance on Monolines with adequate capital and claims paying resources depending on the extent of the Monoline's anticipated ability to cover expected credit losses.

Our commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS) portfolio is collateralized by both diversified pools of mortgages that were originated for securitization (conduit CMBS) and pools of large loans backed by high-quality properties (large loan CMBS), a majority of which were originated in 2007 and prior. The vast majority of the securities in our CMBS portfolio have investment-grade credit ratings.

Our asset-backed securities (ABS) portfolio is collateralized by senior secured loans of high-quality, middle-market companies in a variety of industries, as well as a variety of diversified pools of assets such as student loans and credit cards. The vast majority of the securities in our ABS portfolio are in a senior position in the capital structure of the deals.

Pre-tax, Other-Than-Temporary Impairments on Investment Securities

	Three	Nine
	months	months
	ended	ended
	Septemb	er September
	30	30
(In millions)	2014 20	13 2014 2013
Total pre-tax, OTTI recognized	\$5\$	62 \$ 52 \$ 503
Pre-tax, OTTI recognized in AOCI	-	(6) (4) (36)
Pre-tax, OTTI recognized in earnings(a)	\$ 5 \$	56 \$ 48 \$ 467

Included pre-tax, other-than-temporary impairments recorded in earnings related to equity securities of an insignificant amount and \$13 million in the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$3 (a)million and \$14 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The nine months ended September 30, 2013 included \$96 million related to the impairment of an investment in a Brazilian company that was fully offset by the benefit of a guarantee provided by GE.

Changes in Cumulative Credit Loss Impairments Recognized on Debt Securities Still Held

Three	
months	Nine months
ended	ended
September	September 30
30	

(In millions)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Cumulative credit loss impairments recognized,				
beginning of period	\$ 1,003	\$ 777	\$ 1,025	\$ 420
Credit loss impairments recognized				
on securities not previously impaired	2	-	3	385
Incremental credit loss impairments recognized				
on securities previously impaired	3	42	34	61
Less credit loss impairments previously				
recognized on securities sold during the period	6	52	60	99
Cumulative credit loss impairments recognized, end of period	\$ 1,002	\$ 767	\$ 1,002	2 \$ 767
(15)				

Contractual Maturities of Investment in Available-for-Sale Debt Securities (Excluding Mortgage-Backed and Asset-Backed Securities)

Amortized Estimated (In millions) cost fair value Due Within one year \$ 1,834 \$ 1,840 After one year through five years 3,804 4.146 After five years through ten years 5,294 5,626 After ten years 22,126 18,642

We expect actual maturities to differ from contractual maturities because borrowers have the right to call or prepay certain obligations.

Gross Realized Gains and Losses on Available-for-Sale Investment Securities

	Three	e		
	mont	months		nonths
	ended	ended		
	September		September 30	
	30			
(In millions)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Gains	\$ 42	\$ 34	\$ 104	\$ 219
Losses, including impairments		. ,	. ,	~ /
Net	\$ 34	\$ (26)	\$ 51	\$ (258)

Although we generally do not have the intent to sell any specific securities at the end of the period, in the ordinary course of managing our investment securities portfolio, we may sell securities prior to their maturities for a variety of reasons, including diversification, credit quality, yield and liquidity requirements and the funding of claims and obligations to policyholders. In some of our bank subsidiaries, we maintain a certain level of purchases and sales volume principally of non-U.S. government debt securities. In these situations, fair value approximates carrying value for these securities.

Proceeds from investment securities sales and early redemptions by issuers totaled \$1,688 million and \$2,890 million in the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$4,235 million and \$12,815 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, principally from sales of short-term government securities in our bank subsidiaries and Treasury operations, and redemptions of non-U.S. corporate and asset-backed securities in our CLL business.

We recognized pre-tax gains (losses) on trading securities of an insignificant amount and \$4 million in the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$(4) million and \$45 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

(16)

4. FINANCING RECEIVABLES AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOSSES ON FINANCING RECEIVABLES

(In millions)	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Loans, net of deferred income Investment in financing leases, net of deferred income	25,131	\$ 231,268 26,939 258,207
Allowance for losses Financing receivables – net(a)	(5,170)	(5,178) \$ 253,029

Financing receivables at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 included \$372 million and \$544 million,(a) respectively, relating to loans that had been acquired in a transfer but have been subject to credit deterioration since origination.

Financing Receivables by Portfolio and Allowance for Losses

During the first quarter of 2014, we combined our CLL Europe and CLL Asia portfolios into CLL International and we transferred our CLL Other portfolio to the CLL Americas portfolio. Prior-period amounts were reclassified to conform to the current-period presentation.

(In millions)	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Commercial		
CLL		
Americas	\$ 66,871	\$ 69,036
International	43,268	47,431
Total CLL	110,139	116,467
Energy Financial Services	2,798	3,107
GE Capital Aviation Services (GECAS)	8,449	9,377
Other	134	