

New Mountain Finance Corp  
Form N-2  
June 24, 2014

As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 24, 2014

Securities Act File No. 333-

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

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**Form N-2**

REGISTRATION STATEMENT  
UNDER  
THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933    ý  
Pre-Effective Amendment No.   o  
Post-Effective Amendment No.   o

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**New Mountain Finance Corporation**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor  
New York, NY 10019  
(212) 720-0300

(Address and telephone number, including area code, of principal executive offices)

**Robert A. Hamwee**  
Chief Executive Officer  
New Mountain Finance Corporation  
787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor  
New York, NY 10019

(Name and address of agent for service)

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**COPIES TO:**

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**Approximate date of proposed public offering: From time to time after the effective date of this Registration Statement.**

If any securities being registered on this form will be offered on a delayed or continuous basis in reliance on Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, other than securities offered in connection with a dividend reinvestment plan, check the following box.    ý

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It is proposed that this filing will become effective (check appropriate box):

- when declared effective pursuant to Section 8(c).
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### CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

Title of Securities Being Registered	Amount Being Registered	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price(1)	Amount of Registration Fee
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share(2)(3)			
Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value per share(2)			
Subscription Rights(2)			
Warrants(4)			
Debt Securities(5)			
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share(6)	(7)	(7)	(7)
<b>Total</b>		\$150,000,000(8)	\$19,320

- (1) Estimated pursuant to Rule 457(o) under the Securities Act of 1933 solely for the purpose of determining the registration fee. The proposed maximum offering price per security will be determined, from time to time, by New Mountain Finance Corporation ("NMFC" and the "Registrant") in connection with the sale of the securities registered under this Registration Statement.
- (2) Subject to note 8 below, there is being registered hereunder an indeterminate number of shares of common stock or preferred stock, or subscription rights to purchase shares of the Registrant's common stock as may be sold, from time to time.
- (3) Includes such indeterminate number of shares of the Registrant's common stock as may, from time to time, be issued upon conversion or exchange of other securities registered hereunder, to the extent any such securities are, by their terms, convertible or exchangeable for common stock.
- (4) Subject to note 8 below, there is being registered hereunder an indeterminate number of the Registrant's warrants as may be sold, from time to time, representing rights to purchase common stock, preferred stock or debt securities of the Registrant.
- (5) Subject to note 8 below, there is being registered hereunder an indeterminate number of debt securities of the Registrant as may be sold, from time to time. If any debt securities of the Registrant are issued at an original issue discount, then the offering price shall be in such greater principal amount as shall result in an aggregate price to investors not to exceed \$150,000,000.
- (6) These shares are being registered on behalf of selling stockholders.
- (7) The exact number of shares being registered on behalf of such selling stockholders, and the fee pertaining thereto will be included by pre-effective amendment to this Registration Statement.
- (8) In no event will the aggregate offering price of all securities issued from time to time pursuant to this Registration Statement exceed \$150,000,000.

**The Registrants hereby amend this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrants shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until the Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Securities and Exchange**

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Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

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**The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.**

**SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED                      , 2014**

**PROSPECTUS**

**\$150,000,000**

**New Mountain Finance Corporation**

**Common Stock  
Preferred Stock  
Subscription Rights  
Warrants  
Debt Securities**

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New Mountain Finance Corporation ("NMFC") is a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010. NMFC is a closed end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940. NMFC's investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities.

NMFC may offer, from time to time, in one or more offerings or series, up to \$150,000,000 of common stock, preferred stock, subscription rights to purchase shares of common stock, debt securities or warrants, which we refer to, collectively, as the "securities". The preferred stock, subscription rights, debt securities and warrants offered hereby may be convertible or exchangeable into shares of common stock. The securities may be offered at prices and on terms to be described in one or more supplements to this prospectus.

In the event NMFC offers common stock, the offering price per share of NMFC's common stock less any underwriting discounts or commissions will generally not be less than the net asset value per share of NMFC's common stock at the time we make the offering. However, NMFC may issue shares of its common stock pursuant to this prospectus at a price per share that is less than its net asset value per share (i) in connection with a rights offering to NMFC's existing stockholders, (ii) with the prior approval of the majority of NMFC's common stockholders or (iii) under such other circumstances as the Securities and Exchange Commission may permit.

The securities may be offered directly to one or more purchasers, or through agents designated from time to time by us, or to or through underwriters or dealers. Each prospectus supplement relating to an offering will identify any agents or underwriters involved in the sale of the securities, and will disclose any applicable purchase price, fee, discount or commissions arrangement between us and our agents or underwriters or among our underwriters or the basis upon which such amount may be calculated. See "Plan of Distribution". We may not sell any of the securities through agents, underwriters or dealers without delivery of this prospectus and a prospectus supplement describing the method and terms of the offering of such securities.

In addition, this prospectus relates to [       ] shares of NMFC's common stock that may be sold by the selling stockholders identified under "Selling Stockholders". Sales of NMFC's common stock by the selling stockholders, which may occur at prices below the net asset value per share of NMFC's common stock, may adversely affect the market price of NMFC's common stock and may make it more difficult for NMFC to raise capital.

The selling stockholders identified under "Selling Stockholders" acquired their respective shares of NMFC's common stock either through (i) the concurrent private placement to certain affiliates of NMFC in connection with NMFC's initial public offering or (ii) the formation transactions completed immediately prior to NMFC's initial public offering. Each offering by the selling stockholders of their shares of NMFC's common stock through agents, underwriters or dealers will be accompanied by a prospectus supplement that will identify the selling stockholders that are participating in such offering. NMFC will not receive any proceeds from the sale of shares of NMFC's common stock by any of the selling stockholders.

NMFC's common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "NMFC". On June 23, 2014, the last reported sales price on the New York Stock Exchange for NMFC's common stock was \$14.37 per share. Based on this last reported sales price of NMFC's

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common stock, the aggregate market value of the shares of NMFC's common stock held by the selling stockholders identified under "Selling Stockholders" is approximately \$[ ] million.

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**An investment in NMFC's common stock is very risky and highly speculative. Shares of closed-end investment companies, including business development companies, frequently trade at a discount to their net asset value. In addition, the companies in which NMFC invests are subject to special risks. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 29 to read about factors you should consider, including the risk of leverage, before investing in NMFC's common stock.**

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**Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities, or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.**

**This prospectus may not be used to consummate sales of NMFC's securities unless accompanied by a prospectus supplement.**

Please read this prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplements before investing and keep each for future reference. This prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplements contain important information about NMFC that a prospective investor ought to know before investing in NMFC's securities. NMFC files annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission (<http://www.sec.gov>), which is available free of charge by contacting NMFC by mail at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019 or on our website at <http://www.newmountainfinance.com>.

, 2014

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You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement. We have not authorized any dealer, salesman or other person to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this prospectus or any prospectus supplement to this prospectus. You must not rely upon any information or representation not contained in this prospectus or any such supplements as if we had authorized it. This prospectus and any such supplements do not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of any offer to buy any security other than the registered securities to which they relate, nor do they constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities in any jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation in such jurisdiction. The information contained in this prospectus and any such supplements is accurate as of the dates on their covers. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since then.

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**ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS**

This prospectus is part of a registration statement that we have filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), using the "shelf" registration process. Under the shelf registration process, which constitutes a delayed offering in reliance on Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), NMFC may offer, from time to time, in one or more offerings, up to \$150,000,000 of common stock, preferred stock, subscription rights to purchase shares of common stock, debt securities or warrants, on terms to be determined at the time of the offering. In addition, this prospectus relates to [ ] shares of NMFC's common stock that may be sold by the selling stockholders identified under "Selling Stockholders". The securities may be offered at prices and on terms described in one or more supplements to this prospectus. This prospectus provides you with a general description of the offerings of securities that NMFC may conduct pursuant to this prospectus. Each time NMFC uses this prospectus to offer securities, we will provide a prospectus supplement that will contain specific information about the terms of that offering. A prospectus supplement may also add, update or change information contained in this prospectus.

Please carefully read this prospectus and any such supplements together with any exhibits and the additional information described under "Available Information" and in the "Summary" and "Risk Factors" sections before you make an investment decision.

## PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

*The following summary contains basic information about offerings pursuant to this prospectus. It may not contain all the information that is important to you. For a more complete understanding of offerings pursuant to this prospectus, we encourage you to read this entire prospectus and the documents to which we have referred in this prospectus, together with any accompanying prospectus supplements, including the risks set forth under the caption "Risk Factors" in this prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement and the information set forth under the caption "Available Information" in this prospectus.*

*In this prospectus, unless the context otherwise requires, references to:*

*"NMFC", "we", "us" and "our" refers to New Mountain Finance Corporation, a Delaware corporation, which was incorporated on June 29, 2010, including its wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries;*

*"NMF SLF" refers to New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;*

*"NMF Holdings" refers to New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company. References to NMF Holdings include its wholly-owned subsidiary, NMF SLF, unless the context otherwise requires. References to NMF Holdings exclude NMF SLF when referencing NMF Holdings' common membership units, board of directors, and credit facility or leverage;*

*"Guardian AIV" refers to New Mountain Guardian AIV, L.P.;*

*"AIV Holdings" refers to New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation, a Delaware corporation which was incorporated on March 11, 2011, of which Guardian AIV is the sole stockholder;*

*"Investment Adviser" refers to New Mountain Finance Advisers BDC, L.L.C., our investment adviser;*

*"Administrator" refers to New Mountain Finance Administration, L.L.C., our administrator;*

*"New Mountain Capital" refers to New Mountain Capital Group, L.L.C. and its affiliates;*

*"Predecessor Entities" refers to New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C. and New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P., together with their respective direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries prior to our initial public offering;*

*"Holdings Credit Facility" refers to NMF Holdings' Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated May 19, 2011, as amended;*

*"SLF Credit Facility" refers to NMF SLF's Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated October 27, 2010, as amended; and*

*"Credit Facilities" refers to the Holding Credit Facility and the SLF Credit Facility, collectively*

*For the periods prior to and as of March 31, 2014, all financial information provided in this prospectus reflects our organizational structure prior to the restructuring on May 8, 2014 described under "Description of Restructuring", where NMF Holdings functioned as the operating company.*





## Overview

NMFC is a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010. NMFC is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As such, NMFC is obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. NMFC has elected to be treated, and intends to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, (the "Code"). NMFC is also registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers Act").

NMF Holdings is a Delaware limited liability company. Until May 8, 2014, NMF Holdings was externally managed and was regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. As such, NMF Holdings was obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. NMF Holdings was treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes for so long as it had at least two members. With the completion of the underwritten secondary offering on February 3, 2014, NMF Holdings' existence as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes terminated and NMF Holdings became an entity that is disregarded as a separate entity from its owner for U.S. federal tax purposes. See "Material Federal Income Tax Considerations." For additional information on our organizational structure prior to May 8, 2014, see "Description of Restructuring."

Until May 8, 2014, NMF Holdings was externally managed by the Investment Adviser. As of May 8, 2014, the Investment Adviser now serves as the external investment adviser to NMFC. The Administrator provides the administrative services necessary for operations. The Investment Adviser and Administrator are wholly-owned subsidiaries of New Mountain Capital. New Mountain Capital is a firm with a track record of investing in the middle market and with assets under management (which includes amounts committed, not all of which have been drawn down and invested to date) totaling more than \$12.0 billion as of March 31, 2014, which includes total assets held by NMF Holdings. New Mountain Capital focuses on investing in defensive growth companies across its private equity, public equity, and credit investment vehicles. NMF Holdings, formerly known as New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C., was originally formed as a subsidiary of Guardian AIV by New Mountain Capital in October 2008. Guardian AIV was formed through an allocation of approximately \$300.0 million of the \$5.1 billion of commitments supporting New Mountain Partners III, L.P., a private equity fund managed by New Mountain Capital. In February 2009, New Mountain Capital formed a co-investment vehicle, New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P., comprising \$20.4 million of commitments.

On May 19, 2011, NMFC priced its initial public offering (the "IPO") of 7,272,727 shares of common stock at a public offering price of \$13.75 per share. Concurrently with the closing of the IPO and at the public offering price of \$13.75 per share, NMFC sold an additional 2,172,000 shares of its common stock to certain executives and employees of, and other individuals affiliated with, New Mountain Capital in a concurrent private placement (the "Concurrent Private Placement"). Additionally, 1,252,964 shares were issued to the partners of New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. at that time for their ownership interest in the Predecessor Entities. In connection with NMFC's IPO and through a series of transactions, the NMF Holdings acquired all of the operations of the Predecessor Entities, including all of the assets and liabilities related to such operations.

The diagram below depicts our organizational structure as of June 23, 2014.

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Includes partners of New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P.

Our investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. In some cases, our investments may also include equity interests. The primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance.

As of March 31, 2014, NMF Holdings' net asset value was \$697.1 million and its portfolio had a fair value of approximately \$1,180.2 million in 60 portfolio companies, with a weighted average Yield to Maturity at Cost of approximately 10.9%. This Yield to Maturity at Cost calculation assumes that all investments not on non-accrual are purchased at the adjusted cost on the quarter end date and held until their respective maturities with no prepayments or losses and exited at par at maturity. Adjusted cost reflects the GAAP cost for post-IPO investments and a stepped up cost basis of pre-IPO investments (assuming a step-up to fair market value occurred on the IPO date). This calculation excludes the impact of existing leverage. Yield to Maturity at Cost uses the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") curves at each quarter's end date. The actual yield to maturity may be higher or lower due to the future selection of the LIBOR contracts by the individual companies in our portfolio or other factors.

### Recent Developments

On April 15, 2014, NMFC completed a public offering of 3,500,000 shares of its common stock at a public offering price of \$14.30 per share, which resulted in net proceeds of \$51.0 million, or \$14.57 per share. NMFC's Investment Adviser agreed to pay the underwriting discounts and commissions in connection with this offering and an additional supplemental payment to the underwriters of \$0.9 million, or \$0.27 per share, which reflects the difference between the public offering price and the proceeds per share received by NMFC. In connection with the public offering, the underwriters purchased an additional 525,000 shares of NMFC's common stock with the exercise of the overallotment option to purchase up to an additional 525,000 shares of NMFC's common stock, resulting in additional net proceeds of \$7.6 million. NMFC's Investment Adviser agreed to pay the underwriting discounts and commissions in connection with this exercise of the overallotment option and an additional supplemental payment to the underwriters of \$0.1 million, or \$0.27 per share, which reflects the difference between the public offering price and the proceeds per share received by NMFC in this exercise of the overallotment option.

On April 15, 2014, upon receiving the necessary stockholder consent to authorize the board of directors of AIV Holdings to withdraw AIV Holdings' election to be regulated as a BDC, the notification of withdrawal on Form N-54C was filed and became effective upon receipt by the SEC. In addition, AIV Holdings filed a Form 15 with the SEC to terminate AIV Holdings' registration under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act. After these SEC filings and any other federal or state regulatory or tax filings were made, AIV Holdings proceeded to dissolve under Delaware law by filing a certificate of dissolution in Delaware on April 25, 2014.

On May 6, 2014, NMF Holdings' board of directors, and subsequently NMFC's board of directors, declared a second quarter 2014 distribution of \$0.34 per unit/share payable on June 30, 2014 to holders of record as of June 16, 2014.

On May 6, 2014, at the 2014 joint annual meeting of the stockholders of NMFC and the sole unit holder of NMF Holdings, the stockholders of NMFC and the sole unit holder of NMF Holdings approved a proposal which authorized the board of directors of NMF Holdings to withdraw NMF Holdings' election to be regulated as a BDC. Additionally, the stockholders of NMFC approved an investment advisory and management agreement between NMFC and the Investment Adviser.

On May 6, 2014, NMF Holdings entered into a thirteenth amendment to the Holdings Credit Facility and NMF SLF entered into a thirteenth amendment to the SLF Credit Facility, both of which permit NMF Holdings to withdraw its election to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act and to amend its Operating Agreement such that the NMF Holdings will remain a wholly-owned subsidiary of NMFC with the sole purpose of serving as a special purpose vehicle for the Holdings Credit Facility and SLF Credit Facility.

On May 8, 2014, upon receipt of the necessary stockholder/unit holder approval to authorize the board of directors of NMF Holdings to withdraw NMF Holdings' election to be regulated as a BDC, the notification of withdrawal on Form N-54C was filed and became effective upon receipt by the SEC. In addition, NMF Holdings filed a Form 15 with the SEC to terminate NMF Holdings' registration under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act.

Effective May 8, 2014, NMF Holdings amended and restated its Operating Agreement such that the board of directors of NMF Holdings was dissolved and NMF Holdings remained a wholly-owned subsidiary of NMFC with the sole purpose of serving as a special purpose vehicle for NMF Holdings' existing credit facilities. NMFC assumed all other operating activities previously undertaken by NMF Holdings.

On June 3, 2014, in connection with its previously announced private offering, NMFC issued \$115.0 million of 5.00% senior convertible notes due 2019 (the "Convertible Notes") under an

indenture between NMFC and U.S. Bank National Association. This included \$15.0 million of notes that were issued pursuant to the full exercise of the option granted to the initial purchasers to purchase additional notes. The Convertible Notes will mature on June 15, 2019, unless previously converted in accordance with their terms. The Convertible Notes will be our general, unsecured obligations and will rank equal in right of payment with all of our existing and future senior, unsecured indebtedness and senior in right of payment to any of our subordinated indebtedness. As a result, the Convertible Notes will be effectively subordinated to our existing and future secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness and structurally subordinated to any existing and future liabilities and other indebtedness of our subsidiaries. The interest rate on the Convertible Notes is 5.00% per year, payable semiannually in arrears on June 15 and December 15 of each year, commencing December 15, 2014. As described in the Indenture, holders may convert their Notes at any time on or prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the maturity date at an initial conversion rate of 62.7746 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of Convertible Notes (equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$15.93 per share). The conversion rate will be subject to adjustment in certain events.

On June 4, 2014, NMFC entered into a \$50.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility maturing June 4, 2019, provided by Goldman Sachs Bank USA and a related guarantee and security agreement. Amounts drawn from the facility will generally bear interest at either LIBOR plus 2.50% or the prime rate plus 1.50%.

### **The Investment Adviser**

The Investment Adviser, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, manages our day-to-day operations and provides us with investment advisory and management services. In particular, the Investment Adviser is responsible for identifying attractive investment opportunities, conducting research and due diligence on prospective investments, structuring our investments and monitoring and servicing our investments. We currently do not have, and do not intend to have, any employees. As of March 31, 2014, the Investment Adviser was supported by approximately 100 staff members of New Mountain Capital, including approximately 60 investment professionals.

The Investment Adviser is managed by a five member investment committee (the "Investment Committee"), which is responsible for approving purchases and sales of our investments above \$5.0 million in aggregate by issuer. The Investment Committee currently consists of Steven B. Klinsky, Robert A. Hamwee, Adam Collins, Douglas Londal and John Kline. In addition, the executive officers and certain investment professionals are invited to all Investment Committee meetings. The Investment Committee is responsible for approving all of our investment purchases above \$5.0 million. The Investment Committee also approves all asset dispositions above \$5.0 million. Purchases and dispositions below \$5.0 million may be approved by our Chief Executive Officer. These approval thresholds are subject to change over time. We expect to benefit from the extensive and varied relevant experience of the investment professionals serving on the Investment Committee, which includes expertise in private equity, primary and secondary leveraged credit, private mezzanine finance and distressed debt.

### **Competitive Advantages**

We believe that we have the following competitive advantages over other capital providers to middle market companies:

#### ***Proven and Differentiated Investment Style With Areas of Deep Industry Knowledge***

In making its investment decisions, the Investment Adviser applies New Mountain Capital's long-standing, consistent investment approach that has been in place since its founding more than

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10 years ago. We focus on companies in less well followed defensive growth niches of the middle market space where we believe few debt funds have built equivalent research and operational size and scale.

We benefit directly from New Mountain Capital's private equity investment strategy that seeks to identify attractive investment sectors from the top down and then works to become a well positioned investor in these sectors. New Mountain Capital focuses on companies and industries with sustainable strengths in all economic cycles, particularly ones that are defensive in nature, that are non-cyclical and can maintain pricing power in the midst of a recessionary and/or inflationary environment. New Mountain Capital focuses on companies within sectors in which it has significant expertise (examples include federal services, software, education, niche healthcare, business services, energy and distribution and logistics) while typically avoiding investments in companies with products or services that serve markets that are highly cyclical, have the potential for long-term decline, are overly-dependent on consumer demand or are commodity-like in nature.

In making its investment decisions, the Investment Adviser has adopted the approach of New Mountain Capital, which is based on three primary investment principles:

1. A generalist approach, combined with proactive pursuit of the highest quality opportunities within carefully selected industries, identified via an intensive and structured ongoing research process;
2. Emphasis on strong downside protection and strict risk controls; and
3. Continued search for superior risk adjusted returns, combined with timely, intelligent exits and outstanding return performance.

### ***Experienced Management Team and Established Platform***

The Investment Adviser's team members have extensive experience in the leveraged lending space. Steven B. Klinsky, New Mountain Capital's Founder, Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director and Chairman of our board of directors, was a general partner of Forstmann Little & Co., a manager of debt and equity funds totaling multiple billions of dollars in the 1980s and 1990s. He was also a co-founder of Goldman, Sachs & Co.'s Leverage Buyout Group in the period from 1981 to 1984. Robert A. Hamwee, our Chief Executive Officer and President and Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, was formerly President of GSC Group, Inc. ("GSC"), where he was the portfolio manager of GSC's distressed debt funds and led the development of GSC's CLOs. Douglas Lodal, President, Chief Operating Officer and Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, was previously co-head of Goldman, Sachs & Co.'s United States ("U.S.") mezzanine debt team. John Kline, our Chief Operating Officer and Executive Vice President and Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, worked at GSC as an investment analyst and trader for GSC's control distressed and corporate credit funds and at Goldman, Sachs & Co. in the Credit Risk Management and Advisory Group.

Many of the debt investments that we have made to date have been in the same companies with which New Mountain Capital has already conducted months of intensive acquisition due diligence related to potential private equity investments. We believe that private equity underwriting due diligence is usually more robust than typical due diligence for loan underwriting. In its underwriting of debt investments, the Investment Adviser is able to utilize the research and hands-on operating experience that New Mountain Capital's private equity underwriting teams possess regarding the individual companies and industries. Business and industry due diligence is led by a team of investment professionals of the Investment Adviser that generally consists of three to seven individuals, typically based on their relevant company and/or industry specific knowledge. Additionally, the Investment Adviser is also able to utilize its relationships with operating management teams and other private equity sponsors. We believe this differentiates us from many of our competitors.

***Significant Sourcing Capabilities and Relationships***

We believe the Investment Adviser's ability to source attractive investment opportunities is greatly aided by both New Mountain Capital's historical and current reviews of private equity opportunities in the business segments we target. To date, a significant majority of the investments that we have made are in the debt of companies and industry sectors that were first identified and reviewed in connection with New Mountain Capital's private equity efforts, and the majority of our current pipeline reflects this as well. Furthermore, the Investment Adviser's investment professionals have deep and longstanding relationships in both the private equity sponsor community and the lending/agency community which they have and will continue to utilize to generate investment opportunities.

***Risk Management through Various Cycles***

New Mountain Capital has emphasized tight control of risk since its inception and long before the recent global financial distress began. To date, New Mountain Capital has never experienced a bankruptcy of any of its portfolio companies in its private equity efforts or with respect to the Predecessor Entities' business. The Investment Adviser seeks to emphasize tight control of risk with our investments in several important ways, consistent with New Mountain Capital's historical approach. In particular, the Investment Adviser:

Emphasizes the origination or purchase of debt in what the Investment Adviser believes are defensive growth companies, which are less likely to be dependent on macro-economic cycles;

Targets investments in companies that are preeminent market leaders in their own industries, and when possible, investments in companies that have strong management teams whose skills are difficult for competitors to acquire or reproduce; and

Emphasizes capital structure seniority in the Investment Adviser's underwriting process.

***Access to Non Mark to Market, Seasoned Leverage Facilities***

The amounts available under the Credit Facilities are generally not subject to reduction as a result of mark to market fluctuations in our portfolio investments. For a detailed discussion of the Credit Facilities, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations Liquidity and Capital Resources".

**Market Opportunity**

We believe that the size of the market for investments that we target, coupled with the demands of middle market companies for flexible sources of capital at competitive terms and rates, create an attractive investment environment for us.

*The leverage finance market has a high level of financing needs over the next several years due to significant bank debt maturities.* We believe that the large dollar volume of loans that need to be refinanced will present attractive opportunities to invest capital in a manner consistent with our stated objectives.

*Middle market companies continue to face difficulties in accessing the capital markets.* We believe opportunities to serve the middle market will continue to exist. While many middle market companies were formerly able to raise funds by issuing high-yield bonds, we believe this approach to financing has become more difficult in recent years as institutional investors have sought to invest in larger, more liquid offerings.

*Consolidation among commercial banks has reduced the focus on middle market lending.* We believe that many traditional bank lenders to middle market businesses have either exited or de-emphasized their service and product offerings in the middle market. These traditional





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lenders have instead focused on lending and providing other services to large corporate clients. We believe this has resulted in fewer key players and the reduced availability of debt capital to the companies we target.

*Attractive pricing.* Reduced access to, and availability of, debt capital typically increases the interest rates, or pricing, of loans for middle market lenders. Recent primary debt transactions in this market often include upfront fees, prepayment protections and, in some cases, warrants to purchase common stock, all of which should enhance the profitability of new loans to lenders.

*Conservative deal structures.* As a result of the credit crisis, many lenders are requiring larger equity contributions from financial sponsors. Larger equity contributions create an enhanced margin of safety for lenders because leverage is a lower percentage of the implied enterprise value of the company.

*Large pool of uninvested private equity capital available for new buyouts.* We expect that private equity firms will continue to pursue acquisitions and will seek to leverage their equity investments with mezzanine loans and/or senior loans (including traditional first and second lien, as well as unitranche loans) provided by companies such as ours.

### Operating and Regulatory Structure

NMFC is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act and is required to maintain an asset coverage ratio, as defined in the 1940 Act, of at least 200.0%. NMFC includes the assets and liabilities of its consolidated subsidiaries for purposes of satisfying the requirements under the 1940 Act. See "Regulation" in this prospectus. NMF Holdings and NMF SLF have long term liabilities related to the Credit Facilities.

NMFC has elected to be treated, and intends to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. See "Material Federal Income Tax Considerations" in this prospectus. As a RIC, NMFC generally will not have to pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary income or capital gains that it timely distributes to its stockholders as dividends if it meets certain source-of-income, distribution and asset diversification requirements. NMFC intends to distribute to its stockholders substantially all of its annual taxable income.

### Risks

An investment in our securities involves risk, including the risk of leverage and the risk that our operating policies and strategies may change without prior notice to NMFC stockholders or prior stockholder approval. See "Risk Factors" and the other information included in this prospectus for a discussion of factors you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in our securities. The value of our assets, as well as the market price of our securities, will fluctuate. Our investments may be risky, and you may lose all or part of your investment in NMFC. Investing in NMFC involves other risks, including the following:

We may suffer credit losses.

We do not expect to replicate the Predecessor Entities' historical performance or the historical performance of other entities managed or supported by New Mountain Capital.

There is uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments because most of our investments are, and may continue to be in private companies and recorded at fair value.

Our ability to achieve our investment objective depends on key investment personnel of the Investment Adviser. If the Investment Adviser were to lose any of its key investment personnel, our ability to achieve our investment objective could be significantly harmed.



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The Investment Adviser has limited experience managing a BDC or a RIC, which could adversely affect our business.

We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities and may not be able to compete effectively.

Our business, results of operations and financial condition depends on our ability to manage future growth effectively.

We borrow money, which could magnify the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us and increase the risk of investing in us.

Changes in interest rates may affect our cost of capital and net investment income.

Regulations governing the operations of BDCs will affect our ability to raise additional equity capital as well as our ability to issue senior securities or borrow for investment purposes, any or all of which could have a negative effect on our investment objectives and strategies.

We may experience fluctuations in our annual and quarterly results due to the nature of our business.

Our board of directors may change our investment objective, operating policies and strategies without prior notice or member approval, the effects of which may be adverse to your interests.

We will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on all of our income if we are unable to maintain RIC status under Subchapter M of the Code, which would have a material adverse effect on our financial performance.

We may not be able to pay distributions on our common stock, our distributions may not grow over time and a portion of our distributions to you may be a return of capital for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Our investments in portfolio companies may be risky, and we could lose all or part of any of our investments.

The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business.

Economic recessions or downturns could impair our portfolio companies and harm our operating results.

The market price of NMFC's common stock may fluctuate significantly.

Sales of substantial amounts of NMFC's common stock in the public market may have an adverse effect on the market price of its common stock.

### **Company Information**

Our administrative and executive offices are located at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019, and our telephone number is (212) 720-0300. We maintain a website at <http://www.newmountainfinance.com>. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus, and you should not consider information contained on our website to be part of this prospectus.



**Presentation of Historical Financial Information and Market Data**

***Historical Financial Information***

Unless otherwise indicated, historical references contained in this prospectus in "Selected Financial and Other Data," "Selected Quarterly Data," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," "Senior Securities" and "Portfolio Companies" relate to NMF Holdings. The consolidated financial statements of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., formerly known as New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C., and New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. are NMF Holdings' historical consolidated financial statements.

***Market Data***

Statistical and market data used in this prospectus has been obtained from governmental and independent industry sources and publications. We have not independently verified the data obtained from these sources, and we cannot assure you of the accuracy or completeness of the data. Forward-looking information obtained from these sources is subject to the same qualifications and the additional uncertainties regarding the other forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus. See "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements".

## THE OFFERING

NMFC may offer, from time to time, up to \$150,000,000 of common stock, preferred stock, subscription rights to purchase shares of common stock, debt securities or warrants, on terms to be determined at the time of each offering. We will offer our securities at prices and on terms to be set forth in one or more supplements to this prospectus. The offering price per share of our securities, less any underwriting commissions or discounts, generally will not be less than the net asset value per share of our securities at the time of an offering. However, we may issue securities pursuant to this prospectus at a price per share that is less than NMFC's net asset value per share (i) in connection with a rights offering to NMFC's existing stockholders, (ii) with the prior approval of the majority of NMFC's common stockholders or (iii) under such other circumstances as the SEC may permit. Any such issuance of shares of NMFC's common stock below net asset value may be dilutive to the net asset value of NMFC's common stock. See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Offerings Pursuant to this Prospectus". In addition, this prospectus relates to [ ] shares of NMFC's common stock that may be sold by the selling stockholders identified under "Selling Stockholders". Sales of NMFC's common stock by the selling stockholders, which may occur at prices below the net asset value per share of NMFC's common stock, may adversely affect the market price of NMFC's common stock and may make it more difficult for NMFC to raise capital.

NMFC's securities may be offered directly to one or more purchasers, or through agents designated from time to time by us, or to or through underwriters or dealers. The prospectus supplement relating to an offering will identify any agents or underwriters involved in the sale of our securities, and will disclose any applicable purchase price, fee, commission or discount arrangement between us and our agents or underwriters or among our underwriters or the basis upon which such amount may be calculated. See "Plan of Distribution". We may not sell any of our securities through agents, underwriters or dealers without delivery of this prospectus and a prospectus supplement describing the method and terms of the offering of securities.

Set forth below is additional information regarding offerings of securities pursuant to this prospectus:

### Use of Proceeds

Unless otherwise specified in a prospectus supplement, we intend to use the net proceeds from the sale of our securities for new investments in portfolio companies in accordance with our investment objective and strategies described in this prospectus, to temporarily repay indebtedness (which will be subject to reborrowing), to pay our operating expenses and distributions to our stockholders and for general corporate purposes, and other working capital needs. Proceeds not immediately used for new investments or the temporary repayment of debt will be invested in cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high-quality investments that mature in one year or less from the date of the investment. These securities may have lower yields than the types of investments we would typically make in accordance with our investment objective and, accordingly, may result in lower distributions, if any during such period. Each supplement to this prospectus relating to an offering will more fully identify the use of the proceeds from such offering. See "Use of Proceeds".

New York Stock Exchange Symbol  
Investment Advisory Fees

We will not receive any proceeds from any sale of common stock by the selling stockholders identified under "Selling Stockholders".

"NMFC"

We pay the Investment Adviser a fee for its services under an investment advisory and management agreement (the "Investment Management Agreement") consisting of two components a base management fee and an incentive fee. The base management fee is calculated at an annual rate of 1.75% of our gross assets less (i) the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility and (ii) cash and cash equivalents. The base management fee is payable quarterly in arrears, and is calculated based on the average value of our gross assets, borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility, and cash and cash equivalents at the end of each of the two most recently completed calendar quarters, and appropriately adjusted on a pro rata basis for any equity capital raises or repurchases during the current calendar quarter. The incentive fee consists of two parts. The first part is calculated and payable quarterly in arrears and equals 20.0% of our "Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income" for the immediately preceding quarter, subject to a "preferred return", or "hurdle", and a "catch-up" feature each as described in the Investment Management Agreement. The second part will be determined and payable in arrears as of the end of each calendar year (or upon termination of the Investment Management Agreement) and will equal 20.0% of our "Adjusted Realized Capital Gains", if any, on a cumulative basis from inception through the end of the year, computed net of all "Adjusted Realized Capital Losses" and "Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation" on a cumulative basis, less the aggregate amount of any previously paid capital gain incentive fee each as described in the Investment Management Agreement. See "Investment Management Agreement".

Administrator

The Administrator serves as the administrator for us and arranges office space for us and provides us with office equipment and administrative services. The Administrator performs, or oversees the performance of, our financial records, prepares reports to our stockholders and reports filed by us with the SEC, monitors the payment of our expenses, and oversees the performance of administrative and professional services rendered to us by others. We reimburse the Administrator for our allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by the Administrator in performing its obligations to us under an administration agreement, as amended and restated (the "Administration Agreement"). See "Administration Agreement".

Distributions	<p>We intend to pay quarterly distributions to our stockholders out of assets legally available for distribution. The quarterly distributions, if any, will be determined by our board of directors. The distributions we pay to our stockholders in a year may exceed our taxable income for that year and, accordingly, a portion of such distributions may constitute a return of capital for U.S. federal income tax purposes. The specific tax characteristics of our distributions will be reported to stockholders after the end of the calendar year. See "Price Range of Common Stock and Distributions".</p>
Taxation of NMFC	<p>We have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. As a RIC, we generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary income or capital gains that is timely distributed to our stockholders as dividends. To maintain our RIC status, we must meet specified source-of-income and asset diversification requirements and distribute annually to our stockholders at least 90.0% of its net ordinary income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses, if any. See "Price Range of Common Stock and Distributions" and "Material Federal Income Tax Considerations".</p>
Dividend Reinvestment Plan	<p>We have adopted an "opt out" dividend reinvestment plan for our stockholders. As a result, if we declare a distribution, then your cash distributions will be automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, unless you specifically "opt out" of the dividend reinvestment plan so as to receive cash distributions. Stockholders who receive distributions in the form of stock will be subject to the same U.S. federal income tax consequences as stockholders who elect to receive their distributions in cash. Cash distributions reinvested in additional shares of our common stock will be automatically reinvested by us in additional shares of our common stock. We will use only newly issued shares to implement the plan if the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited is equal to or greater than 110.0% of the last determined net asset value of our shares. We reserve the right to purchase shares of our common stock in the open market in connection with our implementation of the plan if the price at which its newly issued shares are to be credited does not exceed 110.0% of the last determined net asset value of the shares. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan".</p>



Trading at a Discount	Shares of closed-end investment companies frequently trade at a discount to their net asset value. The possibility that our common stock may trade at a discount to its net asset value per share is separate and distinct from the risk that its net asset value per share may decline. We cannot predict whether our common stock will trade above, at or below net asset value.
License Agreement	We have entered into a royalty-free license agreement with New Mountain Capital, pursuant to which New Mountain Capital has agreed to grant us a non-exclusive license to use the names "New Mountain" and "New Mountain Finance". See "License Agreement".
Leverage	We expect to continue to use leverage to make investments. As a result, we may continue to be exposed to the risks of leverage, which include that leverage may be considered a speculative investment technique. The use of leverage magnifies the potential for gain and loss on amounts we invest and therefore, indirectly, increases the risks associated with investing in shares of our common stock. See "Risk Factors".
Anti-Takeover Provisions	Our board of directors is divided into three classes of directors serving staggered three-year terms. This structure is intended to provide us with a greater likelihood of continuity of management, which may be necessary for us to realize the full value of our investments. A staggered board of directors also may serve to deter hostile takeovers or proxy contests, as may certain other measures that we may adopt. These measures may delay, defer or prevent a transaction or a change in control that might otherwise be in the best interests of our stockholders. See "Description of Our Capital Stock - Delaware Law and Certain Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaw Provisions; Anti-Takeover Measures".
Available Information	We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2 together with all amendments and related exhibits under the Securities Act. The registration statement contains additional information about us and the shares of common stock being offered by this prospectus.

We are required to file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). This information is available at the SEC's public reference room at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, District of Columbia 20549 and on the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>. The public may obtain information on the operation of the SEC's public reference room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. This information is also available free of charge by contacting us at New Mountain Finance Corporation, 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019, by telephone at (212) 720-0300, or on our website at <http://www.newmountainfinance.com>. Information contained on our website or on the SEC's web site about us is not incorporated into this prospectus and you should not consider information contained on our website or on the SEC's website to be part of this prospectus.

**FEES AND EXPENSES**

The following table is intended to assist you in understanding the costs and expenses that you will bear directly or indirectly. We caution you that some of the percentages indicated in the table below are estimates and may vary. Except where the context suggests otherwise, whenever this prospectus contains a reference to fees or expenses paid by "you", "NMFC", or "us" or that "we" or "NMFC" will pay fees or expenses, NMFC will pay such fees and expenses out of our net assets and, consequently, you will indirectly bear such fees or expenses as an investor in NMFC. However, you will not be required to deliver any money or otherwise bear personal liability or responsibility for such fees or expenses.

<b>Stockholder transaction expenses:</b>	
Sales load (as a percentage of offering price)	N/A(1)
Offering expenses borne by us (as a percentage of offering price)	N/A(2)
Dividend reinvestment plan fees	N/A(3)
<b>Total stockholder transaction expenses (as a percentage of offering price)</b>	<b>%</b>
<b>Annual expenses (as a percentage of net assets attributable to common stock):</b>	
Base management fees	2.4%(4)
Incentive fees payable under the Investment Management Agreement	3.2%(5)
Interest payments on borrowed funds	2.5%(6)
Other expenses	1.0%(7)
<b>Total annual expenses</b>	<b>9.1%(8)</b>

**Example**

The following example demonstrates the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses that would be incurred over various periods with respect to a hypothetical investment in our common stock. In calculating the following expense amounts, we have assumed that our borrowings and annual operating expenses would remain at the levels set forth in the table above. In the event that shares to which this prospectus relates are sold to or through underwriters, a corresponding prospectus supplement will restate this example to reflect the applicable sales load and offering expenses. See Note 6 below for additional information regarding certain assumptions regarding our level of leverage.

	<b>1 Year</b>	<b>3 Years</b>	<b>5 Years</b>	<b>10 Years</b>
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment, assuming a 5.0% annual return	\$ 59	\$ 175	\$ 288	\$ 559

**The example and the expenses in the tables above should not be considered a representation of future expenses, and actual expenses may be greater or less than those shown.**

While the example assumes, as required by the applicable rules of the SEC, a 5.0% annual return, our performance will vary and may result in a return greater or less than 5.0%. The incentive fee under the Investment Management Agreement, which, assuming a 5.0% annual return, would either not be payable or would have an insignificant impact on the expense amounts shown above, is not included in the above example. The above illustration assumes that we will not realize any capital gains (computed net of all realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation) in any of the indicated time periods. If we achieve sufficient returns on our investments, including through the realization of capital gains, to trigger an incentive fee of a material amount, our expenses and returns to our investors would be higher. For example, if we assumed that we received our 5.0% annual return completely in the form of net realized capital gains on our investments, computed net of all cumulative unrealized depreciation

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on our investments, the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses set forth in the above illustration would be as follows:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment, assuming a 5.0% annual return	\$ 68	\$ 201	\$ 328	\$ 622

The example assumes no sales load. In addition, while the examples assume reinvestment of all distributions at net asset value, participants in our dividend reinvestment plan will receive a number of shares of our common stock determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to a participant by the market price per share of our common stock at the close of trading on the dividend payment date. The market price per share of our common stock may be at, above or below net asset value. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan" for additional information regarding the dividend reinvestment plan.

- (1) In the event that the shares to which this prospectus relates are sold to or through underwriters, a corresponding prospectus supplement will disclose the applicable sales load.
- (2) The prospectus supplement corresponding to each offering, including each underwritten offering by any of the selling stockholders identified under "Selling Stockholders", will disclose the applicable estimated amount of offering expenses of the offering and the offering expenses borne by us as a percentage of the offering price.
- (3) The de minimus expenses of the dividend reinvestment plan are included in "other expenses."
- (4) The base management fee under the Investment Management Agreement is based on an annual rate of 1.75% of our average gross assets for the two most recent quarters less (i) the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility and (ii) cash and cash equivalents. The base management fees reflected in the table above is based on the three months ended March 31, 2014, adjusted to reflect the public offering of 4,025,000 shares of NMFC's common stock on April 15, 2014, as a result of which we received approximately \$58.6 million of net proceeds exclusive of offering expenses. See "Investment Management Agreement."
- (5) Assumes that annual incentive fees earned by the Investment Adviser remain consistent with the incentive fees earned by the Investment Adviser during the three months ended March 31, 2014, adjusted to reflect the public offering of 4,025,000 shares of NMFC's common stock on April 15, 2014, as a result of which we received approximately \$58.6 million of net proceeds exclusive of offering expenses, and includes accrued capital gains incentive fee. These accrued capital gains incentive fees would be paid by us if we ceased operations on March 31, 2014 and liquidated our investments at the March 31, 2014 valuation. As we cannot predict whether we will meet the thresholds for incentive fees under the Investment Management Agreement, the incentive fees paid in subsequent periods, if any, may be substantially different than the fees incurred during the three months ended March 31, 2014. For more detailed information about the incentive fee calculations, see the "Investment Management Agreement" section of this prospectus.
- (6) We may borrow funds from time to time to make investments to the extent we determine that additional capital would allow us to take advantage of additional investment opportunities or if the economic situation is otherwise conducive to doing so. The costs associated with these borrowings are indirectly borne by our stockholders. As of March 31, 2014, NMF Holdings had \$271.8 million and \$215.0 million of indebtedness outstanding under the Holdings Credit Facility and the SLF Credit Facility, respectively. For purposes of this calculation, we have assumed the March 31, 2014 amounts outstanding under the Credit Facilities, and have computed interest expense using an assumed interest rate of 2.9% for the Holdings Credit Facility and 2.2% for the SLF Credit Facility, which were the rates payable as of March 31, 2014, adjusted to reflect the public offering

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of 4,025,000 shares of NMFC's common stock on April 15, 2014, as a result of which we received approximately \$58.6 million of net proceeds exclusive of offering expenses. See "Senior Securities" in this prospectus. On June 3, 2014, NMFC issued \$115.0 million of Convertible Notes, which will mature on June 15, 2019, unless previously converted in accordance with their terms. The interest rate on the Convertible Notes is 5.00% per year, payable semiannually in arrears on June 15 and December 15 of each year, commencing December 15, 2014. In addition, on June 4, 2014, NMFC entered into a \$50.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility maturing June 4, 2019, provided by Goldman Sachs Bank USA. For purposes of this calculation, we have assumed \$25.0 million to be outstanding and have computed interest expense using an assumed interest rate of 2.7%.

(7)

"Other expenses" include our overhead expenses, including payments by us under the Administration Agreement based on the allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by the Administrator in performing its obligations to us under the Administration Agreement, adjusted to reflect the public offering of 4,025,000 shares of NMFC's common stock on April 15, 2014, as a result of which we received approximately \$58.6 million of net proceeds exclusive of offering expenses. Pursuant to the Administration Agreement, and further restricted by us, expenses payable to the Administrator by us as well as other direct and indirect expenses (excluding interest, other credit facility expenses, trading expenses and management and incentive fees) have been capped at \$3.5 million for the time period from April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013 and capped at \$4.25 million for the time period from April 1, 2013 to March 31, 2014. This expense ratio does not include any expense cap. The expense cap expired on March 31, 2014. Thereafter, the Administrator may, in its own discretion, submit to us for reimbursement some or all of the expenses that the Administrator has incurred on our behalf during any quarterly period. As a result, the amount of expenses for which we will have to reimburse the Administrator may fluctuate in future quarterly periods and there can be no assurance given as to when, or if, the Administrator may determine to limit the expenses that the Administrator submits to us for reimbursement in the future. However, it is expected that the Administrator will continue to support part of our expense burden in the near future. See "Administration Agreement."

(8)

The holders of shares of our common stock indirectly bear the cost associated with our annual expenses.

## SELECTED FINANCIAL AND OTHER DATA

The selected financial data should be read in conjunction with the respective financial statements and related combined notes thereto and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in this prospectus. Financial information for the years ended December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012, December 31, 2011, December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009 has been derived from our financial statements that were audited by Deloitte & Touche, LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm. The financial information at and for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was derived from our unaudited financial statements and related combined notes. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring accruals, considered necessary for the fair presentation of financial statements for the interim periods, have been included. Our results for the interim periods may not be indicative of our results for any future interim period or the full year. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Senior Securities" in this prospectus for more information.

The below selected financial and other data is for NMF Holdings.

(in thousands except units and per unit data)

New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	Three months ended		Years ended December 31,			
	March 31, 2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
<b>Statement of Operations Data:</b>						
Total investment income	\$ 30,918	\$ 114,912	\$ 85,786	\$ 56,523	\$ 41,375	\$ 21,767
Net expenses	14,633	51,235	40,569	17,998	3,911	1,359
Net investment income	16,285	63,677	45,217	38,525	37,464	20,408
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	7,594	15,247	28,779	(6,848)	26,328	105,272
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	23,879	78,924	73,996	31,677	63,792	125,680
<b>Per unit data:</b>						
Net asset value	\$ 14.53	\$ 14.38	\$ 14.06	\$ 13.60	N/A	N/A
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations (basic and diluted)	0.50	1.79	2.18	1.02	N/A	N/A
Dividends declared(1)	0.34	1.48	1.71	0.86	N/A	N/A
<b>Balance sheet data:</b>						
Total assets	\$ 1,219,404	\$ 1,147,841	\$ 1,025,564	\$ 730,579	\$ 460,224	\$ 330,558
Holdings Credit Facility	271,825	221,849	206,938	129,038	59,697	77,745
SLF Credit Facility	215,000	214,668	214,262	165,928	56,936	
Total net assets	697,148	688,516	569,939	420,502	241,927	239,441
<b>Other data:</b>						
Total return at net asset value(2)	3.47%	13.27%	16.61%	10.09%	26.54%	76.38%
Number of portfolio companies at period end	60	59	63	55	43	24
Total new investments for the period	\$ 158,682	\$ 529,307	\$ 673,218	\$ 493,331	\$ 332,708	\$ 268,382
Investment sales and repayments for the period	\$ 102,436	\$ 426,561	\$ 423,874	\$ 231,962	\$ 258,202	\$ 125,430
Weighted average Yield to Maturity at Cost on debt portfolio at period end (unaudited)(3)	10.9%	11.0%	10.3%	10.7%		
Weighted average Yield to Maturity on debt portfolio at period end (unaudited)(4)		10.6%	10.1%	10.7%	(5)	(5)
Weighted average Adjusted Yield to Maturity on debt portfolio at period end (unaudited)	(6)	(6)	(6)	13.1%	12.5%	12.7%
Weighted average common membership units outstanding for the period	47,897,485	44,021,920	34,011,738	30,919,629(7)	N/A	N/A
Portfolio turnover	8.77%	40.52%	52.02%	42.13%	76.69%	57.50%

N/A Fund was not unitized as of December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009.

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- (1) Dividends declared in the year ended December 31, 2013 include a \$0.12 per unit special dividend related to a distribution received attributable to NMF Holdings' investment in YP Equity Investors LLC. Dividends declared in the year ended December 31, 2012 include a \$0.23 per unit special dividend related to estimated realized capital gains attributable to NMF Holdings' investments in Lawson Software, Inc. and Infor Lux Bond Company and a \$0.14 per unit special dividend intended to minimize to the greatest extent possible NMFC's U.S. federal income or excise tax liability. Actual cash payments on the dividends declared to AIV Holdings only, for the quarters ended March 31, 2012, June 30, 2012, December 31, 2012 and March 31, 2013, were made on April 4, 2012, July 9, 2012, January 7, 2013 and April 5, 2013 respectively.
- (2) For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and the years ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, total return is calculated assuming a purchase at net asset value on the opening of the first day of the year and a sale at net asset value on the last day of the respective period ends. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of this calculation, to be reinvested at the net asset value on the last day of the respective quarter. For the year ended December 31, 2011, total return is calculated in two parts: (1) from the opening of the first day of the year to NMFC's IPO date, total return is calculated based on net income over weighted average net assets and (2) from NMFC's IPO date to the last day of the year, total return is calculated assuming a purchase at net asset value on NMFC's IPO date and a sale at net asset value on the last day of the year. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of this calculation, to be reinvested at the net asset value on the last day of the respective quarter. For the years ended December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, total return is the ratio of net income compared to capital, adjusted for capital contributions and distributions.
- (3) The weighted average Yield to Maturity at Cost calculation assumes that all investments not on non-accrual are purchased at the adjusted cost on the respective period ends and held until their respective maturities with no prepayments or losses and exited at par at maturity. Adjusted cost reflects the GAAP cost for post-IPO investments and a stepped up cost basis of pre-IPO investments (assuming a step-up to fair market value occurred on the IPO date). The weighted average Yield to Maturity at Cost was not calculated prior to NMFC's IPO.
- (4) The weighted average Yield to Maturity calculation assumes that all investments not on non-accrual are purchased at fair value on the respective period ends and held until their respective maturities with no prepayments or losses and exited at par at maturity. The weighted average Yield to Maturity was not calculated subsequent to December 31, 2013.
- (5) Prior to NMFC's IPO, for yield calculation purposes, NMF SLF was treated as a fully levered asset of NMF Holdings with NMF SLF's net asset value being included in the yield to maturity calculations. Since NMF SLF is consolidated in accordance with GAAP, at the time of the IPO, NMF Holdings began using the weighted average Yield to Maturity concept instead of the "Adjusted Yield to Maturity" concept for yield calculation purposes.
- (6) "Adjusted Yield to Maturity" assumes that the investments in NMF Holdings' portfolio are purchased at fair value on the respective period ends and held until their respective maturities with no prepayments or losses and exited at par at maturity. This calculation excludes the impact of existing leverage, except for the non-recourse debt of NMF SLF. NMF SLF is treated as a fully levered asset of NMF Holdings, with NMF SLF's net asset value being included for yield calculation purposes.
- (7) Weighted average common membership units outstanding presented from May 19, 2011 to December 31, 2011, as the fund became unitized on May 19, 2011, the IPO date.

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The below selected financial and other data is for NMFC.

*(in thousands except shares and per share data)*

	Years ended December 31,			Period from May 19, 2011 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2011
	Three months ended March 31, 2014	2013	2012	
<b>New Mountain Finance Corporation</b>				
<b>Statement of Operations Data:</b>				
Total investment income allocated from NMF Holdings	\$ 30,439	\$ 90,876	\$ 37,511	\$ 13,669
Net expenses allocated from NMF Holdings	14,381	40,355	17,719	5,324
Net investment income allocated from NMF Holdings	16,058	50,521	19,792	8,345
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) allocated from NMF Holdings	7,390	11,443	12,087	(4,235)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investment in NMF Holdings		(44)	(95)	6,221
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	23,448	61,920	31,784	10,331
<b>Per share data:</b>				
Net asset value	\$ 14.53	\$ 14.38	\$ 14.06	\$ 13.60
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations (basic)	0.50	1.76	2.14	0.97
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations (diluted)	0.50	1.79	2.18	0.38
Dividends declared(1)	0.34	1.48	1.71	0.86
<b>Balance sheet data:</b>				
Total assets	\$ 697,148	\$ 650,107	\$ 345,331	\$ 145,487
Total net assets	697,148	650,107	341,926	145,487
<b>Other data:</b>				
Total return at market value(2)	(1.00)%	11.62%	24.84%	4.16%
Total return at net asset value(3)	3.47%	13.27%	16.61%	2.82%
Weighted average shares outstanding for the period	47,066,216	35,092,722	14,860,838	10,697,691

(1) Dividends declared in the year ended December 31, 2013 include a \$0.12 per share special dividend related to a distribution received attributable to NMF Holdings' investment in YP Equity Investors LLC. Dividends declared in the year ended December 31, 2012 include a \$0.23 per share special dividend related to estimated realized capital gains attributable to NMF Holdings' investments in Lawson Software, Inc. and Infor Lux Bond Company and a \$0.14 per share special dividend intended to minimize to the greatest extent possible NMFC's U.S. federal income or excise tax liability.

(2) For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and the years ended December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and for the period May 19, 2011 to December 31, 2011, total return is calculated assuming a purchase of common stock at the opening of the first day of the years ended 2013 and 2012 and assuming a purchase of common stock at IPO, respectively, and a sale on the



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closing of the last day of the respective period ends. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of this calculation, to be reinvested at prices obtained under NMFC's dividend reinvestment plan.

(3)

Total return is calculated assuming a purchase at net asset value on the opening of the first day of the period and a sale at net asset value on the last day of the period. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of this calculation, to be reinvested at the net asset value on the last day of the respective quarter.

## SELECTED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA

The selected quarterly financial data should be read in conjunction with the respective financial statements and related combined notes thereto and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in this prospectus. The following table sets forth certain quarterly financial data for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 and each of the quarters for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012, December 31, 2011, December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009 of NMF Holdings and for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 and for each of the quarters for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and for each of the quarters from May 19, 2011 (commencement of operations) through December 31, 2011 of NMFC. This data is derived from our unaudited financial statements. Results for any quarter are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year or for any future quarter. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Senior Securities" included in this prospectus for more information.

The below selected quarterly financial data is for NMF Holdings.

(in thousands except for per share data)

Quarter Ended	Investment Income		Net Investment Income		Total Net Realized Gains and Net Changes in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) of Investments		Net Increase (Decrease) in Capital Resulting from Operations	
	Total	Per Unit	Total	Per Unit	Total	Per Unit	Total	Per Unit
March 31, 2014	\$ 30,918	\$ 0.65	\$ 16,285	\$ 0.34	\$ 7,594	\$ 0.16	\$ 23,879	\$ 0.50
December 31, 2013	\$ 28,645	\$ 0.60	\$ 15,848	\$ 0.33	\$ 3,213	\$ 0.07	\$ 19,061	\$ 0.40
September 30, 2013	25,793	0.57	12,659	0.29	7,819	0.17	20,478	0.46
June 30, 2013	35,156	0.82	23,543	0.55	(8,719)	(0.21)	14,824	0.34
March 31, 2013	25,318	0.62	11,627	0.28	12,934	0.32	24,561	0.60
December 31, 2012	\$ 24,713	\$ 0.65	\$ 13,522	\$ 0.36	\$ 3,478	\$ 0.09	\$ 17,000	\$ 0.45
September 30, 2012	21,752	0.60	10,136	0.28	12,109	0.34	22,245	0.62
June 30, 2012	20,299	0.66	11,646	0.38	(561)	(0.02)	11,085	0.36
March 31, 2012	19,022	0.62	9,913	0.32	13,754	0.45	23,667	0.77
December 31, 2011	\$ 17,127	\$ 0.55	\$ 9,540	\$ 0.31	\$ 8,317	\$ 0.27	\$ 17,857	\$ 0.58
September 30, 2011	15,069	0.49	10,002	0.32	(21,255)	(0.68)	(11,253)	(0.36)
June 30, 2011	13,116	0.42	9,554	0.31	(899)	(0.03)	8,655	0.28
March 31, 2011	11,212	N/A	9,429	N/A	6,990	N/A	16,419	N/A
December 31, 2010	\$ 9,820	N/A	\$ 8,335	N/A	\$ 7,978	N/A	\$ 16,313	N/A
September 30, 2010	13,881	N/A	13,145	N/A	5,560	N/A	18,705	N/A
June 30, 2010	8,597	N/A	7,777	N/A	(5,349)	N/A	2,428	N/A
March 31, 2010	9,077	N/A	8,208	N/A	18,138	N/A	26,346	N/A
December 31, 2009	\$ 7,617	N/A	\$ 6,617	N/A	\$ 1,617	N/A	\$ 8,234	N/A
September 30, 2009	6,148	N/A	6,030	N/A	33,709	N/A	39,739	N/A
June 30, 2009	5,092	N/A	4,877	N/A	42,562	N/A	47,439	N/A
March 31, 2009	2,910	N/A	2,883	N/A	27,385	N/A	30,268	N/A

N/A Not applicable, as NMF Holdings was not unitized until May 19, 2011.



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The below selected quarterly financial data is for NMFC.

*(in thousands except for per share data)*

Quarter Ended	Net Investment Income allocated from NMF Holdings		Total Net Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses)		Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	
	Total	Per Share	Total	Per Share	Total	Per Share
March 31, 2014	\$ 16,058	\$ 0.34	\$ 7,390	\$ 0.16	\$ 23,448	\$ 0.50
December 31, 2013	\$ 14,826	\$ 0.33	\$ 3,119	\$ 0.07	\$ 17,945	\$ 0.40
September 30, 2013	10,803	0.29	6,664	0.17	17,467	0.46
June 30, 2013	17,674	0.55	(6,682)	(0.21)	10,992	0.34
March 31, 2013	7,218	0.28	8,298	0.33	15,516	0.61
December 31, 2012	\$ 7,759	\$ 0.36	\$ 2,047	\$ 0.09	\$ 9,806	\$ 0.45
September 30, 2012	4,574	0.28	5,381	0.34	9,955	0.62
June 30, 2012	4,029	0.38	(194)	(0.02)	3,835	0.36
March 31, 2012	3,430	0.32	4,758	0.45	8,188	0.77
December 31, 2011	\$ 3,301	\$ 0.31	\$ 2,877	\$ 0.27	\$ 6,178	\$ 0.58
September 30, 2011	3,460	0.32	(7,353)	(0.68)	(3,893)	(0.36)
June 30, 2011	1,584	0.15	6,462	0.60	8,046	0.75
March 31, 2011	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

N/A Not applicable, as NMFC did not commence operations until May 19, 2011.

## DESCRIPTION OF RESTRUCTURING

NMFC is a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010. NMFC is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. As such, NMFC is obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. NMFC has elected to be treated, and intends to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. NMFC is also registered as an investment adviser under the Advisers Act.

NMF Holdings is a Delaware limited liability company. Until May 8, 2014, NMF Holdings was externally managed and was regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. As such, NMF Holdings was obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. NMF Holdings was treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes for so long as it had at least two members. With the completion of the underwritten secondary offering on February 3, 2014, NMF Holdings' existence as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes terminated and NMF Holdings became an entity that is disregarded as a separate entity from its owner for U.S. federal tax purposes. See "Material Federal Income Tax Considerations."

Until May 8, 2014, NMF Holdings was externally managed by the Investment Adviser. As of May 8, 2014, the Investment Adviser now serves as the external investment adviser to NMFC. The Administrator provides the administrative services necessary for operations. The Investment Adviser and Administrator are wholly-owned subsidiaries of New Mountain Capital. New Mountain Capital is a firm with a track record of investing in the middle market and with assets under management (which includes amounts committed, not all of which have been drawn down and invested to date) totaling more than \$12.0 billion as of March 31, 2014, which includes total assets held by NMF Holdings. New Mountain Capital focuses on investing in defensive growth companies across its private equity, public equity, and credit investment vehicles. NMF Holdings, formerly known as New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C., was originally formed as a subsidiary of Guardian AIV by New Mountain Capital in October 2008. Guardian AIV was formed through an allocation of approximately \$300.0 million of the \$5.1 billion of commitments supporting New Mountain Partners III, L.P., a private equity fund managed by New Mountain Capital. In February 2009, New Mountain Capital formed a co-investment vehicle, New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P., comprising \$20.4 million of commitments.

Until April 25, 2014, AIV Holdings was a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on March 11, 2011. AIV Holdings was dissolved on April 25, 2014. Guardian AIV, a Delaware limited partnership, was AIV Holdings' sole stockholder. AIV Holdings was a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that was regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. As such, AIV Holdings was obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. AIV Holdings was treated, and complied with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under the Code.

On May 19, 2011, NMFC priced the IPO of 7,272,727 shares of common stock at a public offering price of \$13.75 per share. Concurrently with the closing of the IPO and at the public offering price of \$13.75 per share, NMFC sold an additional 2,172,000 shares of its common stock to certain executives and employees of, and other individuals affiliated with, New Mountain Capital in the Concurrent Private Placement. Additionally, 1,252,964 shares were issued to the partners of New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. at that time for their ownership interest in the Predecessor Entities. In connection with NMFC's IPO and through a series of transactions, the NMF Holdings acquired all of the operations of the Predecessor Entities, including all of the assets and liabilities related to such operations.

Prior to the Restructuring (as defined below), NMFC and AIV Holdings were holding companies with no direct operations of their own, and their sole asset was their ownership in NMF Holdings. In connection with the IPO, NMFC and AIV Holdings each entered into a joinder agreement with respect to the Limited Liability Company Agreement, as amended and restated, of NMF Holdings, pursuant to

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which NMFC and AIV Holdings were admitted as members of NMF Holdings. NMFC acquired from NMF Holdings, with the gross proceeds of the IPO and the Concurrent Private Placement, common membership units ("units") of NMF Holdings (the number of units were equal to the number of shares of NMFC's common stock sold in the IPO and the Concurrent Private Placement). Additionally, NMFC received units of NMF Holdings equal to the number of shares of common stock of NMFC issued to the partners of New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. Guardian AIV was the parent of NMF Holdings prior to the IPO and, as a result of the transactions completed in connection with the IPO, obtained units in NMF Holdings. Guardian AIV contributed its units in NMF Holdings to AIV Holdings in exchange for common stock of AIV Holdings. AIV Holdings had the right to exchange all or any portion of its units in NMF Holdings for shares of NMFC's common stock on a one-for-one basis at any time.

The original structure created at the time of the IPO was designed to generally prevent NMFC and its stockholders from being allocated taxable income with respect to unrecognized gains that existed at the time of the IPO in the Predecessor Entities' assets, and rather such amounts would be allocated generally to AIV Holdings. The result was that any distributions made to NMFC's stockholders that were attributable to such gains generally were not treated as taxable dividends but rather as return of capital. See "Material Federal Income Tax Considerations" included in this prospectus.

Since the IPO through February 3, 2014, NMFC completed five underwritten secondary offerings of its common stock on behalf of AIV Holdings as the selling stockholder. In connection with these five secondary offerings, AIV Holdings tendered an aggregate of 20,221,938 units of NMF Holdings held by AIV Holdings to NMFC in exchange for the net proceeds (after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions) of these five secondary offerings and NMFC issued an aggregate of 20,221,938 shares of its common stock directly to the underwriters for these five secondary offerings. AIV Holdings distributed all of the net proceeds from these five secondary offerings to its sole stockholder, Guardian AIV. With the completion of the final secondary offering on February 3, 2014, NMFC now owns 100.0% of the units of NMF Holdings, which is now a wholly-owned subsidiary of NMFC.

As a BDC, AIV Holdings had been subject to the 1940 Act, including certain provisions applicable only to BDCs. Accordingly, and after careful consideration of the 1940 Act requirements applicable to BDCs, the cost of 1940 Act compliance and a thorough assessment of AIV Holdings' business model, AIV Holdings' board of directors determined that continuation as a BDC was not in the best interests of AIV Holdings and Guardian AIV at the present time. Specifically, given that AIV Holdings was formed for the sole purpose of holding units of NMF Holdings and AIV Holdings had disposed of all of the units of NMF Holdings that it was holding as of February 3, 2014, the board of directors of AIV Holdings approved and declared advisable at an in-person meeting held on March 25, 2014 the withdrawal of AIV Holdings' election to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. In addition, the board of directors of AIV Holdings approved and declared advisable for AIV Holdings to terminate its registration under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act and to dissolve AIV Holdings under the laws of the State of Delaware.

Upon receipt of the necessary stockholder consent to authorize the board of directors of AIV Holdings to withdraw AIV Holdings' election to be regulated as a BDC, the withdrawal was filed and became effective upon receipt by the SEC of AIV Holdings' notification of withdrawal on Form N-54C on April 15, 2014. The board of directors of AIV Holdings believed that AIV Holdings met the requirements for filing the notification to withdraw its election to be regulated as a BDC, upon the receipt of the necessary stockholder consent. After the notification of withdrawal of AIV Holdings' BDC election was filed with the SEC, AIV Holdings was no longer subject to the regulatory provisions of the 1940 Act applicable to BDCs generally, including regulations related to insurance, custody, composition of its board of directors, affiliated transactions and any compensation arrangements.

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In addition, on April 15, 2014, AIV Holdings filed a Form 15 with the SEC to terminate AIV Holdings' registration under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act. After these SEC filings and any other federal or state regulatory or tax filings were made, AIV Holdings proceeded to dissolve under Delaware law by filing a certificate of dissolution in Delaware on April 25, 2014.

Until May 8, 2014, as a BDC, NMF Holdings had been subject to the 1940 Act, including certain provisions applicable only to BDCs. Accordingly, and after careful consideration of the 1940 Act requirements applicable to BDCs, the cost of 1940 Act compliance and a thorough assessment of NMF Holdings' business model, NMF Holdings' board of directors determined at an in-person meeting held on March 25, 2014 that continuation as a BDC was not in the best interests of NMF Holdings at the present time.

At the 2014 joint annual meeting of the stockholders of NMFC and the sole unit holder of NMF Holdings, which was held on May 6, 2014, the stockholders of NMFC and the sole unit holder of NMF Holdings approved a proposal which authorized the board of directors of NMF Holdings to withdraw NMF Holdings' election to be regulated as a BDC. Additionally, the stockholders of NMFC approved an investment advisory and management agreement between NMFC and the Investment Adviser. Upon receipt of the necessary stockholder/unit holder approval to authorize the board of directors of NMF Holdings to withdraw NMF Holdings' election to be regulated as a BDC, the withdrawal was filed and became effective upon receipt by the SEC of NMF Holdings' notification of withdrawal on Form N-54C on May 8, 2014.

In addition, effective May 8, 2014, NMF Holdings amended and restated its Limited Liability Company Agreement, (as amended and restated, the "Operating Agreement") such that the board of directors of NMF Holdings was dissolved and NMF Holdings remains a wholly-owned subsidiary of NMFC with the sole purpose of serving as a special purpose vehicle for NMF Holdings' existing credit facilities, and NMFC assumes all other operating activities previously undertaken by NMF Holdings under the management of the Investment Adviser (collectively, the "Restructuring"). All of the current entities that remain underneath NMFC after the Restructuring are wholly-owned subsidiaries of NMFC and are expected to be consolidated with NMFC for both 1940 Act and financial statement reporting purposes, subject to any financial statement adjustments required in accordance with GAAP.

Also, on May 8, 2014, NMF Holdings filed a Form 15 with the SEC to terminate NMF Holdings' registration under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act. As a special purpose entity, NMF Holdings will be bankruptcy-remote and non-recourse to NMFC. In addition, the assets remaining at NMF Holdings will continue to be used to secure NMF Holdings' current credit facilities.

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The diagram below depicts our organizational structure after the Restructuring.

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Includes partners of New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P.



## RISK FACTORS

*Investing in our securities involves a number of significant risks. In addition to the other information contained in this prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement, you should consider carefully the following information before making an investment in our securities. The risks set out below are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or not presently deemed material by us might also impair our operations and performance. If any of the following events occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected. In such case, our net asset value and the trading price of NMFC's common stock could decline or the value of our preferred stock, subscription rights, warrants or debt securities may decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment.*

### **RISKS IN THE CURRENT ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT**

*Uncertainty about the financial stability of the United States and of several countries in the European Union (EU) could have a significant adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition, thus affecting our financial condition and earnings.*

Due to federal budget deficit concerns, S&P downgraded the federal government's credit rating from AAA to AA+ for the first time in history on August 5, 2011. Further, Moody's and Fitch have warned that they may downgrade the federal government's credit rating. Further downgrades or warnings by S&P or other rating agencies, and the government's credit and deficit concerns in general, could cause interest rates and borrowing costs to rise, which may negatively impact both the perception of credit risk associated with our debt portfolio and our ability to access the debt markets on favorable terms. In addition, a decreased credit rating could create broader financial turmoil and uncertainty, which may weigh heavily on our financial performance and the value of our common stock.

In 2010, a financial crisis emerged in Europe, triggered by high budget deficits and rising direct and contingent sovereign debt in Greece, Ireland, Italy, Portugal and Spain, which created concerns about the ability of these nations to continue to service their sovereign debt obligations. Risks and ongoing concerns resulting from the debt crisis in Europe could have a detrimental impact on the global economic recovery, sovereign and non-sovereign debt in these countries and the financial condition of European financial institutions. Market and economic disruptions have affected, and may continue to affect, consumer confidence levels and spending, personal bankruptcy rates, levels of incurrence and default on consumer debt and home prices, among other factors. We cannot assure you that the market disruptions in Europe, including the increased cost of funding for certain governments and financial institutions, will not spread, and we cannot assure you that future assistance packages will be available, or if available, sufficient to stabilize the affected countries and markets in Europe or elsewhere. To the extent uncertainty regarding any economic recovery in Europe continues to negatively impact consumer confidence and consumer credit factors, our business and results of operations could be significantly and adversely affected.

On December 18, 2013, the U.S. Federal Reserve announced that it would scale back its bond-buying program, or quantitative easing, which is designed to stimulate the economy and expand the Federal Reserve's holdings of long-term securities until key economic indicators, such as the unemployment rate, show signs of improvement. The Federal Reserve signaled it would reduce its purchases of long-term Treasury bonds and would scale back on its purchases of mortgage-backed securities. It is unclear what effect, if any, the incremental reduction in the rate of the Federal Reserve's monthly purchases will have on the value of our investments. However, it is possible that absent continued quantitative easing by the Federal Reserve, these developments, along with the European sovereign debt crisis, could cause interest rates and borrowing costs to rise, which may negatively impact our ability to access the debt markets on favorable terms.

*A failure or the perceived risk of a failure to raise the statutory debt limit of the United States could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.*

As has been widely reported, the United States Treasury Secretary has stated that the federal government may not be able to meet its debt payments in the relatively near future unless the federal debt ceiling is raised. If legislation increasing the debt ceiling is not enacted and the debt ceiling is reached, the federal government may stop or delay making payments on its obligations. A failure by Congress to raise the debt limit would increase the risk of default by the United States on its obligations, as well as the risk of other economic dislocations.

If the U.S. government fails to complete its budget process or to provide for a continuing resolution before the expiration of the current continuing resolution, another federal government shutdown may result. Such a failure or the perceived risk of such a failure, consequently, could have a material adverse effect on the financial markets and economic conditions in the United States and throughout the world. It could also limit our ability and the ability of our portfolio companies to obtain financing, and it could have a material adverse effect on the valuation of our portfolio companies. Consequently, the continued uncertainty in the general economic environment, including the recent government shutdown and potential debt ceiling implications, as well in specific economies of several individual geographic markets in which our portfolio companies operate, could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

## **RISKS RELATED TO OUR BUSINESS AND STRUCTURE**

*We may suffer credit losses.*

Investments in small and middle market businesses are highly speculative and involve a high degree of risk of credit loss. These risks are likely to increase during volatile economic periods, such as the U.S. and many other economies have recently been experiencing.

*We do not expect to replicate the Predecessor Entities' historical performance or the historical performance of other entities managed or supported by the New Mountain Capital.*

We do not expect to replicate the Predecessor Entities' historical performance or the historical performance of New Mountain Capital's investments. Our investment returns may be substantially lower than the returns achieved by the Predecessor Entities. Although the Predecessor Entities commenced operations during otherwise unfavorable economic conditions, this was a favorable environment in which NMF Holdings could conduct its business in light of its investment objectives and strategy. In addition, our investment strategies may differ from those of New Mountain Capital or its affiliates. We, as a BDC and as a RIC, are subject to certain regulatory restrictions that do not apply to New Mountain Capital or its affiliates.

We are generally not permitted to invest in any portfolio company in which New Mountain Capital or any of its affiliates currently have an investment or to make any co-investments with New Mountain Capital or its affiliates, except to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act. This may adversely affect the pace at which we make investments. Moreover, we may operate with a different leverage profile than the Predecessor Entities. Furthermore, none of the prior results from the Predecessor Entities were from public reporting companies, and all or a portion of these results were achieved in particularly favorable market conditions for NMF Holdings' investment strategy which may never be repeated. Finally, we can offer no assurance that our investment team will be able to continue to implement its investment objective with the same degree of success as it has had in the past.

***There is uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments because most of our investments are, and may continue to be in private companies and recorded at fair value. In addition, the fair values of our investments are determined by our board of directors in accordance with our valuation policy.***

Some of our investments are and may be in the form of securities or loans that are not publicly traded. The fair value of these investments may not be readily determinable. Under the 1940 Act, we are required to carry our portfolio investments at market value or, if there is no readily available market value, at fair value as determined in good faith by its board of directors, including to reflect significant events affecting the value of its securities. We value our investments for which we do not have readily available market quotations quarterly, or more frequently as circumstances require, at fair value as determined in good faith by our board of directors in accordance with our valuation policy, which is at all times consistent with GAAP.

Our board of directors utilizes the services of one or more independent third-party valuation firms to aid it in determining the fair value with respect to its material unquoted assets in accordance with our valuation policy. The inputs into the determination of fair value of these investments may require significant management judgment or estimation. Even if observable market data is available, such information may be the result of consensus pricing information or broker quotes, which include a disclaimer that the broker would not be held to such a price in an actual transaction. The non-binding nature of consensus pricing and/or quotes accompanied by disclaimers materially reduces the reliability of such information.

The types of factors that the board of directors takes into account in determining the fair value of our investments generally include, as appropriate: available market data, including relevant and applicable market trading and transaction comparables, applicable market yields and multiples, security covenants, call protection provisions, information rights, the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments, its earnings and discounted cash flows and the markets in which it does business, comparisons of financial ratios of peer companies that are public, comparable merger and acquisition transactions and the principal market and enterprise values. Since these valuations, and particularly valuations of private securities and private companies, are inherently uncertain, may fluctuate over short periods of time and may be based on estimates, our determinations of fair value may differ materially from the values that would have been used if a ready market for these securities existed.

Due to this uncertainty, our fair value determinations may cause our net asset value, on any given date, to be materially understated or overstated. In addition, investors purchasing our common stock based on an overstated net asset value would pay a higher price than the realizable value that our investments might warrant.

We may adjust quarterly the valuation of our portfolio to reflect our board of directors' determination of the fair value of each investment in our portfolio. Any changes in fair value are recorded in our statement of operations as net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation.

***Our ability to achieve our investment objective depends on key investment personnel of the Investment Adviser. If the Investment Adviser were to lose any of its key investment personnel, our ability to achieve our investment objective could be significantly harmed.***

We depend on the investment judgment, skill and relationships of the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser, particularly Steven B. Klinsky and Robert A. Hamwee, as well as other key personnel to identify, evaluate, negotiate, structure, execute, monitor and service our investments. The Investment Adviser, as an affiliate of New Mountain Capital, is supported by New Mountain Capital's team, which as of March 31, 2014 consisted of approximately 100 staff members of New Mountain Capital and its affiliates to fulfill its obligations to us under the Investment Management Agreement. The Investment Adviser may also depend upon New Mountain Capital to obtain access to investment

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opportunities originated by the professionals of New Mountain Capital and its affiliates. Our future success depends to a significant extent on the continued service and coordination of the key investment personnel of the Investment Adviser. The departure of any of these individuals could have a material adverse effect on our ability to achieve our investment objective.

The Investment Committee, which provides oversight over our investment activities, is provided by the Investment Adviser. The Investment Committee currently consists of five members. The loss of any member of the Investment Committee or of other senior professionals of the Investment Adviser and its affiliates without suitable replacement could limit our ability to achieve our investment objective and operate as we anticipate. This could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operation and cash flows. To achieve our investment objective, the Investment Adviser may hire, train, supervise and manage new investment professionals to participate in its investment selection and monitoring process. If the Investment Adviser is unable to find investment professionals or do so in a timely manner, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected.

***The Investment Adviser has limited experience managing a BDC or a RIC, which could adversely affect our business.***

Other than us, the Investment Adviser has not previously managed a BDC or a RIC. The 1940 Act and the Code impose numerous constraints on the operations of BDCs and RICs that do not apply to the other investment vehicles previously managed by the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser. For example, under the 1940 Act, BDCs are required to invest at least 70.0% of their total assets primarily in securities of qualifying U.S. private or thinly traded companies, cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high quality debt investments that mature in one year or less. Moreover, qualification for taxation as a RIC under subchapter M of the Code requires satisfaction of source-of-income, asset diversification and annual distribution requirements. The failure to comply with these provisions in a timely manner could prevent us from qualifying as a BDC or as a RIC and could force us to pay unexpected taxes and penalties, which would have a material adverse effect on our performance. The Investment Adviser's lack of experience in managing a portfolio of assets under the constraints applicable to BDCs and RICs may hinder its ability to take advantage of attractive investment opportunities and, as a result, achieve our investment objective. If we fail to maintain our status as a BDC or as a RIC, our operating flexibility could be significantly reduced.

***We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities and may not be able to compete effectively.***

We compete for investments with other BDCs and investment funds (including private equity and hedge funds), as well as traditional financial services companies such as commercial banks and other sources of funding. Many of our competitors are substantially larger and have considerably greater financial, technical and marketing resources than we do. For example, some competitors may have a lower cost of capital and access to funding sources that are not available to us. In addition, some of our competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk assessments than us. Furthermore, many of our competitors have greater experience operating under, or are not subject to, the regulatory restrictions that the 1940 Act imposes on us as a BDC or the source-of-income, asset diversification and distribution requirements that we must satisfy to obtain and maintain our RIC status. These characteristics could allow our competitors to consider a wider variety of investments, establish more relationships and offer better pricing and more flexible structuring than we are able to do. There are a number of new BDCs that have recently completed their initial public offerings or that have filed registration statements with the SEC, which could create increased competition for investment opportunities.

We may lose investment opportunities if it does not match our competitors' pricing, terms and structure. With respect to the investments that we make, we do not seek to compete based primarily on

the interest rates we may offer, and we believe that some of our competitors may make loans with interest rates that may be lower than the rates we offer. In the secondary market for acquiring existing loans, we expect to compete generally on the basis of pricing terms. If we match our competitors' pricing, terms and structure, we may experience decreased net interest income, lower yields and increased risk of credit loss. If we are forced to match our competitors' pricing, terms and structure, we may not be able to achieve acceptable returns on our investments or may bear substantial risk of capital loss. Part of our competitive advantage stems from the fact that we believe the market for middle market lending is underserved by traditional bank lenders and other financial sources. A significant increase in the number and/or the size of our competitors in this target market could force us to accept less attractive investment terms. We may also compete for investment opportunities with accounts managed by the Investment Adviser or its affiliates. Although the Investment Adviser allocates opportunities in accordance with its policies and procedures, allocations to such other accounts reduces the amount and frequency of opportunities available to us and may not be in our best interests and, consequently, our stockholders. Moreover, the performance of investment opportunities is not known at the time of allocation. If we are not able to compete effectively, our business, financial condition and results of operations may be adversely affected, thus affecting our business, financial condition and results of operations. Because of this competition, there can be no assurance that we will be able to identify and take advantage of attractive investment opportunities that we identify or that we will be able to fully invest our available capital.

***Our business, results of operations and financial condition depends on our ability to manage future growth effectively.***

Our ability to achieve our investment objective and to grow depends on the Investment Adviser's ability to identify, invest in and monitor companies that meet our investment criteria. Accomplishing this result on a cost-effective basis is largely a function of the Investment Adviser's structuring of the investment process, its ability to provide competent, attentive and efficient services to us and its ability to access financing on acceptable terms. The Investment Adviser has substantial responsibilities under the Investment Management Agreement and may also be called upon to provide managerial assistance to our portfolio companies. These demands on the time of the Investment Adviser and its investment professionals may distract them or slow our rate of investment. In order to grow, we and the Investment Adviser may need to retain, train, supervise and manage new investment professionals. However, these investment professionals may not be able to contribute effectively to the work of the Investment Adviser. If we are unable to manage our future growth effectively, our business, results of operations and financial condition could be materially adversely affected.

***The incentive fee may induce the Investment Adviser to make speculative investments.***

The incentive fee payable to the Investment Adviser may create an incentive for the Investment Adviser to pursue investments that are risky or more speculative than would be the case in the absence of such compensation arrangement, which could result in higher investment losses, particularly during cyclical economic downturns. The incentive fee payable to the Investment Adviser is calculated based on a percentage of our return on investment capital. This may encourage the Investment Adviser to use leverage to increase the return on our investments. In addition, because the base management fee is payable based upon our gross assets, which includes any borrowings for investment purposes, but excludes cash and cash equivalents for investment purposes, the Investment Adviser may be further encouraged to use leverage to make additional investments. Under certain circumstances, the use of leverage may increase the likelihood of default, which would impair the value of our common stock.

The incentive fee payable to the Investment Adviser also may create an incentive for the Investment Adviser to invest in instruments that have a deferred interest feature, even if such deferred payments would not provide the cash necessary to pay current distributions to our stockholders. Under

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these investments, we would accrue the interest over the life of the investment but would not receive the cash income from the investment until the end of the investment's term, if at all. Our net investment income used to calculate the income portion of the incentive fee, however, includes accrued interest. Thus, a portion of the incentive fee would be based on income that we have not yet received in cash and may never receive in cash if the portfolio company is unable to satisfy such interest payment obligations. In addition, the "catch-up" portion of the incentive fee may encourage the Investment Adviser to accelerate or defer interest payable by portfolio companies from one calendar quarter to another, potentially resulting in fluctuations in timing and dividend amounts.

***We may be obligated to pay the Investment Adviser incentive compensation even if we incur a loss.***

The Investment Adviser is entitled to incentive compensation for each fiscal quarter in an amount equal to a percentage of the excess of our Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income for that quarter (before deducting incentive compensation) above a performance threshold for that quarter. Accordingly, since the performance threshold is based on a percentage of our net asset value, decreases in our net asset value make it easier to achieve the performance threshold. Our Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income for incentive compensation purposes excludes realized and unrealized capital losses or depreciation that it may incur in the fiscal quarter, even if such capital losses or depreciation result in a net loss on our statement of operations for that quarter. Thus, we may be required to pay the Investment Adviser incentive compensation for a fiscal quarter even if there is a decline in the value of our portfolio or we incur a net loss for that quarter.

***We borrow money, which could magnify the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us and increase the risk of investing in us.***

We borrow money as part of our business plan. Borrowings, also known as leverage, magnify the potential for gain or loss on invested equity capital and may, consequently, increase the risk of investing in us. We expect to continue to use leverage to finance our investments, through senior securities issued by banks and other lenders. We are restricted from incurring additional indebtedness under the Credit Facilities, without obtaining any necessary approvals, consents, amendments or waivers from the lenders thereto. Lenders of these senior securities have fixed dollar claims on our assets that are superior to claims of our common stockholders. If the value of our assets decreases, leveraging would cause our net asset value to decline more sharply than it otherwise would have had it not leveraged. Similarly, any decrease in our income would cause our net income to decline more sharply than it would have had it not borrowed. Such a decline could adversely affect our ability to make common stock dividend payments. In addition, because our investments may be illiquid, we may be unable to dispose of them or to do so at a favorable price in the event we need to do so if we are unable to refinance any indebtedness upon maturity and, as a result, we may suffer losses. Leverage is generally considered a speculative investment technique.

Our ability to service any debt that we incur depends largely on our financial performance and is subject to prevailing economic conditions and competitive pressures. Moreover, as the Investment Adviser's management fee is payable to the Investment Adviser based on gross assets, including those assets acquired through the use of leverage, the Investment Adviser may have a financial incentive to incur leverage which may not be consistent with our interests and the interests of our common stockholders. In addition, holders of our common stock will, indirectly, bear the burden of any increase in our expenses as a result of leverage, including any increase in the management fee payable to the Investment Adviser.

At March 31, 2014, NMF Holdings had \$271.8 million and \$215.0 million of indebtedness outstanding under the Holdings Credit Facility and the SLF Credit Facility, respectively. The Holdings Credit Facility had a weighted average interest rate of 2.9% for the three months ended March 31,

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2014 and the SLF Credit Facility had a weighted average interest rate of 2.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2014.

**Illustration.** The following table illustrates the effect of leverage on returns from an investment in our common stock assuming various annual returns, net of expenses and adjusted for unsettled securities purchased. The calculations in the table below are hypothetical. Actual returns may be higher or lower than those appearing below. The calculation assumes (i) \$1,219.4 million in total assets, (ii) a weighted average cost of borrowings of 2.6%, (iii) \$486.8 million in debt outstanding and (iv) \$697.1 million in members' capital.

### Assumed Return on Our Portfolio (net of expenses)

	(10.0)%	(5.0)%	0%	5.0%	10.0%
Corresponding return to stockholder	(19.3)%	(10.6)%	(1.8)%	6.9%	15.7%
<b><i>We may need to raise additional capital to grow.</i></b>					

We may need additional capital to fund new investments and grow. We may access the capital markets periodically to issue equity securities. In addition, we may also issue debt securities or borrow from financial institutions in order to obtain such additional capital. However, we are generally prohibited from or subject to limitations on incurring additional indebtedness, including issuing any debt securities, under the Credit Facilities, without obtaining any necessary approvals, consents, amendments or waivers from the lenders thereto. Unfavorable economic conditions could increase our funding costs and limit our access to the capital markets or result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us. A reduction in the availability of new capital could limit our ability to grow. In addition, we are required to distribute at least 90.0% of its net ordinary income and net short-term capital gains in excess of net long-term capital losses, if any, to our stockholders to obtain and maintain our RIC status. As a result, these earnings will not be available to fund new investments. If we are unable to access the capital markets or if we are unable to borrow from financial institutions, we may be unable to grow our business and execute our business strategy fully, and our earnings, if any, could decrease, which could have an adverse effect on the value of our securities.

***If we are unable to comply with the covenants or restrictions in the Credit Facilities, our business could be materially adversely affected.***

The Credit Facilities include covenants that, subject to exceptions, among other things, generally prohibit us from or subject it to limitations on incurring additional indebtedness (including issuing any debt securities) and restrict our ability to pay distributions, create liens on assets, make investments, make acquisitions and engage in mergers or consolidations. The Holdings Credit Facility also includes a change of control provision that accelerates the indebtedness under the facility in the event of certain change of control events. Complying with these restrictions may prevent us from taking actions that we believe would help us grow our business or are otherwise consistent with our investment objective. These restrictions could also limit our ability to plan for or react to market conditions or meet extraordinary capital needs or otherwise restrict corporate activities. For example, these restrictions, as currently in effect, would prohibit us from or subject us to limitations on incurring any additional indebtedness, which would include issuing any debt securities. However, in the event that we obtain any necessary approvals, consents, amendments or waivers from the lenders under the Credit Facilities to permit the issuance of debt securities, we may issue debt securities in one or more series as described under "Description of Our Debt Securities" herein. In addition, the restrictions contained in the Credit Facilities could limit our ability to make distributions to our members in certain circumstances, which

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could result in us failing to qualify as a RIC and thus becoming subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax (and any applicable state and local taxes).

The breach of any of the covenants or restrictions, unless cured within the applicable grace period, would result in a default under the applicable Credit Facilities that would permit the lenders thereunder to declare all amounts outstanding to be due and payable. In such an event, we may not have sufficient assets to repay such indebtedness. As a result, any default could have serious consequences to our financial condition. An event of default or an acceleration under the Credit Facilities could also cause a cross-default or cross-acceleration of another debt instrument or contractual obligation, which would adversely impact our liquidity. An event of default under the Holdings Credit Facility will trigger an event of default under the SLF Credit Facility. We may not be granted waivers or amendments to the Credit Facilities if for any reason it is unable to comply with it, and we may not be able to refinance the Credit Facilities on terms acceptable to it, or at all.

***We may enter into reverse repurchase agreements, which are another form of leverage.***

Subject to limitations in the Credit Facilities, we may enter into reverse repurchase agreements as part of our management of our investment portfolio. Under a reverse repurchase agreement, we will effectively pledge our assets as collateral to secure a short-term loan. Generally, the other party to the agreement makes the loan in an amount equal to a percentage of the fair value of the pledged collateral. At the maturity of the reverse repurchase agreement, the payor will be required to repay the loan and correspondingly receive back its collateral. While used as collateral, the assets continue to pay principal and interest which are for our benefit.

Our use of reverse repurchase agreements, if any, involves many of the same risks involved in our use of leverage, as the proceeds from reverse repurchase agreements generally will be invested in additional securities. There is a risk that the market value of the securities acquired with the proceeds of a reverse repurchase agreement may decline below the price of the securities that we have sold but remain obligated to repurchase under the reverse repurchase agreement. In addition, there is a risk that the market value of the securities effectively pledged by us may decline. If a buyer of securities under a reverse repurchase agreement were to file for bankruptcy or experience insolvency, we may be adversely affected. Also, in entering into reverse repurchase agreements, we would bear the risk of loss to the extent that the proceeds of such agreements at settlement are more than the fair value of the underlying securities being pledged. In addition, due to the interest costs associated with reverse repurchase agreements transactions, our net asset value would decline, and, in some cases, we may be worse off than if such instruments had not been used.

***If we are unable to obtain additional debt financing, or if our borrowing capacity is materially reduced, our business could be materially adversely affected.***

We may want to obtain additional debt financing, or need to do so upon maturity of our Credit Facilities, in order to obtain funds which may be made available for investments. We are generally prohibited from or subject to limitations on incurring additional indebtedness, including issuing any debt securities, under the Credit Facilities without obtaining any necessary approvals, consents, amendments or waivers from the lenders thereto. The revolving period under the Holdings Credit Facility ends on October 27, 2014, and the Holdings Credit Facility matures on October 27, 2016. The revolving period under the SLF Credit Facility ends on October 27, 2014, and the SLF Credit Facility matures on October 27, 2016. If we are unable to increase, renew or replace any such facility and enter into a new debt financing facility or other debt financing on commercially reasonable terms, our liquidity may be reduced significantly. Further, if we are unable to obtain any necessary approvals, consents, amendments, or waivers from the lenders under the Credit Facilities to permit the issuance of debt securities, we would be prohibited from or subject to limitations on incurring any additional indebtedness, including issuing the debt securities described herein. In addition, if we are unable to



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repay amounts outstanding under any such facilities and declared in default or unable to renew or refinance these facilities, we may not be able to make new investments or operate our business in the normal course. These situations may arise due to circumstances that we may be unable to control, such as lack of access to the credit markets, a severe decline in the value of the U.S. dollar, a further economic downturn or an operational problem that affects us or third parties, and could materially damage our business, results of operations and financial condition.

### *A renewed disruption in the capital markets and the credit markets could adversely affect our business.*

As a BDC, we must maintain our ability to raise additional capital for investment purposes. If we are unable to access the capital markets or credit markets, we may be forced to curtail our business operations and may be unable to pursue new investment opportunities. The capital markets and the credit markets have experienced extreme volatility in recent periods, and, as a result, there has been and will likely continue to be uncertainty in the financial markets in general. Disruptions in the capital markets in recent years increased the spread between the yields realized on risk-free and higher risk securities, resulting in illiquidity in parts of the capital markets. In addition, a prolonged period of market illiquidity may cause us to reduce the volume of loans that we originate and/or funds and adversely affect the value of our portfolio investments. Unfavorable economic conditions could also increase our funding costs, limit our access to the capital markets or result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us. These events could limit our investment originations, limit our ability to grow and negatively impact our operating results. Ongoing disruptive conditions in the financial industry and the impact of new legislation in response to those conditions could restrict our business operations and, consequently, could adversely impact our business, results of operations and financial condition.

If the fair value of our assets declines substantially, we may fail to maintain the asset coverage ratios imposed upon it by the 1940 Act and contained in Credit Facilities. Any such failure would affect our ability to issue senior securities, including borrowings, draw on our Credit Facilities and pay distributions, which could materially impair our business operations. Our liquidity could be impaired further by our inability to access the capital or credit markets. For example, we cannot be certain that we will be able to renew our credit facilities as they mature or to consummate new borrowing facilities to provide capital for normal operations, including new originations. In recent years, reflecting concern about the stability of the financial markets, many lenders and institutional investors have reduced or ceased providing funding to borrowers. This market turmoil and tightening of credit have led to increased market volatility and widespread reduction of business activity generally in recent years. In addition, adverse economic conditions due to these disruptive conditions could materially impact our ability to comply with the financial and other covenants in any existing or future credit facilities. If we are unable to comply with these covenants, this could materially adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

### *Changes in interest rates may affect our cost of capital and net investment income.*

To the extent we borrow money to make investments, our net investment income depends, in part, upon the difference between the rate at which we borrow funds and the rate at which we invest those funds. As a result, a significant change in market interest rates may have a material adverse effect on our net investment income in the event we use debt to finance our investments. In periods of rising interest rates, our cost of funds would increase, which could reduce our net investment income. We may use interest rate risk management techniques in an effort to limit our exposure to interest rate fluctuations. These techniques may include various interest rate hedging activities to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act.

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***The incentive fee we pay to the Investment Adviser with respect to capital gains may be effectively greater than 20.0%.***

As a result of the operation of the cumulative method of calculating the capital gains portion of the incentive fee we pay to the Investment Adviser, the cumulative aggregate capital gains fee received by the Investment Adviser could be effectively greater than 20.0%, depending on the timing and extent of subsequent net realized capital losses or net unrealized depreciation. We cannot predict whether, or to what extent, this payment calculation would affect your investment in our common stock.

### **RISKS RELATED TO OUR OPERATIONS**

***Because we intend to distribute substantially all of our income to our stockholders to obtain and maintain our status as a RIC, we will continue to need additional capital to finance our growth. If additional funds are unavailable or not available on favorable terms, our ability to grow may be impaired.***

In order for us to qualify for the tax benefits available to RICs and to avoid payment of excise taxes, we intend to distribute to our stockholders substantially all of our annual taxable income. As a result of these requirements, we may need to raise capital from other sources to grow our business.

As a BDC, we are required to meet a coverage ratio of total assets, less liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities, to total senior securities, which includes all of our borrowings, of at least 200.0%. This requirement limits the amount that we may borrow. Because we continue to need capital to grow our investment portfolio, these limitations may prevent us from incurring debt and require us to raise additional equity at a time when it may be disadvantageous to do so. While we expect that we will be able to borrow and to issue additional debt securities and expect that we will be able to issue additional equity securities, which would in turn increase the equity capital available to us, we cannot assure you that debt and equity financing will be available to us on favorable terms, or at all. In addition, as a BDC, we generally are not permitted to issue equity securities priced below net asset value without stockholder approval. If additional funds are not available us, we may be forced to curtail or cease new investment activities, and our net asset value could decline.

***Our ability to enter into transactions with our affiliates is restricted.***

As a BDC, we are prohibited under the 1940 Act from participating in certain transactions with our affiliates without the prior approval of our independent directors and, in some cases, the SEC. Any person that owns, directly or indirectly, 5.0% or more of our outstanding voting securities is an affiliate of ours for purposes of the 1940 Act. We are generally prohibited from buying or selling any securities (other than our securities) from or to an affiliate. The 1940 Act also prohibits certain "joint" transactions with an affiliate, which could include investments in the same portfolio company (whether at the same or different times), without prior approval of independent directors and, in some cases, the SEC. If a person acquires more than 25.0% of our voting securities, we are prohibited from buying or selling any security (other than our securities) from or to such person or certain of that person's affiliates, or entering into prohibited joint transactions with such persons, absent the prior approval of the SEC. Similar restrictions limit our ability to transact business with our officers or directors or their affiliates. As a result of these restrictions, we may be prohibited from buying or selling any security from or to any portfolio company of a private equity fund managed by any affiliate of the Investment Adviser without the prior approval of the SEC, which may limit the scope of investment opportunities that would otherwise be available to us.

***The Investment Adviser has significant potential conflicts of interest with us and, consequently, your interests as stockholders which could adversely impact our investment returns.***

Our executive officers and directors, as well as the current or future investment professionals of the Investment Adviser, serve or may serve as officers, directors or principals of entities that operate in

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the same or a related line of business as we do or of investment funds managed by our affiliates. Accordingly, they may have obligations to investors in those entities, the fulfillment of which might not be in your interests as stockholders. Although we are currently New Mountain Capital's only vehicle focused primarily on investing in the investments that we target, in the future, the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser and/or New Mountain Capital employees that provide services pursuant to the Investment Management Agreement may manage other funds which may from time to time have overlapping investment objectives with our own and, accordingly, may invest in, whether principally or secondarily, asset classes similar to those targeted by us. If this occurs, the Investment Adviser may face conflicts of interest in allocating investment opportunities to us and such other funds. Although the investment professionals endeavor to allocate investment opportunities in a fair and equitable manner, it is possible that we may not be given the opportunity to participate in certain investments made by the Investment Adviser or persons affiliated with the Investment Adviser or that certain of these investment funds may be favored over us. When these investment professionals identify an investment, they may be forced to choose which investment fund should make the investment.

If the Investment Adviser forms other affiliates in the future, we may co-invest on a concurrent basis with such other affiliate, subject to compliance with applicable regulations and regulatory guidance or an exemptive order from the SEC and our allocation procedures. In addition, we pay management and incentive fees to the Investment Adviser and reimburse the Investment Adviser for certain expenses it incurs. As a result, investors in our common stock invest in us on a "gross" basis and receive distributions on a "net" basis after our expenses. Also, the incentive fee payable to the Investment Adviser may create an incentive for the Investment Adviser to pursue investments that are riskier or more speculative than would be the case in the absence of such compensation arrangements. Any potential conflict of interest arising as a result of the arrangements with the Investment Adviser could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

***The Investment Committee, the Investment Adviser or its affiliates may, from time to time, possess material non-public information, limiting our investment discretion.***

The Investment Adviser's investment professionals, Investment Committee or their respective affiliates may serve as directors of, or in a similar capacity with, companies in which we invest. In the event that material non-public information is obtained with respect to such companies, or we become subject to trading restrictions under the internal trading policies of those companies or as a result of applicable law or regulations, we could be prohibited for a period of time from purchasing or selling the securities of such companies, and this prohibition may have an adverse effect on us and our stockholders.

***The valuation process for certain of our portfolio holdings creates a conflict of interest.***

Some of our portfolio investments are made in the form of securities that are not publicly traded. As a result, our board of directors determines the fair value of these securities in good faith. In connection with this determination, investment professionals from the Investment Adviser may provide our board of directors with portfolio company valuations based upon the most recent portfolio company financial statements available and projected financial results of each portfolio company. In addition, Steven B. Klinsky, a member of our board of directors, has an indirect pecuniary interest in the Investment Adviser. The participation of the Investment Adviser's investment professionals in our valuation process, and the indirect pecuniary interest in the Investment Adviser by a member of our board of directors, could result in a conflict of interest as the Investment Adviser's management fee is based, in part, on our gross assets and incentive fees are based, in part, on unrealized gains and losses.

*Conflicts of interest may exist related to other arrangements with the Investment Adviser or its affiliates.*

We have entered into a royalty-free license agreement with New Mountain Capital under which New Mountain Capital has agreed to grant us a non-exclusive, royalty-free license to use the name "New Mountain." In addition, we reimburse the Administrator for the allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by the Administrator in performing its obligations to us under the Administration Agreement, such as rent and the allocable portion of the cost of our chief financial officer and chief compliance officer and their respective staffs. This could create conflicts of interest that our board of directors must monitor.

*The Investment Management Agreement with the Investment Adviser and the Administration Agreement with the Administrator were not negotiated on an arm's length basis.*

The Investment Management Agreement and the Administration Agreement were negotiated between related parties. In addition, we may choose not to enforce, or to enforce less vigorously, our respective rights and remedies under these agreements because of our desire to maintain our ongoing relationship with the Investment Adviser, the Administrator and their respective affiliates. Any such decision, however, could cause us to breach our fiduciary obligations to our stockholders.

*The Investment Adviser's liability is limited under the Investment Management Agreement, and we have agreed to indemnify the Investment Adviser against certain liabilities, which may lead the Investment Adviser to act in a riskier manner than it would when acting for its own account.*

Under the Investment Management Agreement, the Investment Adviser does not assume any responsibility other than to render the services called for under that agreement, and it is not responsible for any action of our board of directors in following or declining to follow the Investment Adviser's advice or recommendations. Under the terms of the Investment Management Agreement, the Investment Adviser, its officers, members, personnel, any person controlling or controlled by the Investment Adviser are not liable for acts or omissions performed in accordance with and pursuant to the Investment Management Agreement, except those resulting from acts constituting gross negligence, willful misconduct, bad faith or reckless disregard of the Investment Adviser's duties under the Investment Management Agreement. In addition, we have agreed to indemnify the Investment Adviser and each of its officers, directors, members, managers and employees from and against any claims or liabilities, including reasonable legal fees and other expenses reasonably incurred, arising out of or in connection with our business and operations or any action taken or omitted pursuant to authority granted by the Investment Management Agreement, except where attributable to gross negligence, willful misconduct, bad faith or reckless disregard of such person's duties under the Investment Management Agreement. These protections may lead the Investment Adviser to act in a riskier manner than it would when acting for its own account.

*The Investment Adviser can resign upon 60 days' notice, and a suitable replacement may not be found within that time, resulting in disruptions in our operations that could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.*

Under the Investment Management Agreement, the Investment Adviser has the right to resign at any time upon 60 days' written notice, whether a replacement has been found or not. If the Investment Adviser resigns, we may not be able to find a new investment adviser or hire internal management with similar expertise and ability to provide the same or equivalent services on acceptable terms within 60 days, or at all. If a replacement is not able to be found on a timely basis, our business, results of operations and financial condition and our ability to pay distributions are likely to be materially adversely affected and the market price of our common stock may decline. In addition, if we are unable to identify and reach an agreement with a single institution or group of executives having the expertise possessed by the Investment Adviser and its affiliates, the coordination of its internal

management and investment activities is likely to suffer. Even if we are able to retain comparable management, whether internal or external, their integration into our business and lack of familiarity with our investment objective may result in additional costs and time delays that may materially adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

***The Administrator can resign upon 60 days' notice from its role as Administrator under the Administration Agreement, and a suitable replacement may not be found, resulting in disruptions that could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.***

The Administrator has the right to resign under the Administration Agreement upon 60 days' written notice, whether a replacement has been found or not. If the Administrator resigns, it may be difficult to find a new administrator or hire internal management with similar expertise and ability to provide the same or equivalent services on acceptable terms, or at all. If a replacement is not found quickly, our business, results of operations and financial condition, as well as our ability to pay distributions, are likely to be adversely affected, and the market price of our common stock may decline. In addition, the coordination of our internal management and administrative activities is likely to suffer if we are unable to identify and reach an agreement with a service provider or individuals with the expertise possessed by the Administrator. Even if a comparable service provider or individuals to perform such services are retained, whether internal or external, their integration into our business and lack of familiarity with our investment objective may result in additional costs and time delays that may materially adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

***There is no assurance that the U.S. Small Business Administration will issue to us a license to form and operate a Small Business Investment Company subsidiary.***

The U.S. Small Business Administration ("SBA") issued a "green light" letter inviting us to continue our application process to obtain a license to form and operate a Small Business Investment Company ("SBIC") subsidiary. If approved, an SBIC license would provide us with an incremental source of attractive long-term capital. Receipt of a green light letter from the SBA does not assure an applicant that the SBA will ultimately issue an SBIC license, and we have received no assurance or indication from the SBA that it will receive an SBIC license, or of the timeframe in which we would receive a license, should one ultimately be granted.

***If we fail to maintain our status as a BDC, our business and operating flexibility could be significantly reduced.***

We qualify as a BDC under the 1940 Act. The 1940 Act imposes numerous constraints on the operations of BDCs. For example, BDCs are required to invest at least 70.0% of their total assets in specified types of securities, primarily in private companies or thinly-traded U.S. public companies, cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high quality debt investments that mature in one year or less. Failure to comply with the requirements imposed on BDCs by the 1940 Act could cause the SEC to bring an enforcement action against us and/or expose us to claims of private litigants. In addition, upon approval of a majority of our stockholders, we may elect to withdraw their respective election as a BDC. If we decide to withdraw our election, or if we otherwise fail to qualify, or maintain our qualification, as a BDC, we may be subject to the substantially greater regulation under the 1940 Act as a closed-end investment company. Compliance with these regulations would significantly decrease our operating flexibility and could significantly increase our cost of doing business.

***If we do not invest a sufficient portion of our assets in qualifying assets, we could be precluded from investing in certain assets or could be required to dispose of certain assets, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.***

As a BDC, we are prohibited from acquiring any assets other than "qualifying assets" unless, at the time of and after giving effect to such acquisition, at least 70.0% of our total assets are qualifying assets. We may acquire in the future other investments that are not "qualifying assets" to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act. If we do not invest a sufficient portion of our assets in qualifying assets, we would be prohibited from investing in additional assets, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Similarly, these rules could prevent us from making follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies (which could result in the dilution of its position) or could require us to dispose of investments at inopportune times in order to come into compliance with the 1940 Act. If we need to dispose of these investments quickly, it may be difficult to dispose of such investments on favorable terms. For example, we may have difficulty in finding a buyer and, even if a buyer is found, it may have to sell the investments at a substantial loss.

***Our ability to invest in public companies may be limited in certain circumstances.***

To maintain our status as a BDC, we are not permitted to acquire any assets other than "qualifying assets" specified in the 1940 Act unless, at the time the acquisition is made, at least 70.0% of its total assets are qualifying assets (with certain limited exceptions). Subject to certain exceptions for follow-on investments and distressed companies, an investment in an issuer that has outstanding securities listed on a national securities exchange may be treated as qualifying assets only if such issuer has a common equity market capitalization that is less than \$250.0 million at the time of such investment.

***Regulations governing the operations of BDCs will affect our ability to raise additional equity capital as well as our ability to issue senior securities or borrow for investment purposes, any or all of which could have a negative effect on our investment objectives and strategies.***

Our business requires a substantial amount of capital. We may acquire additional capital from the issuance of senior securities, including borrowing under a credit facility or other indebtedness. In addition, we may also issue additional equity capital, which would in turn increase the equity capital available to us. However, we may not be able to raise additional capital in the future on favorable terms or at all.

We may issue debt securities, preferred stock, and we may borrow money from banks or other financial institutions, which we refer to collectively as "senior securities," up to the maximum amount permitted by the 1940 Act. The 1940 Act permits us to issue senior securities in amounts such that our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, equals at least 200.0% after each issuance of senior securities. If our asset coverage ratio is not at least 200.0%, we would be unable to issue senior securities, and if we had senior securities outstanding (other than any indebtedness issued in consideration of a privately arranged loan, such as any indebtedness outstanding under the Credit Facilities), we would be unable to make distributions to our stockholders. However, at December 31, 2013, NMF Holdings' only senior securities outstanding were indebtedness under the Credit Facilities and therefore at December 31, 2013, NMF Holdings would not have been precluded from paying distributions. If the value of our assets declines, we may be unable to satisfy this test. If that happens, we may be required to liquidate a portion of our investments and repay a portion of our indebtedness at a time when such sales may be disadvantageous.

The Holdings Credit Facility matures on October 27, 2016 and permits borrowings of \$280.0 million as of March 31, 2014. The Holdings Credit Facility had \$271.8 million in debt outstanding as of March 31, 2014. The SLF Credit Facility matures on October 27, 2016 and permits

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borrowings of \$215.0 million as of March 31, 2014. The SLF Credit Facility had \$215.0 million in debt outstanding as of March 31, 2014.

In addition, we may in the future seek to securitize other portfolio securities to generate cash for funding new investments. To securitize loans, we would likely create a wholly-owned subsidiary and contribute a pool of loans to the subsidiary. We would then sell interests in the subsidiary on a non-recourse basis to purchasers and we would retain all or a portion of the equity in the subsidiary. If we are unable to successfully securitize its loan portfolio, which must be done in compliance with the relevant restrictions in the Credit Facilities, our ability to grow our business or fully execute our business strategy could be impaired and our earnings, if any, could decrease. The securitization market is subject to changing market conditions, and we may not be able to access this market when it would otherwise deem appropriate. Moreover, the successful securitization of our portfolio might expose us to losses as the residual investments in which we do not sell interests will tend to be those that are riskier and more apt to generate losses. The 1940 Act also may impose restrictions on the structure of any securitization.

We may also obtain capital through the issuance of additional equity capital. As a BDC, we generally are not able to issue or sell our common stock at a price below net asset value per share. If our common stock trades at a discount to its net asset value per share, this restriction could adversely affect our ability to raise equity capital. We may, however, sell our common stock, or warrants, options or rights to acquire its common stock, at a price below its net asset value per share of the common stock if our board of directors and independent directors determine that such sale is in our best interests and the best interests of our stockholders, and our stockholders approve such sale. In any such case, the price at which our securities are to be issued and sold may not be less than a price that, in the determination of our board of directors, closely approximates the market value of such securities (less any underwriting commission or discount). If we raise additional funds by issuing more shares of our common stock, or if we issue senior securities convertible into, or exchangeable for, our common stock, the percentage ownership of our stockholders may decline and you may experience dilution.

***Our business model in the future may depend to an extent upon our referral relationships with private equity sponsors, and the inability of the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser to maintain or develop these relationships, or the failure of these relationships to generate investment opportunities, could adversely affect our business strategy.***

If the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser fail to maintain existing relationships or develop new relationships with other sponsors or sources of investment opportunities, we may not be able to grow our investment portfolio. In addition, individuals with whom the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser have relationships are not obligated to provide us with investment opportunities, and, therefore, there is no assurance that any relationships they currently or may in the future have will generate investment opportunities for us.

***We may experience fluctuations in our annual and quarterly results due to the nature of our business.***

We could experience fluctuations in our annual and quarterly operating results due to a number of factors, some of which are beyond our control, including the ability or inability of us to make investments in companies that meet our investment criteria, the interest rate payable on the debt securities acquired and the default rate on such securities, the level of our expenses, variations in and the timing of the recognition of realized and unrealized gains or losses, the degree to which we encounter competition in the markets in which we operate and general economic conditions. As a result of these factors, results for any period should not be relied upon as being indicative of performance in future periods.

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***Our board of directors may change its investment objective, operating policies and strategies without prior notice or member approval, the effects of which may be adverse to your interest as a stockholder.***

Our board of directors has the authority, except as otherwise provided in the 1940 Act, to modify or waive certain of our operating policies and strategies without prior notice and without stockholder approval. As a result, our board of directors may be able to change our investment policies and objectives without any input from our stockholders. However, absent stockholder approval, we may not change the nature of our business so as to cease to be, or withdraw its election as, a BDC. Under Delaware law, we also cannot be dissolved without prior stockholder approval. We cannot predict the effect any changes to our current operating policies and strategies would have on our business, operating results and the market price of our common stock. Nevertheless, any such changes could adversely affect our business and impair our ability to make distributions to our stockholders.

***We will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on all of our income if we are unable to maintain RIC status under Subchapter M of the Code, which would have a material adverse effect on our financial performance.***

Although we intend to continue to qualify annually as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code, no assurance can be given that we will be able to maintain our RIC status. To maintain RIC status and be relieved of U.S. federal income taxes on income and gains distributed to our stockholders, we must meet the annual distribution, source-of-income and asset diversification requirements described below.

The annual distribution requirement for a RIC will be satisfied if we distribute to our stockholders on an annual basis at least 90.0% of its net ordinary income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses, if any. Because we use debt financing, we are subject to an asset coverage ratio requirement under the 1940 Act, and we are subject to certain financial covenants contained in the Credit Facilities and other debt financing agreements (as applicable). This asset coverage ratio requirement and these financial covenants could, under certain circumstances, restrict us from making distributions to our stockholders, which distributions are necessary for us to satisfy the distribution requirement. If we are unable to obtain cash from other sources, and thus are unable to make sufficient distributions to our members, we could fail to qualify for RIC tax treatment and thus become subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax (and any applicable state and local taxes).

The source-of-income requirement will be satisfied if at least 90.0% of our allocable share of our gross income for each year is derived from dividends, interest, gains from the sale of stock or securities or similar sources.

The asset diversification requirement will be satisfied if we meet certain asset diversification requirements at the end of each quarter of our taxable year. To satisfy this requirement, at least 50.0% of the value of our assets must consist of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities, securities of other RICs, and other acceptable securities; and no more than 25.0% of the value of our assets can be invested in the securities, other than U.S. government securities or securities of other RICs, of one issuer, of two or more issuers that are controlled, as determined under applicable Code rules, by it and that are engaged in the same or similar or related trades or businesses or of certain "qualified publicly traded partnerships." Failure to meet these requirements may result in us having to dispose of certain investments quickly in order to prevent the loss of our RIC status. Because most of our investments are intended to be in private companies, and therefore may be relatively illiquid, any such dispositions could be made at disadvantageous prices and could result in substantial losses.

If we fail to qualify for or maintain our RIC status for any reason, and we do not qualify for certain relief provisions under the Code, we would be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax (and any applicable state and local taxes). In this event, the resulting taxes could substantially reduce



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our net assets, the amount of income available for distribution and the amount of our distributions, which would have a material adverse effect on our financial performance.

***You may have current tax liabilities on distributions you reinvest in our common stock.***

Under the dividend reinvestment plan, if you own shares of our common stock registered in your own name, you will have all cash distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock unless you opt out of the dividend reinvestment plan by delivering notice by phone, internet or in writing to the plan administrator at least three days prior to the payment date of the next dividend or distribution. If you have not "opted out" of the dividend reinvestment plan, you will be deemed to have received, and for U.S. federal income tax purposes will be taxed on, the amount reinvested in our common stock of to the extent the amount reinvested was not a tax-free return of capital. As a result, you may have to use funds from other sources to pay your U.S. federal income tax liability on the value of the common stock received.

***We may not be able to pay you distributions on our common stock, our distributions to you may not grow over time and a portion of our distributions to you may be a return of capital for U.S. federal income tax purposes.***

We intend to pay quarterly distributions to our stockholders out of assets legally available for distribution. We cannot assure you that we will continue to achieve investment results that will allow us to make a specified level of cash distributions or year-to-year increases in cash distributions. If we are unable to satisfy the asset coverage test applicable to us as a BDC, or if we violates certain covenants under the Credit Facilities, our ability to pay distributions to our stockholders could be limited. All distributions are paid at the discretion of our board of directors and depend on our earnings, financial condition, maintenance of our RIC status, compliance with applicable BDC regulations, compliance with covenants under the Credit Facilities, and such other factors as our board of directors may deem relevant from time to time. The distributions that we pay to our stockholders in a year may exceed our taxable income for that year and, accordingly, a portion of such distributions may constitute a return of capital for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

***We may have difficulty paying our required distributions if we recognize taxable income before or without receiving cash representing such income.***

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, we include in our taxable income our allocable share of certain amounts that we have not yet received in cash, such as original issue discount or accruals on a contingent payment debt instrument, which may occur if we receive warrants in connection with the origination of a loan or possibly in other circumstances or contracted payment-in-kind ("PIK") interest, which generally represents contractual interest added to the loan balance and due at the end of the loan term. Our allocable share of such original issue discount and PIK interest are included in our taxable income before we receive any corresponding cash payments. We also may be required to include in our taxable income our allocable share of certain other amounts that we will not receive in cash.

Because in certain cases we may recognize taxable income before or without receiving cash representing such income, we may have difficulty making distributions to our stockholders that will be sufficient to enable us to meet the annual distribution requirement necessary for us to qualify as a RIC. Accordingly, we may need to sell some of our assets at times and/or at prices that we would not consider advantageous. We may need to raise additional equity or debt capital, or we may need to forego new investment opportunities or otherwise take actions that are disadvantageous to our business (or be unable to take actions that are advantageous to our business) to enable us to make distributions to our stockholders that will be sufficient to enable us to meet the annual distribution requirement. If we are unable to obtain cash from other sources to enable us to meet the annual distribution

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requirement, we may fail to qualify for the U.S. federal income tax benefits allowable to RICs and, thus, become subject to a corporate-level U.S. federal income tax (and any applicable state and local taxes).

### ***Changes in laws or regulations governing our operations may adversely affect our business or cause us to alter our business strategy.***

Changes in the laws or regulations or the interpretations of the laws and regulations that govern BDCs, RICs or non-depository commercial lenders could significantly affect our operations and our cost of doing business. Our portfolio companies are subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations. New legislation may be enacted or new interpretations, rulings or regulations could be adopted, any of which could materially adversely affect our business, including with respect to the types of investments we are permitted to make, and your interest as a stockholder potentially with retroactive effect. In addition, any changes to the laws and regulations governing our operations relating to permitted investments may cause us to alter its investment strategy in order to avail ourselves of new or different opportunities. These changes could result in material changes to the strategies and plans set forth in this prospectus and may result in our investment focus shifting from the areas of expertise of the Investment Adviser to other types of investments in which the Investment Adviser may have less expertise or little or no experience. Any such changes, if they occur, could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition and, consequently, the value of your investment in us.

On July 21, 2010, the Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, or Dodd-Frank Act, was signed into law. Although passage of the Dodd-Frank Act has resulted in extensive rulemaking and regulatory changes that affect us and the financial industry as a whole, many of its provisions remain subject to extended implementation periods and delayed effective dates and will require extensive rulemaking by regulatory authorities. While the full impact of the Dodd-Frank Act on us and our portfolio companies may not be known for an extended period of time, the Dodd-Frank Act, including future rules implementing its provisions and the interpretation of those rules, along with other legislative and regulatory proposals directed at the financial services industry or affecting taxation that are proposed or pending in the U.S. Congress, may negatively impact our or our portfolio companies' operations, cash flows or financial condition, impose additional costs on us or our portfolio companies, intensify the regulatory supervision of us or our portfolio companies or otherwise adversely affect our business or the business of our portfolio companies.

Over the last several years, there has been an increase in regulatory attention to the extension of credit outside of the traditional banking sector, raising the possibility that some portion of the non-bank financial sector will be subject to new regulation. While it cannot be known at this time whether these regulations will be implemented or what form they will take, increased regulation of non-bank credit extension could negatively impact our operations, cash flows or financial condition, impose additional costs on us, intensify the regulatory supervision of us or otherwise adversely affect our business.

### ***The effect of global climate change may impact the operations of our portfolio companies.***

There may be evidence of global climate change. Climate change creates physical and financial risk and some of our portfolio companies may be adversely affected by climate change. For example, the needs of customers of energy companies vary with weather conditions, primarily temperature and humidity. To the extent weather conditions are affected by climate change, energy use could increase or decrease depending on the duration and magnitude of any changes. Increases in the cost of energy could adversely affect the cost of operations of our portfolio companies if the use of energy products or services is material to their business. A decrease in energy use due to weather changes may affect some of our portfolio companies' financial condition, through decreased revenues. Extreme weather

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conditions in general require more system backup, adding to costs, and can contribute to increased system stresses, including service interruptions.

### ***Pending legislation may allow us to incur additional leverage.***

As a BDC, under the 1940 Act we generally are not permitted to incur indebtedness unless immediately after such borrowing we have an asset coverage for total borrowings of at least 200.0% (i.e., the amount of debt may not exceed 50.0% of the value of our total assets or we may borrow an amount equal to 100.0% of net assets). Recent legislation introduced in the U.S. House of Representatives, if passed, would modify this section of the 1940 Act and increase the amount of debt that BDCs may incur by modifying the percentage from 200.0% to 150.0%. As a result, we may be able to incur additional indebtedness in the future and therefore your risk of an investment in our common stock may increase.

### ***We incur significant costs as a result of being a publicly traded company.***

As a publicly traded company, we incur legal, accounting and other expenses, which are paid by us, including costs associated with the periodic reporting requirements applicable to a company whose securities are registered under the Exchange Act, as well as additional corporate governance requirements, including requirements under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, or the "Sarbanes-Oxley Act," and other rules implemented by the SEC.

### ***Efforts to comply with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act involve significant expenditures, and non-compliance with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act may adversely affect us and the market price of our common stock.***

We are subject to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, and the related rules and regulations promulgated by the SEC. Under current SEC rules, beginning with our fiscal year ending December 31, 2012, our management was required to report on their internal control over financial reporting pursuant to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, and rules and regulations of the SEC thereunder. We are required to review on an annual basis our internal control over financial reporting, and on a quarterly and annual basis to evaluate and disclose changes in our internal control over financial reporting. As a result, we expect to incur significant additional expenses in the near term, which may negatively impact our financial performance and our ability to make distributions to our stockholders. This process also may result in a diversion of management's time and attention. We cannot be certain as to the timing of completion of any evaluation, testing and remediation actions or the impact of the same on our operations, and we are not able to ensure that the process is effective or that our internal control over financial reporting is or will continue to be effective in a timely manner. In the event that we are unable to maintain or achieve compliance with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and related rules, we and, consequently, the market price of our common stock may be adversely affected.

### ***Our business is highly dependent on information systems and systems failures could significantly disrupt our business, which may, in turn, negatively affect the market price of our common stock and our ability to pay dividends.***

Our business is highly dependent on the communications and information systems of the Investment Adviser and its affiliates. Any failure or interruption of such systems could cause delays or other problems in our activities. This, in turn, could have a material adverse effect on our operating results and, consequently, negatively affect the market price of our common stock and our ability to pay dividends to our stockholders. In addition, because many of our portfolio companies operate and rely on network infrastructure and enterprise applications and internal technology systems for development, marketing, operational, support and other business activities, a disruption or failure of any or all of these systems in the event of a major telecommunications failure, cyber-attack, fire, earthquake, severe weather conditions or other catastrophic event could cause system interruptions, delays in product development and loss of critical data and could otherwise disrupt their business operations.

**RISKS RELATING TO OUR INVESTMENTS**

*Our investments in portfolio companies may be risky, and we could lose all or part of any of our investments.*

Investments in small and middle market businesses are highly speculative and involve a high degree of risk of credit loss. These risks are likely to increase during volatile economic periods, such as the U.S. and many other economies have recently experienced. Among other things, these companies:

may have limited financial resources and may be unable to meet their obligations under their debt instruments that we hold, which may be accompanied by a deterioration in the value of any collateral and a reduction in the likelihood of us realizing any guarantees from subsidiaries or affiliates of its portfolio companies that we may have obtained in connection with its investment, as well as a corresponding decrease in the value of any equity components of its investments;

may have shorter operating histories, narrower product lines, smaller market shares and/or more significant customer concentrations than larger businesses, which tend to render them more vulnerable to competitors' actions and market conditions, as well as general economic downturns;

are more likely to depend on the management talents and efforts of a small group of persons; therefore, the death, disability, resignation or termination of one or more of these persons could have a material adverse impact on our portfolio company and, in turn, on us;

generally have less predictable operating results, may from time to time be parties to litigation, may be engaged in rapidly changing businesses with products subject to a substantial risk of obsolescence;

may require substantial additional capital to support their operations, finance expansion or maintain their competitive position; and

generally have less publicly available information about their businesses, operations and financial condition.

In addition, in the course of providing significant managerial assistance to certain of our portfolio companies, certain of our officers and directors may serve as directors on the boards of such companies. To the extent that litigation arises out of our investments in these companies, our officers and directors may be named as defendants in such litigation, which could result in an expenditure of funds (through our indemnification of such officers and directors) and the diversion of management time and resources.

*Our investment strategy, which is focused primarily on privately held companies, presents certain challenges, including the lack of available information about these companies.*

We invest primarily in privately held companies. There is generally little public information about these companies, and, as a result, we must rely on the ability of the Investment Adviser to obtain adequate information to evaluate the potential returns from, and risks related to, investing in these companies. If we are unable to uncover all material information about these companies, we may not make a fully informed investment decision, and we may lose money on our investments. Also, privately held companies frequently have less diverse product lines and smaller market presence than larger competitors. They are, thus, generally more vulnerable to economic downturns and may experience substantial variations in operating results. These factors could adversely affect our investment returns.

***Our portfolio may be concentrated in a limited number of industries, which may subject us to a risk of significant loss if there is a downturn in a particular industry in which a number of our investments are concentrated.***

Our portfolio may be concentrated in a limited number of industries. For example, as of March 31, 2014, NMF Holdings' investments in the software, the education, the business services, and the distribution & logistics industries represented approximately 21.1%, 20.5%, 13.6% and 10.3%, respectively, of the fair value of NMF Holdings' portfolio. A downturn in any particular industry in which we are invested could significantly impact the portfolio companies operating in that industry, and accordingly, the aggregate returns that we realize from our investment in such portfolio companies.

Specifically, companies in the software industry often have narrow product lines and small market shares. Because of rapid technological change, the average selling prices of products and some services provided by software companies have historically decreased over their productive lives. As a result, the average selling prices of products and services offered by software companies in which we invest may decrease over time. In addition, companies in the education industry are required to comply with extensive regulatory and accreditation requirements, which could be subject to change by Congress, and which can limit their access to federal aid or similar loan programs, or otherwise increase their compliance costs. Likewise, companies in the business services industry are subject to general economic downturns and business cycles, and will often suffer reduced revenues and rate pressures during periods of economic uncertainty. Finally, companies in the distribution & logistics industry are subject to complex and stringent aviation, transportation, environmental, security, labor, employment and other governmental laws and regulations, both in the U.S. and in the other countries. In addition, companies in the distribution & logistics industry may be impacted by global climate change, including severe weather or other natural disasters, changes in regulation in response to climate change and changing prices for energy commodities. If an industry in which we have significant investments suffers from adverse business or economic conditions, as these industries have to varying degrees, a material portion of its investment portfolio could be affected adversely, which, in turn, could adversely affect our financial position and results of operations.

***If we make unsecured investments, those investments might not generate sufficient cash flow to service their debt obligations to us.***

We may make unsecured investments. Unsecured investments may be subordinated to other obligations of the obligor. Unsecured investments often reflect a greater possibility that adverse changes in the financial condition of the obligor or general economic conditions (including, for example, a substantial period of rising interest rates or declining earnings) or both may impair the ability of the obligor to make payment of principal and interest. If we make an unsecured investment in a portfolio company, that portfolio company may be highly leveraged, and its relatively high debt-to-equity ratio may increase the risk that its operations might not generate sufficient cash to service its debt obligations.

***If we invest in the securities and obligations of distressed and bankrupt issuers, we might not receive interest or other payments.***

From time to time, we may invest in other types of investments which are not our primary focus, including investments in the securities and obligations of distressed and bankrupt issuers, including debt obligations that are in covenant or payment default. Such investments generally are considered speculative. The repayment of defaulted obligations is subject to significant uncertainties. Defaulted obligations might be repaid only after lengthy workout or bankruptcy proceedings, during which the issuer of those obligations might not make any interest or other payments.

***The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business.***

We invest, and will continue to invest, in companies whose securities are not publicly traded and whose securities will be subject to legal and other restrictions on resale or will otherwise be less liquid than publicly traded securities. The illiquidity of these investments may make it difficult for us to sell these investments when desired. In addition, if we are required or otherwise choose to liquidate all or a portion of our portfolio quickly, we may realize significantly less than the value at which we had previously recorded these investments. Our investments are usually subject to contractual or legal restrictions on resale or are otherwise illiquid because there is usually no established trading market for such investments. Because most of our investments are illiquid, we may be unable to dispose of them in which case we could fail to qualify as a RIC and/or a BDC, or we may be unable to do so at a favorable price, and, as a result, we may suffer losses.

***Price declines and illiquidity in the corporate debt markets may adversely affect the fair value of our portfolio investments, reducing our net asset value through increased net unrealized depreciation.***

As a BDC, we are required to carry our investments at market value or, if no market value is ascertainable, at fair value as determined in good faith by our board of directors. As part of the valuation process, we may take into account the following types of factors, if relevant, in determining the fair value of our investments:

a comparison of the portfolio company's securities to publicly traded securities;

the enterprise value of a portfolio company;

the nature and realizable value of any collateral;

the portfolio company's ability to make payments and its earnings and discounted cash flow;

the markets in which the portfolio company does business; and

changes in the interest rate environment and the credit markets generally that may affect the price at which similar investments may be made in the future and other relevant factors.

When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent sale occurs, we will use the pricing indicated by the external event to corroborate our valuation. We will record decreases in the market values or fair values of our investments as unrealized depreciation. Declines in prices and liquidity in the corporate debt markets may result in significant net unrealized depreciation in its portfolio. The effect of all of these factors on our portfolio may reduce our net asset value by increasing net unrealized depreciation in our portfolio. Depending on market conditions, we could incur substantial realized losses and may suffer additional unrealized losses in future periods, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

***If we are unable to make follow-on investments in our portfolio companies, the value of our investment portfolio could be adversely affected.***

Following an initial investment in a portfolio company, we may make additional investments in that portfolio company as "follow-on" investments, in order to (i) increase or maintain in whole or in part our equity ownership percentage, (ii) exercise warrants, options or convertible securities that were acquired in the original or subsequent financing or (iii) attempt to preserve or enhance the value of our investment. We may elect not to make follow-on investments or may otherwise lack sufficient funds to make these investments. We have the discretion to make follow-on investments, subject to the availability of capital resources. If we fail to make follow-on investments, the continued viability of a portfolio company and our investment may, in some circumstances, be jeopardized and we could miss an opportunity for us to increase our participation in a successful operation. Even if we have sufficient

capital to make a desired follow-on investment, we may elect not to make a follow-on investment because we may not want to increase our concentration of risk, either because we prefer other opportunities or because we are subject to BDC requirements that would prevent such follow-on investments or such follow-on investments would adversely impact our ability to maintain our RIC status.

***Our portfolio companies may incur debt that ranks equally with, or senior to, its investments in such companies.***

We invest in portfolio companies at all levels of the capital structure. Our portfolio companies may have, or may be permitted to incur, other debt that ranks equally with, or senior to, the debt in which we invest. By their terms, these debt instruments may entitle the holders to receive payment of interest or principal on or before the dates on which we are entitled to receive payments with respect to the debt instruments in which we invest. In addition, in the event of insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of a portfolio company, holders of debt instruments ranking senior to our investment in that portfolio company would typically be entitled to receive payment in full before we receive any distribution. After repaying the senior creditors, the portfolio company may not have any remaining assets to use for repaying its obligation to us. In the case of debt ranking equally with debt instruments in which we invest, we would have to share on an equal basis any distributions with other creditors holding such debt in the event of an insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of the relevant portfolio company.

***The disposition of our investments may result in contingent liabilities.***

Most of our investments will involve private securities. In connection with the disposition of an investment in private securities, we may be required to make representations about the business and financial affairs of the portfolio company typical of those made in connection with the sale of a business. We may also be required to indemnify the purchasers of such investment to the extent that any such representations turn out to be inaccurate or with respect to certain potential liabilities. These arrangements may result in contingent liabilities that ultimately yield funding obligations that must be satisfied through our return of certain distributions previously made to it.

***There may be circumstances where our debt investments could be subordinated to claims of other creditors or we could be subject to lender liability claims.***

Even though we may have structured certain of our investments as senior loans, if one of our portfolio companies were to go bankrupt, depending on the facts and circumstances, including the extent to which we actually provided managerial assistance to that portfolio company, a bankruptcy court might re-characterize our debt investment and subordinate all or a portion of our claim to that of other creditors. We may also be subject to lender liability claims for actions taken by it with respect to a borrower's business or instances where it exercises control over the borrower. It is possible that we could become subject to a lender's liability claim, including as a result of actions taken in rendering significant managerial assistance.

***Second priority liens on collateral securing loans that we make to its portfolio companies may be subject to control by senior creditors with first priority liens. If there is a default, the value of the collateral may not be sufficient to repay in full both the first priority creditors and us.***

Certain loans to portfolio companies will be secured on a second priority basis by the same collateral securing senior secured debt of such companies. The first priority liens on the collateral will secure the portfolio company's obligations under any outstanding senior debt and may secure certain other future debt that may be permitted to be incurred by the portfolio company under the agreements governing the loans. The holders of obligations secured by the first priority liens on the collateral will

generally control the liquidation of and be entitled to receive proceeds from any realization of the collateral to repay their obligations in full before us. In addition, the value of the collateral in the event of liquidation will depend on market and economic conditions, the availability of buyers and other factors. There can be no assurance that the proceeds, if any, from the sale or sales of all of the collateral would be sufficient to satisfy the loan obligations secured by the second priority liens after payment in full of all obligations secured by the first priority liens on the collateral. If such proceeds are not sufficient to repay amounts outstanding under the loan obligations secured by the second priority liens, then we, to the extent not repaid from the proceeds of the sale of the collateral, will only have an unsecured claim against the portfolio company's remaining assets, if any.

The rights we may have with respect to the collateral securing the loans we make to our portfolio companies with senior debt outstanding may also be limited pursuant to the terms of one or more intercreditor agreements entered into with the holders of first priority senior debt. Under an intercreditor agreement, at any time that obligations that have the benefit of the first priority liens are outstanding, any of the following actions that may be taken in respect of the collateral will be at the direction of the holders of the obligations secured by the first priority liens: the ability to cause the commencement of enforcement proceedings against the collateral, the ability to control the conduct of such proceedings, the approval of amendments to collateral documents; releases of liens on the collateral and waivers of past defaults under collateral documents. We may not have the ability to control or direct these actions, even if our rights are adversely affected.

***We generally do not control our portfolio companies.***

We do not, and do not expect to, control most of our portfolio companies, even though we may have board representation or board observation rights, and our debt agreements may contain certain restrictive covenants that limit the business and operations of our portfolio companies. As a result, we are subject to the risk that a portfolio company may make business decisions with which we disagree and the management of such company may take risks or otherwise act in ways that do not serve our interests as debt investors. Due to the lack of liquidity of the investments that we typically hold in our portfolio companies, we may not be able to dispose of our investments in the event that we disagree with the actions of a portfolio company as readily as we would otherwise like to or at favorable prices which could decrease the value of our investments.

***Economic recessions, downturns or government spending cuts could impair our portfolio companies and harm its operating results.***

Many of our portfolio companies may be susceptible to economic slowdowns or recessions and may be unable to repay its debt investments during these periods. Therefore, our non-performing assets are likely to increase, and the value of our portfolio is likely to decrease during these periods. Adverse economic conditions also may decrease the value of collateral securing some of our debt investments and the value of our equity investments. Economic slowdowns or recessions could lead to financial losses in our portfolio and a decrease in revenues, net income and assets. Unfavorable economic conditions also could increase our funding costs, limit our access to the capital markets or result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us. These events could prevent us from increasing investments and harm its operating results.

***A number of our portfolio companies provide services to the U.S. government. Changes in the U.S. government's priorities and spending, or significant delays or reductions in appropriations of the U.S. government's funds, could have a material adverse effect on the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of such portfolio companies.***

A number of our portfolio companies derive a substantial portion of their revenue from the U.S. government. Levels of the U.S. government's spending in future periods are very difficult to predict and



subject to significant risks. In addition, significant budgetary constraints may result in further reductions to projected spending levels. In particular, U.S. government expenditures are subject to the potential for automatic reductions, generally referred to as "sequestration." Sequestration occurred during 2013, and may occur again in the future, resulting in significant additional reductions to spending by the U.S. government on both existing and new contracts as well as disruption of ongoing programs. Even if sequestration does not occur again in the future, we expect that budgetary constraints and ongoing concerns regarding the U.S. national debt will continue to place downward pressure on U.S. government spending levels. Due to these and other factors, overall U.S. government spending could decline, which could result in significant reductions to the revenues, cash flow and profits of our portfolio companies that provide services to the U.S. government.

***Defaults by our portfolio companies may harm our operating results.***

A portfolio company's failure to satisfy financial or operating covenants imposed by us or other lenders could lead to defaults and, potentially, termination of its loans and foreclosure on its secured assets, which could trigger cross-defaults under other agreements and jeopardize a portfolio company's ability to meet its obligations under the debt or equity securities that we hold.

We may incur expenses to the extent necessary to seek recovery upon default or to negotiate new terms, which may include the waiver of certain financial covenants, with a defaulting portfolio company. In addition, lenders in certain cases can be subject to lender liability claims for actions taken by them when they become too involved in the borrower's business or exercise control over a borrower. It is possible that we could become subject to a lender's liability claim, including as a result of actions taken if we render significant managerial assistance to the borrower. Furthermore, if one of our portfolio companies were to file for bankruptcy protection, even though we may have structured our investment as senior secured debt, depending on the facts and circumstances, including the extent to which we provided managerial assistance to that portfolio company, a bankruptcy court might re-characterize our debt holding and subordinate all or a portion of our claim to claims of other creditors.

***Prepayments of our debt investments by our portfolio companies could adversely impact our results of operations and reduce our return on equity.***

We are subject to the risk that the investments we make in our portfolio companies may be repaid prior to maturity. When this occurs, subject to maintenance of our RIC status, we will generally reinvest these proceeds in temporary investments, pending our future investment in new portfolio companies. These temporary investments will typically have substantially lower yields than the debt being prepaid and we could experience significant delays in reinvesting these amounts. Any future investment in a new portfolio company may also be at lower yields than the debt that was repaid. As a result, our results of operations could be materially adversely affected if one or more of our portfolio companies elect to prepay amounts owed to us. Additionally, prepayments could negatively impact our return on equity, which could result in a decline in the market price of our common stock.

***We may not realize gains from our equity investments.***

When we invest in portfolio companies, we may acquire warrants or other equity securities of portfolio companies as well. We may also invest in equity securities directly. To the extent we hold equity investments, we will attempt to dispose of them and realize gains upon its disposition of them. However, the equity interests we receive may not appreciate in value and, in fact, may decline in value. As a result, we may not be able to realize gains from our equity interests, and any gains that we do realize on the disposition of any equity interests may not be sufficient to offset any other losses we experience. We also may be unable to realize any value if a portfolio company does not have a liquidity event, such as a sale of the business, recapitalization or public offering, which would allow us to sell the underlying equity interests.

*Our performance may differ from our historical performance as our current investment strategy includes significantly more primary originations in addition to secondary market purchases.*

Historically, NMF Holdings' investment strategy consisted primarily of secondary market purchases in debt securities. We adjusted that investment strategy to also include significantly more primary originations. While loans that we originate and loans we purchase in the secondary market face many of the same risks associated with the financing of leveraged companies, we may be exposed to different risks depending on specific business considerations for secondary market purchases or origination of loans. Primary originations require substantially more time and resources for sourcing, diligencing and monitoring investments, which may consume a significant portion of our resources. Further, the valuation process for primary originations may be more cumbersome and uncertain due to the lack of comparable market quotes for the investment and would likely require more frequent review by a third-party valuation firm. This may result in greater costs for us and fluctuations in the quarterly valuations of investments that are primary originations. As a result, this strategy may result in different returns from these investments than the types of returns NMF Holdings has historically experienced from secondary market purchases of debt securities.

*We may be subject to additional risks if we invest in foreign securities and/or engage in hedging transactions.*

The 1940 Act generally requires that 70.0% of our investments be in issuers each of whom is organized under the laws of, and has its principal place of business in, any state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands or any other possession of the United States. Our investment strategy does not presently contemplate significant investments in securities of non-U.S. companies. However, we may desire to make such investments in the future, to the extent that such transactions and investments are permitted under the 1940 Act. We expect that these investments would focus on the same types of investments that we make in U.S. middle market companies and accordingly would be complementary to our overall strategy and enhance the diversity of our holdings. Investing in foreign companies could expose us to additional risks not typically associated with investing in U.S. companies. These risks include changes in exchange control regulations, political and social instability, expropriation, imposition of foreign taxes, less liquid markets and less available information than is generally the case in the United States, higher transaction costs, less government supervision of exchanges, brokers and issuers, less developed bankruptcy laws, difficulty in enforcing contractual obligations, lack of uniform accounting and auditing standards and greater price volatility. Investments denominated in foreign currencies would be subject to the risk that the value of a particular currency will change in relation to one or more other currencies. Among the factors that may affect currency values are trade balances, the level of short-term interest rates, differences in relative values of similar assets in different currencies, long-term opportunities for investment and capital appreciation and political developments. We may employ hedging techniques to minimize these risks, but we can offer no assurance that we will, in fact, hedge currency risk, or that if we do, such strategies will be effective.

Engaging in hedging transactions would also, indirectly, entail additional risks to our stockholders. Although it is not currently anticipated that we would engage in hedging transactions as a principal investment strategy, if we determined to engage in hedging transactions, we generally would seek to hedge against fluctuations of the relative values of our portfolio positions from changes in market interest rates or currency exchange rates. Hedging against a decline in the values of our portfolio positions would not eliminate the possibility of fluctuations in the values of such positions or prevent losses if the values of the positions declined. However, such hedging could establish other positions designed to gain from those same developments, thereby offsetting the decline in the value of such portfolio positions.

These hedging transactions could also limit the opportunity for gain if the values of the underlying portfolio positions increased. Moreover, it might not be possible to hedge against an exchange rate or interest rate fluctuation that was so generally anticipated that we would not be able to enter into a

hedging transaction at an acceptable price. If we choose to engage in hedging transactions, there can be no assurances that we will achieve the intended benefits of such transactions and, depending on the degree of exposure such transactions could create, such transactions may expose us to risk of loss.

While we may enter into these types of transactions to seek to reduce currency exchange rate and interest rate risks, unanticipated changes in currency exchange rates or interest rates could result in poorer overall investment performance than if we had not engaged in any such hedging transactions. In addition, the degree of correlation between price movements of the instruments used in a hedging strategy and price movements in the portfolio positions being hedged could vary. Moreover, for a variety of reasons, we might not seek to establish a perfect correlation between the hedging instruments and the portfolio holdings being hedged. Any imperfect correlation could prevent us from achieving the intended hedge and expose us to risk of loss. In addition, it might not be possible to hedge fully or perfectly against currency fluctuations affecting the value of securities denominated in non-U.S. currencies because the value of those securities would likely fluctuate as a result of factors not related to currency fluctuations.

*Uncertainty relating to the LIBOR calculation process may adversely affect the value of our portfolio of LIBOR-indexed, floating-rate debt securities.*

Concerns have been publicized that some of the member banks surveyed by the British Bankers' Association ("BBA") in connection with the calculation of LIBOR across a range of maturities and currencies may have been under-reporting or otherwise manipulating the inter-bank lending rate applicable to them in order to profit on their derivatives positions or to avoid an appearance of capital insufficiency or adverse reputational or other consequences that may have resulted from reporting inter-bank lending rates higher than those they actually submitted. A number of BBA member banks have entered into settlements with their regulators and law enforcement agencies with respect to alleged manipulation of LIBOR, and investigations by regulators and governmental authorities in various jurisdictions are ongoing.

Actions by the BBA, regulators or law enforcement agencies may result in changes to the manner in which LIBOR is determined. Uncertainty as to the nature of such potential changes may adversely affect the market for LIBOR-based securities, including our portfolio of LIBOR-indexed, floating-rate debt securities. In addition, any further changes or reforms to the determination or supervision of LIBOR may result in a sudden or prolonged increase or decrease in reported LIBOR, which could have an adverse impact on the market for LIBOR-based securities or the value of our portfolio of LIBOR-indexed, floating-rate debt securities.

## **RISKS RELATING TO OUR SECURITIES**

*The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly.*

The market price and liquidity of the market for shares of our common stock may be significantly affected by numerous factors, some of which are beyond our control and may not be directly related to our operating performance. These factors include:

price and volume fluctuations in the overall stock market or in the market for BDCs from time to time;

investor demand for shares of our common stock;

significant volatility in the market price and trading volume of securities of registered closed-end management investment companies, BDCs or other financial services companies, which is not necessarily related to the operating performance of these companies;

the inability to raise equity capital;

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our inability to borrow money or deploy or invest its capital;

fluctuations in interest rates;

any shortfall in revenue or net income or any increase in losses from levels expected by investors or securities analysts;

operating performance of companies comparable to us;

changes in regulatory policies or tax guidelines with respect to RICs or BDCs;

our loss of status as or ability to operate as BDCs;

our failure to qualify as a RIC, loss of RIC status or ability operate as a RIC;

actual or anticipated changes in our earnings or fluctuations in its operating results;

changes in the value of our portfolio of investments;

general economic conditions, trends and other external factors;

departures of key personnel; or

loss of a major source of funding.

In addition, we are required to continue to meet certain listing standards in order for our common stock to remain listed on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"). On January 2, 2013, we received a letter of public reprimand from the NYSE indicating that we had failed to comply with Section 204.12 of the NYSE Listed Company Manual requiring ten days prior notice of a record date, in connection with the announcement of a special dividend distribution. If we were to be delisted by the NYSE, the liquidity of our common stock would be materially impaired.

### ***Investing in our common stock may involve an above average degree of risk.***

The investments we may make may result in a higher amount of risk, volatility or loss of principal than alternative investment options. These investments in portfolio companies may be highly speculative and aggressive, and therefore, an investment in our common stock may not be suitable for investors with lower risk tolerance.

### ***Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market may have an adverse effect on the market price of our common stock.***

Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock could materially adversely affect the prevailing market prices for our common stock. If substantial amounts of our common stock were sold, this could impair our ability to raise additional capital through the sale of securities should we desire to do so.

### ***Certain provisions of our certificate of incorporation and bylaws, as well as aspects of the Delaware General Corporation Law could deter takeover attempts and have an adverse impact on the price of our common stock.***

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Our certificate of incorporation and bylaws as well as the Delaware General Corporation Law contain provisions that may have the effect of discouraging a third party from making an acquisition proposal for us. Among other things, our certificate of incorporation and bylaws:

provide for a classified board of directors, which may delay the ability of our stockholders to change the membership of a majority of its board of directors;

authorize the issuance of "blank check" preferred stock that could be issued by our board of directors to thwart a takeover attempt;

do not provide for cumulative voting;

provide that vacancies on the board of directors, including newly created directorships, may be filled only by a majority vote of directors then in office;

provide that our directors may be removed only for cause;

require supermajority voting to effect certain amendments to our certificate of incorporation and bylaws; and

require stockholders to provide advance notice of new business proposals and director nominations under specific procedures.

These anti-takeover provisions may inhibit a change in control in circumstances that could give the holders of our common stock the opportunity to realize a premium over the market price for its common stock. The Credit Facilities also include covenants that, among other things, restrict its ability to dispose of assets, incur additional indebtedness, make restricted payments, create liens on assets, make investments, make acquisitions and engage in mergers or consolidations. The Credit Facilities also include change of control provisions that accelerate the indebtedness under these facilities in the event of certain change of control events.

***Shares of our common stock have traded at a discount from net asset value and may do so in the future.***

Shares of closed-end investment companies have frequently traded at a market price that is less than the net asset value that is attributable to those shares. In part as a result of adverse economic conditions and increasing pressure within the financial sector of which we are a part, our common stock has at times traded below its net asset value per share since our IPO on May 19, 2011. Our shares could once again trade at a discount to net asset value. The possibility that our shares of common stock may trade at a discount from net asset value over the long term is separate and distinct from the risk that our net asset value will decrease. We cannot predict whether shares of our common stock will trade above, at or below its net asset value. If our common stock trades below its net asset value, we will generally not be able to issue additional shares of our common stock at its market price without first obtaining the approval for such issuance from our stockholders and our independent directors. If additional funds are not available to us, we could be forced to curtail or cease our new lending and investment activities, and our net asset value could decrease and our level of distributions could be impacted.

***You may not receive dividends or our dividends may decline or may not grow over time.***

We cannot assure you that we will achieve investment results or maintain a tax status that will allow or require any specified level of cash distributions or year-to-year increases in cash distributions. In particular, our future dividends are dependent upon the investment income we receive on our portfolio investments. To the extent such investment income declines, our ability to pay future dividends may be harmed.

***We will have broad discretion over the use of proceeds of any offering made pursuant to this prospectus, to the extent it is successful.***

We will have significant flexibility in applying the proceeds of any offering made pursuant to this prospectus. We will also pay operating expenses, and may pay other expenses such as due diligence expenses of potential new investments, from net proceeds. Our ability to achieve our investment objective may be limited to the extent that the net proceeds of the offering, pending full investment, are used to pay operating expenses. In addition, we can provide you no assurance that the current offering will be successful, or that by increasing the size of our available equity capital, our aggregate expenses, and correspondingly, our expense ratio, will be lowered.

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***Your interest in NMFC may be diluted if you do not fully exercise your subscription rights in any rights offering.***

In the event we issue subscription rights to purchase shares of our common stock, stockholders who do not fully exercise their rights should expect that they will, at the completion of the offer, own a smaller proportional interest in NMFC than would otherwise be the case if they fully exercised their rights. We cannot state precisely the amount of any such dilution in share ownership because we do not know at this time what proportion of the shares will be purchased as a result of the offer.

In addition, if the subscription price is less than our net asset value per share, then our stockholders would experience an immediate dilution of the aggregate net asset value of their shares as a result of the offer. The amount of any decrease in net asset value is not predictable because it is not known at this time what the subscription price and net asset value per share will be on the expiration date of the rights offering or what proportion of the shares will be purchased as a result of the offer. Such dilution could be substantial.

***If we issue preferred stock, the net asset value and market value of our common stock will likely become more volatile.***

We cannot assure you that the issuance of preferred stock would result in a higher yield or return to the holders of our common stock. The issuance of preferred stock would likely cause the net asset value and market value of the common stock to become more volatile. If the dividend rate on the preferred stock were to approach the net rate of return on our investment portfolio, the benefit of leverage to the holders of the common stock would be reduced. If the dividend rate on the preferred stock were to exceed the net rate of return on our portfolio, the leverage would result in a lower rate of return to the holders of common stock than if we had not issued preferred stock. Any decline in the net asset value of our investments would be borne entirely by the holders of common stock. Therefore, if the market value of our portfolio were to decline, the leverage would result in a greater decrease in net asset value to the holders of common stock than if we were not leveraged through the issuance of preferred stock. This greater net asset value decrease would also tend to cause a greater decline in the market price for the common stock. We might be in danger of failing to maintain the required asset coverage of the preferred stock or of losing our ratings, if any, on the preferred stock or, in an extreme case, our current investment income might not be sufficient to meet the dividend requirements on the preferred stock. In order to counteract such an event, we might need to liquidate investments in order to fund a redemption of some or all of the preferred stock. In addition, we would pay (and the holders of common stock would bear) all costs and expenses relating to the issuance and ongoing maintenance of the preferred stock, including higher advisory fees if our total return exceeds the dividend rate on the preferred stock. Holders of preferred stock may have different interests than holders of common stock and may at times have disproportionate influence over our affairs.

***Holders of any preferred stock we might issue would have the right to elect members of our board of directors and class voting rights on certain matters.***

Holders of any preferred stock we might issue, voting separately as a single class, would have the right to elect two members of our board of directors at all times and in the event dividends become two full years in arrears would have the right to elect a majority of the directors until such arrearage is completely eliminated. In addition, preferred stockholders have class voting rights on certain matters, including changes in fundamental investment restrictions and conversion to open-end status, and accordingly can veto any such changes. Restrictions imposed on the declarations and payment of dividends or other distributions to the holders of our common stock and preferred stock, both by the 1940 Act and by requirements imposed by rating agencies, if any, or the terms of our credit facilities, if any, might impair our ability to maintain our qualification as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes. While we would intend to redeem our preferred stock to the extent necessary to enable us to distribute our income as required to maintain our qualification as a RIC, there can be no assurance that such actions could be effected in time to meet the tax requirements.

**CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

This prospectus contains forward-looking statements that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts, but rather are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about us, our current and prospective portfolio investments, our industry, our beliefs, and our assumptions. Words such as "anticipates", "expects", "intends", "plans", "will", "may", "continue", "believes", "seeks", "estimates", "would", "could", "should", "targets", "projects" or variations of these words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus involve risks and uncertainties, including statements as to:

our future operating results;

our business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies;

the impact of investments that we expect to make;

our contractual arrangements and relationships with third parties;

the dependence of our future success on the general economy and its impact on the industries in which we invest;

the ability of our portfolio companies to achieve their objectives;

our expected financings and investments;

the adequacy of our cash resources and working capital; and

the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies.

These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, some of which are beyond our control and difficult to predict and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or forecasted in the forward-looking statements, including without limitation:

an economic downturn could impair our portfolio companies' ability to continue to operate, which could lead to the loss of some or all of our investments in such portfolio companies;

a contraction of available credit and/or an inability to access the equity markets could impair our lending and investment activities;

interest rate volatility could adversely affect our results, particularly if we elect to use leverage as part of our investment strategy;

currency fluctuations could adversely affect the results of our investments in foreign companies, particularly to the extent that we receive payments denominated in foreign currency rather than U.S. dollars; and



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the risks, uncertainties and other factors we identify in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus and in our filings with the SEC.

Although we believe that the assumptions on which these forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, any of those assumptions could prove to be inaccurate, and as a result, the forward-looking statements based on those assumptions also could be inaccurate. Important assumptions include our ability to originate new loans and investments, certain margins and levels of profitability and the availability of additional capital. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of a projection or forward-looking statement in this prospectus should not be regarded as a representation by us that our plans and objectives will be achieved. These risks and uncertainties include those described or identified in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus. You should not place undue reliance on

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these forward-looking statements, which apply only as of the date of this prospectus. However, we will update this prospectus to reflect any material changes to the information contained herein. The forward-looking statements and projections contained in this prospectus are excluded from the safe harbor protection provided by Section 27A of the Securities Act.

### USE OF PROCEEDS

We intend to use the net proceeds from the sale of our securities pursuant to this prospectus for new investments in portfolio companies in accordance with our investment objective and strategies described in this prospectus, to temporarily repay indebtedness (which will be subject to reborrowing), to pay our operating expenses, to pay distributions to our stockholders and for general corporate purposes, and other working capital needs. We are continuously identifying, reviewing and, to the extent consistent with its investment objective, funding new investments. As a result, we typically raise capital as we deem appropriate to fund such new investments. The supplement to this prospectus relating to an offering will more fully identify the use of the proceeds from such offering.

We estimate that it will take less than six months for us to substantially invest the net proceeds of any offering made pursuant to this prospectus, depending on the availability of attractive opportunities, market conditions and the amount raised. However, we can offer no assurance that we will be able to achieve this goal.

Proceeds not immediately used for new investments or the temporary repayment of debt will be invested primarily in cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high-quality investments that mature in one year or less from the date of investment. These securities may have lower yields than the types of investments we would typically make in accordance with our investment objective and, accordingly, may result in lower distributions, if any, during such period.

## PRICE RANGE OF COMMON STOCK AND DISTRIBUTIONS

Our common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") under the symbol "NMFC". The following table sets forth the net asset value ("NAV") per share of NMFC's common stock, the high and low closing sale price for our common stock, the closing sale price as a percentage of NAV and the quarterly dividend distributions per share for each fiscal quarter since our IPO on May 19, 2011.

Fiscal Year Ended	NAV Per Share(3)	Closing Sales Price(4)		Premium or Discount of High Sales to NAV(5)	Premium or Discount of Low Sales to NAV(5)	Declared Dividends Per Share(6)
		High	Low			
<b>December 31, 2014</b>						
Second Quarter(1)	*	\$ 14.61	\$ 13.91	*	*	\$ 0.34
First Quarter	\$ 14.53	\$ 15.19	\$ 14.46	4.54%	(0.48)%	\$ 0.34
<b>December 31, 2013</b>						
Fourth Quarter	\$ 14.38	\$ 15.19	\$ 14.05	5.63%	(2.29)%	\$ 0.34
Third Quarter	\$ 14.32	\$ 14.90	\$ 14.21	4.05%	(0.77)%	\$ 0.46(8)
Second Quarter	\$ 14.32	\$ 15.60	\$ 13.82	8.94%	(3.49)%	\$ 0.34
First Quarter	\$ 14.31	\$ 15.45	\$ 14.30	7.97%	(0.07)%	\$ 0.34
<b>December 31, 2012</b>						
Fourth Quarter	\$ 14.06	\$ 15.18	\$ 13.75	7.97%	(2.20)%	\$ 0.48(9)
Third Quarter	\$ 14.10	\$ 15.50	\$ 14.18	9.93%	0.57%	\$ 0.34
Second Quarter	\$ 13.83	\$ 14.29	\$ 13.28	3.33%	(3.98)%	\$ 0.57(10)
First Quarter	\$ 14.05	\$ 13.75	\$ 13.14	(2.14)%	(6.48)%	\$ 0.32
<b>December 31, 2011(2)</b>						
Fourth Quarter	\$ 13.60	\$ 13.41	\$ 12.27	(1.40)%	(9.78)%	\$ 0.30
Third Quarter	\$ 13.32	\$ 13.37	\$ 10.77	0.38%	(19.14)%	\$ 0.29
Second Quarter(7)	\$ 14.25	\$ 13.55	\$ 12.35	(4.91)%	(13.33)%	\$ 0.27

- (1) Period from April 1, 2014 through June 23, 2014.
- (2) NMFC was not unitized until the IPO date of May 19, 2011.
- (3) NAV is determined as of the last date in the relevant quarter and therefore may not reflect the NAV per share on the date of the high and low sales prices. The NAVs shown are based on outstanding shares at the end of each period.
- (4) Closing sales price is determined as the high or low closing sales price noted within the respective quarter, not adjusted for dividends.
- (5) Calculated as of the respective high or low sales price divided by the quarter end NAV.
- (6) Represents the dividend paid for the specified quarter.
- (7) Period from May 19, 2011 through June 30, 2011 (excludes IPO price of \$13.75).
- (8) Includes a special dividend of \$0.12 per share paid on August 30, 2013 and a third quarter dividend of \$0.34 per share paid on September 30, 2013.
- (9)

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Includes a fourth quarter dividend of \$0.34 per share paid on December 28, 2012 and a special dividend of \$0.14 per share paid on January 31, 2013.

(10)

Includes a special dividend of \$0.23 per share paid on May 31, 2012 and a second quarter dividend of \$0.34 per share paid on June 29, 2012.

\*

Not determinable at the time of filing.

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On June 23, 2014, the last reported sales price of our common stock was \$14.37 per share. As of March 31, 2014 we had approximately 12 stockholders of record and approximately two beneficial owners whose shares are held in the names of brokers, dealers, funds, trusts and clearing agencies.

Shares of BDCs may trade at a market price that is less than the value of the net assets attributable to those shares. The possibility that NMFC's shares of common stock will trade at a discount from NAV or at premiums that are unsustainable over the long term are separate and distinct from the risk that our NAV will decrease. Since NMFC's initial public offering on May 19, 2011, NMFC's shares of common stock have traded at times at a discount to the net assets attributable to those shares. As of June 23, 2014, NMFC's shares of common stock traded at a discount of approximately 1.1% of the NAV attributable to those shares as of March 31, 2014. It is not possible to predict whether the shares offered hereby will trade at, above, or below NAV.

We intend to pay quarterly distributions to our stockholders and to obtain and maintain our status as a regulated investment company. We intend to distribute approximately our entire Adjusted Net Investment Income on a quarterly basis and substantially all of our taxable income on an annual basis, except that we may retain certain net capital gains for reinvestment.

We have adopted an "opt out" dividend reinvestment plan on behalf of our stockholders, whereas our stockholders' cash dividends will be automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, unless the stockholder elects to receive cash. Cash dividends reinvested in additional shares of our common stock will be automatically reinvested by us into additional shares of our common stock.

We apply the following in implementing the dividend reinvestment plan. If the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited to stockholders' accounts is greater than 110.0% of the last determined NAV of the shares, we will use only newly issued shares to implement its dividend reinvestment plan. Under such circumstances, the number of shares to be issued to a stockholder is determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to such stockholder by the market price per share of our common stock on the NYSE on the distribution payment date. Market price per share on that date will be the closing price for such shares on the NYSE or, if no sale is reported for such day, the average of their electronically reported bid and asked prices.

If the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited to stockholders' accounts is less than 110.0% of the last determined NAV of the shares, we will either issue new shares or instruct the plan administrator to purchase shares in the open market to satisfy the additional shares required. Shares purchased in open market transactions by the plan administrator will be allocated to a stockholder based on the average purchase price, excluding any brokerage charges or other charges, of all shares of common stock purchased in the open market. The number of shares of our common stock to be outstanding after giving effect to payment of the distribution cannot be established until the value per share at which additional shares will be issued has been determined and elections of our stockholders have been tabulated.

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The following table reflects the cash distributions, including dividends and returns of capital, if any, per unit/share that have been declared by the NMF Holding's board of directors, and subsequently our board of directors, from our IPO until May 8, 2014, and our board of directors thereafter:

<b>Date Declared</b>	<b>Record Date</b>	<b>Payment Date</b>	<b>Amount</b>
May 6, 2014	June 16, 2014	June 30, 2014	\$ 0.34
March 4, 2014	March 17, 2014	March 31, 2014	0.34
			\$ 0.68
November 8, 2013	December 17, 2013	December 31, 2013	\$ 0.34
August 7, 2013	September 16, 2013	September 30, 2013	0.34
August 7, 2013	August 20, 2013	August 30, 2013	0.12(1)
May 6, 2013	June 14, 2013	June 28, 2013	0.34
March 6, 2013	March 15, 2013	March 28, 2013	0.34
			\$ 1.48
December 27, 2012	December 31, 2012	January 31, 2013	\$ 0.14(2)
November 6, 2012	December 14, 2012	December 28, 2012	0.34
August 8, 2012	September 14, 2012	September 28, 2012	0.34
May 8, 2012	June 15, 2012	June 29, 2012	0.34
May 8, 2012	May 21, 2012	May 31, 2012	0.23(3)
March 7, 2012	March 15, 2012	March 30, 2012	0.32
			\$ 1.71
November 8, 2011	December 15, 2011	December 30, 2011	\$ 0.30
August 10, 2011	September 15, 2011	September 30, 2011	0.29
August 10, 2011	August 22, 2011	August 31, 2011	0.27
			\$ 0.86
<b>Total</b>			\$ 4.73

- 
- (1) Special dividend related to a distribution received attributable to NMF Holdings' investment in YP Equity Investors LLC.
  - (2) Special dividend intended to minimize to the greatest extent possible NMFC's U.S. federal income or excise tax liability.
  - (3) Special dividend related to estimated realized capital gains attributable to NMF Holdings' investments in Lawson Software, Inc. and Infor Lux Bond Company.

Tax characteristics of all dividends paid by NMFC are reported to stockholders on Form 1099 after the end of the calendar year. Our future quarterly dividends, if any, will be determined by our board of directors.

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF  
FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

*The information contained in this section should be read in conjunction with the Selected Financial and Other Data and our Financial Statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this prospectus. For the periods prior to and as of March 31, 2014, all financial information provided in this prospectus reflects our organizational structure prior to the restructuring on May 8, 2014 described under "Description of Restructuring", where NMF Holdings functioned as the operating company. In addition to historical information, the following discussion and other parts of this prospectus contain forward-looking information that involves risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated by such forward-looking information due to the factors discussed under "Risk Factors" and "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" appearing elsewhere in this prospectus.*

**Overview**

NMFC is a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010. NMFC is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. As such, NMFC is obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. NMFC has elected to be treated, and intends to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. NMFC is also registered as an investment adviser under the Advisers Act.

NMF Holdings is a Delaware limited liability company. Until May 8, 2014, NMF Holdings was externally managed and was regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. As such, NMF Holdings was obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. NMF Holdings was treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes for so long as it had at least two members. With the completion of the underwritten secondary offering on February 3, 2014, NMF Holdings' existence as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes terminated and NMF Holdings became an entity that is disregarded as a separate entity from its owner for U.S. federal tax purposes. See "Material Federal Income Tax Considerations." For additional information on our organizational structure prior to May 8, 2014, see "Description of Restructuring."

Until May 8, 2014, NMF Holdings was externally managed by the Investment Adviser. As of May 8, 2014, the Investment Adviser now serves as the external investment adviser to NMFC. The Administrator provided the administrative services necessary for operations. The Investment Adviser and Administrator are wholly-owned subsidiaries of New Mountain Capital. New Mountain Capital is a firm with a track record of investing in the middle market and with assets under management (which includes amounts committed, not all of which have been drawn down and invested to date) totaling more than \$12.0 billion as of March 31, 2014, which includes total assets held by NMF Holdings. New Mountain Capital focuses on investing in defensive growth companies across its private equity, public equity, and credit investment vehicles. The NMF Holdings, formerly known as New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C., was originally formed as a subsidiary of Guardian AIV by New Mountain Capital in October 2008. Guardian AIV was formed through an allocation of approximately \$300.0 million of the \$5.1 billion of commitments supporting New Mountain Partners III, L.P., a private equity fund managed by New Mountain Capital. In February 2009, New Mountain Capital formed a co-investment vehicle, New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P., comprising \$20.4 million of commitments.

On May 19, 2011, NMFC priced its IPO of 7,272,727 shares of common stock at a public offering price of \$13.75 per share. Concurrently with the closing of the IPO and at the public offering price of \$13.75 per share, NMFC sold an additional 2,172,000 shares of its common stock to certain executives and employees of, and other individuals affiliated with, New Mountain Capital in the Concurrent Private Placement. Additionally, 1,252,964 shares were issued to the partners of New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. at that time for their ownership interest in the Predecessor Entities. In



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connection with NMFC's IPO and through a series of transactions, NMF Holdings owns all of the operations of the Predecessor Entities, including all of the assets and liabilities related to such operations.

The diagram below depicts NMFC's and NMF Holdings' organizational structure as of March 31, 2014.

- 
- \*  
Includes partners of New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P.
- \*\*  
New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C. ("NMF SLF").
- \*\*\*  
Subsequent to the quarter ended March 31, 2014, AIV Holdings was dissolved on April 25, 2014.

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NMF Holdings' investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. In some cases, NMF Holdings' investments may also include equity interests. The primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular

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growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance.

As of March 31, 2014, NMF Holdings' net asset value was \$697.1 million and its portfolio had a fair value of approximately \$1,180.2 million in 60 portfolio companies, with a weighted average Yield to Maturity at Cost of approximately 10.9%. This Yield to Maturity at Cost calculation assumes that all investments not on non-accrual are purchased at the adjusted cost on the quarter end date and held until their respective maturities with no prepayments or losses and exited at par at maturity. Adjusted cost reflects the GAAP cost for post-IPO investments and a stepped up cost basis of pre-IPO investments (assuming a step-up to fair market value occurred on the IPO date). This calculation excludes the impact of existing leverage. Yield to Maturity at Cost uses the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") curves at each quarter's respective end date. The actual yield to maturity may be higher or lower due to the future selection of the LIBOR contracts by the individual companies in NMF Holdings' portfolio or other factors.

### Recent Developments

On April 15, 2014, NMFC completed a public offering of 3,500,000 shares of its common stock at a public offering price of \$14.30 per share, which resulted in net proceeds of \$51.0 million, or \$14.57 per share. NMFC's Investment Adviser agreed to pay the underwriting discounts and commissions in connection with this offering and an additional supplemental payment to the underwriters of \$0.9 million, or \$0.27 per share, which reflects the difference between the public offering price and the proceeds per share received by NMFC. In connection with the public offering, the underwriters purchased an additional 525,000 shares of NMFC's common stock with the exercise of the overallotment option to purchase up to an additional 525,000 shares of NMFC's common stock, resulting in additional net proceeds of \$7.6 million. NMFC's Investment Adviser agreed to pay the underwriting discounts and commissions in connection with this exercise of the overallotment option and an additional supplemental payment to the underwriters of \$0.1 million, or \$0.27 per share, which reflects the difference between the public offering price and the proceeds per share received by NMFC in this exercise of the overallotment option.

On April 15, 2014, upon receiving the necessary stockholder consent to authorize the board of directors of AIV Holdings to withdraw AIV Holdings' election to be regulated as a BDC, the notification of withdrawal on Form N-54C was filed and became effective upon receipt by the SEC. In addition, AIV Holdings filed a Form 15 with the SEC to terminate AIV Holdings' registration under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act. After these SEC filings and any other federal or state regulatory or tax filings were made, AIV Holdings proceeded to dissolve under Delaware law by filing a certificate of dissolution in Delaware on April 25, 2014.

On May 6, 2014, NMF Holdings' board of directors, and subsequently NMFC's board of directors, declared a second quarter 2014 distribution of \$0.34 per unit/share payable on June 30, 2014 to holders of record as of June 16, 2014.

On May 6, 2014, at the 2014 joint annual meeting of the stockholders of NMFC and the sole unit holder of NMF Holdings, the stockholders of NMFC and the sole unit holder of NMF Holdings approved a proposal which authorized the board of directors of NMF Holdings to withdraw NMF Holdings' election to be regulated as a BDC. Additionally, the stockholders of NMFC approved an investment advisory and management agreement between NMFC and the Investment Adviser.

On May 6, 2014, the NMF Holdings entered into a thirteenth amendment to the Holdings Credit Facility and NMF SLF entered into a thirteenth amendment to the SLF Credit Facility, both of which permit NMF Holdings to withdraw its election to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act and to amend its Operating Agreement such that the NMF Holdings will remain a wholly-owned subsidiary of

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NMFC with the sole purpose of serving as a special purpose vehicle for the Holdings Credit Facility and SLF Credit Facility.

On May 8, 2014, upon receipt of the necessary stockholder/unit holder approval to authorize the board of directors of NMF Holdings to withdraw NMF Holdings' election to be regulated as a BDC, the notification of withdrawal on Form N-54C was filed and became effective upon receipt by the SEC. In addition, NMF Holdings filed a Form 15 with the SEC to terminate NMF Holdings' registration under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act.

Effective May 8, 2014, NMF Holdings amended and restated its Operating Agreement such that the board of directors of NMF Holdings was dissolved and NMF Holdings remained a wholly-owned subsidiary of NMFC with the sole purpose of serving as a special purpose vehicle for NMF Holdings' existing credit facilities. NMFC assumed all other operating activities previously undertaken by NMF Holdings.

On June 3, 2014, in connection with its previously announced private offering, NMFC issued \$115.0 million of 5.00% Convertible Notes due 2019 under an indenture between NMFC and U.S. Bank National Association. This included \$15.0 million of notes that were issued pursuant to the full exercise of the option granted to the initial purchasers to purchase additional notes. The Convertible Notes will mature on June 15, 2019, unless previously converted in accordance with their terms. The Convertible Notes will be our general, unsecured obligations and will rank equal in right of payment with all of our existing and future senior, unsecured indebtedness and senior in right of payment to any of our subordinated indebtedness. As a result, the Convertible Notes will be effectively subordinated to our existing and future secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness and structurally subordinated to any existing and future liabilities and other indebtedness of our subsidiaries. The interest rate on the Convertible Notes is 5.00% per year, payable semiannually in arrears on June 15 and December 15 of each year, commencing December 15, 2014. As described in the Indenture, holders may convert their Notes at any time on or prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the maturity date at an initial conversion rate of 62.7746 shares of common stock per \$1.0 thousand principal amount of Convertible Notes (equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$15.93 per share). The conversion rate will be subject to adjustment in certain events.

On June 4, 2014, NMFC entered into a \$50.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility maturing June 4, 2019, provided by Goldman Sachs Bank USA and a related guarantee and security agreement. Amounts drawn from the facility will generally bear interest at either LIBOR plus 2.50% or the prime rate plus 1.50%.

### Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses during the periods reported. Actual results could materially differ from those estimates. We have identified the following items as critical accounting policies.

#### *Basis of Accounting*

NMF Holdings consolidates its wholly-owned subsidiary, NMF SLF. NMFC does not consolidate NMF Holdings. NMFC applies investment company master-feeder financial statement presentation, as described in Accounting Standards Codification 946, *Financial Services Investment Companies*, ("ASC 946") to its interests in NMF Holdings. NMFC observes that it is also industry practice to follow the presentation prescribed for a master fund-feeder fund structure in ASC 946 in instances in which a

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master fund is owned by more than one feeder fund and that such presentation provides stockholders of NMFC with a clearer depiction of its investment in the master fund.

### *Valuation and Leveling of Portfolio Investments*

At all times consistent with GAAP and the 1940 Act, NMF Holdings conducts a valuation of assets, which impacts its net asset value, and, consequently, the net asset value of NMFC.

NMF Holdings values its assets on a quarterly basis, or more frequently if required under the 1940 Act. In all cases, NMF Holdings' board of directors is ultimately and solely responsible for determining the fair value of the portfolio investments on a quarterly basis in good faith, including investments that are not publicly traded, those whose market prices are not readily available and any other situation where its portfolio investments require a fair value determination. Security transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. NMF Holdings' quarterly valuation procedures are set forth in more detail below:

- (1) Investments for which market quotations are readily available on an exchange are valued at such market quotations based on the closing price indicated from independent pricing services.
- (2) Investments for which indicative prices are obtained from various pricing services and/or brokers or dealers are valued through a multi-step valuation process, as described below, to determine whether the quote(s) obtained is representative of fair value in accordance with GAAP.
  - a. Bond quotes are obtained through independent pricing services. Internal reviews are performed by the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser to ensure that the quote obtained is representative of fair value in accordance with GAAP and if so, the quote is used. If the Investment Adviser is unable to sufficiently validate the quote(s) internally and if the investment's par value or its fair value exceeds the materiality threshold, the investment is valued similarly to those assets with no readily available quotes (see (3) below); and
  - b. For investments other than bonds, NMF Holdings looks at the number of quotes readily available and performs the following:
    - i. Investments for which two or more quotes are received from a pricing service are valued using the mean of the mean of the bid and ask of the quotes obtained;
    - ii. Investments for which one quote is received from a pricing service are validated internally. The investment professionals of the Investment Adviser analyze the market quotes obtained using an array of valuation methods (further described below) to validate the fair value. If the Investment Adviser is unable to sufficiently validate the quote internally and if the investment's par value or its fair value exceeds the materiality threshold, the investment is valued similarly to those assets with no readily available quotes (see (3) below).
- (3) Investments for which quotations are not readily available through exchanges, pricing services, brokers, or dealers are valued through a multi-step valuation process:
  - a. Each portfolio company or investment is initially valued by the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser responsible for the credit monitoring;
  - b. Preliminary valuation conclusions will then be documented and discussed with NMF Holdings' senior management;
  - c. If an investment falls into (3) above for four consecutive quarters and if the investment's par value or its fair value exceeds the materiality threshold, then at least once each fiscal



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year, the valuation for each portfolio investment for which NMF Holdings does not have a readily available market quotation will be reviewed by an independent valuation firm engaged by NMF Holdings' board of directors; and

d.

When deemed appropriate by NMF Holdings' management, an independent valuation firm may be engaged to review and value investment(s) of a portfolio company, without any preliminary valuation being performed by the Investment Adviser. The investment professionals of the Investment Adviser will review and validate the value provided.

For investments in revolving credit facilities and delayed draw commitments, the cost basis of the funded investments purchased is offset by any costs/netbacks received for any unfunded portion on the total balance committed. The fair value is also adjusted for the price appreciation or depreciation on the unfunded portion. As a result, the purchase of commitments not completely funded may result in a negative fair value until it is called and funded.

The values assigned to investments are based upon available information and do not necessarily represent amounts which might ultimately be realized, since such amounts depend on future circumstances and cannot be reasonably determined until the individual positions are liquidated. Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of NMF Holdings' investments may fluctuate from period to period and the fluctuations could be material.

GAAP fair value measurement guidance classifies the inputs used in measuring fair value into three levels as follows:

Level I Quoted prices (unadjusted) are available in active markets for identical investments and NMF Holdings has the ability to access such quotes as of the reporting date. The type of investments which would generally be included in Level I include active exchange-traded equity securities and exchange-traded derivatives. As required by Accounting Standards Codification 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* ("ASC 820"), NMF Holdings, to the extent that it holds such investments, does not adjust the quoted price for these investments, even in situations where NMF Holdings holds a large position and a sale could reasonably impact the quoted price.

Level II Pricing inputs are observable for the investments, either directly or indirectly, as of the reporting date, but are not the same as those used in Level I. Level II inputs include the following:

Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;

Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in non- active markets (examples include corporate and municipal bonds, which trade infrequently);

Pricing models whose inputs are observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability (examples include most over-the-counter derivatives, including foreign exchange forward contracts); and

Pricing models whose inputs are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data through correlation or other means for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level III Pricing inputs are unobservable for the investment and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the investment.

The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels. In all instances when the inputs fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. As such, a Level III fair value measurement may include inputs that are both observable (Levels I and II) and unobservable (Level III). Gains and losses for such assets categorized within the Level III table below may include changes in fair value that are attributable to both observable inputs (Levels II and III) and unobservable inputs (Level III).

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The inputs into the determination of fair value require significant judgment or estimation by management and consideration of factors specific to each investment. A review of the fair value hierarchy classifications is conducted on a quarterly basis. Changes in the observability of valuation inputs may result in the transfer of certain investments within the fair value hierarchy from period to period. Reclassifications impacting the fair value hierarchy are reported as transfers in/out of the respective leveling categories as of the beginning of the quarter in which the reclassifications occur.

The following table summarizes the levels in the fair value hierarchy that NMF Holdings' portfolio investments fall into as of March 31, 2014:

(in thousands)	Total	Level I	Level II	Level III
First lien	\$ 579,810	\$	\$ 520,837	\$ 58,973
Second lien	518,443		445,195	73,248
Subordinated	14,530		9,359	5,171
Equity and other	67,423	1,867		65,556
<b>Total investments</b>	<b>\$ 1,180,206</b>	<b>\$ 1,867</b>	<b>\$ 975,391</b>	<b>\$ 202,948</b>

NMFC is a holding company with no direct operations of its own, and its sole asset is its ownership in NMF Holdings. NMFC's investment in NMF Holdings is carried at fair value and represent the pro-rata interest in the net assets of NMF Holdings as of the applicable reporting date. NMFC values its ownership interest on a quarterly basis, or more frequently if required under the 1940 Act.

NMF Holdings generally uses the following framework when determining the fair value of investments where there are little, if any, market activity or observable pricing inputs.

**Company Performance, Financial Review, and Analysis:** Prior to investment, as part of its due diligence process, NMF Holdings evaluates the overall performance and financial stability of the portfolio company. Post investment, NMF Holdings analyzes each portfolio company's current operating performance and relevant financial trends versus prior year and budgeted results, including, but not limited to, factors affecting its revenue and earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization ("EBITDA") growth, margin trends, liquidity position, covenant compliance and changes to its capital structure. NMF Holdings also attempts to identify and subsequently track any developments at the portfolio company, within its customer or vendor base or within the industry or the macroeconomic environment, generally, that may alter any material element of its original investment thesis. This analysis is specific to each portfolio company. NMF Holdings leverages the knowledge gained from its original due diligence process, augmented by this subsequent monitoring, to continually refine its outlook for each of its portfolio companies and ultimately form the valuation of its investment in each portfolio company. When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent sale occurs, NMF Holdings will consider the pricing indicated by the external event to corroborate the private valuation.

**Market Based Approach:** NMF Holdings may estimate the total enterprise value of each portfolio company by utilizing market value cash flow (EBITDA) multiples of publicly traded comparable companies. NMF Holdings considers numerous factors when selecting the appropriate companies whose trading multiples are used to value its portfolio companies. These factors include, but are not limited to, the type of organization, similarity to the business being valued, relevant risk factors, as well as size, profitability and growth expectations. NMF Holdings generally applies an average of various relevant comparable company EBITDA multiples to the portfolio company's latest twelve month ("LTM") EBITDA or projected EBITDA to calculate portfolio company enterprise value. In applying the market based approach as of March 31, 2014, NMF Holdings used the relevant EBITDA ranges set forth in the table below to determine the enterprise value of investments in nine of its portfolio companies.



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NMF Holdings believes this was a reasonable range in light of current comparable company trading levels and the specific companies involved.

**Income Based Approach:** NMF Holdings also may use a discounted cash flow analysis to estimate the fair value of the investment. Projected cash flows represent the relevant security's contractual interest, fee and principal payments plus the assumption of full principal recovery at the investment's expected maturity date. These cash flows are discounted at a rate established utilizing a yield calibration approach, which incorporates changes in the credit quality (as measured by relevant statistics) of the portfolio company, as compared to changes in the yield associated with comparable credit quality market indices, between the date of origination and the valuation date. In applying the income based approach as of March 31, 2014, NMF Holdings used the discount ranges set forth in the table below to value investments in ten of its portfolio companies.

(in thousands) Type	Fair Value	Approach	Unobservable Input	Range		Weighted Average
				Low	High	
First lien	\$ 58,973	Market approach	EBITDA multiple	5.0x	10.0x	7.6x
		Income approach	Discount rate	7.7%	13.8%	10.2%
Second lien	73,248	Market approach	EBITDA multiple	6.0x	10.0x	7.3x
		Income approach	Discount rate	10.0%	14.2%	12.0%
Subordinated	5,171	Market approach	EBITDA multiple	7.0x	9.0x	8.0x
		Income approach	Discount rate	8.4%	10.4%	9.4%
Equity and other	65,556	Market approach	EBITDA multiple	1.7x	7.8x	6.4x
		Income approach	Discount rate	8.0%	18.0%	13.9%
	\$ 202,948	Black Scholes analysis	Expected life in years	2.0	4.0	2.4

		Volatility	22.6%	36.9%	29.1%
		Discount rate	0.3%	2.8%	0.7%

### Revenue Recognition

NMF Holdings' revenue recognition policies are as follows:

**Sales and paydowns of investments:** Realized gains and losses on investments are determined on the specific identification method.

**Interest income:** Interest income, including amortization of premium and discount using the effective interest method, is recorded on the accrual basis and periodically assessed for collectability. Interest income also includes interest earned from cash on hand. Upon the prepayment of a loan or debt security, any prepayment penalties are recorded as part of interest income. NMF Holdings has loans in the portfolio that contain a payment-in-kind ("PIK") provision. PIK represents interest that is accrued and recorded as interest income at the contractual rates, added to the loan principal on the respective capitalization dates, and generally due at maturity.

**Non-accrual income:** Loans are placed on non-accrual status when principal or interest payments are past due 30 days or more and when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected. Accrued cash and un-capitalized PIK interest is reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Previously capitalized PIK interest is not reversed when an investment is placed on non-accrual status. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending upon management's judgment of the ultimate outcome. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid and, in management's judgment, are likely to remain current.

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*Dividend income:* Dividend income is recorded on the record date for private portfolio companies or on the ex-dividend date for publicly traded portfolio companies.

*Other income:* Other income represents delayed compensation, consent or amendment fees, revolver fees, structuring fees and other miscellaneous fees received. Delayed compensation is income earned from counterparties on trades that do not settle within a set number of business days after trade date. Other income may also include fees from bridge loans. NMF Holdings may from time to time enter into bridge financing commitments, an obligation to provide interim financing to a counterparty until permanent credit can be obtained. These commitments are short-term in nature and may expire unfunded. A fee is received by NMF Holdings for providing such commitments. Structuring fees are recognized as income when earned, usually when paid at the closing of the investment.

NMFC's revenue recognition policies are as follows:

*Revenue, expenses, and capital gains (losses):* At each quarterly valuation date, NMF Holdings' investment income, expenses, net realized gains (losses), and net increase (decrease) in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) are allocated to NMFC based on its pro-rata interest in the net assets of NMF Holdings. This is recorded on NMFC's Statements of Operations. Realized gains and losses are recorded upon sales of NMFC's investments in NMF Holdings. Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. is the difference between the net asset value per share and the closing price per share for shares issued as part of the dividend reinvestment plan on the dividend payment date. This net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. includes the unrealized appreciation (depreciation) from the IPO. NMFC used the proceeds from its IPO and Concurrent Private Placement to purchase units in NMF Holdings at \$13.75 per unit (its IPO price per share). At the IPO date, \$13.75 per unit represented a discount to the actual net asset value per unit of NMF Holdings. As a result, NMFC experienced immediate unrealized appreciation on its investment in NMF Holdings.

All expenses are paid and recorded by NMF Holdings. Expenses are allocated to NMFC based on pro-rata ownership interest. In addition, NMF Holdings paid all of the offering costs related to the IPO and subsequent offerings. NMFC has recorded its portion of the offering costs as a direct reduction to net assets and the cost of its investment in NMF Holdings.

### Monitoring of Portfolio Investments

NMF Holdings monitors the performance and financial trends of its portfolio companies on at least a quarterly basis. NMF Holdings attempts to identify any developments within the portfolio company, the industry or the macroeconomic environment that may alter any material element of its original investment strategy.

NMF Holdings uses an investment rating system to characterize and monitor the credit profile and expected level of returns on each investment in the portfolio. NMF Holdings uses a four-level numeric rating scale as follows:

Investment Rating 1 Investment is performing materially above expectations;

Investment Rating 2 Investment is performing materially in- line with expectations. All new loans are rated 2 at initial purchase;

Investment Rating 3 Investment is performing materially below expectations and risk has increased materially since the original investment; and

Investment Rating 4 Investment is performing substantially below expectations and risks have increased substantially since the original investment. Payments may be delinquent. There is

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meaningful possibility that NMF Holdings will not recoup its original cost basis in the investment and may realize a substantial loss upon exit.

As of March 31, 2014, all investments in NMF Holdings' portfolio had an Investment Rating of 1 or 2 with the exception of two portfolio company names; one with an Investment Rating of 3 and the other with an Investment Rating of 4. As of March 31, 2014, NMF Holdings' two super priority first lien positions in ATI Acquisition Company and related equity positions in Ancora Acquisition LLC had an Investment Rating of 4 due to the underlying business encountering significant regulatory constraints which have led to the portfolio company's underperformance. As of March 31, 2014, NMF Holdings' two super priority first lien positions in ATI Acquisition Company remained on non-accrual status due to the inability of the portfolio company to service its interest payments for the quarter then ended and uncertainty about its ability to pay such amounts in the future. During the third quarter of 2013, NMF Holdings received preferred shares and warrants in Ancora Acquisition LLC, in relation to the two super priority first lien positions in ATI Acquisition Company. As of March 31, 2014, NMF Holdings' investment in ATI Acquisition Company and Ancora Acquisition LLC had an aggregate cost basis of \$1.6 million, an aggregate fair value of \$0.4 million and total unearned interest income of \$0.1 million for the three months then ended. Unrealized gains (losses) include a fee that NMF Holdings would receive upon maturity of the two super priority first lien debt investments.

### Portfolio and Investment Activity

The fair value of NMF Holdings' investments was approximately \$1,180.2 million in 60 portfolio companies at March 31, 2014 and approximately \$1,115.7 million in 59 portfolio companies at December 31, 2013.

The following table shows NMF Holdings' portfolio and investment activity for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013:

(in millions)	Three months ended	
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013
New investments in 15 and 10 portfolio companies, respectively	\$ 158.7	\$ 112.0
Debt repayments in existing portfolio companies	40.6	61.6
Sales of securities in 5 and 8 portfolio companies, respectively	61.8	23.5
Change in unrealized appreciation on 35 and 46 portfolio companies, respectively	11.5	14.0
Change in unrealized depreciation on 27 and 17 portfolio companies, respectively	(6.7)	(2.1)

At March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013, NMF Holdings' weighted average Yield to Maturity at Cost was approximately 10.9% and 10.4%, respectively.

### Recent Accounting Standards Updates

In June 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2013-08, *Financial Services Investment Companies (Topic 946) Amendments to the Scope, Measurement and Disclosure Requirements ("ASU 2013-08")*, which contains new guidance on assessing whether an entity is an investment company, requiring non-controlling ownership interests in investment companies to be measured at fair value and requiring certain additional disclosures. ASU 2013-08 is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2013. The adoption of ASU 2013-08 is not expected to have a material impact on NMFC's and NMF Holdings' financial statements.

### Results of Operations

Since NMFC is a holding company with no direct operations of its own, and its only business and sole asset is its ownership of units of NMF Holdings, NMFC's results of operations are based on NMF Holdings' results of operations.

Under GAAP, NMFC's IPO did not step-up the cost basis of NMF Holdings' existing investments to fair market value at the IPO date. Since the total value of NMF Holdings' investments at the time of the IPO was greater than the investments' cost basis, a larger amount of amortization of purchase or original issue discount, and different amounts in realized gain and unrealized appreciation, may be recognized under GAAP in each period than if the step-up had occurred. This will remain until such predecessor investments are sold, repaid or mature in the future. NMF Holdings tracks the transferred (or fair market) value of each of its investment as of the time of the IPO and, for purposes of the incentive fee calculation, adjusts income as if each investment was purchased at the date of the IPO (or stepped up to fair market value). The respective "Adjusted Net Investment Income" (defined as net investment income adjusted to reflect income as if the cost basis of investments held at the IPO date had stepped-up to fair market value as of the IPO date) is used in calculating both the incentive fee and dividend payments. NMF Holdings also uses the transferred (or fair market) value of each of its investments as of the time of the IPO to adjust capital gains ("Adjusted Realized Capital Gains") or losses ("Adjusted Realized Capital Losses") and unrealized capital appreciation ("Adjusted Unrealized Capital Appreciation") and unrealized capital depreciation ("Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation").

The following table for NMF Holdings for the three months ended March 31, 2014 is adjusted to reflect the step-up to fair market value and the allocation of the incentive fees related to hypothetical capital gains out of the adjusted post-incentive fee net investment income.

(in thousands)	Three months ended March 31, 2014	Stepped-up Cost Basis Adjustments	Incentive Fee Adjustments(1)	Adjusted three months ended March 31, 2014
<b>Investment income</b>				
Interest income	\$ 28,139	\$ (42)	\$	\$ 28,097
Dividend income	2,095			2,095
Other income	684			684
<b>Total investment income</b>	<b>30,918</b>	<b>(42)</b>		<b>30,876</b>
Total expenses pre-incentive fee(2)	8,663			8,663
<b>Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income</b>	<b>22,255</b>	<b>(42)</b>		<b>22,213</b>
Incentive fee	5,970		(1,527)	4,443
<b>Post-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income</b>	<b>16,285</b>	<b>(42)</b>	<b>1,527</b>	<b>17,770</b>
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	2,780	(138)		2,642
Net change in unrealized appreciation of investments	4,814	180		4,994
Capital gains incentive fees			(1,527)	(1,527)
<b>Net increase in members' capital resulting from operations</b>	<b>\$ 23,879</b>			<b>\$ 23,879</b>

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- (1) For the three months ended March 31, 2014, NMF Holdings incurred total incentive fees of \$6.0 million, of which \$1.5 million related to capital gains incentive fees on a hypothetical liquidation basis.
- (2) Includes expense waivers and reimbursements of \$0.8 million.

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For the three months ended March 31, 2014, NMF Holdings had a less than \$0.1 million adjustment to interest income for amortization, a decrease of \$0.1 million to net realized gains and an increase of \$0.2 million to net change in unrealized appreciation to adjust for the stepped-up cost basis of the transferred investments as discussed above. For the three months ended March 31, 2014, total adjusted investment income of \$30.9 million consisted of approximately \$26.3 million in cash interest from investments, approximately \$0.8 million in PIK interest from investments, approximately \$0.3 million in prepayment fees, net amortization of purchase premiums and discounts and origination fees of approximately \$0.7 million, approximately \$2.1 million in dividend income and approximately \$0.7 million in other income. NMF Holdings' Adjusted Net Investment Income was \$17.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014.

In accordance with GAAP, for the three months ended March 31, 2014, NMF Holdings accrued \$1.5 million of hypothetical capital gains incentive fee based upon the cumulative net Adjusted Realized Capital Gains and Adjusted Realized Capital Losses and the cumulative net Adjusted Unrealized Capital Appreciation and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation on investments held at the end of each period. Actual amounts paid to the Investment Adviser are consistent with the Investment Management Agreement and are based only on actual Adjusted Realized Capital Gains computed net of all Adjusted Realized Capital Losses and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation on a cumulative basis from inception through the end of each calendar year as if the entire portfolio was sold at fair value. Approximately \$0.8 million of capital gains incentive fees would be owed under the Investment Management Agreement if NMF Holdings had ceased operations as of March 31, 2014, as cumulative net Adjusted Realized Gains exceeded cumulative Adjusted Unrealized Depreciation.

The following table for NMF Holdings for the year ended December 31, 2013 is adjusted to reflect the step-up to fair market value and the allocation of the incentive fees related to hypothetical capital gains out of the adjusted post-incentive fee net investment income.

(in thousands)	Year ended December 31, 2013	Stepped-up Cost Basis Adjustments	Incentive Fee Adjustments(1)	Adjusted year ended December 31, 2013
<b>Investment income</b>				
Interest income	\$ 107,027	\$ (896)	\$	\$ 106,131
Dividend income	5,049			5,049
Other income	2,836			2,836
<b>Total investment income</b>	<b>114,912</b>	<b>(896)</b>		<b>114,016</b>
<b>Total expenses pre-incentive fee(2)</b>	<b>31,504</b>			<b>31,504</b>
<b>Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income</b>	<b>83,408</b>	<b>(896)</b>		<b>82,512</b>
Incentive fee	19,731		(3,229)	16,502
<b>Post-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income</b>	<b>63,677</b>	<b>(896)</b>	<b>3,229</b>	<b>66,010</b>
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	7,253	(3,158)		4,095
Net change in unrealized appreciation of investments	7,994	4,054		12,048
Capital gains incentive fees			(3,229)	(3,229)
<b>Net increase in members' capital resulting from operations</b>	<b>\$ 78,924</b>			<b>\$ 78,924</b>

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- (1) For the year ended December 31, 2013, NMF Holdings incurred total incentive fees of \$19.7 million, of which \$3.2 million related to capital gains incentive fees on a hypothetical liquidation basis.
- (2) Includes expense waivers and reimbursements of \$3.2 million.

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For the year ended December 31, 2013, NMF Holdings had a \$0.9 million adjustment to interest income for amortization, a decrease of \$3.2 million to net realized gains and an increase of \$4.1 million to net change in unrealized appreciation to adjust for the stepped-up cost basis of the transferred investments as discussed above. For the year ended December 31, 2013, total adjusted investment income of \$114.0 million consisted of approximately \$94.5 million in cash interest from investments, approximately \$3.4 million in PIK interest from investments, approximately \$5.8 million in prepayment fees, net amortization of purchase premiums and discounts and origination fees of approximately \$2.5 million, approximately \$5.0 million in dividend income and approximately \$2.8 million in other income. NMF Holdings' Adjusted Net Investment Income was \$66.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2013.

In accordance with GAAP, for the year ended December 31, 2013, NMF Holdings accrued \$3.2 million of hypothetical capital gains incentive fee based upon the cumulative net Adjusted Realized Capital Gains and Adjusted Realized Capital Losses and the cumulative net Adjusted Unrealized Capital Appreciation and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation on investments held at the end of each period. Actual amounts paid to the Investment Adviser are consistent with the Investment Management Agreement and are based only on actual Adjusted Realized Capital Gains computed net of all Adjusted Realized Capital Losses and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation on a cumulative basis from inception through the end of each calendar year as if the entire portfolio was sold at fair value. As of December 31, 2013, approximately \$1.1 million of capital gains incentive fees was owed under the Investment Management Agreement, as cumulative net Adjusted Realized Gains exceeded cumulative Adjusted Unrealized Depreciation. As of December 31, 2013, no payments have been made relating to the capital gains incentive fee.

The following table for NMF Holdings for the year ended December 31, 2012 is adjusted to reflect the step-up to fair market value and the allocation of the incentive fees related to hypothetical capital gains out of the adjusted post-incentive fee net investment income.

(in thousands)	Year ended December 31, 2012	Stepped-up Cost Basis Adjustments	Incentive Fee Adjustments(1)	Adjusted year ended December 31, 2012
<b>Investment income</b>				
Interest income	\$ 83,646	\$ (3,476)	\$	\$ 80,170
Dividend income	812			812
Other income	1,328			1,328
<b>Total investment income</b>	<b>85,786</b>	<b>(3,476)</b>		<b>82,310</b>
<b>Total expenses pre-incentive fee(2)</b>	<b>24,625</b>			<b>24,625</b>
<b>Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income</b>	<b>61,161</b>	<b>(3,476)</b>		<b>57,685</b>
Incentive fee	15,944		(4,407)	11,537
<b>Post-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income</b>	<b>45,217</b>	<b>(3,476)</b>	<b>4,407</b>	<b>46,148</b>
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	18,851	(6,958)		11,893
Net change in unrealized appreciation of investments	9,928	10,434		20,362
Capital gains incentive fees			(4,407)	(4,407)
<b>Net increase in members' capital resulting from operations</b>	<b>\$ 73,996</b>			<b>\$ 73,996</b>



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- (1) For the year ended December 31, 2012, NMF Holdings incurred total incentive fees of \$15.9 million, of which \$4.4 million related to capital gains incentive fees on a hypothetical liquidation basis.
- (2) Includes expense waivers and reimbursements of \$2.5 million.

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For the year ended December 31, 2012, NMF Holdings had a \$3.5 million adjustment to interest income for amortization, a decrease of \$6.9 million to net realized gains and an increase of \$10.4 million to net change in unrealized appreciation to adjust for the stepped-up cost basis of the transferred investments as discussed above. For the year ended December 31, 2012, total adjusted interest income of \$80.2 million consisted of approximately \$71.9 million in cash interest from investments, approximately \$2.2 million in PIK interest from investments, approximately \$3.6 million in prepayment fees and net amortization of purchase premiums and discounts and origination fees of approximately \$2.5 million. NMF Holdings' Adjusted Net Investment Income was \$46.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2012.

The following table for NMF Holdings for the period May 19, 2011 (effective date of the Investment Management Agreement) to December 31, 2011 is adjusted to reflect the step-up to fair market value.

(in thousands)	Period from May 19, 2011 to December 31, 2011	Stepped-up Cost Basis Adjustments	Adjusted period from May 19, 2011 to December 31, 2011
<b>Investment income</b>			
Interest income	\$ 38,836	\$ (2,019)	\$ 36,817
Other income	670		670
Total investment income	39,506	(2,019)	37,487
Total expenses pre-incentive fee(1)	11,863		11,863
<b>Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income</b>	27,643	(2,019)	25,624
Incentive fee(2)	3,522		3,522
<b>Post-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income</b>	24,121	(2,019)	22,102
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	3,298	(2,422)	876
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of investments	(15,538)	4,441	(11,097)
<b>Net increase in members' capital resulting from operations</b>	\$ 11,881		\$ 11,881

(1) Includes expense waivers and reimbursements of \$2.2 million.

(2) For the year ended December 31, 2011, NMF Holdings had no incentive fees related to capital gains incentive fees on a hypothetical liquidation basis.

For the period May 19, 2011 (effective date of the Investment Management Agreement) to December 31, 2011, NMF Holdings had a \$2.0 million adjustment to interest income for amortization, a decrease of \$2.4 million to realized gains and an increase of \$4.4 million to unrealized depreciation to adjust for the stepped-up cost basis of the transferred investments as discussed above. NMF Holdings' Adjusted Net Investment Income was \$22.1 million for the period May 19, 2011 (effective date of the Investment Management Agreement) to December 31,

2011.

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Results of Operations for NMF Holdings for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013

Revenue

(in thousands)	Three months ended		Percent Change
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	
Interest income	\$ 28,139	\$ 25,043	12%
Dividend income	2,095		NM*
Other income	684	275	149%

Total investment income \$ 30,918 \$ 25,318

\*  
Not meaningful.

NMF Holdings' total investment income increased by \$5.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2013. The 22% increase in investment income results from the increase in interest and other income from the three months ended March 31, 2013 to the three months ended March 31, 2014, which was primarily attributable to larger invested balances, driven by the proceeds from the 2013 primary offerings of NMFC's common stock, NMF Holdings' use of leverage from its revolving credit facilities to originate new investments and prepayment fees received associated with the early repayments or partial repayments of two different portfolio companies held by NMF Holdings as of December 31, 2013. Additionally, NMF Holdings' other income increased due to structuring fees received associated with two different portfolio companies and amendment and forbearance fees received associated with three different portfolio companies held by NMF Holdings as of December 31, 2013. The increase in dividend income for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was attributable to distributions received from two portfolio companies, which were recorded as dividend income.

Operating Expenses

(in thousands)	Three months ended		Percent Change
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	
Management fee	\$ 4,177	\$ 3,568	17%
Incentive fee	4,442	3,458	28%
Capital gains incentive fee(1)	1,527	2,682	(43)%
Interest and other credit facility expenses	3,413	3,071	11%
Professional fees	862	572	51%
Administrative expenses	596	759	(21)%
Other general and administrative expenses	390	410	(5)%

Total expenses 15,407 14,520

Less: expenses waived and reimbursed (774) (829) (7)%

Net expenses \$ 14,633 \$ 13,691

(1)

Capital gains incentive fee accrual assumes a hypothetical liquidation basis.

NMF Holdings' total net operating expenses increased by \$0.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2013. NMF Holdings' management fee increased by \$0.6 million and incentive fee increased by \$1.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2013. The increase in management

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and incentive fees from the three months ended March 31, 2013 to the three months ended March 31, 2014 was attributable to larger invested balances, driven by the proceeds from the 2013 primary offerings of NMFC's common stock, NMF Holdings' use of leverage from its revolving credit facilities to originate new investments and the receipt of a dividend distribution from one of NMF Holdings' warrant investments. NMF Holdings' capital gains incentive fees decreased \$1.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2013, which was attributable to lower net Adjusted Realized Capital Gains (Losses) and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Appreciation (Depreciation) of investments during the period. Approximately \$0.8 million of capital gains incentive fees would be owed under the Investment Management Agreement if NMF Holdings had ceased operations as of March 31, 2014, as cumulative net Adjusted Realized Gains exceeded cumulative Adjusted Unrealized Depreciation.

Interest and other credit facility expenses increased by \$0.3 million during the three months ended March 31, 2014, primarily due to the increase of average debt outstanding from \$198.9 million to \$232.8 million for the Holdings Credit Facility and from \$214.3 million to \$215.0 million for the SLF Credit Facility for the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to March 31, 2014. During the three months ended March 31, 2014, NMF Holdings incurred \$10.9 thousand in other expenses that were not subject to the expense cap pursuant to the administration agreement, as amended and restated (the "Administration Agreement"), with the Administrator, and further restricted by NMF Holdings.

### *Net Realized Gains and Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)*

(in thousands)	Three months ended		Percent Change
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	
Net realized gains on investments	\$ 2,780	\$ 1,044	166%
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments	4,814	11,890	(60)%
<b>Total net realized gains and net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments</b>	<b>\$ 7,594</b>	<b>\$ 12,934</b>	

NMF Holdings' net realized and unrealized gains resulted in a net gain of \$7.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 compared to a net gain of \$12.9 million for the same period in 2013. We look at net realized and unrealized gains or losses together as movement in unrealized appreciation or depreciation can be the result of realizations. The net gain for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013 was primarily driven by the overall increase in the market prices of NMF Holdings' investments during the period and driven by sales or repayments of investments with fair values in excess of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 valuations, resulting in net realized gains being greater than the reversal of the cumulative net unrealized gains for those investments.

**Results of Operations for NMF Holdings for the Years Ended December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011****Revenue**

(in thousands)	Years ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Interest income	\$ 107,027	\$ 83,646	\$ 55,809
Dividend income	5,049	812	
Other income	2,836	1,328	714
 Total investment income	 \$ 114,912	 \$ 85,786	 \$ 56,523

NMF Holdings' total investment income increased by \$29.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2013 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2012. The 34.0% increase in investment income results from the increase in interest and other income for the year ended December 31, 2013, which was primarily attributable to larger invested balances, driven by the proceeds from the 2012 and 2013 primary offerings of NMFC's common stock, NMF Holdings' use of leverage for its revolving credit facilities to originate new investments and prepayment fees received associated with the early repayments or partial repayments of 20 different portfolio companies held by NMF Holdings as of December 31, 2012. Additionally, NMF Holdings' other income increased due to commitment fees received from three bridge facilities and consent, amendment and forbearance fees received associated with 10 different portfolio companies held by NMF Holdings as of December 31, 2012. The increase in dividend income for the year ended December 31, 2013 was attributable to distributions received from two portfolio companies, which was recorded as dividend income.

NMF Holdings' total investment income increased by \$29.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2011. The 51.8% increase in investment income from the year ended 2011 to the year ended 2012 was primarily attributable to larger invested balances, mainly driven by the proceeds from the July 2012 and December 2012 equity offerings, and NMF Holdings' use of leverage from its revolving credit facilities to originate new investments. In the year ended December 31, 2012, NMF Holdings' other income increased due to commitment fees received from three bridge facilities and fees received associated with amendments of 14 different portfolio companies. Additionally, during the year ended December 31, 2012, NMF Holdings received distributions from two portfolio companies, which was recorded as dividend income.

*Operating Expenses*

(in thousands)	Years ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Management fee	\$ 14,905	\$ 11,109	\$ 4,938
Incentive fee	16,502	11,537	3,522
Capital gains incentive fee(1)	3,229	4,407	
Interest and other credit facility expenses	12,470	10,085	7,086
Administrative fees	3,429	2,426	1,615
Professional fees	2,349	2,091	2,037
Other expenses	1,584	1,374	986
Total expenses	54,468	43,029	20,184
Less: expenses waived and reimbursed	(3,233)	(2,460)	(2,186)
Net expenses	\$ 51,235	\$ 40,569	\$ 17,998

(1) Capital gains incentive fee accrual assumes a hypothetical liquidation basis.

NMF Holdings' total net operating expenses increased by \$10.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2013 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2012. NMF Holdings' management fees increased by \$3.8 million and incentive fees increased by \$5.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2013 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2012. The increase in management and incentive fees from the year ended December 31, 2012 to the year ended December 31, 2013 was attributable to larger invested balances, driven by the proceeds from the 2012 and 2013 primary offerings of NMFC's common stock, NMF Holdings' use of leverage from its revolving credit facilities to originate new investments and the receipt of a dividend distribution from one of NMF Holdings' warrant investments. NMF Holdings' capital gains incentive fees decreased \$1.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2013 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2012, which was attributable to lower net Adjusted Realized Capital Gains (Losses) and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Appreciation (Depreciation) of investments during the period. As of December 31, 2013, approximately \$1.1 million of capital gains incentive fees was owed under the Investment Management Agreement, as cumulative net Adjusted Realized Gains exceeded cumulative Adjusted Unrealized Depreciation. As of December 31, 2013, no payments have been made relating to the capital gains incentive fee.

Interest and other credit facility expenses increased by \$2.4 million during the year ended December 31, 2013, primarily due to the increase of average debt outstanding from \$133.6 million to \$184.1 million for the Holdings Credit Facility and from \$181.4 million to \$214.3 million for the SLF Credit Facility for the year ended December 31, 2012 compared to December 31, 2013. For the year ended December 31, 2013, NMF Holdings incurred \$0.1 million in other expenses that were not subject to the expense cap pursuant to an administration agreement, as amended and restated (the "Administration Agreement"), with the Administrator, and further restricted by NMF Holdings.

NMF Holdings' total net operating expenses increased by \$22.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2011. NMF Holdings' management fees increased by \$6.2 million and incentive fees increased by \$8.0 million, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2012 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2011. The increase in management and incentive fees from the year ended December 31, 2011 to the year ended December 31, 2012 was attributable to larger invested balances, driven by the proceeds from the July 2012 and December 2012 primary offerings of NMFC's common stock and NMF Holdings' use of leverage from its revolving credit facilities to originate new investments. As a result of the net increase in Adjusted Realized Capital Gains (Losses) and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Appreciation (Depreciation), a capital gains incentive fees accrual of \$4.4 million was booked for the year ended



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December 31, 2012. No capital gains incentive fees were booked for the year ended December 31, 2011. As a result of the IPO on May 19, 2011, NMF Holdings pays management fees and incentive fees under its Investment Management Agreement, which provides a different basis for the calculation of these fees as compared to amounts previously paid prior to the completion of the IPO. As such, management and incentive fees were calculated in accordance with this agreement for a full year in 2012 as compared to a partial year in 2011. Prior to the IPO, an affiliate of the Predecessor Entities paid a majority of the management and incentive fees.

Interest and other credit facility expenses increased by \$3.0 million during the year ended December 31, 2012, primarily due to the increase of average debt outstanding from \$61.6 million to \$133.6 million for the Holdings Credit Facility and from \$133.8 million to \$181.4 million for the SLF Credit Facility for the year ended December 31, 2011 compared to December 31, 2012. For the year ended December 31, 2012, NMF Holdings incurred less than \$0.1 million in other expenses that were not subject to the expense cap pursuant to the Administration Agreement and further restricted by NMF Holdings. No expenses were incurred by NMF Holdings outside the expense cap for the year ended December 31, 2011.

### *Net Realized Gains and Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)*

(in thousands)	Years ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Net realized gains on investments	\$ 7,253	\$ 18,851	\$ 16,252
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments	7,994	9,928	(23,100)
Total net realized gains and net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments	\$ 15,247	\$ 28,779	\$ (6,848)

NMF Holdings' net realized and unrealized gains or losses resulted in a net gain of \$15.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2013 compared to a net gain of \$28.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2012, and a net loss of \$6.8 million for the same period in 2011. We look at net realized and unrealized gains or losses together as movement in unrealized appreciation or depreciation can be the result of realizations. The net gain for the year ended December 31, 2013 was primarily driven by sales or repayment of investments with fair values in excess of December 31, 2012 valuations, resulting in net realized gains being greater than the reversal of the cumulative net unrealized gains for those investments. Additionally, during the year ended December 31, 2013, a distribution from a warrant investment resulted in a realized gain of approximately \$1.1 million, the modification of terms on one debt investment that was accounted for as an extinguishment resulted in a realized gain of \$1.7 million and the sale of the first lien position in ATI Acquisition Company resulted in a realized loss of \$4.3 million. The total net gain for the year ended December 31, 2012 was primarily related to the overall increase in the market and the quality of NMF Holdings' portfolio, directly impacting the prices of NMF Holdings' portfolio. The appreciation of NMF Holdings' portfolio and the sale or repayment of investments with fair values in excess of December 31, 2011 valuations, resulted in net realized gains being greater than the reversal of the cumulative net unrealized gains for those investments. The total net loss for the year ended December 31, 2011 was primarily related to the overall market decline, directly impacting the prices of NMF Holdings' portfolio.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

The primary use of existing funds and any funds raised in the future is expected to be for NMF Holdings' repayment of indebtedness, NMF Holdings' investments in portfolio companies, cash distributions to NMF Holdings' unit holders or for other general corporate purposes.

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Since NMFC's IPO, and through March 31, 2014, NMFC raised approximately \$233.4 million in net proceeds from additional offerings of common stock and issued shares valued at approximately \$288.4 million on behalf of AIV Holdings for exchanged units. NMFC acquired from NMF Holdings units of NMF Holdings equal to the number of shares of NMFC's common stock sold in the additional offerings.

On February 3, 2014, NMFC completed an underwritten secondary public offering of 2,325,000 shares of its common stock on behalf of a selling stockholder, AIV Holdings, at a public offering price of \$14.70 per share. In connection with the underwritten secondary public offering, the underwriters purchased an additional 346,938 shares of NMFC's common stock from AIV Holdings with the exercise of the overallotment option to purchase up to an additional 346,938 shares of common stock. NMFC did not receive any proceeds from the sale of shares of NMFC's common stock by AIV Holdings. NMF Holdings and NMFC did not bear any expenses in connection with this offering. The offering expenses were borne by the selling stockholder, AIV Holdings. As of February 3, 2014, AIV Holdings no longer owns any units of NMF Holdings and NMFC owns 100.0% of the outstanding units of NMF Holdings. As a result, NMFC's and NMF Holdings' organizational structure may be collapsed or simplified in the future.

NMF Holdings' liquidity is generated and generally available through advances from the revolving credit facilities, from cash flows from operations, and, we expect, through periodic follow-on equity offerings of NMFC. In addition, we may from time to time enter into additional debt facilities, increase the size of existing facilities or issue additional debt securities, including unsecured debt and/or debt securities convertible into common stock. Any such incurrence or issuance would be subject to prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual and regulatory restrictions and other factors. In accordance with the 1940 Act, with certain limited exceptions, we are only allowed to borrow amounts such that our asset coverage, calculated pursuant to the 1940 Act, is at least 200.0% after such borrowing.

At March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, NMF Holdings had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$13.3 million and \$15.0 million, respectively. Cash used in operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013 was approximately \$(36.6) million and \$(15.8) million, respectively. We expect that all current liquidity needs by NMF Holdings will be met with cash flows from operations and other activities.

### Credit Facilities

**Holdings Credit Facility** The Loan and Security Agreement, as amended and restated, dated May 19, 2011 (the "Holdings Credit Facility") among NMF Holdings as the Borrower and Collateral Administrator, Wells Fargo Securities, L.L.C. as the Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as the Collateral Custodian, is structured as a revolving credit facility and matures on October 27, 2016, as amended on May 8, 2012.

The maximum amount of revolving borrowings available under the Holdings Credit Facility is \$280.0 million, as amended on October 28, 2013. As of March 31, 2014, NMF Holdings was permitted to borrow up to 45.0% or 25.0% of the purchase price of pledged first lien or non-first lien debt securities, and up to 70.0% and 45.0% of the purchase price of specified first lien debt securities and specified non-first lien debt securities, respectively, subject to approval by Wells Fargo Bank, National Association. The Holdings Credit Facility is collateralized by all of the investments of NMF Holdings on an investment by investment basis. All fees associated with the origination or upsizing of the Holdings Credit Facility are capitalized on NMF Holdings' Consolidated Statement of Assets, Liabilities, and Members' Capital and charged against income as other credit facility expenses over the life of the Holdings Credit Facility. The Holdings Credit Facility contains certain customary affirmative and negative covenants and events of default, including the occurrence of a change in control. In

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addition, the Holdings Credit Facility requires NMF Holdings to maintain a minimum asset coverage ratio. However, the covenants are generally not tied to mark to market fluctuations in the prices of NMF Holdings' investments, but rather to the performance of the underlying portfolio companies.

The Holdings Credit Facility bears interest at a rate of the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus 2.75% per annum, as amended on May 8, 2012, and charges a non-usage fee, based on the unused facility amount multiplied by the Non-Usage Fee Rate (as defined in the credit agreement).

The following table summarizes the interest expense and non-usage fees incurred by NMF Holdings on the Holdings Credit Facility for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013:

(in millions)	Three months ended	
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013
Interest expense	\$ 1.7	\$ 1.5
Non-usage fee	0.1	(1)
Weighted average interest rate	2.9%	3.0%
Average debt outstanding	\$ 232.8	\$ 198.9

(1) For the three months ended March 31, 2013, the total non-usage fee was less than \$50 thousand.

As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the outstanding balance on the Holdings Credit Facility was \$271.8 million and \$221.8 million, respectively, and NMF Holdings was not aware of any instances of non-compliance related to the Holdings Credit Facility on such dates.

**SLF Credit Facility** NMF SLF's Loan and Security Agreement, as amended and restated, dated October 27, 2010 (the "SLF Credit Facility") among NMF SLF as the Borrower, NMF Holdings as the Collateral Administrator, Wells Fargo Securities, L.L.C. as the Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as the Collateral Custodian, is structured as a revolving credit facility and matures on October 27, 2016, as amended on May 8, 2012. The maximum amount of revolving borrowings available under the SLF Credit Facility is \$215.0 million, as amended on December 18, 2012. The loan is non-recourse to NMF Holdings and secured by all assets owned by the borrower on an investment by investment basis. All fees associated with the origination or upsizing of the SLF Credit Facility are capitalized on the Consolidated Statement of Assets, Liabilities, and Members' Capital and charged against income as other credit facility expenses over the life of the SLF Credit Facility. The SLF Credit Facility contains certain customary affirmative and negative covenants and events of default, including the occurrence of a change in control. The covenants are generally not tied to mark to market fluctuations in the prices of NMF Holdings' investments, but rather to the performance of the underlying portfolio companies. Due to an amendment to the SLF Credit Facility on October 27, 2011, NMF SLF is no longer restricted from the purchase or sale of loans with an affiliate. Therefore, specified first lien loans can be moved as collateral between the Holdings Credit Facility and the SLF Credit Facility.

As of March 31, 2014, the SLF Credit Facility permits borrowings of up to 70.0% of the purchase price of pledged first lien debt securities and up to 25.0% of the purchase price of specified second lien loans, of which, up to 25.0% of the aggregate outstanding loan balance of all pledged debt securities in the SLF Credit Facility is allowed to be derived from second lien loans, subject to approval by Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as amended on March 11, 2013.

The SLF Credit Facility bears interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 2.00% per annum for first lien loans and 2.75% for second lien loans, respectively, as amended on March 11, 2013. A non-usage fee is paid, based on the unused facility amount multiplied by the Non-Usage Fee Rate (as defined in the credit agreement).

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The following table summarizes the interest expense and non-usage fees incurred by NMF Holdings on the SLF Credit Facility for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013:

(in millions)	Three months ended	
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013
Interest expense	\$ 1.2	\$ 1.2
Non-usage fee	(1)	(1)
Weighted average interest rate	2.2%	2.2%
Average debt outstanding	\$ 215.0	\$ 214.3

(1)

For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013, the total non-usage fee was less than \$50 thousand.

As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the outstanding balance on the SLF Credit Facility was \$215.0 million and \$214.7 million, respectively, and NMF SLF was not aware of any instances of non-compliance related to the SLF Credit Facility on such dates.

### Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

NMF Holdings may become a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financial needs of its portfolio companies. These instruments may include commitments to extend credit and involve, to varying degrees, elements of liquidity and credit risk in excess of the amount recognized in the balance sheet. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, NMF Holdings had outstanding commitments to third parties to fund investments totaling \$14.6 million and \$15.5 million, respectively, under various undrawn revolving credit facilities, delayed draw commitments or other future funding commitments.

NMF Holdings may from time to time enter into financing commitment letters or bridge financing commitments, which could require funding in the future. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, NMF Holdings did not enter into any commitment letters to purchase debt investments. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, NMF Holdings had not entered into any bridge financing commitments, which could require funding in the future.

### Borrowings

NMF Holdings had borrowings of \$271.8 million and \$221.8 million outstanding as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, under the Holdings Credit Facility. NMF Holdings had borrowings of \$215.0 million and \$214.7 million outstanding as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, under the SLF Credit Facility.

**Contractual Obligations**

A summary of NMF Holdings' significant contractual payment obligations as of March 31, 2014 is as follows:

	<b>Contractual Obligations Payments</b>				
	<b>Due by Period</b>				
	<b>(in millions)</b>				
	<b>Total</b>	<b>Less than</b>	<b>1 - 3 Years</b>	<b>3 - 5 Years</b>	<b>More than</b>
		<b>1 Year</b>			<b>5 Years</b>
Holdings Credit Facility(1)	\$ 271.8	\$	\$ 271.8	\$	\$
SLF Credit Facility(2)	215.0		215.0		
<b>Total Contractual Obligations</b>	<b>\$ 486.8</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 486.8</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>

(1) Under the terms of the \$280.0 million Holdings Credit Facility, all outstanding borrowings under that facility (\$271.8 million as of March 31, 2014) must be repaid on or before October 27, 2016. As of March 31, 2014, there was approximately \$8.2 million of possible capacity remaining under the Holdings Credit Facility.

(2) Under the terms of the \$215.0 million SLF Credit Facility, all outstanding borrowings under that facility (\$215.0 million as of March 31, 2014) must be repaid on or before October 27, 2016. As of March 31, 2014, there was no capacity remaining under the SLF Credit Facility.

NMF Holdings has certain contracts under which it has material future commitments. NMF Holdings has \$14.6 million of undrawn funding commitments as of March 31, 2014 related to its participation as a lender in revolving credit facilities, delayed draw commitments or other future funding commitments of NMF Holdings' portfolio companies. As of March 31, 2014, NMF Holdings did not enter into any bridge financing commitments, which could require funding in the future.

We have entered into the Investment Management Agreement with the Investment Adviser in accordance with the 1940 Act. Under the Investment Management Agreement, the Investment Adviser has agreed to provide NMF Holdings with investment advisory and management services. We have agreed to pay for these services (1) a management fee and (2) an incentive fee based on its performance.

We have also entered into an Administration Agreement, with the Administrator. Under the Administration Agreement, the Administrator has agreed to arrange office space for us and provide office equipment and clerical, bookkeeping and record keeping services and other administrative services necessary to conduct our respective day-to-day operations. The Administrator has also agreed to perform, or oversee the performance of, our financial records, our reports to stockholders / unit holders and reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

If any of the contractual obligations discussed above are terminated, our costs under any new agreements that are entered into may increase. In addition, we would likely incur significant time and expense in locating alternative parties to provide the services we expect to receive under the Investment Management Agreement and the Administration Agreement.

**Distributions and Dividends**

Dividends declared and paid to stockholders / unit holders of NMFC and NMF Holdings for the three months ended March 31, 2014 totaled \$16.3 million.

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The following table summarizes NMF Holdings' and NMFC's quarterly cash distributions, including dividends and returns of capital, if any, per unit/share that have been declared by NMF Holdings' board of directors, and subsequently NMFC's board of directors, since NMFC's IPO:

<b>Fiscal Year Ended</b>	<b>Date Declared</b>	<b>Record Date</b>	<b>Payment Date</b>	<b>Per Share/Unit Amount</b>
<b><i>December 31, 2014</i></b>				
First Quarter	March 4, 2014	March 17, 2014	March 31, 2014	\$ 0.34
				\$ 0.34
<b><i>December 31, 2013</i></b>				
Fourth Quarter	November 8, 2013	December 17, 2013	December 31, 2013	\$ 0.34
Third Quarter	August 7, 2013	September 16, 2013	September 30, 2013	0.34
Third Quarter	August 7, 2013	August 20, 2013	August 30, 2013	0.12(1)
Second Quarter	May 6, 2013	June 14, 2013	June 28, 2013	0.34
First Quarter	March 6, 2013	March 15, 2013	March 28, 2013	0.34
				\$ 1.48
<b><i>December 31, 2012</i></b>				
Fourth Quarter	December 27, 2012	December 31, 2012	January 31, 2013	\$ 0.14(2)
Fourth Quarter	November 6, 2012	December 14, 2012	December 28, 2012	0.34
Third Quarter	August 8, 2012	September 14, 2012	September 28, 2012	0.34
Second Quarter	May 8, 2012	June 15, 2012	June 29, 2012	0.34
Second Quarter	May 8, 2012	May 21, 2012	May 31, 2012	0.23(3)
First Quarter	March 7, 2012	March 15, 2012	March 30, 2012	0.32
				\$ 1.71
<b><i>December 31, 2011</i></b>				
Fourth Quarter	November 8, 2011	December 15, 2011	December 30, 2011	\$ 0.30
Third Quarter	August 10, 2011	September 15, 2011	September 30, 2011	0.29
Second Quarter	August 10, 2011	August 22, 2011	August 31, 2011	0.27
				\$ 0.86
<b><i>Total</i></b>				<b>\$ 4.39</b>

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(1) Special dividend related to a distribution received attributable to NMF Holdings' investment in YP Equity Investors LLC.

(2)

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Special dividend intended to minimize to the greatest extent possible NMFC's U.S. federal income or excise tax liability.

(3)

Special dividend related to estimated realized capital gains attributable to NMF Holdings' investments in Lawson Software, Inc. and Infor Lux Bond Company.

Tax characteristics of all dividends paid by NMFC are reported to stockholders on Form 1099 after the end of the calendar year. Future quarterly dividends, if any, for NMFC and NMF Holdings will be determined by their respective boards of directors.

Since NMFC is a holding company, all distributions on its common stock will be paid from distributions received from NMF Holdings. NMF Holdings intends to make distributions to its unit holder that will be sufficient to enable NMFC to pay quarterly distributions to its stockholders and to maintain its status as a RIC. NMFC intends to distribute approximately its entire portion of NMF Holdings' Adjusted Net Investment Income on a quarterly basis and substantially its entire portion of

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NMF Holdings' taxable income on an annual basis, except that it may retain certain net capital gains for reinvestment. See "Material Federal Income Tax Considerations".

NMFC maintains an "opt out" dividend reinvestment plan for its common stockholders. As a result, if NMF Holdings declares a dividend, then NMFC stockholders' cash dividends will be automatically reinvested in additional shares of NMFC's common stock, unless they specifically "opt out" of the dividend reinvestment plan so as to receive cash dividends. Cash dividends reinvested in additional shares of NMFC's common stock will be automatically reinvested by NMFC in NMF Holdings in exchange for additional units of NMF Holdings.

### Related Parties

NMFC and NMF Holdings have entered into a number of business relationships with affiliated or related parties, including the following:

With the completion of the secondary offering on February 3, 2014, NMFC now owns 100.0% of the units of NMF Holdings.

NMF Holdings has entered into the Investment Management Agreement with the Investment Adviser, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital. Therefore, New Mountain Capital is entitled to any profits earned by the Investment Adviser, which includes any fees payable to the Investment Adviser under the terms of the Investment Management Agreement, less expenses incurred by the Investment Adviser in performing its services under the Investment Management Agreement.

NMFC and NMF Holdings have entered into an Administration Agreement, with the Administrator, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital. The Administrator arranges office space for NMFC and NMF Holdings and provides office equipment and administrative services necessary to conduct their respective day-to-day operations pursuant to the Administration Agreement. NMF Holdings reimburses the Administrator for the allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by it in performing its obligations to NMFC and NMF Holdings under the Administration Agreement, including rent, the fees and expenses associated with performing administrative, finance, and compliance functions, and the compensation of NMF Holdings' chief financial officer and chief compliance officer and their respective staffs. Pursuant to the Administration Agreement and further restricted by NMF Holdings, expenses payable to the Administrator by NMF Holdings as well as other direct and indirect expenses (excluding interest, other credit facility expense, trading expenses and management and incentive fees) has been capped at \$3.5 million for the time period from April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013 and capped at \$4.25 million for the time period from April 1, 2013 to March 31, 2014. The expense cap expired on March 31, 2014. Thereafter, the Administrator may, in its own discretion, submit to NMF Holdings for reimbursement some or all of the expenses that the Administrator has incurred on behalf of NMF Holdings during any quarterly period. As a result, the amount of expenses for which NMF Holdings will have to reimburse the Administrator may fluctuate in future quarterly periods and there can be no assurance given as to when, or if, the Administrator may determine to limit the expenses that the Administrator submits to NMF Holdings for reimbursement in the future. However, it is expected that the Administrator will continue to support part of the expense burden of NMF Holdings in the near future.

NMFC, NMF Holdings, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator have entered into a royalty-free Trademark License Agreement, as amended, with New Mountain Capital, pursuant to which New Mountain Capital has agreed to grant NMFC, NMF Holdings, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator, a non-exclusive, royalty-free license to use the name "New Mountain" and "New Mountain Finance".



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In addition, NMFC and NMF Holdings have adopted a formal code of ethics that governs the conduct of their respective officers and directors. These officers and directors also remain subject to the duties imposed by the 1940 Act, the Delaware General Corporation Law and the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act.

The Investment Adviser and its affiliates may also manage other funds in the future that may have investment mandates that are similar, in whole and in part, with NMF Holdings' investment mandates. The Investment Adviser and its affiliates may determine that an investment is appropriate for NMF Holdings and for one or more of those other funds. In such event, depending on the availability of such investment and other appropriate factors, the Investment Adviser or its affiliates may determine that we should invest side-by-side with one or more other funds. Any such investments will be made only to the extent permitted by applicable law and interpretive positions of the SEC and its staff, and consistent with the Investment Adviser's allocation procedures.

Concurrently with the IPO, NMFC sold an additional 2,172,000 shares of its common stock to certain executives and employees of, and other individuals affiliated with, New Mountain Capital in the Concurrent Private Placement.

### **Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

NMF Holdings is subject to certain financial market risks, such as interest rate fluctuations. During the three months ended March 31, 2014, certain of the loans held in NMF Holdings' portfolio had floating interest rates. As of March 31, 2014, approximately 86% of investments at fair value (excluding investments on non-accrual, revolvers, and non-interest bearing equity investments) represent floating-rate investments with a LIBOR floor (includes investments bearing prime interest rate contracts) and approximately 14% of investments represent fixed-rate investments. Additionally, NMF Holdings' senior secured revolving credit facilities are also subject to floating interest rates and are currently paid based on one-month floating LIBOR rates.

The following table estimates the potential changes in net cash flow generated from interest income and expenses, should interest rates increase by 100, 200 or 300 basis points, or decrease by 25 basis points. Interest income is calculated as revenue from interest generated from NMF Holdings' portfolio of investments held on March 31, 2014. Interest expense is calculated based on the terms of NMF Holdings' two outstanding revolving credit facilities. For NMF Holdings' floating rate credit facilities, NMF Holdings uses the outstanding balance as of March 31, 2014. Interest expense on NMF Holdings' floating rate credit facilities are calculated using the interest rate as of March 31, 2014, adjusted for the hypothetical changes in rates, as shown below. The base interest rate case assumes the rates on NMF Holdings' portfolio investments remain unchanged from the actual effective interest rates as of March 31, 2014. These hypothetical calculations are based on a model of the investments in our portfolio, held as of March 31, 2014, and are only adjusted for assumed changes in the underlying base interest rates.

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Actual results could differ significantly from those estimated in the table.

<b>Change in Interest Rates</b>	<b>Estimated Percentage Change in Interest Income Net of Interest Expense (unaudited)</b>
-25 Basis Points	0.74%(1)
Base Interest Rate	%
+100 Basis Points	(4.44)%
+200 Basis Points	(0.13)%
+300 Basis Points	5.17%

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(1)

Limited to the lesser of the March 31, 2014 LIBOR rates or a decrease of 25 basis points.

NMF Holdings was not exposed to any foreign currency exchange risks as of March 31, 2014.

## SENIOR SECURITIES

Information about NMF Holdings' senior securities is shown in the following table as of December 31, 2013, 2012, 2011, 2010 and 2009.

Class and Year	Total Amount Outstanding Exclusive of Treasury Securities(1) (in millions)	Asset Coverage Per Unit(2)	Involuntary Liquidating Preference Per Unit(3)	Average Market Value Per Unit(4)
December 31, 2013				
Holdings Credit Facility	\$ 221.8	\$ 2,577	\$	N/A
SLF Credit Facility	214.7	2,577		N/A
December 31, 2012				
Holdings Credit Facility	206.9	2,353		N/A
SLF Credit Facility	214.3	2,353		N/A
December 31, 2011				
Holdings Credit Facility	129.0	2,426		N/A
SLF Credit Facility	165.9	2,426		N/A
December 31, 2010(5)				
Holdings Credit Facility	59.7	3,074		N/A
SLF Credit Facility	56.9	3,074		N/A
December 31, 2009(5)				
Holdings Credit Facility	77.7	4,080		N/A

- (1) Total amount of each class of senior securities outstanding at the end of the period presented.
- (2) Asset coverage per unit is the ratio of the carrying value of our total assets, less all liabilities excluding indebtedness represented by senior securities in this table, to the aggregate amount of senior securities representing indebtedness. Asset coverage per unit is expressed in terms of dollar amounts per \$1,000 of indebtedness and is calculated on a consolidated basis.
- (3) The amount to which such class of senior security would be entitled upon the voluntary liquidation of the issuer in preference to any security junior to it. The " " in this column indicates that the SEC expressly does not require this information to be disclosed for certain types of senior securities.
- (4) Not applicable because the senior securities are not registered for public trading.
- (5) Prior to NMFC's IPO on May 19, 2011, these credit facilities existed at the Predecessor Entities.

## **BUSINESS**

### **The Company**

NMFC is a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010. NMFC is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. As such, NMFC is obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. NMFC has elected to be treated, and intends to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. NMFC is also registered as an investment adviser under the Advisers Act.

NMF Holdings is a Delaware limited liability company. Until May 8, 2014, NMF Holdings was externally managed and was regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. As such, NMF Holdings was obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. NMF Holdings was treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes for so long as it had at least two members. With the completion of the underwritten secondary offering on February 3, 2014, NMF Holdings' existence as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes terminated and NMF Holdings became an entity that is disregarded as a separate entity from its owner for U.S. federal tax purposes. See "Material Federal Income Tax Considerations." For additional information on our organizational structure prior to May 8, 2014, see "Description of Restructuring."

Until May 8, 2014, NMF Holdings was externally managed by the Investment Adviser. As of May 8, 2014, the Investment Adviser now serves as the external investment adviser to NMFC. The Administrator provides the administrative services necessary for operations. The Investment Adviser and Administrator are wholly-owned subsidiaries of New Mountain Capital. New Mountain Capital is a firm with a track record of investing in the middle market and with assets under management (which includes amounts committed, not all of which have been drawn down and invested to date) totaling more than \$12.0 billion as of March 31, 2014, which includes total assets held by NMF Holdings. New Mountain Capital focuses on investing in defensive growth companies across its private equity, public equity, and credit investment vehicles. NMF Holdings, formerly known as New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C., was originally formed as a subsidiary of Guardian AIV by New Mountain Capital in October 2008. Guardian AIV was formed through an allocation of approximately \$300.0 million of the \$5.1 billion of commitments supporting New Mountain Partners III, L.P., a private equity fund managed by New Mountain Capital. In February 2009, New Mountain Capital formed a co-investment vehicle, New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P., comprising \$20.4 million of commitments.

On May 19, 2011, NMFC priced the IPO of 7,272,727 shares of common stock at a public offering price of \$13.75 per share. Concurrently with the closing of the IPO and at the public offering price of \$13.75 per share, NMFC sold an additional 2,172,000 shares of its common stock to certain executives and employees of, and other individuals affiliated with, New Mountain Capital in the Concurrent Private Placement. Additionally, 1,252,964 shares were issued to the partners of New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. at that time for their ownership interest in the Predecessor Entities. In connection with NMFC's IPO and through a series of transactions, the NMF Holdings acquired all of the operations of the Predecessor Entities, including all of the assets and liabilities related to such operations.

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The diagram below depicts our organizational structure as of June 23, 2014.

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Includes partners of New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P.

Our investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. In some cases, our investments may also include equity interests. The primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance.

As of March 31, 2014, NMF Holdings' net asset value was \$697.1 million and its portfolio had a fair value of approximately \$1,180.2 million in 60 portfolio companies, with a weighted average Yield to Maturity at Cost of approximately 10.9%. This Yield to Maturity at Cost calculation assumes that all investments not on non-accrual are purchased at the adjusted cost on the quarter end date and held until their respective maturities with no prepayments or losses and exited at par at maturity. Adjusted cost reflects the GAAP cost for post-IPO investments and a stepped up cost basis of pre-IPO investments (assuming a step-up to fair market value occurred on the IPO date). This calculation excludes the impact of existing leverage. Yield to Maturity at Cost uses the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") curves at each quarter's end date. The actual yield to maturity may be higher or lower due to the future selection of the LIBOR contracts by the individual companies in our portfolio or other factors.

NMF Holdings is a party to the Holdings Credit Facility pursuant to a secured credit agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association. As of March 31, 2014, the Holdings Credit Facility, which matures on October 27, 2016, provides for potential borrowings up to \$280.0 million. Unlike many

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credit facilities for BDCs the amount available under the Holdings Credit Facility is generally not subject to reduction as a result of mark to market fluctuations in its portfolio investments. As of March 31, 2014, we were permitted to borrow up to 45.0% or 25.0% of the purchase price of pledged first lien or non-first lien debt securities, and up to 70.0% and 45.0% of the purchase price of specified first lien debt securities and specified non-first lien debt securities, respectively, subject to approval by Wells Fargo Bank, National Association. The Holdings Credit Facility bears interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 2.75% per annum and charges a non-usage fee, based on the unused facility amount multiplied by the Non-Usage Fee Rate (as defined in the credit agreement). As of March 31, 2014, \$271.8 million was outstanding under the Holdings Credit Facility.

The SLF Credit Facility among NMF SLF as the Borrower, NMF Holdings as the Collateral Administrator, Wells Fargo Securities, L.L.C. as the Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as the Collateral Custodian, is structured as a revolving credit facility and matures on October 27, 2016. As of March 31, 2014, the maximum amount of revolving borrowings available under the SLF Credit Facility is \$215.0 million. The loan is non-recourse to NMFC and NMF Holdings and is secured by all assets owned by the borrower on an investment by investment basis. As of March 31, 2014, the SLF Credit Facility permitted borrowings of up to 70.0% of the purchase price of pledged first lien debt securities and up to 25.0% of the purchase price of specified second lien loans, of which, up to 25.0% of the aggregate outstanding loan balance of all pledged debt securities in the SLF Credit Facility is allowed to be derived from second lien loans, subject to approval by Wells Fargo Bank, National Association. Due to an amendment to the SLF Credit Facility on October 27, 2011, NMF SLF is no longer restricted from the purchase or sale of loans with an affiliate. Therefore, specified first lien loans can be moved as collateral between the Holdings Credit Facility and the SLF Credit Facility. The SLF Credit Facility bears interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 2.00% per annum for first lien loans and 2.75% for second lien loans, as amended on March 11, 2013. A non-usage fee is paid, based on the unused facility amount multiplied by the Non-Usage Fee Rate (as defined in the credit agreement). As of March 31, 2014, \$215.0 million was outstanding under the SLF Credit Facility.

For a detailed discussion of the Holdings Credit Facility and the SLF Credit Facility, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations Liquidity and Capital Resources."

We expect to continue to finance our investments using both debt and equity, including proceeds from equity and debt securities issued by NMFC.

### Recent Developments

On April 15, 2014, NMFC completed a public offering of 3,500,000 shares of its common stock at a public offering price of \$14.30 per share, which resulted in net proceeds of \$51.0 million, or \$14.57 per share. NMFC's Investment Adviser agreed to pay the underwriting discounts and commissions in connection with this offering and an additional supplemental payment to the underwriters of \$0.9 million, or \$0.27 per share, which reflects the difference between the public offering price and the proceeds per share received by NMFC. In connection with the public offering, the underwriters purchased an additional 525,000 shares of NMFC's common stock with the exercise of the overallotment option to purchase up to an additional 525,000 shares of NMFC's common stock, resulting in additional net proceeds of \$7.6 million. NMFC's Investment Adviser agreed to pay the underwriting discounts and commissions in connection with this exercise of the overallotment option and an additional supplemental payment to the underwriters of \$0.1 million, or \$0.27 per share, which reflects the difference between the public offering price and the proceeds per share received by NMFC in this exercise of the overallotment option.

On April 15, 2014, upon receiving the necessary stockholder consent to authorize the board of directors of AIV Holdings to withdraw AIV Holdings' election to be regulated as a BDC, the

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notification of withdrawal on Form N-54C was filed and became effective upon receipt by the SEC. In addition, AIV Holdings filed a Form 15 with the SEC to terminate AIV Holdings' registration under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act. After these SEC filings and any other federal or state regulatory or tax filings were made, AIV Holdings proceeded to dissolve under Delaware law by filing a certificate of dissolution in Delaware on April 25, 2014.

On May 6, 2014, NMF Holdings' board of directors, and subsequently NMFC's board of directors, declared a second quarter 2014 distribution of \$0.34 per unit/share payable on June 30, 2014 to holders of record as of June 16, 2014.

On May 6, 2014, at the 2014 joint annual meeting of the stockholders of NMFC and the sole unit holder of NMF Holdings, the stockholders of NMFC and the sole unit holder of NMF Holdings approved a proposal which authorized the board of directors of NMF Holdings to withdraw NMF Holdings' election to be regulated as a BDC. Additionally, the stockholders of NMFC approved an investment advisory and management agreement between NMFC and the Investment Adviser.

On May 6, 2014, NMF Holdings entered into a thirteenth amendment to the Holdings Credit Facility and NMF SLF entered into a thirteenth amendment to the SLF Credit Facility, both of which permit NMF Holdings to withdraw its election to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act and to amend its Operating Agreement such that the NMF Holdings will remain a wholly-owned subsidiary of NMFC with the sole purpose of serving as a special purpose vehicle for the Holdings Credit Facility and SLF Credit Facility.

On May 8, 2014, upon receipt of the necessary stockholder/unit holder approval to authorize the board of directors of NMF Holdings to withdraw NMF Holdings' election to be regulated as a BDC, the notification of withdrawal on Form N-54C was filed and became effective upon receipt by the SEC. In addition, NMF Holdings filed a Form 15 with the SEC to terminate NMF Holdings' registration under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act.

Effective May 8, 2014, NMF Holdings amended and restated its Operating Agreement such that the board of directors of NMF Holdings was dissolved and NMF Holdings remained a wholly-owned subsidiary of NMFC with the sole purpose of serving as a special purpose vehicle for NMF Holdings' existing credit facilities. NMFC assumed all other operating activities previously undertaken by NMF Holdings.

On June 3, 2014, in connection with its previously announced private offering, NMFC issued \$115.0 million of 5.00% Convertible Notes due 2019 under an indenture between NMFC and U.S. Bank National Association. This included \$15.0 million of notes that were issued pursuant to the full exercise of the option granted to the initial purchasers to purchase additional notes. The Convertible Notes will mature on June 15, 2019, unless previously converted in accordance with their terms. The Convertible Notes will be our general, unsecured obligations and will rank equal in right of payment with all of our existing and future senior, unsecured indebtedness and senior in right of payment to any of our subordinated indebtedness. As a result, the Convertible Notes will be effectively subordinated to our existing and future secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness and structurally subordinated to any existing and future liabilities and other indebtedness of our subsidiaries. The interest rate on the Convertible Notes is 5.00% per year, payable semiannually in arrears on June 15 and December 15 of each year, commencing December 15, 2014. As described in the Indenture, holders may convert their Notes at any time on or prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the maturity date at an initial conversion rate of 62.7746 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of Convertible Notes (equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$15.93 per share). The conversion rate will be subject to adjustment in certain events.

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On June 4, 2014, NMFC entered into a \$50.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility maturing June 4, 2019, provided by Goldman Sachs Bank USA and a related guarantee and security agreement. Amounts drawn from the facility will generally bear interest at either LIBOR plus 2.50% or the prime rate plus 1.50%.

### **New Mountain Capital**

New Mountain Capital manages private equity, public equity and debt investments with aggregate assets under management (which includes amounts committed, not all of which have been drawn down and invested to date) totaling more than \$12.0 billion as of March 31, 2014, which includes total assets held by NMF Holdings.

New Mountain Capital's first private equity fund, the \$770.0 million New Mountain Partners, L.P., or "Fund I", began its investment period in January 2000. New Mountain Capital's second private equity fund, the \$1.6 billion New Mountain Partners II, L.P., or "Fund II", began its investment period in January 2005. New Mountain Capital's third private equity fund, Fund III, with over \$5.1 billion of aggregate commitments, began its investment period in August 2007. New Mountain Capital manages public equity portfolios through New Mountain Vantage Advisers, L.L.C., which is designed to apply New Mountain Capital's established strengths toward non-control positions in the U.S. public equity markets generally. New Mountain Capital manages its debt portfolio through us, and we are currently New Mountain Capital's only vehicle focused primarily on investing in the investments that we target.

New Mountain Capital's mission is to be "best in class" in the new generation of investment managers as measured by returns, control of risk, service to investors and the quality of the businesses in which New Mountain Capital invests. All of New Mountain Capital's efforts emphasize intensive fundamental research and the proactive creation of proprietary investment advantages in carefully selected industry sectors. New Mountain Capital is a generalist firm but has developed particular competitive advantages in what New Mountain Capital believes to be particularly attractive sectors, such as education, healthcare, logistics, business and industrial services, federal information technology services, media, software, insurance, consumer products, financial services and technology, infrastructure and energy. New Mountain Capital is focused on systematically establishing expertise in new sectors in which it believes it will have a competitive advantage over time.

### **The Investment Adviser**

The Investment Adviser, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, manages our day-to-day operations and provides us with investment advisory and management services. In particular, the Investment Adviser is responsible for identifying attractive investment opportunities, conducting research and due diligence on prospective investments, structuring our investments and monitoring and servicing our investments. We currently do not have, and do not intend to have, any employees. As of March 31, 2014, the Investment Adviser was supported by approximately 100 staff members of New Mountain Capital, including approximately 60 investment professionals.

The Investment Adviser is managed by a five member Investment Committee, which is responsible for approving purchases and sales of our investments above \$5.0 million in aggregate by issuer. The Investment Committee currently consists of Steven B. Klinsky, Robert A. Hamwee, Adam Collins, Douglas Londal and John Kline. In addition, the executive officers and certain investment professionals are invited to all Investment Committee meetings. The Investment Committee is responsible for approving all of our investment purchases above \$5.0 million. The Investment Committee also approves all asset dispositions above \$5.0 million. Purchases and dispositions below \$5.0 million may be approved by our Chief Executive Officer. These approval thresholds are subject to change over time. We expect to benefit from the extensive and varied relevant experience of the investment professionals serving on



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the Investment Committee, which includes expertise in private equity, primary and secondary leveraged credit, private mezzanine finance and distressed debt.

### Investment Objectives and Portfolio

Our investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. In some cases, our investments may also include equity interests such as preferred stock, common stock, warrants or options received in connection with our debt investments or may include a direct investment in the equity of private companies.

We make investments through both primary originations and open-market secondary purchases. We primarily target loans to, and invest in, the United States middle market businesses, a market segment we believe continues to be underserved by other lenders. We define middle market businesses as those businesses with annual earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization ("EBITDA") between \$20.0 million and \$200.0 million. The primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance. Our targeted investments typically have maturities of between five and ten years and generally range in size between \$10.0 million and \$50.0 million. This investment size may vary proportionately as the size of our capital base changes. At March 31, 2014, NMF Holdings' portfolio consisted of 60 portfolio companies and was invested 49.1% in first lien loans, 43.9% in second lien loans, 1.2% in subordinated debt and 5.8% in equity and other, as measured at fair value.

The fair value of NMF Holdings' investments was approximately \$1,180.2 million in 60 portfolio companies at March 31, 2014.

The following table shows NMF Holdings' portfolio and investment activity for the three months ended March 31, 2014:

	Three months ended	
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013
	(in millions)	
New investments in 15 and 10 portfolio companies, respectively	\$ 158.7	\$ 112.0
Debt repayments in existing portfolio companies	40.6	61.6
Sales of securities in 5 and 8 portfolio companies, respectively	61.8	23.5
Change in unrealized appreciation on 35 and 46 portfolio companies, respectively	11.5	14.0
Change in unrealized depreciation 27 and 17 portfolio companies, respectively	(6.7)	(2.1)

At March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013, NMF Holdings' weighted average Yield to Maturity at Cost was approximately 10.9% and 10.4%, respectively.

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The following summarizes NMF Holdings' ten largest portfolio company investments and top ten industries in which we were invested as of March 31, 2014, calculated as a percentage of total assets as of March 31, 2014.

Portfolio Company	Percent of Total Assets
Global Knowledge Training LLC	3.7%
McGraw-Hill Global Education Holdings, LLC	3.5%
Deltek, Inc.	3.4%
Novell, Inc. (fka Attachmate Corporation, NetIQ Corporation)	3.3%
Kronos Incorporated	3.2%
UniTek Global Services, Inc.	3.2%
YP Holdings LLC	3.0%
Pinnacle Holdco S.à r.l. / Pinnacle (US) Acquisition Co Limited	2.9%
Crowley Holdings Preferred, LLC	2.9%
SRA International, Inc.	2.9%

Industry	Percent of Total Assets
Software	20.4%
Education	19.8%
Business Services	13.2%
Distribution & Logistics	10.0%
Healthcare Services	7.2%
Federal Services	6.3%
Energy	5.8%
Media	5.3%
Healthcare Products	3.4%
Specialty Chemicals and Materials	1.7%

### Competitive Advantages

We believe that we have the following competitive advantages over other capital providers to middle market companies:

#### *Proven and Differentiated Investment Style With Areas of Deep Industry Knowledge*

In making its investment decisions, the Investment Adviser applies New Mountain Capital's long-standing, consistent investment approach that has been in place since its founding more than 10 years ago. We focus on companies in less well followed defensive growth niches of the middle market space where we believe few debt funds have built equivalent research and operational size and scale.

We benefit directly from New Mountain Capital's private equity investment strategy that seeks to identify attractive investment sectors from the top down and then works to become a well positioned investor in these sectors. New Mountain Capital focuses on companies and industries with sustainable strengths in all economic cycles, particularly ones that are defensive in nature, that are non-cyclical and can maintain pricing power in the midst of a recessionary and/or inflationary environment. New Mountain Capital focuses on companies within sectors in which it has significant expertise (examples include federal services, software, education, niche healthcare, business services, energy and distribution and logistics) while typically avoiding investments in companies with products or services that serve markets that are highly cyclical, have the potential for long-term decline, are overly-dependent on consumer demand or are commodity-like in nature.

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In making its investment decisions, the Investment Adviser has adopted the approach of New Mountain Capital, which is based on three primary investment principles:

1. A generalist approach, combined with proactive pursuit of the highest quality opportunities within carefully selected industries, identified via an intensive and structured ongoing research process;
2. Emphasis on strong downside protection and strict risk controls; and
3. Continued search for superior risk adjusted returns, combined with timely, intelligent exits and outstanding return performance.

### ***Experienced Management Team and Established Platform***

The Investment Adviser's team members have extensive experience in the leveraged lending space. Steven B. Klinsky, New Mountain Capital's Founder, Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director and Chairman of our board of directors, was a general partner of Forstmann Little & Co., a manager of debt and equity funds totaling multiple billions of dollars in the 1980s and 1990s. He was also a co-founder of Goldman, Sachs & Co.'s Leverage Buyout Group in the period from 1981 to 1984. Robert A. Hamwee, our Chief Executive Officer and President and Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, was formerly President of GSC Group, Inc. ("GSC"), where he was the portfolio manager of GSC's distressed debt funds and led the development of GSC's CLOs. Douglas Lodal, President, Chief Operating Officer and Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, was previously co-head of Goldman, Sachs & Co.'s United States ("U.S.") mezzanine debt team. John Kline, our Chief Operating Officer and Executive Vice President and Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, worked at GSC as an investment analyst and trader for GSC's control distressed and corporate credit funds and at Goldman, Sachs & Co. in the Credit Risk Management and Advisory Group.

Many of the debt investments that we have made to date have been in the same companies with which New Mountain Capital has already conducted months of intensive acquisition due diligence related to potential private equity investments. We believe that private equity underwriting due diligence is usually more robust than typical due diligence for loan underwriting. In its underwriting of debt investments, the Investment Adviser is able to utilize the research and hands-on operating experience that New Mountain Capital's private equity underwriting teams possess regarding the individual companies and industries. Business and industry due diligence is led by a team of investment professionals of the Investment Adviser that generally consists of three to seven individuals, typically based on their relevant company and/or industry specific knowledge. Additionally, the Investment Adviser is also able to utilize its relationships with operating management teams and other private equity sponsors. We believe this differentiates us from many of our competitors.

### ***Significant Sourcing Capabilities and Relationships***

We believe the Investment Adviser's ability to source attractive investment opportunities is greatly aided by both New Mountain Capital's historical and current reviews of private equity opportunities in the business segments we target. To date, a significant majority of the investments that we have made are in the debt of companies and industry sectors that were first identified and reviewed in connection with New Mountain Capital's private equity efforts, and the majority of our current pipeline reflects this as well. Furthermore, the Investment Adviser's investment professionals have deep and longstanding relationships in both the private equity sponsor community and the lending/agency community which they have and will continue to utilize to generate investment opportunities.

***Risk Management through Various Cycles***

New Mountain Capital has emphasized tight control of risk since its inception and long before the recent global financial distress began. To date, New Mountain Capital has never experienced a bankruptcy of any of its portfolio companies in its private equity efforts or with respect to the Predecessor Entities' business. The Investment Adviser seeks to emphasize tight control of risk with our investments in several important ways, consistent with New Mountain Capital's historical approach. In particular, the Investment Adviser:

Emphasizes the origination or purchase of debt in what the Investment Adviser believes are defensive growth companies, which are less likely to be dependent on macro-economic cycles;

Targets investments in companies that are preeminent market leaders in their own industries, and when possible, investments in companies that have strong management teams whose skills are difficult for competitors to acquire or reproduce; and

Emphasizes capital structure seniority in the Investment Adviser's underwriting process.

***Access to Non Mark to Market, Seasoned Leverage Facilities***

The amounts available under the Credit Facilities are generally not subject to reduction as a result of mark to market fluctuations in our portfolio investments. For a detailed discussion of the Credit Facilities, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations - Liquidity and Capital Resources."

**Market Opportunity**

We believe that the size of the market for investments that we target, coupled with the demands of middle market companies for flexible sources of capital at competitive terms and rates, create an attractive investment environment for us.

*The leverage finance market has a high level of financing needs over the next several years due to significant bank debt maturities.* We believe that the large dollar volume of loans that need to be refinanced will present attractive opportunities to invest capital in a manner consistent with our stated objectives.

*Middle market companies continue to face difficulties in accessing the capital markets.* We believe opportunities to serve the middle market will continue to exist. While many middle market companies were formerly able to raise funds by issuing high-yield bonds, we believe this approach to financing has become more difficult in recent years as institutional investors have sought to invest in larger, more liquid offerings.

*Consolidation among commercial banks has reduced the focus on middle market lending.* We believe that many traditional bank lenders to middle market businesses have either exited or de-emphasized their service and product offerings in the middle market. These traditional lenders have instead focused on lending and providing other services to large corporate clients. We believe this has resulted in fewer key players and the reduced availability of debt capital to the companies we target.

*Attractive pricing.* Reduced access to, and availability of, debt capital typically increases the interest rates, or pricing, of loans for middle market lenders. Recent primary debt transactions in this market often include upfront fees, prepayment protections and, in some cases, warrants to purchase common stock, all of which should enhance the profitability of new loans to lenders.

*Conservative deal structures.* As a result of the credit crisis, many lenders are requiring larger equity contributions from financial sponsors. Larger equity contributions create an enhanced



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margin of safety for lenders because leverage is a lower percentage of the implied enterprise value of the company.

*Large pool of uninvested private equity capital available for new buyouts.* We expect that private equity firms will continue to pursue acquisitions and will seek to leverage their equity investments with mezzanine loans and/or senior loans (including traditional first and second lien, as well as unitranche loans) provided by companies such as ours.

### Investment Criteria

The Investment Adviser has identified the following investment criteria and guidelines for use in evaluating prospective portfolio companies. However, not all of these criteria and guidelines were, or will be, met in connection with each of our investments.

*Defensive growth industries.* We seek to invest in industries that can succeed in both robust and weak economic environments but which are also sufficiently large and growing to achieve high valuations providing enterprise value cushion for our targeted debt securities.

*High barriers to competitive entry.* We target industries and companies that have well defined industries and well established, understandable barriers to competitive entry.

*Recurring revenue.* Where possible, we focus on companies that have a high degree of predictability in future revenue.

*Flexible cost structure.* We seek to invest in businesses that have limited fixed costs and therefore modest operating leverage.

*Strong free cash flow and high return on assets.* We focus on businesses with a demonstrated ability to produce meaningful free cash flow from operations. We typically target companies that are not asset intensive and that have minimal capital expenditure and minimal working capital growth needs.

*Sustainable business and niche market dominance.* We seek to invest in businesses that exert niche market dominance in their industry and that have a demonstrated history of sustaining market leadership over time.

*Established companies.* We seek to invest in established companies with sound historical financial performance. We do not intend to invest in start-up companies or companies with speculative business plans.

*Private equity sponsorship.* We generally seek to invest in companies in conjunction with private equity sponsors who it knows and trusts and who have proven capabilities in building value.

*Seasoned management team.* We generally require that its portfolio companies have a seasoned management team with strong corporate governance. Oftentimes we have a historical relationship with or direct knowledge of key managers from previous investment experience.

### Investment Selection and Process

The Investment Adviser believes it has developed a proven, consistent and replicable investment process to execute our investment strategy. The Investment Adviser seeks to identify the most attractive investment sectors from the top down and then works to become the most advantaged investor in these sectors. The steps in the Investment Adviser's process include:

***Identifying attractive investment sectors top down:*** The Investment Adviser works continuously and in a variety of ways to proactively identify the most attractive sectors for investment opportunities. The investment professionals of the Investment Adviser participate in this process through both individual

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and group efforts, formal and informal. The Investment Adviser has also worked with consultants, investment bankers and public equity managers to supplement its internal analyses, although the prime driver of sector ideas has been the Investment Adviser itself.

***Creating competitive advantages in the selected industry sectors:*** Once a sector has been identified, the Investment Adviser works to make itself the most advantaged and knowledgeable investor in that sector. An internal working team is assigned to each project. The team may spend months confirming the sector thesis and building the Investment Adviser's leadership in this sector. In general, the Investment Adviser seeks to construct proprietary databases and to utilize the best specialized industry consultants. The Investment Adviser particularly stresses the establishment of close relationships with operating managers in each field in order to gain the deepest possible level of understanding. When advisable, industry executives have been placed on New Mountain Capital's Management Advisory Board or have been hired on salary as "executives in residence". When the Investment Adviser considers specific investment ideas in its chosen sectors, it can triangulate its own views against the views of its management relationships, consultants, brokers, bankers and others. The Investment Adviser believes this multi-front analysis leads to strong decision making and company identification. The Investment Adviser also believes that its "flexible specialization" approach gives us all the benefits of a narrow-based sector fund without forcing us to invest in any industry sector at an inappropriate time for that sector. The Investment Adviser can also become a leading investment expert in lesser known or smaller sectors that would not support an entire fund dedicated solely to them.

***Targeting companies with leading market share and attractive business models in its chosen sectors:*** The Investment Adviser, consistent with New Mountain Capital's historical approach, typically follows a "good to great" approach, seeking to invest in debt securities of companies in its chosen sectors that it believes are already safe and successful but where the Investment Adviser sees an opportunity for further increases in enterprise value due to special circumstances existing at the time of the financing or through value that a sponsor can add. The investment professionals of the Investment Adviser have been successful in targeting companies with leading market shares, rapid growth, high free cash flows, high operating margins, high barriers to entry and which produce goods or services that are of value to their customers.

Utilizing this research platform, we have largely invested in the debt of companies and industries that have been researched by New Mountain Capital's private equity efforts. In many instances, we have studied the specific debt issuer with which New Mountain Capital has already conducted months of intensive acquisition due diligence related to a potential private equity investment. In other situations, while New Mountain Capital may not have specifically analyzed the issuer in the past, we have deep knowledge of the company's industry through New Mountain Capital's private equity work. We expect the Investment Adviser to continue this approach in the future.

Beyond the foregoing, the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser have deep and longstanding relationships in both the private equity sponsor community and the lending/agency community. We have sourced and we expect to continue sourcing new investment opportunities from both private equity sponsors and other lenders and agents. In private equity, we have strong, personal relationships with principals at a significant majority of relevant sponsors, and we expect that we will continue to utilize those relationships to generate investment opportunities. In the same fashion, we have an extensive relationship network with lenders and agents, including commercial banks, investment banks, loan funds, mezzanine funds and a wide range of smaller agents that seek debt capital on behalf of their clients. In addition to newly issued primary opportunities, we have extensive experience in sourcing investment opportunities from the secondary market, and will continue to actively monitor that large, and often volatile, area for appropriate investment opportunities.

This team performs the core underwriting function to determine the attractiveness of the target's business model, focusing on the investment criteria described above. The team ultimately develops a



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forecast of a target's likely operating and financial performance. Team members have diverse backgrounds in investment management, investment banking, consulting, and operations. We believe the presence within New Mountain Capital of numerous former CEOs and other senior operating executives, and their active involvement in our underwriting process, combined with New Mountain Capital's experience as a majority stockholder owning and directing a wide range of businesses and overseeing operating companies in the same or related industries, is a key differentiator for us versus typical debt investment vehicles.

In addition to performing rigorous business due diligence, the Investment Adviser also thoroughly reviews and/or structures the relevant credit documentation, including bank credit agreements and bond indentures, to ensure that any securities we invest in have appropriate credit rights, protections and remedies. There is a strong focus on appropriate covenant packages. This part of the process, as well as the determination of the appropriate price/yield parameters for individual securities, is led by Robert A. Hamwee, John Kline and James Stone with significant input as needed from other professionals with extensive credit experience, such as Steven B. Klinsky, New Mountain Capital's Managing Director, Founder and Chief Executive Officer, Douglas Londal, New Mountain Capital's Managing Director, President and Chief Operating Officer, who was formerly co-head of Goldman, Sachs & Co.'s mezzanine debt group, and others.

### **Investment Committee**

The Investment Committee currently consists of Steven B. Klinsky, Robert A. Hamwee, Adam Collins, Douglas Londal and John Kline. The Investment Committee is responsible for approving all of our investment purchases above \$5.0 million. The Investment Committee also monitors investments in our portfolio and approves all asset dispositions above \$5.0 million. Purchases and dispositions below \$5.0 million may be approved by our Chief Executive Officer. These approval thresholds are subject to change over time. We expect to benefit from the extensive and varied relevant experience of the investment professionals serving on the Investment Committee, which includes expertise in private equity, primary and secondary leveraged credit, private mezzanine finance and distressed debt.

The purpose of the Investment Committee is to evaluate and approve, as deemed appropriate, all investments by the Investment Adviser, subject to certain thresholds. The Investment Committee process is intended to bring the diverse experience and perspectives of the Investment Committee's members to the analysis and consideration of every investment. The Investment Committee also serves to provide investment consistency and adherence to the Investment Adviser's investment philosophies and policies. The Investment Committee also determines appropriate investment sizing and suggests ongoing monitoring requirements.

In addition to reviewing investments, the Investment Committee meetings serve as a forum to discuss credit views and outlooks. Potential transactions and investment opportunities are also reviewed on a regular basis. Members of our investment team are encouraged to share information and views on credits with the committee early in their analysis. This process improves the quality of the analysis and assists the deal team members to work more efficiently.

### **Investment Structure**

We target debt investments that will yield meaningful current income and occasionally provide the opportunity for capital appreciation through equity securities. Our debt investments are typically structured with the maximum seniority and collateral that we can reasonably obtain while seeking to achieve its total return target.

***Debt Investments***

The terms of our debt investments are tailored to the facts and circumstances of the transaction and prospective portfolio company and structured to protect its rights and manage its risk while creating incentives for the portfolio company to achieve its business plan. A substantial source of return is the cash interest that we collect on its debt investments.

**First Lien Loans and Bonds.** First lien loans and bonds generally have terms of four to seven years, provide for a variable or fixed interest rate, may contain prepayment penalties and are secured by a first priority security interest in all existing and future assets of the borrower.

**Second Lien Loans and Bonds.** Second lien loans and bonds generally have terms of five to eight years, provide for a variable or fixed interest rate, may contain prepayment penalties and are secured by a second priority security interest in all existing and future assets of the borrower. These second lien loans and bonds may include PIK interest, which represents contractual interest accrued and added to the principal that generally becomes due at maturity.

**Unsecured Senior, Subordinated and "Mezzanine" Loans and Bonds.** Any unsecured investments are generally expected to have terms of five to ten years and provide for a fixed interest rate. Unsecured investments may include PIK interest, which represents contractual interest accrued and added to the principal that generally becomes due at maturity, and may have an equity component, such as warrants to purchase common stock in the portfolio company.

In addition, from time to time we may also enter into bridge or other commitments which can result in providing future financing to a portfolio company.

***Equity Investments***

When we make a debt investment, we may be granted equity in the portfolio company in the same class of security as the sponsor receives upon funding. In addition, we may from time to time make non-control, equity co-investments in conjunction with private equity sponsors. We generally seek to structure our equity investments, such as direct equity co-investments, to provide us with minority rights provisions and event-driven put rights. We also seek to obtain limited registration rights in connection with these investments, which may include "piggyback" registration rights.

**Portfolio Company Monitoring**

We monitor the performance and financial trends of our portfolio companies on at least a quarterly basis. We attempt to identify any developments within the portfolio company, the industry or the macroeconomic environment that may alter any material element of our original investment strategy. We use several methods of evaluating and monitoring the performance of our investments, including but not limited to, the following:

review of monthly and quarterly financial statements and financial projections for portfolio companies provided by its management;

ongoing dialogue with and review of original diligence sources;

periodic contact with portfolio company management (and, if appropriate the private equity sponsor) to discuss financial position, requirements and accomplishments; and

assessment of business development success, including product development, profitability and the portfolio company's overall adherence to its business plan.



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We use an investment rating system to characterize and monitor the credit profile and expected level of returns on each investment in the portfolio. We use a four-level numeric rating scale as follows:

Investment Rating 1 Investment is performing materially above expectations;

Investment Rating 2 Investment is performing materially in- line with expectations. All new loans are rated 2 at initial purchase;

Investment Rating 3 Investment is performing materially below expectations and risk has increased materially since the original investment; and

Investment Rating 4 Investment is performing substantially below expectations and risks have increased substantially since the original investment. Payments may be delinquent. There is meaningful possibility that we will not recoup our original cost basis in the investment and may realize a substantial loss upon exit.

The following table shows the distribution of NMF Holdings' investments on the 1 to 4 investment rating scale at fair value as of March 31, 2014:

Investment Rating	Par Value(1)	As of March 31, 2014		Fair Value	Percent
		Percent	Percent		
(amounts in millions)					
Investment Rating 1	\$ 182.2	16.3%	\$ 195.1	16.5%	
Investment Rating 2	920.5	82.3%	976.3	82.7%	
Investment Rating 3	13.5	1.2%	8.4	0.8%	
Investment Rating 4	1.8	0.2%	0.4		%
	<b>\$ 1,118.0</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>\$ 1,180.2</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	

(1) Excludes shares and warrants.

### Exit Strategies/Refinancing

We exit our investments typically through one of four scenarios: (i) the sale of the portfolio company itself resulting in repayment of all outstanding debt, (ii) the recapitalization of the portfolio company in which our loan is replaced with debt or equity from a third party or parties (in some cases, we may choose to participate in the newly issued loan(s)), (iii) the repayment of the initial or remaining principal amount of our loan then outstanding at maturity or (iv) the sale of the debt investment by us. In some investments, there may be scheduled amortization of some portion of our loan which would result in a partial exit of our investment prior to the maturity of the loan.

### Managerial Assistance

In order to count portfolio securities as qualifying assets for the purpose of the 70.0% test, we must either control the issuer of the securities or must offer to make available to the issuer of the securities (other than small and solvent companies described above) significant managerial assistance, except that, where we purchase such securities in conjunction with one or more other persons acting together, one of the other persons in the group may make available such managerial assistance. Making available managerial assistance means, among other things, any arrangement whereby the BDC offers to provide, and, if accepted, does so provide, significant guidance and counsel concerning the management, operations or business objectives and policies of a portfolio company. The Administrator or its affiliate provides such managerial assistance on our behalf to portfolio companies that request this assistance.



### **Competition**

We compete for investments with a number of BDCs and investment funds (including private equity and hedge funds), as well as traditional financial services companies such as commercial banks and other sources of financing. Many of these entities have greater financial and managerial resources than we do. We believe we are able to be competitive with these entities primarily on the basis of the experience and contacts of our management team, our responsive and efficient investment analysis and decision-making processes, the investment terms we offer, the leveraged model that we employ to perform our due diligence with the broader New Mountain Capital team and our model of investing in companies and industries we know well.

We believe that some of our competitors may make investments with interest rates and returns that are comparable to or lower than the rates and returns that we target. Therefore, we do not seek to compete solely on the interest rates and returns that we offer to potential portfolio companies. For additional information concerning the competitive risks we face, see "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business".

### **Employees**

We do not have any employees. Day-to-day investment operations that are conducted by us are managed by the Investment Adviser. See "Investment Management Agreement". We reimburse the Administrator for the allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by it in performing its obligations to us under the Administration Agreement, including the compensation of our chief financial officer and chief compliance officer, and their respective staffs. For a more detailed discussion of the Administration Agreement, see "Administration Agreement".

### **Properties**

Our executive office is located at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019. We believe that our current office facilities are adequate for our business as we intend to conduct it.

### **Legal Proceedings**

We, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator are not currently subject to any material legal proceedings, although these entities may, from time to time, be involved in litigation arising out of operations in the normal course of business or otherwise.

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PORTFOLIO COMPANIES

The following table sets forth certain information as of March 31, 2014, for each portfolio company in which NMF Holdings had a debt or equity investment. Other than these investments, NMF Holdings' only formal relationships with our portfolio companies are the managerial assistance ancillary to NMF Holdings' investments that we may provide, if requested, and the board observation or participation rights we may receive. We do not "control" nor are we an "affiliate" of any of NMF Holdings' portfolio companies, each as defined in the 1940 Act. In general, under the 1940 Act, we would "control" a portfolio company if we owned more than 25.0% of its voting securities and would be an "affiliate" of a portfolio company if we owned five percent or more of its voting securities.

Name / Address of Portfolio Company(1)	Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate(2)	Maturity Date	Yield to Maturity(3)	Percent of Class Held(4)	Fair Value (in thousands)
Acrisure, LLC 5664 Prairie Creek Drive SE Caledonia, MI 49316	Business Services	Second lien	11.50% (L + 10.50%/Q)	3/9/2020	13.41%		\$ 17,498
Aderant North America, Inc. 500 Northridge Road, Suite 800 Atlanta, GA 30350	Software	Second lien	10.00% (L + 8.75%/Q)	6/20/2019	11.50%		24,479
Alion Science and Technology Corporation 1750 Tysons Boulevard, Suite 1300 McLean, VA 22102	Federal Services	First lien(6)	12.00% (10.00% + 2.00% PIK/S)*	11/1/2014	11.80%		6,365
	Federal Services	Warrants				1.94%	94
							6,459
American Pacific Corporation** 3883 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 700 Las Vegas, NV 89169	Specialty Chemicals and Materials	First lien	7.00% (L + 6.00%/M)	2/27/2019	8.30%		4,045
Aspen Dental Management, Inc. 281 Sanders Creek Parkway East Syracuse, NY 13057	Healthcare Services	First lien		4/6/2016			(347)
Asurion, LLC (fka Asurion Corporation) 648 Grassmere Park, Suite 300 Nashville, TN 37211	Business Services	Second lien	8.50% (L + 7.50%/Q)	3/3/2021	10.47%		10,348
ATI Acquisition Company (fka Ability Acquisition, Inc.)(11) 6351 Boulevard 26, Suite 275 North Richland Hills, TX 76180	Education	First lien	17.25% (P + 10.00% + 4.00% PIK/Q)(5)*	6/30/2012 Past Due			233
	Education	First lien	17.25% (P + 10.00% + 4.00% PIK/Q)(5)*	6/30/2012 Past Due			103
Ancora Acquisition LLC 8701 Bedford Eules Road, Suite 400 Hurst, TX 76053	Education	Preferred shares				3.72%	83
	Education	Warrants				3.72%	
							419
	Energy		17.00%/Q		18.14%	20.00%	20,000

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Black Elk Energy Offshore Operations, LLC 11451 Katy Freeway, Suite 500 Houston, TX 77079		Preferred shares					
Brock Holdings III, Inc. 10343 Sam Houston Park Drive, Suite 200 Houston, TX 77064	Industrial Services	Second lien	10.00% (L + 8.25%/Q)	3/16/2018	10.01%		14,224
CompassLearning, Inc.(8) 203 Colorado Street Austin, TX 78701	Education	First lien	8.00% (L + 6.75%/Q)	11/26/2018	9.60%		29,250
CRC Health Corporation 16 Pennsylvania Plaza New York, NY 10001	Healthcare Services	Second lien	9.00% (L + 8.00%/M)	9/28/2021	11.19%		3,920
Crowley Holdings Preferred, LLC 9487 Regency Square Boulevard Jacksonville, FL 32225	Distribution & Logistics	Preferred shares	12.00% (10.00% + 2.00% PIK/Q)*		12.55%	17.60%	35,191
Deltek, Inc. 2291 Wood Oak Drive Herndon, VA 20171	Software	Second lien	10.00% (L + 8.75%/Q)	10/10/2019	11.30%		41,820
Distribution International, Inc. 9000 Railwood Drive Houston, TX 77078	Distribution & Logistics	First lien	7.50% (L + 6.50%/Q)	7/16/2019	9.19%		19,899



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Name / Address of Portfolio Company(1)	Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate(2)	Maturity Date	Yield to Maturity(3)	Percent of Class Held(4)	Fair Value (in thousands)
Edmentum, Inc.(fka Plato, Inc.) 5600 West 83rd Street, 8200 Tower, Suite 300 Bloomington, MN 55437	Education	Second lien	11.25% (L + 9.75%/Q)	5/17/2019	12.80%		\$ 31,462
Envision Acquisition Company, LLC 2181 East Aurora Road, Suite 201 Twinsburg, OH 44087	Healthcare Services	Second lien	9.75% (L + 8.75%/Q)	11/4/2021	11.99%		20,150
GCA Services Group, Inc. 1350 Euclid Avenue, Suite 1500 Cleveland, OH 44115	Business Services	Second lien	9.25% (L + 8.00%/Q)	11/1/2020	10.90%		4,059
Global Knowledge Training LLC 9000 Regency Parkway, Suite 400 Cary, NC 27518	Education	Second lien	11.00% (L + 9.75%/Q)	10/21/2018	12.38%		41,650
	Education	Ordinary shares				4.20%	3
	Education	Preferred shares				4.20%	3,809
							45,462
Immucor, Inc. 3130 Gateway Drive Norcross, GA 30091	Healthcare Services	Subordinated(6)	11.13%/S	8/15/2019	11.87%		2,270
JHCI Acquisition, Inc. 3811 Dixon Street Des Moines, IA 50313	Distribution & Logistics	Second lien	11.00% (L + 9.75%/Q)	7/11/2020	13.21%		10,013
KeyPoint Government Solutions, Inc. 1750 Foxtail Drive Loveland, CO 80538	Federal Services	First lien	7.25% (L + 6.00%/Q)	11/13/2017	8.45%		6,541
Kronos Incorporated 297 Billerica Road Chelmsford, MA 01824	Software	Second lien	9.75% (L + 8.50%/Q)	4/30/2020	11.34%		39,084
Learning Care Group (US), Inc. 21333 Haggerty Road, Suite 300 Novi, MI 48375	Education	Subordinated	15.00% PIK/S*	5/8/2020	16.28%		4,371
	Education	Subordinated	15.00% PIK/S*	5/8/2020	17.24%		800
	Education	Warrants				0.40%	561
	Education	Warrants				1.69%	2,384
							8,116
MailSouth, Inc. 5901 Highway 52 East Helena, AL 35080	Media	First lien - Undrawn		12/14/2015			(266)
McGraw-Hill Global Education Holdings, LLC 2 Penn Plaza, 12th Floor New York, NY 10121	Education	First lien	9.75%/S	4/1/2021	10.24%		27,930
McGraw-Hill School Education Holdings, LLC 2 Penn Plaza, 12th Floor New York, NY 10121	Education	First lien	6.25% (L + 5.00%/Q)	12/18/2019	7.59%		2,011
Meritas Schools Holdings, LLC	Education	First lien	7.00% (L + 5.75%/Q)	6/25/2019	8.26%		5,950

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630 Dundee Road, Suite 400						
Northbrook, IL 60062						
Novell, Inc. (fka Attachmate Corporation, NetIQ Corporation)	Software	Second lien	11.00% (L + 9.50%/Q)	11/22/2018	12.45%	33,383
1500 Dexter Avenue North						
Seattle, WA 98109						
Packaging Coordinators, Inc.(10)						
Packaging Coordinators Holdings, LLC	Healthcare Products	Second lien	9.50% (L + 8.25%/Q)	11/10/2020	11.18%	14,100
3001 Red Lion Road						
Philadelphia, PA 19114						
						14,855
Permian Tank & Manufacturing, Inc.	Energy	First lien	10.50%/S	1/15/2018	10.58%	25,051
2701 West Interstate 20						
Odessa, TX 79760						
Pinnacle Holdco S.à r.l. / Pinnacle (US) Acquisition Co Limited**	Software	Second lien	10.50% (L + 9.25%/Q)	7/30/2020	12.31%	35,613
87 Mary Street Walker House						
George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands						
Project Sunshine IV Pty Ltd**	Media	First lien	8.00% (L + 7.00%/M)	2/28/2019	9.43%	12,656
222 Lonsdale Street						
Melbourne, Victoria, Australia						
Rocket Software, Inc.	Software	Second lien	10.25% (L + 8.75%/Q)	2/8/2019	11.38%	31,081
77 Fourth Avenue						
Waltham, MA 02451						
Sierra Hamilton LLC / Sierra Hamilton Finance, Inc.	Energy	First lien	12.25%/S	12/15/2018	12.83%	25,688
777 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 400						
Houston, TX 77056						
Sophia Holding Finance LP / Sophia Holding Finance Inc.	Software	Subordinated	9.63%/S	12/1/2018	9.96%	3,684
4375 Fair Lakes Court						
Fairfax, VA 22033						

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Name / Address of Portfolio Company(1)	Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate(2)	Maturity Date	Yield to Maturity(3)	Percent of Class Held(4)	Fair Value (in thousands)
SRA International, Inc. 4300 Fair Lakes Court Fairfax, VA 22033	Federal Services	First lien	6.50% (L + 5.25%/Q)	7/20/2018	8.02%		\$ 34,923
Storapod Holding Company, Inc. 5585 Rio Vista Drive Clearwater, FL 33760	Consumer Services	Warrants				10.08%	530
Stratus Technologies Bermuda Holdings Ltd.(7)** Stratus Technologies Bermuda Ltd. / Stratus Technologies, Inc.	Information Technology	First lien(6)	12.00%/S	3/29/2015	14.99%		7,244
111 Powdermill Road Maynard, MA 01754	Information Technology	Ordinary shares				0.35%	33
	Information Technology	Preferred shares				0.35%	8
							7,285
Synarc-Biocore Holdings, LLC 826 Newtown Yardley Road Newtown, PA 18940	Healthcare Services	Second lien	9.25% (L + 8.25%/Q)	3/10/2022	11.30%		2,475
Tolt Solutions, Inc.(12) 3350 Rutherford Road Taylors, SC 29687	Business Services	First lien	7.00% (L + 6.00%/Q)	3/7/2019	8.12%		15,000
	Business Services	First lien	12.00% (L + 11.00%/Q)	3/7/2019	13.45%		15,000
							30,000
Transtar Holding Company 7350 Young Drive Cleveland, OH 44146	Distribution & Logistics	Second lien	10.00% (L + 8.75%/Q)	10/9/2019	11.69%		28,017
UniTek Global Services, Inc. Gwynedd Hall 1777 Sentry Parkway West, Suite 302 Blue Bell, PA 19422	Business Services	First lien	15.00% (L + 9.50%+ 4.00% PIK/M)*	4/15/2018	17.39%		25,291
	Business Services	First lien	15.00% (L + 9.50%+ 4.00% PIK/M)*	4/15/2018	17.39%		6,123
	Business Services	First lien	15.00% (L + 9.50%+ 4.00% PIK/M)*	4/15/2018	17.39%		5,090
	Business Services	Warrants(13)				5.01%	1,867
							38,371
Vertafore, Inc. 11724 NE 195th Street Bothell, WA 98011	Software	Second lien	9.75% (L + 8.25%/Q)	10/27/2017	9.96%		10,216
Vision Solutions, Inc. 15300 Barranca Parkway Irvine, CA 92618	Software	Second lien	9.50% (L + 8.00%/M)	7/23/2017	9.90%		14,140

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YP Holdings LLC(9)						
2247 Northlake Parkway						
Tucker, GA 30084						
YP LLC	Media	First lien	8.03% (Base Rate + 6.72%/M)(14)	6/4/2018	9.18%	34,459
YP Equity Investors LLC	Media	Warrants			4.96%	2,105

36,564

<b>Total Investments</b>	<b>\$ 814,519</b>
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- 
- (1) NMF Holdings generally acquires its investments in private transactions exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). These investments are generally subject to certain limitations on resale, and may be deemed to be "restricted securities" under the Securities Act.
  - (2) All interest is payable in cash unless otherwise indicated. A majority of the variable rate debt investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to LIBOR (L) or the Prime Rate (P) and which resets quarterly (Q), monthly (M), semi-annually (S) or annually (A). For each debt investment we have provided the current interest rate in effect as of March 31, 2014.
  - (3) Assumes that all investments not on non-accrual are purchased at the adjusted cost on the quarter end date and held until their respective maturities with no prepayments or losses and exited at par at maturity. Adjusted cost reflects the GAAP cost for post-IPO investments and a stepped up cost basis of pre-IPO investments (assuming a step-up to fair market value occurred on the IPO date). This calculation excludes the impact of existing leverage. Yield to Maturity at Cost uses the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") curves at each quarter's respective end date.
  - (4) Percent of class held is presented only for equity positions.
  - (5) Investment is on non-accrual status.
  - (6) Securities are registered under the Securities Act.
  - (7) NMF Holdings holds investments in two related entities of Stratus Technologies Bermuda Holdings, Ltd. ("Stratus Holdings"). NMF Holdings directly holds ordinary and preferred equity in Stratus Holdings and has a credit investment in the joint issuers of Stratus Technologies Bermuda Ltd. ("Stratus Bermuda") and Stratus Technologies, Inc. ("Stratus U.S."), collectively, the "Stratus Notes". Stratus U.S. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Stratus Bermuda, which in turn is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Stratus Holdings. Stratus Holdings is the parent guarantor of the credit investment of the Stratus Notes.
  - (8) NMF Holdings holds an investment in CompassLearning, Inc. that is structured as a first lien last out term loan.
  - (9) NMF Holdings holds investments in two related entities of YP Holdings LLC. NMF Holdings directly holds warrants to purchase a 4.96% membership interest of YP Equity Investors, LLC (which at closing represented an indirect 1.0% equity interest in YP Holdings LLC) and holds an investment in the Term Loan B loans issued by YP Intermediate Holdings Corp. and YP Intermediate Holdings II LLC (together "YP Intermediate"), a subsidiary of YP Holdings LLC.
  - (10) NMF Holdings holds investments in Packaging Coordinators, Inc. and one related entity of Packaging Coordinators, Inc. NMF Holdings has a credit investment in Packaging Coordinators, Inc. and holds ordinary equity in Packaging Coordinators Holdings, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Packaging Coordinators, Inc.



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- (11) NMF Holdings holds investments in ATI Acquisition Company and Ancora Acquisition LLC. NMF Holdings has credit investments in ATI Acquisition Company and preferred equity and warrants to purchase units of common membership interests of Ancora Acquisition LLC. NMF Holdings received its investments in Ancora Acquisition LLC as a result of its investments in ATI Acquisition Company.
- (12) NMF Holdings holds two first lien investments in Tolt Solutions, Inc. The credit investment with an interest rate at base rate + 6.00% is structured as a first lien first out credit investment. The credit investment with an interest rate at base rate + 11.00% is structured as a first lien last out credit investment.
- (13) NMF Holdings holds 1,014,451 warrants in UniTek Global Services, Inc., which represents a 4.41% equity ownership on a fully diluted basis.
- (14) The base rate and spread is a blended interest rate. The base rate is determined by reference to both LIBOR and Prime Rate.
- \*
- All or a portion of interest contains payments-in-kind ("PIK").
- \*\*
- Indicates assets that NMF Holdings deems to be "non-qualifying assets" under Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70.00% of NMF Holdings' total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets.

As of March 31, 2014, NMF Holdings had no single investment that represented greater than 5.0% of our total assets.

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NMF SLF PORTFOLIO COMPANIES

The following table sets forth certain information as of March 31, 2014, for each portfolio company in which NMF SLF had a debt investment. We do not "control" nor are we an "affiliate" of any of NMF SLF's portfolio companies, each as defined in the 1940 Act. In general, under the 1940 Act, we would "control" a portfolio company if we owned more than 25.0% of its voting securities and would be an "affiliate" of a portfolio company if we owned five percent or more of its voting securities.

Name / Address of Portfolio Company(1)	Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate(2)	Maturity Date	Yield to Percent Maturity at Cost(3)	Percent of Class Held(4)	Fair Value (in thousands)
American Pacific Corporation** 3883 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 700 Las Vegas, NV 89169	Specialty Chemicals and Materials	First lien	7.00% (L + 6.00%/M)	2/27/2019	8.30%		\$ 16,180
ARSloane Acquisition, LLC 1 Elmcroft Road Stamford, CT 06926	Business Services	First lien	7.50% (L + 6.25%/Q)	10/1/2019	8.85%		20,037
Ascend Learning, LLC 5 Wall Street Burlington, MA 01803	Education	First lien	6.00% (Base Rate + 5.00%/Q)(6)	7/31/2019	7.30%		15,187
Aspen Dental Management, Inc 281 Sanders Creek Parkway East Syracuse, NY 13057	Healthcare Services	First lien	7.00% (L + 5.50%/Q)	10/6/2016	7.73%		21,089
Confie Seguros Holding II Co. 7711 Center Avenue, Suite 200 Huntington Beach, CA 92647	Consumer Services	Second lien	10.25% (L + 9.00%/M)	5/8/2019	11.68%		15,016
Education Management LLC** 210 Sixth Avenue, 33rd Floor Pittsburgh, PA 15222	Education	First lien	8.25% (L + 7.00%/Q)	3/30/2018	9.71%		4,665
eResearchTechnology, Inc. 1818 Market Street, Suite 1000 Philadelphia, PA 19103	Healthcare Services	First lien	6.00% (L + 4.75%/Q)	5/2/2018	7.69%		19,824
First American Payment Systems, L.P. 100 Throckmorton Street, Suite 1800 Fort Worth, TX 76102	Business Services	Second lien	10.75% (L + 9.50%/M)	4/12/2019	12.45%		20,200
Harley Marine Services, Inc. 910 SW Spokane Street Seattle, WA 98134	Distribution & Logistics	Second lien	10.50% (L + 9.25%/Q)	12/20/2019	12.37%		8,910
Immucor, Inc. 3130 Gateway Drive Norcross, GA 30091	Healthcare Services	Subordinated(5)	11.13%/S	8/15/2019	11.87%		3,405
Insight Pharmaceuticals LLC 1170 Wheeler Way, Suite 150 Langhorne, PA 19407	Healthcare Products	Second lien	13.25% (L + 11.75%/M)	8/25/2017	15.26%		19,117
JHCI Acquisition, Inc. 3811 Dixon Street Des Moines, IA 50313	Distribution & Logistics	First lien	7.00% (L + 5.75%/M)	7/11/2019	8.38%		19,553
KeyPoint Government Solutions, Inc. 1750 Foxtail Drive Loveland, CO 80538	Federal Services	First lien	7.25% (L + 6.00%/Q)	11/13/2017	8.45%		19,719
LM U.S. Member LLC (and LM U.S. Corp Acquisition Inc.)	Business Services	Second lien	9.50% (L + 8.25%/Q)	10/26/2020	11.27%		20,363

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1500 City West Boulevard, Suite 600

Houston, TX 77042

MailSouth, Inc.

5901 Highway 52 East

Helena, AL 35080

Media

First lien

6.76% (Base  
Rate + 4.96%/Q)(6)

12/14/2016

8.74%

15,951

McGraw-Hill Global Education Holdings, LLC

Education

First lien

5.75%  
(L + 4.75%/Q)

3/22/2019

7.48%

15,086

2 Penn Plaza, 12th Floor

New York, NY 10121

McGraw-Hill School Education Holdings, LLC

Education

First lien

6.25%  
(L + 5.00%/Q)

12/18/2019

7.59%

20,115

2 Penn Plaza, 12th Floor

New York, NY 10121

Meritas Schools Holdings, LLC

Education

First lien

7.00%  
(L + 5.75%/Q)

6/25/2019

8.26%

20,049

630 Dundee Road, Suite 400

Northbrook, IL 60062

Novell, Inc. (fka Attachmate Corporation,

NetIQ Corporation)

1500 Dexter Avenue North

Seattle, WA 98109

Software

First lien

7.25%  
(L + 5.75%/Q)

11/22/2017

8.22%

6,571

Physio-Control International, Inc.

Healthcare  
Products

First lien

9.88%/S

1/15/2019

10.25%

7,499

11811 Willows Road NE

Redmond, WA 98052

Smile Brands Group Inc.

Healthcare  
Services

First lien

7.50%  
(L + 6.25%/Q)

8/16/2019

8.92%

14,495

8105 Irvine Center Drive, Suite 1500

Irvine, CA 92618

Sotera Defense Solutions, Inc. (Global Defense

Technology & Systems, Inc.)

Federal Services

First lien

7.50%  
(L + 6.00%/Q)

4/21/2017

8.40%

9,027



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Name / Address of Portfolio Company(1)	Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate(2)	Maturity Date	Yield to Maturity at Cost(3)(3)	Percent of Class Held(4)	Fair Value (in thousands)
2121 Cooperative Way, Suite 400 Herndon, VA 20171 St. George's University Scholastic Services LLC	Education	First lien	8.50% (L + 7.00%/Q)	12/20/2017	9.62%		\$ 16,078
3500 Sunrise Highway, Building 300 Great River, NY 11739	Healthcare Information	First lien	7.25% (Base Rate + 5.50%/Q)(6)	12/22/2016	7.54%		8,455
Virtual Radiologic Corporation 11995 Singletree Lane, Suite 500 Eden Prairie, MN 55344	Technology	First lien	6.00% (L + 5.00%/Q)	11/4/2020	7.67%		1,991
Vitera Healthcare Solutions, LLC	Software	First lien	9.25% (L + 8.25%/Q)	11/4/2021	11.35%		7,105
4301 West Boy Scout Boulevard, Suite 800 Tampa, FL 33607	Software	Second lien					
							9,096
<b>Total Investments</b>							\$ 365,687

- (1) NMF Holdings generally acquires its investments in private transactions exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). These investments are generally subject to certain limitations on resale, and may be deemed to be "restricted securities" under the Securities Act.
- (2) All interest is payable in cash unless otherwise indicated. A majority of the variable rate debt investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to LIBOR (L) or the Prime Rate (P) and which resets quarterly (Q) or monthly (M). For each debt investment we have provided the current interest rate in effect as of March 31, 2014.
- (3) Assumes that all investments not on non-accrual are purchased at the adjusted cost on the quarter end date and held until their respective maturities with no prepayments or losses and exited at par at maturity. Adjusted cost reflects the GAAP cost for post-IPO investments and a stepped up cost basis of pre-IPO investments (assuming a step-up to fair market value occurred on the IPO date). This calculation excludes the impact of existing leverage. Yield to Maturity at Cost uses the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") curves at each quarter's respective end date.
- (4) Percent of class held is presented only for equity positions.
- (5) Securities are registered under the Securities Act.
- (6) The base rate and spread is a blended interest rate. The base rate is determined by reference to both LIBOR and Prime Rate.

\*\* Indicates assets that NMF Holdings deems to be "non-qualifying assets" under Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70.00% of NMF Holdings' total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets.



## MANAGEMENT

**Board of Directors and Executive Officers**

Our business and affairs are managed under the direction of our board of directors. Our board of directors appoints our officers, who serve at the discretion of our board of directors. Our board of directors has an audit committee, a nominating and corporate governance committee, a valuation committee and a compensation committee and may establish additional committees from time to time as necessary.

Our board of directors consists of seven members, four of whom are classified under applicable NYSE listing standards as "independent" directors and under Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act as non-interested persons. Pursuant to our governing documents, our directors are divided into three classes. Each class of directors will hold office for a three-year term. However, the initial members of the three classes have initial terms of one, two and three years, respectively. At each annual meeting of our stockholders, the successors to the class of directors whose terms expire at such meeting will be elected to hold office for a term expiring at the annual meeting of stockholders held in the third year following the year of their election. Each director will hold office for the term to which he or she is elected and until his or her successor is duly elected and qualifies. Our governing documents also give our board of directors sole authority to appoint directors to fill vacancies that are created either through an increase in the number of directors or due to the resignation, removal or death of any director.

**Directors**

Information regarding our board of directors is set forth below. The directors have been divided into two groups independent directors and interested directors. Interested directors are "interested persons" of NMFC as defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act. The address for each director is c/o New Mountain Finance Corporation, 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019.

Name	Age	Position	Director Since	Expiration of Term
<i>Independent Directors</i>				
David Ogens	60	Director	2010	2015
Alfred F. Hurley, Jr.	59	Director	2010	2016
Kurt J. Wolfgruber	63	Director	2010	2017
David R. Malpass	58	Director	2012	2017
<i>Interested Directors</i>				
Steven B. Klinsky	58	Chairman of the Board of Directors	2010	2017
Robert A. Hamwee	44	Chief Executive Officer and Director	2010	2016
Adam B. Weinstein	35	Executive Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer	2012	2015

**Executive Officers Who Are Not Directors**

Information regarding our executive officers who are not directors is set forth below.

Name	Age	Position
Paula Bosco	41	Chief Compliance Officer, Chief Regulatory Counsel and Corporate Secretary
David Cordova	33	Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
John R. Kline	38	Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer

The address for each executive officer is c/o New Mountain Finance Corporation, 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019.

## Biographical Information

### *Directors*

Each of our directors has demonstrated high character and integrity, superior credentials and recognition in his respective field and the relevant expertise and experience upon which to be able to offer advice and guidance to our management. Each of our directors also has sufficient time available to devote to our affairs, is able to work with the other members of the board of directors and contribute to our success and can represent the long-term interests of our stockholders as a whole. We have selected our current directors to provide a range of backgrounds and experience to our board of directors. Set forth below is biographical information for each director, including a discussion of the director's particular experience, qualifications, attributes or skills that led us to conclude, as of the date of this prospectus, that the individual should serve as a director, in light of our business and structure.

### *Independent Directors*

*David Ogens* has been a director of NMFC since November 2010. Mr. Ogens has served as the President and a Director of Med Inc. since 2011, a company that provides complex rehabilitation services to patients with serious muscular/neuro diseases. Previously, Mr. Ogens served as Senior Managing Director and Head of Investment Banking at Leerink Swann LLC, a specialized healthcare investment bank focused on emerging growth healthcare companies, from 2005 to 2009. Prior to serving at Leerink Swann LLC, Mr. Ogens was Chairman and Co-Founder of SCS Financial Services, LLC, a private wealth management firm. Before co-founding SCS Financial Services, LLC in 2002, Mr. Ogens was a Managing Director in the Investment Banking Division of Goldman, Sachs & Co, where he served as a senior investment banker and a head of the High Technology Investment Banking Group. Mr. Ogens received his Bachelor of Arts ("B.A." or "A.B.") and Master of Business Administration ("M.B.A.") from the University of Virginia.

Mr. Ogens brings his experience in wealth management and investment banking, including experience with debt issuances, as well as industry-specific expertise in the healthcare industry to our board of directors. This background positions Mr. Ogens well to serve as our director.

*Kurt J. Wolfgruber* has been a director of NMFC since November 2010, and is currently a private investor. Mr. Wolfgruber served as President of OppenheimerFunds, Inc., an investment management company, from March 2007 until his departure in May of 2009, during which time he was responsible for OppenheimerFunds, Inc.'s Retail and Wealth Management business units. During such period, Mr. Wolfgruber also served as Chief Investment Officer, overseeing the direction of OppenheimerFunds, Inc.'s investment organization and directing the underlying investment process. Mr. Wolfgruber joined OppenheimerFunds, Inc. in April 2000 as Senior Investment Officer and Director of Domestic Equities, in which position he was responsible for the investment process of the assets managed by OppenheimerFunds, Inc.'s Domestic Equity Portfolio teams. In 2003, Mr. Wolfgruber was named Executive Vice President and Chief Investment Officer of OppenheimerFunds, Inc. with oversight responsibilities for all investment functions including equity and fixed income research and portfolio management, trading and risk management. Prior to joining OppenheimerFunds, Inc., Mr. Wolfgruber spent 26 years at JPMorgan Investment Management in various research, portfolio management and management leadership roles. Mr. Wolfgruber received his B.A. in Economics from Ithaca College and his M.B.A. from the University of Virginia. He is also a Chartered Financial Analyst.

Mr. Wolfgruber brings experience in portfolio management and his abilities as a chartered financial analyst to our board of directors. This background positions Mr. Wolfgruber well to serve as our director.

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*Alfred F. Hurley, Jr.* has been a director of NMFC since November 2010. He was a Vice Chairman of Emigrant Bank and Emigrant Bancorp (collectively, the "Bank") from 2007 and 2009, respectively, to December 2012 and is now a consultant to the Bank. His responsibilities at the Bank included advising the Bank's CEO on acquisitions and divestitures, asset/liability management, and new products. In addition, he was the Chairman of the Bank's Credit and Risk Management Committee and the Bank's acting Chief Risk Officer until January 2012. Before joining the Bank, Mr. Hurley was the Chief Executive Officer of M. Safra & Co., a private money management firm, from 2004 to 2007. Prior to joining M. Safra & Co., Mr. Hurley worked at Merrill Lynch ("ML") from 1976 to 2004. His most recent management positions included serving as Senior Vice President of ML & Co. and Head of Global Private Equity Investing, Managing Director and Head of Japan Investment Banking and Capital Markets, Managing Director and Co-Head of the Global Manufacturing and Services Group, and Managing Director and Head of the Global Automotive Aerospace and Transportation Group. As part of the management duties described above, he was a member of the Corporate and Institutional Client Group ("CICG") Executive Committee which had global responsibility for the firm's equity, debt, investment banking and private equity businesses, a member of the Japan CICG Executive Committee, and a member of the Global Investment Banking Management and Operating Group Committees. Mr. Hurley is also a member of the board of directors of Merrill Corporation, which is a privately held company, where he serves as Chairman of the Compensation and Governance Committee and as a member of the Audit Committee. Mr. Hurley graduated from Princeton University with an A.B. in History, cum laude.

Mr. Hurley brings his experience in risk management as well as his experience in the banking and money management industries to our board of directors. This background positions Mr. Hurley well to serve as our director.

*David R. Malpass* has been a director of NMFC since July 2012. He is currently president of Encima Global, an economic research and consulting firm serving institutional investors and corporate clients. His work provides insight and analysis on global economic and political trends, with investment research spanning equities, fixed income, commodities and currencies. Before founding Encima Global, LLC in 2008, Mr. Malpass served as Bear Stearns' chief economist and Senior Managing Director from 1993 to 2008. Between February 1984 and January 1993, Mr. Malpass held economic appointments during the Reagan and Bush Administrations. He was Deputy Assistant Treasury Secretary for Developing Nations, a Deputy Assistant Secretary of State, Republican Staff Director of Congress's Joint Economic Committee, and Senior Analyst for Taxes and Trade at the Senate Budget Committee. From 1977 to 1983, Mr. Malpass worked in Portland, Oregon as a Certified Public Accountant with Arthur Andersen's systems consulting group, the Controller at Consolidated Supply Co., and a contract administrator at Esco Corporation, a steel foundry. Mr. Malpass also has served on the board of directors of various UBS closed-end mutual funds since May 2014. Mr. Malpass authors the Current Events column in Forbes magazine, and his opinion pieces appear regularly in the Wall Street Journal. Mr. Malpass received a bachelor's degree in physics from Colorado College and a M.B.A. from the University of Denver. In addition to this, he studied international economics at Georgetown University's School of Foreign Service.

Mr. Malpass brings his experience in global economics and research to our board of directors. This background positions Mr. Malpass well to serve as our director.

### *Interested Directors*

*Steven B. Klinsky* has served as Chairman of the board of directors of NMFC since July 2010. Mr. Klinsky is the Founder of New Mountain Capital and has served as New Mountain Capital's Chief Executive Officer since its inception in 1999. Prior to 1999, Mr. Klinsky served as a General Partner and an Associate Partner with Forstmann Little & Co. and co-founded Goldman, Sachs & Co.'s Leveraged Buyout Group. He currently serves on the board of directors of Gary Klinsky Children

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Centers, Private Equity Growth Capital Council, Victory Education Partners, SNL Financial LC, Avantor Performance Materials Holdings, Inc., IRI Group Holdings, Inc., Inmar, Inc., and Overland Solutions, Inc., and during the five years prior to the date of this document has served on the board of directors of Oakleaf Global Holdings, Inc., Connexions, Inc., Apptis, Inc., MailSouth, Inc., National Medical Health Card Systems, Inc., RedPrairie Holding, Inc. and Deltek, Inc. Mr. Klinsky received his B.A. in Economics and Political Philosophy from the University of Michigan. He received his M.B.A. from Harvard Business School and his J.D. from Harvard Law School.

From his experience as an executive or director of public and private companies of financial advisory and private equity companies, Mr. Klinsky brings broad financial advisory and investment management expertise to the board of directors. Mr. Klinsky's intimate knowledge of our business and operations, as a Managing Director and Founder and Chief Executive Officer of New Mountain Capital and his experience as a board member or chairman of other publicly-held companies, positions him well to serve as a chairman of our board of directors.

*Robert A. Hamwee* has served on the board of directors of NMFC since July 2010. Mr. Hamwee has served as NMFC's Chief Executive Officer since July 2010 and President since March 2011. Mr. Hamwee has also served as a Managing Director of New Mountain Capital since 2008. Prior to joining New Mountain Capital, Mr. Hamwee served as a Senior Executive of GSC Group Inc. ("GSC"), a leading institutional investment manager of alternative assets, where he had day-to-day responsibility for managing GSC's control distressed debt funds from 1999 to 2008. Prior to 1999, Mr. Hamwee held various positions at Greenwich Street Capital Partners, the predecessor to GSC, and with The Blackstone Group. Mr. Hamwee has chaired numerous Creditor Committees and Bank Steering Groups, and was formerly a director of a number of public and private companies, including Envirosource, Purina Mills, and Viasystems. Mr. Hamwee received his Bachelor of Business Administration ("B.B.A.") in Finance and Accounting from the University of Michigan.

Mr. Hamwee's depth of experience in managerial operational positions in investment management and financial services and as a member of other corporate boards of directors, as well as his intimate knowledge of our business and operations, provides our board of directors valuable industry- and company-specific knowledge and expertise.

*Adam B. Weinstein* has served on the board of directors of NMFC since July 2012. Mr. Weinstein has served as our Executive Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer since January 2013 and previously served as our Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer from July 2010. Mr. Weinstein also serves as a Managing Director and Co-Chief Financial Officer of New Mountain Capital and has been in various roles since joining in 2005. Prior to joining New Mountain Capital in 2005, Mr. Weinstein was a Manager at Deloitte & Touche, LLP and worked in that firm's merger and acquisition and private equity investor services areas. Mr. Weinstein sits on a number of boards of directors for professional and non-profit organizations. Mr. Weinstein received his B.S. from Binghamton University, is a member of the AICPA and is a New York State Certified Public Accountant.

Mr. Weinstein brings his industry-specific expertise and background in accounting to our board of directors. This background positions Mr. Weinstein well to serve as our director.

### *Executive Officers Who Are Not Directors*

*Paula Bosco* has served as Chief Compliance Officer and Corporate Secretary of NMFC since July 2010. Ms. Bosco has served as our Chief Regulatory Counsel since February 2013. Ms. Bosco serves as a Managing Director, Chief Regulatory Counsel and Chief Compliance Officer of New Mountain Capital and has been in various roles since joining in 2009. Prior to joining New Mountain Capital in 2009, Ms. Bosco served as the Chief Compliance Officer for the advisory division of Lehman Brothers Inc. from 2007 to 2009. From 2005 to 2007, Ms. Bosco served as Senior Vice President and Assistant Director of International & Investment Advisory Services Compliance at Citigroup Global

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Markets, Inc. Prior to that, Ms. Bosco held a number of senior legal and regulatory compliance positions with investment banks and financial regulators, as well as with a large New York City law firm. Ms. Bosco received her B.A. in Political Science from the State University of New York, her J.D. from the City University of New York School of Law and her M.B.A. in Finance/Investment Management from Pace University. She is admitted to practice law in the U.S. District Court, Eastern and Southern Districts of New York, and the U.S. Court of Appeals, Second Circuit.

*David Cordova* has served as Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of NMFC since January 2013. Mr. Cordova joined NMFC as the BDC Finance Director in 2012. Prior to joining New Mountain Capital, he worked for Starwood Property Trust, Inc., an externally managed mortgage REIT of Starwood Capital Group, as Manager of Financial Reporting. Before joining Starwood in 2010, Mr. Cordova worked in Ernst & Young's Audit and Assurance practice from 2005 to 2010. Mr. Cordova received a B.A. in Accounting from James Madison University and a M.B.A. with concentrations in finance and economics from New York University's Leonard N. Stern School of Business.

*John R. Kline* has served as an Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer of NMFC since January 2013. Mr. Kline also serves as a Managing Director of New Mountain Capital. Prior to joining New Mountain Capital in 2008, he worked at GSC Group Inc. from 2001 to 2008 as an investment analyst and trader for GSC Group Inc.'s control distressed and corporate credit funds. From 1999 to 2001, Mr. Kline was with Goldman, Sachs & Co. where he worked in the Credit Risk Management and Advisory Group. Mr. Kline received an A.B. degree in History from Dartmouth College.

### Board Leadership Structure

Our board of directors monitor and perform an oversight role with respect to our business and affairs, compliance with regulatory requirements and the services, expenses and performance of our service providers. Among other things, board of directors approve the appointment of the Administrator and officers, review and monitor the services and activities performed by the Administrator and officers and approve the engagement, and review the performance of, our independent public accounting firm.

Under our bylaws, our board of directors may designate a chairman to preside over the meetings of the board of directors and meetings of the stockholders and to perform such other duties as may be assigned to him by the board of directors. We do not have a fixed policy as to whether the chairman of the board of directors should be an independent director and believe that we should maintain the flexibility to select the chairman and reorganize the leadership structure, from time to time, based on the criteria that is in our best interests and our stockholders at such times.

Mr. Klinsky currently serves as the chairman of our board of directors. Mr. Klinsky is an "interested person" of NMFC as defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act because he is a Managing Director, Founder and Chief Executive Officer of New Mountain Capital, serves on the investment committee of the Investment Adviser and is the managing member of the sole member of the Investment Adviser. We believe that Mr. Klinsky's history with New Mountain Capital, familiarity with our investment objectives and investment strategy, and extensive knowledge of the financial services industry and the investment valuation process in particular qualify him to serve as the chairman of our board of directors. We believe that, at present, we are best served through this leadership structure, as Mr. Klinsky's relationship with the Investment Adviser and New Mountain Capital, provides an effective bridge and encourages an open dialogue between our management and our board of directors, ensuring that all groups act with a common purpose.

Our board of directors does not currently have a designated lead independent director. We are aware of the potential conflicts that may arise when a non-independent director is chairman of the

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board of directors, but believe these potential conflicts are offset by our strong corporate governance policies. Our corporate governance policies include regular meetings of the independent directors in executive session without the presence of interested directors and management, the establishment of audit, valuation, nominating and corporate governance and compensation committees comprised solely of independent directors and the appointment of a chief compliance officer, with whom the independent directors meet regularly without the presence of interested directors and other members of management, for administering our compliance policies and procedures.

We recognize that different board leadership structures are appropriate for companies in different situations. We intend to re-examine their corporate governance policies on an ongoing basis to ensure that they continue to meet their needs.

### **Board of Directors' Role In Risk Oversight**

Our board of directors performs its risk oversight function primarily through (1) its four standing committees which report to the board of directors, each of which are comprised solely of independent directors and (2) active monitoring by our chief compliance officer and our compliance policies and procedures.

Our audit committee, valuation committee, nominating and corporate governance committee and compensation committee assist our board of directors in fulfilling its risk oversight responsibilities. The audit committee's risk oversight responsibilities include overseeing our accounting and financial reporting processes, our systems of internal controls regarding finance and accounting, and audits of our financial statements, including the independence of our independent auditors. The valuation committee is responsible for making recommendations in accordance with the valuation policies and procedures adopted by our board of directors, reviewing valuations and any reports of independent valuation firms, confirming that valuations are made in accordance with the valuation policies of our board of directors and reporting any deficiencies or violations of such valuation policies to our board of directors on at least a quarterly basis, and reviewing other matters that our board of directors or the valuation committee deems appropriate. The nominating and corporate governance committee's risk oversight responsibilities include selecting, researching and nominating directors for election by our stockholders, developing and recommending to the board of directors a set of corporate governance principles and overseeing the evaluation of the board of directors and our management. The compensation committee is responsible for periodically reviewing director compensation and recommending any appropriate changes to our board of directors. In addition, although we do not directly compensate our executive officers currently, to the extent that we do so in the future, the compensation committee would also be responsible for reviewing and evaluating their compensation and making recommendations to the board of directors regarding their compensation.

Our board of directors performs its risk oversight responsibilities with the assistance of our chief compliance officer. The board of directors quarterly reviews a written report from the chief compliance officer discussing the adequacy and effectiveness of our compliance policies and procedures and our service providers. The chief compliance officer's quarterly report addresses at a minimum:

the operation of our compliance policies and procedures and our service providers since the last report;

any material changes to these policies and procedures since the last report;

any recommendations for material changes to these policies and procedures as a result of the chief compliance officer's quarterly review; and

any compliance matter that has occurred since the date of the last report about which the board of directors would reasonably need to know to oversee our compliance activities and risks.



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In addition, the chief compliance officer meets separately in executive session with the independent directors at least once each year.

We believe that our board of directors' role in risk oversight is effective, and appropriate given the extensive regulation to which we are subject as a BDC. We are required to comply with certain regulatory requirements that control the levels of risk in our business and operations. For example, our ability to incur indebtedness is limited because our asset coverage must equal at least 200.0% immediately after we incur indebtedness, we generally have to invest at least 70.0% of our total assets in "qualifying assets" and are not generally permitted to invest in any portfolio company in which one of our affiliates currently has an investment.

We recognize that different board of director roles in risk oversight are appropriate for companies in different situations. We intend to re-examine the manner in which the board of directors administers its oversight function on an ongoing basis to ensure that it continues to meet our needs.

### **Committees of the Board of Directors**

Our board of directors has established an audit committee, a nominating and corporate governance committee, a valuation committee and a compensation committee. The members of each committee have been appointed by our board of directors and serve until their successor is elected and qualifies, unless they are removed or resign. During 2013, our board of directors held eight board of directors meetings, five audit committee meetings, three nominating and corporate governance committee meetings, eight valuation committee meetings and two compensation committee meetings. All directors attended at least 75.0% of the aggregate number of meetings of the board of directors and of the respective committees on which they serve. We require each director to make a diligent effort to attend all board and committee meetings as well as each annual meeting of our stockholders.

#### ***Audit Committee***

The audit committee operates pursuant to a charter approved by our board of directors, a copy of which is available on our website at <http://www.newmountainfinance.com>. The charter sets forth the responsibilities of the audit committee. The audit committee is responsible for recommending the selection of, engagement of and discharge of our independent auditors, reviewing the plans, scope and results of the audit engagement with the independent auditors, approving professional services provided by the independent auditors (including compensation therefore), reviewing the independence of the independent auditors and reviewing the adequacy of our internal controls over financial reporting. The members of the audit committee are Alfred F. Hurley, Jr., David R. Malpass, David Ogens and Kurt J. Wolfgruber, each of whom is not an interested person of NMFC for purposes of the 1940 Act and is independent for purposes of the NYSE's corporate governance listing standards. Kurt J. Wolfgruber serves as the chairman of the audit committee, and our board of directors has determined that Alfred F. Hurley, Jr., David Ogens and Kurt J. Wolfgruber are "audit committee financial experts" as that term is defined under Item 407 of Regulation S-K, as promulgated under the Exchange Act, and that each of them meets the current independence and experience requirements of Rule 10A-3 of the Exchange Act.

#### ***Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee***

The nominating and corporate governance committee operates pursuant to a charter approved by our board of directors, a copy of which is available on our website at <http://www.newmountainfinance.com>. The charter sets forth the responsibilities of the nominating and corporate governance committee. The nominating and corporate governance committee is responsible for determining criteria for service on the board of directors, identifying, researching and nominating directors for election by our stockholders, selecting nominees to fill vacancies on our board of directors

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or committees of the board of directors, developing and recommending to the board of directors a set of corporate governance principles and overseeing the self-evaluation of the board of directors and its committees and evaluation of our management. The nominating and corporate governance committee considers nominees properly recommended by our stockholders. The members of the nominating and corporate governance committee are Alfred F. Hurley, Jr., David R. Malpass, David Ogens and Kurt J. Wolfgruber, each of whom is not an interested person of NMFC for purposes of the 1940 Act and is independent for purposes of the NYSE's corporate governance listing standards. Alfred F. Hurley, Jr. serves as the chairman of the nominating and corporate governance committee.

The nominating and corporate governance committee seek candidates who possess the background, skills and expertise to make a significant contribution to the board of directors, us and our stockholders. In considering possible candidates for election as a director, the nominating and corporate governance committee takes into account, in addition to such other factors as they deem relevant, the desirability of selecting directors who:

are of high character and integrity;

are accomplished in their respective fields, with superior credentials and recognition;

have relevant expertise and experience upon which to be able to offer advice and guidance to management;

have sufficient time available to devote to our affairs;

are able to work with the other members of the board of directors and contribute to our success;

can represent the long-term interests of our stockholders as a whole; and

are selected such that the board of directors represent a range of backgrounds and experience.

The nominating and corporate governance committee has not adopted formal policies with regard to the consideration of diversity in identifying director nominees. In determining whether to recommend a director nominee, the nominating and corporate governance committee considers and discusses diversity, among other factors, with a view toward the need of the board of directors as a whole. The nominating and corporate governance committee generally conceptualizes diversity expansively to include, without limitation, concepts such as race, gender, national origin, differences of viewpoint, professional experience, education, skill and other qualities that contribute to the board of directors, when identifying and recommending director nominees. The nominating and corporate governance committee believes that the inclusion of diversity as one of many factors considered in selecting director nominees is consistent with the nominating and corporate governance committee's goal of creating a board of directors that best serves our needs and the interest of our stockholders.

### ***Valuation Committee***

The valuation committee operates pursuant to a charter approved by our board of directors, a copy of which is available on our website at <http://www.newmountainfinance.com>. The charter set forth the responsibilities of the valuation committee. The valuation committee is responsible for making recommendations in accordance with the valuation policies and procedures adopted by our board of directors, reviewing valuations and any reports of independent valuation firms, confirming that valuations are made in accordance with the valuation policies of our board of directors and reporting any deficiencies or violations of such valuation policies to our board of directors on at least a quarterly basis, and reviewing other matters that our board of directors or the valuation committee deems appropriate. The valuation committee is composed of Alfred F. Hurley, Jr., David R. Malpass, David Ogens and Kurt J. Wolfgruber, each of whom is not an interested person of NMFC for purposes of the 1940 Act and is independent for purposes of the NYSE's corporate governance listing standards. David Ogens serves as chairman of the valuation committee.

**Compensation Committee**

The compensation committee operates pursuant to a charter approved by our board of directors, a copy of which is available on our website at <http://www.newmountainfinance.com>. The charter sets forth the responsibilities of the compensation committee. The compensation committee is responsible for periodically reviewing director compensation and recommending any appropriate changes to the board of directors. In addition, although we do not directly compensate our executive officers currently, to the extent that we do so in the future, the compensation committee would also be responsible for reviewing and evaluating their compensation and making recommendations to the board of directors regarding their compensation. Lastly, the compensation committee would produce a report on our executive compensation practices and policies for inclusion in our proxy statement if required by applicable proxy rules and regulations and, if applicable, make recommendations to the board of directors on our executive compensation practices and policies. The compensation committee has the authority to engage compensation consultants and to delegate its duties and responsibilities to a member or to a subcommittee of the compensation committees. The compensation committee is composed of Alfred F. Hurley, Jr., David R. Malpass, David Ogens and Kurt J. Wolfgruber, each of whom is not an interested person of NMFC for purposes of the 1940 Act and is independent for purposes of the NYSE's corporate governance listing standards. Alfred F. Hurley, Jr. serves as chairman of the compensation committee.

**Compensation of Directors**

The following table sets forth the compensation of our directors for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Name	Fees Paid in Cash(1)	All Other Compensation(2)	Total
<b>Interested Directors</b>			
Steven B. Klinsky			
Robert A. Hamwee			
Adam B. Weinstein			
<b>Independent Directors</b>			
David Ogens	\$ 103,000		\$ 103,000
Alfred F. Hurley, Jr.	\$ 96,000		\$ 96,000
Kurt J. Wolfgruber	\$ 99,000		\$ 99,000
David R. Malpass	\$ 94,000		\$ 94,000

(1) For a discussion of the independent directors' compensation, see below.

(2) We do not maintain a stock or option plan, non-equity incentive plan or pension plan for our directors

Prior to October 1, 2013, our independent directors received an annual retainer fee of \$75,000 and further received a fee of \$2,500 for each regularly scheduled board of directors meeting and a fee of \$1,000 for each special board of directors meeting as well as reimbursement of reasonable and documented out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with attending each board of directors meeting. Effective October 1, 2013, our independent directors receive an annual retainer fee of \$85,000 and further receive a fee of \$2,500 for each regularly scheduled board of directors meeting and a fee of \$1,000 for each special board of directors meeting as well as reimbursement of reasonable and documented out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with attending each board of directors meeting. In addition, the chairman of the audit committee receives an annual retainer of \$7,500, while the chairman of the valuation committee, the chairman of the compensation committee and the

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chairman of the nominating and corporate governance committee receive annual retainers of \$5,000, \$1,000 and \$1,000, respectively. No compensation is paid to directors who are interested persons of NMFC as defined in the 1940 Act.

### **Compensation of Executive Officers**

None of our executive officers receive direct compensation from us. We do not engage any compensation consultants. The compensation of the principals and other investment professionals of the Investment Adviser is paid by the Investment Adviser. Compensation paid to our chief financial officer and chief compliance officer is set by the Administrator and is subject to reimbursement by us of the allocable portion of such compensation for services rendered to us.

### **Indemnification Agreements**

We have entered into indemnification agreements with our directors. The indemnification agreements are intended to provide the directors the maximum indemnification permitted under Delaware law and the 1940 Act. Each indemnification agreement provides that we shall indemnify the director who is a party to the agreement, or an Indemnitee, including the advancement of legal expenses, if, by reason of his corporate status, the Indemnitee is, or is threatened to be, made a party to or a witness in any threatened, pending, or completed proceeding, to the maximum extent permitted by Delaware law and the 1940 Act.

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

The management of our investment portfolio is the responsibility of the Investment Adviser and the Investment Committee, which currently consists of Steven B. Klinsky, Robert A. Hamwee, Adam Collins, Douglas Londal and John Kline. We consider Mr. Hamwee to be our portfolio manager. The Investment Committee is responsible for approving all of our investment purchases above \$5.0 million. The Investment Committee also monitors investments in our portfolio and approves all asset dispositions above \$5.0 million. Purchases and dispositions below \$5.0 million may be approved by our Chief Executive Officer. These approval thresholds are subject to change over time.

### Investment Personnel

As of March 31, 2014, the Investment Adviser was supported by approximately 100 New Mountain Capital staff members, including approximately 60 investment professionals. These individuals, in addition to the Investment Committee, are primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of our portfolio. The Investment Adviser may retain additional investment professionals, based upon its needs.

Below are the biographies for selected senior investment professionals of the Investment Adviser, whose biographies are not included elsewhere in this prospectus. For more information regarding the business experience of Messrs. Klinsky and Hamwee, see "Management Biographical Information Directors Interested Directors".

*Adam J. Collins* serves on the Investment Adviser's investment committee and serves as Chief Financial Officer and a Managing Director of New Mountain Capital. Prior to joining New Mountain Capital in 2001, Mr. Collins worked at Goldman, Sachs & Co. from 1996 to 2000 in the controllers group and in 2001 in the Real Estate Principal Investment area. Prior to 1996, Mr. Collins worked at KPMG from 1994 to 1996. Mr. Collins received his B.S. in Accounting from Babson College.

*Douglas F. Londal* serves on the Investment Adviser's investment committee and serves as President, Chief Operating Officer and a Managing Director of New Mountain Capital. Prior to joining New Mountain Capital in 2004, Mr. Londal held various positions within Goldman, Sachs & Co. from 1991 to 2004, including serving as a Managing Director in the Principal Investment Area and as a member of the Mergers & Acquisitions Department. While in the Principal Investment Area, Mr. Londal held various positions including co-head of Merchant Banking in the Americas and co-head of the Mezzanine investing effort in the Americas. Mr. Londal serves on the board of directors of Inmar, Inc., NuSil Technology LLC and Valet Waste Holdings, Inc. Mr. Londal received his B.A. in Economics from the University of Michigan. He received his M.B.A. from the University of Chicago Graduate School of Business.

*James W. Stone III* has served as a Director of New Mountain Capital since 2011. Prior to joining New Mountain Capital, he worked for The Blackstone Group as a Managing Director of GSO Capital Partners. At Blackstone, Mr. Stone was responsible for originating, evaluating, executing and monitoring various senior secured and mezzanine debt investments across a variety of industries. Before joining Blackstone in 2002, Mr. Stone worked as a Vice President in Lehman Brothers' Communications and Media Group and as a Vice President in UBS Warburg's Leveraged Finance Department. Prior to that, Mr. Stone worked at Nomura Securities International, Inc. with the team that later founded Blackstone's corporate debt investment unit. Mr. Stone received a B.S. in Mathematics and Physics from The University of the South and an M.B.A. with concentrations in finance and accounting from The University of Chicago's Graduate School of Business.

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The table below shows the dollar range of shares of our common stock beneficially owned by our portfolio manager.

<b>Name of Portfolio Manager</b>	<b>Dollar Range of Equity Securities of NMFC(1)(2)</b>
Robert A. Hamwee	over \$1,000,000

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- (1) The dollar range of equity securities beneficially owned in NMFC is based on the closing price for NMFC's common stock of \$14.37 on June 23, 2014 on the NYSE. Beneficial ownership has been determined in accordance with Rule 16a-1(a)(2) of the Exchange Act.
- (2) The dollar range of equity securities beneficially owned are: none, \$1 - \$10,000, \$10,001 - \$50,000, \$50,001 - \$100,000, \$100,001 - \$500,000, \$500,001 - \$1,000,000 or over \$1,000,000.

Mr. Hamwee is not primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of any other portfolio other than our portfolio. Mr. Hamwee is a Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, which as of March 31, 2014 had more than \$12.0 billion (including NMF Holdings) of assets under management (which includes amounts committed, not all of which have been drawn down and invested to date) used to calculate New Mountain Capital's management fees related to such funds. See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business The Investment Adviser has significant potential conflicts of interest with us and, consequently, your interests as stockholders which could adversely impact our investment returns."

### Compensation

None of the Investment Adviser's investment professionals are employed by us or will receive any direct compensation from us in connection with the management of our portfolio. Mr. Klinsky, through his financial interest in the Investment Adviser, is entitled to a portion of any profits earned by the Investment Adviser, which includes any fees payable to the Investment Adviser under the terms of the Investment Management Agreement, less expenses incurred by the Investment Adviser in performing its services under the Investment Management Agreement.

## INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

NMFC is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. NMFC is externally managed by the Investment Adviser and pays the Investment Adviser a fee for its services. The following summarizes the arrangements between NMFC and the Investment Adviser pursuant to the Investment Management Agreement.

### Overview of the Investment Adviser

#### *Management Services*

The Investment Adviser is registered as an Investment Adviser under the Advisers Act. The Investment Adviser serves pursuant to the Investment Management Agreement in accordance with the 1940 Act. Subject to the overall supervision of our board of directors, the Investment Adviser manages our day-to-day operations and provides us with investment advisory and management services. Under the terms of the Investment Management Agreement, the Investment Adviser:

determines the composition of our portfolio, the nature and timing of the changes to its portfolio and the manner of implementing such changes;

determines the securities and other assets that we will purchase, retain or sell;

identifies, evaluates and negotiates the structure of the investments that we make;

executes, monitors and services the investments that we make;

performs due diligence on prospective portfolio companies;

votes, exercises consents and exercises all other rights appertaining to such securities and other assets on our behalf; and

provides us with such other investment advisory, research and related services as we may, from time to time, reasonably require.

The Investment Adviser's services under the Investment Management Agreement are not exclusive, and the Investment Adviser (so long as its services to us are not impaired) and/or other entities affiliated with New Mountain Capital are permitted to furnish similar services to other entities.

#### *Management Fees*

Pursuant to the Investment Management Agreement, NMFC has agreed to pay the Investment Adviser a fee for investment advisory and management services consisting of two components a base management fee and an incentive fee. The cost of both the base management fee payable to the Investment Adviser and any incentive fees paid in cash to the Investment Adviser are borne by NMFC and, as a result, are indirectly borne by NMFC's common stockholders.

#### *Base Management Fees*

The base management fee is calculated at an annual rate of 1.75% of our gross assets less (i) the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility and (ii) cash and cash equivalents. The base management fee is payable quarterly in arrears, and is calculated based on the average value of our gross assets, borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility, and cash and cash equivalents at the end of each of the two most recently completed calendar quarters, and appropriately adjusted on a pro rata basis for any equity capital raises or repurchases during the current calendar quarter.





*Incentive Fees*

The incentive fee consists of two parts. The first part is calculated and payable quarterly in arrears and equals 20.0% of our "Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income" for the immediately preceding quarter, subject to a "preferred return", or "hurdle", and a "catch-up" feature. "Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income" means interest income, dividend income and any other income (including any other fees (other than fees for providing managerial assistance), such as commitment, origination, structuring, diligence and consulting fees or other fees that we receive from portfolio companies) accrued during the calendar quarter, minus our operating expenses for the quarter (including the base management fee, expenses payable under the Administration Agreement, as amended and restated, with the Administrator, and any interest expense and distributions paid on any issued and outstanding preferred stock (of which there is none as of March 31, 2014), but excluding the incentive fee). Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income includes, in the case of investments with a deferred interest feature (such as original issue discount, debt instruments with PIK interest and zero coupon securities), accrued income that we have not yet received in cash. Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital appreciation or depreciation.

Under GAAP, our IPO did not step-up the cost basis of our existing investments to fair market value at the IPO date. Since the total value of our investments at the time of the IPO was greater than the investments' cost basis, a larger amount of amortization of purchase or original issue discount, as well as different amounts in realized gain and unrealized appreciation, may be recognized under GAAP in each period than if the step-up had occurred. This will remain until such predecessor investments are sold or mature in the future. We track the transferred (or fair market) value of each of our investments as of the time of the IPO and, for purposes of the incentive fee calculation, adjust Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income to reflect the amortization of purchase or original issue discount on our investments as if each investment was purchased at the date of the IPO, or stepped up to fair market value. This is defined as "Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income". We also use the transferred (or fair market) value of each of our investments as of the time of the IPO to adjust capital gains ("Adjusted Realized Capital Gains") or losses ("Adjusted Realized Capital Losses") and unrealized capital appreciation ("Adjusted Unrealized Capital Appreciation") and unrealized capital depreciation ("Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation").

Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income, expressed as a rate of return on the value of our net assets at the end of the immediately preceding calendar quarter, will be compared to a "hurdle rate" of 2.0% per quarter (8.0% annualized), subject to a "catch-up" provision measured as of the end of each calendar quarter. The hurdle rate is appropriately pro-rated for any partial periods. The calculation of our incentive fee with respect to the Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income for each quarter is as follows:

No incentive fee is payable to the Investment Adviser in any calendar quarter in which our Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income does not exceed the hurdle rate of 2.0% (the "preferred return" or "hurdle").

100.0% of our Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income with respect to that portion of such Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income, if any, that exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than or equal to 2.5% in any calendar quarter (10.0% annualized) is payable to the Investment Adviser. This portion of our Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income (which exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than or equal to 2.5%) is referred to as the "catch-up". The catch-up provision is intended to provide the Investment Adviser with an incentive fee of 20.0% on all of our Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income as if a hurdle rate did not apply when our Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income exceeds 2.5% in any calendar quarter.

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20.0% of the amount of our Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income, if any, that exceeds 2.5% in any calendar quarter (10.0% annualized) is payable to the Investment Adviser once the hurdle is reached and the catch-up is achieved.

The following is a graphical representation of the calculation of the income-related portion of the incentive fee:

### **Quarterly Incentive Fee Based on "Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income"**

**Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income**  
(expressed as a percentage of the value of net assets)

**Percentage of Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment  
Income allocated to income-related portion of incentive fee**

These calculations will be appropriately prorated for any period of less than three months and adjusted for any equity capital raises or repurchases during the current calendar quarter.

The second part will be determined and payable in arrears as of the end of each calendar year (or upon termination of the Investment Management Agreement) and will equal 20.0% of our Adjusted Realized Capital Gains, if any, on a cumulative basis from inception through the end of each calendar year, computed net of all Adjusted Realized Capital Losses and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation on a cumulative basis, less the aggregate amount of any previously paid capital gain incentive fee.

In accordance with GAAP, we accrue a hypothetical capital gains incentive fee based upon the cumulative net Adjusted Realized Capital Gains and Adjusted Realized Capital Losses and the cumulative net Adjusted Unrealized Capital Appreciation and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation on investments held at the end of each period. Actual amounts paid to the Investment Adviser are consistent with the Investment Management Agreement and are based only on actual Adjusted Realized Capital Gains computed net of all Adjusted Realized Capital Losses and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation on a cumulative basis from inception through the end of each calendar year as if the entire portfolio was sold at fair value.

#### **Example 1: Income Related Portion of Incentive Fee for Each Calendar Quarter\*:**

##### *Alternative 1*

##### *Assumptions*

Investment income (including interest, dividends, fees, etc.) = 1.25%

Hurdle rate(1) = 2.00%

Management fee(2) = 0.44%

Other expenses (legal, accounting, safekeeping agent, transfer agent, etc.)(3) = 0.20%

Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income  
(investment income - (management fee + other expenses)) = 0.61%

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Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income does not exceed the hurdle rate, therefore there is no income-related incentive fee.

### **Alternative 2**

#### *Assumptions*

Investment income (including interest, dividends, fees, etc.) = 2.90%

Hurdle rate(1) = 2.00%

Management fee(2) = 0.44%

Other expenses (legal, accounting, safekeeping agent, transfer agent, etc.)(3) = 0.20%

Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income  
(investment income - (management fee + other expenses)) = 2.26%

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Incentive fee} &= 100.00\% \times \text{Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income (subject to "catch-up")}(4) \\ &= 100.00\% \times (2.26\% - 2.00\%) \\ &= 0.26\%\end{aligned}$$

Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income exceeds the hurdle rate, but does not fully satisfy the "catch-up" provision, therefore the income related portion of the incentive fee is 0.26%.

### **Alternative 3**

#### *Assumptions*

Investment income (including interest, dividends, fees, etc.) = 3.50%

Hurdle rate(1) = 2.00%

Management fee(2) = 0.44%

Other expenses (legal, accounting, safekeeping agent, transfer agent, etc.)(3) = 0.20%

Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income  
(investment income - (management fee + other expenses)) = 2.86%

$$\text{Incentive fee} = 100.00\% \times \text{Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income (subject to "catch-up")}(4)$$

$$\text{Incentive fee} = 100.00\% \times \text{"catch-up"} + (20.00\% \times (\text{Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income} - 2.50\%))$$

$$\text{Catch-up} = 2.50\% - 2.00\%$$

$$= 0.50\%$$

$$\text{Incentive fee} = (100.00\% \times 0.50\%) + (20.00\% \times (2.86\% - 2.50\%))$$

$$= 0.50\% + (20.00\% \times 0.36\%)$$

$$= 0.50\% + 0.07\%$$

$$= 0.57\%$$



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Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income exceeds the hurdle rate, and fully satisfies the "catch-up" provision, therefore the income related portion of the incentive fee is 0.57%.

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\*

The hypothetical amount of pre-incentive fee net investment income shown is based on a percentage of total net assets and assumes, for our investments held prior to the IPO, interest income has been adjusted to reflect the amortization of purchase or original issue discount as if each investment was purchased at the date of the IPO, or stepped up to fair market value.

- (1) Represents 8.00% annualized hurdle rate.
- (2) Assumes 1.75% annualized base management fee.
- (3) Excludes organizational and offering expenses.
- (4) The "catch-up" provision is intended to provide the Investment Adviser with an incentive fee of 20.00% on all Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income as if a hurdle rate did not apply when our net investment income exceeds 2.50% in any calendar quarter.

### **Example 2: Capital Gains Portion of Incentive Fee\*:**

#### *Alternative 1*

##### *Assumptions*

Year 1: \$20.0 million investment made in Company A ("Investment A"), and \$30.0 million investment made in Company B ("Investment B")

Year 2: Investment A sold for \$50.0 million and fair market value ("FMV") of Investment B determined to be \$32.0 million

Year 3: FMV of Investment B determined to be \$25.0 million

Year 4: Investment B sold for \$31.0 million

The capital gains portion of the incentive fee would be:

Year 1: None

Year 2: Capital gains incentive fee of \$6.0 million (\$30.0 million realized capital gains on sale of Investment A multiplied by 20.0%)

Year 3: None \$5.0 million (20.0% multiplied by (\$30.0 million cumulative capital gains less \$5.0 million cumulative capital depreciation)) less \$6.0 million (previous capital gains fee paid in Year 2)

Year 4: Capital gains incentive fee of \$0.2 million \$6.2 million (\$31.0 million cumulative realized capital gains multiplied by 20.0%) less \$6.0 million (capital gains incentive fee taken in Year 2)

#### *Alternative 2*

##### *Assumptions*

Year 1: \$20.0 million investment made in Company A ("Investment A"), \$30.0 million investment made in Company B ("Investment B") and \$25.0 million investment made in Company C ("Investment C")

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Year 2: Investment A sold for \$50.0 million, FMV of Investment B determined to be \$25.0 million and FMV of Investment C determined to be \$25.0 million

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Year 3: FMV of Investment B determined to be \$27.0 million and Investment C sold for \$30.0 million

Year 4: FMV of Investment B determined to be \$35.0 million

Year 5: Investment B sold for \$20.0 million

The capital gains incentive fee, if any, would be:

Year 1: None

Year 2: \$5.0 million capital gains incentive fee 20.0% multiplied by \$25.0 million (\$30.0 million realized capital gains on Investment A less \$5.0 million unrealized capital depreciation on Investment B)

Year 3: \$1.4 million capital gains incentive fee \$6.4 million (20.0% multiplied by \$32.0 million (\$35.0 million cumulative realized capital gains less \$3.0 million unrealized capital depreciation)) less \$5.0 million capital gains incentive fee received in Year 2

Year 4: \$0.6 million capital gains incentive fee \$7.0 million (20.0% multiplied by \$35.0 million cumulative realized capital gains) less cumulative \$6.4 million capital gains incentive fee received in Year 2 and Year 3

Year 5: None \$5.0 million (20.0% multiplied by \$25.0 million (cumulative realized capital gains of \$35.0 million less realized capital losses of \$10.0 million)) less \$7.0 million cumulative capital gains incentive fee paid in Year 2, Year 3 and Year 4(1)

\*

The hypothetical amounts of returns shown are based on a percentage of our total net assets and assume no leverage. There is no guarantee that positive returns will be realized and actual returns may vary from those shown in this example. The capital gains incentive fees are calculated on an "adjusted" basis for our investments held prior to the IPO and assumes those investments have been adjusted to reflect the amortization of purchase or original issue discount as if each investment was purchased at the date of the IPO, or stepped up to fair market value.

(1)

As noted above, it is possible that the cumulative aggregate capital gains fee received by the Investment Adviser (\$7.0 million) is effectively greater than \$5.0 million (20.0% of cumulative aggregate realized capital gains less net realized capital losses or net unrealized depreciation (\$25.0 million)).

### Payment of Expenses

Our primary operating expenses are the payment of a base management fee and any incentive fees under the Investment Management Agreement and the allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by the Administrator in performing its obligations to us under the Administration Agreement. We bear all other expenses of our operations and transactions, including (without limitation) fees and expenses relating to:

organizational and offering expenses;

the investigation and monitoring of our investments;

the cost of calculating net asset value;

interest payable on debt, if any, to finance our investments;

the cost of effecting sales and repurchases of shares of our common stock and other securities;

management and incentive fees payable pursuant to the Investment Management Agreement;



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fees payable to third parties relating to, or associated with, making investments and valuing investments (including third-party valuation firms);

transfer agent and custodial fees;

fees and expenses associated with marketing efforts (including attendance at investment conferences and similar events);

federal and state registration fees;

any exchange listing fees;

federal, state, local and foreign taxes;

independent directors' fees and expenses;

brokerage commissions;

costs of proxy statements, stockholders' reports and notices;

costs of preparing government filings, including periodic and current reports with the SEC;

fees and expenses associated with independent audits and outside legal costs;

costs associated with reporting and compliance obligations under the 1940 Act and applicable federal and state securities laws;

fidelity bond, liability insurance and other insurance premiums; and

printing, mailing and all other direct expenses incurred by either the Investment Adviser or us in connection with administering our business, including payments under the Administration Agreement that is based upon our allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by the Administrator in performing its obligations to us under the Administration Agreement, including the allocable portion of the compensation of our chief financial officer and chief compliance officer and their respective staffs.

### **Duration and Termination**

The Investment Management Agreement was initially approved by the board of directors of NMF Holdings, including a majority of the directors who are not interested persons, on March 10, 2011 and by a majority of the partners of Guardian AIV and New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. through a written consent first solicited on November 8, 2010. At an in-person meeting held on February 23, 2012, the NMF Holdings' board of directors unanimously approved an amended and restated investment advisory and management agreement between NMF Holdings and the Investment Adviser (the "2012 Advisory Agreement"). In accordance with the 1940 Act, the 2012 Advisory Agreement was submitted for approval by the stockholders/unit holders of each of NMFC and NMF Holdings at their 2012 joint annual meeting, which was held on May 8, 2012. The 2012 Advisory Agreement became effective immediately upon receipt of the necessary stockholder/unit holder approval.

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In connection with the Restructuring, at an in-person meeting held on March 25, 2014, the board of directors of NMFC unanimously approved a new investment advisory and management agreement between NMFC and the Investment Adviser (the "New Advisory Agreement") and recommended that the 2012 Advisory Agreement be terminated after the New Advisory Agreement is approved by NMFC's stockholders in accordance with the 1940 Act. At NMFC's 2014 annual meeting of stockholders, which was held on May 6, 2014, the New Advisory Agreement was submitted for approval by the stockholders of NMFC. The New Advisory Agreement became effective immediately upon receipt of the necessary stockholder approval. The terms and conditions of the New Advisory

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Agreement are identical to the terms and conditions of the 2012 Advisory Agreement, except that NMFC replaced NMF Holdings as a party to the New Advisory Agreement.

The New Advisory Agreement provides that the New Advisory Agreement will remain in force for two years from the date on which it first becomes effective, and thereafter shall continue automatically for successive annual periods, provided that such continuance is specifically approved at least annually by (A) the vote of the board of directors, or by the vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of NMFC and (B) the vote of a majority of NMFC's board of directors who are not parties to the New Advisory Agreement or "interested persons" (as such term is defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act) of any such party, in accordance with the requirements of the 1940 Act. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the New Advisory Agreement may be terminated (i) by NMFC at any time, without the payment of any penalty, upon giving the Investment Adviser 60 days' written notice (which notice may be waived by the Investment Adviser), provided that such termination by NMFC shall be directed or approved by the vote of a majority of the directors of NMFC in office at the time or by the vote of a majority of the voting securities of NMFC at the time outstanding and entitled to vote, or (ii) by the Investment Adviser on 60 days' written notice to NMFC (which notice may be waived by NMFC).

### **Indemnification**

The Investment Management Agreement provides that, absent willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence in the performance of their respective duties or by reason of the reckless disregard of their respective duties and obligations, the Investment Adviser and its officers, managers, agents, employees, controlling persons, members (or their owners) and any other person or entity affiliated with it, are entitled to indemnification from us for any damages, liabilities, costs and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees and amounts reasonably paid in settlement) arising from the rendering of the Investment Adviser's services under the Investment Management Agreement or otherwise as the Investment Adviser.

### **Organization of the Investment Adviser**

The Investment Adviser is a Delaware limited liability company. The principal address of the Investment Adviser is 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019. The Investment Adviser is ultimately controlled by Steven B. Klinsky through Mr. Klinsky's interest in New Mountain Capital.

### **Board Approval of the Investment Management Agreement**

A discussion regarding the basis for our board of directors' approval of the Investment Management Agreement was included in our annual proxy statement that was incorporated by reference in our annual report on Form 10-K for the period ending December 31, 2013.

### ADMINISTRATION AGREEMENT

We have entered into the Administration Agreement with the Administrator, under which the Administrator provides administrative services for us, including arranging office facilities for us and providing office equipment and clerical, bookkeeping and recordkeeping services at such facilities. Under the Administration Agreement, the Administrator also performs, or oversees the performance of, our required administrative services, which includes being responsible for the financial records which we are required to maintain and preparing reports to our stockholders and reports filed with the SEC, which includes, but is not limited to, providing the services of our chief financial officer. In addition, the Administrator assists us in determining and publishing our net asset value, overseeing the preparation and filing of tax returns and the printing and dissemination of reports to our stockholders, and generally overseeing the payment of our expenses and the performance of administrative and professional services rendered to us by others. For providing these services, facilities and personnel, we reimburse the Administrator the allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by it in performing its obligations to us under the Administration Agreement, including rent and our allocable portion of the costs of compensation and related expenses of our chief financial officer and chief compliance officer, and their respective staffs. The Administrator may also provide on our behalf managerial assistance to our portfolio companies. The Administration Agreement may be terminated by us or the Administrator without penalty upon 60 days' written notice to the other party. Pursuant to the Administration Agreement, and further restricted by us, expenses payable to the Administrator by us as well as other direct and indirect expenses (excluding interest, other credit facility expenses, trading expenses and management and incentive fees) had been capped at \$3.5 million for the time period from April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013 and capped at \$4.25 million for the time period from April 1, 2013 to March 31, 2014. The expense cap expired on March 31, 2014. Thereafter, the Administrator may, in its own discretion, submit to us for reimbursement some or all of the expenses that the Administrator has incurred on our behalf during any quarterly period. As a result, the amount of expenses for which we will have to reimburse the Administrator may fluctuate in future quarterly periods and there can be no assurance given as to when, or if, the Administrator may determine to limit the expenses that the Administrator submits to us for reimbursement in the future. However, it is expected that the Administrator will continue to support part of our expense burden in the near future.

The Administration Agreement provides that, absent willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence in the performance of their respective duties or by reason of the reckless disregard of their respective duties and obligations, the Administrator and its officers, managers, agents, employees, controlling persons, members and any other person or entity affiliated with it are entitled to indemnification from us for any damages, liabilities, costs and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees and amounts reasonably paid in settlement) arising from the rendering of services under the Administration Agreement or otherwise as administrator for us.

### LICENSE AGREEMENT

We, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator have entered into a royalty-free Trademark License Agreement, as amended, with New Mountain Capital, pursuant to which New Mountain Capital has agreed to grant us, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator a non-exclusive, royalty-free license to use the name "New Mountain" and "New Mountain Finance". Under this Trademark License Agreement, as amended, subject to certain conditions, we, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator have a right to use the "New Mountain" and the "New Mountain Finance" names for so long as the Investment Adviser or one of its affiliates remains our investment adviser. Other than with respect to this limited license, we, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator have no legal right to the "New Mountain" and the "New Mountain Finance" names.

**CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS**

We have entered into an Investment Advisory and Management Agreement with the Investment Adviser. Pursuant to the Investment Advisory and Management Agreement, payments will be equal to (a) a base management fee of 1.75% of the value of our gross assets and (b) an incentive fee based on our performance. Steven B. Klinsky, through his financial interest in the Investment Adviser, is entitled to a portion of any profits earned by the Investment Adviser, which includes any fees payable to the Investment Adviser under the terms of the Investment Advisory and Management Agreement, less expenses incurred by the Investment Adviser in performing its services under the Investment Advisory and Management Agreement. In addition, our executive officers and directors, as well as the current or future members of the Investment Adviser, serve or may serve as officers, directors or principals of entities that operate in the same or a related line of business as we do or of investment funds managed by our affiliates. Accordingly, they may have obligations to investors in those entities, the fulfillment of which might not be in our and our stockholders' best interests.

Although we are currently New Mountain Capital's only vehicle focused primarily on investing in first and second lien debt, unsecured notes and mezzanine securities, in the future, the principals of the Investment Adviser and/or New Mountain Capital employees that provide services pursuant to the Investment Advisory and Management Agreement may manage other funds which may from time to time have overlapping investment objectives with us and, accordingly, may invest in, whether principally or secondarily, asset classes similar to those targeted by us. If this occurs, the Investment Adviser may face conflicts of interest in allocating investment opportunities to us and such other funds. Although the investment professionals will endeavor to allocate investment opportunities in a fair and equitable manner, it is possible that we may not be given the opportunity to participate in certain investments made by investment funds managed by the Investment Adviser or persons affiliated with the Investment Adviser or that certain of these investment funds may be favored over us. When these investment professionals identify an investment, they will be forced to choose which investment fund should make the investment. Alternatively, depending on the availability of such investments and other appropriate factors, the Investment Adviser or its affiliates may determine that we should invest side-by-side with one or more other funds. Any such investments will be made only to the extent permitted by applicable law and interpretive positions of the SEC and its staff, and consistent with the Investment Adviser's allocation procedures.

We have entered into the Administration Agreement with the Administrator. The Administrator arranges office space for us and provides office equipment and administrative services necessary to conduct our day-to-day operations pursuant to the Administration Agreement. We reimburse the Administrator for the allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by it in performing its obligations to us under the Administration Agreement, including rent, the fees and expenses associated with performing administrative, finance, and compliance functions, and the compensation of our chief financial officer and chief compliance officer and their respective staffs. Pursuant to the Administration Agreement, as amended and restated, and further restricted by us, expenses payable to the Administrator by us as well as other direct and indirect expenses (excluding interest, other credit facility expenses, trading expenses and management and incentive fees) had been capped at \$3.5 million for the time period from April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013 and capped at \$4.25 million for the time period from April 1, 2013 to March 31, 2014. The expense cap expired on March 31, 2014. Thereafter, the Administrator may, in its own discretion, submit to us for reimbursement some or all of the expenses that the Administrator has incurred on our behalf during any quarterly period. As a result, the amount of expenses for which we will have to reimburse the Administrator may fluctuate in future quarterly periods and there can be no assurance given as to when, or if, the Administrator may determine to limit the expenses that the Administrator submits to us for reimbursement in the future. However, it is expected that the Administrator will continue to support part of our expense burden in the near future.

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We, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator have entered into a royalty-free Trademark License Agreement, as amended, with New Mountain Capital, pursuant to which New Mountain Capital has agreed to grant us, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator a non-exclusive, royalty-free license to use the name "New Mountain" and "New Mountain Finance". Under this Trademark License Agreement, as amended, subject to certain conditions, we, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator have a right to use the "New Mountain" and the "New Mountain Finance" names for so long as the Investment Adviser or one of its affiliates remains our investment adviser. Other than with respect to this limited license, we, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator have no legal right to the "New Mountain" and the "New Mountain Finance" names.

Concurrently with the closing of NMFC's initial public offering, NMFC sold 2,172,000 shares of its common stock to certain executives and employees of, and other individuals affiliated with, New Mountain Capital in a separate private placement at the initial public offering price per share.

NMFC is a party to a Registration Rights Agreement with Steven B. Klinsky (the Chairman of our board of directors), an entity related to Steven B. Klinsky and the Investment Adviser. Subject to several exceptions, the Investment Adviser has the right to require NMFC to register for public resale under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, all registerable securities that are held by the Investment Adviser and that it requests to be registered. Registerable securities subject to the Registration Rights Agreement are shares of NMFC's common stock issued to the Investment Adviser and any of its transferees. The rights under the Registration Rights Agreement can be conditionally exercised by the Investment Adviser, meaning that prior to the effectiveness of the registration statement related to the shares, the Investment Adviser can withdraw its request to have the shares registered. The Investment Adviser may assign its rights to any person that acquires registerable securities subject to the Registration Rights Agreement and who agrees to be bound by the terms of the Registration Rights Agreement. Steven B. Klinsky (and a related entity) will have the right to "piggyback", or include his own registrable securities in such a registration.

Holders of registerable securities have "piggyback" registration rights, which means that these holders may include their respective shares in any future registrations of NMFC's equity securities, whether or not that registration relates to a primary offering by NMFC or a secondary offering by or on behalf of any of NMFC's stockholders. The Investment Adviser and Steven B. Klinsky (and a related entity) have priority over NMFC in any registration that is an underwritten offering.

The Investment Adviser and Steven B. Klinsky (and a related entity) will be responsible for the expenses of any demand registration (including underwriters' discounts or commissions) and their pro-rata share of any "piggyback" registration. NMFC has agreed to indemnify the Investment Adviser and Steven B. Klinsky (and a related entity) with respect to liabilities resulting from untrue statements or omissions in any registration statement filed pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement, other than untrue statements or omissions resulting from information furnished to NMFC by such parties. The Investment Adviser and Steven B. Klinsky (and a related entity) have also agreed to indemnify NMFC with respect to liabilities resulting from untrue statements or omissions furnished by them to NMFC relating to them in any registration statement.

In the ordinary course of business, we may enter into transactions with portfolio companies that may be considered related party transactions. In order to ensure that we do not engage in any prohibited transactions with any persons affiliated with us, we have implemented certain policies and procedures whereby our executive officers screen each of our transactions for any possible affiliations between the proposed portfolio investment, us, companies controlled by us and our employees and directors. We will not enter into any agreements unless and until we are satisfied that doing so will not raise concerns under the 1940 Act or, if such concerns exist, we have taken appropriate actions to seek board review and approval or exemptive relief for such transaction. Our board of directors reviews these procedures on a quarterly basis.

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We have adopted a Code of Ethics which applies to, among others, our senior officers, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, as well as all of our officers, directors and employees. Our Code of Ethics requires that all employees and directors avoid any conflict, or the appearance of a conflict, between an individual's personal interests and our interests. Pursuant to such Code of Ethics, each employee and director must disclose any conflicts of interest, or actions or relationships that might give rise to a conflict, to our chief compliance officer.

**CONTROL PERSONS AND PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS**

The following table sets forth information with respect to the beneficial ownership of NMFC's common stock by:

each person known to us to beneficially own 5.0% or more of the outstanding shares of NMFC's common stock;

each of NMFC's directors and each executive officer individually; and

all of NMFC's directors and executive officers as a group.

Beneficial ownership has been determined in accordance with Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act and includes voting or investment power (including the power to dispose) with respect to the securities. Assumes no other purchases or sales of securities since the most recently available SEC filings. This assumption has been made under the rules and regulations of the SEC and does not reflect any knowledge that NMFC has with respect to the present intent of the beneficial owners of the securities listed in the table below.

Percentage of beneficial ownership below takes into account 51,993,000 shares of common stock of NMFC outstanding as of June 23, 2014. Unless otherwise indicated, the address for each listed holder is c/o New Mountain Finance Corporation, 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019.

Name	Type of Ownership in NMFC	NMFC Shares	
		Number	Percentage
<b>Executive Officers:</b>			
Paula A. Bosco	Direct	13,897	*
David M. Cordova	Direct	3,142	*
John R. Kline	Direct	17,477	*
<b>Interested Directors:</b>			
Steven B. Klinsky(1)	Direct and Beneficial	2,553,760	4.9%
Robert A. Hamwee	Direct	155,638	*
Adam B. Weinstein	Direct	29,134	*
<b>Independent Directors:</b>			
Albert F. Hurley, Jr.	Direct	23,113	*
David R. Malpass	Direct	75,211	*
David Ogens	Direct	20,652	*
Kurt J. Wolfgruber	Direct	30,819	*
<b>All executive officers and directors as a group (10 persons)</b>	Direct and Beneficial	2,922,843	5.6%

\*

Represents less than 1.0%.

(1)

Mr. Klinsky directly owns 1,801,959 shares of NMFC's common stock. The Steven B. Klinsky Trust directly owns 112,305 shares of NMFC's common stock. The Steven B. Klinsky Non-GST Exempt Trust holds 639,496 shares.



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The following table sets forth the dollar range of NMFC equity securities over which holders of NMFC's common stock have voting power that is beneficially owned by each of NMFC's directors.

	<b>Dollar Range of Equity Securities Beneficially Owned(1)(2)(3)</b>
<b>Interested Directors:</b>	
Steven B. Klinsky	Over \$100,000
Robert A. Hamwee	Over \$100,000
Adam B. Weinstein	Over \$100,000
<b>Independent Directors:</b>	
David Ogens(4)	Over \$100,000
Albert F. Hurley, Jr.	Over \$100,000
David R. Malpass	Over \$100,000
Kurt J. Wolfgruber	Over \$100,000

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- (1) Beneficial ownership has been determined in accordance with Exchange Act Rule 16a-1(a)(2).
- (2) The dollar range of equity securities beneficially owned in NMFC is based on the closing price for NMFC's common stock of \$14.37 per share on June 23, 2014 on the NYSE.
- (3) The dollar range of equity securities beneficially owned are: None, \$1 - \$10,000, \$10,001 - \$50,000, \$50,001 - \$100,000 or over \$100,000.
- (4) Mr. Ogens is the beneficial owner of a limited partnership interest in New Mountain Partners, L.P. and New Mountain Partners II, L.P. that is held by Ogens Family, Inc.

### SELLING STOCKHOLDERS

This prospectus also relates to [ ] shares of NMFC's common stock being offered for resale on behalf of the stockholders identified below. The stockholders acquired the shares from us in connection with our formation transactions prior to the IPO and the Concurrent Private Placement. We are registering the shares to permit the stockholders and their pledgees, donees, transferees and other successors-in-interest that receive their shares from a stockholder as a gift, partnership distribution or other non-sale related transfer after the date of this prospectus to resell the shares when and as they deem appropriate. We do not know how long the stockholders will hold the shares before selling them, if at all, or how many shares they will sell, if any, and we currently have no agreements, arrangements or understandings with any of the stockholders regarding the sale of any of the resale shares.

The following table sets forth:

the name of the stockholders;

the number and percent of shares of NMFC's common stock that the stockholders beneficially owned prior to the offering for resale of the shares under this prospectus;

the number of shares of NMFC's common stock that may be offered for resale for the account of the stockholders under this prospectus; and

the number and percent of shares of NMFC's common stock to be beneficially owned by the stockholders after the offering of the resale shares (assuming all of the offered resale shares are sold by the stockholders).

The number of shares in the column "Number of Shares Being Offered" represents all of the shares that each stockholder may offer under this prospectus. The shares offered by this prospectus may be offered from time to time by the stockholders listed below.

This table is prepared solely based on information supplied to us by the listed stockholders and any public documents filed with the SEC, and assumes the sale of all of the resale shares. The applicable percentages of beneficial ownership are based on an aggregate of 51,993,000 shares of NMFC's common stock issued and outstanding on June 23, 2014, adjusted as may be required by rules promulgated by the SEC.

Beneficial ownership has been determined in accordance with Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act and includes voting or investment power (including the power to dispose) with respect to the securities. Assumes no other purchases or sales of securities since the most recently available SEC filings. This assumption has been made under the rules and regulations of the SEC and does not reflect any

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knowledge that NMFC has with respect to the present intent of the beneficial owners of the securities listed in the table below.

Stockholders	Shares Beneficially Owned Prior to Offering		Number of Shares Being Offered	Shares Beneficially Owned After Offering	
	Number	Percent		Number	Percent
Steven B. Klinsky(1)	1,801,959	3.5%	1,246,912	555,047	1.1%
Steven B. Klinsky Trust(2)	112,305	*	68,965	43,340	*
Steven B. Klinsky Non-GST Exempt Trust(2)	639,496	1.2%	547,500	91,996	*
Robert A. Hamwee(1)	155,638	*	68,965	86,673	*
Adam B. Weinstein(1)	29,134	*	8,621	20,513	*
Paula A. Bosco(1)	13,897	*	1,724	12,173	*
John R. Kline(1)	17,477	*	6,897	10,580	*
Other(3)	574,485	1.1%	222,416	352,069	*
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,344,391</b>	<b>6.4%</b>	<b>2,172,000</b>	<b>1,172,391</b>	<b>2.3%</b>

\*  
Less than 1.0%.

(1)  
Reflects an officer and/or director of NMFC.

(2)  
Steven B. Klinsky is the trustee of the Steven B. Klinsky Trust and the Steven B. Klinsky Non-GST Exempt Trust and has voting and investment power with respect to the shares of NMFC's common stock held by the Steven B. Klinsky Trust and the Steven B. Klinsky Non-GST Exempt Trust.

(3)  
Represents selling stockholders who, collectively, own less than 1.0% of total shares of NMFC's common stock outstanding on a fully converted basis. These selling stockholders are employees and/or affiliates of New Mountain Capital Group, L.L.C., which is an affiliate of NMFC.

## DETERMINATION OF NET ASSET VALUE

### Quarterly Net Asset Value Determinations

We conduct the valuation of assets, pursuant to which our net asset value is determined, at all times consistent with GAAP and the 1940 Act. We determine our net asset value on a quarterly basis, or more frequently if required under the 1940 Act.

We apply fair value accounting in accordance with GAAP. We value our assets on a quarterly basis, or more frequently if required under the 1940 Act. In all cases, our board of directors is ultimately and solely responsible for determining the fair value of our portfolio investments on a quarterly basis in good faith, including investments that are not publicly traded, those whose market prices are not readily available, and any other situation where our portfolio investments require a fair value determination. Security transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Our quarterly valuation procedures are set forth in more detail below:

- (1) Investments for which market quotations are readily available on an exchange are valued at such market quotations based on the closing price indicated from independent pricing services.
- (2) Investments for which indicative prices are obtained from various pricing services and/or brokers or dealers are valued through a multi-step valuation process, as described below, to determine whether the quote(s) obtained is representative of fair value in accordance with GAAP.
  - a. Bond quotes are obtained through independent pricing services. Internal reviews are performed by the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser to ensure that the quote obtained is representative of fair value in accordance with GAAP and if so, the quote is used. If the Investment Adviser is unable to sufficiently validate the quote(s) internally and if the investment's par value or its fair value exceeds the materiality threshold, the investment is valued similarly to those assets with no readily available quotes (see (3) below);
  - b. For investments other than bonds, the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser look at the number of quotes readily available and perform the following:
    - i. Investments for which two or more quotes are received from a pricing service are valued using the mean of the mean of the bid and ask of the quotes obtained;
    - ii. Investments for which one quote is received from a pricing service are validated internally. The investment professionals of the Investment Adviser analyze the market quotes obtained using an array of valuation methods (further described below) to validate the fair value. If the Investment Adviser is unable to sufficiently validate the quote internally and if the investment's par value or its fair value exceeds the materiality threshold, the investment is valued similarly to those assets with no readily available quotes (see (3) below).
- (3) Investments for which quotations are not readily available through exchanges, pricing services, brokers, or dealers are valued through a multi-step valuation process:
  - a. Each portfolio company or investment is initially valued by the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser responsible for the credit monitoring;
  - b. Preliminary valuation conclusions will then be documented and discussed with our senior management;
  - c. If an investment falls into (3) above for four consecutive quarters and if the investment's par value or its fair value exceeds the materiality threshold, then at least once each fiscal



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year, the valuation for each portfolio investment for which the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser do not have a readily available market quotation will be reviewed by an independent valuation firm engaged by our board of directors; and

d.

When deemed appropriate by our management, an independent valuation firm may be engaged to review and value investment(s) of a portfolio company, without any preliminary valuation being performed by the Investment Adviser. The investment professionals of the Investment Adviser will review and validate the value provided.

The values assigned to investments are based upon available information and do not necessarily represent amounts which might ultimately be realized, since such amounts depend on future circumstances and cannot be reasonably determined until the individual positions are liquidated. Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of certain investments may fluctuate from period to period and the fluctuations could be material.

### **Determinations in Connection with Offerings**

In connection with future offering of shares of NMFC's common stock, NMFC's board of directors or an authorized committee thereof will be required to make the determination that it is not selling shares of NMFC's common stock at a price below the then current net asset value of NMFC's common stock at the time at which the sale is made. NMFC's board of directors or an authorized committee thereof will consider the following factors, among others, in making such determination:

the net asset value per share of NMFC's common stock disclosed in the most recent periodic report that we filed with the SEC;

NMFC's management's assessment of whether any material change in the net asset value per share of its common stock has occurred (including through the realization of gains on the sale of our portfolio securities) during the period beginning on the date of the most recently disclosed net asset value per share of NMFC's common stock and ending two days prior to the date of the sale of NMFC's common stock; and

the magnitude of the difference between (i) a value that NMFC's Board of Directors or an authorized committee thereof has determined reflects the current net asset value of NMFC's common stock, which is based upon the net asset value of NMFC's common stock disclosed in the most recent periodic report that NMFC filed with the SEC, as adjusted to reflect NMFC's management's assessment of any material change in the net asset value of its common stock since the date of the most recently disclosed net asset value of NMFC's common stock, and (ii) the offering price of the shares of NMFC's common stock in the proposed offering.

Moreover, to the extent that there is even a remote possibility that NMFC may (i) issue shares of its common stock at a price per share below the then current net asset value per share of its common stock at the time at which the sale is made or (ii) trigger the undertaking (which we provide in certain registration statements we file with the SEC) to suspend the offering of shares of its common stock if the net asset value per share of NMFC's common stock fluctuates by certain amounts in certain circumstances until the prospectus is amended, NMFC's board of directors will elect, in the case of clause (i) above, either to postpone the offering until such time that there is no longer the possibility of the occurrence of such event or to undertake to determine the net asset value per share of its common stock within two days prior to any such sale to ensure that such sale will not be below its then current net asset value per share, and, in the case of clause (ii) above, to comply with such undertaking or to undertake to determine the net asset value per share of its common stock to ensure that such undertaking has not been triggered.

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These processes and procedures are part of our compliance policies and procedures. Records will be made contemporaneously with all determinations described in this section and these records will be maintained with other records that NMFC is required to maintain under the 1940 Act.

**DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN**

We have adopted a dividend reinvestment plan that provides for reinvestment of our distributions on behalf of our stockholders, unless a stockholder elects to receive cash as provided below. As a result, if our board of directors authorizes, and we declare, a cash distribution, then our stockholders who have not "opted out" of the dividend reinvestment plan will have their cash distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, rather than receiving the cash distributions.

No action will be required on the part of a registered stockholder to have their cash distributions reinvested in shares of our common stock. A registered stockholder may elect to receive an entire distribution in cash by notifying American Stock Transfer and Trust Company, LLC the plan administrator and our transfer agent and registrar, in writing, by phone or through the internet so that such notice is received by the plan administrator no later than three days prior to the payment date for distributions to stockholders. The plan administrator will set up an account for shares acquired through the plan for each stockholder who has not elected to receive distributions in cash and hold such shares in non-certificated form. Upon request by a stockholder participating in the plan, received in writing, by phone or through the internet at any time, the plan administrator will, instead of crediting shares to the participant's account, issue a certificate registered in the participant's name for the number of whole shares of our common stock and a check for any fractional share less a transaction fee of the lesser of (i) \$15.00 and (ii) the price of the fractional share.

Cash distributions reinvested in additional shares of our common stock will be automatically reinvested by us in shares of our common stock. We will use only newly issued shares to implement the plan if the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited is equal to or greater than 110.0% of the last determined net asset value of the shares. Under such circumstances, the number of shares to be issued to a stockholder is determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to such stockholder by the market price per share of our common stock at the close of regular trading on the NYSE on the distribution payment date. Market price per share on that date will be the closing price for such shares on the NYSE or, if no sale is reported for such day, the average of their electronically reported bid and asked prices. We reserve the right to purchase its shares in the open market in connection with its implementation of the plan if the price at which its newly issued shares are to be credited does not exceed 110.0% of the last determined net asset value of the shares. Shares purchased in open market transactions by the plan administrator will be allocated to a stockholder based on the average purchase price, excluding any brokerage charges or other charges, of all shares of common stock purchased in the open market. The number of shares of our common stock to be outstanding after giving effect to payment of the distribution cannot be established until the value per share at which additional shares will be issued has been determined and elections of our stockholders have been tabulated.

There will be no brokerage charges or other charges for dividend reinvestment to stockholders who participate in the plan. We will pay the plan administrator's fees under the plan. If a participant elects by written, telephone, or internet notice to the plan administrator to have the plan administrator sell part or all of the shares held by the plan administrator in the participant's account and remit the proceeds to the participant, the plan administrator is authorized to deduct a \$15.00 transaction fee plus a \$0.10 per share brokerage commissions from the proceeds.

Stockholders who receive distributions in the form of stock generally are subject to the same U.S. federal income tax consequences as are stockholders who elect to receive their distributions in cash. A stockholder's basis for determining gain or loss upon the sale of stock received in a distribution from us will be equal to the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to the stockholder. Any stock received in a distribution will have a holding period for tax purposes commencing on the day following the day on which the shares are credited to the U.S. stockholder's account.



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Participants may terminate their accounts under the plan by notifying the plan administrator via its website at [www.amstock.com](http://www.amstock.com), by filling out the transaction request form located at the bottom of their statement and sending it to the plan administrator at American Stock Transfer and Trust Company, LLC, P.O. Box 922, Wall Street Station, New York, New York 10269, Attention: Plan Administration Department, or by calling the plan administrator at (888) 333-0212.

All correspondence concerning the plan should be directed to the plan administrator by mail at American Stock Transfer and Trust Company, LLC, P.O. Box 922, Wall Street Station, New York, New York 10269, or by telephone at (888) 333-0212.

## DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES

This prospectus contains a summary of our common stock, preferred stock, subscription rights, warrants and debt securities. These summaries are not meant to be a complete description of each security. However, this prospectus contains the material terms and conditions for each security.

## DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK

*The following description is based on relevant portions of the Delaware General Corporation Law, NMFC's amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws. This summary is not necessarily complete, and we refer you to the Delaware General Corporation Law, NMFC's amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws for a more detailed description of the provisions summarized below.*

### Capital Stock

NMFC's authorized capital stock consists of 100,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of which 51,993,000 shares are outstanding as of June 23, 2014. NMFC's common stock is listed on the NYSE under the ticker symbol "NMFC". No stock has been authorized for issuance under any equity compensation plans. Under Delaware law, NMFC's stockholders generally will not be personally liable for our debts or obligations.

The following are NMFC's outstanding classes of securities as of June 23, 2014:

(1) Title of Class	(2) Amount Authorized	(3) Amount Held by NMFC or for Its Account	(4) Amount Outstanding Exclusive of Amount Under Column 3
Common Stock	100,000,000		51,993,000
Preferred Stock	2,000,000		

**Common Stock**

Under the terms of NMFC's amended and restated certificate of incorporation, all shares of NMFC's common stock will have equal rights as to earnings, assets, dividends and voting and, when they are issued, will be duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable. Distributions may be paid to the holders of NMFC's common stock if, as and when authorized by NMFC's board of directors and declared by NMFC out of funds legally available therefore. Shares of NMFC's common stock will have no preemptive, exchange, conversion or redemption rights and will be freely transferable, except where their transfer is restricted by federal and state securities laws or by contract. In the event of NMFC's liquidation, dissolution or winding up, each share of its common stock would be entitled to share ratably in all of its assets that are legally available for distribution after it pays all debts and other liabilities and subject to any preferential rights of holders of its preferred stock, if any preferred stock is outstanding at such time. Each share of NMFC's common stock will be entitled to one vote on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholders, including the election of directors. Except as provided with respect to any other class or series of stock, the holders of NMFC's common stock will possess exclusive voting power. There will be no cumulative voting in the election of directors, which means that holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of common stock will be able to elect all of NMFC's directors (other than directors to be elected solely by the holders of preferred stock), and holders of less than a majority of such shares will be unable to elect any director.

### **Preferred Stock**

NMFC's amended and restated certificate of incorporation authorizes its board of directors to issue preferred stock. Prior to the issuance of shares of each class or series, the board of directors is

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required by Delaware law and by NMFC's amended and restated certificate of incorporation to set the terms, preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to dividends or other distributions, qualifications and terms or conditions of redemption for each class or series. Thus, the board of directors could authorize the issuance of shares of preferred stock with terms and conditions which could have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a transaction or a change in control that might involve a premium price for holders of NMFC's common stock or otherwise be in their best interest. You should note, however, that any issuance of preferred stock must comply with the requirements of the 1940 Act. The 1940 Act requires, among other things, that (1) immediately after issuance and before any dividend or other distribution is made with respect to NMFC's common stock and before any purchase of common stock is made, such preferred stock together with all other senior securities must not exceed an amount equal to 50.0% of NMFC's total assets after deducting the amount of such dividend, distribution or purchase price, as the case may be, and (2) the holders of shares of preferred stock, if any are issued, must be entitled as a class to elect two directors at all times and to elect a majority of the directors if dividends on such preferred stock are in arrears by two full years or more. Certain matters under the 1940 Act require the separate vote of the holders of any issued and outstanding preferred stock. For example, holders of preferred stock would vote separately from the holders of common stock on a proposal to cease operations as a BDC. We believe that the availability for issuance by NMFC of preferred stock will provide us with increased flexibility in structuring future financings and acquisitions. However, NMFC does not currently have any plans to issue preferred stock.

### *Limitation on Liability of Directors and Officers; Indemnification and Advance of Expenses*

The Delaware General Corporation Law authorizes corporations to limit or eliminate the personal liability of directors to corporations and their stockholders for monetary damages for breaches of directors' fiduciary duties. NMFC's amended and restated certificate of incorporation will include a provision that eliminates the personal liability of its directors for monetary damages for actions taken as a director, except for liability:

for breach of duty of loyalty;

for acts or omissions not in good faith or involving intentional misconduct or knowing violation of law;

under Section 174 of the DGCL (unlawful dividends); or

for transactions from which the director derived improper personal benefit.

Under NMFC's amended and restated bylaws, NMFC will fully indemnify any person who was or is involved in any actual or threatened action, suit or proceeding by reason of the fact that such person is or was one of NMFC's directors or officers. So long as NMFC is regulated under the 1940 Act, the above indemnification and limitation of liability is limited by the 1940 Act or by any valid rule, regulation or order of the SEC thereunder. The 1940 Act provides, among other things, that a company may not indemnify any director or officer against liability to it or its security holders to which he or she might otherwise be subject by reason of his or her willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of his or her office unless a determination is made by final decision of a court, by vote of a majority of a quorum of directors who are disinterested, non-party directors or by independent legal counsel that the liability for which indemnification is sought did not arise out of the foregoing conduct.

Delaware law also provides that indemnification permitted under the law shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which the directors and officers may be entitled under the corporation's bylaws, any agreement, a vote of stockholders or otherwise.

NMFC has obtained liability insurance for its officers and directors.

***Delaware Law and Certain Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaw Provisions; Anti-Takeover Measures***

Certain provisions of NMFC's amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws, as summarized below, and applicable provisions of the Delaware General Corporation Law and certain other agreements to which NMFC is a party may make it more difficult for or prevent an unsolicited third party from acquiring control of NMFC or changing its board of directors and management. These provisions may have the effect of deterring hostile takeovers or delaying changes in NMFC's control or in its management. These provisions are intended to enhance the likelihood of continued stability in the composition of NMFC's board of directors and in the policies furnished by them and to discourage certain types of transactions that may involve an actual or threatened change in NMFC's control. The provisions also are intended to discourage certain tactics that may be used in proxy fights. These provisions, however, could have the effect of discouraging others from making tender offers for NMFC's shares and, as a consequence, they also may inhibit fluctuations in the market price of NMFC's shares that could result from actual or rumored takeover attempts.

***Classified Board; Vacancies; Removal.*** The classification of NMFC's board of directors and the limitations on removal of directors and filling of vacancies could have the effect of making it more difficult for a third party to acquire NMFC, or of discouraging a third party from acquiring NMFC. NMFC's board of directors will be divided into three classes, with the term of one class expiring at each annual meeting of stockholders. At each annual meeting, one class of directors is elected to a three-year term. This provision could delay for up to two years the replacement of a majority of the board of directors.

NMFC's amended and restated certificate of incorporation provides that, subject to the applicable requirements of the 1940 Act and the rights of any holders of preferred stock, any vacancy on the board of directors, however the vacancy occurs, including a vacancy due to an enlargement of the board, may only be filled by vote a majority of the directors then in office.

A director may be removed at any time at a meeting called for that purpose, but only for cause and only by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least 75.0% of the shares then entitled to vote for the election of the respective director.

***Advance Notice Requirements for Stockholder Proposals and Director Nominations.*** NMFC's amended and restated bylaws provide that with respect to an annual meeting of stockholders, nominations of persons for election to the board of directors and the proposal of business to be considered by stockholders may be made only (1) by or at the direction of the board of directors or (2) by a stockholder who is entitled to vote at the meeting and who has complied with the advance notice procedures of the amended and restated bylaws. Nominations of persons for election to the board of directors at a special meeting may be made only (1) by or at the direction of the board of directors or (2) provided that the board of directors has determined that directors will be elected at the meeting, by a stockholder who is entitled to vote at the meeting and who has complied with the advance notice provisions of the amended and restated bylaws. The purpose of requiring stockholders to give NMFC advance notice of nominations and other business is to afford NMFC's board of directors a meaningful opportunity to consider the qualifications of the proposed nominees and the advisability of any other proposed business and, to the extent deemed necessary or desirable by NMFC's board of directors, to inform its stockholders and make recommendations about such qualifications or business, as well as to approve a more orderly procedure for conducting meetings of stockholders. Although NMFC's amended and restated bylaws do not give its board of directors any power to disapprove stockholder nominations for the election of directors or proposals recommending certain action, they may have the effect of precluding a contest for the election of directors or the consideration of stockholder proposals if proper procedures are not followed and of discouraging or deterring a third party from conducting a solicitation of proxies to elect its own slate of directors or to approve its own proposal without regard

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to whether consideration of such nominees or proposals might be harmful or beneficial to NMFC and its stockholders.

**Amendments to Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws.** Delaware's corporation law provides generally that the affirmative vote of a majority of the shares entitled to vote on any matter is required to amend a corporation's certificate of incorporation or bylaws, unless a corporation's certificate of incorporation or bylaws requires a greater percentage. NMFC's amended and restated certificate of incorporation will provide that the following provisions, among others, may be amended by its stockholders only by a vote of at least two-thirds of the shares of NMFC's capital stock entitled to vote:

the classification of its board of directors;

the removal of directors;

the limitation on stockholder action by written consent;

the limitation of directors' personal liability to NMFC or its stockholders for breach of fiduciary duty as a director;

the ability to call a Special Meeting of Stockholders being vested in NMFC's board of directors, the chairperson of its board, NMFC's chief executive officer and in the holders of at least fifty (50) percent of the voting power of all shares of capital stock of NMFC generally entitled to vote on the election of directors then outstanding subject to certain procedures; and

the amendment provision requiring that the above provisions be amended only with a two-thirds supermajority vote.

The amended and restated bylaws generally can be amended by approval of (i) a majority of the total number of authorized directors or (ii) the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds of the shares of NMFC's capital stock entitled to vote.

**Calling of Special Meetings by Stockholders.** NMFC's certificate of incorporation and bylaws also provide that special meetings of the stockholders may only be called by NMFC's board of directors, the chairperson of its board, NMFC's chief executive officer or upon the request of the holders of at least 50.0% of the voting power of all shares of capital stock of NMFC, generally entitled to vote on the election of directors then outstanding, subject to certain limitations.

**Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law.** We will not be subject to Section 203 of the DGCL, an anti-takeover law. In general, Section 203 prohibits a publicly-held Delaware corporation from engaging in a "business combination" with an "interested stockholder" for a period of three years following the date the person became an interested stockholder, unless (with certain exceptions) the "business combination" or the transaction in which the person became an interested stockholder is approved in a prescribed manner. Generally, a "business combination" includes a merger, asset or stock sale, or other transaction resulting in a financial benefit to the interested stockholder. Generally, an "interested stockholder" is a person who, together with affiliates and associates, owns (or within three years prior to the determination of interested stockholder status, did own) 15.0% or more of a corporation's voting stock. In our certificate of incorporation, we have elected not to be bound by Section 203.

The Credit Facilities also include change of control provisions that accelerate the indebtedness under the Credit Facilities in the event of certain change of control events. If certain transactions were engaged in without the consent of the lender, repayment obligations under the Credit Facilities could be accelerated.

### DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED STOCK

In addition to shares of common stock, NMFC has 2,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01, of which no shares are currently outstanding. If we offer preferred stock under this prospectus, we will issue an appropriate prospectus supplement. We may issue preferred stock from time to time in one or more classes or series, without stockholder approval. Prior to issuance of shares of each class or series, our board of directors is required by Delaware law and by our charter to set the terms, preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to dividends or other distributions, qualifications and terms or conditions of redemption for each class or series. Any such an issuance must adhere to the requirements of the 1940 Act, Delaware law and any other limitations imposed by law.

The 1940 Act currently requires, among other things, that (a) immediately after issuance and before any distribution is made with respect to common stock, the liquidation preference of the preferred stock, together with all other senior securities, must not exceed an amount equal to 50.0% of our total assets (taking into account such distribution), (b) the holders of shares of preferred stock, if any are issued, must be entitled as a class to elect two directors at all times and to elect a majority of the directors if dividends on the preferred stock are in arrears by two years or more and (c) such class of stock have complete priority over any other class of stock as to distribution of assets and payment of dividends, which dividends shall be cumulative.

For any series of preferred stock that we may issue, our board of directors will determine and the amendment to the charter and the prospectus supplement relating to such series will describe:

the designation and number of shares of such series;

the rate and time at which, and the preferences and conditions under which, any dividends will be paid on shares of such series, as well as whether such dividends are participating or non-participating;

any provisions relating to convertibility or exchangeability of the shares of such series, including adjustments to the conversion price of such series;

the rights and preferences, if any, of holders of shares of such series upon our liquidation, dissolution or winding up of our affairs;

the voting powers, if any, of the holders of shares of such series;

any provisions relating to the redemption of the shares of such series;

any limitations on our ability to pay dividends or make distributions on, or acquire or redeem, other securities while shares of such series are outstanding;

any conditions or restrictions on our ability to issue additional shares of such series or other securities;

if applicable, a discussion of certain U.S. federal income tax considerations; and

any other relative powers, preferences and participating, optional or special rights of shares of such series, and the qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof.

All shares of preferred stock that we may issue will be identical and of equal rank except as to the particular terms thereof that may be fixed by our board of directors, and all shares of each series of preferred stock will be identical and of equal rank except as to the dates from which dividends, if any, thereon will be cumulative.



## DESCRIPTION OF SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS

### *General*

NMFC may issue subscription rights to its stockholders to purchase common stock. Subscription rights may be issued independently or together with any other offered security and may or may not be transferable by the person purchasing or receiving the subscription rights. In connection with a subscription rights offering to NMFC's stockholders, we would distribute certificates evidencing the subscription rights and a prospectus supplement to NMFC's stockholders on the record date that we set for receiving subscription rights in such subscription rights offering.

The applicable prospectus supplement would describe the following terms of subscription rights in respect of which this prospectus is being delivered:

the period of time the offering would remain open (which shall be open a minimum number of days such that all record holders would be eligible to participate in the offering and shall not be open longer than 120 days);

the title of such subscription rights;

the exercise price for such subscription rights (or method of calculation thereof);

the ratio of the offering (which, in the case of transferable rights, will require a minimum of three shares to be held of record before a person is entitled to purchase an additional share);

the number of such subscription rights issued to each stockholder;

the extent to which such subscription rights are transferable and the market on which they may be traded if they are transferable;

if applicable, a discussion of certain U.S. federal income tax considerations applicable to the issuance or exercise of such subscription rights;

the date on which the right to exercise such subscription rights shall commence, and the date on which such right shall expire (subject to any extension);

the extent to which such subscription rights include an over-subscription privilege with respect to unsubscribed securities and the terms of such over-subscription privilege;

any termination right we may have in connection with such subscription rights offering; and

any other terms of such subscription rights, including exercise, settlement and other procedures and limitations relating to the transfer and exercise of such subscription rights.

### *Exercise Of Subscription Rights*

Each subscription right would entitle the holder of the subscription right to purchase for cash such amount of shares of common stock at such exercise price as shall in each case be set forth in, or be determinable as set forth in, the prospectus supplement relating to the subscription



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rights offered thereby. Subscription rights may be exercised at any time up to the close of business on the expiration date for such subscription rights set forth in the prospectus supplement. After the close of business on the expiration date, all unexercised subscription rights would become void.

Subscription rights may be exercised as set forth in the prospectus supplement relating to the subscription rights offered thereby. Upon receipt of payment and the subscription rights certificate properly completed and duly executed at the corporate trust office of the subscription rights agent or any other office indicated in the prospectus supplement we will forward, as soon as practicable, the shares of common stock purchasable upon such exercise. To the extent permissible under applicable law, we may determine to offer any unsubscribed offered securities directly to persons other than

stockholders, to or through agents, underwriters or dealers or through a combination of such methods, as set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement.

***Dilutive Effects***

Any stockholder who chooses not to participate in a rights offering should expect to own a smaller interest in NMFC upon completion of such rights offering. Any rights offering will dilute the ownership interest and voting power of stockholders who do not fully exercise their subscription rights. Further, because the net proceeds per share from any rights offering may be lower than NMFC's then current net asset value per share, the rights offering may reduce NMFC's net asset value per share. The amount of dilution that a stockholder will experience could be substantial, particularly to the extent we engage in multiple rights offerings within a limited time period. In addition, the market price of NMFC's common stock could be adversely affected while a rights offering is ongoing as a result of the possibility that a significant number of additional shares may be issued upon completion of such rights offering. All of NMFC's stockholders will also indirectly bear the expenses associated with any rights offering we may conduct, regardless of whether they elect to exercise any rights.

**DESCRIPTION OF WARRANTS**

The following is a general description of the terms of the warrants NMFC may issue from time to time. Particular terms of any warrants NMFC offers will be described in the prospectus supplement relating to such warrants.

NMFC may issue warrants to purchase shares of NMFC's common stock. Such warrants may be issued independently or together with shares of common stock and may be attached or separate from such shares of common stock. NMFC will issue each series of warrants under a separate warrant agreement to be entered into between NMFC and a warrant agent. The warrant agent will act solely as NMFC's agent and will not assume any obligation or relationship of agency for or with holders or beneficial owners of warrants.

A prospectus supplement will describe the particular terms of any series of warrants we may issue, including the following:

the title of such warrants;

the aggregate number of such warrants;

the price or prices at which such warrants will be issued;

the currency or currencies, including composite currencies, in which the price of such warrants may be payable;

the number of shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of such warrants;

the price at which and the currency or currencies, including composite currencies, in which the shares of common stock purchasable upon exercise of such warrants may be purchased;

the date on which the right to exercise such warrants shall commence and the date on which such right will expire;

whether such warrants will be issued in registered form or bearer form;

if applicable, the minimum or maximum amount of such warrants which may be exercised at any one time;

if applicable, the number of such warrants issued with each share of common stock;

if applicable, the date on and after which such warrants and the related shares of common stock will be separately transferable;

information with respect to book-entry procedures, if any;

if applicable, a discussion of certain U.S. federal income tax considerations; and

any other terms of such warrants, including terms, procedures and limitations relating to the exchange and exercise of such warrants.

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NMFC and the warrant agent may amend or supplement the warrant agreement for a series of warrants without the consent of the holders of the warrants issued thereunder to effect changes that are not inconsistent with the provisions of the warrants and that do not materially and adversely affect the interests of the holders of the warrants.

Under the 1940 Act, NMFC may generally only offer warrants provided that (1) the warrants expire by their terms within ten years; (2) the exercise or conversion price is not less than the current market value at the date of issuance; (3) NMFC's stockholders authorize the proposal to issue such warrants, and NMFC's board of directors approves such issuance on the basis that the issuance is in the best interests of NMFC and its stockholders; and (4) if the warrants are accompanied by other

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securities, the warrants are not separately transferable unless no class of such warrants and the securities accompanying them has been publicly distributed. The 1940 Act also provides that the amount of NMFC's voting securities that would result from the exercise of all outstanding warrants at the time of issuance may not exceed 25.0% of NMFC's outstanding voting securities.

## DESCRIPTION OF DEBT SECURITIES

NMFC may issue debt securities in one or more series. The specific terms of each series of debt securities will be described in the particular prospectus supplement relating to that series. The prospectus supplement may or may not modify the general terms found in this prospectus and will be filed with the SEC. For a complete description of the terms of a particular series of debt securities, you should read both this prospectus and the prospectus supplement relating to that particular series.

As required by federal law for all bonds and notes of companies that are publicly offered, the debt securities are governed by a document called an "indenture." An indenture is a contract between NMFC and the financial institution acting as trustee on your behalf, and is subject to and governed by the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended. The trustee has two main roles. First, the trustee can enforce your rights against NMFC if it defaults. There are some limitations on the extent to which the trustee acts on your behalf, described in the second paragraph under "Events of Default Remedies if an Event of Default Occurs." Second, the trustee performs certain administrative duties for NMFC with respect to the debt securities.

This section includes a description of the material provisions of the indenture. Because this section is a summary, however, it does not describe every aspect of the debt securities and the indenture. We urge you to read the indenture because it, and not this description, defines your rights as a holder of debt securities. A copy of the form of indenture is attached as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. NMFC will file a supplemental indenture with the SEC in connection with any debt offering, at which time the supplemental indenture would be publicly available. See "Available Information" for information on how to obtain a copy of the indenture.

The prospectus supplement, which will accompany this prospectus, will describe the particular series of debt securities being offered by including:

the designation or title of the series of debt securities;

the total principal amount of the series of debt securities;

the percentage of the principal amount at which the series of debt securities will be offered;

the date or dates on which principal will be payable;

the rate or rates (which may be either fixed or variable) and/or the method of determining such rate or rates of interest, if any;

the date or dates from which any interest will accrue, or the method of determining such date or dates, and the date or dates on which any interest will be payable;

whether any interest may be paid by issuing additional securities of the same series in lieu of cash (and the terms upon which any such interest may be paid by issuing additional securities);

the terms for redemption, extension or early repayment, if any;

the currencies in which the series of debt securities are issued and payable;

whether the amount of payments of principal, premium or interest, if any, on a series of debt securities will be determined with reference to an index, formula or other method (which could be based on one or more currencies, commodities, equity indices or other indices) and how these amounts will be determined;

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the place or places, if any, other than or in addition to the Borough of Manhattan in the City of New York, of payment, transfer, conversion and/or exchange of the debt securities;

the denominations in which the offered debt securities will be issued (if other than \$1,000 and any integral multiple thereof);

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the provision for any sinking fund;

any restrictive covenants;

any Events of Default (as defined in "Events of Default" below);

whether the series of debt securities are issuable in certificated form;

any provisions for defeasance or covenant defeasance;

any special U.S. federal income tax implications, including, if applicable, U.S. federal income tax considerations relating to original issue discount;

whether and under what circumstances NMFC will pay additional amounts in respect of any tax, assessment or governmental charge and, if so, whether NMFC will have the option to redeem the debt securities rather than pay the additional amounts (and the terms of this option);

any provisions for convertibility or exchangeability of the debt securities into or for any other securities;

whether the debt securities are subject to subordination and the terms of such subordination;

whether the debt securities are secured and the terms of any security interest;

the listing, if any, on a securities exchange; and

any other terms.

The debt securities may be secured or unsecured obligations. Under the provisions of the 1940 Act, NMFC, as a BDC, is permitted to issue debt only in amounts such that its asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, equals at least 200% after each issuance of debt, but giving effect to any exemptive relief granted to NMFC by the SEC. Unless the prospectus supplement states otherwise, principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, will be paid by NMFC in immediately available funds.

### **General**

The indenture provides that any debt securities proposed to be sold under this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement ("offered debt securities") may be issued under the indenture in one or more series.

For purposes of this prospectus, any reference to the payment of principal of, or premium or interest, if any, on, debt securities will include additional amounts if required by the terms of the debt securities.

The indenture does not limit the amount of debt securities that may be issued thereunder from time to time. Debt securities issued under the indenture, when a single trustee is acting for all debt securities issued under the indenture, are called the "indenture securities." The indenture also provides that there may be more than one trustee thereunder, each with respect to one or more different series of indenture securities. See "Resignation of Trustee" below. At a time when two or more trustees are acting under the indenture, each with respect to only certain series, the term "indenture securities" means the one or more series of debt securities with respect to which each respective trustee is acting. In the event



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that there is more than one trustee under the indenture, the powers and trust obligations of each trustee described in this prospectus will extend only to the one or more series of indenture securities for which it is trustee. If two or more trustees are acting under the indenture, then the indenture securities for which each trustee is acting would be treated as if issued under separate indentures.

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Except as described under " Events of Default" and " Merger or Consolidation" below, the indenture does not contain any provisions that give you protection in the event NMFC issues a large amount of debt or NMFC is acquired by another entity.

We refer you to the prospectus supplement for information with respect to any deletions from, modifications of or additions to the Events of Default or NMFC's covenants, as applicable, that are described below, including any addition of a covenant or other provision providing event risk protection or similar protection.

NMFC has the ability to issue indenture securities with terms different from those of indenture securities previously issued and, without the consent of the holders thereof, to reopen a previous issue of a series of indenture securities and issue additional indenture securities of that series unless the reopening was restricted when that series was created.

No person from whom NMFC borrows will, in its capacity as either a lender or debt security holder, have either a veto power or a vote in approving or changing any of NMFC's operating policies or investment strategies, as applicable.

### **Conversion and Exchange**

If any debt securities are convertible into or exchangeable for other securities, the prospectus supplement will explain the terms and conditions of the conversion or exchange, including the conversion price or exchange ratio (or the calculation method), the conversion or exchange period (or how the period will be determined), if conversion or exchange will be mandatory or at the option of the holder or NMFC provisions for adjusting the conversion price or the exchange ratio and provisions affecting conversion or exchange in the event of the redemption of the underlying debt securities. These terms may also include provisions under which the number or amount of other securities to be received by the holders of the debt securities upon conversion or exchange would be calculated according to the market price of the other securities as of a time stated in the prospectus supplement.

### **Issuance of Securities in Registered Form**

NMFC may issue the debt securities in registered form, in which case NMFC may issue them either in book-entry form only or in "certificated" form. Debt securities issued in book-entry form will be represented by global securities. NMFC expects that it will usually issue debt securities in book-entry only form represented by global securities.

#### ***Book-Entry Holders***

NMFC will issue registered debt securities in book-entry form only, unless NMFC specifies otherwise in the applicable prospectus supplement. This means debt securities will be represented by one or more global securities registered in the name of a depository that will hold them on behalf of financial institutions that participate in the depository's book-entry system. These participating institutions, in turn, hold beneficial interests in the debt securities held by the depository or its nominee. These institutions may hold these interests on behalf of themselves or customers.

Under the indenture, only the person in whose name a debt security is registered is recognized as the holder of that debt security. Consequently, for debt securities issued in book-entry form, NMFC will recognize only the depository as the holder of the debt securities and NMFC will make all payments on the debt securities to the depository. The depository will then pass along the payments it receives to its participants, which in turn will pass the payments along to their customers who are the beneficial owners. The depository and its participants do so under agreements they have made with one another or with their customers; they are not obligated to do so under the terms of the debt securities.

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As a result, investors will not own debt securities directly. Instead, they will own beneficial interests in a global security, through a bank, broker or other financial institution that participates in the depositary's book-entry system or holds an interest through a participant. As long as the debt securities are represented by one or more global securities, investors will be indirect holders, and not holders, of the debt securities.

### *Street Name Holders*

In the future, NMFC may issue debt securities in certificated form or terminate a global security. In these cases, investors may choose to hold their debt securities in their own names or in "street name." Debt securities held in street name are registered in the name of a bank, broker or other financial institution chosen by the investor, and the investor would hold a beneficial interest in those debt securities through the account he or she maintains at that institution.

For debt securities held in street name, NMFC will recognize only the intermediary banks, brokers and other financial institutions in whose names the debt securities are registered as the holders of those debt securities, and NMFC will make all payments on those debt securities to them. These institutions will pass along the payments they receive to their customers who are the beneficial owners, but only because they agree to do so in their customer agreements or because they are legally required to do so. Investors who hold debt securities in street name will be indirect holders, and not holders, of the debt securities.

### *Legal Holders*

NMFC's obligations, as well as the obligations of the applicable trustee and those of any third parties employed by NMFC or the applicable trustee, run only to the legal holders of the debt securities. NMFC does not have obligations to investors who hold beneficial interests in global securities, in street name or by any other indirect means. This will be the case whether an investor chooses to be an indirect holder of a debt security or has no choice because NMFC is issuing the debt securities only in book-entry form.

For example, once NMFC makes a payment or gives a notice to the holder, NMFC has no further responsibility for the payment or notice even if that holder is required, under agreements with depositary participants or customers or by law, to pass it along to the indirect holders but does not do so. Similarly, if NMFC wants to obtain the approval of the holders for any purpose (for example, to amend an indenture or to relieve itself of the consequences of a default or of its obligation to comply with a particular provision of an indenture), NMFC would seek the approval only from the holders, and not the indirect holders, of the debt securities. Whether and how the holders contact the indirect holders is up to the holders.

When we refer to you in this Description of Debt Securities, we mean those who invest in the debt securities being offered by this prospectus, whether they are the holders or only indirect holders of those debt securities. When we refer to your debt securities, we mean the debt securities in which you hold a direct or indirect interest.

***Special Considerations for Indirect Holders***

If you hold debt securities through a bank, broker or other financial institution, either in book-entry form or in street name, we urge you to check with that institution to find out:

how it handles securities payments and notices;

whether it imposes fees or charges;

how it would handle a request for the holders' consent, if ever required;

whether and how you can instruct it to send you debt securities registered in your own name so you can be a holder, if that is permitted in the future for a particular series of debt securities;

how it would exercise rights under the debt securities if there were a default or other event triggering the need for holders to act to protect their interests; and

if the debt securities are in book-entry form, how the depository's rules and procedures will affect these matters.

**Global Securities**

As noted above, NMFC usually will issue debt securities as registered securities in book-entry form only. A global security represents one or any other number of individual debt securities. Generally, all debt securities represented by the same global securities will have the same terms.

Each debt security issued in book-entry form will be represented by a global security that NMFC deposits with and registers in the name of a financial institution or its nominee that NMFC selects. The financial institution that NMFC selects for this purpose is called the depository. Unless NMFC specifies otherwise in the applicable prospectus supplement, The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York, known as DTC, will be the depository for all debt securities issued in book-entry form.

A global security may not be transferred to or registered in the name of anyone other than the depository or its nominee, unless special termination situations arise. We describe those situations below under " Termination of a Global Security." As a result of these arrangements, the depository, or its nominee, will be the sole registered owner and holder of all debt securities represented by a global security, and investors will be permitted to own only beneficial interests in a global security. Beneficial interests must be held by means of an account with a broker, bank or other financial institution that in turn has an account with the depository or with another institution that has an account with the depository. Thus, an investor whose security is represented by a global security will not be a holder of the debt security, but only an indirect holder of a beneficial interest in the global security.

***Special Considerations for Global Securities***

As an indirect holder, an investor's rights relating to a global security will be governed by the account rules of the investor's financial institution and of the depository, as well as general laws relating to securities transfers. The depository that holds the global security will be considered the holder of the debt securities represented by the global security.

If debt securities are issued only in the form of a global security, an investor should be aware of the following:

an investor cannot cause the debt securities to be registered in his or her name and cannot obtain certificates for his or her interest in the debt securities, except in the special situations we describe below;



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an investor will be an indirect holder and must look to his or her own bank or broker for payments on the debt securities and protection of his or her legal rights relating to the debt securities, as we describe under " Issuance of Securities in Registered Form" above;

an investor may not be able to sell interests in the debt securities to some insurance companies and other institutions that are required by law to own their securities in non-book-entry form;

an investor may not be able to pledge his or her interest in a global security in circumstances where certificates representing the debt securities must be delivered to the lender or other beneficiary of the pledge in order for the pledge to be effective;

the depositary's policies, which may change from time to time, will govern payments, transfers, exchanges and other matters relating to an investor's interest in a global security. NMFC and the trustee have no responsibility for any aspect of the depositary's actions or for its records of ownership interests in a global security. NMFC and the trustee also do not supervise the depositary in any way;

if NMFC redeems less than all the debt securities of a particular series being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount to be redeemed from each of its participants holding that series;

an investor is required to give notice of exercise of any option to elect repayment of its debt securities, through its participant, to the applicable trustee and to deliver the related debt securities by causing its participant to transfer its interest in those debt securities, on DTC's records, to the applicable trustee;

DTC requires that those who purchase and sell interests in a global security deposited in its book-entry system use immediately available funds, your broker or bank may also require you to use immediately available funds when purchasing or selling interests in a global security;

financial institutions that participate in the depositary's book-entry system, and through which an investor holds its interest in a global security, may also have their own policies affecting payments, notices and other matters relating to the debt securities; there may be more than one financial intermediary in the chain of ownership for an investor; NMFC does not monitor, nor is NMFC responsible for the actions of, any of those intermediaries.

### ***Termination of a Global Security***

If a global security is terminated for any reason, interests in it will be exchanged for certificates in non-book-entry form (certificated securities). After that exchange, the choice of whether to hold the certificated debt securities directly or in street name will be up to the investor. Investors must consult their own banks or brokers to find out how to have their interests in a global security transferred on termination to their own names, so that they will be holders. We have described the rights of legal holders and street name investors under " Issuance of Securities in Registered Form" above.

The prospectus supplement may list situations for terminating a global security that would apply only to the particular series of debt securities covered by the prospectus supplement. If a global security is terminated, only the depositary, and not NMFC or the applicable trustee, is responsible for deciding the investors in whose names the debt securities represented by the global security will be registered and, therefore, who will be the holders of those debt securities.

### **Payment and Paying Agents**

NMFC will pay interest to the person listed in the applicable trustee's records as the owner of the debt security at the close of business on a particular day in advance of each due date for interest, even if that person no longer owns the debt security on the interest due date. That day, usually about two



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weeks in advance of the interest due date, is called the "record date." Since NMFC will pay all the interest for an interest period to the holders on the record date, holders buying and selling debt securities must work out between themselves the appropriate purchase price. The most common manner is to adjust the sales price of the debt securities to prorate interest fairly between buyer and seller based on their respective ownership periods within the particular interest period. This prorated interest amount is called "accrued interest."

### *Payments on Global Securities*

NMFC will make payments on a global security in accordance with the applicable policies of the depository as in effect from time to time. Under those policies, NMFC will make payments directly to the depository, or its nominee, and not to any indirect holders who own beneficial interests in the global security. An indirect holder's right to those payments will be governed by the rules and practices of the depository and its participants, as described under "Special Considerations for Global Securities."

### *Payments on Certificated Securities*

NMFC will make payments on a certificated debt security as follows. NMFC will pay interest that is due on an interest payment date to the holder of debt securities as shown on the trustee's records as of the close of business on the regular record date at NMFC's office in New York, New York, as applicable, and/or at other offices that may be specified in the prospectus supplement. NMFC will make all payments of principal and premium, if any, by check at the office of the applicable trustee in New York, New York and/or at other offices that may be specified in the prospectus supplement or in a notice to holders against surrender of the debt security.

Alternatively, at NMFC's option it may pay any cash interest that becomes due on the debt security by mailing a check to the holder at his, her or its address shown on the trustee's records as of the close of business on the regular record date or by transfer to an account at a bank in the United States, in either case, on the due date.

### *Payment When Offices Are Closed*

If any payment is due on a debt security on a day that is not a business day, NMFC will make the payment on the next day that is a business day. Payments made on the next business day in this situation will be treated under the indenture as if they were made on the original due date, except as otherwise indicated in the attached prospectus supplement. Such payment will not result in a default under any debt security or the indenture, and no interest will accrue on the payment amount from the original due date to the next day that is a business day.

Book-entry and other indirect holders should consult their banks or brokers for information on how they will receive payments on their debt securities.

## **Events of Default**

You will have rights if an Event of Default occurs in respect of the debt securities of your series and is not cured, as described later in this subsection.

The term "Event of Default" in respect of the debt securities of your series means any of the following:

NMFC does not pay the principal of, or any premium on, a debt security of the series on its due date;

NMFC does not pay interest on a debt security of the series within 30 days of its due date;



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NMFC does not deposit any sinking fund payment in respect of debt securities of the series within two business days of its due date;

NMFC remains in breach of a covenant in respect of debt securities of the series for 60 days after it receives a written notice of default stating NMFC is in breach (the notice must be sent by either the trustee or holders of at least 25.0% of the principal amount of debt securities of the series);

NMFC files for bankruptcy or certain other events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization occur and remain undischarged or unstayed for a period of 90 days; or

the series of debt securities has an asset coverage, as such term is defined in the 1940 Act, of less than 100.0% on the last business day of each of 24 consecutive calendar months, giving effect to any exemptive relief granted to NMFC by the SEC; or

any other Event of Default in respect of debt securities of the series described in the prospectus supplement occurs.

An Event of Default for a particular series of debt securities does not necessarily constitute an Event of Default for any other series of debt securities issued under the same or any other indenture. The trustee may withhold notice to the holders of debt securities of any default, except in the payment of principal, premium, interest, or sinking or purchase fund installment, if it in good faith considers the withholding of notice to be in the interest of the holders.

### ***Remedies if an Event of Default Occurs***

If an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, the trustee or the holders of not less than 25.0% in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of the affected series may (and the trustee shall at the request of such holders) declare the entire principal amount of all the debt securities of that series to be due and immediately payable. This is called a declaration of acceleration of maturity. A declaration of acceleration of maturity may be canceled by the holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of the affected series if (1) NMFC has deposited with the trustee all amounts due and owing with respect to the securities (other than principal that has become due solely by reason of such acceleration) and certain other amounts, and (2) any other Events of Default have been cured or waived.

The trustee has some special duties, the trustee is not required to take any action under the indenture at the request of any holders unless the holders offer the trustee protection from expenses and liability reasonably satisfactory to it (called an "indemnity"). If indemnity reasonably satisfactory to the trustee is provided, the holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of the relevant series may direct the time, method and place of conducting any lawsuit or other formal legal action seeking any remedy available to the trustee. The trustee may refuse to follow those directions in certain circumstances. No delay or omission in exercising any right or remedy will be treated as a waiver of that right, remedy or Event of Default.

Before you are allowed to bypass your trustee and bring your own lawsuit or other formal legal action or take other steps to enforce your rights or protect your interests relating to the debt securities, the following must occur:

you must give the trustee written notice that an Event of Default with respect to the relevant series of debt securities has occurred and remains uncured;

the holders of at least 25.0% in principal amount of all outstanding debt securities of the relevant series must make a written request that the trustee take action because of the default and must offer indemnity, security, or both reasonably satisfactory to the trustee against the costs, expenses, and other liabilities of taking that action;

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the trustee must not have taken action for 60 days after receipt of the above notice and offer of indemnity and/or security; and

the holders of a majority in principal amount of the debt securities of that series must not have given the trustee a direction inconsistent with the above notice during that 60-day period.

However, you are entitled at any time to bring a lawsuit for the payment of money due on your debt securities on or after the due date.

**Book-entry and other indirect holders should consult their banks or brokers for information on how to give notice or direction to or make a request of the trustee and how to declare or cancel an acceleration of maturity.**

Each year, NMFC will furnish to each trustee a written statement of certain of its officers certifying that to their knowledge NMFC is in compliance with the indenture and the debt securities, or else specifying any default.

### ***Waiver of Default***

Holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of the affected series may waive any past defaults other than

the payment of principal, any premium or interest; or

in respect of a covenant that cannot be modified or amended without the consent of each holder.

### **Merger or Consolidation**

Under the terms of the indenture, NMFC is generally permitted to consolidate or merge with another entity. NMFC is also permitted to sell all or substantially all of its assets to another entity. However, NMFC may not take any of these actions unless all the following conditions are met:

where NMFC merges out of existence or sells substantially all its assets, the resulting entity or transferee must agree to be legally responsible for NMFC's obligations under the debt securities;

the merger or sale of assets must not cause a default on the debt securities and NMFC must not already be in default (unless the merger or sale would cure the default). For purposes of this no-default test, a default would include an Event of Default that has occurred and has not been cured, as described under "Events of Default" above. A default for this purpose would also include any event that would be an Event of Default if the requirements for giving NMFC a notice of default or NMFC's as applicable, having to exist for a specific period of time were disregarded.

NMFC must deliver certain certificates and documents to the trustee; and

NMFC must satisfy any other requirements specified in the prospectus supplement relating to a particular series of debt securities.

### **Modification or Waiver**

There are three types of changes NMFC can make to the indenture and the debt securities issued thereunder.



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### *Changes Requiring Your Approval*

First, there are changes that NMFC cannot make to your debt securities without your specific approval. The following is a list of those types of changes:

change the stated maturity of the principal of or interest on a debt security or the terms of any sinking fund with respect to any security;

reduce any amounts due on a debt security;

reduce the amount of principal payable upon acceleration of the maturity of an original issue discount or indexed security following a default or upon the redemption thereof or the amount thereof provable in a bankruptcy proceeding;

adversely affect any right of repayment at the holder's option;

change the place or currency of payment on a debt security (except as otherwise described in the prospectus or prospectus supplement);

impair your right to sue for payment;

adversely affect any right to convert or exchange a debt security in accordance with its terms;

modify the subordination provisions in the indenture in a manner that is adverse to outstanding holders of the debt securities;

reduce the percentage of holders of debt securities whose consent is needed to modify or amend the indenture;

reduce the percentage of holders of debt securities whose consent is needed to waive compliance with certain provisions of the indenture or to waive certain defaults;

modify any other aspect of the provisions of the indenture dealing with supplemental indentures with the consent of holders, waiver of past defaults, changes to the quorum or voting requirements or the waiver of certain covenants; and

change any obligation NMFC has to pay additional amounts.

### *Changes Not Requiring Approval*

The second type of change does not require any vote by the holders of the debt securities. This type is limited to clarifications, establishment of the form or terms of new securities of any series as permitted by the indenture and certain other changes that would not adversely affect holders of the outstanding debt securities in any material respect. NMFC also does not need any approval to make any change that affects only debt securities to be issued under the indenture after the change takes effect.

### *Changes Requiring Majority Approval*

Any other change to the indenture and the debt securities would require the following approval:

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if the change affects only one series of debt securities, it must be approved by the holders of a majority in principal amount of that series; and

if the change affects more than one series of debt securities issued under the same indenture, it must be approved by the holders of a majority in principal amount of all of the series affected by the change, with all affected series voting together as one class for this purpose.

In each case, the required approval must be given by written consent.

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The holders of a majority in principal amount of a series of debt securities issued under the indenture, voting together as one class for this purpose, may waive NMFC's compliance with some of its covenants applicable to that series of debt securities. However, NMFC cannot obtain a waiver of a payment default or of any of the matters covered by the bullet points included above under " Changes Requiring Your Approval."

### ***Further Details Concerning Voting***

When taking a vote, we will use the following rules to decide how much principal to attribute to a debt security:

for original issue discount securities, NMFC will use the principal amount that would be due and payable on the voting date if the maturity of these debt securities were accelerated to that date because of a default;

for debt securities whose principal amount is not known (for example, because it is based on an index), NMFC will use the principal face amount at original issuance or a special rule for that debt security described in the prospectus supplement; and

for debt securities denominated in one or more foreign currencies, NMFC will use the U.S. dollar equivalent.

Debt securities will not be considered outstanding, and therefore not eligible to vote, if NMFC has deposited or set aside in trust money for their payment or redemption or if NMFC any other obligor, or any affiliate of NMFC, or any obligor own such debt securities. Debt securities will also not be eligible to vote if they have been fully defeased as described later under " Defeasance Full Defeasance".

NMFC will generally be entitled to set any day as a record date for the purpose of determining the holders of outstanding indenture securities that are entitled to vote or take other action under the indenture. However, the record date may not be more than 30 days before the date of the first solicitation of holders to vote on or take such action. If NMFC sets a record date for a vote or other action to be taken by holders of one or more series, that vote or action may be taken only by persons who are holders of outstanding indenture securities of those series on the record date and must be taken within 11 months following the record date.

**Book-entry and other indirect holders should consult their banks or brokers for information on how approval may be granted or denied if NMFC seeks to change the indenture or the debt securities or requests a waiver.**

### **Defeasance**

The following provisions will be applicable to each series of debt securities unless NMFC states in the applicable prospectus supplement that the provisions of covenant defeasance and full defeasance will not be applicable to that series.

#### ***Covenant Defeasance***

Under current U.S. federal tax law and the indenture, NMFC can make the deposit described below and be released from some of the restrictive covenants in the indenture under which the particular series was issued. This is called "covenant defeasance". In that event, you would lose the protection of those restrictive covenants but would gain the protection of having money and government securities set aside in trust to repay your debt securities. If NMFC achieved covenant defeasance and your debt securities were subordinated as described under " Indenture Provisions Subordination" below, such subordination would not prevent the trustee under the indenture from

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applying the funds available to it from the deposit described in the first bullet below to the payment of amounts due in respect of such debt securities for the benefit of the subordinated debt holders. In order to achieve covenant defeasance, NMFC must do the following:

NMFC must deposit in trust for the benefit of all holders of a series of debt securities a combination of cash (in such currency in which such securities are then specified as payable at stated maturity) or government obligations applicable to such securities (determined on the basis of the currency in which such securities are then specified as payable at stated maturity) that will generate enough cash to make interest, principal and any other payments on the debt securities on their various due dates and any mandatory sinking fund payments or analogous payments;

NMFC must deliver to the trustee a legal opinion of its counsel confirming that, under current U.S. federal income tax law, NMFC may make the above deposit without causing you to be taxed on the debt securities any differently than if NMFC did not make the deposit;

NMFC must deliver to the trustee a legal opinion of its counsel stating that the above deposit does not require registration by NMFC under the 1940 Act and a legal opinion and officers' certificate stating that all conditions precedent to covenant defeasance have been complied with;

defeasance must not result in a breach or violation of, or result in a default under, of the indenture or any of NMFC's other material agreements or instruments, as applicable;

no default or event of default with respect to such debt securities shall have occurred and be continuing and no defaults or events of default related to bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization shall occur during the next 90 days; and

satisfy the conditions for covenant defeasance contained in any supplemental indentures.

If NMFC accomplishes covenant defeasance, you can still look to NMFC for repayment of the debt securities if there were a shortfall in the trust deposit or the trustee is prevented from making payment. For example, if one of the remaining Events of Default occurred (such as NMFC's bankruptcy) and the debt securities became immediately due and payable, there might be such a shortfall. However, there is no assurance that NMFC would have sufficient funds to make payment of the shortfall.

### ***Full Defeasance***

If there is a change in U.S. federal tax law or NMFC obtains IRS ruling, as described in the second bullet below, NMFC can legally release itself from all payment and other obligations on the debt securities of a particular series (called "full defeasance") if NMFC puts in place the following other arrangements for you to be repaid:

NMFC must deposit in trust for the benefit of all holders of a series of debt securities a combination of cash (in such currency in which such securities are then specified as payable at stated maturity) or government obligations applicable to such securities (determined on the basis of the currency in which such securities are then specified as payable at stated maturity) that will generate enough cash to make interest, principal and any other payments on the debt securities on their various due dates and any mandatory sinking fund payments or analogous payments;

NMFC must deliver to the trustee a legal opinion confirming that there has been a change in current U.S. federal tax law or an IRS ruling that allows NMFC to make the above deposit without causing you to be taxed on the debt securities any differently than if NMFC did not make the deposit. Under current U.S. federal tax law, the deposit and NMFC's legal release from the debt securities would be treated as though NMFC paid you your share of the cash and notes or bonds at the time the cash and notes or bonds were deposited in trust in exchange for

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your debt securities and you would recognize gain or loss on the debt securities at the time of the deposit;

NMFC must deliver to the trustee a legal opinion of its counsel stating that the above deposit does not require registration by NMFC under the 1940 Act and a legal opinion and officers' certificate stating that all conditions precedent to defeasance have been complied with;

defeasance must not result in a breach or violation of, or constitute a default under, of the indenture or any of NMFC's other material agreements or instruments, as applicable;

no default or event of default with respect to such debt securities shall have occurred and be continuing and no defaults or events of default related to bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization shall occur during the next 90 days; and

satisfy the conditions for full defeasance contained in any supplemental indentures.

If NMFC ever did accomplish full defeasance, as described above, you would have to rely solely on the trust deposit for repayment of the debt securities. You could not look to NMFC for repayment in the unlikely event of any shortfall. Conversely, the trust deposit would most likely be protected from claims of NMFC's lenders and other creditors, as applicable, if NMFC ever became bankrupt or insolvent. If your debt securities were subordinated as described later under "Indenture Provisions Subordination", such subordination would not prevent the trustee under the indenture from applying the funds available to it from the deposit referred to in the first bullet of the preceding paragraph to the payment of amounts due in respect of such debt securities for the benefit of the subordinated debt holders.

### **Form, Exchange and Transfer of Certificated Registered Securities**

If registered debt securities cease to be issued in book-entry form, they will be issued:

only in fully registered certificated form;

without interest coupons; and

unless NMFC indicates otherwise in the prospectus supplement, in denominations of \$1,000 and amounts that are multiples of \$1,000.

Holders may exchange their certificated securities for debt securities of smaller denominations or combined into fewer debt securities of larger denominations, as long as the total principal amount is not changed and as long as the denomination is greater than the minimum denomination for such securities.

Holders may exchange or transfer their certificated securities at the office of the trustee. NMFC has appointed the trustee to act as its agent for registering debt securities in the names of holders transferring debt securities. NMFC may appoint another entity to perform these functions or perform them itself.

Holders will not be required to pay a service charge to transfer or exchange their certificated securities, but they may be required to pay any tax or other governmental charge associated with the transfer or exchange. The transfer or exchange will be made only if NMFC's transfer agent, as applicable, is satisfied with the holder's proof of legal ownership.

If NMFC has designated additional transfer agents for your debt security, they will be named in the prospectus supplement. NMFC may appoint additional transfer agents or cancel the appointment of any particular transfer agent. NMFC may also approve a change in the office through which any transfer agent acts.



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If any certificated securities of a particular series are redeemable and NMFC redeems less than all the debt securities of that series, NMFC may block the transfer or exchange of those debt securities during the period beginning 15 days before the day NMFC mail the notice of redemption and ending on the day of that mailing, in order to freeze the list of holders to prepare the mailing. NMFC may also refuse to register transfers or exchanges of any certificated securities selected for redemption, except that NMFC will continue to permit transfers and exchanges of the unredeemed portion of any debt security that will be partially redeemed.

If a registered debt security is issued in book-entry form, only the depository will be entitled to transfer and exchange the debt security as described in this subsection, since it will be the sole holder of the debt security.

### **Resignation of Trustee**

Each trustee may resign or be removed with respect to one or more series of indenture securities provided that a successor trustee is appointed to act with respect to these series and has accepted such appointment. In the event that two or more persons are acting as trustee with respect to different series of indenture securities under the indenture, each of the trustees will be a trustee of a trust separate and apart from the trust administered by any other trustee.

### **Indenture Provisions Subordination**

Upon any distribution of NMFC's assets upon its dissolution, winding up, liquidation or reorganization, the payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on any indenture securities denominated as subordinated debt securities is to be subordinated to the extent provided in the indenture in right of payment to the prior payment in full of all Senior Indebtedness (as defined below), but NMFC's obligation to you to make payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on such subordinated debt securities will not otherwise be affected. In addition, no payment on account of principal (or premium, if any), sinking fund or interest, if any, may be made on such subordinated debt securities at any time unless full payment of all amounts due in respect of the principal (and premium, if any), sinking fund and interest on Senior Indebtedness has been made or duly provided for in money or money's worth.

In the event that, notwithstanding the foregoing, any payment by NMFC is received by the trustee in respect of subordinated debt securities or by the holders of any of such subordinated debt securities, upon NMFC's dissolution, winding up, liquidation or reorganization before all Senior Indebtedness is paid in full, the payment or distribution must be paid over to the holders of the Senior Indebtedness or on their behalf for application to the payment of all the Senior Indebtedness remaining unpaid until all the Senior Indebtedness has been paid in full, after giving effect to any concurrent payment or distribution to the holders of the Senior Indebtedness. Subject to the payment in full of all Senior Indebtedness upon this distribution by NMFC the holders of such subordinated debt securities will be subrogated to the rights of the holders of the Senior Indebtedness to the extent of payments made to the holders of the Senior Indebtedness out of the distributive share of such subordinated debt securities.

By reason of this subordination, in the event of a distribution of NMFC's assets upon its insolvency, certain of its senior creditors may recover more, ratably, than holders of any subordinated debt securities or the holders of any indenture securities that are not Senior Indebtedness. The indenture provides that these subordination provisions will not apply to money and securities held in trust under the defeasance provisions of the indenture.

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Senior Indebtedness is defined in the indenture as the principal of (and premium, if any) and unpaid interest on:

NMFC's indebtedness (including indebtedness of others guaranteed by NMFC), whenever created, incurred, assumed or guaranteed, for money borrowed, that NMFC has designated as "Senior Indebtedness" for purposes of the indenture and in accordance with the terms of the indenture (including any indenture securities designated as Senior Indebtedness), and

renewals, extensions, modifications and refinancings of any of this indebtedness.

If this prospectus is being delivered in connection with the offering of a series of indenture securities denominated as subordinated debt securities, the accompanying prospectus supplement will set forth the approximate amount of NMFC's Senior Indebtedness and of its other Indebtedness outstanding as of a recent date.

### **Secured Indebtedness and Ranking**

Certain of NMFC's indebtedness, including certain series of indenture securities, may be secured. The prospectus supplement for each series of indenture securities will describe the terms of any security interest for such series and will indicate the approximate amount of NMFC's secured indebtedness as of a recent date. Any unsecured indenture securities will effectively rank junior to any secured indebtedness, including any secured indenture securities, that NMFC incurs in the future to the extent of the value of the assets securing such future secured indebtedness. The debt securities, whether secured or unsecured, of NMFC will rank structurally junior to all existing and future indebtedness (including trade payables) incurred by its subsidiaries, financing vehicles or similar facilities.

In the event of NMFC's bankruptcy, liquidation, reorganization or other winding up any of its assets that secure secured debt will be available to pay obligations on unsecured debt securities only after all indebtedness under such secured debt has been repaid in full from such assets. We advise you that there may not be sufficient assets remaining to pay amounts due on any or all unsecured debt securities then outstanding after fulfillment of this obligation. As a result, the holders of unsecured indenture securities may recover less, ratably, than holders of any of NMFC's secured indebtedness.

### **The Trustee under the Indenture**

U.S. Bank National Association will serve as the trustee under the indenture.

### **Certain Considerations Relating to Foreign Currencies**

Debt securities denominated or payable in foreign currencies may entail significant risks. These risks include the possibility of significant fluctuations in the foreign currency markets, the imposition or modification of foreign exchange controls and potential illiquidity in the secondary market. These risks will vary depending upon the currency or currencies involved and will be more fully described in the applicable prospectus supplement.

### SHARES ELIGIBLE FOR FUTURE SALE

Sales of substantial amounts of NMFC's unregistered common stock in the public market, including by New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P., or its transferees, or the perception that such sales could occur, could adversely affect the prevailing market price of NMFC's common stock and NMFC's future ability to raise capital through the sale of its equity securities.

Restricted securities may be sold in the public market only if registered or if they qualify for an exemption from registration under Rule 144 under the Securities Act. Any shares of NMFC's common stock to be received by New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. or its transferees or the Investment Adviser, if applicable with respect to any shares of NMFC's common stock received as payment of the incentive fee, would be eligible for public sale if registered under the Securities Act or sold in accordance with Rule 144 of the Securities Act. NMFC has granted Steven B. Klinsky, an entity related to Mr. Klinsky, the Investment Adviser and their permitted transferees the registration rights described below.

#### Rule 144

In general, a person who has beneficially owned restricted shares of NMFC's common stock for at least six months would be entitled to sell their securities provided that (i) such person is not deemed to have been one of NMFC's affiliates at the time of, or at any time during the 90 days preceding, a sale and (ii) NMFC is subject to the Exchange Act periodic reporting requirements for at least 90 days before the sale. Persons who have beneficially owned restricted shares or NMFC's common stock for at least six months but who are NMFC's affiliates at the time of, or any time during the 90 days preceding, a sale, would be subject to additional restrictions, by which such person would be entitled to sell within any three-month period only a number of securities that does not exceed the greater of either of the following:

1.0% of the number of shares of NMFC's common stock then outstanding; or

the average weekly trading volume of NMFC's common stock on the NYSE for the four calendar weeks prior to the sale,

provided, in each case, that NMFC is subject to the Exchange Act periodic reporting requirements for at least 90 days before the sale. Such sales must also comply with the manner of sale, current public information and notice provisions of Rule 144.

#### Registration Rights

Pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement entered into in connection with NMFC's IPO, the Investment Adviser has the right, subject to various conditions and limitations, to demand the filing of, and include any registerable securities held by the Investment Adviser, if any, in, registration statements relating to NMFC's common stock. Furthermore, Steven B. Klinsky and a related entity have the right to "piggyback", or include their own registrable securities in a demand registration. These registration rights could impair the prevailing market price and impair NMFC's ability to raise capital by depressing the price at which it could sell its common stock. Steven B. Klinsky, and an entity related to Steven B. Klinsky have exercised their rights under the Registration Rights Agreement and their respective shares of NMFC's common stock are being offered for resale in this prospectus. See "Selling Stockholders" in this prospectus.

### MATERIAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following discussion is a general summary of the material U.S. federal income tax considerations applicable to us and an investment in shares of our common stock. The discussion is based upon the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which we refer to as the "Code", the regulations of the U.S. Department of Treasury promulgated thereunder, which we refer to as the "Treasury regulations", the legislative history of the Code, current administrative interpretations and practices of the Internal Revenue Service, which we refer to as the "IRS", (including administrative interpretations and practices of the IRS expressed in private letter rulings which are binding on the IRS only with respect to the particular taxpayers that requested and received those rulings) and judicial decisions, each as of the date of this prospectus and all of which are subject to change or differing interpretations, possibly retroactively, which could affect the continuing validity of this discussion. The U.S. federal income tax laws addressed in this summary are highly technical and complex, and certain aspects of their application to us are not completely clear. In addition, certain U.S. federal income tax consequences described in this summary depend upon certain factual matters, including (without limitation) the value and tax basis ascribed to our assets and the manner in which we operate, and certain complicated tax accounting calculations. We have not sought, and will not seek, any ruling from the IRS regarding any matter discussed in this summary, and this summary is not binding on the IRS. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the IRS will not assert, and a court will not sustain, a position contrary to any of the tax consequences discussed below. This summary does not purport to be a complete description of all the tax aspects affecting us and our stockholders. For example, this summary does not describe all U.S. federal income tax consequences that may be relevant to certain types of stockholders subject to special treatment under U.S. federal income tax laws, including stockholders subject to the alternative minimum tax, tax-exempt organizations, insurance companies, partnerships or other pass-through entities and their owners, persons that hold shares of our common stock through a foreign financial institution, persons that hold shares of our common stock through a non-financial foreign entity, Non-U.S. stockholders (as defined below) engaged in a trade or business in the United States or Non-U.S. stockholders entitled to claim the benefits of an applicable income tax treaty, persons who have ceased to be U.S. citizens or to be taxed as resident aliens, persons holding our common stock in connection with a hedging, straddle, conversion or other integrated transaction, dealers in securities, a trader in securities that elects to use a market-to-market method of accounting for its securities holdings, pension plans and trusts, and financial institutions. This summary assumes that stockholders hold our common stock as capital assets for U.S. federal income tax purposes (generally, assets held for investment) and that all of the parties to the LLC Agreement comply with all of their respective representations, covenants and agreements contained in the LLC Agreement in accordance with their terms. This summary generally does not discuss any aspects of U.S. estate or gift tax or foreign, state or local tax. It does not discuss the special treatment under U.S. federal income tax laws that could result if we invested in tax-exempt securities or certain other investment assets.

A "U.S. stockholder" generally is a beneficial owner of shares of our common stock that is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes:

A citizen or individual resident of the United States;

A corporation, or other entity treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or any state thereof, including, for this purpose, the District of Columbia;

A trust if (i) a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one or more United States persons have the authority to control all substantive decisions of the trust, or (ii) the trust has in effect a valid election to be treated as a domestic trust for U.S. federal income tax purposes; or

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An estate, the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source.

A "Non-U.S. stockholder" generally is a beneficial owner of shares of our common stock that is not a U.S. stockholder or a partnership (or an entity or arrangement treated as a partnership) for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

If a partnership, or other entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, holds shares of our common stock, the U.S. federal income tax treatment of the partnership and each partner generally will depend on the status of the partner, the activities of the partnership and certain determinations made at the partner level. A stockholder that is a partnership holding shares of our common stock, and each partner in such a partnership, should consult his, her or its own tax adviser with respect to the tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of shares of our common stock.

Tax matters are very complicated and the tax consequences to each stockholder of an investment in shares of our common stock will depend on the facts of his, her or its particular situation. You should consult your own tax adviser regarding the specific consequences of such an investment, including tax reporting requirements, the applicability of federal, state, local and foreign tax laws, eligibility for the benefits of any applicable income tax treaty and the effect of any possible changes in the tax laws.

### **Our Election to be Taxed as a RIC**

We have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. As a RIC, we generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any income that we timely distribute to our stockholders as dividends. Rather, dividends distributed by us generally will be taxable to our stockholders, and any net operating losses, foreign tax credits and other tax attributes of ours generally will not pass through to our stockholders, subject to special rules for certain items such as net capital gains and qualified dividend income recognized by us. See "Taxation of U.S. Stockholders" and "Taxation of Non-U.S. Stockholders" below.

To qualify as a RIC, we must, among other things, meet certain source-of-income and asset diversification requirements (as described below). In addition, to qualify as a RIC, we must distribute to our stockholders, for each taxable year, at least 90.0% of our "investment company taxable income", which is generally our net ordinary income plus the excess of realized net short-term capital gains over realized net long-term capital losses (the "Annual Distribution Requirement").

### **Taxation as a RIC**

If we:

qualify as a RIC; and

satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement,

then we will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on the portion of our income that is timely distributed (or is deemed to be timely distributed) to our stockholders. If we fail to qualify as a RIC, we will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at the regular corporate rates on our income and capital gains.

We will be subject to a 4.0% nondeductible federal excise tax on certain undistributed income unless we distribute in a timely manner an amount at least equal to the sum of (1) 98.0% of our net ordinary income for each calendar year, (2) 98.2% of our capital gain net income for the one-year period ending October 31 in that calendar year and (3) any income recognized, but not distributed and on which we did not pay corporate-level income tax, in preceding years (the "Excise Tax Avoidance

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Requirement"). While we intend to make distributions to our stockholders in each taxable year that will be sufficient to avoid any federal excise tax on our earnings, there can be no assurance that we will be successful in entirely avoiding this tax.

In order to qualify as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we must, among other things:

continue to qualify as a BDC under the 1940 Act at all times during each taxable year;

derive in each taxable year at least 90.0% of our gross income from dividends, interest, payments with respect to loans of certain securities, gains from the sale of stock or other securities, net income from certain "qualified publicly traded partnerships", or other income derived with respect to NMFC's business of investing in such stock or securities (the "90.0% Income Test"); and

diversify our holdings so that at the end of each quarter of the taxable year:

at least 50.0% of the value of our assets consists of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities, securities of other RICs, and other securities if such other securities of any one issuer do not represent more than 5.0% of the value of our assets or more than 10.0% of the outstanding voting securities of the issuer; and

no more than 25.0% of the value of our assets is invested in the securities, other than U.S. government securities or securities of other RICs, of one issuer, of two or more issuers that are controlled, as determined under applicable Code rules, by us and that are engaged in the same or similar or related trades or businesses or of certain "qualified publicly traded partnerships" (the "Diversification Tests").

NMF Holdings is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a result, NMF Holdings will itself not be subject to U.S. federal income tax and, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we will take into account all of NMF Holdings' assets and items of income, gain, loss, deduction and credit. In the remainder of this discussion, except as otherwise indicated, references to "we" "us" "our" and "NMFC" include NMF Holdings.

NMF SLF is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a result, NMF SLF will itself not be subject to U.S. federal income tax and, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we will take into account all of NMF SLF's assets and items of income, gain, loss, deduction and credit. In the remainder of this discussion, except as otherwise indicated, references to "we" "us" "our" and "NMFC" include NMF SLF.

A RIC is limited in its ability to deduct expenses in excess of its "investment company taxable income" (which is, generally, ordinary income plus the excess of realized net short-term capital gains over realized net long-term capital losses). If our expenses in a given year exceed our investment company taxable income, we would experience a net operating loss for that year. However, a RIC is not permitted to carry forward net operating losses to subsequent years and such net operating losses do not pass through to its stockholders. In addition, expenses can be used only to offset investment company taxable income, not net capital gain. A RIC may not use any net capital losses (that is, realized capital losses in excess of realized capital gains) to offset the RIC's investment company taxable income, but may carry forward such losses, and use them to offset capital gains, indefinitely. Due to these limits on the deductibility of expenses and net capital losses, we may for tax purposes have aggregate taxable income for several years that we are required to distribute and that is taxable to its stockholders even if such income is greater than the aggregate net income we actually earned during those years.

### **Failure of NMFC to Qualify as a RIC**

If we fail to satisfy the 90.0% Income Test or the Diversification Tests for any taxable year or quarter of such taxable year, we may nevertheless continue to qualify as a RIC for such year if certain relief provisions of the Code apply (which may, among other things, require us to pay certain corporate-level federal taxes or to dispose of certain assets). If we fail to qualify for treatment as a RIC and such relief provisions do not apply to us, we will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on all of our taxable income at regular corporate rates (and also will be subject to any applicable state and local taxes), regardless of whether we make any distributions to our stockholders. Distributions would not be required. However, if distributions were made, any such distributions would be taxable to our stockholders as ordinary dividend income and, subject to certain limitations under the Code, any such distributions would be eligible for the 20.0% maximum rate applicable to non-corporate taxpayers to the extent of our current or accumulated earnings and profits. Subject to certain limitations under the Code, corporate distributees would be eligible for the dividends-received deduction. Distributions in excess of our current and accumulated earnings and profits would be treated first as a return of capital to the extent of the stockholder's tax basis, and any remaining distributions would be treated as a capital gain.

Subject to a limited exception applicable to RICs that qualified as such under Subchapter M of the Code for at least one year prior to disqualification and that requalify as a RIC no later than the second year following the non-qualifying year, we could be subject to tax on any unrealized net built-in gains in the assets held by us during the period in which we failed to qualify as a RIC that are recognized during the ten-year period (or five-year period for taxable years beginning during 2013) after our requalification as a RIC, unless we made a special election to pay corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on such built-in gain at the time of our requalification as a RIC. We may decide to be taxed as a regular corporation even if we would otherwise qualify as a RIC if we determine that treatment as a corporation for a particular year would be in our best interests.

### **Taxation of U.S. Stockholders**

The following discussion only applies to U.S. stockholders. Prospective stockholders that are not U.S. stockholders should refer to "Taxation of Non-U.S. Stockholders" below.

#### ***Distributions***

Distributions by us generally are taxable to U.S. stockholders as ordinary income or capital gains. Distributions of our "investment company taxable income" (which is, generally, our net ordinary income plus realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses) will be taxable as ordinary income to U.S. stockholders to the extent of our current or accumulated earnings and profits, whether paid in cash or reinvested in additional common stock. To the extent that such distributions paid by us to non-corporate stockholders (including individuals) are attributable to dividends from U.S. corporations and certain qualified foreign corporations, such distributions ("Qualifying Dividends") may be eligible for a maximum tax rate of 20.0%. In this regard, it is anticipated that distributions paid by NMFC will generally not be attributable to dividends received by us and, therefore, generally will not qualify for the 20.0% maximum rate applicable to Qualifying Dividends. Distributions of our net capital gains (which are generally our realized net long-term capital gains in excess of realized net short-term capital losses) properly reported by us as "capital gain dividends" in written statements furnished to its stockholders will be taxable to a U.S. stockholder as long-term capital gains that are currently taxable at a maximum rate of 20.0% in the case of individuals, trusts or estates, regardless of the U.S. stockholder's holding period for his, her or its common stock and regardless of whether paid in cash or reinvested in additional common stock. Distributions in excess of our earnings and profits first will reduce a U.S. stockholder's adjusted tax

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basis in such stockholder's common stock and, after the adjusted tax basis is reduced to zero, will constitute capital gains to such U.S. stockholder.

We may retain some or all of our realized net long-term capital gains in excess of realized net short-term capital losses, but designate the retained net capital gain as a "deemed distribution". In that case, among other consequences, (i) we will pay tax on the retained amount, (ii) each U.S. stockholder will be required to include his, her or its share of the deemed distribution in income as if it had been actually distributed to the U.S. stockholder, and (iii) the U.S. stockholder will be entitled to claim a credit equal to his, her or its allocable share of the tax paid thereon by us. Because we expect to pay tax on any retained net capital gains at the regular corporate tax rate, and because that rate is in excess of the maximum rate currently payable by individuals on long-term capital gains, the amount of tax that individual U.S. stockholders will be treated as having paid will exceed the tax they owe on the capital gain distribution and such excess generally may be refunded or claimed as a credit against the U.S. stockholder's other U.S. federal income tax obligations. The amount of the deemed distribution net of such tax will be added to the U.S. stockholder's cost basis for his, her or its common stock. In order to utilize the deemed distribution approach, we must provide written notice to its stockholders prior to the expiration of 60 days after the close of the relevant taxable year. We cannot treat any of its investment company taxable income as a "deemed distribution".

For purposes of determining (1) whether the Annual Distribution Requirement is satisfied for any year and (2) the amount of capital gain dividends paid for that year, we may, under certain circumstances, elect to treat a dividend that is paid during the following taxable year as if it had been paid during the taxable year in question. If we make such an election, the U.S. stockholder will still be treated as receiving the dividend in the taxable year in which the distribution is made. However, any dividend declared by us in October, November or December of any calendar year, payable to stockholders of record on a specified date in such a month and actually paid during January of the following year, will be treated as if it had been received by its U.S. stockholders on December 31 of the year in which the dividend was declared.

If an investor purchases shares of our common stock shortly before the record date of a distribution, the price of the shares will include the value of the distribution and the investor will be subject to tax on the distribution even though economically it may represent a return of his, her or its investment.

We or the applicable withholding agent will send to each of its U.S. stockholders, as promptly as possible after the end of each calendar year, a notice reporting the amounts includible in such U.S. stockholder's taxable income for such year as ordinary income and as long-term capital gain. In addition, the federal tax status of each year's distributions from us generally will be reported to the IRS (including the amount of dividends, if any, that are Qualifying Dividends eligible for the 20.0% maximum rate). Dividends paid by us generally will not be eligible for the dividends-received deduction or the preferential tax rate applicable to Qualifying Dividends because our income generally will not consist of dividends. Distributions may also be subject to additional state, local and foreign taxes depending on a U.S. stockholder's particular situation.

### *Alternative Minimum Tax*

As a RIC, we will be subject to alternative minimum tax, also referred to as "AMT", but any items that are treated differently for AMT purposes must be apportioned between us and our U.S. stockholders, and this may affect the U.S. stockholders' AMT liabilities. Although Treasury regulations explaining the precise method of apportionment have not yet been issued, such items will generally be apportioned in the same proportion that dividends paid to each U.S. stockholder bear to our taxable income (determined without regard to the dividends paid deduction), unless a different method for a particular item is warranted under the circumstances.



***Dividend Reinvestment Plan***

Under the dividend reinvestment plan, if a U.S. stockholder owns shares of our common stock registered in the U.S. stockholder's own name, the U.S. stockholder will have all cash distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock unless the U.S. stockholder opts out of the dividend reinvestment plan by delivering a written, phone or internet notice to the plan administrator at least three days prior to the payment date of the next dividend or distribution. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan". Any distributions reinvested under the plan will nevertheless remain taxable to the U.S. stockholder. The U.S. stockholder will have an adjusted tax basis in the additional shares of our common stock purchased through the plan equal to the amount of the reinvested distribution. The additional shares will have a new holding period commencing on the day following the day on which the shares are credited to the U.S. stockholder's account.

***Dispositions***

A U.S. stockholder generally will recognize taxable gain or loss if the U.S. stockholder sells or otherwise disposes of his, her or its shares of our common stock. The amount of gain or loss will be measured by the difference between such stockholder's adjusted tax basis in the common stock sold and the amount of the proceeds received in exchange. Any gain or loss arising from such sale or disposition generally will be treated as long-term capital gain or loss if the U.S. stockholder has held his, her or its shares for more than one year; otherwise, any such gain or loss will be classified as short-term capital gain or loss. However, any capital loss arising from the sale or disposition of shares of our common stock held for six months or less will be treated as long-term capital loss to the extent of the amount of capital gain dividends received, or undistributed capital gain deemed received, with respect to such shares. In addition, all or a portion of any loss recognized upon a disposition of shares of our common stock may be disallowed if other shares of our common stock are purchased (whether through reinvestment of distributions or otherwise) within 30 days before or after the disposition. In general, non-corporate U.S. stockholders currently are subject to a maximum U.S. federal income tax rate of 20.0% on their recognized net capital gain (i.e., the excess of realized net long-term capital gains over realized net short-term capital losses), including any long-term capital gain derived from an investment in shares of our common stock. Such rate is lower than the maximum rate on ordinary income currently payable by individuals. In addition, individuals with income in excess of \$200,000 (\$250,000 in the case of married individuals filing jointly) and certain estates and trusts are subject to an additional 3.8% tax on their "net investment income", which generally includes net income from interest, dividends, annuities, royalties and rents, and net capital gains (other than certain amounts earned from trades or businesses). Corporate U.S. stockholders currently are subject to U.S. federal income tax on net capital gain at the maximum 35.0% rate also applied to ordinary income. Non-corporate U.S. stockholders with net capital losses for a year (i.e., capital losses in excess of capital gains) generally may deduct up to \$3,000 of such losses against their ordinary income each year; any net capital losses of a non-corporate U.S. stockholder in excess of \$3,000 generally may be carried forward and used in subsequent years as provided in the Code. Corporate U.S. stockholders generally may not deduct any net capital losses for a year, but may carry back such losses for three years or carry forward such losses for five years.

***Tax Shelter Reporting Regulations***

Under applicable Treasury regulations, if a U.S. stockholder recognizes a loss with respect to our common stock of \$2.0 million or more for a non-corporate U.S. stockholder or \$10.0 million or more for a corporate U.S. stockholder in any single taxable year (or a greater loss over a combination of years), the U.S. stockholder must file with the IRS a disclosure statement on Form 8886. Direct U.S. stockholders of portfolio securities are in many cases excepted from this reporting requirement, but under current guidance, U.S. stockholders of a RIC are not excepted. Future guidance may extend the

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current exception from this reporting requirement to U.S. stockholders of most or all RICs. The fact that a loss is reportable under these regulations does not affect the legal determination of whether the taxpayer's treatment of the loss is proper. U.S. stockholders should consult their own tax advisers to determine the applicability of these regulations in light of their individual circumstances.

### ***Backup Withholding***

We may be required to withhold U.S. federal income tax ("backup withholding") from any distribution to a U.S. stockholder (other than a corporation, a financial institution, or a stockholder that otherwise qualifies for an exemption) (1) that fails to provide us or the distribution paying agent with a correct taxpayer identification number or a certificate that such stockholder is exempt from backup withholding or (2) with respect to whom the IRS notifies us that such stockholder has failed to properly report certain interest and dividend income to the IRS and to respond to notices to that effect. An individual's taxpayer identification number is his or her social security number. Any amount withheld under backup withholding is allowed as a credit against the U.S. stockholder's U.S. federal income tax liability, provided that proper information is timely provided to the IRS.

### **Taxation of Non-U.S. Stockholders**

The following discussion applies only to Non-U.S. stockholders. Whether an investment in shares of our common stock is appropriate for a Non-U.S. stockholder will depend upon that person's particular circumstances. An investment in shares of our common stock by a Non-U.S. stockholder may have adverse tax consequences to such Non-U.S. stockholder. Non-U.S. stockholders should consult their tax advisers before investing in our common stock.

### ***Distributions; Dispositions***

Subject to the discussion in " Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act" below, distributions of our "investment company taxable income" to Non-U.S. stockholders (including interest income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized long-term capital losses, which generally would be free of withholding if paid to Non-U.S. stockholders directly) will be subject to withholding of U.S. federal income tax at a 30.0% rate (or lower rate provided by an applicable income tax treaty) to the extent of our current or accumulated earnings and profits, unless an applicable exception applies. If the distributions are effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business of the Non-U.S. stockholder (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, are attributable to a U.S. permanent establishment of the Non-U.S. stockholder), we will not be required to withhold U.S. federal income tax if the Non-U.S. stockholder complies with applicable certification and disclosure requirements, although the distributions will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at the rates applicable to U.S. persons. (Special certification requirements apply to a Non-U.S. stockholder that is a foreign partnership or a foreign trust, and such entities are urged to consult their own tax advisers.)

In addition, dividends with respect to any taxable year of ours beginning on or before December 31, 2013 were not subject to withholding of U.S. federal income tax to the extent the dividends were properly reported by us as "interest-related dividends" or "short-term capital gain dividends". Under this exemption, interest-related dividends and short-term capital gain dividends generally represent distributions of interest or short-term capital gains that would not have been subject to withholding of U.S. federal income tax at the source if they had been received directly by a foreign person, and that satisfy certain other requirements. No assurance can be given as to whether this exemption will be extended for taxable years after 2013. In addition, no assurance can be given as to whether any of our distributions will be eligible for this exemption from withholding tax or, if eligible, will be reported as such by us.

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Subject to the discussion in " Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act" below, actual or deemed distributions of our net capital gains to a Non-U.S. stockholder, and gains realized by a Non-U.S. stockholder upon the sale of our common stock, will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax unless the distributions or gains, as the case may be, are effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business of the Non-U.S. stockholder (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, are attributable to a U.S. permanent establishment of the Non-U.S. stockholder).

If we distribute our net capital gains in the form of deemed rather than actual distributions, a Non-U.S. stockholder will be entitled to a U.S. federal income tax credit or tax refund equal to the stockholder's allocable share of the tax we pay on the capital gains deemed to have been distributed. In order to obtain the refund, the Non-U.S. stockholder must obtain a U.S. taxpayer identification number and file a U.S. federal income tax return, even if the Non-U.S. stockholder would not otherwise be required to obtain a U.S. taxpayer identification number or file a U.S. federal income tax return. For a corporate Non-U.S. stockholder, both distributions (actual or deemed) and gains realized upon the sale of our common stock that are effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business may, under certain circumstances, be subject to an additional "branch profits tax" at a 30.0% rate (or at a lower rate if provided for by an applicable income tax treaty). Accordingly, investment in shares of our common stock may not be appropriate for a Non-U.S. stockholder.

### ***Dividend Reinvestment Plan***

Under our dividend reinvestment plan, if a Non-U.S. stockholder owns shares of our common stock registered in the Non-U.S. stockholder's own name, the Non-U.S. stockholder will have all cash distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock unless it opts out of the dividend reinvestment plan by delivering a written, phone or internet notice to the plan administrator at least three days prior to the payment date of the next dividend or distribution. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan". If the distribution is a distribution of our investment company taxable income, is not reported by us as a short-term capital gain dividend or interest-related dividend, if applicable, and is not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business of the Non-U.S. stockholder (or, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, is not attributable to a U.S. permanent establishment of the Non-U.S. stockholder), the amount distributed (to the extent of our current or accumulated earnings and profits) will be subject to withholding of U.S. federal income tax at a 30.0% rate (or lower rate provided by an applicable income tax treaty) and only the net after-tax amount will be reinvested in our common stock. If the distribution is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business of the Non-U.S. stockholder (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, is attributable to a U.S. permanent establishment of the Non-U.S. stockholder), the full amount of the distribution generally will be reinvested in our common stock and will nevertheless be subject to U.S. federal income tax at the ordinary income rates applicable to U.S. persons. The Non-U.S. stockholder will have an adjusted tax basis in the additional shares of our common stock purchased through the plan equal to the amount of the reinvested distribution. The additional shares will have a new holding period commencing on the day following the day on which the shares are credited to the Non-U.S. stockholder's account.

### ***Backup Withholding***

A Non-U.S. stockholder who is a non-resident alien individual, and who is otherwise subject to withholding of U.S. federal income tax, will be subject to information reporting and may be subject to backup withholding of U.S. federal income tax on taxable distributions unless the Non-U.S. stockholder provides us or the distribution paying agent with an IRS Form W-8BEN, W-8BEN-E (or an acceptable substitute form) or otherwise meets documentary evidence requirements for establishing that it is a Non-U.S. stockholder or otherwise establishes an exemption from backup withholding.

**Non-U.S. stockholders should consult their own tax advisers with respect to the U.S. federal income and withholding tax consequences, and state, local and foreign tax consequences, of an investment in shares of our common stock.**

#### **Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act**

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act generally imposes a 30.0% withholding tax on payments of certain types of income to foreign financial institutions that fail to enter into an agreement with the United States Treasury to report certain required information with respect to accounts held by United States persons (or held by foreign entities that have U.S. persons as substantial owners). The types of income subject to the tax include U.S. source dividends paid after June 30, 2014, and the gross proceeds from the sale of any property that could produce U.S. source dividends received after December 31, 2016. The information required to be reported includes the identity and taxpayer identification number of each account holder that is a U.S. person and transaction activity within the holder's account. In addition, subject to certain exceptions, this legislation also imposes a 30.0% withholding on payments to foreign entities that are not financial institutions unless the foreign entity certifies that it does not have a 10.0% or greater U.S. owner or provides the withholding agent with identifying information on each 10.0% or greater U.S. owner. When these provisions become effective, depending on the status of a Non-U.S. Holder and the status of the intermediaries through which they hold their units, Non-U.S. Holders could be subject to this 30.0% withholding tax with respect to distributions on their shares of our common stock and proceeds from the sale of their shares of our common stock. Under certain circumstances, a Non-U.S. Holder might be eligible for refunds or credits of such taxes.

#### **Certain State, Local and Foreign Tax Matters**

We and our stockholders may be subject to state, local or foreign taxation in various jurisdictions in which we or they transact business, own property or reside. The state, local or foreign tax treatment of us and our stockholders may not conform to the U.S. federal income tax treatment discussed above. In particular, our investments in foreign securities may be subject to foreign withholding taxes and we may be subject to the New York City Unincorporated Business Tax which is imposed at a 4.0% rate. The imposition of any such foreign, New York City or other taxes would reduce cash available for distribution to our stockholders, and our stockholders would not be entitled to claim a credit or deduction with respect to such taxes. Prospective investors should consult with their own tax advisers regarding the application and effect of state, local and foreign income and other tax laws on an investment in shares of our common stock.

## REGULATION

NMFC has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. The 1940 Act contains prohibitions and restrictions relating to investments by a BDC in another investment company and transactions between BDCs and their affiliates, principal underwriters and affiliates of those affiliates or underwriters. The 1940 Act requires that a majority of the directors be persons other than "interested persons", as that term is defined in the 1940 Act. In addition, the 1940 Act provides that NMFC may not change the nature of our business so as to cease to be, or to withdraw its election as a BDC unless approved by a majority of our outstanding voting securities. The 1940 Act defines "a majority of the outstanding voting securities" as the lesser of (i) 67.0% or more of the voting securities present at a meeting if the holders of more than 50.0% of our outstanding voting securities are present or represented by proxy or (ii) more than 50.0% of our voting securities.

NMFC may, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act, issue additional equity or debt capital. NMFC will generally not be able to issue and sell its common stock at a price below net asset value per share. See "Risk Factors Regulations governing the operations of BDCs will affect our ability to raise additional equity capital as well as our ability to issue senior securities or borrow for investment purposes, any or all of which could have a negative effect on our investment objectives and strategies". NMFC may, however, sell its common stock, or warrants, options or rights to acquire its common stock, at a price below the then-current net asset value of its common stock if its board of directors determines that such sale is in the best interests of NMFC and the best interests of its stockholders, and its stockholders approve such sale. In addition, NMFC may generally issue new shares of its common stock at a price below net asset value in rights offerings to existing stockholders, in payment of dividends and in certain other limited circumstances.

As a BDC, we will not generally be permitted to invest in any portfolio company in which the Investment Adviser or any of its affiliates currently have an investment or to make any co-investments with the Investment Adviser or its affiliates without an exemptive order from the SEC. In addition, as a BDC, NMFC is not permitted to issue stock in consideration for services.

### Qualifying Assets

Under the 1940 Act, a BDC may not acquire any asset other than assets of the type listed in Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act, which are referred to as qualifying assets, unless, at the time the acquisition is made, qualifying assets represent at least 70.0% of the BDC's total assets. The principal categories of qualifying assets relevant to our business are any of the following:

- 1) Securities purchased in transactions not involving any public offering from the issuer of such securities, which issuer (subject to certain limited exceptions) is an eligible portfolio company, or from any person who is, or has been during the preceding 13 months, an affiliated person of an eligible portfolio company, or from any other person, subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the SEC. An eligible portfolio company is defined in the 1940 Act as any issuer which:
  - (a) is organized under the laws of, and has its principal place of business in, the U.S.;
  - (b) is not an investment company (other than a small business investment company wholly-owned by the BDC) or a company that would be an investment company but for certain exclusions under the 1940 Act; and
  - (c) satisfies any of the following:
    - (i) does not have any class of securities that is traded on a national securities exchange;

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- (ii) has a class of securities listed on a national securities exchange, but has an aggregate market value of outstanding voting and non-voting common equity of less than \$250.0 million;
  - (iii) is controlled by a BDC or a group of companies including a BDC and the BDC has an affiliated person who is a director of the eligible portfolio company; or
  - (iv) is a small and solvent company having total assets of not more than \$4.0 million and capital and surplus of not less than \$2.0 million.
- 2) Securities of any eligible portfolio company that the BDC controls.
  - 3) Securities purchased in a private transaction from a U.S. issuer that is not an investment company or from an affiliated person of the issuer, or in transactions incident thereto, if the issuer is in bankruptcy and subject to reorganization or if the issuer, immediately prior to the purchase of its securities was unable to meet its obligations as they came prior to the purchase of its securities was unable to meet its obligations as they came due without material assistance other than conventional lending or financing arrangements.
  - 4) Securities of an eligible portfolio company purchased from any person in a private transaction if there is no ready market for such securities and the BDC already owns 60.0% of the outstanding equity of the eligible portfolio company.
  - 5) Securities received in exchange for or distributed on or with respect to securities described in (1) through (4) above, or pursuant to the exercise of warrants or rights relating to such securities.
  - 6) Cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities or high-quality debt securities maturing in one year or less from the time of investment.

In addition, a BDC must have been organized and have its principal place of business in the U.S. and must be operated for the purpose of making investments in the types of securities described in (1), (2) or (3) above.

As of March 31, 2014, 6.6% of NMF Holdings' total assets were not qualifying assets.

### **Managerial Assistance to Portfolio Companies**

In order to count portfolio securities as qualifying assets for the purpose of the 70.0% test, NMFC must either control the issuer of the securities or must offer to make available to the issuer of the securities (other than small and solvent companies described above) significant managerial assistance, except that, where NMFC purchases such securities in conjunction with one or more other persons acting together, one of the other persons in the group may make available such managerial assistance. Making available managerial assistance means, among other things, any arrangement whereby the BDC offers to provide, and, if accepted, does so provide, significant guidance and counsel concerning the management, operations or business objectives and policies of a portfolio company. The Administrator or its affiliate provides such managerial assistance on NMFC's behalf to portfolio companies that request this assistance.

### **Temporary Investments**

Pending investments in other types of qualifying assets, our investments may consist of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities or high-quality debt securities maturing in one year or less from the time of investment (collectively, as "temporary investments"), so that 70.0% of our assets are qualifying assets. Typically, we will invest in U.S. Treasury bills or in repurchase agreements, provided that such agreements are fully collateralized by cash or securities issued by the U.S. government or its

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agencies. A repurchase agreement involves the purchase by an investor, such as us, of a specified security and the simultaneous agreement by the seller to repurchase it at an agreed-upon future date and at a price that is greater than the purchase price by an amount that reflects an agreed-upon interest rate. There is no percentage restriction on the proportion of our assets that may be invested in such repurchase agreements. However, if more than 25.0% of our total assets constitute repurchase agreements from a single counterparty, NMFC would not meet the Diversification Tests in order to qualify as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Thus, we do not intend to enter into repurchase agreements with a single counterparty in excess of this limit. The Investment Adviser will monitor the creditworthiness of the counterparties with which we enter into repurchase agreement transactions.

### Senior Securities

We are permitted, under specified conditions, to issue multiple classes of debt if our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, is at least equal to 200.0% immediately after each such issuance. In addition, while any senior securities remain outstanding (other than any indebtedness issued in consideration of a privately arranged loan, such as any indebtedness outstanding under the Holdings Credit Facility or the SLF Credit Facility), we must make provisions to prohibit any distribution to our stockholders or the repurchase of our equity securities unless we meet the applicable asset coverage ratios at the time of the distribution or repurchase. We may also borrow amounts up to 5.0% of the value of our total assets for temporary or emergency purposes without regard to our asset coverage. We will include the assets and liabilities of NMF Holdings and NMF SLF for purposes of calculating the asset coverage ratio. For a discussion of the risks associated with leverage, see "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business Regulations governing the operations of BDCs will affect our ability to raise additional equity capital as well as our ability to issue senior securities or borrow for investment purposes, any or all of which could have a negative effect on our investment objectives and strategies" and " We borrow money, which could magnify the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us and increase the risk of investing in us".

### Code of Ethics

We have adopted a code of ethics pursuant to Rule 17j-1 under the 1940 Act that establishes procedures for personal investments and restricts certain personal securities transactions. Personnel subject to the code may invest in securities for their personal investment accounts, including securities that may be purchased or held by us so long as such investments are made in accordance with the code's requirements. You may read and copy the code of ethics at the SEC's Public Reference Room located at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, District of Columbia 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330, and a copy of the code of ethics may be obtained, after paying a duplication fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: [publicinfo@sec.gov](mailto:publicinfo@sec.gov). In addition, the code of ethics is available on the SEC's Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>.

### Compliance Policies and Procedures

We and the Investment Adviser have adopted and implemented written policies and procedures reasonably designed to prevent violation of the federal securities laws and we are required to review these compliance policies and procedures annually for their adequacy and the effectiveness of their implementation. Our chief compliance officer is responsible for administering these policies and procedures.

### Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures

We have delegated our proxy voting responsibility to the Investment Adviser. The proxy voting policies and procedures of the Investment Adviser are set forth below. The guidelines will be reviewed

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periodically by the Investment Adviser and NMFC's non-interested directors, and, accordingly, are subject to change.

### ***Introduction***

As an investment adviser registered under the Advisers Act, the Investment Adviser has a fiduciary duty to act solely in the best interests of its clients. As part of this duty, it recognizes that it must vote our securities in a timely manner free of conflicts of interest and in the best interests of NMFC.

The policies and procedures for voting proxies for the investment advisory clients of the Investment Adviser are intended to comply with Section 206 of, and Rule 206(4)-6 under, the Advisers Act.

### ***Proxy policies***

The Investment Adviser will vote proxies relating to our securities in our best interest. It will review on a case-by-case basis each proposal submitted for a stockholder vote to determine its impact on the portfolio securities held by us. Although the Investment Adviser will generally vote against proposals that may have a negative impact on its clients' portfolio securities, it may vote for such a proposal if there exists compelling long-term reasons to do so.

The proxy voting decisions of the Investment Adviser are made by the senior officers who are responsible for monitoring each of its clients' investments. To ensure that its vote is not the product of a conflict of interest, it will require that: (a) anyone involved in the decision making process disclose to its chief compliance officer any potential conflict that he or she is aware of and any contact that he or she has had with any interested party regarding a proxy vote; and (b) employees involved in the decision making process or vote administration are prohibited from revealing how the Investment Adviser intends to vote on a proposal in order to reduce any attempted influence from interested parties.

### ***Proxy voting records***

You may obtain, without charge, information regarding how we voted proxies with respect to our portfolio securities by making a written request for proxy voting information to: Chief Compliance Officer, 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019.

### **Other**

We will be periodically examined by the SEC for compliance with the 1940 Act.

We are required to provide and maintain a bond issued by a reputable fidelity insurance company to protect us against larceny and embezzlement. Furthermore, as a BDC, we will be prohibited from protecting any director or officer against any liability to us or our stockholders arising from willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of such person's office.



### **Exchange Act and Sarbanes-Oxley Act Compliance**

The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 imposes a variety of regulatory requirements on publicly-held companies and their insiders. Many of these requirements affect NMFC. For example:

pursuant to Rule 13a-14 of the Exchange Act, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer are required to certify the accuracy of the financial statements contained in our periodic reports;

pursuant to Item 307 of Regulation S-K, our periodic reports are required to disclose our conclusions about the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures;

pursuant to Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act, our management is required to prepare a report regarding their assessment of their internal control over financial reporting and is required to obtain an audit of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting performed by our independent registered public accounting firm; and

pursuant to Item 308 of Regulation S-K and Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act, our periodic reports are required to disclose whether there were significant changes in our internal controls over financial reporting or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to the date of the evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 requires us to review our current policies and procedures to determine whether we comply with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and the regulations promulgated thereunder. We intend to monitor our compliance with all regulations that are adopted under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and will take actions necessary to ensure that we are in compliance therewith.

### **Fundamental Investment Policies**

Neither our investment objective nor our investment policies are identified as fundamental. Accordingly, our investment objective and policies may be changed by us without the approval of our stockholders.

### **NYSE Corporate Governance Regulations**

The NYSE has adopted corporate governance regulations that listed companies must comply with. NMFC intends to be in compliance with such corporate governance listing standards applicable to BDCs. NMFC intends to monitor its compliance with all future listing standards and to take all necessary actions to ensure that it is in compliance therewith. On January 2, 2013, we received a letter of public reprimand from the NYSE indicating that NMFC had failed to comply with Section 204.12 of the NYSE Listed Company Manual requiring ten days prior notice of a record date, in connection with the announcement of a special dividend distribution. If NMFC were to be delisted by the NYSE, the liquidity of NMFC's common stock would be materially impaired.

## PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We may offer, from time to time, up to \$150,000,000 of common stock, preferred stock, subscription rights to purchase shares of common stock, debt securities or warrants, in one or more underwritten public offerings, at-the-market offerings, negotiated transactions, block trades, best efforts or a combination of these methods. In addition, this prospectus relates to [ ] shares of NMFC's common stock that may be sold by the selling stockholders identified under "Selling Stockholders". We may sell the securities through underwriters or dealers, directly to one or more purchasers through agents or through a combination of any such methods of sale. In the case of a rights offering, the applicable prospectus supplement will set forth the number of shares of our common stock issuable upon the exercise of each right and the other terms of such rights offering. Any underwriter or agent involved in the offer and sale of the securities will be named in the applicable prospectus supplement. A prospectus supplement or supplements will also describe the terms of the offering of the securities, including: the purchase price of the securities and the proceeds we will receive from the sale; any options under which underwriters may purchase additional securities from us; any agency fees or underwriting discounts and other items constituting agents' or underwriters' compensation; the public offering price; any discounts or concessions allowed or re-allowed or paid to dealers; and any securities exchange or market on which the securities may be listed. Only underwriters named in the prospectus supplement will be underwriters of the shares offered by the prospectus supplement.

The distribution of the securities may be effected from time to time in one or more transactions at a fixed price or prices, which may be changed, at prevailing market prices at the time of sale, at prices related to such prevailing market prices, or at negotiated prices, provided, however, that the offering price per share of our common stock, less any underwriting commissions or discounts, must equal or exceed the net asset value per share of our common stock at the time of the offering except (i) in connection with a rights offering to our existing stockholders, (ii) with the prior approval of the majority of our common stockholders, or (iii) under such other circumstances as the SEC may permit. Any offering of securities by us that requires the consent of the majority of our common stockholders, must occur, if at all, within one year after receiving such consent. The price at which the securities may be distributed may represent a discount from prevailing market prices.

In connection with the sale of the securities, underwriters or agents may receive compensation from us or from purchasers of the securities, for whom they may act as agents, in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions. Underwriters may sell the securities to or through dealers and such dealers may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the underwriters and/or commissions from the purchasers for whom they may act as agents. Underwriters, dealers and agents that participate in the distribution of the securities may be deemed to be underwriters under the Securities Act, and any discounts and commissions they receive from us and any profit realized by them on the resale of the securities may be deemed to be underwriting discounts and commissions under the Securities Act. Any such underwriter or agent will be identified and any such compensation received from us will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement. The maximum aggregate commission or discount to be received by any member of FINRA or independent broker-dealer, including any reimbursements to underwriters or agents for certain fees and legal expenses incurred by them, will not be greater than 10.0% of the gross proceeds of the sale of shares offered pursuant to this prospectus and any applicable prospectus supplement.

Any underwriter may engage in over-allotment, stabilizing transactions, short-covering transactions and penalty bids in accordance with Regulation M under the Exchange Act. Over-allotment involves sales in excess of the offering size, which create a short position. Stabilizing transactions permit bids to purchase the underlying security so long as the stabilizing bids do not exceed a specified maximum price. Syndicate-covering or other short-covering transactions involve purchases of the securities, either through exercise of the option to purchase additional shares from us or in the open market after the distribution is completed, to cover short positions. Penalty bids permit the underwriters to reclaim a

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selling concession from a dealer when the securities originally sold by the dealer are purchased in a stabilizing or covering transaction to cover short positions. Those activities may cause the price of the securities to be higher than it would otherwise be. If commenced, the underwriters may discontinue any of the activities at any time.

Any underwriters that are qualified market makers on the NYSE may engage in passive market making transactions in our common stock on the NYSE in accordance with Regulation M under the Exchange Act, during the business day prior to the pricing of the offering, before the commencement of offers or sales of our common stock. Passive market makers must comply with applicable volume and price limitations and must be identified as passive market makers. In general, a passive market maker must display its bid at a price not in excess of the highest independent bid for such security; if all independent bids are lowered below the passive market maker's bid, however, the passive market maker's bid must then be lowered when certain purchase limits are exceeded. Passive market making may stabilize the market price of the shares at a level above that which might otherwise prevail in the open market and, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time.

We may sell securities directly or through agents we designate from time to time. We will name any agent involved in the offering and sale of securities and we will describe any commissions we will pay the agent in the prospectus supplement. Unless the prospectus supplement states otherwise, our agent will act on a best-efforts basis for the period of its appointment.

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, each class or series of securities will be a new issue with no trading market, other than our common stock, which is traded on the NYSE. We may elect to list any other class or series of securities on any exchanges, but we are not obligated to do so. We cannot guarantee the liquidity of the trading markets for any securities.

Under agreements that we may enter, underwriters, dealers and agents who participate in the distribution of our securities may be entitled to indemnification by us against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, or contribution with respect to payments that the agents or underwriters may make with respect to these liabilities. Underwriters, dealers and agents may engage in transactions with, or perform services for, us in the ordinary course of business.

If so indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will authorize underwriters or other persons acting as our agents to solicit offers by certain institutions to purchase our securities from us pursuant to contracts providing for payment and delivery on a future date. Institutions with which such contracts may be made include commercial and savings banks, insurance companies, pension funds, investment companies, educational and charitable institutions and others, but in all cases such institutions must be approved by us. The obligations of any purchaser under any such contract will be subject to the condition that the purchase of our securities shall not at the time of delivery be prohibited under the laws of the jurisdiction to which such purchaser is subject. The underwriters and such other agents will not have any responsibility in respect of the validity or performance of such contracts. Such contracts will be subject only to those conditions set forth in the prospectus supplement, and the prospectus supplement will set forth the commission payable for solicitation of such contracts.

We may enter into derivative transactions with third parties, or sell securities not covered by this prospectus to third parties in privately negotiated transactions. If the applicable prospectus supplement indicates, in connection with those derivatives, the third parties may sell securities covered by this prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement, including in short sale transactions. If so, the third party may use securities pledged by us or borrowed from us or others to settle those sales or to close out any related open borrowings of stock, and may use securities received from us in settlement of those derivatives to close out any related open borrowings of stock. The third parties in such sale transactions will be underwriters and, if not identified in this prospectus, will be identified in the applicable prospectus supplement.

In order to comply with the securities laws of certain states, if applicable, our securities offered hereby will be sold in such jurisdictions only through registered or licensed brokers or dealers.

**SAFEKEEPING AGENT, CUSTODIAN, TRANSFER AGENT, DISTRIBUTION PAYING AGENT AND REGISTRAR**

We maintain custody of our assets in accordance with the requirements of Rule 17f-2 under the 1940 Act. Also in accordance with this rule, some of our portfolio securities are held under a safekeeping agreement, by Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, which is a bank whose functions and physical facilities are supervised by federal or state authority. The address of the safekeeping agent is: 9062 Old Annapolis Road, Columbia, Maryland 21045. In addition, some of our portfolio securities are held under a custody agreement by U.S. Bank National Association. The address of the custodian is: One Federal Street, 3rd Floor, Boston, Massachusetts 02110. American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC acts as our transfer agent, distribution paying agent and registrar. The principal address of the transfer agent, distribution paying agent and registrar is 6201 15<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Brooklyn, New York 11219, telephone number: (800) 937-5449.

**BROKERAGE ALLOCATION AND OTHER PRACTICES**

Since we generally acquire and dispose of our investments in privately negotiated transactions, we expect that we will infrequently use brokers in the normal course of our business. Subject to policies established by our board of directors, the Investment Adviser is primarily responsible for the execution of the publicly-traded securities portion of our portfolio transactions and the allocation of brokerage commissions. The Investment Adviser does not execute transactions through any particular broker or dealer, but seeks to obtain the best net results, taking into account such factors as price (including the applicable brokerage commission or dealer spread), size of order, difficulty of execution, and operational facilities of the firm and the firm's risk and skill in positioning blocks of securities. While the Investment Adviser generally seeks reasonably competitive trade execution costs, we will not necessarily pay the lowest spread or commission available. Subject to applicable legal requirements, the Investment Adviser may select a broker based partly upon brokerage or research services provided to the Investment Adviser and us and any other clients. In return for such services, we may pay a higher commission than other brokers would charge if the Investment Adviser determines in good faith that such commission is reasonable in relation to the services provided.

**LEGAL MATTERS**

Certain legal matters regarding the securities offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Sutherland Asbill & Brennan LLP, Washington, D.C. Certain legal matters in connection with the offering will be passed upon for the underwriters, if any, by the counsel named in the applicable prospectus supplement.

**INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

With respect to the unaudited interim financial information of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. and New Mountain Finance Corporation as of March 31, 2014 and for the three month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, which is included in this prospectus, Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, has applied limited procedures in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) for a review of such information. However, as stated in their report included in this prospectus, they did not audit and they do not express an opinion on that interim financial information. Accordingly, the degree of reliance on their report on such information should be restricted in light of the limited nature of the review procedures applied. Deloitte & Touche LLP are not subject to the liability provisions of Section 11 of the Securities Act of 1933 for their reports on the unaudited interim financial information because those reports are not "reports" or a "part" of the Registration Statement prepared or certified by an accountant within the meaning of Sections 7 and 11 of the Act.

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The consolidated financial statements of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. as of December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 and for each of the three years ended December 31, 2013, and the financial statements of New Mountain Finance Corporation and New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation as of December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and for the period from May 19, 2011 (Commencement of Operations) to December 31, 2011, including the Senior Securities table, included in this prospectus, have been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their reports appearing herein and elsewhere in the Registration Statement. Such financial statements and information included in the Senior Securities table as of December 31, 2013, 2012, 2011, 2010 and 2009 have been so included in reliance upon the reports of such firm, given their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

The principal business address of Deloitte & Touche LLP is 30 Rockefeller Center Plaza, New York, New York 10112.

### AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2, together with all amendments and related exhibits, under the Securities Act, with respect to the securities offered by this prospectus. The registration statement contains additional information about NMFC and the securities being offered by this prospectus.

We are required to file with or submit to the SEC annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information meeting the informational requirements of the Exchange Act. You may inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information, as well as the registration statement and related exhibits and schedules, at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, District of Columbia 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information filed electronically by us with the SEC, which are available on the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>. Copies of these reports, proxy and information statements and other information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: [publicinfo@sec.gov](mailto:publicinfo@sec.gov), or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, District of Columbia 20549. This information will also be available free of charge by contacting us at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019, by telephone at (212) 720-0300, or on our website at <http://www.newmountainfinance.com>. Information contained on our website or on the SEC's web site about us is not incorporated into this prospectus and you should not consider information contained on our website or on the SEC's website to be part of this prospectus.

### PRIVACY NOTICE

Your privacy is very important to us. This Privacy Notice sets forth our policies with respect to non-public personal information about our shareholders and prospective and former shareholders. These policies apply to shareholders of NMFC and may be changed at any time, provided a notice of such change is given to you. This notice supersedes any other privacy notice you may have received from us.

We will safeguard, according to strict standards of security and confidentiality, all information we receive about you. The only information we collect from you is your name, address, number of shares you hold and your social security number. This information is used only so that we can send you annual reports and other information about us, and send you proxy statements or other information required by law.

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We do not share this information with any non-affiliated third party except as described below.

*Authorized Employees of our Investment Adviser.* It is our policy that only authorized employees of our investment adviser who need to know your personal information will have access to it.

*Service Providers.* We may disclose your personal information to companies that provide services on our behalf, such as recordkeeping, processing your trades, and mailing you information. These companies are required to protect your information and use it solely for the purpose for which they received it.

*Courts and Government Officials.* If required by law, we may disclose your personal information in accordance with a court order or at the request of government regulators. Only that information required by law, subpoena, or court order will be disclosed.

We seek to carefully safeguard your private information and, to that end, restrict access to non-public personal information about you to those employees and other persons who need to know the information to enable us to provide services to you. We maintain physical, electronic and procedural safeguards to protect your non-public personal information.

If you have any questions regarding this policy or the treatment of your non-public personal information, please contact our Chief Compliance Officer at (212) 655-0024.

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## New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

## Consolidated Statements of Assets, Liabilities and Members' Capital

(in thousands, except units and per unit data)

	March 31, 2014 (unaudited)	December 31, 2013
<b>Assets</b>		
Investments at fair value (cost of \$1,153,821 and \$1,094,080, respectively)	\$ 1,180,206	\$ 1,115,651
Cash and cash equivalents	13,327	14,981
Interest and dividend receivable	12,049	10,531
Receivable from unsettled securities sold	7,418	
Deferred credit facility costs (net of accumulated amortization of \$3,980 and \$3,562, respectively)	4,361	4,727
Receivable from affiliate	383	459
Other assets	1,660	1,492
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 1,219,404</b>	<b>\$ 1,147,841</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Holdings Credit Facility	271,825	221,849
SLF Credit Facility	215,000	214,668
Payable for unsettled securities purchased	15,175	3,690
Capital gains incentive fee payable	8,050	7,636
Incentive fee payable	4,443	4,104
Management fee payable	4,176	3,856
Interest payable	937	814
Payable to affiliate	10	80
Other liabilities	2,640	2,628
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>522,256</b>	<b>459,325</b>
<b>Members' Capital</b>	<b>697,148</b>	<b>688,516</b>
<b>Total liabilities and members' capital</b>	<b>\$ 1,219,404</b>	<b>\$ 1,147,841</b>
<b>Outstanding common membership units</b>	<b>47,968,000</b>	<b>47,896,693</b>
<b>Capital per unit</b>	<b>\$ 14.53</b>	<b>\$ 14.38</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

## Consolidated Statements of Operations

(in thousands)

(unaudited)

	Three months ended	
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013
<b>Investment income</b>		
Interest income	\$ 28,139	\$ 25,043
Dividend income	2,095	
Other income	684	275
<b>Total investment income</b>	<b>30,918</b>	<b>25,318</b>
<b>Expenses</b>		
Incentive fee	4,443	3,458
Capital gains incentive fee	1,527	2,682
<b>Total incentive fee</b>	<b>5,970</b>	<b>6,140</b>
Management fee	4,176	3,568
Interest and other credit facility expenses	3,413	3,071
Professional fees	862	572
Administrative expenses	596	759
Other general and administrative expenses	390	410
<b>Total expenses</b>	<b>15,407</b>	<b>14,520</b>
Less: expenses waived and reimbursed (See Note 5)	(774)	(829)
<b>Net expenses</b>	<b>14,633</b>	<b>13,691</b>
<b>Net investment income</b>	<b>16,285</b>	<b>11,627</b>
Net realized gains on investments	2,780	1,044
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments	4,814	11,890
<b>Net increase in members' capital resulting from operations</b>	<b>\$ 23,879</b>	<b>\$ 24,561</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Members' Capital

(in thousands)

(unaudited)

	Three months ended	
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013
<b>Increase in members' capital resulting from operations:</b>		
Net investment income	\$ 16,285	\$ 11,627
Net realized gains on investments	2,780	1,044
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments	4,814	11,890
<b>Net increase in members' capital resulting from operations</b>	<b>23,879</b>	<b>24,561</b>
<b>Net contributions</b>		<b>28,400</b>
<b>Dividends declared</b>	<b>(16,285)</b>	<b>(13,797)</b>
<b>Offering costs</b>		<b>(75)</b>
<b>Reinvestment of dividends</b>	<b>1,038</b>	<b>1,450</b>
<b>Net increase in members' capital</b>	<b>8,632</b>	<b>40,539</b>
<b>Members' capital at beginning of period</b>	<b>688,516</b>	<b>569,939</b>
<b>Members' capital at end of period</b>	<b>\$ 697,148</b>	<b>\$ 610,478</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

## Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(in thousands)

(unaudited)

	Three months ended	
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Net increase in members' capital resulting from operations	\$ 23,879	\$ 24,561
Adjustments to reconcile net (increase) decrease in members' capital resulting from operations to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:		
Net realized gains on investments	(2,780)	(1,044)
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation of investments	(4,814)	(11,890)
Amortization of purchase discount	(712)	(1,103)
Amortization of deferred credit facility costs	418	357
Non-cash interest income	(573)	(114)
<b>(Increase) decrease in operating assets:</b>		
Purchase of investments	(158,292)	(112,005)
Proceeds from sales and paydowns of investments	102,436	85,110
Cash received for purchase of undrawn portion of revolving credit or delayed draw facilities	126	
Cash paid for purchase of drawn portion of revolving credit or delayed draw facilities	(516)	
Cash repayments on drawn revolvers	570	
Interest and dividend receivable	(1,518)	(3,209)
Receivable from unsettled securities sold	(7,418)	9,962
Receivable from affiliate	76	39
Other assets	(168)	(157)
<b>Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:</b>		
Payable for unsettled securities purchased	11,485	(9,700)
Capital gains incentive fee payable	414	2,682
Incentive fee payable	339	68
Management fee payable	320	346
Interest payable	123	98
Payable to affiliate	(70)	5
Other liabilities	56	238
<b>Net cash flows used in operating activities</b>	<b>(36,619)</b>	<b>(15,756)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Net contributions		28,400
Dividends paid	(15,247)	(18,023)
Offering costs paid	(78)	(224)
Proceeds from Holdings Credit Facility	93,076	65,425
Repayment of Holdings Credit Facility	(43,100)	(57,200)
Proceeds from SLF Credit Facility	332	3,238
Repayment of SLF Credit Facility		(2,500)
Deferred credit facility costs paid	(18)	(234)
<b>Net cash flows provided by financing activities</b>	<b>34,965</b>	<b>18,882</b>
<b>Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>(1,654)</b>	<b>3,126</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period</b>	<b>14,981</b>	<b>12,752</b>

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**Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period** \$ 13,327 \$ 15,878

**Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information**

Interest paid \$ 2,714 \$ 2,545

**Non-cash financing activities:**

Dividends declared and payable \$ \$ 5,516

Value of members' capital issued in connection with dividend reinvestment plan 1,038 1,450

Accrual for offering costs 690 828

Accrual for deferred credit facility costs 55 64

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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## New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

## Consolidated Schedule of Investments

March 31, 2014

(in thousands, except shares)

(unaudited)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry(1)	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Members' Capital
<b>Funded Debt Investments Australia</b>							
Project Sunshine IV Pty Ltd**							
Media	First lien(2)	8.00% (Base Rate + 7.00%)	2/28/2019	\$ 12,500	\$ 12,377	\$ 12,656	1.82%
<b>Total Funded Debt Investments Australia</b>				<b>\$ 12,500</b>	<b>\$ 12,377</b>	<b>\$ 12,656</b>	<b>1.82%</b>
<b>Funded Debt Investments Bermuda</b>							
Stratus Technologies Bermuda Holdings Ltd.(4)**							
Stratus Technologies Bermuda Ltd. / Stratus Technologies, Inc.							
Information Technology	First lien(2)(7)	12.00%	3/29/2015	\$ 6,497	\$ 6,385	\$ 7,244	1.04%
<b>Total Funded Debt Investments Bermuda</b>				<b>\$ 6,497</b>	<b>\$ 6,385</b>	<b>\$ 7,244</b>	<b>1.04%</b>
<b>Funded Debt Investments Cayman Islands</b>							
Pinnacle Holdco S.à r.l. / Pinnacle (US) Acquisition Co Limited**							
Software	Second lien(2)	10.50% (Base Rate + 9.25%)	7/30/2020	\$ 35,000	\$ 34,537	\$ 35,613	5.11%
<b>Total Funded Debt Investments Cayman Islands</b>				<b>\$ 35,000</b>	<b>\$ 34,537</b>	<b>\$ 35,613</b>	<b>5.11%</b>
<b>Funded Debt Investments United States</b>							
McGraw-Hill Global Education Holdings, LLC							
Education	First lien(2)	9.75%	4/1/2021	\$ 24,500	\$ 24,351	\$ 27,930	
	First lien(3)	5.75% (Base Rate + 4.75%)	3/22/2019	14,963	14,574	15,086	
				39,463	38,925	43,016	6.17%
Deltek, Inc.							
Software	Second lien(2)	10.00% (Base Rate + 8.75%)	10/10/2019	41,000	40,979	41,820	6.00%
Global Knowledge Training LLC			10/21/2018	41,450	41,088	41,650	5.97%

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	Second lien(2)	11.00% (Base Rate + 9.75%)					
Novell, Inc. (fka Attachmate Corporation, NetIQ Corporation)							
Software	First lien(3)	7.25% (Base Rate + 5.75%)	11/22/2017	6,514	6,422	6,571	
	Second lien(2)	11.00% (Base Rate + 9.50%)	11/22/2018	33,321	32,832	33,383	
				39,835	39,254	39,954	5.73%
Kronos Incorporated							
Software	Second lien(2)	9.75% (Base Rate + 8.50%)	4/30/2020	37,641	37,332	39,084	5.61%
UniTek Global Services, Inc.							
Business Services	First lien(2)	15.00% (Base Rate + 9.50% + 4.00% PIK)*	4/15/2018	26,584	25,750	25,291	
	First lien(2)	15.00% (Base Rate + 9.50% + 4.00% PIK)*	4/15/2018	6,436	6,234	6,123	
	First lien(2)	15.00% (Base Rate + 9.50% + 4.00% PIK)*	4/15/2018	5,350	5,182	5,090	
				38,370	37,166	36,504	5.24%
SRA International, Inc.							
Federal Services YP Holdings LLC(8) YP LLC	First lien(2)	6.50% (Base Rate + 5.25%)	7/20/2018	34,750	33,835	34,923	5.01%
Media Edmentum, Inc.(fka Plato, Inc.)	First lien(2)	8.03% (Base Rate + 6.72%)	6/4/2018	34,096	33,677	34,459	4.94%
Education Rocket Software, Inc.	Second lien(2)	11.25% (Base Rate + 9.75%)	5/17/2019	31,150	30,703	31,462	4.51%
Software Tolt Solutions, Inc.(13)	Second lien(2)	10.25% (Base Rate + 8.75%)	2/8/2019	30,875	30,739	31,081	4.46%
Business Services	First lien(2)	7.00% (Base Rate + 6.00%)	3/7/2019	15,000	15,000	15,000	
	First lien(2)	12.00% (Base Rate + 11.00%)	3/7/2019	15,000	15,000	15,000	
				30,000	30,000	30,000	4.30%
JHCI Acquisition, Inc.							
Distribution & Logistics	First lien(3)	7.00% (Base Rate + 5.75%)	7/11/2019	\$ 19,123	\$ 18,863	\$ 19,553	
	Second lien(2)	11.00% (Base Rate + 9.75%)	7/11/2020	10,000	9,721	10,013	
				29,123	28,584	29,566	4.24%

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CompassLearning, Inc.(12)

Education	First lien(2)	8.00% (Base Rate + 6.75%) F-7	11/26/2018	30,000	29,293	29,250	4.20%
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New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2014

(in thousands, except shares)

(unaudited)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry(1)	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Members' Capital
<b>Transtar Holding Company</b>							
Distribution & Logistics KeyPoint Government Solutions, Inc.	Second lien(2)	10.00% (Base Rate + 8.75%)	10/9/2019	28,300	27,859	28,017	4.02%
Federal Services	First lien(3)	7.25% (Base Rate + 6.00%)	11/13/2017	19,918	19,538	19,719	
	First lien(2)	7.25% (Base Rate + 6.00%)	11/13/2017	6,607	6,514	6,541	
				26,525	26,052	26,260	3.77%
<b>Meritas Schools Holdings, LLC</b>							
Education	First lien(3)	7.00% (Base Rate + 5.75%)	6/25/2019	19,900	19,722	20,049	
	First lien(2)	7.00% (Base Rate + 5.75%)	6/25/2019	5,905	5,853	5,950	
				25,805	25,575	25,999	3.73%
<b>Sierra Hamilton LLC / Sierra Hamilton Finance, Inc.</b>							
Energy	First lien(2)	12.25%	12/15/2018	25,000	25,000	25,688	3.68%
<b>Permian Tank &amp; Manufacturing, Inc.</b>							
Energy	First lien(2)	10.50%	1/15/2018	24,500	24,742	25,051	3.59%
<b>Aderant North America, Inc.</b>							
Software	Second lien(2)	10.00% (Base Rate + 8.75%)	6/20/2019	24,000	23,742	24,479	3.51%
<b>McGraw-Hill School Education Holdings, LLC</b>							
Education	First lien(3)	6.25% (Base Rate + 5.00%)	12/18/2019	19,950	19,757	20,115	
	First lien(2)	6.25% (Base Rate + 5.00%)	12/18/2019	1,995	1,976	2,011	
				21,945	21,733	22,126	3.17%
<b>Aspen Dental Management, Inc.</b>							
Healthcare Services LM U.S. Member LLC (and LM U.S. Corp Acquisition Inc.)	First lien(3)	7.00% (Base Rate + 5.50%)	10/6/2016	21,023	20,791	21,089	3.03%

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Business Services American Pacific Corporation**	Second lien(3)	9.50% (Base Rate + 8.25%)	10/26/2020	20,000	19,739	20,363	2.92%
Specialty Chemicals and Materials	First lien(3)	7.00% (Base Rate + 6.00%)	2/27/2019	16,000	15,881	16,180	
	First lien(2)	7.00% (Base Rate + 6.00%)	2/27/2019	4,000	3,970	4,045	
				20,000	19,851	20,225	2.90%
First American Payment Systems, L.P.							
Business Services Envision Acquisition Company, LLC	Second lien(3)	10.75% (Base Rate + 9.50%)	4/12/2019	20,000	19,667	20,200	2.90%
Healthcare Services ARSloane Acquisition, LLC	Second lien(2)	9.75% (Base Rate + 8.75%)	11/4/2021	20,000	19,613	20,150	2.89%
Business Services Distribution International, Inc.	First lien(3)	7.50% (Base Rate + 6.25%)	10/1/2019	19,900	19,714	20,037	2.87%
Distribution & Logistics eResearchTechnology, Inc.	First lien(2)	7.50% (Base Rate + 6.50%)	7/16/2019	19,850	19,491	19,899	2.85%
Healthcare Services Insight Pharmaceuticals LLC	First lien(3)	6.00% (Base Rate + 4.75%)	5/2/2018	19,701	19,034	19,824	2.84%
Healthcare Products Acrisure, LLC	Second lien(3)	13.25% (Base Rate + 11.75%)	8/25/2017	19,310	18,799	19,117	2.74%
Business Services St. George's University Scholastic Services LLC	Second lien(2)	11.50% (Base Rate + 10.50%)	3/9/2020	17,675	17,500	17,498	2.51%
Education MailSouth, Inc.	First lien(3)	8.50% (Base Rate + 7.00%)	12/20/2017	15,939	15,689	16,078	2.31%
Media Ascend Learning, LLC	First lien(3)	6.76% (Base Rate + 4.96%)	12/14/2016	17,723	16,884	15,951	2.29%
Education Confie Seguros Holding II Co.	First lien(3)	6.00% (Base Rate + 5.00%)	7/31/2019	14,963	14,889	15,187	2.18%
Consumer Services Smile Brands Group Inc.	Second lien(3)	10.25% (Base Rate + 9.00%)	5/8/2019	14,886	14,766	15,016	2.15%
Healthcare Services Brock Holdings III, Inc.	First lien(3)	7.50% (Base Rate + 6.25%)	8/16/2019	\$ 14,428	\$ 14,240	\$ 14,495	2.08%
Industrial Services Vision Solutions, Inc.	Second lien(2)	10.00% (Base Rate + 8.25%)	3/16/2018	14,000	13,843	14,224	2.04%
Software Packaging Coordinators, Inc.(10)	Second lien(2)	9.50% (Base Rate + 8.00%)	7/23/2017	14,000	13,957	14,140	2.03%
Healthcare Products Asurion, LLC (fka Asurion Corporation)	Second lien(2)	9.50% (Base Rate + 8.25%)	11/10/2020	14,000	13,872	14,100	2.02%
Business Services Vertafore, Inc.	Second lien(2)	8.50% (Base Rate + 7.50%)	3/3/2021	10,000	9,851	10,348	1.48%
Software Vitera Healthcare Solutions, LLC	Second lien(2)	9.75% (Base Rate + 8.25%)	10/27/2017	10,000	9,941	10,216	1.47%
Software	First lien(3)	6.00% (Base Rate + 5.00%)	11/4/2020	1,995	1,976	1,991	
	Second lien(3)	9.25% (Base Rate + 8.25%)	11/4/2021	7,000	6,899	7,105	

8,995 8,875 9,096 1.30%

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New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2014

(in thousands, except shares)

(unaudited)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry(1)	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Members' Capital
Sotera Defense Solutions, Inc. (Global Defense Technology & Systems, Inc.)							
Federal Services	First lien(3)	7.50% (Base Rate + 6.00%)	4/21/2017	10,287	10,185	9,027	1.30%
Harley Marine Services, Inc.							
Distribution & Logistics	Second lien(3)	10.50% (Base Rate + 9.25%)	12/20/2019	9,000	8,826	8,910	1.28%
Virtual Radiologic Corporation							
Healthcare Information Technology	First lien(3)	7.25% (Base Rate + 5.50%)	12/22/2016	13,528	13,429	8,455	1.21%
Physio-Control International, Inc.							
Healthcare Products	First lien(3)	9.88%	1/15/2019	6,651	6,651	7,499	1.08%
Alion Science and Technology Corporation							
Federal Services	First lien(2)(7)	12.00% (10.00% + 2.00% PIK)*	11/1/2014	6,447	6,378	6,365	0.91%
Immucor, Inc.							
Healthcare Services	Subordinated(3)(7)	11.13%	8/15/2019	3,000	2,962	3,405	
	Subordinated(2)(7)	11.13%	8/15/2019	2,000	1,988	2,270	
				5,000	4,950	5,675	0.82%
Learning Care Group (US), Inc.							
Education	Subordinated(2)	15.00% PIK*	5/8/2020	4,371	4,228	4,371	
	Subordinated(2)	15.00% PIK*	5/8/2020	800	745	800	
				5,171	4,973	5,171	0.74%
Education Management LLC**							
Education	First lien(3)	8.25% (Base Rate + 7.00%)	3/30/2018	4,990	4,881	4,665	0.67%
GCA Services Group, Inc.							
Business Services	Second lien(2)	9.25% (Base Rate + 8.00%)	11/1/2020	4,000	3,965	4,059	0.58%
CRC Health Corporation							
Healthcare Services	Second lien(2)	9.00% (Base Rate + 8.00%)	9/28/2021	4,000	3,920	3,920	0.56%
Sophia Holding Finance LP / Sophia Holding Finance Inc.							
Software	Subordinated(2)	9.63%	12/1/2018	3,500	3,503	3,684	0.53%
Synarc-Biocore Holdings, LLC							
Healthcare Services	Second lien(2)	9.25% (Base Rate + 8.25%)	3/10/2022	2,500	2,475	2,475	0.36%
ATI Acquisition Company (fka Ability Acquisition, Inc.)(11)							
Education	First lien(2)			1,665	1,434	233	

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	17.25% (Base Rate + 10.00% + 4.00% PIK)(5)*	6/30/2012 Past Due				
First lien(2)	17.25% (Base Rate + 10.00% + 4.00% PIK)(5)*	6/30/2012 Past Due	103	94	103	
			1,768	1,528	336	0.05%
<b>Total Funded Debt Investments United States</b>			<b>\$ 1,057,063</b>	<b>\$ 1,042,948</b>	<b>\$ 1,057,883</b>	<b>151.74%</b>

**Total Funded Debt Investments** **\$ 1,111,060 \$ 1,096,247 \$ 1,113,396 159.71%**

**Equity Bermuda**

Stratus Technologies Bermuda Holdings Ltd.(4)**						
Information Technology	Ordinary shares(2)		156,247	\$ 65	\$ 33	
	Preferred shares(2)		35,558	15	8	
				80	41	0.01%
<b>Total Shares Bermuda</b>			<b>\$ 80</b>	<b>\$ 41</b>	<b>0.01%</b>	

**Equity United States**

Crowley Holdings Preferred, LLC						
Distribution & Logistics	Preferred shares(2)	12.00% (10.00% + 2.00% PIK)*	35,191	\$ 35,191	\$ 35,191	5.04%
Black Elk Energy Offshore Operations, LLC	Preferred shares(2)	17.00%	20,000,000	20,000	20,000	2.87%
Energy	Preferred shares(2)		2		3	
Global Knowledge Training LLC	Ordinary shares(2)		2,423		3,809	
Education	Preferred shares(2)					
					3,812	0.55%

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New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

March 31, 2014

(in thousands, except shares)

(unaudited)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry(1)	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Members' Capital
Packaging Coordinators, Inc.(10)							
Packaging Coordinators Holdings, LLC							
Healthcare Products	Ordinary shares(2)			19,427	636	755	0.11%
Ancora Acquisition LLC(11)							
Education	Preferred shares(2)			372	\$ 83	\$ 83	0.01%
<b>Total Shares United States</b>					<b>\$ 55,910</b>	<b>\$ 59,841</b>	<b>8.58%</b>
<b>Total Shares</b>					<b>\$ 55,990</b>	<b>\$ 59,882</b>	<b>8.59%</b>
<b>Warrants United States</b>							
Learning Care Group (US), Inc.							
Education	Warrants(2)			844	\$ 194	\$ 561	
	Warrants(2)			3,589	61	2,384	
					255	2,945	0.42%
YP Holdings LLC(8)							
YP Equity Investors LLC							
Media	Warrants(2)			5		2,105	0.30%
UniTek Global Services, Inc.							
Business Services	Warrants(2)			1,014,451(6)	1,449	1,867	0.27%
Storapod Holding Company, Inc.							
Consumer Services	Warrants(2)			360,129	156	530	0.08%
Alion Science and Technology Corporation							
Federal Services	Warrants(2)			6,000	293	94	0.01%
Ancora Acquisition LLC(11)							
Education	Warrants(2)			20			0.00%
<b>Total Warrants United States</b>					<b>\$ 2,153</b>	<b>\$ 7,541</b>	<b>1.08%</b>
<b>Total Funded Investments</b>					<b>\$ 1,154,390</b>	<b>\$ 1,180,819</b>	<b>169.38%</b>
<b>Unfunded Debt Investments United States</b>							
MailSouth, Inc.							
Media	First lien(2)(9) Undrawn		12/14/2015	\$ 1,900	\$ (181)	\$ (266)	(0.04)%
Aspen Dental Management, Inc.							

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Healthcare Services	First lien(2)(9) Undrawn	4/6/2016	5,000	(388)	(347)	(0.05)%
<b>Total Unfunded Debt Investments</b>			<b>\$ 6,900</b>	<b>\$ (569)</b>	<b>\$ (613)</b>	<b>(0.09)%</b>
<b>Total Investments</b>			<b>\$ 1,153,821</b>	<b>\$ 1,180,206</b>	<b>169.29%</b>	

- 
- (1) New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. (the "Operating Company") generally acquires its investments in private transactions exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). These investments are generally subject to certain limitations on resale, and may be deemed to be "restricted securities" under the Securities Act.
  - (2) Investment is pledged as collateral for the Holdings Credit Facility, a revolving credit facility among the Operating Company as the Borrower and Collateral Administrator, Wells Fargo Securities, L.L.C. as the Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, NA, as the Collateral Custodian. See Note 7, *Borrowing Facilities*, for details.
  - (3) Investment is pledged as collateral for the SLF Credit Facility, a revolving credit facility among New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C. as the Borrower, the Operating Company as the Collateral Administrator, Wells Fargo Securities, L.L.C. as the Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, NA, as the Collateral Custodian. See Note 7, *Borrowing Facilities*, for details.
  - (4) The Operating Company holds investments in two related entities of Stratus Technologies Bermuda Holdings, Ltd. ("Stratus Holdings"). The Operating Company directly holds ordinary and preferred equity in Stratus Holdings and has a credit investment in the joint issuers of Stratus Technologies Bermuda Ltd. ("Stratus Bermuda") and Stratus Technologies, Inc. ("Stratus U.S."), collectively, the "Stratus Notes". Stratus U.S. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Stratus Bermuda, which in turn is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Stratus Holdings. Stratus Holdings is the parent guarantor of the credit investment of the Stratus Notes.
  - (5) Investment is on non-accrual status.
  - (6) The Operating Company holds 1,014,451 warrants in UniTek Global Services, Inc., which represents a 4.41% equity ownership on a fully diluted basis.
  - (7) Securities are registered under the Securities Act.
  - (8) The Operating Company holds investments in two related entities of YP Holdings LLC. The Operating Company directly holds warrants to purchase a 4.96% membership interest of YP Equity Investors, LLC (which at closing represented an indirect 1.0% equity interest in YP Holdings LLC) and holds an investment in the Term Loan B loans issued by YP LLC, a subsidiary of YP Holdings LLC.
  - (9) Par Value amounts represent the drawn or undrawn (as indicated in type of investment) portion of revolving credit facilities. Cost amounts represent the cash received at settlement date net the impact of paydowns and cash paid for drawn revolvers.

**New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.**

**Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)**

**March 31, 2014**

**(in thousands, except shares)**

**(unaudited)**

- (10) The Operating Company holds investments in Packaging Coordinators, Inc. and one related entity of Packaging Coordinators, Inc. The Operating Company has a credit investment in Packaging Coordinators, Inc. and holds ordinary equity in Packaging Coordinators Holdings, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Packaging Coordinators, Inc.
- (11) The Operating Company holds investments in ATI Acquisition Company and Ancora Acquisition LLC. The Operating Company has credit investments in ATI Acquisition Company and preferred equity and warrants to purchase units of common membership interests of Ancora Acquisition LLC. The Operating Company received its investments in Ancora Acquisition LLC as a result of its investments in ATI Acquisition Company.
- (12) The Operating Company holds an investment in CompassLearning, Inc. that is structured as a first lien last out term loan.
- (13) The Operating Company holds two first lien investments in Tolt Solutions, Inc. The credit investment with an interest rate at base rate + 6.00% is structured as a first lien first out credit investment. The credit investment with an interest rate at base rate + 11.00% is structured as a first lien last out credit investment.

\* All or a portion of interest contains payments-in-kind ("PIK").

\*\* Indicates assets that the Operating Company deems to be "non-qualifying assets" under Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70.00% of the Operating Company's total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

Consolidated Schedule of Investments

March 31, 2014

(unaudited)

Investment Type	March 31, 2014 Percent of Total Investments at Fair Value
First lien	49.13%
Second lien	43.93%
Subordinated	1.23%
Equity and other	5.71%
<b>Total investments</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

Industry Type	March 31, 2014 Percent of Total Investments at Fair Value
Software	21.11%
Education	20.49%
Business Services	13.63%
Distribution & Logistics	10.30%
Healthcare Services	7.40%
Federal Services	6.50%
Energy	5.99%
Media	5.50%
Healthcare Products	3.51%
Specialty Chemicals and Materials	1.71%
Consumer Services	1.32%
Industrial Services	1.20%
Healthcare Information Technology	0.72%
Information Technology	0.62%
<b>Total investments</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

Interest Rate Type	March 31, 2014 Percent of Total Investments at Fair Value
Floating rates	85.64%
Fixed rates	14.36%

Total investments	100.00%
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

Consolidated Schedule of Investments

December 31, 2013

(in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry(1)	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Members' Capital
<b>Funded Debt Investments Bermuda</b>							
Stratus Technologies Bermuda Holdings Ltd.(4)**							
Stratus Technologies Bermuda Ltd. / Stratus Technologies, Inc.							
Information Technology	First lien(2)(7)	12.00%	3/29/2015	\$ 6,497	\$ 6,335	\$ 6,529	0.95%
<b>Total Funded Debt Investments Bermuda</b>				<b>\$ 6,497</b>	<b>\$ 6,335</b>	<b>\$ 6,529</b>	<b>0.95%</b>
<b>Funded Debt Investments Cayman Islands</b>							
Pinnacle Holdco S.à r.l. / Pinnacle (US) Acquisition Co Limited**							
Software	Second lien(2)	10.50% (Base Rate + 9.25%)	7/30/2020	\$ 30,000	\$ 29,472	\$ 30,362	4.41%
<b>Total Funded Debt Investments Cayman Islands</b>				<b>\$ 30,000</b>	<b>\$ 29,472</b>	<b>\$ 30,362</b>	<b>4.41%</b>
<b>Funded Debt Investments United States</b>							
McGraw-Hill Global Education Holdings, LLC							
Education	First lien(2)	9.75%	4/1/2021	\$ 24,500	\$ 24,348	\$ 27,195	
	First lien(3)	9.00% (Base Rate + 7.75%)	3/22/2019	17,850	17,367	18,225	
				42,350	41,715	45,420	6.60%
Deltek, Inc.							
Software	Second lien(2)	10.00% (Base Rate + 8.75%)	10/10/2019	41,000	40,977	41,820	6.07%
Global Knowledge Training LLC							
Education	Second lien(2)	11.00% (Base Rate + 9.75%)	10/21/2018	41,450	41,070	41,450	6.02%
UniTek Global Services, Inc.							
Business Services	First lien(2)	15.00% (Base Rate + 9.50% + 4.00% PIK)*	4/15/2018	26,382	25,508	26,382	
	First lien(2)	15.00% (Base Rate + 9.50% + 4.00% PIK)*	4/15/2018	6,387	6,176	6,387	
	First lien(2)	15.00% (Base Rate + 9.50% + 4.00% PIK)*	4/15/2018	5,309	5,133	5,309	

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38,078 36,817 38,078 5.53%

Edmentum, Inc.(fka Plato, Inc.)

Education	First lien(3)	5.50% (Base Rate + 4.50%)	5/17/2018	6,433	6,240	6,465	
	Second lien(2)	11.25% (Base Rate + 9.75%)	5/17/2019	31,150	30,685	31,578	

37,583 36,925 38,043 5.52%

SRA International, Inc.

Federal Services	First lien(2)	6.50% (Base Rate + 5.25%)	7/20/2018	34,750	33,784	34,475	5.01%
Software	Second lien(2)	9.75% (Base Rate + 8.50%)	4/30/2020	31,341	31,055	32,542	4.73%
Software	Second lien(2)	10.25% (Base Rate + 8.75%)	2/8/2019	30,875	30,731	31,029	4.51%

Novell, Inc. (fka Attachmate Corporation, NetIQ Corporation)

Software	First lien(3)	7.25% (Base Rate + 5.75%)	11/22/2017	6,951	6,847	7,080	
	Second lien(2)	11.00% (Base Rate + 9.50%)	11/22/2018	23,353	22,780	22,876	

30,304 29,627 29,956 4.35%

JHCI Acquisition, Inc.

Distribution & Logistics	First lien(3)	7.00% (Base Rate + 5.75%)	7/11/2019	19,536	19,262	19,548	
	Second lien(3)	11.00% (Base Rate + 9.75%)	7/11/2020	10,000	9,705	9,898	

29,536 28,967 29,446 4.28%

CompassLearning, Inc.(12)

Education	First lien(2)	8.00% (Base Rate + 6.75%)	11/26/2018	30,000	29,261	29,250	4.25%
Distribution & Logistics	Second lien(2)	9.75% (Base Rate + 8.50%)	10/9/2019	28,300	27,842	27,168	3.95%

KeyPoint Government Solutions, Inc.

Federal Services	First lien(3)	7.25% (Base Rate + 6.00%)	11/13/2017	16,784	16,448	16,616	
	First lien(2)	7.25% (Base Rate + 6.00%)	11/13/2017	10,116	9,953	10,015	

26,900 26,401 26,631 3.87%

Meritas Schools Holdings, LLC

Education	First lien(3)	7.00% (Base Rate + 5.75%)	6/25/2019	\$ 19,950	\$ 19,763	\$ 20,087	
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	7.00% (Base					
First lien(2)	Rate + 5.75%)	6/25/2019	5,920	5,865	5,961	

			25,870	25,628	26,048	3.78%
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Sierra Hamilton LLC / Sierra Hamilton Finance, Inc.

Energy	First lien(2)	12.25%	12/15/2018	25,000	25,000	25,000	3.63%
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New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

December 31, 2013

(in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry(1)	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Members' Capital
Permian Tank & Manufacturing, Inc.							
Energy	First lien(2)	10.50%	1/15/2018	24,500	24,757	24,255	3.52%
Aderant North America, Inc.							
Software	Second lien(2)	10.00% (Base Rate + 8.75%)	6/20/2019	22,500	22,201	23,203	3.37%
YP Holdings LLC(8)							
YP LLC							
Media	First lien(2)	8.04% (Base Rate + 6.71%)	6/4/2018	22,400	21,892	22,722	3.30%
McGraw-Hill School Education Holdings, LLC							
Education	First lien(3)	6.25% (Base Rate + 5.00%)	12/18/2019	13,000	12,870	12,870	
	First lien(2)	6.25% (Base Rate + 5.00%)	12/18/2019	9,000	8,910	8,910	
				22,000	21,780	21,780	3.16%
Aspen Dental Management, Inc.							
Healthcare Services	First lien(3)	7.00% (Base Rate + 5.50%)	10/6/2016	21,077	20,820	20,813	3.02%
LM U.S. Member LLC (and LM U.S. Corp Acquisition Inc.)							
Business Services	Second lien(3)	9.50% (Base Rate + 8.25%)	10/26/2020	20,000	19,731	20,308	2.95%
Envision Acquisition Company, LLC							
Healthcare Services	Second lien(2)	9.75% (Base Rate + 8.75%)	11/4/2021	20,000	19,605	20,075	2.91%
ARSloane Acquisition, LLC							
Business Services	First lien(3)	7.50% (Base Rate + 6.25%)	10/1/2019	19,950	19,754	19,992	2.90%
eResearchTechnology, Inc.							
Healthcare Services	First lien(3)	6.00% (Base Rate + 4.75%)	5/2/2018	19,750	19,047	19,874	2.89%
Distribution International, Inc.							
Distribution & Logistics	First lien(2)	7.50% (Base Rate + 6.50%)	7/16/2019	19,900	19,527	19,813	2.88%
First American Payment Systems, L.P.							
Business Services	Second lien(3)	10.75% (Base Rate + 9.50%)	4/12/2019	20,000	19,654	19,800	2.88%
Merrill Communications LLC							
Business Services	First lien(3)	7.25% (Base Rate + 6.25%)	3/8/2018	19,425	19,246	19,759	2.87%
Insight Pharmaceuticals LLC							
Healthcare Products	Second lien(3)	13.25% (Base Rate + 11.75%)	8/25/2017	19,310	18,766	19,021	2.76%
St. George's University Scholastic Services LLC							
Education	First lien(3)	8.50% (Base Rate + 7.00%)	12/20/2017	17,379	17,082	17,530	2.55%

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Sotera Defense Solutions, Inc. (Global Defense Technology & Systems, Inc.)

Federal Services Confie Seguros Holding II Co.	First lien(3)	7.50% (Base Rate + 6.00%)	4/21/2017	18,316	18,127	16,118	2.34%
Consumer Services OpenLink International, Inc.	Second lien(3)	10.25% (Base Rate + 9.00%)	5/8/2019	14,886	14,762	15,034	2.18%
Software Smile Brands Group Inc.	First lien(3)	7.75% (Base Rate + 6.25%)	10/30/2017	14,700	14,496	14,774	2.15%
Healthcare Services Brock Holdings III, Inc.	First lien(3)	7.50% (Base Rate + 6.25%)	8/16/2019	14,464	14,261	14,307	2.08%
Industrial Services Vision Solutions, Inc.	Second lien(2)	10.00% (Base Rate + 8.25%)	3/16/2018	14,000	13,858	14,263	2.07%
Software Packaging Coordinators, Inc.(10)	Second lien(2)	9.50% (Base Rate + 8.00%)	7/23/2017	14,000	13,957	14,140	2.05%
Healthcare Products Lonestar Intermediate Super Holdings, LLC	Second lien(2)	9.50% (Base Rate + 8.25%)	11/10/2020	14,000	13,868	14,088	2.05%
Business Services Van Wagner Communications, LLC	Subordinated(2)	11.00% (Base Rate + 9.50%)	9/2/2019	12,000	11,701	12,419	1.80%
Media Vertafore, Inc.	First lien(2)	6.25% (Base Rate + 5.00%)	8/3/2018	11,761	11,583	11,997	1.74%
Software TransFirst Holdings, Inc.	Second lien(2)	9.75% (Base Rate + 8.25%)	10/29/2017	10,000	9,937	10,198	1.48%
Business Services MailSouth, Inc.	Second lien(3)	11.00% (Base Rate + 9.75%)	6/27/2018	10,000	9,741	10,138	1.47%
Media Vitera Healthcare Solutions, LLC	First lien(3)	6.76% (Base Rate + 4.96%)	12/14/2016	9,410	9,333	9,269	1.35%
Software	First lien(3)	6.00% (Base Rate + 5.00%)	11/4/2020	\$ 2,000	\$ 1,980	\$ 2,000	
	Second lien(2)	9.25% (Base Rate + 8.25%)	11/4/2021	7,000	6,897	7,070	
				9,000	8,877	9,070	1.32%

Harley Marine Services, Inc.

Distribution & Logistics Consona Holdings, Inc.	Second lien(2)	10.50% (Base Rate + 9.25%)	12/20/2019	9,000	8,820	8,820	1.28%
Software Physio-Control International, Inc.	First lien(3)	7.25% (Base Rate + 6.00%)	8/6/2018	8,394	8,326	8,457	1.23%
Healthcare Products Virtual Radiologic Corporation	First lien(2)	9.88%	1/15/2019	6,651	6,651	7,482	1.09%
Healthcare Information Technology Alion Science and Technology Corporation	First lien(3)	7.25% (Base Rate + 5.50%)	12/22/2016	13,563	13,454	7,324	1.06%
Federal Services Immucor, Inc.	First lien(2)(7)	12.00% (10.00% + 2.00% PIK)*	11/1/2014	6,447	6,360	6,570	0.95%
Healthcare Services	Subordinated(2)(7)	11.13%	8/15/2019	5,000	4,950	5,650	0.82%

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New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

December 31, 2013

(in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry(1)	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Members' Capital
<b>Learning Care Group (US), Inc.</b>							
Education	Subordinated(2)	15.00% PIK*	5/8/2020	4,371	4,253	4,371	
	Subordinated(2)	15.00% PIK*	5/8/2020	800	746	800	
				5,171	4,999	5,171	0.75%
<b>Education Management LLC**</b>							
Education	First lien(3)	8.25% (Base Rate + 7.00%)	3/30/2018	5,003	4,888	5,028	0.73%
<b>GCA Services Group, Inc.</b>							
Business Services	Second lien(2)	9.25% (Base Rate + 8.00%)	11/1/2020	4,000	3,964	4,064	0.59%
<b>Sophia Holding Finance LP / Sophia Holding Finance Inc.</b>							
Software	Subordinated(2)	9.63%	12/1/2018	3,500	3,502	3,623	0.53%
<b>ATI Acquisition Company (fka Ability Acquisition, Inc.)(11)</b>							
Education	First lien(2)	17.25% (Base Rate + 10.00% + 4.00% PIK)(5)*	6/30/2012 Past Due	1,665	1,434	233	
	First lien(2)	17.25% (Base Rate + 10.00% + 4.00% PIK)(5)*	6/30/2012 Past Due	103	94	103	
				1,768	1,528	336	0.05%
<b>Total Funded Debt Investments United States</b>				<b>\$ 1,016,562</b>	<b>\$ 1,001,605</b>	<b>\$ 1,013,641</b>	<b>147.22%</b>
<b>Total Funded Debt Investments</b>				<b>\$ 1,053,059</b>	<b>\$ 1,037,412</b>	<b>\$ 1,050,532</b>	<b>152.58%</b>
<b>Equity Bermuda</b>							
<b>Stratus Technologies Bermuda Holdings Ltd.(4)**</b>							
Information Technology	Ordinary shares(2)			156,247	\$ 65	\$ 46	
	Preferred shares(2)			35,558	15	10	
					80	56	0.01%



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**Total Shares Bermuda** \$ 80 \$ 56 0.01%

**Equity United States**

Crowley Holdings Preferred, LLC						
Distribution & Logistics	Preferred shares(2)	12.00% (10.00% + 2.00% PIK)*	35,000	\$ 35,000	\$ 35,000	5.08%
Black Elk Energy Offshore Operations, LLC						
Energy	Preferred shares(2)	17.00%	20,000,000	20,000	20,000	2.91%
Global Knowledge Training LLC						
Education	Ordinary shares(2)		2		3	
	Preferred shares(2)		2,423		3,006	
					3,009	0.44%

Packaging Coordinators, Inc.(10)						
Packaging Coordinators Holdings, LLC						
Healthcare Products	Ordinary shares(2)		19,427	1,000	1,181	0.17%
Ancora Acquisition LLC(11)						
Education	Preferred shares(2)		372	\$ 83	\$ 83	0.01%

**Total Shares United States** \$ 56,083 \$ 59,273 8.61%

**Total Shares** \$ 56,163 \$ 59,329 8.62%

**Warrants United States**

Learning Care Group (US), Inc.						
Education	Warrants(2)		844	\$ 194	\$ 503	
	Warrants(2)		3,589	61	2,136	
					255	2,639 0.38%

YP Holdings LLC(8)						
YP Equity Investors LLC						
Media	Warrants(2)		5		1,944	0.28%
UniTek Global Services, Inc.						
Business Services	Warrants(2)		1,014,451(6)	1,449	1,694	0.25%
Storapod Holding Company, Inc.						
Consumer Services	Warrants(2)		360,129	156	594	0.09%

## New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

## Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

December 31, 2013

(in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry(1)	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Members' Capital
<b>Alion Science and Technology Corporation</b>							
Federal Services	Warrants(2)			6,000	293	94	0.01%
<b>Ancora Acquisition LLC(11)</b>							
Education	Warrants(2)			20			%
<b>Total Warrants United States</b>					<b>\$ 2,153</b>	<b>\$ 6,965</b>	<b>1.01%</b>
<b>Total Funded Investments</b>					<b>\$ 1,095,728</b>	<b>\$ 1,116,826</b>	<b>162.21%</b>
<b>Unfunded Debt Investments United States</b>							
Aspen Dental Management, Inc.							
Healthcare Services	First lien(2)(9) Undrawn		4/6/2016	\$ 5,000	\$ (388)	\$ (388)	(0.06)%
Advantage Sales & Marketing Inc.							
Business Services	First lien(2)(9) Undrawn		12/17/2015	10,500	(1,260)	(787)	(0.11)%
<b>Total Unfunded Debt Investments</b>					<b>\$ 15,500</b>	<b>\$ (1,648)</b>	<b>(0.17)%</b>
<b>Total Investments</b>					<b>\$ 1,094,080</b>	<b>\$ 1,115,651</b>	<b>162.04%</b>

- (1) New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. (the "Operating Company") generally acquires its investments in private transactions exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). These investments are generally subject to certain limitations on resale, and may be deemed to be "restricted securities" under the Securities Act.
- (2) Investment is pledged as collateral for the Holdings Credit Facility, a revolving credit facility among the Operating Company as the Borrower and Collateral Administrator, Wells Fargo Securities, L.L.C. as the Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as the Collateral Custodian. See Note 7, *Borrowing Facilities*, for details.
- (3) Investment is pledged as collateral for the SLF Credit Facility, a revolving credit facility among New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C. as the Borrower, the Operating Company as the Collateral Administrator, Wells Fargo Securities, L.L.C. as the Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as the Collateral Custodian. See Note 7, *Borrowing Facilities*, for details.

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- (4) The Operating Company holds investments in two related entities of Stratus Technologies Bermuda Holdings, Ltd. ("Stratus Holdings"). The Operating Company directly holds ordinary and preferred equity in Stratus Holdings and has a credit investment in the joint issuers of Stratus Technologies Bermuda Ltd. ("Stratus Bermuda") and Stratus Technologies, Inc. ("Stratus U.S."), collectively, the "Stratus Notes". Stratus U.S. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Stratus Bermuda, which in turn is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Stratus Holdings. Stratus Holdings is the parent guarantor of the credit investment of the Stratus Notes.
- (5) Investment is on non-accrual status.
- (6) The Operating Company holds 1,014,451 warrants in UniTek Global Services, Inc., which represents a 4.46% equity ownership on a fully diluted basis.
- (7) Securities are registered under the Securities Act.
- (8) The Operating Company holds investments in two related entities of YP Holdings LLC. The Operating Company directly holds warrants to purchase a 4.96% membership interest of YP Equity Investors, LLC (which at closing represented an indirect 1.0% equity interest in YP Holdings LLC) and holds an investment in the Term Loan B loans issued by YP LLC, a subsidiary of YP Holdings LLC.
- (9) Par Value amounts represent the drawn or undrawn (as indicated in type of investment) portion of revolving credit facilities. Cost amounts represent the cash received at settlement date net the impact of paydowns and cash paid for drawn revolvers.
- (10) .The Operating Company holds investments in Packaging Coordinators, Inc. and one related entity of Packaging Coordinators, Inc. The Operating Company has a credit investment in Packaging Coordinators, Inc. and holds ordinary equity in Packaging Coordinators Holdings, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Packaging Coordinators, Inc
- (11) The Operating Company holds investments in ATI Acquisition Company and Ancora Acquisition LLC. The Operating Company has credit investments in ATI Acquisition Company and preferred equity and warrants to purchase units of common membership interests of Ancora Acquisition LLC. The Operating Company received its investments in Ancora Acquisition LLC as a result of its investments in ATI Acquisition Company.
- (12) The Operating Company holds an investment in CompassLearning, Inc. that is structured as a first lien last out term loan.
- \*
- All or a portion of interest contains payments-in-kind ("PIK").
- \*\*
- Indicates assets that the Operating Company deems to be "non-qualifying assets" under Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70.00% of the Operating Company's total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

Consolidated Schedule of Investments

December 31, 2013

	December 31, 2013 Percent of Total Investments at Fair Value
<b>Investment Type</b>	
First lien	49.62%
Second lien	42.03%
Subordinated	2.41%
Equity and other	5.94%
Total investments	100.00%

	December 31, 2013 Percent of Total Investments at Fair Value
<b>Industry Type</b>	
Software	22.33%
Education	21.13%
Business Services	13.04%
Distribution & Logistics	10.78%
Federal Services	7.52%
Healthcare Services	7.20%
Energy	6.21%
Media	4.12%
Healthcare Products	3.74%
Consumer Services	1.40%
Industrial Services	1.28%
Healthcare Information Technology	0.66%
Information Technology	0.59%
Total investments	100.00%

	December 31, 2013 Percent of Total Investments at Fair Value
<b>Interest Rate Type</b>	
Floating rates	85.08%
Fixed rates	14.92%

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Total investments	100.00%
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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## New Mountain Finance Corporation

## Statements of Assets and Liabilities

(in thousands, except shares and per share data)

	March 31, 2014 (unaudited)	December 31, 2013
<b>Assets</b>		
Investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., at fair value (cost of \$673,713 and \$633,835, respectively)	\$ 697,148	\$ 650,107
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 697,148</b>	<b>\$ 650,107</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Dividends payable		
<b>Total liabilities</b>		
<b>Net assets</b>		
Preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 2,000,000 authorized, none issued		
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 100,000,000 shares authorized, and 47,968,000 and 45,224,755 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	480	452
Paid in capital in excess of par	673,233	633,383
Accumulated undistributed net realized gains	7,537	5,056
Net unrealized appreciation	15,898	11,216
<b>Total net assets</b>	<b>\$ 697,148</b>	<b>\$ 650,107</b>
<b>Total liabilities and net assets</b>	<b>\$ 697,148</b>	<b>\$ 650,107</b>
Number of shares outstanding	47,968,000	45,224,755
<b>Net asset value per share</b>	<b>\$ 14.53</b>	<b>\$ 14.38</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## New Mountain Finance Corporation

## Statements of Operations

(in thousands, except shares and per share data)

(unaudited)

	Three months ended	
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013
<b>Net investment income allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.</b>		
Interest income	\$ 27,668	\$ 15,496
Dividend income	2,089	
Other income	682	185
Total expenses	(14,381)	(8,463)
<b>Net investment income allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.</b>	16,058	7,218
<b>Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.</b>		
Net realized gains on investments	2,708	686
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments	4,682	7,643
<b>Net realized and unrealized gain allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.</b>	7,390	8,329
<b>Total net increase in net assets resulting from operations allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.</b>	23,448	15,547
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.		(31)
<b>Net increase in net assets resulting from operations</b>	\$ 23,448	\$ 15,516
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.61
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding basic (See Note 11)	47,066,216	25,267,118
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.60
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding diluted (See Note 11)	47,897,485	40,835,723

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## New Mountain Finance Corporation

## Statements of Changes in Net Assets

(in thousands)

(unaudited)

	Three months ended	
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013
<b>Increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations:</b>		
Net investment income allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	\$ 16,058	\$ 7,218
Net realized gains on investments allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	2,708	686
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	4,682	7,643
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.		(31)
<b>Total net increase in net assets resulting from operations</b>	<b>23,448</b>	<b>15,516</b>
<b>Capital transactions</b>		
Net proceeds from shares sold		28,400
Deferred offering costs allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.		(55)
Value of shares issued for exchanged units	38,840	69,450
Dividends declared	(16,285)	(8,281)
Reinvestment of dividends	1,038	1,450
<b>Total net increase in net assets resulting from capital transactions</b>	<b>23,593</b>	<b>90,964</b>
<b>Net increase in net assets</b>	<b>47,041</b>	<b>106,480</b>
<b>Net assets at beginning of period</b>	<b>650,107</b>	<b>341,926</b>
<b>Net assets at end of period</b>	<b>\$ 697,148</b>	<b>\$ 448,406</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



## New Mountain Finance Corporation

## Statements of Cash Flows

(in thousands)

(unaudited)

	Three months ended	
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 23,448	\$ 15,516
Adjustments to reconcile net (increase) decrease in net assets resulting from operations to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:		
Net investment income allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	(16,058)	(7,218)
Net realized and unrealized gains allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	(7,390)	(8,329)
Net change in unrealized depreciation (appreciation) of investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.		31
<b>(Increase) decrease in operating assets:</b>		
Purchase of investment		(28,400)
Distributions from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	15,247	10,236
<b>Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities</b>	15,247	(18,164)
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Net proceeds from shares sold		28,400
Dividends paid	(15,247)	(10,236)
<b>Net cash flows (used in) and provided by financing activities</b>	(15,247)	18,164
<b>Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>		
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period</b>		
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period</b>	\$	\$
<b>Non-cash financing activities:</b>		
New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation exchange of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. units for shares	\$ 38,840	\$ 69,450
Value of shares issued in connection with dividend reinvestment plan	1,038	1,450
Deferred offering costs allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.		(55)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation**

**Statements of Assets and Liabilities**

(in thousands, except shares)

	January 29, 2014 (end of operations) (unaudited)	December 31, 2013
<b>Assets</b>		
Investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., at fair value (cost of \$0 and \$61,993, respectively)	\$	\$ 38,409
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 38,409</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Dividends payable		
<b>Total liabilities</b>		
<b>Net assets</b>		
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 100 shares issued and outstanding (See Note 14)		(1)
Paid in capital in excess of par		61,993
Distributions in excess of net realized gains		(26,812)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)		3,228
<b>Total net assets</b>		<b>38,409</b>
<b>Total liabilities and net assets</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 38,409</b>

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(1) As of December 31, 2013, the par value of the total common stock was \$1.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation

## Statements of Operations

(in thousands)

(unaudited)

	From January 1, 2014 to January 29, 2014 (end of operations)	Three months ended March 31, 2013
<b>Net investment income allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.</b>		
Interest income	\$ 471	\$ 9,547
Dividend income	6	
Other income	2	90
Total expenses	(252)	(5,228)
<b>Net investment income allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.</b>	227	4,409
<b>Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.</b>		
Net realized gains on investments	72	357
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments	132	4,247
<b>Net realized and unrealized gain allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.</b>	204	4,604
<b>Total net increase in net assets resulting from operations allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.</b>	431	9,013
Net realized losses on investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	(24,069)	(5,901)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	23,202	4,288
<b>Net (decrease) increase in net assets resulting from operations</b>	<b>\$ (436)</b>	<b>\$ 7,400</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation

## Statements of Changes in Net Assets

(in thousands)

(unaudited)

	From January 1, 2014 to January 29, 2014 (end of operations)	Three months ended March 31, 2013
<b>Increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations:</b>		
Net investment income allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	\$ 227	\$ 4,409
Net realized gains on investments allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	72	357
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	132	4,247
Net realized losses on investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	(24,069)	(5,901)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	23,202	4,288
<b>Total net (decrease) increase in net assets resulting from operations</b>	<b>(436)</b>	<b>7,400</b>
<b>Capital transactions</b>		
Distribution to New Mountain Guardian AIV, L.P.	(37,973)	(67,806)
Deferred offering costs allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.		(20)
Dividends declared		(5,516)
<b>Total net decrease in net assets resulting from capital transactions</b>	<b>(37,973)</b>	<b>(73,342)</b>
<b>Net decrease in net assets</b>	<b>(38,409)</b>	<b>(65,942)</b>
<b>Net assets at beginning of period</b>	<b>38,409</b>	<b>228,013</b>
<b>Net assets at end of period</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 162,071</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation

## Statements of Cash Flows

(in thousands)

(unaudited)

	From January 1, 2014 to January 29, 2014 (end of operations)	Three months ended March 31, 2013
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Net (decrease) increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ (436)	\$ 7,400
Adjustments to reconcile net (increase) decrease in net assets resulting from operations to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:		
Net investment income allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	(227)	(4,409)
Net realized and unrealized gains allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	(204)	(4,604)
Net realized losses on investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	24,069	5,901
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	(23,202)	(4,288)
<b>(Increase) decrease in operating activities</b>		
Distributions from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.		(7,786)
<b>Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities</b>		(7,786)
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Proceeds from shares sold	37,973	67,806
Distribution to New Mountain Guardian AIV, L.P.	(37,973)	(67,806)
Dividends paid		7,786
<b>Net cash flows provided by financing activities</b>		7,786
<b>Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>		
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period</b>		
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period</b>	\$	\$
<b>Non-cash operating activities:</b>		
Distribution receivable from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	\$	\$ 5,516
<b>Non-cash financing activities:</b>		
Dividends declared and payable	\$	\$ (5,516)
Deferred offering costs allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.		(20)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements  
of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.,  
the Financial Statements of New Mountain Finance Corporation and the Financial Statements  
of New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation**

**(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)**

**(unaudited)**

The information in these combined notes to the financial statements relates to each of the three separate entities: New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., New Mountain Finance Corporation and New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation (collectively, the "Companies"). Information that relates to an individual entity will be specifically referenced by the respective company. None of the Companies makes any representation as to the information related solely to the other entities other than itself.

**Note 1. Formation and Business Purpose**

New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. (the "Operating Company" or the "Master Fund") is a Delaware limited liability company. The Operating Company is externally managed and has elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As such, the Operating Company is obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. The Operating Company was treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes for so long as it had at least two members. With the completion of the underwritten secondary offering on February 3, 2014, the Operating Company's existence as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes terminated and the Operating Company became an entity that is disregarded as a separate entity from its owner for U.S. federal tax purposes.

The Operating Company is externally managed by New Mountain Finance Advisers BDC, L.L.C. (the "Investment Adviser"). New Mountain Finance Administration, L.L.C. (the "Administrator") provides the administrative services necessary for operations. The Investment Adviser and Administrator are wholly-owned subsidiaries of New Mountain Capital (defined as New Mountain Capital Group, L.L.C. and its affiliates). New Mountain Capital is a firm with a track record of investing in the middle market and with assets under management (which includes amounts committed, not all of which have been drawn down and invested to date) totaling more than \$12.0 billion as of March 31, 2014, which includes total assets held by the Operating Company. New Mountain Capital focuses on investing in defensive growth companies across its private equity, public equity, and credit investment vehicles. The Operating Company, formerly known as New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C., was originally formed as a subsidiary of New Mountain Guardian AIV, L.P. ("Guardian AIV") by New Mountain Capital in October 2008. Guardian AIV was formed through an allocation of approximately \$300.0 million of the \$5.1 billion of commitments supporting New Mountain Partners III, L.P., a private equity fund managed by New Mountain Capital. In February 2009, New Mountain Capital formed a co-investment vehicle, New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P., comprising \$20.4 million of commitments. New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C. and New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P., together with their respective direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries, are defined as the "Predecessor Entities".

New Mountain Finance Corporation ("NMFC") is a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010. NMFC is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. As such, NMFC is obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. NMFC has elected to be treated, and intends to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, (the "Code").

**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements  
of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.,  
the Financial Statements of New Mountain Finance Corporation and the Financial Statements  
of New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation (Continued)**

(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)

(unaudited)

**Note 1. Formation and Business Purpose (Continued)**

As of the quarter ended March 31, 2014 and until April 25, 2014, New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation ("AIV Holdings") was a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on March 11, 2011. Subsequent to the quarter ended March 31, 2014, AIV Holdings was dissolved on April 25, 2014, which is discussed further below. Guardian AIV, a Delaware limited partnership, was AIV Holdings' sole stockholder. AIV Holdings was a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that was regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. As such, AIV Holdings was obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. AIV Holdings was treated, and complied with the requirements to qualify annually, as a RIC under the Code.

On May 19, 2011, NMFC priced its initial public offering (the "IPO") of 7,272,727 shares of common stock at a public offering price of \$13.75 per share. Concurrently with the closing of the IPO and at the public offering price of \$13.75 per share, NMFC sold an additional 2,172,000 shares of its common stock to certain executives and employees of, and other individuals affiliated with, New Mountain Capital in a concurrent private placement (the "Concurrent Private Placement"). Additionally, 1,252,964 shares were issued to the partners of New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. at that time for their ownership interest in the Predecessor Entities. In connection with NMFC's IPO and through a series of transactions, the Operating Company acquired all of the operations of the Predecessor Entities, including all of the assets and liabilities related to such operations.

NMFC is a holding company with no direct operations of its own, and its sole asset is its ownership in the Operating Company. Prior to the completion of the underwritten secondary public offering on February 3, 2014, AIV Holdings was a holding company with no direct operations of its own, and its sole asset was its ownership in the Operating Company. In connection with the IPO, NMFC and AIV Holdings each entered into a joinder agreement with respect to the Limited Liability Company Agreement, as amended and restated, of the Operating Company, pursuant to which NMFC and AIV Holdings were admitted as members of the Operating Company. NMFC acquired from the Operating Company, with the gross proceeds of the IPO and the Concurrent Private Placement, common membership units ("units") of the Operating Company (the number of units are equal to the number of shares of NMFC's common stock sold in the IPO and the Concurrent Private Placement). Additionally, NMFC received units of the Operating Company equal to the number of shares of common stock of NMFC issued to the partners of New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. Guardian AIV was the parent of the Operating Company prior to the IPO and, as a result of the transactions completed in connection with the IPO, obtained units in the Operating Company. Guardian AIV contributed its units in the Operating Company to its newly formed subsidiary, AIV Holdings, in exchange for common stock of AIV Holdings. AIV Holdings had the right to exchange all or any portion of its units in the Operating Company for shares of NMFC's common stock on a one-for-one basis at any time.

The original structure was designed to generally prevent NMFC from being allocated taxable income with respect to unrecognized gains that existed at the time of the IPO in the Predecessor Entities' assets, and rather such amounts would be allocated generally to AIV Holdings. The result was

**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements  
of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.,  
the Financial Statements of New Mountain Finance Corporation and the Financial Statements  
of New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation (Continued)**

(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)

(unaudited)

**Note 1. Formation and Business Purpose (Continued)**

that any distributions made to NMFC's stockholders that were attributable to such gains generally were not treated as taxable dividends but rather as return of capital.

Since NMFC's IPO, and through March 31, 2014, NMFC raised approximately \$233,468 in net proceeds from additional offerings of common stock and issued shares of its common stock valued at approximately \$288,416 on behalf of AIV Holdings for exchanged units. NMFC acquired from the Operating Company units of the Operating Company equal to the number of shares of NMFC's common stock sold in the additional offerings. With the completion of the final secondary offering on February 3, 2014, NMFC now owns 100.0% of the units of the Operating Company, which is now a wholly-owned subsidiary of NMFC.

As a BDC, AIV Holdings had been subject to the 1940 Act, including certain provisions applicable only to BDCs. Accordingly, and after careful consideration of the 1940 Act requirements applicable to BDCs, the cost of 1940 Act compliance and a thorough assessment of AIV Holdings' business model, AIV Holdings' board of directors determined that continuation as a BDC was not in the best interests of AIV Holdings and Guardian AIV at the present time. Specifically, given that AIV Holdings was formed for the sole purpose of holding units of the Operating Company and AIV Holdings has disposed of all of the units of the Operating Company that it was holding as of February 3, 2014, the board of directors of AIV Holdings approved and declared advisable at an in-person meeting held on March 25, 2014 the withdrawal of AIV Holdings' election to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. In addition, the board of directors of AIV Holdings approved and declared advisable for AIV Holdings to terminate its registration under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act and to dissolve AIV Holdings under the laws of the State of Delaware.

Upon receipt of the necessary stockholder consent to authorize the board of directors of AIV Holdings to withdraw AIV Holdings' election to be regulated as a BDC, the withdrawal was filed subsequent to the quarter ended March 31, 2014 and became effective upon receipt by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") of AIV Holdings' notification of withdrawal on Form N-54C on April 15, 2014. The board of directors of AIV Holdings believed that AIV Holdings met the requirements for filing the notification to withdraw its election to be regulated as a BDC, upon the receipt of the necessary stockholder consent. After the notification of withdrawal of AIV Holdings' BDC election was filed with the SEC subsequent to the quarter ended March 31, 2014, AIV Holdings is no longer subject to the regulatory provisions of the 1940 Act applicable to BDCs generally, including regulations related to insurance, custody, composition of its board of directors, affiliated transactions and any compensation arrangements.

In addition, subsequent to the quarter ended March 31, 2014, AIV Holdings filed a Form 15 with the SEC to terminate AIV Holdings' registration under Section 12(g) of the 1934 Act. After these SEC filings and any other federal or state regulatory or tax filings were made, AIV Holdings proceeded to dissolve under Delaware law by filing a certificate of dissolution in Delaware on April 25, 2014.

Similarly, as a BDC, the Operating Company has been subject to the 1940 Act, including certain provisions applicable only to BDCs. Accordingly, and after careful consideration of the 1940 Act



**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements  
of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.,  
the Financial Statements of New Mountain Finance Corporation and the Financial Statements  
of New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation (Continued)**

(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)

(unaudited)

**Note 1. Formation and Business Purpose (Continued)**

requirements applicable to BDCs, the cost of 1940 Act compliance and a thorough assessment of the Operating Company's current business model, the Operating Company's board of directors determined at an in-person meeting held on March 25, 2014 that continuation as a BDC was not in the best interests of the Operating Company at the present time.

Subsequent to the quarter ended March 31, 2014, at the 2014 joint annual meeting of the stockholders of NMFC and the sole unit holder of the Operating Company, which was held on May 6, 2014, the stockholders of NMFC and the sole unit holder of the Operating Company approved a proposal which authorized the board of directors of the Operating Company to withdraw the Operating Company's election to be regulated as a BDC. Additionally, the stockholders of NMFC approved an investment advisory and management agreement between NMFC and the Investment Adviser. With this approval, the Operating Company's board of directors intends to withdraw the Operating Company's election to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act and amend its Limited Liability Company Agreement, (as amended and restated, the "Operating Agreement") such that the Operating Company will remain a wholly-owned subsidiary of NMFC with the sole purpose of serving as a special purpose vehicle for the Operating Company's existing credit facilities, and NMFC will assume all other operating activities previously undertaken by the Operating Company under the management of the Investment Adviser (collectively, the "Restructuring"). All of the current entities that will remain underneath NMFC after the Restructuring will be wholly-owned subsidiaries of NMFC and are expected to be consolidated with NMFC for both 1940 Act and financial statement reporting purposes, subject to any financial statement adjustments required in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). In addition, the board of directors has approved and declared advisable the termination of the Operating Company's registration under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act.

After withdrawing the Operating Company's election to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act, the Operating Company will amend its Operating Agreement such that the board of directors of the Operating Company will be dissolved, and the Operating Company remains a wholly-owned subsidiary of NMFC with the sole purpose of serving as a special purpose vehicle for the Operating Company's existing credit facilities. As a special purpose entity, the Operating Company will be bankruptcy-remote and non-recourse to NMFC. In addition, the assets remaining at the Operating Company will continue to be used to secure the Operating Company's current credit facilities.

**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements  
of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.,  
the Financial Statements of New Mountain Finance Corporation and the Financial Statements  
of New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation (Continued)**

**(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)**

**(unaudited)**

**Note 1. Formation and Business Purpose (Continued)**

The diagram below depicts the Companies' organizational structure as of March 31, 2014.

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Includes partners of New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P.

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New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C. ("NMF SLF").

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Subsequent to the quarter ended March 31, 2014, AIV Holdings was dissolved on April 25, 2014.

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**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements  
of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.,  
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(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)

(unaudited)

**Note 1. Formation and Business Purpose (Continued)**

The Operating Company's investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. In some cases, the Operating Company's investments may also include equity interests. The primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance.

**Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

**Basis of accounting** The Companies' financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GAAP. The Operating Company consolidates its wholly-owned subsidiary, NMF SLF. NMFC and AIV Holdings do not consolidate the Operating Company. NMFC and AIV Holdings apply investment company master-feeder financial statement presentation, as described in Accounting Standards Codification 946, *Financial Services Investment Companies*, ("ASC 946") to their interest in the Operating Company. NMFC and AIV Holdings observe that it is also industry practice to follow the presentation prescribed for a master fund-feeder fund structure in ASC 946 in instances in which a master fund is owned by more than one feeder fund and that such presentation provides stockholders of NMFC and AIV Holdings with a clearer depiction of their investment in the master fund.

The Companies' financial statements reflect all adjustments and reclassifications which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for the fair presentation of the results of operations and financial condition for all periods presented. All intercompany transactions have been eliminated. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses when incurred. The financial results of the Operating Company's portfolio investments are not consolidated in the financial statements. Prior to the IPO, an affiliate of the Predecessor Entities paid a majority of the management and incentive fees. Historical operating expenses do not reflect the allocation of certain professional fees, administrative and other expenses that have been incurred following the completion of the IPO. Accordingly, the Operating Company's historical operating expenses are not comparable to its operating expenses after the completion of the IPO.

The Companies' interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP for interim financial information and pursuant to the requirements for reporting on Form 10-Q and Articles 6 or 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, the Companies' interim financial statements do not include all of the information and notes required by GAAP for annual financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring accruals considered necessary for the fair presentation of financial statements for the interim period, have been included. The current period's results of operations will not necessarily be indicative of results that ultimately may be achieved for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2014.

**Investments** The Operating Company applies fair value accounting in accordance with GAAP. Fair value is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly

**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements  
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(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)

(unaudited)

**Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Investments are reflected on the Operating Company's Consolidated Statements of Assets, Liabilities and Members' Capital at fair value, with changes in unrealized gains and losses resulting from changes in fair value reflected in the Operating Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations as "Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments" and realizations on portfolio investments reflected in the Operating Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations as "Net realized gains (losses) on investments".

The Operating Company values its assets on a quarterly basis, or more frequently if required under the 1940 Act. In all cases, the Operating Company's board of directors is ultimately and solely responsible for determining the fair value of the portfolio investments on a quarterly basis in good faith, including investments that are not publicly traded, those whose market prices are not readily available and any other situation where its portfolio investments require a fair value determination. Security transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. The Operating Company's quarterly valuation procedures are set forth in more detail below:

- (1) Investments for which market quotations are readily available on an exchange are valued at such market quotations based on the closing price indicated from independent pricing services.
- (2) Investments for which indicative prices are obtained from various pricing services and/or brokers or dealers are valued through a multi-step valuation process, as described below, to determine whether the quote(s) obtained is representative of fair value in accordance with GAAP.
  - a. Bond quotes are obtained through independent pricing services. Internal reviews are performed by the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser to ensure that the quote obtained is representative of fair value in accordance with GAAP and if so, the quote is used. If the Investment Adviser is unable to sufficiently validate the quote(s) internally and if the investment's par value or its fair value exceeds the materiality threshold, the investment is valued similarly to those assets with no readily available quotes (see (3) below); and
  - b. For investments other than bonds, the Operating Company looks at the number of quotes readily available and performs the following:
    - i. Investments for which two or more quotes are received from a pricing service are valued using the mean of the mean of the bid and ask of the quotes obtained.
    - ii. Investments for which one quote is received from a pricing service are validated internally. The investment professionals of the Investment Adviser analyze the market quotes obtained using an array of valuation methods (further described below) to validate the fair value. If the Investment Adviser is unable to sufficiently validate the quote internally and if the investment's par value or its fair value

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**Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

exceeds the materiality threshold, the investment is valued similarly to those assets with no readily available quotes (see (3) below).

iii.

Investments for which quotations are not readily available through exchanges, pricing services, brokers, or dealers are valued through a multi-step valuation process:

a.

Each portfolio company or investment is initially valued by the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser responsible for the credit monitoring;

b.

Preliminary valuation conclusions will then be documented and discussed with the Operating Company's senior management;

c.

If an investment falls into (3) above for four consecutive quarters and if the investment's par value or its fair value exceeds the materiality threshold, then at least once each fiscal year, the valuation for each portfolio investment for which the Operating Company does not have a readily available market quotation will be reviewed by an independent valuation firm engaged by the Companies' board of directors; and

d.

When deemed appropriate by the Operating Company's management, an independent valuation firm may be engaged to review and value investment(s) of a portfolio company, without any preliminary valuation being performed by the Investment Adviser. The investment professionals of the Investment Adviser will review and validate the value provided.

For investments in revolving credit facilities and delayed draw commitments, the cost basis of the funded investments purchased is offset by any costs/netbacks received for any unfunded portion on the total balance committed. The fair value is also adjusted for the price appreciation or depreciation on the unfunded portion. As a result, the purchase of commitments not completely funded may result in a negative fair value until it is called and funded.

The values assigned to investments are based upon available information and do not necessarily represent amounts which might ultimately be realized, since such amounts depend on future circumstances and cannot be reasonably determined until the individual positions are liquidated. Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of the Operating Company's investments may fluctuate from period to period and the fluctuations could be material.

NMFC is a holding company with no direct operations of its own, and its sole asset is its ownership in the Operating Company. Prior to the completion of the underwritten secondary public offering on February 3, 2014, AIV Holdings was a holding company with no direct operations of its own, and its sole asset was its ownership in the Operating Company. NMFC's and AIV Holdings' investments in the Operating Company are carried at fair value and represent the respective pro-rata interest in the net assets of the Operating Company as of the applicable reporting date. NMFC and AIV Holdings value their ownership interest on a quarterly basis, or more frequently if required under the 1940 Act.

**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements  
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(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)

(unaudited)

**Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

See Note 3, *Investments*, for further discussion relating to investments.

**Cash and cash equivalents** Cash and cash equivalents include cash and short-term, highly liquid investments. The Companies define cash equivalents as securities that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and so near maturity that there is insignificant risk of changes in value. Generally, these securities have original maturities of three months or less.

**Revenue recognition**

The Operating Company's revenue recognition policies are as follows:

*Sales and paydowns of investments:* Realized gains and losses on investments are determined on the specific identification method.

*Interest income:* Interest income, including amortization of premium and discount using the effective interest method, is recorded on the accrual basis and periodically assessed for collectability. Interest income also includes interest earned from cash on hand. Upon the prepayment of a loan or debt security, any prepayment penalties are recorded as part of interest income. The Operating Company has loans in the portfolio that contain a payment-in-kind ("PIK") provision. PIK represents interest that is accrued and recorded as interest income at the contractual rates, added to the loan principal on the respective capitalization dates, and generally due at maturity.

*Non-accrual income:* Loans are placed on non-accrual status when principal or interest payments are past due 30 days or more and when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected. Accrued cash and un-capitalized PIK interest is reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Previously capitalized PIK interest is not reversed when an investment is placed on non-accrual status. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending upon management's judgment of the ultimate outcome. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid and, in management's judgment, are likely to remain current.

*Dividend income:* Dividend income is recorded on the record date for private portfolio companies or on the ex-dividend date for publicly traded portfolio companies.

*Other income:* Other income represents delayed compensation, consent or amendment fees, revolver fees, structuring fees and other miscellaneous fees received. Delayed compensation is income earned from counterparties on trades that do not settle within a set number of business days after trade date. Other income may also include fees from bridge loans. The Operating Company may from time to time enter into bridge financing commitments, an obligation to provide interim financing to a counterparty until permanent credit can be obtained. These commitments are short-term in nature and may expire unfunded. A fee is received by the Operating Company for providing such commitments. Structuring fees are recognized as income when earned, usually when paid at the closing of the investment.

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(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)

(unaudited)

**Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

NMFC's and AIV Holdings' revenue recognition policies are as follows:

*Revenue, expenses, and capital gains (losses):* At each quarterly valuation date, the Operating Company's investment income, expenses, net realized gains (losses), and net increase (decrease) in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) are allocated to NMFC and AIV Holdings based on their pro-rata interest in the net assets of the Operating Company. This is recorded on NMFC's and AIV Holdings' Statements of Operations. Realized gains and losses are recorded upon sales of NMFC's and AIV Holdings' investments in the Operating Company. Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. is the difference between the net asset value per share and the closing price per share for shares issued as part of the dividend reinvestment plan on the dividend payment date. This net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. includes the unrealized appreciation (depreciation) from the IPO. NMFC used the proceeds from its IPO and Concurrent Private Placement to purchase units in the Operating Company at \$13.75 per unit (its IPO price per share). At the IPO date, \$13.75 per unit represented a discount to the actual net asset value per unit of the Operating Company. As a result, NMFC experienced immediate unrealized appreciation on its investment. Concurrently, AIV Holdings experienced immediate unrealized depreciation on its investment in the Operating Company equal to the difference between NMFC's IPO price of \$13.75 per unit and the actual net asset value per unit.

All expenses, including those of NMFC and AIV Holdings, are paid and recorded by the Operating Company. Expenses are allocated to NMFC and AIV Holdings based on pro-rata ownership interest. In addition, the Operating Company paid all of the offering costs related to the IPO and subsequent offerings. NMFC and AIV Holdings have recorded their portion of the offering costs as a direct reduction to net assets and the cost of their investment in the Operating Company.

With respect to the expenses incident to any registration of shares of NMFC's common stock issued in exchange for AIV Holdings' units of the Operating Company, AIV Holdings is directly responsible for the expenses of any demand registration (including underwriters' discounts or commissions) and their pro-rata share of any "piggyback" registration expenses.

*Interest and other credit facility expenses* Interest and other credit facility fees are recorded on an accrual basis by the Operating Company. See Note 7, *Borrowing Facilities*, for details.

*Deferred credit facility costs* The deferred credit facility costs of the Operating Company consist of capitalized expenses related to the origination and amending of the Operating Company's existing credit facilities. The Operating Company amortizes these costs into expense using the straight-line method over the stated life of the related credit facility. See Note 7, *Borrowing Facilities*, for details.

*Income taxes* The Operating Company was treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes and as such was generally not subject to federal or state and local income taxes except with respect to state source income received from underlying investments. With the completion of the underwritten secondary offering on February 3, 2014, the Operating Company's existence as a



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**Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes terminated and the Operating Company became an entity that is disregarded as a separate entity from its owner for U.S. federal tax purposes. The partners are individually responsible for reporting income or loss based on their respective share of the revenues and expenses. The Operating Company files United States ("U.S.") federal, state, and local income tax returns.

NMFC has elected to be treated, and intends to comply with the requirements to qualify annually, as a RIC under subchapter M of the Code. As a RIC, NMFC is not subject to federal income tax on the portion of taxable income and gains timely distributed to its stockholders; therefore, no provision for income taxes has been recorded.

To continue to qualify as a RIC, NMFC is required to meet certain income and asset diversification tests in addition to distributing at least 90.0% of its investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code. Since federal income tax regulations differ from GAAP, distributions in accordance with tax regulations may differ from net investment income and realized gains recognized for financial reporting purposes.

AIV Holdings had elected to be treated, and complied with the requirements to qualify annually, as a RIC under subchapter M of the Code. As a RIC, AIV Holdings was not subject to federal income tax on the portion of taxable income and gains timely distributed to its stockholders; therefore, no provision for income taxes had been recorded.

Differences between taxable income and the results of operations for financial reporting purposes may be permanent or temporary in nature. Permanent differences are reclassified among capital accounts in the financial statements to reflect their tax character. Differences in classification may also result from the treatment of short-term gains as ordinary income for tax purposes.

For federal income tax purposes, distributions paid to stockholders of NMFC and AIV Holdings are reported as ordinary income, return of capital, long term capital gains or a combination thereof.

NMFC and AIV Holdings will be subject to a 4.0% nondeductible federal excise tax on certain undistributed income unless NMFC and AIV Holdings distribute, in a timely manner as required by the Code, an amount at least equal to the sum of (1) 98.0% of their respective net ordinary income earned for the calendar year and (2) 98.2% of their respective capital gain net income for the one-year period ending October 31 in the calendar year.

The Companies have adopted the Income Taxes topic of the Codification ("ASC 740"). ASC 740 provides guidance for income taxes, including how uncertain income tax positions should be recognized, measured, and disclosed in the financial statements. Based on their analyses, the Companies have determined that there were no material uncertain income tax positions through December 31, 2013. The 2011, 2012 and 2013 tax years remain subject to examination by the U.S. federal, state, and local tax authorities.

**Dividends** Distributions to common unit holders of the Operating Company and common stockholders of NMFC and AIV Holdings are recorded on the record date as set by the respective

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**Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

board of directors. In order for NMFC and AIV Holdings to pay a dividend or other distribution to holders of their common stock, it must be accompanied by a prior distribution by the Operating Company to all of its unit holders. The Operating Company intends to make distributions to its unit holders that will be sufficient to enable NMFC and AIV Holdings to pay quarterly distributions to their stockholders and to maintain their status as RICs. NMFC and AIV Holdings intend to distribute approximately all of their portion of the Operating Company's adjusted net investment income (see Note 5, *Agreements*) on a quarterly basis and substantially all of their portion of the Operating Company's taxable income on an annual basis, except that NMFC may retain certain net capital gains for reinvestment.

Under certain circumstances, the distributions that the Operating Company made to its members may not have been sufficient for AIV Holdings to satisfy the annual distribution requirement necessary for AIV Holdings to have qualified as a RIC. In that case, it was expected that Guardian AIV would consent to be treated as if it received distributions from AIV Holdings sufficient to satisfy the annual distribution requirement. Guardian AIV was required to include the consent dividend in its taxable income as a dividend from AIV Holdings, which could have resulted in phantom (i.e., non-cash) taxable income to Guardian AIV. AIV Holdings made quarterly distributions to Guardian AIV, its sole stockholder, out of assets legally available for distribution each quarter.

The Operating Company and NMFC are required to take certain actions in order to maintain, at all times, a one-to-one ratio between the number of units held by NMFC and the number of shares of NMFC's common stock outstanding. NMFC has adopted a dividend reinvestment plan that provides on behalf of its stockholders for reinvestment of any distributions declared, unless a stockholder elects to receive cash. Cash distributions reinvested in additional shares of NMFC's common stock will be automatically reinvested by NMFC into additional units of the Operating Company. In addition, AIV Holdings did not reinvest any distributions received from the Operating Company in additional units of the Operating Company.

NMFC applies the following in implementing the dividend reinvestment plan. If the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited to stockholders' accounts is greater than 110.0% of the last determined net asset value of the shares, NMFC will use only newly issued shares to implement its dividend reinvestment plan. Under such circumstances, the number of shares to be issued to a stockholder is determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to such stockholder by the market price per share of NMFC's common stock on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") on the distribution payment date. Market price per share on that date will be the closing price for such shares on the NYSE or, if no sale is reported for such day, the average of their electronically reported bid and asked prices. If NMFC uses newly issued shares to implement the plan, NMFC will receive, on a one-for-one basis, additional units of the Operating Company in exchange for cash distributions that are reinvested in shares of NMFC's common stock under the dividend reinvestment plan.

If the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited to stockholders' accounts is less than 110.0% of the last determined net asset value of the shares, NMFC will either issue new shares or

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**Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

instruct the plan administrator to purchase shares in the open market to satisfy the additional shares required. Shares purchased in open market transactions by the plan administrator will be allocated to a stockholder based on the average purchase price, excluding any brokerage charges or other charges, of all shares of common stock purchased in the open market. The number of shares of NMFC's common stock to be outstanding after giving effect to payment of the distribution cannot be established until the value per share at which additional shares will be issued has been determined and elections of NMFC's stockholders have been tabulated.

**Foreign securities** The accounting records of the Operating Company are maintained in U.S. dollars. Investment securities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars based on the rate of exchange of such currencies on the date of valuation. Purchases and sales of investment securities and income and expense items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars based on the rate of exchange of such currencies on the respective dates of the transactions. The Operating Company does not isolate that portion of the results of operations resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on investments from the fluctuations arising from changes in market prices of securities held. Such fluctuations are included with "Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments" and "Net realized gains (losses) on investments" in the Operating Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Investments denominated in foreign currencies may be negatively affected by movements in the rate of exchange between the U.S. dollar and such foreign currencies. This movement is beyond the control of the Operating Company and cannot be predicted.

**Use of estimates** The preparation of the Companies' financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the Companies' financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets, and other metrics used in determining these estimates could cause actual results to differ from the estimates used, and the differences could be material.

Dividend income recorded related to distributions received from flow-through investments is an accounting estimate based on the most recent estimate of the tax treatment of the distribution. During the three months ended March 31, 2014, the Operating Company adjusted an accounting estimate related to the classification of dividend income for a distribution received from one of the Operating Company's warrant investments. Based on updated tax projections received during the quarter ended March 31, 2014, the Operating Company increased dividend income by \$214 and reduced the realized gain by \$214 to agree to the tax treatment on the investment. This resulted in a reclass from capital gains incentive fee to incentive fee of \$43 for the quarter ended March 31, 2014.

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**Note 3. Investments**

At March 31, 2014 the Operating Company's investments consisted of the following:

**Investment Cost and Fair Value by Type**

	Cost	Fair Value
First lien	\$ 575,087	\$ 579,810
Second lien	507,165	518,443
Subordinated	13,426	14,530
Equity and other	58,143	67,423
<b>Total investments</b>	<b>\$ 1,153,821</b>	<b>\$ 1,180,206</b>

**Investment Cost and Fair Value by Industry**

	Cost	Fair Value
Software	\$ 242,859	\$ 249,167
Education	229,615	241,780
Business Services	159,051	160,876
Distribution & Logistics	119,951	121,583
Healthcare Services	84,635	87,281
Federal Services	76,743	76,669
Energy	69,742	70,739
Media	62,757	64,905
Healthcare Products	39,958	41,471
Specialty Chemical and Materials	19,851	20,225
Consumer Services	14,922	15,546
Industrial Services	13,843	14,224
Healthcare Information Technology	13,429	8,455
Information Technology	6,465	7,285
<b>Total investments</b>	<b>\$ 1,153,821</b>	<b>\$ 1,180,206</b>

**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements  
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**Note 3. Investments (Continued)**

At December 31, 2013 the Operating Company's investments consisted of the following:

**Investment Cost and Fair Value by Type**

	Cost	Fair Value
First lien	\$ 550,534	\$ 553,549
Second lien	460,078	468,945
Subordinated	25,152	26,863
Equity and other	58,316	66,294
<b>Total investments</b>	<b>\$ 1,094,080</b>	<b>\$ 1,115,651</b>

**Investment Cost and Fair Value by Industry**

	Cost	Fair Value
Software	\$ 243,158	\$ 249,174
Education	225,214	235,787
Business Services	140,797	145,465
Distribution & Logistics	120,156	120,247
Federal Services	84,965	83,888
Healthcare Services	78,295	80,331
Energy	69,757	69,255
Media	42,808	45,932
Healthcare Products	40,285	41,772
Consumer Services	14,918	15,628
Industrial Services	13,858	14,263
Healthcare Information Technology	13,454	7,324
Information Technology	6,415	6,585
<b>Total investments</b>	<b>\$ 1,094,080</b>	<b>\$ 1,115,651</b>

As of March 31, 2014, the Operating Company's two super priority first lien positions in ATI Acquisition Company remained on non-accrual status due to the inability of the portfolio company to service its interest payment for the quarter then ended and uncertainty about its ability to pay such amounts in the future. During the third quarter of 2013, the Operating Company received preferred shares and warrants in Ancora Acquisition LLC, in relation to the two super priority first lien positions in ATI Acquisition Company. As of March 31, 2014, the Operating Company's investment had an aggregate cost basis of \$1,611, an aggregate fair value of \$419 and total unearned interest income of

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\$80 for the three months then ended. As of December 31, 2013, the Operating Company's total investment in ATI Acquisition Company and Ancora Acquisition LLC had an aggregate cost basis of \$1,611 and an aggregate fair value of \$419. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, unrealized

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**Note 3. Investments (Continued)**

gains (losses) include a fee that the Operating Company would receive upon maturity of the two super priority first lien debt investments.

As of March 31, 2014, the Operating Company had unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities and bridge facilities of \$6,900 and \$0, respectively. The Operating Company had unfunded commitments in the form of a delayed draw or other future funding commitments of \$7,725 as of March 31, 2014. The unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities are disclosed on the Operating Company's Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of March 31, 2014.

As of December 31, 2013, the Operating Company had unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities and bridge facilities of \$15,500 and \$0, respectively. The Operating Company did not have any unfunded commitments in the form of a delayed draw or other future funding commitments as of December 31, 2013. The unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities are disclosed on the Operating Company's Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of December 31, 2013.

**Investment risk factors** First and second lien debt that the Operating Company invests in is entirely, or almost entirely, rated below investment grade or may be unrated. These debt investments are considered speculative because of the credit risk of the issuers. Such issuers are considered more likely than investment grade issuers to default on their payments of interest and principal and such risk of default could reduce the net asset value and income distributions of the Operating Company. First and second lien debt may also lose significant market value before a default occurs. Furthermore, an active trading market may not exist for these first and second lien debt investments. This illiquidity may make it more difficult to value the debt.

Subordinated debt is generally subject to similar risks as those associated with first and second lien debt, except that such debt is subordinated in payment and /or lower in lien priority. Subordinated debt is subject to the additional risk that the cash flow of the borrower and the property securing the debt, if any, may be insufficient to meet scheduled payments after giving effect to the senior secured and unsecured obligations of the borrower.

**Note 4. Fair Value**

Fair value is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Accounting Standards Codification 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* ("ASC 820"), establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes and ranks the inputs to valuation techniques used in measuring investments at fair value. The hierarchy classifies the inputs used in measuring fair value into three levels as follows:

*Level I* Quoted prices (unadjusted) are available in active markets for identical investments and the Operating Company has the ability to access such quotes as of the reporting date. The type of investments which would generally be included in Level I include active exchange-traded equity securities and exchange-traded derivatives. As required by ASC 820, the Operating Company, to the extent that it holds such investments, does not adjust the quoted price for these

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**Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)**

investments, even in situations where the Operating Company holds a large position and a sale could reasonably impact the quoted price.

*Level II* Pricing inputs are observable for the investments, either directly or indirectly, as of the reporting date, but are not the same as those used in Level I. Level II inputs include the following:

Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;

Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in non- active markets (examples include corporate and municipal bonds, which trade infrequently);

Pricing models whose inputs are observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability (examples include most over-the-counter derivatives, including foreign exchange forward contracts); and

Pricing models whose inputs are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data through correlation or other means for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

*Level III* Pricing inputs are unobservable for the investment and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the investment.

The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels. In all instances when the inputs fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. As such, a Level III fair value measurement may include inputs that are both observable (Levels I and II) and unobservable (Level III). Gains and losses for such assets categorized within the Level III table below may include changes in fair value that are attributable to both observable inputs (Levels II and III) and unobservable inputs (Level III).

The inputs into the determination of fair value require significant judgment or estimation by management and consideration of factors specific to each investment. A review of the fair value hierarchy classifications is conducted on a quarterly basis. Changes in the observability of valuation inputs may result in the transfer of certain investments within the fair value hierarchy from period to period. Reclassifications impacting the fair value hierarchy are reported as transfers in/out of the respective leveling categories as of the beginning of the quarter in which the reclassifications occur.



**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements  
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(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)

(unaudited)

**Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)**

The following table summarizes the levels in the fair value hierarchy that the Operating Company's portfolio investments fall into as of March 31, 2014:

	Total	Level I	Level II	Level III
First lien	\$ 579,810	\$	\$ 520,837	\$ 58,973
Second lien	518,443		445,195	73,248
Subordinated	14,530		9,359	5,171
Equity and other	67,423	1,867		65,556
<b>Total investments</b>	<b>\$ 1,180,206</b>	<b>\$ 1,867</b>	<b>\$ 975,391</b>	<b>\$ 202,948</b>

The following table summarizes the levels in the fair value hierarchy that the Operating Company's portfolio investments fall into as of December 31, 2013:

	Total	Level I	Level II	Level III
First lien	\$ 553,549	\$	\$ 525,138	\$ 28,411
Second lien	468,945		413,407	55,538
Subordinated	26,863		21,692	5,171
Equity and other	66,294	1,694		64,600
<b>Total investments</b>	<b>\$ 1,115,651</b>	<b>\$ 1,694</b>	<b>\$ 960,237</b>	<b>\$ 153,720</b>

The following table summarizes the changes in fair value of Level III portfolio investments for the three months ended March 31, 2014, as well as the portion of appreciation (depreciation) included in income attributable to unrealized appreciation (depreciation) related to those assets and liabilities still held by the Operating Company at March 31, 2014:

	Total	First Lien	Second Lien	Subordinated	Equity and other
<b>Fair value, December 31, 2013</b>	<b>\$ 153,720</b>	<b>\$ 28,411</b>	<b>\$ 55,538</b>	<b>\$ 5,171</b>	<b>\$ 64,600</b>
Total gains or losses included in earnings:					
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	1,518	1,260			258
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	824	(517)	212		1,129
Purchases, including capitalized PIK and revolver fundings	48,078	30,389	17,498		191
Proceeds from sales and paydowns of investments	(1,192)	(570)			(622)
<b>Fair value, March 31, 2014</b>	<b>\$ 202,948</b>	<b>\$ 58,973</b>	<b>\$ 73,248</b>	<b>\$ 5,171</b>	<b>\$ 65,556</b>

Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) for the period relating to those Level III assets that were still held by the Operating Company at the end of the period:

\$	1,297	\$	(44)	\$	212	\$	1,129
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**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements  
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(unaudited)

**Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)**

The following table summarizes the changes in fair value of Level III portfolio investments for the three months ended March 31, 2013, as well as the portion of appreciation (depreciation) included in income attributable to unrealized appreciation (depreciation) related to those assets and liabilities still held by the Operating Company at March 31, 2013:

	Total	First Lien	Second Lien	Subordinated	Equity and other
<b>Fair value, December 31, 2012</b>	\$ 119,128	\$ 42,885	\$ 43,255	\$ 22,891	\$ 10,097
Total gains or losses included in earnings:					
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	21	21			
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	1,597	(75)	848	177	647
Purchases, including capitalized PIK and revolver fundings	773			712	61
Proceeds from sales and paydowns of investments	(10,900)	(10,897)			(3)
<b>Fair value, March 31, 2013</b>	\$ 110,619	\$ 31,934	\$ 44,103	\$ 23,780	\$ 10,802

Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) for the period relating to those Level III assets that were still held by the Operating Company at the end of the period:

	\$ 1,812	\$ 140	\$ 848	\$ 177	\$ 647
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Except as noted in the tables above, there were no other transfers in or out of Level I, II, or III during the three months ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013. Transfers into Level III occurred as quotations obtained through pricing services were not deemed representative of fair value as of the balance sheet date and such assets were internally valued. As quotations obtained through pricing services were substantiated through additional market sources, investments were transferred out of Level III. The Operating Company invests in revolving credit facilities. These investments are categorized as Level III investments as these assets are not actively traded and their fair values are often implied by the term loans of the respective portfolio companies.

The Operating Company generally uses the following framework when determining the fair value of investments where there are little, if any, market activity or observable pricing inputs.

**Company Performance, Financial Review, and Analysis:** Prior to investment, as part of its due diligence process, the Operating Company evaluates the overall performance and financial stability of the portfolio company. Post investment, the Operating Company analyzes each portfolio company's current operating performance and relevant financial trends versus prior year and budgeted results, including, but not limited to, factors affecting its revenue and earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization ("EBITDA") growth, margin trends, liquidity position, covenant compliance and changes to its capital structure. The Operating Company also attempts to identify and subsequently track any developments at the portfolio company, within its customer or vendor base or within the industry or the macroeconomic environment, generally, that may alter any material element

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(unaudited)

**Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)**

of its original investment thesis. This analysis is specific to each portfolio company. The Operating Company leverages the knowledge gained from its original due diligence process, augmented by this subsequent monitoring, to continually refine its outlook for each of its portfolio companies and ultimately form the valuation of its investment in each portfolio company. When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent sale occurs, the Operating Company will consider the pricing indicated by the external event to corroborate the private valuation.

**Market Based Approach:** The Operating Company may estimate the total enterprise value of each portfolio company by utilizing market value cash flow (EBITDA) multiples of publicly traded comparable companies. The Operating Company considers numerous factors when selecting the appropriate companies whose trading multiples are used to value its portfolio companies. These factors include, but are not limited to, the type of organization, similarity to the business being valued, relevant risk factors, as well as size, profitability and growth expectations. The Operating Company may apply an average of various relevant comparable company EBITDA multiples to the portfolio company's latest twelve month ("LTM") EBITDA or projected EBITDA to calculate portfolio company enterprise value. In applying the market based approach as of March 31, 2014, the Operating Company used the relevant EBITDA ranges set forth in the table below to determine the enterprise value of investments in nine of its portfolio companies. The Operating Company believes this was a reasonable range in light of current comparable company trading levels and the specific companies involved.

**Income Based Approach:** The Operating Company also may use a discounted cash flow analysis to estimate the fair value of the investment. Projected cash flows represent the relevant security's contractual interest, fee and principal payments plus the assumption of full principal recovery at the investment's expected maturity date. These cash flows are discounted at a rate established utilizing a yield calibration approach, which incorporates changes in the credit quality (as measured by relevant statistics) of the portfolio company, as compared to changes in the yield associated with comparable credit quality market indices, between the date of origination and the valuation date. In applying the

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**Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)**

income based approach as of March 31, 2014, the Operating Company used the discount ranges set forth in the table below to value investments in ten of its portfolio companies.

Type	Fair Value	Approach	Unobservable Input	Range		Weighted Average
				Low	High	
First lien	\$ 58,973	Market approach	EBITDA multiple	5.0x	10.0x	7.6x
		Income approach	Discount rate	7.7%	13.8%	10.2%
Second lien	73,248	Market approach	EBITDA multiple	6.0x	10.0x	7.3x
		Income approach	Discount rate	10.0%	14.2%	12.0%
Subordinated	5,171	Market approach	EBITDA multiple	7.0x	9.0x	8.0x
		Income approach	Discount rate	8.4%	10.4%	9.4%
Equity and other	65,556	Market approach	EBITDA multiple	1.7x	7.8x	6.4x
		Income approach	Discount rate	8.0%	18.0%	13.9%
	\$ 202,948	Black Scholes analysis	Expected life in years	2.0	4.0	2.4
			Volatility	22.6%	36.9%	29.1%
			Discount rate	0.3%	2.8%	0.7%

Based on a comparison to similar BDC credit facilities, the terms and conditions of the Holdings Credit Facility and the SLF Credit Facility (as defined in Note 7, *Borrowing Facilities*) are representative of market. The carrying values of the Holdings Credit Facility and SLF Credit Facility approximate fair value as of March 31, 2014, as both facilities are continually monitored and examined by both the borrower and the lender. Both facilities were amended and restated during the year ended December 31, 2012 to lower the applicable interest rate spread by 0.25% and to increase the maximum amount of revolving borrowings available under the respective facilities. Additionally, for the year ended December 31, 2013, the Holdings Credit Facility was amended and restated to further increase the maximum amount of revolving borrowings available. See Note 7, *Borrowing Facilities*, for details. The fair value of other financial assets and liabilities approximates their carrying value based on the short term nature of these items. The fair value disclosures discussed in this paragraph are considered Level III.

**Fair value risk factors** The Operating Company seeks investment opportunities that offer the possibility of attaining substantial capital appreciation. Certain events particular to each industry in which the Operating Company's portfolio companies conduct their operations, as well as general economic and political conditions, may have a significant negative impact on the operations and profitability of the Operating Company's investments and/or on the fair value of the Operating Company's investments. The Operating Company's investments are subject to the risk of non-payment of scheduled interest or principal, resulting in a reduction in income to the Operating Company and thus the income of NMFC and AIV Holdings, and their corresponding fair valuations. Also, there may be risk associated with the concentration of investments in one geographic region or in certain

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**Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)**

industries. These events are beyond the control of the Operating Company and cannot be predicted. Furthermore, the ability to liquidate investments and realize value is subject to uncertainties.

**Note 5. Agreements**

On May 19, 2011, NMFC entered into a joinder agreement with respect to the Limited Liability Company Agreement, as amended and restated, of the Operating Company pursuant to which NMFC was admitted as a member of the Operating Company and agreed to acquire from the Operating Company a number of units of the Operating Company equal to the number of shares of common stock outstanding of NMFC. Additionally on May 19, 2011, in connection with the contribution by Guardian AIV of its units to AIV Holdings, AIV Holdings entered into a joinder agreement with respect to the Limited Liability Company Agreement, as amended and restated, of the Operating Company pursuant to which AIV Holdings was also admitted as a member of the Operating Company.

The Operating Company entered into an investment advisory and management agreement, as amended and restated (the "Investment Management Agreement") with the Investment Adviser. Under the Investment Management Agreement, the Investment Adviser manages the day-to-day operations of, and provides investment advisory services to, the Operating Company. For providing these services, the Investment Adviser receives a fee from the Operating Company, consisting of two components a base management fee and an incentive fee.

The base management fee is calculated at an annual rate of 1.75% of the Operating Company's gross assets less (i) the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility (as defined in Note 7, *Borrowing Facilities*) and (ii) cash and cash equivalents. The base management fee is payable quarterly in arrears, and is calculated based on the average value of the Operating Company's gross assets, borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility, and cash and cash equivalents at the end of each of the two most recently completed calendar quarters, and appropriately adjusted on a pro rata basis for any equity capital raises or repurchases during the current calendar quarter.

The incentive fee consists of two parts. The first part is calculated and payable quarterly in arrears and equals 20.0% of the Operating Company's "Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income" for the immediately preceding quarter, subject to a "preferred return", or "hurdle", and a "catch-up" feature. "Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income" means interest income, dividend income and any other income (including any other fees (other than fees for providing managerial assistance), such as commitment, origination, structuring, diligence and consulting fees or other fees that the Operating Company receives from portfolio companies) accrued during the calendar quarter, minus the Operating Company's operating expenses for the quarter (including the base management fee, expenses payable under an administration agreement, as amended and restated (the "Administration Agreement"), with the Administrator, and any interest expense and distributions paid on any issued and outstanding preferred membership units (of which there are none as of March 31, 2014), but excluding the incentive fee). Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income includes, in the case of investments with a deferred interest feature (such as original issue discount, debt instruments with PIK interest and zero coupon securities), accrued income that the Operating Company has not yet received in cash.

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(unaudited)

**Note 5. Agreements (Continued)**

Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital appreciation or depreciation.

Under GAAP, NMFC's IPO did not step-up the cost basis of the Operating Company's existing investments to fair market value at the IPO date. Since the total value of the Operating Company's investments at the time of the IPO was greater than the investments' cost basis, a larger amount of amortization of purchase or original issue discount, as well as different amounts in realized gain and unrealized appreciation, may be recognized under GAAP in each period than if the step-up had occurred. This will remain until such predecessor investments are sold, repaid or mature in the future. The Operating Company tracks the transferred (or fair market) value of each of its investments as of the time of the IPO and, for purposes of the incentive fee calculation, adjusts Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income to reflect the amortization of purchase or original issue discount on the Operating Company's investments as if each investment was purchased at the date of the IPO, or stepped up to fair market value. This is defined as "Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income". The Operating Company also uses the transferred (or fair market) value of each of its investments as of the time of the IPO to adjust capital gains ("Adjusted Realized Capital Gains") or losses ("Adjusted Realized Capital Losses") and unrealized capital appreciation ("Adjusted Unrealized Capital Appreciation") and unrealized capital depreciation ("Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation").

Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income, expressed as a rate of return on the value of the Operating Company's net assets at the end of the immediately preceding calendar quarter, will be compared to a "hurdle rate" of 2.0% per quarter (8.0% annualized), subject to a "catch-up" provision measured as of the end of each calendar quarter. The hurdle rate is appropriately pro-rated for any partial periods. The calculation of the Operating Company's incentive fee with respect to the Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income for each quarter is as follows:

No incentive fee is payable to the Investment Adviser in any calendar quarter in which the Operating Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income does not exceed the hurdle rate of 2.0% (the "preferred return" or "hurdle").

100.0% of the Operating Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income with respect to that portion of such Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income, if any, that exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than or equal to 2.5% in any calendar quarter (10.0% annualized) is payable to the Investment Adviser. This portion of the Operating Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income (which exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than or equal to 2.5%) is referred to as the "catch-up". The catch-up provision is intended to provide the Investment Adviser with an incentive fee of 20.0% on all of the Operating Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income as if a hurdle rate did not apply when the Operating Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income exceeds 2.5% in any calendar quarter.

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**Note 5. Agreements (Continued)**

20.0% of the amount of the Operating Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income, if any, that exceeds 2.5% in any calendar quarter (10.0% annualized) is payable to the Investment Adviser once the hurdle is reached and the catch-up is achieved.

The second part will be determined and payable in arrears as of the end of each calendar year (or upon termination of the Investment Management Agreement) and will equal 20.0% of the Operating Company's Adjusted Realized Capital Gains, if any, on a cumulative basis from inception through the end of each calendar year, computed net of all Adjusted Realized Capital Losses and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation on a cumulative basis, less the aggregate amount of any previously paid capital gain incentive fee.

In accordance with GAAP, the Operating Company accrues a hypothetical capital gains incentive fee based upon the cumulative net Adjusted Realized Capital Gains and Adjusted Realized Capital Losses and the cumulative net Adjusted Unrealized Capital Appreciation and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation on investments held at the end of each period. Actual amounts paid to the Investment Adviser are consistent with the Investment Management Agreement and are based only on actual Adjusted Realized Capital Gains computed net of all Adjusted Realized Capital Losses and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation on a cumulative basis from inception through the end of each calendar year as if the entire portfolio was sold at fair value.

The Operating Company has revised to expand its March 31, 2013 presentation of incentive fees on the Consolidated Statements of Assets, Liabilities and Members' Capital and the Consolidated Statements of Operations to disclose the two parts of the incentive fee incurred by the Operating Company for net investment income related incentive fees and capital gains related incentive fees.

The following table summarizes the management fees and incentive fees incurred by the Operating Company for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013.

	Three months ended	
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013
Management fee	\$ 4,176	\$ 3,568
Incentive fee, excluding accrued capital gains incentive fees	4,443	3,458
Accrued capital gains incentive fees(1)	1,527	2,682

- (1) The accrued capital gains incentive fees would be paid by the Operating Company if the Operating Company ceased operations on March 31, 2014 or March 31, 2013, respectively, and liquidated its investments at the valuations as of the respective quarter ends. Approximately \$778 of capital gains incentive fees would be owed under the Investment Management Agreement if the Operating Company had ceased operations as of March 31, 2014, as cumulative net Adjusted Realized Capital Gains exceeded cumulative Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation. As of March 31, 2013, no actual capital gains incentive fee was owed under the Investment Management Agreement, as cumulative net Adjusted Realized Capital Gains did not exceed cumulative Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation.



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(unaudited)

**Note 5. Agreements (Continued)**

The Operating Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations below are adjusted as if the step-up in cost basis to fair market value had occurred at the IPO date, May 19, 2011.

The following Statement of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2014 is adjusted to reflect this step-up to fair market value.

	Three months ended March 31, 2014	Adjustments	Adjusted three months ended March 31, 2014
<b>Investment income</b>			
Interest income(1)	\$ 28,139	\$ (42)	\$ 28,097
Dividend income	2,095		2,095
Other income	684		684
<b>Total investment income</b>	<b>30,918</b>	<b>(42)</b>	<b>30,876</b>
<b>Total net expenses pre-incentive fee(2)</b>	<b>8,663</b>		<b>8,663</b>
<b>Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income</b>	<b>22,255</b>	<b>(42)</b>	<b>22,213</b>
<b>Incentive fee(3)</b>	<b>5,970</b>		<b>5,970</b>
<b>Post-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income</b>	<b>16,285</b>	<b>(42)</b>	<b>16,243</b>
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	2,780	(138)	2,642
Net change in unrealized appreciation of investments	4,814	180	4,994
<b>Net increase in members' capital resulting from operations</b>	<b>\$ 23,879</b>		<b>\$ 23,879</b>

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(1) Includes \$784 in payment-in-kind interest from investments.

(2)

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Includes expense waivers and reimbursements of \$774.

(3)

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, the Operating Company incurred total incentive fees of \$5,970, of which \$1,527 related to capital gains incentive fees on a hypothetical liquidation basis.

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**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements  
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(unaudited)

**Note 5. Agreements (Continued)**

The following Statement of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2013 is adjusted to reflect the step-up to fair market value.

	Three months ended March 31, 2013	Adjustments	Adjusted three months ended March 31, 2013
<b>Investment income</b>			
Interest income(1)	\$ 25,043	\$ (479)	\$ 24,564
Other income	275		275
Total investment income	25,318	(479)	24,839
Total net expenses pre-incentive fee(2)	7,551		7,551
<b>Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income</b>	17,767	(479)	17,288
Incentive fee(3)	6,140		6,140
<b>Post-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income</b>	11,627	(479)	11,148
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	1,044	(460)	584
Net change in unrealized appreciation of investments	11,890	939	12,829
<b>Net increase in members' capital resulting from operations</b>	\$ 24,561		\$ 24,561

(1) Includes \$642 in payment-in-kind interest from investments.

(2) Includes expense waivers and reimbursements of \$829.

(3)

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For the three months ended March 31, 2013, the Operating Company incurred total incentive fees of \$6,140, of which \$2,682 related to capital gains incentive fees on a hypothetical liquidation basis.

The Companies have entered into an Administration Agreement with the Administrator under which the Administrator provides administrative services. The Administrator performs, or oversees the performance of, the Companies' financial records, prepares reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, generally monitors the payment of the Companies' expenses, and watches the performance of administrative and professional services rendered by others. The Operating Company will reimburse the Administrator for the Companies' allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by the Administrator in performing its obligations to the Companies under the Administration Agreement. Pursuant to the Administration Agreement and further restricted by the Operating Company, expenses payable to the Administrator by the Operating Company as well as other direct and indirect expenses (excluding interest, other credit facility expenses, trading expenses and management and incentive fees) have been capped at \$3,500 for the time period from April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013 and capped at \$4,250 for the time period from April 1, 2013 to March 31, 2014. The expense cap expired on March 31, 2014. Thereafter, the Administrator may, in its own discretion, submit to the

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**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements  
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**Note 5. Agreements (Continued)**

Operating Company for reimbursement some or all of the expenses that the Administrator has incurred on behalf of the Operating Company during any quarterly period. As a result, the amount of expenses for which the Operating Company will have to reimburse the Administrator may fluctuate in future quarterly periods and there can be no assurance given as to when, or if, the Administrator may determine to limit the expenses that the Administrator submits to the Operating Company for reimbursement in the future. However, it is expected that the Administrator will continue to support part of the expense burden of the Operating Company in the near future.

The Operating Company has revised to expand its presentation of expenses and expense waivers and reimbursements for the three months ended March 31, 2013. Expenses were previously presented net of waivers and reimbursements, which had been included parenthetically. The expanded revised presentation shows total gross expenses with a separate reduction for expense waivers and reimbursements.

The Operating Company incurred the following expenses in excess of the expense cap for the three ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013:

	<b>Three months ended</b>	
	<b>March 31, 2014</b>	<b>March 31, 2013</b>
Professional fees	\$ 377	\$ 495
Administrative expenses	397	334
Other general and administrative expenses		
Total expense waivers and reimbursements	\$ 774	\$ 829

As of March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013, \$377 and \$495, respectively, of the expense waivers and reimbursements was receivable from an affiliate.

The Companies, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator have also entered into a Trademark License Agreement, as amended, with New Mountain Capital, L.L.C., pursuant to which New Mountain Capital, L.L.C. has agreed to grant the Companies, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator, a non-exclusive, royalty-free license to use the "New Mountain" and the "New Mountain Finance" names. Under the Trademark License Agreement, as amended, subject to certain conditions, the Companies, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator will have a right to use the "New Mountain" and "New Mountain Finance" names, for so long as the Investment Adviser or one of its affiliates remains the investment adviser of the Operating Company. Other than with respect to this limited license, the Companies, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator will have no legal right to the "New Mountain" or the "New Mountain Finance" names.

NMFC entered into a Registration Rights Agreement with AIV Holdings, Steven B. Klinsky (the Chairman of the Companies' board of directors), an entity related to Steven B. Klinsky and the Investment Adviser. Subject to several exceptions, AIV Holdings and the Investment Adviser have the right to require NMFC to register for public resale under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the

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(unaudited)

**Note 5. Agreements (Continued)**

"Securities Act of 1933"), all registerable securities that are held by any of them and that they request to be registered. Registerable securities subject to the Registration Rights Agreement are shares of NMFC's common stock issued or issuable in exchange for units and any other shares of NMFC's common stock held by AIV Holdings, the Investment Adviser and any of their transferees. The rights under the Registration Rights Agreement can be conditionally exercised by AIV Holdings or the Investment Adviser, meaning that prior to the effectiveness of the registration statement related to the shares, AIV Holdings or the Investment Adviser can withdraw their request to have the shares registered. AIV Holdings and the Investment Adviser may each assign their rights to any person that acquires registerable securities subject to the Registration Rights Agreement and who agrees to be bound by the terms of the Registration Rights Agreement. Steven B. Klinsky and a related entity will have the right to "piggyback", or include their own registerable securities in such a registration. Shares held by AIV Holdings and Steven B. Klinsky were registered on a shelf registration statement on Form N-2.

AIV Holdings and the Investment Adviser may require NMFC to use its reasonable best efforts to register under the Securities Act of 1933 all or any portion of these registerable securities upon a "demand request". The demand registration rights are subject to certain limitations.

The Registration Rights Agreement includes limited blackout and suspension periods. In addition, AIV Holdings and the Investment Adviser may also require NMFC to file a shelf registration statement on Form N-2 for the resale of their registerable securities if NMFC is eligible to use Form N-2 at that time.

Holders of registerable securities have "piggyback" registration rights, including AIV Holdings, which means that these holders may include their respective shares in any future registrations of NMFC's equity securities, whether or not that registration relates to a primary offering by NMFC or a secondary offering by or on behalf of any of NMFC's stockholders. AIV Holdings, the Investment Adviser and Steven B. Klinsky (and a related entity) have priority over NMFC in any registration that is an underwritten offering.

AIV Holdings, the Investment Adviser and Steven B. Klinsky (and a related entity) will be responsible for the expenses of any demand registration (including underwriters' discounts or commissions) and their pro-rata share of any "piggyback" registration. NMFC has agreed to indemnify AIV Holdings, the Investment Adviser and Steven B. Klinsky (and a related entity) with respect to liabilities resulting from untrue statements or omissions in any registration statement filed pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement, other than untrue statements or omissions resulting from information furnished to NMFC by such parties. AIV Holdings, the Investment Adviser and Steven B. Klinsky (and a related entity) have also agreed to indemnify NMFC with respect to liabilities resulting from untrue statements or omissions furnished by them to NMFC relating to them in any registration statement.

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(unaudited)

**Note 6. Related Parties**

The Companies have entered into a number of business relationships with affiliated or related parties. With the completion of the secondary offering on February 3, 2014, NMFC now owns 100.0% of the units of the Operating Company.

The Operating Company has entered into the Investment Management Agreement with the Investment Adviser, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital. Therefore, New Mountain Capital is entitled to any profits earned by the Investment Adviser, which includes any fees payable to the Investment Adviser under the terms of the Investment Management Agreement, less expenses incurred by the Investment Adviser in performing its services under the Investment Management Agreement.

The Companies have entered into an Administration Agreement with the Administrator, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital. The Administrator arranges office space for the Companies and provides office equipment and administrative services necessary to conduct their respective day-to-day operations pursuant to the Administration Agreement. The Operating Company reimburses the Administrator for the allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by it in performing its obligations to the Companies under the Administration Agreement including rent, the fees and expenses associated with performing administrative, finance and compliance functions, and the compensation of the Companies' chief financial officer and chief compliance officer and their respective staffs. Pursuant to the Administration Agreement and further restricted by the Operating Company, expenses payable to the Administrator by the Operating Company as well as other direct and indirect expenses (excluding interest, other credit facility expenses, trading expenses and management and incentive fees) have been capped at \$3,500 for the time period from April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013 and capped at \$4,250 for the time period from April 1, 2013 to March 31, 2014. The expense cap expired on March 31, 2014. Thereafter, the Administrator may, in its own discretion, submit to the Operating Company for reimbursement some or all of the expenses that the Administrator has incurred on behalf of the Operating Company during any quarterly period. As a result, the amount of expenses for which the Operating Company will have to reimburse the Administrator may fluctuate in future quarterly periods and there can be no assurance given as to when, or if, the Administrator may determine to limit the expenses that the Administrator submits to the Operating Company for reimbursement in the future. However, it is expected that the Administrator will continue to support part of the expense burden of the Operating Company in the near future.

The Companies, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator have entered into a royalty-free Trademark License Agreement, as amended, with New Mountain Capital, L.L.C., pursuant to which New Mountain Capital, L.L.C. has agreed to grant the Companies, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator, a non-exclusive, royalty-free license to use the name "New Mountain" and "New Mountain Finance".

The Companies have adopted a formal code of ethics that governs the conduct of their respective officers and directors. These officers and directors also remain subject to the duties imposed by the 1940 Act, the Delaware General Corporation Law and the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act.

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**Note 6. Related Parties (Continued)**

The Investment Adviser and its affiliates may also manage other funds in the future that may have investment mandates that are similar, in whole and in part, with the Operating Company' investment mandates. The Investment Adviser and its affiliates may determine that an investment is appropriate for the Operating Company and for one or more of those other funds. In such event, depending on the availability of such investment and other appropriate factors, the Investment Adviser or its affiliates may determine that the Operating Company should invest side-by-side with one or more other funds. Any such investments will be made only to the extent permitted by applicable law and interpretive positions of the Securities and Exchange Commission and its staff, and consistent with the Investment Adviser's allocation procedures.

Concurrently with the IPO, NMFC sold an additional 2,172,000 shares of its common stock to certain executives and employees of, and other individuals affiliated with, New Mountain Capital in the Concurrent Private Placement.

**Note 7. Borrowing Facilities**

*Holdings Credit Facility* The Loan and Security Agreement, as amended and restated, dated May 19, 2011 (the "Holdings Credit Facility") among the Operating Company as the Borrower and Collateral Administrator, Wells Fargo Securities, L.L.C. as the Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as the Collateral Custodian, is structured as a revolving credit facility and matures on October 27, 2016, as amended on May 8, 2012. The Operating Company became a party to the Holdings Credit Facility upon the IPO of NMFC. The Holdings Credit Facility amends and restates the credit facility of the Predecessor Entities (the "Predecessor Credit Facility").

**Note 7. Borrowing Facilities**

The maximum amount of revolving borrowings available under the Holdings Credit Facility is \$280,000, as amended on October 28, 2013. As of March 31, 2014, the Operating Company was permitted to borrow up to 45.0% or 25.0% of the purchase price of pledged first lien or non-first lien debt securities, and up to 70.0% and 45.0% of the purchase price of specified first lien debt securities and specified non-first lien debt securities, respectively, subject to approval by Wells Fargo Bank, National Association. The Holdings Credit Facility is collateralized by all of the investments of the Operating Company on an investment by investment basis. All fees associated with the origination or upsizing of the Holdings Credit Facility are capitalized on the Operating Company's Consolidated Statement of Assets, Liabilities, and Members' Capital and charged against income as other credit facility expenses over the life of the Holdings Credit Facility. The Holdings Credit Facility contains certain customary affirmative and negative covenants and events of default, including the occurrence of a change in control. In addition, the Holdings Credit Facility requires the Operating Company to maintain a minimum asset coverage ratio. However, the covenants are generally not tied to mark to market fluctuations in the prices of the Operating Company's investments, but rather to the performance of the underlying portfolio companies.



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**Note 7. Borrowing Facilities (Continued)**

The Holdings Credit Facility bears interest at a rate of the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus 2.75% per annum, as amended on May 8, 2012, and charges a non-usage fee, based on the unused facility amount multiplied by the Non-Usage Fee Rate (as defined in the credit agreement).

The following table summarizes the interest expense and non-usage fees incurred by the Operating Company on the Holdings Credit Facility for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013.

	Three months ended	
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013
Interest expense	\$ 1,692	\$ 1,469
Non-usage fee	59	15
Weighted average interest rate	2.9%	3.0%
Average debt outstanding	\$ 232,842	\$ 198,900

As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the outstanding balance on the Holdings Credit Facility was \$271,825 and \$221,849, respectively, and the Operating Company was not aware of any instances of non-compliance related to the Holdings Credit Facility on such dates.

*SLF Credit Facility* NMF SLF's Loan and Security Agreement, as amended and restated, dated October 27, 2010 (the "SLF Credit Facility") among NMF SLF as the Borrower, the Operating Company as the Collateral Administrator, Wells Fargo Securities, L.L.C. as the Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as the Collateral Custodian, is structured as a revolving credit facility and matures on October 27, 2016, as amended on May 8, 2012. The maximum amount of revolving borrowings available under the SLF Credit Facility is \$215,000, as amended on December 18, 2012. The loan is non-recourse to the Operating Company and secured by all assets owned by the borrower on an investment by investment basis. All fees associated with the origination or upsizing of the SLF Credit Facility are capitalized on the Consolidated Statement of Assets, Liabilities, and Members' Capital and charged against income as other credit facility expenses over the life of the SLF Credit Facility. The SLF Credit Facility contains certain customary affirmative and negative covenants and events of default, including the occurrence of a change in control. The covenants are generally not tied to mark to market fluctuations in the prices of our investments, but rather to the performance of the underlying portfolio companies. Due to an amendment to the SLF Credit Facility on October 27, 2011, NMF SLF is no longer restricted from the purchase or sale of loans with an affiliate. Therefore, specified loans can be moved as collateral between the Holdings Credit Facility and the SLF Credit Facility.

As of March 31, 2014, the SLF Credit Facility permits borrowings of up to 70.0% of the purchase price of pledged first lien debt securities and up to 25.0% of the purchase price of specified second lien loans, of which, up to 25.0% of the aggregate outstanding loan balance of all pledged debt securities in

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**Note 7. Borrowing Facilities (Continued)**

The SLF Credit Facility is allowed to be derived from second lien loans, subject to approval by Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as amended on March 11, 2013.

The SLF Credit Facility bears interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 2.00% per annum for first lien loans and 2.75% for second lien loans, respectively, as amended on March 11, 2013. A non-usage fee is paid, based on the unused facility amount multiplied by the Non-Usage Fee Rate (as defined in the credit agreement).

The following table summarizes the interest expense and non-usage fees incurred by the Operating Company on the SLF Credit Facility for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013.

	Three months ended	
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013
Interest expense	\$ 1,201	\$ 1,186
Non-usage fee	(1)	1
Weighted average interest rate	2.2%	2.2%
Average debt outstanding	\$ 214,993	\$ 214,330

(1)

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, the total non-usage fee was less than \$1 thousand.

As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the outstanding balance on the SLF Credit Facility was \$215,000 and \$214,668, respectively, and NMF SLF was not aware of any instances of non-compliance related to the SLF Credit Facility on such dates.

**Leverage risk factors** The Operating Company utilizes and may utilize leverage to the maximum extent permitted by the law for investment and other general business purposes. The Operating Company's lenders will have fixed dollar claims on certain assets that are superior to the claims of the Operating Company's unit holders, and therefore NMFC's common stockholders, and the Operating Company would expect such lenders to seek recovery against these assets in the event of a default. The use of leverage also magnifies the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested. Leverage may magnify interest rate risk (particularly on the Operating Company's fixed-rate investments), which is the risk that the prices of portfolio investments will fall or rise if market interest rates for those types of securities rise or fall. As a result, leverage may cause greater changes in the Operating Company's net asset value. Similarly, leverage may cause a sharper decline in the Operating Company's income than if the Operating Company had not borrowed. Such a decline could negatively affect the Operating Company's ability to make dividend payments to its unit holders. Leverage is generally considered a speculative investment technique. The Operating Company's ability to service any debt incurred will depend largely on financial performance and will be subject to prevailing economic conditions and competitive pressures.

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**Note 8. Regulation**

NMFC has elected to be treated, and intends to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. In order to continue to qualify as a RIC, among other things, NMFC is required to timely distribute to its stockholders at least 90.0% of investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code, for each year. NMFC, among other things, intends to make and continue to make the requisite distributions to its stockholders, which will generally relieve NMFC from U.S. federal, state, and local income taxes (excluding excise taxes which may be imposed under the Code).

AIV Holdings was treated, and complied with the requirements to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. In order to have qualified as a RIC, among other things, AIV Holdings was required to timely distribute to its stockholders at least 90.0% of investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code, for each year. AIV Holdings, among other things, made the requisite distributions to its stockholders, which generally relieved AIV Holdings from U.S. federal, state, and local income taxes (excluding excise taxes which may have been imposed under the Code). However, under certain circumstances, the distributions that the Operating Company made to its members may not have been sufficient for AIV Holdings to satisfy the annual distribution requirement necessary for AIV Holdings to have qualified as a RIC. In that case, it was expected that Guardian AIV would consent to be treated as if it received distributions from AIV Holdings sufficient to satisfy the annual distribution requirement. Guardian AIV was required to include the consent dividend in its taxable income as dividend from AIV Holdings, which could have resulted in phantom (i.e., non-cash) taxable income to Guardian AIV.

Additionally as BDCs, the Companies must not acquire any assets other than "qualifying assets" specified in the 1940 Act unless, at the time the acquisition is made, at least 70.0% of its total assets are qualifying assets (with certain limited exceptions).

**Note 9. Commitments and Contingencies**

In the normal course of business, the Companies may enter into contracts that contain a variety of representations and warranties and which provide general indemnifications. The Operating Company may also enter into future funding commitments such as revolving credit facilities, bridge financing commitments, or delayed draw commitments. As of March 31, 2014, the Operating Company had unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities of \$6,900, no outstanding bridge financing commitments and other future funding commitments of \$7,725. The unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities are disclosed on the Operating Company's Consolidated Schedule of Investments. As of December 31, 2013, the Operating Company had unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities of \$15,500 and no outstanding bridge financing commitments or other future funding commitments, all of which are disclosed on the Operating Company's Consolidated Schedule of Investments.

The Operating Company also has revolving borrowings available under the Holdings Credit Facility and the SLF Credit Facility as of March 31, 2014. See Note 7, *Borrowing Facilities*, for details.

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**Note 9. Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)**

The Operating Company may from time to time enter into financing commitment letters. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Operating Company did not enter into any commitment letters to purchase debt investments, which could require funding in the future.

**Note 10. Stockholders' Equity**

The table below illustrates the effect of certain transactions on the capital accounts of NMFC:

	Common Stock			Undistributed Net Investment Income	Accumulated Undistributed		Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Par Amount	Paid in Capital in Excess of Par		Net Realized Gains (Losses)	Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	
Balance at December 31, 2013	45,224,755	\$ 452	\$ 633,383	\$	\$ 5,056	\$ 11,216	\$ 650,107
Issuances of common stock	2,743,245	28	39,850				39,878
Deferred offering costs allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.							
Dividends declared				(16,058)	(227)		(16,285)
Net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations				16,058	2,708	4,682	23,448
Balance at March 31, 2014	47,968,000	\$ 480	\$ 673,233	\$	\$ 7,537	\$ 15,898	\$ 697,148

The table below illustrates the effect of certain transactions on the capital accounts of AIV Holdings:

	Common Stock			Undistributed Net Investment Income	Distributions In Excess of		Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Par Amount	Paid in Capital in Excess of Par		Net Realized Gains (Losses)	Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	
Balance at December 31, 2013	100	\$ (1)	\$ 61,993	\$	\$ (26,812)	\$ 3,228	\$ 38,409
Deferred offering costs allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.							
Dividends declared							
Distribution to New Mountain Guardian AIV, L.P.			(61,993)	(227)	50,809	(26,562)	(37,973)
Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity resulting from operations				227	(23,997)	23,334	(436)
Balance at January 29, 2014 (end of operations)	100(2)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

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- (1) As of December 31, 2013, the par amount of the total common stock was \$1.
- (2) Subsequent to the quarter ended March 31, 2014, AIV Holdings was dissolved on April 25, 2014. See Note 14, *Subsequent Events*, for details.

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**Note 11. Earnings Per Share**

The following information sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net increase in NMFC's net assets per share resulting from operations for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013:

	Three months ended	
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013
Numerator for basic earnings per share:	\$ 23,448	\$ 15,516
Denominator for basic weighted average share:	47,066,216	25,267,118
Basic earnings per share:	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.61
Numerator for diluted earnings per share(a):	\$ 23,879	\$ 24,561
Denominator for diluted weighted average share(b):	47,897,485	40,835,723
Diluted earnings per share:	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.60

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(a) Includes the full income at the Operating Company for the period.

(b) Assumes all AIV Holdings units in the Operating Company were exchanged for public shares of NMFC during the three months ended March 31, 2013 (see Note 1, *Formation and Business Purpose*).

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**Note 12. Financial Highlights**

The following information sets forth the financial highlights for the Operating Company for the respective three months ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013.

	Three months ended	
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013
Total return based on net asset value(a)	3.47%	4.26%
Average net assets for the period	\$ 696,779	\$ 579,794
Ratio to average net assets(b):		
Net investment income	9.48%	8.13%
Total expenses (gross)	8.97%	10.16%
Total expenses (net of reimbursable expenses)	8.52%	9.58%
Net assets, end of period	\$ 697,148	\$ 610,478
Average debt outstanding Holdings Credit Facility	\$ 232,842	\$ 198,900
Average debt outstanding SLF Credit Facility	\$ 214,993	\$ 214,330
Weighted average common membership units outstanding for the period	47,897,485	40,835,723
Asset coverage ratio	243.20%	241.92%
Portfolio turnover	8.77%	8.18%

- (a) Total return is calculated assuming a purchase at net asset value on the opening of the first day of the year and a sale at net asset value on the last day of the respective periods. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of this calculation, to be reinvested at the net asset value on the last day of the respective quarter.
- (b) Ratio to average net assets has been annualized.

	Three months ended	
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013
Per unit data for the Operating Company(a):		
Net asset value, January 1, 2014 and January 1, 2013, respectively	\$ 14.38	\$ 14.06
Net investment income	0.34	0.28
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	0.15	0.31
Dividends from net investment income	(0.34)	(0.34)
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	0.15	0.25
Net asset value, March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013, respectively	\$ 14.53	\$ 14.31

(a)

Per unit data is based on weighted average common membership units outstanding.

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**Note 12. Financial Highlights (Continued)**

The following information sets forth the financial highlights for NMFC for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013. The ratios to average net assets have been annualized.

	Three months ended	
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013
Per share data(a):		
Net asset value, January 1, 2014 and January 1, 2013, respectively	\$ 14.38	\$ 14.06
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.:		
Net investment income	0.34	0.28
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	0.15	0.31
Total net increase	0.49	0.59
Dividends declared	(0.34)	(0.34)
Net asset value, March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013, respectively	\$ 14.53	\$ 14.31
Per share market value, March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013, respectively	\$ 14.55	\$ 14.62
Total return based on market value(b)	(1.00)%	0.40%
Total return based on net asset value(c)	3.47%	4.26%
Shares outstanding at end of period	47,968,000	31,324,660
Average weighted shares outstanding for the period	47,066,216	25,267,118
Average net assets for the period	\$ 684,700	\$ 358,939
Ratio to average net assets(d):		
Total expenses allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	8.52%	9.58%
Net investment income allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	9.48%	8.13%

(a) Per share data is based on the summation of the per share results of operations items over the outstanding shares for the period in which the respective line items were realized or earned.

(b) Total return is calculated assuming a purchase of common stock at the opening of the first day of the year and a sale on the closing of the last business day of the period. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of this calculation, to be reinvested at prices obtained under NMFC's dividend reinvestment plan.

(c)

Total return is calculated assuming a purchase at net asset value on the opening of the first day of the period and a sale at net asset value on the last day of the period. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of this calculation, to be reinvested at the net asset value on the last day of the respective quarter.

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**Note 12. Financial Highlights (Continued)**

- (d) Ratio to average net assets for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013 is based on the summation of the results of operations items over the net assets for the period in which the respective line items were realized or earned.

The following information sets forth the financial highlights for AIV Holdings for January 1, 2014 to January 29, 2014 (end of operations) and for the three months ended March 31, 2013. The ratios to average net assets have been annualized for the three months ended March 31, 2013.

	From January 1, 2014 to January 29, 2014 (end of operations)	Three months ended March 31, 2013
Total return based on net asset value(a)	(1.14)%	3.24%
Average net assets for the period	\$ 37,486	\$ 220,855
Ratio to average net assets(b):		
Total expenses allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	8.46%	9.58%
Net investment income allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	7.62%	8.13%

- (a) Total return is calculated assuming a purchase at net asset value on the opening of the first day of the period and a sale at net asset value on the last day of the period. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of this calculation, to be reinvested at net asset value on the last day of the respective quarter.
- (b) Ratio to average net assets is based on the summation of the results of operations items over the net assets for the period in which the respective line items were realized or earned.

**Note 13. Recent Accounting Standards Updates**

In June 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2013-08, Financial Services Investment Companies (Topic 946) Amendments to the Scope, Measurement and Disclosure Requirements ("ASU 2013-08"), which contains new guidance on assessing whether an entity is an investment company, requiring non-controlling ownership interests in investment companies to be measured at fair value and requiring certain additional disclosures. ASU 2013-08 is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2013. The adoption of ASU 2013-08 is not expected to have a material impact on the Companies' financial statements.

**Note 14. Subsequent Events**

On April 15, 2014, NMFC completed a public offering of 3,500,000 shares of its common stock at a public offering price of \$14.30 per share, which resulted in net proceeds of \$50,995, or \$14.57 per share. NMFC's Investment Adviser agreed to pay the underwriting discounts and commissions in

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**Note 14. Subsequent Events (Continued)**

connection with this offering and an additional supplemental payment to the underwriters of \$945, or \$0.27 per share, which reflects the difference between the public offering price and the proceeds per share received by NMFC. In connection with the public offering, the underwriters purchased an additional 525,000 shares of NMFC's common stock with the exercise of the overallotment option to purchase up to an additional 525,000 shares of NMFC's common stock, resulting in additional net proceeds of \$7,649. NMFC's Investment Adviser agreed to pay the underwriting discounts and commissions in connection with this exercise of the overallotment option and an additional supplemental payment to the underwriters of \$142, or \$0.27 per share, which reflects the difference between the public offering price and the proceeds per share received by NMFC in this exercise of the overallotment option.

Upon receipt of the necessary stockholder consent to authorize the board of directors of AIV Holdings to withdraw AIV Holdings' election to be regulated as a BDC, the withdrawal was filed subsequent to the quarter ended March 31, 2014 and became effective upon receipt by the SEC of AIV Holdings' notification of withdrawal on Form N-54C on April 15, 2014. The board of directors of AIV Holdings believed that AIV Holdings met the requirements for filing the notification to withdraw its election to be regulated as a BDC, upon the receipt of the necessary stockholder consent. After the notification of withdrawal of AIV Holdings' BDC election was filed with the SEC subsequent to the quarter ended March 31, 2014, AIV Holdings is no longer subject to the regulatory provisions of the 1940 Act applicable to BDCs generally, including regulations related to insurance, custody, composition of its board of directors, affiliated transactions and any compensation arrangements.

In addition, subsequent to the quarter ended March 31, 2014, AIV Holdings filed a Form 15 with the SEC to terminate AIV Holdings' registration under Section 12(g) of the 1934 Act. After these SEC filings and any other federal or state regulatory or tax filings were made, AIV Holdings proceeded to dissolve under Delaware law by filing a certificate of dissolution in Delaware on April 25, 2014.

Similarly, as a BDC, the Operating Company has been subject to the 1940 Act, including certain provisions applicable only to BDCs. Accordingly, and after careful consideration of the 1940 Act requirements applicable to BDCs, the cost of 1940 Act compliance and a thorough assessment of the Operating Company's current business model, the Operating Company's board of directors determined at an in-person meeting held on March 25, 2014 that continuation as a BDC was not in the best interests of the Operating Company at the present time.

At the 2014 joint annual meeting of the stockholders of NMFC and the sole unit holder of the Operating Company, which was held on May 6, 2014, the stockholders of NMFC and the sole unit holder of the Operating Company approved a proposal which authorized the board of directors of the Operating Company to withdraw the Operating Company's election to be regulated as a BDC. Additionally, the stockholders of NMFC approved an investment advisory and management agreement between NMFC and the Investment Adviser. With this approval, the Operating Company's board of directors intends to withdraw the Operating Company's election to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act and amend its Operating Agreement such that the Operating Company will remain a whollyowned subsidiary of NMFC with the sole purpose of serving as a special purpose vehicle for the

**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements  
of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.,  
the Financial Statements of New Mountain Finance Corporation and the Financial Statements  
of New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation (Continued)**

(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)

(unaudited)

**Note 14. Subsequent Events (Continued)**

Operating Company's existing credit facilities, and NMFC will assume all other operating activities previously undertaken by the Operating Company under the management of the Investment Adviser (collectively, the "Restructuring"). All of the current entities that will remain underneath NMFC after the Restructuring will be wholly-owned subsidiaries of NMFC and are expected to be consolidated with NMFC for both 1940 Act and financial statement reporting purposes, subject to any financial statement adjustments required in accordance with GAAP. In addition, the board of directors has approved and declared advisable the termination of the Operating Company's registration under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act.

After withdrawing the Operating Company's election to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act, the Operating Company will amend its Operating Agreement such that the board of directors of the Operating Company will be dissolved, and the Operating Company remains a wholly-owned subsidiary of NMFC with the sole purpose of serving as a special purpose vehicle for the Operating Company's existing credit facilities. As a special purpose entity, the Operating Company will be bankruptcy-remote and non-recourse to NMFC. In addition, the assets remaining at the Operating Company will continue to be used to secure the Operating Company's current credit facilities.

On May 6, 2014, the Operating Company's board of directors, and subsequently NMFC's board of directors, declared a second quarter 2014 distribution of \$0.34 per unit/share payable on June 30, 2014 to holders of record as of June 16, 2014.

On May 6, 2014, the Operating Company entered into a thirteenth amendment to the Holdings Credit Facility and NMF SLF entered into a thirteenth amendment to the SLF Credit Facility, both of which permit the Operating Company to withdraw the Operating Company's election to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act and to amend its Operating Agreement such that the Operating Company will remain a wholly-owned subsidiary of NMFC with the sole purpose of serving as a special purpose vehicle for the Holdings Credit Facility and SLF Credit Facility.

**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

To the Boards of Directors of  
New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.,  
New Mountain Finance Corporation and  
New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation  
New York, New York

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated statement of assets, liabilities and members' capital of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., including the consolidated schedule of investments, as of March 31, 2014, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in members' capital, and cash flows for the three month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013. In addition, we have reviewed the statement of assets and liabilities of New Mountain Finance Corporation as of March 31, 2014, and the related statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the three month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 and we have reviewed the statement of assets and liabilities of New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation as of January 29, 2014, and the related statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the period January 1, 2014 to January 29, 2014 and for the three month period ended March 31, 2013. These interim financial statements are the responsibility of the management of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., New Mountain Finance Corporation and New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to such interim financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Notes 1 and 14 to the interim financial statements New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation was dissolved on April 25, 2014. In addition, as discussed in Note 14 to the interim financial statements, on May 6, 2014 the stockholders of New Mountain Finance Corporation and the sole unit holder of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C, approved a proposal which authorized the board of directors of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. to withdraw New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C's election to be regulated as a business development company.

We have previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated statement of assets, liabilities and members' capital of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., including the consolidated schedule of investments, as of December 31, 2013 and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in members' capital, and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein), and the statements of assets and liabilities of New Mountain Finance Corporation and New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation as of December 31, 2013, the related statements of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein); and in our reports dated March 5, 2014, we expressed unqualified opinions on those financial statements and included an explanatory paragraph concerning New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings' decision to sell its remaining units in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. and that it no longer owns any units in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying consolidated statement of assets, liabilities and members' capital of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., including the consolidated schedule of investments, as of December 31, 2013 and the statements of assets and

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liabilities of New Mountain Finance Corporation and New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation as of December 31, 2013, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated statement of assets, liabilities, and members' capital of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., including the consolidated schedule of investments, as of December 31, 2013 and the statements of assets and liabilities of New Mountain Finance Corporation and New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation as of December 31, 2013 from which they have been derived.

*/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP*

New York, New York  
May 7, 2014

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**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

To the Boards of Directors and investors of  
New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.,  
New Mountain Finance Corporation and  
New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation  
New York, New York

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statement of assets, liabilities and members' capital of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., including the consolidated schedules of investments as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related consolidated statements of operations, consolidated statements of changes in members' capital, and cash flows for the three years in the period ended December 31, 2013 and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period ended December 31, 2013. Also, we have audited the statements of assets and liabilities of New Mountain Finance Corporation and New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related statements of operations, changes in net assets, cash flows and the financial highlights for the period from May 19, 2011 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2011 and for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., New Mountain Finance Corporation and New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial highlights based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. and New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation are not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of their internal control over financial reporting. Our audits of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. and New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation included consideration of their internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of their internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly we express no such opinion for New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. and New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our procedures included confirmation of investments as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, by correspondence with the custodian, loan agent or borrower; where replies were not received, we performed other auditing procedures. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such financial statements and financial highlights referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the consolidated results of its operations, its consolidated changes in members' capital, and its consolidated cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2013 and the financial highlights for the each of the five years in the period ended December 31, 2013; and the financial positions of New Mountain Finance Corporation and New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 and the results of their operations, changes in their net assets, their cash flows, and the financial highlights for the period from May 19, 2011 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2011 and for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



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As discussed in Note 16, on February 3, 2014, New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings sold its remaining units in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. (the "Operating Company") and no longer owns any units of the Operating Company.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), New Mountain Finance Corporation's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2013, based on the criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework (1992) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated March 5, 2014, expressed an unqualified opinion on New Mountain Finance Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

New York, New York  
March 5, 2014

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To the Board of Directors of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.:

We have audited the consolidated statements of assets, liabilities and members' capital of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. (the "Entity"), including the consolidated schedules of investments, as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in members' capital, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2013, and have issued our report dated March 5, 2014 (included elsewhere in this prospectus). Our audit also included the information as of December 31, 2013, 2012, 2011, 2010 and 2009, appearing under the caption "Senior Securities". This information is the responsibility of the Entity's management. The information as of December 31, 2013, 2012, 2011, 2010 and 2009, appearing under the caption "Senior Securities" has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements from which it has been derived.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP  
New York, New York  
March 5, 2014

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## New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

## Consolidated Statements of Assets, Liabilities and Members' Capital

(in thousands, except units and per unit data)

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
<b>Assets</b>		
Investments at fair value (cost of \$1,094,080 and \$976,243, respectively)	\$ 1,115,651	\$ 989,820
Cash and cash equivalents	14,981	12,752
Interest and dividend receivable	10,531	6,340
Deferred credit facility costs (net of accumulated amortization of \$3,562 and \$2,016, respectively)	4,727	5,490
Receivable from affiliate	459	534
Receivable from unsettled securities sold		9,962
Other assets	1,492	666
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 1,147,841</b>	<b>\$ 1,025,564</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Holdings Credit Facility	221,849	206,938
SLF Credit Facility	214,668	214,262
Capital gains incentive fee payable	7,636	4,407
Incentive fee payable	4,104	3,390
Management fee payable	3,856	3,222
Payable for unsettled securities purchased	3,690	9,700
Interest payable	814	712
Payable to affiliate	80	
Dividends payable		11,192
Other liabilities	2,628	1,802
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>459,325</b>	<b>455,625</b>
<b>Members' Capital</b>	<b>688,516</b>	<b>569,939</b>
<b>Total liabilities and members' capital</b>	<b>\$ 1,147,841</b>	<b>\$ 1,025,564</b>
Outstanding common membership units	47,896,693	40,548,189
Capital per unit	\$ 14.38	\$ 14.06

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

## Consolidated Statements of Operations

(in thousands)

	Years ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
<b>Investment income</b>			
Interest income	\$ 107,027	\$ 83,646	\$ 55,809
Dividend income	5,049	812	
Other income	2,836	1,328	714
<b>Total investment income</b>	<b>114,912</b>	<b>85,786</b>	<b>56,523</b>
<b>Expenses</b>			
Incentive fee	16,502	11,537	3,522
Capital gains incentive fee	3,229	4,407	
<b>Total incentive fees</b>	<b>19,731</b>	<b>15,944</b>	<b>3,522</b>
Management fee	14,905	11,109	4,938
Interest and other credit facility expenses	12,470	10,085	7,086
Administrative expenses	3,429	2,426	1,615
Professional fees	2,349	2,091	2,037
Other general and administrative expenses	1,584	1,374	986
<b>Total expenses</b>	<b>54,468</b>	<b>43,029</b>	<b>20,184</b>
Less: expenses waived and reimbursed (see Note 5)	(3,233)	(2,460)	(2,186)
<b>Net expenses</b>	<b>51,235</b>	<b>40,569</b>	<b>17,998</b>
<b>Net investment income</b>	<b>63,677</b>	<b>45,217</b>	<b>38,525</b>
Net realized gains on investments	7,253	18,851	16,252
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments	7,994	9,928	(23,100)
<b>Net increase in members' capital resulting from operations</b>	<b>\$ 78,924</b>	<b>\$ 73,996</b>	<b>\$ 31,677</b>

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

## Consolidated Statements of Changes in Members' Capital

(in thousands)

	Years ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
<b>Increase (decrease) in members' capital resulting from operations:</b>			
Net investment income	\$ 63,677	\$ 45,217	\$ 38,525
Net realized gains on investments	7,253	18,851	16,252
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments	7,994	9,928	(23,100)
<b>Net increase in members' capital resulting from operations</b>	<b>78,924</b>	<b>73,996</b>	<b>31,677</b>
<b>Contributions</b>	<b>100,040</b>	<b>133,428</b>	<b>195,295</b>
<b>Distributions</b>			<b>(10,249)</b>
<b>Dividends declared</b>	<b>(65,140)</b>	<b>(59,378)</b>	<b>(26,591)</b>
<b>Offering costs</b>	<b>(331)</b>	<b>(564)</b>	<b>(11,557)</b>
<b>Reinvestment of dividends</b>	<b>5,084</b>	<b>1,955</b>	
<b>Net increase in members' capital</b>	<b>118,577</b>	<b>149,437</b>	<b>178,575</b>
<b>Members' capital at the beginning of the period</b>	<b>569,939</b>	<b>420,502</b>	<b>241,927</b>
<b>Members' capital at the end of the period</b>	<b>\$ 688,516</b>	<b>\$ 569,939</b>	<b>\$ 420,502</b>

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

## Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(in thousands)

	Years ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Net increase in members' capital resulting from operations	\$ 78,924	\$ 73,996	\$ 31,677
Adjustments to reconcile net (increase) decrease in members' capital resulting from operations to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:			
Net realized gains on investments	(7,253)	(18,851)	(16,252)
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation of investments	(7,994)	(9,928)	23,100
Amortization of purchase discount	(3,365)	(5,996)	(5,862)
Amortization of deferred credit facility costs	1,546	1,160	786
Non-cash investment income	(4,473)	(2,187)	(1,538)
<b>(Increase) decrease in operating assets:</b>			
Purchase of investments	(529,695)	(673,355)	(494,694)
Proceeds from sales and paydowns of investments	426,561	423,874	231,962
Cash received for purchase of undrawn portion of revolving credit or delayed draw facilities	388	137	1,363
Cash paid for drawn revolver		(12,705)	(535)
Cash repayments on drawn revolvers		12,705	
Interest and dividend receivable	(4,191)	967	(4,299)
Receivable from affiliate	75	(165)	(369)
Receivable from unsettled securities sold	9,962	(9,962)	
Other assets	(225)	(50)	(351)
<b>Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:</b>			
Capital gains incentive fee payable	3,229	4,407	
Incentive fee payable	714	1,073	2,317
Management fee payable	634	1,021	2,200
Payable for unsettled securities purchased	(6,010)	2,095	(86,857)
Interest payable	102	(1,035)	934
Payable to affiliate	80		(394)
Other liabilities	639	151	534
<b>Net cash flows used in operating activities</b>	<b>(40,352)</b>	<b>(212,648)</b>	<b>(316,278)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Contributions	100,040	133,428	195,295
Distributions			(10,249)
Dividends paid	(71,248)	(46,231)	(26,591)
Offering costs paid	(720)	(268)	(11,557)
Proceeds from Holdings Credit Facility	457,978	523,099	336,508
Repayment of Holdings Credit Facility	(443,067)	(445,199)	(267,168)
Proceeds from SLF Credit Facility	23,306	112,993	172,060
Repayment of SLF Credit Facility	(22,900)	(64,659)	(63,068)
Deferred credit facility costs paid	(808)	(3,082)	(4,377)
<b>Net cash flows provided by financing activities</b>	<b>42,581</b>	<b>210,081</b>	<b>320,853</b>
<b>Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>2,229</b>	<b>(2,567)</b>	<b>4,575</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period</b>	<b>12,752</b>	<b>15,319</b>	<b>10,744</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period</b>	<b>\$ 14,981</b>	<b>\$ 12,752</b>	<b>\$ 15,319</b>

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**Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information**

Cash interest paid	\$	10,323	\$	9,433	\$	4,358
<b>Non-cash operating activities:</b>						
Non-cash activity on investments	\$	1,986	\$		\$	
<b>Non-cash financing activities:</b>						
Dividends declared and payable	\$		\$	11,192	\$	
Value of members' capital issued in connection with dividend reinvestment plan		5,084		1,955		
Accrual for offering costs		768		556		
Accrual for deferred credit facility costs		21		46		192

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

Consolidated Schedule of Investments

December 31, 2013

(in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry(1)	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Members' Capital
<b>Funded Debt Investments Bermuda</b>							
Stratus Technologies Bermuda Holdings Ltd.(4)**							
Stratus Technologies Bermuda Ltd. / Stratus Technologies, Inc.							
Information Technology	First lien(2)(7)	12.00%	3/29/2015	\$ 6,497	\$ 6,335	\$ 6,529	0.95%
<b>Total Funded Debt Investments Bermuda</b>				<b>\$ 6,497</b>	<b>\$ 6,335</b>	<b>\$ 6,529</b>	<b>0.95%</b>
<b>Funded Debt Investments Cayman Islands</b>							
Pinnacle Holdco S.à r.l. / Pinnacle (US) Acquisition Co Limited**							
Software	Second lien(2)	10.50% (Base Rate + 9.25%)	7/30/2020	\$ 30,000	\$ 29,472	\$ 30,362	4.41%
<b>Total Funded Debt Investments Cayman Islands</b>				<b>\$ 30,000</b>	<b>\$ 29,472</b>	<b>\$ 30,362</b>	<b>4.41%</b>
<b>Funded Debt Investments United States</b>							
McGraw-Hill Global Education Holdings, LLC							
Education	First lien(2)	9.75%	4/1/2021	\$ 24,500	\$ 24,348	\$ 27,195	
	First lien(3)	9.00% (Base Rate + 7.75%)	3/22/2019	17,850	17,367	18,225	
				42,350	41,715	45,420	6.60%
Deltek, Inc.							
Software	Second lien(2)	10.00% (Base Rate + 8.75%)	10/10/2019	41,000	40,977	41,820	6.07%
Global Knowledge Training LLC							
Education	Second lien(2)	11.00% (Base Rate + 9.75%)	10/21/2018	41,450	41,070	41,450	6.02%
UniTek Global Services, Inc.							
Business Services	First lien(2)	15.00% (Base Rate + 9.50% + 4.00% PIK)*	4/15/2018	26,382	25,508	26,382	
	First lien(2)	15.00% (Base Rate + 9.50% + 4.00% PIK)*	4/15/2018	6,387	6,176	6,387	
	First lien(2)	15.00% (Base Rate + 9.50% + 4.00% PIK)*	4/15/2018	5,309	5,133	5,309	



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38,078 36,817 38,078 5.53%

Edmentum, Inc.(fka Plato, Inc.)

Education	First lien(3)	5.50% (Base Rate + 4.50%)	5/17/2018	6,433	6,240	6,465	
	Second lien(2)	11.25% (Base Rate + 9.75%)	5/17/2019	31,150	30,685	31,578	

37,583 36,925 38,043 5.52%

SRA International, Inc.

Federal Services	First lien(2)	6.50% (Base Rate + 5.25%)	7/20/2018	34,750	33,784	34,475	5.01%
Kronos Incorporated	Second lien(2)	9.75% (Base Rate + 8.50%)	4/30/2020	31,341	31,055	32,542	4.73%
Rocket Software, Inc.	Second lien(2)	10.25% (Base Rate + 8.75%)	2/8/2019	30,875	30,731	31,029	4.51%

Novell, Inc. (fka Attachmate Corporation, NetIQ Corporation)

Software	First lien(3)	7.25% (Base Rate + 5.75%)	11/22/2017	6,951	6,847	7,080	
	Second lien(2)	11.00% (Base Rate + 9.50%)	11/22/2018	23,353	22,780	22,876	

30,304 29,627 29,956 4.35%

JHCI Acquisition, Inc.

Distribution & Logistics	First lien(3)	7.00% (Base Rate + 5.75%)	7/11/2019	19,536	19,262	19,548	
	Second lien(3)	11.00% (Base Rate + 9.75%)	7/11/2020	10,000	9,705	9,898	

29,536 28,967 29,446 4.28%

CompassLearning, Inc.(12)

Education	First lien(2)	8.00% (Base Rate + 6.75%)	11/26/2018	30,000	29,261	29,250	4.25%
Transtar Holding Company	Second lien(2)	9.75% (Base Rate + 8.50%)	10/9/2019	28,300	27,842	27,168	3.95%

KeyPoint Government Solutions, Inc.

Federal Services	First lien(3)	7.25% (Base Rate + 6.00%)	11/13/2017	16,784	16,448	16,616	
	First lien(2)	7.25% (Base Rate + 6.00%)	11/13/2017	10,116	9,953	10,015	

26,900 26,401 26,631 3.87%

Meritas Schools Holdings, LLC

Education	First lien(3)	7.00% (Base Rate + 5.75%)	6/25/2019	\$ 19,950	\$ 19,763	\$ 20,087	
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	7.00% (Base Rate + 5.75%)	6/25/2019	5,920	5,865	5,961
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	25,870	25,628	26,048	3.78%
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Sierra Hamilton LLC / Sierra Hamilton Finance, Inc.

Energy	First lien(2)	12.25%	12/15/2018	25,000	25,000	25,000	3.63%
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## New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

## Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

December 31, 2013

(in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry(1)	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Members' Capital
Permian Tank & Manufacturing, Inc.							
Energy	First lien(2)	10.50%	1/15/2018	24,500	24,757	24,255	3.52%
Aderant North America, Inc.							
Software	Second lien(2)	10.00% (Base Rate + 8.75%)	6/20/2019	22,500	22,201	23,203	3.37%
YP Holdings LLC(8)							
YP LLC							
Media	First lien(2)	8.04% (Base Rate + 6.71%)	6/4/2018	22,400	21,892	22,722	3.30%
McGraw-Hill School Education Holdings, LLC							
Education	First lien(3)	6.25% (Base Rate + 5.00%)	12/18/2019	13,000	12,870	12,870	
	First lien(2)	6.25% (Base Rate + 5.00%)	12/18/2019	9,000	8,910	8,910	
				22,000	21,780	21,780	3.16%
Aspen Dental Management, Inc.							
Healthcare Services	First lien(3)	7.00% (Base Rate + 5.50%)	10/6/2016	21,077	20,820	20,813	3.02%
LM U.S. Member LLC (and LM U.S. Corp Acquisition Inc.)							
Business Services	Second lien(3)	9.50% (Base Rate + 8.25%)	10/26/2020	20,000	19,731	20,308	2.95%
Envision Acquisition Company, LLC							
Healthcare Services	Second lien(2)	9.75% (Base Rate + 8.75%)	11/4/2021	20,000	19,605	20,075	2.91%
ARSloane Acquisition, LLC							
Business Services	First lien(3)	7.50% (Base Rate + 6.25%)	10/1/2019	19,950	19,754	19,992	2.90%
eResearchTechnology, Inc.							
Healthcare Services	First lien(3)	6.00% (Base Rate + 4.75%)	5/2/2018	19,750	19,047	19,874	2.89%
Distribution International, Inc.							
Distribution & Logistics	First lien(2)	7.50% (Base Rate + 6.50%)	7/16/2019	19,900	19,527	19,813	2.88%
First American Payment Systems, L.P.							
Business Services	Second lien(3)	10.75% (Base Rate + 9.50%)	4/12/2019	20,000	19,654	19,800	2.88%
Merrill Communications LLC							
Business Services	First lien(3)	7.25% (Base Rate + 6.25%)	3/8/2018	19,425	19,246	19,759	2.87%
Insight Pharmaceuticals LLC							
Healthcare Products	Second lien(3)	13.25% (Base Rate + 11.75%)	8/25/2017	19,310	18,766	19,021	2.76%
St. George's University Scholastic Services LLC							
Education	First lien(3)	8.50% (Base Rate + 7.00%)	12/20/2017	17,379	17,082	17,530	2.55%

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Sotera Defense Solutions, Inc. (Global Defense Technology & Systems, Inc.)

Federal Services Confie Seguros Holding II Co.	First lien(3)	7.50% (Base Rate + 6.00%)	4/21/2017	18,316	18,127	16,118	2.34%
Consumer Services OpenLink International, Inc.	Second lien(3)	10.25% (Base Rate + 9.00%)	5/8/2019	14,886	14,762	15,034	2.18%
Software Smile Brands Group Inc.	First lien(3)	7.75% (Base Rate + 6.25%)	10/30/2017	14,700	14,496	14,774	2.15%
Healthcare Services Brock Holdings III, Inc.	First lien(3)	7.50% (Base Rate + 6.25%)	8/16/2019	14,464	14,261	14,307	2.08%
Industrial Services Vision Solutions, Inc.	Second lien(2)	10.00% (Base Rate + 8.25%)	3/16/2018	14,000	13,858	14,263	2.07%
Software Packaging Coordinators, Inc.(10)	Second lien(2)	9.50% (Base Rate + 8.00%)	7/23/2017	14,000	13,957	14,140	2.05%
Healthcare Products Lonestar Intermediate Super Holdings, LLC	Second lien(2)	9.50% (Base Rate + 8.25%)	11/10/2020	14,000	13,868	14,088	2.05%
Business Services Van Wagner Communications, LLC	Subordinated(2)	11.00% (Base Rate + 9.50%)	9/2/2019	12,000	11,701	12,419	1.80%
Media Vertafore, Inc.	First lien(2)	6.25% (Base Rate + 5.00%)	8/3/2018	11,761	11,583	11,997	1.74%
Software TransFirst Holdings, Inc.	Second lien(2)	9.75% (Base Rate + 8.25%)	10/29/2017	10,000	9,937	10,198	1.48%
Business Services MailSouth, Inc.	Second lien(3)	11.00% (Base Rate + 9.75%)	6/27/2018	10,000	9,741	10,138	1.47%
Media Vitera Healthcare Solutions, LLC	First lien(3)	6.76% (Base Rate + 4.96%)	12/14/2016	9,410	9,333	9,269	1.35%
Software	First lien(3)	6.00% (Base Rate + 5.00%)	11/4/2020	\$ 2,000	\$ 1,980	\$ 2,000	
	Second lien(2)	9.25% (Base Rate + 8.25%)	11/4/2021	7,000	6,897	7,070	
				9,000	8,877	9,070	1.32%

Harley Marine Services, Inc.

Distribution & Logistics Consona Holdings, Inc.	Second lien(2)	10.50% (Base Rate + 9.25%)	12/20/2019	9,000	8,820	8,820	1.28%
Software Physio-Control International, Inc.	First lien(3)	7.25% (Base Rate + 6.00%)	8/6/2018	8,394	8,326	8,457	1.23%
Healthcare Products Virtual Radiologic Corporation	First lien(2)	9.88%	1/15/2019	6,651	6,651	7,482	1.09%
Healthcare Information Technology Alion Science and Technology Corporation	First lien(3)	7.25% (Base Rate + 5.50%)	12/22/2016	13,563	13,454	7,324	1.06%
Federal Services Immucor, Inc.	First lien(2)(7)	12.00% (10.00% + 2.00% PIK)*	11/1/2014	6,447	6,360	6,570	0.95%
Healthcare Services	Subordinated(2)(7)	11.13%	8/15/2019	5,000	4,950	5,650	0.82%

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New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

December 31, 2013

(in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry(1)	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Members' Capital
<b>Learning Care Group (US), Inc.</b>							
Education	Subordinated(2)	15.00% PIK*	5/8/2020	4,371	4,253	4,371	
	Subordinated(2)	15.00% PIK*	5/8/2020	800	746	800	
				5,171	4,999	5,171	0.75%
<b>Education Management LLC**</b>							
Education	First lien(3)	8.25% (Base Rate + 7.00%)	3/30/2018	5,003	4,888	5,028	0.73%
<b>GCA Services Group, Inc.</b>							
Business Services	Second lien(2)	9.25% (Base Rate + 8.00%)	11/1/2020	4,000	3,964	4,064	0.59%
<b>Sophia Holding Finance LP / Sophia Holding Finance Inc.</b>							
Software	Subordinated(2)	9.63%	12/1/2018	3,500	3,502	3,623	0.53%
<b>ATI Acquisition Company (fka Ability Acquisition, Inc.)(11)</b>							
Education	First lien(2)	17.25% (Base Rate + 10.00% + 4.00% PIK)(5)*	6/30/2012 Past Due	1,665	1,434	233	
	First lien(2)	17.25% (Base Rate + 10.00% + 4.00% PIK)(5)*	6/30/2012 Past Due	103	94	103	
				1,768	1,528	336	0.05%
<b>Total Funded Debt Investments United States</b>				<b>\$ 1,016,562</b>	<b>\$ 1,001,605</b>	<b>\$ 1,013,641</b>	<b>147.22%</b>
<b>Total Funded Debt Investments</b>				<b>\$ 1,053,059</b>	<b>\$ 1,037,412</b>	<b>\$ 1,050,532</b>	<b>152.58%</b>
<b>Equity Bermuda</b>							
<b>Stratus Technologies Bermuda Holdings Ltd.(4)**</b>							
Information Technology	Ordinary shares(2)			156,247	\$ 65	\$ 46	
	Preferred shares(2)			35,558	15	10	
					80	56	0.01%

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**Total Shares Bermuda** \$ 80 \$ 56 0.01%

**Equity United States**

Crowley Holdings Preferred, LLC						
Distribution & Logistics	Preferred shares(2)	12.00% (10.00% + 2.00% PIK)*	35,000	\$ 35,000	\$ 35,000	5.08%
Black Elk Energy Offshore Operations, LLC						
Energy	Preferred shares(2)	17.00%	20,000,000	20,000	20,000	2.91%
Global Knowledge Training LLC						
Education	Ordinary shares(2)		2		3	
	Preferred shares(2)		2,423		3,006	
					3,009	0.44%

Packaging Coordinators, Inc.(10)						
Packaging Coordinators Holdings, LLC						
Healthcare Products	Ordinary shares(2)		19,427	1,000	1,181	0.17%
Ancora Acquisition LLC(11)						
Education	Preferred shares(2)		372	\$ 83	\$ 83	0.01%

**Total Shares United States** \$ 56,083 \$ 59,273 8.61%

**Total Shares** \$ 56,163 \$ 59,329 8.62%

**Warrants United States**

Learning Care Group (US), Inc.						
Education	Warrants(2)		844	\$ 194	\$ 503	
	Warrants(2)		3,589	61	2,136	
					255	2,639 0.38%

YP Holdings LLC(8)						
YP Equity Investors LLC						
Media	Warrants(2)		5		1,944	0.28%
UniTek Global Services, Inc.						
Business Services	Warrants(2)		1,014,451(6)	1,449	1,694	0.25%
Storapod Holding Company, Inc.						
Consumer Services	Warrants(2)		360,129	156	594	0.09%
Alion Science and Technology Corporation						
Federal Services	Warrants(2)		6,000	293	94	0.01%

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New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

December 31, 2013

(in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry(1)	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Members' Capital
Ancora Acquisition LLC(11)							
Education	Warrants(2)			20			%
<b>Total Warrants United States</b>					<b>\$ 2,153</b>	<b>\$ 6,965</b>	<b>1.01%</b>
<b>Total Funded Investments</b>					<b>\$ 1,095,728</b>	<b>\$ 1,116,826</b>	<b>162.21%</b>
<b>Unfunded Debt Investments United States</b>							
Aspen Dental Management, Inc.							
Healthcare Services	First lien(2)(9)	Undrawn	4/6/2016	\$ 5,000	\$ (388)	\$ (388)	(0.06)%
Advantage Sales & Marketing Inc.							
Business Services	First lien(2)(9)	Undrawn	12/17/2015	10,500	(1,260)	(787)	(0.11)%
<b>Total Unfunded Debt Investments</b>					<b>\$ 15,500</b>	<b>\$ (1,648)</b>	<b>(0.17)%</b>
<b>Total Investments</b>					<b>\$ 1,094,080</b>	<b>\$ 1,115,651</b>	<b>162.04%</b>

- 
- (1) New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. (the "Operating Company") generally acquires its investments in private transactions exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). These investments are generally subject to certain limitations on resale, and may be deemed to be "restricted securities" under the Securities Act.
- (2) Investment is pledged as collateral for the Holdings Credit Facility, a revolving credit facility among the Operating Company as the Borrower and Collateral Administrator, Wells Fargo Securities, L.L.C. as the Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as the Collateral Custodian. See Note 7, *Borrowing Facilities*, for details.
- (3) Investment is pledged as collateral for the SLF Credit Facility, a revolving credit facility among New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C. as the Borrower, the Operating Company as the Collateral Administrator, Wells Fargo Securities, L.L.C. as the Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as the Collateral Custodian. See Note 7, *Borrowing Facilities*, for details.
- (4)

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The Operating Company holds investments in two related entities of Stratus Technologies Bermuda Holdings, Ltd. ("Stratus Holdings"). The Operating Company directly holds ordinary and preferred equity in Stratus Holdings and has a credit investment in the joint issuers of Stratus Technologies Bermuda Ltd. ("Stratus Bermuda") and Stratus Technologies, Inc. ("Stratus U.S."), collectively, the "Stratus Notes". Stratus U.S. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Stratus Bermuda, which in turn is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Stratus Holdings. Stratus Holdings is the parent guarantor of the credit investment of the Stratus Notes.

- (5) Investment is on non-accrual status.
- (6) The Operating Company holds 1,014,451 warrants in UniTek Global Services, Inc., which represents a 4.46% equity ownership on a fully diluted basis.
- (7) Securities are registered under the Securities Act.
- (8) The Operating Company holds investments in two related entities of YP Holdings LLC. The Operating Company directly holds warrants to purchase a 4.96% membership interest of YP Equity Investors, LLC (which at closing represented an indirect 1.0% equity interest in YP Holdings LLC) and holds an investment in the Term Loan B loans issued by YP LLC, a subsidiary of YP Holdings LLC.
- (9) Par Value amounts represent the drawn or undrawn (as indicated in type of investment) portion of revolving credit facilities. Cost amounts represent the cash received at settlement date net the impact of paydowns and cash paid for drawn revolvers.
- (10) The Operating Company holds investments in Packaging Coordinators, Inc. and one related entity of Packaging Coordinators, Inc. The Operating Company has a credit investment in Packaging Coordinators, Inc. and holds ordinary equity in Packaging Coordinators Holdings, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Packaging Coordinators, Inc.
- (11) The Operating Company holds investments in ATI Acquisition Company and Ancora Acquisition LLC. The Operating Company has credit investments in ATI Acquisition Company and preferred equity and warrants to purchase units of common membership interests of Ancora Acquisition LLC. The Operating Company received its investments in Ancora Acquisition LLC as a result of its investments in ATI Acquisition Company.
- (12) The Operating Company holds an investment in CompassLearning, Inc. that is structured as a first lien last out term loan.
- \*
- All or a portion of interest contains payments-in-kind ("PIK").
- \*\*
- Indicates assets that the Operating Company deems to be "non-qualifying assets" under Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70.00% of the Operating Company's total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets.

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

Consolidated Schedule of Investments

December 31, 2013

Investment Type	December 31, 2013 Percent of Total Investments at Fair Value
First lien	49.62%
Second lien	42.03%
Subordinated	2.41%
Equity and other	5.94%
<b>Total investments</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

Industry Type	December 31, 2013 Percent of Total Investments at Fair Value
Software	22.33%
Education	21.13%
Business Services	13.04%
Distribution & Logistics	10.78%
Federal Services	7.52%
Healthcare Services	7.20%
Energy	6.21%
Media	4.12%
Healthcare Products	3.74%
Consumer Services	1.40%
Industrial Services	1.28%
Healthcare Information Technology	0.66%
Information Technology	0.59%
<b>Total investments</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

Interest Rate Type	December 31, 2013 Percent of Total Investments at Fair Value
Floating rates	85.08%
Fixed rates	14.92%

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Total investments	100.00%
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The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

Consolidated Schedule of Investments

December 31, 2012

(in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry(1)	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Members' Capital
<b>Funded Debt Investments Bermuda</b>							
Stratus Technologies Bermuda Holdings Ltd.(4)**							
Stratus Technologies Bermuda Ltd. / Stratus Technologies, Inc.							
Information Technology	First lien(2)(7)	12.00%	3/29/2015	\$ 6,664	\$ 6,396	\$ 6,631	1.16%
<b>Total Funded Debt Investments Bermuda</b>				<b>\$ 6,664</b>	<b>\$ 6,396</b>	<b>\$ 6,631</b>	<b>1.16%</b>
<b>Funded Debt Investments Cayman Islands</b>							
Pinnacle Holdco S.à r.l. / Pinnacle (US) Acquisition Co Limited**							
Software	First lien(3)	6.50% (Base Rate + 5.25%)	7/30/2019	\$ 2,992	\$ 2,971	\$ 2,999	
	Second lien(2)	10.50% (Base Rate + 9.25%)	7/30/2020	30,000	29,420	30,488	
				32,992	32,391	33,487	5.88%
<b>Total Funded Debt Investments Cayman Islands</b>				<b>\$ 32,992</b>	<b>\$ 32,391</b>	<b>\$ 33,487</b>	<b>5.88%</b>
<b>Funded Debt Investments United Kingdom</b>							
Magic Newco, LLC**							
Software	First lien(3)	7.25% (Base Rate + 6.00%)	12/12/2018	\$ 14,963	\$ 14,543	\$ 15,105	2.65%
<b>Total Funded Debt Investments United Kingdom</b>				<b>\$ 14,963</b>	<b>\$ 14,543</b>	<b>\$ 15,105</b>	<b>2.65%</b>
<b>Funded Debt Investments United States</b>							
Edmentum, Inc.(fka Plato, Inc.)							
Education	First lien(3)	7.50% (Base Rate + 6.00%)	5/17/2018	\$ 11,700	\$ 11,378	\$ 11,744	
	Second lien(2)	11.25% (Base Rate + 9.75%)	5/17/2019	29,150	28,604	28,567	
				40,850	39,982	40,311	7.07%

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Novell, Inc. (fka Attachmate Corporation, NetIQ Corporation)							
Software	First lien(3)	7.25% (Base Rate + 5.75%)	11/22/2017	7,700	7,560	7,785	
	Second lien(2)	11.00% (Base Rate + 9.50%)	11/22/2018	24,000	23,326	23,560	
				31,700	30,886	31,345	5.50%
Rocket Software, Inc.							
Software	Second lien(2)	10.25% (Base Rate + 8.75%)	2/8/2019	30,875	30,711	30,933	5.43%
Pharmaceutical Research Associates, Inc.							
Healthcare Services	Second lien(2)	10.50% (Base Rate + 9.25%)	6/10/2019	30,000	29,402	30,319	5.32%
UniTek Global Services, Inc.							
Business Services	First lien(2)	9.00% (Base Rate + 7.50%)	4/16/2018	19,650	19,202	19,331	
	First lien(2)	9.00% (Base Rate + 7.50%)	4/16/2018	5,970	5,798	5,873	
	First lien(2)	9.00% (Base Rate + 7.50%)	4/16/2018	4,963	4,781	4,882	
				30,583	29,781	30,086	5.28%
KeyPoint Government Solutions, Inc.							
Federal Services	First lien(3)	7.25% (Base Rate + 6.00%)	11/13/2017	20,000	19,608	19,900	
	First lien(2)	7.25% (Base Rate + 6.00%)	11/13/2017	10,000	9,703	9,950	
				30,000	29,311	29,850	5.24%
Global Knowledge Training LLC							
Education	First lien(3)	6.50% (Base Rate + 4.99%)	4/21/2017	4,776	4,718	4,705	
	First lien(3)	7.25% (Base Rate + 4.00%)	4/21/2017	1,174	1,159	1,156	
	Second lien(2)	11.50% (Base Rate + 9.75%)	10/21/2018	24,250	23,814	23,755	
				30,200	29,691	29,616	5.20%
Managed Health Care Associates, Inc.							
Healthcare Services	First lien(2)	3.47% (Base Rate + 3.25%)	8/1/2014	14,756	13,240	14,276	
	Second lien(2)	6.72% (Base Rate + 6.50%)	2/1/2015	15,000	12,790	14,475	
				29,756	26,030	28,751	5.05%
Transtar Holding Company							

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Distribution & Logistics(10) Meritas Schools Holdings, LLC	Second lien(2)	9.75% (Base Rate + 8.50%)	10/9/2019	28,300	27,787	28,654	5.03%
Education	First lien(3)	7.50% (Base Rate + 6.00%)	7/29/2017	8,150	8,084	8,171	
	Second lien(2)	11.50% (Base Rate + 10.00%)	1/29/2018	20,000	19,747	20,000	
				28,150	27,831	28,171	4.94%
<b>Kronos Incorporated</b>							
Software St. George's University Scholastic Services LLC	Second lien(2)	9.75% (Base Rate + 8.50%)	4/30/2020	\$ 25,000	\$ 24,753	\$ 25,125	4.41%
Education	First lien(2)	8.50% (Base Rate + 7.00%) F-80	12/20/2017	25,000	24,501	24,500	4.30%

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New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry(1)	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Members' Capital
<b>SRA International, Inc.</b>							
Federal Services	First lien(3)	6.50% (Base Rate + 5.25%)	7/20/2018	20,436	19,741	19,542	
	First lien(2)	6.50% (Base Rate + 5.25%)	7/20/2018	4,315	4,225	4,126	
				24,751	23,966	23,668	4.15%
<b>Aderant North America, Inc.</b>							
Software	Second lien(2)	11.00% (Base Rate + 7.75%)	6/20/2019	22,500	22,163	23,062	4.05%
LM U.S. Member LLC (and LM U.S. Corp Acquisition Inc.)							
Business Services	Second lien(2)	9.50% (Base Rate + 8.25%)	10/26/2020	20,000	19,704	20,150	3.54%
Learning Care Group (US), Inc.							
Education	First lien(2)	12.00%	4/27/2016	17,369	17,174	16,696	
	Subordinated(2)	15.00% PIK*	6/30/2016	3,782	3,639	3,434	
				21,151	20,813	20,130	3.53%
<b>Six3 Systems, Inc.</b>							
Federal Services	First lien(2)	7.00% (Base Rate + 5.75%)	10/4/2019	20,000	19,805	20,025	3.51%
First American Payment Systems, L.P.							
Business Services	Second lien(2)	10.75% (Base Rate + 9.50%)	4/12/2019	20,000	19,609	19,900	3.49%
eResearchTechnology, Inc.							
Healthcare Services	First lien(3)	8.00% (Base Rate + 6.50%)	5/2/2018	19,950	19,202	19,850	3.48%
Insight Pharmaceuticals LLC							
Healthcare Products	Second lien(2)	13.25% (Base Rate + 11.75%)	8/25/2017	19,310	18,659	19,503	3.42%
Transplace Texas, L.P.							
Distribution & Logistics(10)	Second lien(2)	11.00% (Base Rate + 9.00%)	4/12/2017	20,000	19,586	19,500	3.42%
PODS, Inc.(6)							
Consumer Services							
PODS Funding Corp. II	First lien(3)	7.25% (Base Rate + 6.00%)	11/29/2016	14,007	13,668	13,972	
Storapod Holding Company, Inc.	Subordinated(2)	21.00% PIK*	11/29/2017	5,296	5,156	5,113	
				19,303	18,824	19,085	3.35%

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Smile Brands Group Inc.

Healthcare Services Ascensus, Inc.	First lien(3)	7.00% (Base Rate + 5.25%)	12/21/2017	19,859	19,598	18,767	3.29%
Business Services	First lien(2)	8.00% (Base Rate + 6.75%)	12/21/2018	8,500	8,330	8,330	
	First lien(3)	8.00% (Base Rate + 6.75%)	12/21/2018	8,500	8,330	8,330	
				17,000	16,660	16,660	2.92%

Sotera Defense Solutions, Inc. (Global Defense  
Technology & Systems, Inc.)

Federal Services	First lien(3)	7.50% (Base Rate + 6.00%)	4/21/2017	15,758	15,644	15,600	2.74%
IG Investments Holdings, LLC							
Business Services	Second lien(2)	10.25% (Base Rate + 9.00%)	10/31/2020	15,000	14,852	14,925	2.62%
OpenLink International, Inc.							
Software	First lien(3)	7.75% (Base Rate + 6.25%)	10/30/2017	14,850	14,600	14,850	2.61%
Landslide Holdings, Inc. (Crimson Acquisition Corp.)							
Software	First lien(3)	7.00% (Base Rate + 5.75%)	6/19/2018	14,625	14,353	14,671	2.57%
KPLT Holdings, Inc. (Centerplate, Inc., et al.)							
Consumer Services	Subordinated(2)	11.75% (10.25% + 1.50% PIK)*	4/16/2019	14,637	14,351	14,344	2.52%
Sabre Inc.							
Software	First lien(3)	7.25% (Base Rate + 6.00%)	12/29/2017	13,965	13,918	14,186	2.49%
Brock Holdings III, Inc.							
Industrial Services	Second lien(2)	10.00% (Base Rate + 8.25%)	3/16/2018	14,000	13,825	14,105	2.48%
Triple Point Technology, Inc.							
Software	First lien(3)	6.25% (Base Rate + 5.00%)	10/27/2017	12,968	12,549	13,021	2.28%
Lonestar Intermediate Super Holdings, LLC							
Business Services	Subordinated(2)	11.00% (Base Rate + 9.50%)	9/2/2019	12,000	11,666	12,765	2.24%
Aspen Dental Management, Inc							
Healthcare Services	First lien(3)	7.00% (Base Rate + 5.50%)	10/6/2016	12,870	12,652	12,210	2.14%
Van Wagner Communications, LLC							
Media	First lien(2)	8.25% (Base Rate + 7.00%)	8/3/2018	12,000	11,772	12,160	2.13%
Supervalu Inc.**							
Retail	First lien(2)	8.00% (Base Rate + 6.75%)	8/30/2018	\$ 11,940	\$ 11,597	\$ 12,146	2.13%
Vision Solutions, Inc.							
Software	Second lien(2)	9.50% (Base Rate + 8.00%)	7/23/2017	12,000	11,913	11,700	2.05%
Merrill Communications LLC							
Business Services	First lien(2)	10.75% (Base Rate + 7.50%)	3/10/2013	11,422	11,421	11,279	1.98%
MailSouth, Inc.							
Media	First lien(3)	6.75% (Base Rate + 5.00%)	12/14/2016	11,136	11,018	11,025	1.94%
Immucor, Inc.							
Healthcare Services	First lien(3)	5.75% (Base Rate + 4.50%)	8/19/2018	4,938	4,772	5,006	
	Subordinated(2)(7)	11.13%	8/15/2019	5,000	4,943	5,650	

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New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry(1)	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Members' Capital
Virtual Radiologic Corporation							
Healthcare Information Technology Permian Tank & Manufacturing, Inc.	First lien(3)	7.75% (Base Rate + 4.50%)	12/22/2016	14,702	14,550	10,291	1.81%
Energy Vertafore, Inc.	First lien(3)	9.00% (Base Rate + 7.25%)	3/15/2017	10,072	9,852	10,072	1.77%
Software Merge Healthcare Inc.**	Second lien(2)	9.75% (Base Rate + 8.25%)	10/29/2017	10,000	9,924	10,050	1.76%
Healthcare Services TransFirst Holdings, Inc.	First lien(2)(7)	11.75%	5/1/2015	9,000	8,916	9,709	1.70%
Business Services Consona Holdings, Inc.	Second lien(2)	11.00% (Base Rate + 9.75%)	6/27/2018	10,000	9,700	9,700	1.70%
Software Confie Seguros Holding II Co.	First lien(3)	7.25% (Base Rate + 6.00%)	8/6/2018	8,479	8,398	8,511	1.49%
Consumer Services Physio-Control International, Inc.	Second lien(2)	10.25% (Base Rate + 9.00%)	5/8/2019	8,000	7,842	8,040	1.41%
Healthcare Products Surgery Center Holdings, Inc.	First lien(2)	9.88%	1/15/2019	7,000	7,000	7,717	1.35%
Healthcare Services Research Pharmaceutical Services, Inc.	First lien(3)	6.50% (Base Rate + 5.00%)	2/6/2017	6,834	6,809	6,800	1.19%
Healthcare Services Alion Science and Technology Corporation	First lien(3)	6.75% (Base Rate + 5.25%)	2/18/2017	7,125	7,046	6,662	1.17%
Federal Services GCA Services Group, Inc.	First lien(2)(7)	12.00% (10.00% + 2.00% PIK)*	11/1/2014	6,320	6,131	6,093	1.07%
Business Services Education Management LLC**	Second lien(2)	9.25% (Base Rate + 8.00%)	11/1/2020	5,000	4,951	4,900	0.86%
Education Brickman Group Holdings, Inc.	First lien(3)	8.25% (Base Rate + 7.00%)	3/30/2018	5,058	4,921	4,232	0.74%
Business Services Ozburn-Hessey Holding Company LLC	Subordinated(2)	9.13%	11/1/2018	3,650	3,342	3,842	0.68%
Distribution & Logistics(10) YP Holdings LLC(8) YP Intermediate Holdings Corp. / YP Intermediate Holdings II LLC	Second lien(2)	11.50% (Base Rate + 9.50%)	10/10/2016	4,000	3,947	3,680	0.65%
Media Mach Gen, LLC	Second lien(2)	15.00% (12.00% + 3.00% PIK)*	5/18/2017	3,559	3,326	3,586	0.63%
Power Generation ATI Acquisition Company (fka Ability Acquisition, Inc.)	Second lien(2)	7.82% PIK (Base Rate + 7.50%)*	2/22/2015	3,676	3,474	2,396	0.42%
Education	First lien(2)	12.25% (Base Rate + 5.00% + 4.00%)	12/30/2014	4,432	4,306		

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		PIK)(5)*							
		17.25% (Base							
		Rate + 10.00% + 4.00%	6/30/2012	Past					
	First lien(2)	PIK)(5)*		Due	1,665	1,517	649		
		17.25% (Base							
		Rate + 10.00% + 4.00%	6/30/2012	Past					
	First lien(2)	PIK)(5)*		Due	103	94	103		
					6,200	5,917	752	0.13%	
<b>Airvana Network Solutions Inc.</b>									
		10.00% (Base							
		Rate + 8.00%)	3/25/2015	\$	648	\$	640	\$	650
Software	First lien(2)								0.11%
<b>Total Funded Debt Investments United States</b>					<b>\$ 942,670</b>	<b>\$ 921,787</b>	<b>\$ 925,287</b>	<b>162.35%</b>	
<b>Total Funded Debt Investments</b>					<b>\$ 997,289</b>	<b>\$ 975,117</b>	<b>\$ 980,510</b>	<b>172.04%</b>	
<b>Equity Bermuda</b>									
Stratus Technologies Bermuda Holdings Ltd.(4)**									
		Ordinary							
		shares(2)			144,270	\$	65	\$	65
Information Technology		Preferred							
		shares(2)			32,830		15		15
							80		80
									0.01%
<b>Total Shares Bermuda</b>					<b>\$</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>0.01%</b>

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New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry(1)	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Members' Capital
<b>Equity United States</b>							
Global Knowledge Training LLC							
Education	Ordinary shares(2)			2	\$ 2	\$ 2	
	Preferred shares(2)			2,423	1,195	2,423	
					1,197	2,425	0.43%
<b>Total Shares</b>	<b>United States</b>				<b>\$ 1,197</b>	<b>\$ 2,425</b>	<b>0.43%</b>
<b>Total Shares</b>					<b>\$ 1,277</b>	<b>\$ 2,505</b>	<b>0.44%</b>
<b>Warrants United States</b>							
YP Holdings LLC(8)							
YP Equity Investors LLC							
Media	Warrants(2)			5	\$ 466	\$ 7,230	1.27%
Alion Science and Technology Corporation							
Federal Services	Warrants(2)			6,000	293	192	0.03%
PODS, Inc.(6)							
Storapod Holding Company, Inc.							
Consumer Services	Warrants(2)			360,129	156	156	0.03%
Learning Care Group (US), Inc.							
Education	Warrants(2)			844	194	14	0.00%
<b>Total Warrants</b>	<b>United States</b>				<b>\$ 1,109</b>	<b>\$ 7,592</b>	<b>1.33%</b>
<b>Total Funded Investments</b>					<b>\$ 977,503</b>	<b>\$ 990,607</b>	<b>173.81%</b>
<b>Unfunded Debt Investments United States</b>							
Advantage Sales & Marketing Inc.							
Business Services	First lien(2)(9)	Undrawn	12/17/2015	\$ 10,500	\$ (1,260)	\$ (787)	(0.14)%
<b>Total Unfunded Debt Investments</b>				<b>\$ 10,500</b>	<b>\$ (1,260)</b>	<b>\$ (787)</b>	<b>(0.14)%</b>
<b>Total Investments</b>					<b>\$ 976,243</b>	<b>\$ 989,820</b>	<b>173.67%</b>

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- (1) New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. (the "Operating Company") generally acquires its investments in private transactions exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). These investments are generally subject to certain limitations on resale, and may be deemed to be "restricted securities" under the Securities Act.
- (2) The Holdings Credit Facility is collateralized by the indicated investments.
- (3) The SLF Credit Facility is collateralized by the indicated investments.
- (4) The Operating Company holds investments in two related entities of Stratus Technologies Bermuda Holdings, Ltd. ("Stratus Holdings"). The Operating Company directly holds ordinary and preferred equity in Stratus Holdings and has a credit investment in the joint issuers of Stratus Technologies Bermuda Ltd. ("Stratus Bermuda") and Stratus Technologies, Inc. ("Stratus U.S."), collectively, the "Stratus Notes". Stratus U.S. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Stratus Bermuda, which in turn is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Stratus Holdings. Stratus Holdings is the parent guarantor of the credit investment of the Stratus Notes.
- (5) Investment is on non-accrual status.
- (6) The Operating Company holds investments in two related entities of PODS, Inc. The Operating Company directly holds warrants in Storapod Holding Company, Inc. ("Storapod") and has a credit investment in Storapod through Storapod WCF II Limited ("Storapod WCF II"). Storapod WCF II is a special purpose entity used to enter into a Shari'ah-compliant financing arrangement with Storapod. Additionally, the Operating Company has a credit investment in PODS Funding Corp. II ("PODS II"). PODS, Inc. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of PODS Holding, Inc., which in turn is a majority-owned subsidiary of Storapod. PODS II is a special purpose entity used to enter into a Shari'ah-compliant financing arrangement with PODS, Inc. and its subsidiary, PODS Enterprises, Inc.
- (7) Securities are registered under the Securities Act.
- (8) The Operating Company holds investments in two related entities of YP Holdings LLC. The Operating Company directly holds warrants to purchase a 4.96% membership interest of YP Equity Investors, LLC (which at closing represented an indirect 1.0% equity interest in YP Holdings LLC) and holds an investment in the Term Loan B loans issued by YP Intermediate Holdings Corp. and YP Intermediate Holdings II LLC (together "YP Intermediate"), a subsidiary of YP Holdings LLC.
- (9) Par Value amounts represent the drawn or undrawn (as indicated in type of investment) portion of revolving credit facilities. Cost amounts represent the cash received at settlement date net the impact of paydowns and cash paid for drawn revolvers.
- (10) Industries were disclosed separately in previously issued financial statements.
- \*
- All or a portion of interest contains payments-in-kind ("PIK").
- \*\*
- Indicates assets that the Operating Company deems to be "non-qualifying assets" under Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70.00% of the Operating Company's total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets.

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.

Consolidated Schedule of Investments

December 31, 2012

Investment Type	December 31, 2012 Percent of Total Investments at Fair Value
First lien	49.86%
Second lien	44.56%
Subordinated	4.56%
Equity and other	1.02%
<b>Total investments</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

Industry Type	December 31, 2012 Percent of Total Investments at Fair Value
Software	24.92%
Education	15.17%
Healthcare Services	14.52%
Business Services	14.49%
Federal Services	9.64%
Distribution & Logistics(1)	5.23%
Consumer Services	4.21%
Media	3.44%
Healthcare Products	2.75%
Industrial Services	1.42%
Retail	1.23%
Healthcare Information Technology	1.04%
Energy	1.02%
Information Technology	0.68%
Power Generation	0.24%
<b>Total investments</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

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(1) Industries were disclosed separately in previously issued financial statements.

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The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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## New Mountain Finance Corporation

## Statements of Assets and Liabilities

(in thousands, except shares and per share data)

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
<b>Assets</b>		
Investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., at fair value (cost of \$633,835 and \$335,730, respectively)	\$ 650,107	\$ 341,926
Distribution receivable from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.		3,405
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 650,107</b>	<b>\$ 345,331</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Dividends payable		3,405
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>3,405</b>
<b>Net assets</b>		
Preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 2,000,000 shares authorized, none issued		
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share 100,000,000 shares authorized, and 45,224,755 and 24,326,251 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	452	243
Paid in capital in excess of par	633,383	335,487
Accumulated undistributed net realized gains	5,056	952
Net unrealized appreciation	11,216	5,244
<b>Total net assets</b>	<b>\$ 650,107</b>	<b>\$ 341,926</b>
<b>Total liabilities and net assets</b>	<b>\$ 650,107</b>	<b>\$ 345,331</b>
Number of shares outstanding	45,224,755	24,326,251
<b>Net asset value per share</b>	<b>\$ 14.38</b>	<b>\$ 14.06</b>

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## New Mountain Finance Corporation

## Statements of Operations

(in thousands, except shares and per share data)

	Years ended December 31,		From May 19, 2011
	2013	2012	(commencement of operations) to December 31, 2011
<b>Net investment income allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.</b>			
Interest income	\$ 84,925	\$ 36,439	\$ 13,437
Dividend income	3,567	455	
Other income	2,384	617	232
Total expenses	(40,355)	(17,719)	(5,324)
<b>Net investment income allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.</b>	50,521	19,792	8,345
<b>Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.</b>			
Net realized gains on investment	5,427	7,593	1,141
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments	6,016	4,494	(5,376)
<b>Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.</b>	11,443	12,087	(4,235)
<b>Total net increase in net assets resulting from operations allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.</b>	61,964	31,879	4,110
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	(44)	(95)	6,221
<b>Net increase in net assets resulting from operations</b>	\$ 61,920	\$ 31,784	\$ 10,331
Basic earnings per share	\$ 1.76	\$ 2.14	\$ 0.97
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding basic (See Note 12)	35,092,722	14,860,838	10,697,691
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 1.79	\$ 2.18	\$ 0.38
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding diluted (See Note 12)	44,021,920	34,011,738	30,919,629

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



## New Mountain Finance Corporation

## Statements of Changes in Net Assets

(in thousands)

	Years ended December 31,		From May 19, 2011 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2011
	2013	2012	
<b>Increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations:</b>			
Net investment income allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	\$ 50,521	\$ 19,792	\$ 8,345
Net realized gains on investments allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	5,427	7,593	1,141
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	6,016	4,494	(5,376)
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	(44)	(95)	6,221
<b>Net increase in net assets resulting from operations</b>	<b>61,920</b>	<b>31,784</b>	<b>10,331</b>
<b>Capital transactions</b>			
Net proceeds from shares sold	100,040	133,428	129,865
Deferred offering costs allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	(281)	(323)	(3,998)
Value of shares issued for exchanged units	193,262	56,314	18,489
Dividends declared	(51,844)	(26,719)	(9,200)
Reinvestment of dividends	5,084	1,955	
<b>Total net increase in net assets resulting from capital transactions</b>	<b>246,261</b>	<b>164,655</b>	<b>135,156</b>
<b>Net increase in net assets</b>	<b>308,181</b>	<b>196,439</b>	<b>145,487</b>
<b>Net assets at the beginning of the period</b>	<b>341,926</b>	<b>145,487</b>	
<b>Net assets at the end of the period</b>	<b>650,107</b>	<b>\$ 341,926</b>	<b>\$ 145,487</b>

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## New Mountain Finance Corporation

## Statements of Cash Flows

(in thousands)

	Years ended December 31,		From
	2013	2012	May 19, 2011 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2011
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>			
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 61,920	\$ 31,784	\$ 10,331
Adjustments to reconcile net (increase) decrease in net assets resulting from operations to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:			
Net investment income allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	(50,521)	(19,792)	(8,345)
Net realized and unrealized (gains) losses allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	(11,443)	(12,087)	4,235
Net change in unrealized depreciation (appreciation) in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	44	95	(6,221)
<b>(Increase) decrease in operating assets:</b>			
Purchase of investment	(100,040)	(133,428)	(129,865)
Distributions from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	50,165	23,314	9,200
<b>Net cash flows used in by operating activities</b>	<b>(49,875)</b>	<b>(110,114)</b>	<b>(120,665)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>			
Net proceeds from shares sold	100,040	133,428	129,865
Dividends declared	(50,165)	(23,314)	(9,200)
<b>Net cash flows provided by financing activities</b>	<b>49,875</b>	<b>110,114</b>	<b>120,665</b>
<b>Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>			
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period</b>			
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<b>Non-cash operating activities:</b>			
Distribution receivable from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	\$	\$ 3,405	\$
<b>Non-cash financing activities:</b>			
Dividends declared and payable	\$	\$ (3,405)	\$
New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. exchange of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. units for shares			18,489
New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation exchange of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. units for shares	193,262	56,314	
Value of shares issued in connection with dividend reinvestment plan	5,084	1,955	
Deferred offering costs allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	(281)	(323)	(3,998)

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The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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## New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation

## Statements of Assets and Liabilities

(in thousands, except shares)

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
<b>Assets</b>		
Investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., at fair value (cost of \$61,993 and \$244,015, respectively)	\$ 38,409	\$ 228,013
Distributions receivable from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.		7,786
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 38,409</b>	<b>\$ 235,799</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Dividends payable		7,786
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>7,786</b>
<b>Net assets</b>		
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share 100 shares issued and outstanding		(1) (1)
Paid in capital in excess of par	61,993	244,015
Distributions in excess of net realized gains	(26,812)	(6,676)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	3,228	(9,326)
<b>Total net assets</b>	<b>38,409</b>	<b>228,013</b>
<b>Total liabilities and net assets</b>	<b>\$ 38,409</b>	<b>\$ 235,799</b>

(1) As of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the par value of the total common stock was \$1.

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation

## Statements of Operations

(in thousands)

	Years ended December 31,		From May 19, 2011 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2011
	2013	2012	
<b>Net investment income allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.</b>			
Interest income	\$ 22,102	\$ 47,207	\$ 25,399
Dividend income	1,482	357	
Other income	452	712	439
Total expenses	(10,881)	(22,850)	(10,063)
<b>Net investment income allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.</b>	13,155	25,426	15,775
<b>Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.</b>			
Net realized gains on investments	1,826	11,259	2,158
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments	1,978	5,433	(10,163)
<b>Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.</b>	3,804	16,692	(8,005)
<b>Total net increase in net assets resulting from operations allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.</b>	16,959	42,118	7,770
Net realized (losses) gains on investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	(14,925)	381	
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	10,576	1,616	(6,212)
<b>Net increase in net assets resulting from operations</b>	\$ 12,610	\$ 44,115	\$ 1,558

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation

## Statements of Changes in Net Assets

(in thousands)

	Years ended December 31,		From May 19, 2011 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2011
	2013	2012	
<b>Increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations:</b>			
Net investment income allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	\$ 13,155	\$ 25,426	\$ 15,775
Net realized gains on investments allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	1,826	11,259	2,158
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	1,978	5,433	(10,163)
Net realized (losses) gains on investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	(14,925)	381	
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	10,576	1,616	(6,212)
<b>Net increase in net assets resulting from operations</b>	<b>12,610</b>	<b>44,115</b>	<b>1,558</b>
<b>Capital transactions</b>			
Distribution to New Mountain Guardian AIV, L.P.	(188,868)	(58,216)	
Deferred offering costs allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	(50)	(241)	(7,559)
Contributions from exchanged shares			298,407
Dividends declared	(13,296)	(32,660)	(17,391)
<b>Total net (decrease) increase in net assets resulting from capital transactions</b>	<b>(202,214)</b>	<b>(91,117)</b>	<b>273,457</b>
<b>Net (decrease) increase in net assets</b>	<b>(189,604)</b>	<b>(47,002)</b>	<b>275,015</b>
<b>Net assets at the beginning of the period</b>	<b>228,013</b>	<b>275,015</b>	
<b>Net assets at the end of the period</b>	<b>\$ 38,409</b>	<b>\$ 228,013</b>	<b>\$ 275,015</b>

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation

## Statements of Cash Flows

(in thousands)

	Years ended December 31,		From May 19, 2011 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2011
	2013	2012	
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>			
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 12,610	\$ 44,115	\$ 1,558
Adjustments to reconcile net (increase) decrease in net assets resulting from operations to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:			
Net investment income allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	(13,155)	(25,426)	(15,775)
Net realized and unrealized (gains) losses allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	(3,804)	(16,692)	8,005
Net realized losses (gains) on investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	14,925	(381)	
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	(10,576)	(1,616)	6,212
<b>(Increase) decrease in operating assets:</b>			
Distributions from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	21,082	24,874	17,391
<b>Net cash flows provided by operating activities</b>	<b>21,082</b>	<b>24,874</b>	<b>17,391</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>			
Net proceeds from shares sold	188,868	58,216	
Distribution to New Mountain Guardian AIV, L.P.	(188,868)	(58,216)	
Dividends declared	(21,082)	(24,874)	(17,391)
<b>Net cash flows used in financing activities</b>	<b>(21,082)</b>	<b>(24,874)</b>	<b>(17,391)</b>
<b>Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>			
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period</b>			
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<b>Non-cash operating activities:</b>			
Distribution receivable from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	\$	\$ 7,786	\$
<b>Non-cash financing activities:</b>			
Dividends declared and payable	\$	\$ (7,786)	\$
New Mountain Guardian AIV, L.P. contribution of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. units for shares of New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings, L.L.C.			298,407
Deferred offering costs allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	(50)	(241)	(7,559)

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these financial statements.





**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements of  
New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.,  
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of New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation**

**December 31, 2013**

**(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)**

The information in these combined Notes to the financial statements relates to each of the three separate registrants: New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., New Mountain Finance Corporation and New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation (collectively, the "Companies"). Information that relates to an individual registrant will be specifically referenced by the respective company. None of the Companies makes any representation as to the information related solely to the other registrants other than itself.

**Note 1. Formation and Business Purpose**

New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. (the "Operating Company" or the "Master Fund") is a Delaware limited liability company. The Operating Company is externally managed and has elected to be treated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As such, the Operating Company is obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. The Operating Company intends to be treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes for so long as it has at least two members.

The Operating Company is externally managed by New Mountain Finance Advisers BDC, L.L.C. (the "Investment Adviser"). New Mountain Finance Administration, L.L.C. (the "Administrator") provides the administrative services necessary for operations. The Investment Adviser and Administrator are wholly-owned subsidiaries of New Mountain Capital (defined as New Mountain Capital Group, L.L.C. and its affiliates). New Mountain Capital is a firm with a track record of investing in the middle market and with assets under management (which includes amounts committed, not all of which have been drawn down and invested to date) totaling more than \$12.0 billion as of December 31, 2013, which includes total assets held by the Operating Company. New Mountain Capital focuses on investing in defensive growth companies across its private equity, public equity, and credit investment vehicles. The Operating Company, formerly known as New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C., was originally formed as a subsidiary of New Mountain Guardian AIV, L.P. ("Guardian AIV") by New Mountain Capital in October 2008. Guardian AIV was formed through an allocation of approximately \$300.0 million of the \$5.1 billion of commitments supporting New Mountain Partners III, L.P., a private equity fund managed by New Mountain Capital. In February 2009, New Mountain Capital formed a co-investment vehicle, New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P., comprising \$20.4 million of commitments. New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C. and New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P., together with their respective direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries, are defined as the "Predecessor Entities".

New Mountain Finance Corporation ("NMFC") is a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010. NMFC is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be treated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. As such, NMFC is obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. NMFC has elected to be treated, and intends to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, (the "Code").

New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation ("AIV Holdings") is a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on March 11, 2011. Guardian AIV, a Delaware limited partnership, is

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**December 31, 2013**

**(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)**

**Note 1. Formation and Business Purpose (Continued)**

AIV Holdings' sole stockholder. AIV Holdings is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be treated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. As such, AIV Holdings is obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. AIV Holdings has elected to be treated, and intends to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under the Code.

On May 19, 2011, NMFC priced its initial public offering (the "IPO") of 7,272,727 shares of common stock at a public offering price of \$13.75 per share. Concurrently with the closing of the IPO and at the public offering price of \$13.75 per share, NMFC sold an additional 2,172,000 shares of its common stock to certain executives and employees of, and other individuals affiliated with, New Mountain Capital in a concurrent private placement (the "Concurrent Private Placement"). Additionally, 1,252,964 shares were issued to the partners of New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. at that time for their ownership interest in the Predecessor Entities. In connection with NMFC's IPO and through a series of transactions, the Operating Company owns all of the operations of the Predecessor Entities, including all of the assets and liabilities related to such operations.

NMFC and AIV Holdings are holding companies with no direct operations of their own, and their sole asset is their ownership in the Operating Company. NMFC and AIV Holdings each entered into a joinder agreement with respect to the Limited Liability Company Agreement, as amended and restated, of the Operating Company, pursuant to which NMFC and AIV Holdings were admitted as members of the Operating Company. NMFC acquired from the Operating Company, with the gross proceeds of the IPO and the Concurrent Private Placement, common membership units ("units") of the Operating Company (the number of units are equal to the number of shares of NMFC's common stock sold in the IPO and the Concurrent Private Placement). Additionally, NMFC received units of the Operating Company equal to the number of shares of common stock of NMFC issued to the partners of New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. Guardian AIV was the parent of the Operating Company prior to the IPO and, as a result of the transactions completed in connection with the IPO, obtained units in the Operating Company. Guardian AIV contributed its units in the Operating Company to its newly formed subsidiary, AIV Holdings, in exchange for common stock of AIV Holdings. AIV Holdings has the right to exchange all or any portion of its units in the Operating Company for shares of NMFC's common stock on a one-for-one basis at any time.

Since NMFC's IPO, and through December 31, 2013, NMFC raised approximately \$233,468 in net proceeds from additional offerings of common stock and issued shares of its common stock valued at approximately \$249,576 on behalf of AIV Holdings for exchanged units. NMFC acquired from the Operating Company units of the Operating Company equal to the number of shares of NMFC's common stock sold in the additional offerings. As of December 31, 2013, NMFC and AIV Holdings owned approximately 94.4% and 5.6%, respectively, of the units of the Operating Company.

The current structure was designed to generally prevent NMFC from being allocated taxable income with respect to unrecognized gains that existed at the time of the IPO in the Predecessor Entities' assets, and rather such amounts would be allocated generally to AIV Holdings. The result is that any distributions made to NMFC's stockholders that are attributable to such gains generally will not be treated as taxable dividends but rather as return of capital.

**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements of  
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**December 31, 2013**

**(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)**

**Note 1. Formation and Business Purpose (Continued)**

The diagram below depicts the Companies' organizational structure as of December 31, 2013.

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\*

Includes partners of New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P.

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\*\*  
These common membership units are exchangeable into shares of NMFC common stock on a one-for-one basis.

\*\*\*  
New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C. ("NMF SLF").

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**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements of  
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**(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)**

**Note 1. Formation and Business Purpose (Continued)**

The Operating Company's investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, Notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. In some cases, the Operating Company's investments may also include equity interests. The primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance.

**Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

**Basis of accounting** The Companies' financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The Operating Company consolidates its wholly-owned subsidiary, NMF SLF. NMFC and AIV Holdings do not consolidate the Operating Company. NMFC and AIV Holdings apply investment company master-feeder financial statement presentation, as described in Accounting Standards Codification 946, *Financial Services Investment Companies*, ("ASC 946") to their interest in the Operating Company. NMFC and AIV Holdings observe that it is industry practice to follow the presentation prescribed for a master fund-feeder fund structure in ASC 946 in instances in which a master fund is owned by more than one feeder fund and that such presentation provides stockholders of NMFC and AIV Holdings with a clearer depiction of their investment in the master fund.

The Companies' financial statements reflect all adjustments and reclassifications which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for the fair presentation of the results of operations and financial condition for all periods presented. All intercompany transactions have been eliminated. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses when incurred. The financial results of the Operating Company's portfolio investments are not consolidated in the financial statements. Prior to the IPO, an affiliate of the Predecessor Entities paid a majority of the management and incentive fees. Historical operating expenses do not reflect the allocation of certain professional fees, administrative and other expenses that have been incurred following the completion of the IPO. Accordingly, the Operating Company's historical operating expenses are not comparable to its operating expenses after the completion of the IPO.

The Companies' financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP and pursuant to the requirements for reporting on Form 10-K and Article 6 of Regulation S-X. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring accruals considered necessary for the fair presentation of financial statements have been included.

**Investments** The Operating Company applies fair value accounting in accordance with GAAP. Fair value is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Investments are reflected on the Operating Company's Consolidated Statements of Assets, Liabilities and Members' Capital at fair value, with changes in unrealized gains and losses resulting from changes in fair value reflected in the

**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements of  
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**December 31, 2013**

**(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)**

**Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

Operating Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations as "Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments" and realizations on portfolio investments reflected in the Operating Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations as "Net realized gains (losses) on investments".

The Operating Company values its assets on a quarterly basis, or more frequently if required under the 1940 Act. In all cases, the Operating Company's board of directors is ultimately and solely responsible for determining the fair value of the portfolio investments on a quarterly basis in good faith, including investments that are not publicly traded, those whose market prices are not readily available and any other situation where its portfolio investments require a fair value determination. Security transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. The Operating Company's quarterly valuation procedures are set forth in more detail below:

- (1) Investments for which market quotations are readily available on an exchange are valued at such market quotations based on the closing price indicated from independent pricing services.
- (2) Investments for which indicative prices are obtained from various pricing services and/or brokers or dealers are valued through a multi- step valuation process, as described below, to determine whether the quote(s) obtained is representative of fair value in accordance with GAAP.
  - a. Bond quotes are obtained through independent pricing services. Internal reviews are performed by the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser to ensure that the quote obtained is representative of fair value in accordance with GAAP and if so, the quote is used. If the Investment Adviser is unable to sufficiently validate the quote(s) internally and if the investment's par value or its fair value exceeds the materiality threshold, the investment is valued similarly to those assets with no readily available quotes (see (3) below); and
  - b. For investments other than bonds, the Operating Company looks at the number of quotes readily available and performs the following:
    - i. Investments for which two or more quotes are received from a pricing service are valued using the mean of the mean of the bid and ask of the quotes obtained.
    - ii. Investments for which one quote is received from a pricing service are validated internally. The investment professionals of the Investment Adviser analyze the market quotes obtained using an array of valuation methods (further described below) to validate the fair value. If the Investment Adviser is unable to sufficiently validate the quote internally and if the investment's par value or its fair value exceeds the materiality threshold, the investment is valued similarly to those assets with no readily available quotes (see (3) below).

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**(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)**

**Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

(3)

Investments for which quotations are not readily available through exchanges, pricing services, brokers, or dealers are valued through a multi- step valuation process:

- a. Each portfolio company or investment is initially valued by the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser responsible for the credit monitoring;
- b. Preliminary valuation conclusions will then be documented and discussed with the Operating Company's senior management;
- c. If an investment falls into (3) above for four consecutive quarters and if the investment's par value or its fair value exceeds the materiality threshold, then at least once each fiscal year, the valuation for each portfolio investment for which the Operating Company does not have a readily available market quotation will be reviewed by an independent valuation firm engaged by the Companies' board of directors; and
- d. When deemed appropriate by the Operating Company's management, an independent valuation firm may be engaged to review and value investment(s) of a portfolio company, without any preliminary valuation being performed by the Investment Adviser. The investment professionals of the Investment Adviser will review and validate the value provided.

For investments in revolving credit facilities and delayed draw commitments, the cost basis of the funded investments purchased is offset by any netbacks received for any unfunded portion on the total balance committed. The fair value is also adjusted for the price appreciation or depreciation on the unfunded portion. As a result, the purchase of commitments not completely funded may result in a negative fair value until it is called and funded.

The values assigned to investments are based upon available information and do not necessarily represent amounts which might ultimately be realized, since such amounts depend on future circumstances and cannot be reasonably determined until the individual positions are liquidated. Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of the Operating Company's investments may fluctuate from period to period and the fluctuations could be material.

NMFC and AIV Holdings are holding companies with no direct operations of their own, and their sole asset is their ownership in the Operating Company. NMFC's and AIV Holdings' investments in the Operating Company are carried at fair value and represent the respective pro-rata interest in the net assets of the Operating Company as of the applicable reporting date. NMFC and AIV Holdings value their ownership interest on a quarterly basis, or more frequently if required under the 1940 Act.

See Note 3, *Investments*, for further discussion relating to investments.

**Cash and cash equivalents** Cash and cash equivalents include cash and short-term, highly liquid investments. The Companies define cash equivalents as securities that are readily convertible into

**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements of  
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**(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)**

**Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

known amounts of cash and so near maturity that there is insignificant risk of changes in value. Generally, these securities have original maturities of three months or less.

***Revenue recognition***

The Operating Company's revenue recognition policies are as follows:

*Sales and paydowns of investments:* Realized gains and losses on investments are determined on the specific identification method.

*Interest income:* Interest income, including amortization of premium and discount using the effective interest method, is recorded on the accrual basis and periodically assessed for collectability. Interest income also includes interest earned from cash on hand. Upon the prepayment of a loan or debt security, any prepayment penalties are recorded as part of interest income. The Operating Company has loans in the portfolio that contain a payment-in-kind ("PIK") provision. PIK represents interest that is accrued and recorded as interest income at the contractual rates, added to the loan principal on the respective capitalization dates, and generally due at maturity.

*Non-accrual income:* Loans are placed on non-accrual status when principal or interest payments are past due 30 days or more and when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected. Accrued cash and un-capitalized PIK interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Previously capitalized PIK interest is not reversed when an investment is placed on non-accrual status. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending upon management's judgment of the ultimate outcome. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid and, in management's judgment, are likely to remain current.

*Dividend income:* Dividend income is recorded on the record date for private portfolio companies or on the ex-dividend date for publicly traded portfolio companies.

*Other income:* Other income represents delayed compensation, consent or amendment fees, revolver fees and other miscellaneous fees received. Delayed compensation is income earned from counterparties on trades that do not settle within a set number of business days after trade date. Other income may also include fees from bridge loans. The Operating Company may from time to time enter into bridge financing commitments, an obligation to provide interim financing to a counterparty until permanent credit can be obtained. These commitments are short-term in nature and may expire unfunded. A fee is received by the Operating Company for providing such commitments.

NMFC's and AIV Holdings' revenue recognition policies are as follows:

*Revenue, expenses, and capital gains (losses):* At each quarterly valuation date, the Operating Company's investment income, expenses, net realized gains (losses), and net increase (decrease) in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) are allocated to NMFC and AIV Holdings based on their pro-rata interest in the net assets of the Operating Company. This is recorded on NMFC's and



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**Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

AIV Holdings' Statements of Operations. Realized gains and losses are recorded upon sales of NMFC's and AIV Holdings' investments in the Operating Company. Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. is the difference between the net asset value per share and the closing price per share for shares issued as part of the dividend reinvestment plan on the dividend payment date. This net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. includes the unrealized appreciation (depreciation) from the IPO. NMFC used the proceeds from its IPO and Concurrent Private Placement to purchase units in the Operating Company at \$13.75 per unit (its IPO price per share). At the IPO date, \$13.75 per unit represented a discount to the actual net asset value per unit of the Operating Company. As a result, NMFC experienced immediate unrealized appreciation on its investment. Concurrently, AIV Holdings experienced immediate unrealized depreciation on its investment in the Operating Company equal to the difference between NMFC's IPO price of \$13.75 per unit and the actual net asset value per unit.

All expenses, including those of NMFC and AIV Holdings, are paid and recorded by the Operating Company. Expenses are allocated to NMFC and AIV Holdings based on pro-rata ownership interest. In addition, the Operating Company paid all of the offering costs related to the IPO and subsequent offerings. NMFC and AIV Holdings have recorded their portion of the offering costs as a direct reduction to net assets and the cost of their investment in the Operating Company.

With respect to the expenses incident to any registration of shares of NMFC's common stock issued in exchange for AIV Holdings' units of the Operating Company, AIV Holdings is directly responsible for the expenses of any demand registration (including underwriters' discounts or commissions) and their pro-rata share of any "piggyback" registration expenses.

**Interest and other credit facility expenses** Interest and other credit facility fees are recorded on an accrual basis by the Operating Company. See Note 7, *Borrowing Facilities*, for details.

**Deferred credit facility costs** The deferred credit facility costs of the Operating Company consist of capitalized expenses related to the origination and amending of the Operating Company's existing credit facilities. The Operating Company amortizes these costs into expense using the straight-line method over the stated life of the related credit facility. See Note 7, *Borrowing Facilities*, for details.

**Income taxes** The Operating Company is treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes and as such is generally not subject to federal or state and local income taxes except with respect to state source income received from underlying investments. The partners are individually responsible for reporting income or loss based on their respective share of the revenues and expenses. The Operating Company files United States ("U.S.") federal, state, and local income tax returns.

NMFC and AIV Holdings have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to qualify annually, as RICs under subchapter M of the Code. As RICs, NMFC and AIV Holdings are not subject to federal income tax on the portion of taxable income and gains timely distributed to stockholders; therefore, no provision for income taxes has been recorded.

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**Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

To continue to qualify as RICs, NMFC and AIV Holdings are required to meet certain income and asset diversification tests in addition to distributing at least 90.0% of their respective investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code. Since federal income tax regulations differ from GAAP, distributions in accordance with tax regulations may differ from net investment income and realized gains recognized for financial reporting purposes.

Differences between taxable income and the results of operations for financial reporting purposes may be permanent or temporary in nature. Permanent differences are reclassified among capital accounts in the financial statements to reflect their tax character. Differences in classification may also result from the treatment of short-term gains as ordinary income for tax purposes.

For federal income tax purposes, distributions paid to stockholders of NMFC and AIV Holdings are reported as ordinary income, return of capital, long term capital gains or a combination thereof.

NMFC and AIV Holdings will be subject to a 4.0% nondeductible federal excise tax on certain undistributed income unless NMFC and AIV Holdings distribute, in a timely manner as required by the Code, an amount at least equal to the sum of (1) 98.0% of their respective net ordinary income earned for the calendar year and (2) 98.2% of their respective capital gain net income for the one-year period ending October 31 in the calendar year.

The Companies have adopted the Income Taxes topic of the Codification ("ASC 740"). ASC 740 provides guidance for income taxes, including how uncertain income tax positions should be recognized, measured, and disclosed in the financial statements. Based on their analyses, the Companies have determined that there were no material uncertain income tax positions through December 31, 2013. The 2011, 2012 and 2013 tax years remain subject to examination by the U.S. federal, state, and local tax authorities.

**Dividends** Distributions to common unit holders of the Operating Company and common stockholders of NMFC and AIV Holdings are recorded on the record date as set by the respective board of directors. In order for NMFC and AIV Holdings to pay a dividend or other distribution to holders of their common stock, it must be accompanied by a prior distribution by the Operating Company to all of its unit holders. The Operating Company intends to make distributions to its unit holders that will be sufficient to enable NMFC and AIV Holdings to pay quarterly distributions to their stockholders and to maintain their status as RICs. NMFC and AIV Holdings intend to distribute approximately all of their portion of the Operating Company's adjusted net investment income (see Note 5, *Agreements*) on a quarterly basis and substantially all of their portion of the Operating Company's taxable income on an annual basis, except that NMFC may retain certain net capital gains for reinvestment.

Under certain circumstances, the distributions that the Operating Company makes to its members may not be sufficient for AIV Holdings to satisfy the annual distribution requirement necessary for AIV Holdings to continue to qualify as a RIC. In that case, it is expected that Guardian AIV would consent to be treated as if it received distributions from AIV Holdings sufficient to satisfy the annual distribution requirement. Guardian AIV would be required to include the consent dividend in its

**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements of  
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**(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)**

**Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

taxable income as a dividend from AIV Holdings, which would result in phantom (i.e., non-cash) taxable income to Guardian AIV. AIV Holdings intends to make quarterly distributions to Guardian AIV, its sole stockholder, out of assets legally available for distribution each quarter.

The Operating Company and NMFC are required to take certain actions in order to maintain, at all times, a one-to-one ratio between the number of units held by NMFC and the number of shares of NMFC's common stock outstanding. NMFC has adopted a dividend reinvestment plan that provides on behalf of its stockholders for reinvestment of any distributions declared, unless a stockholder elects to receive cash. Cash distributions reinvested in additional shares of NMFC's common stock will be automatically reinvested by NMFC into additional units of the Operating Company. In addition, AIV Holdings does not intend to reinvest any distributions received from the Operating Company in additional units of the Operating Company.

NMFC applies the following in implementing the dividend reinvestment plan. If the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited to stockholders' accounts is greater than 110.0% of the last determined net asset value of the shares, NMFC will use only newly issued shares to implement its dividend reinvestment plan. Under such circumstances, the number of shares to be issued to a stockholder is determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to such stockholder by the market price per share of NMFC's common stock on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") on the distribution payment date. Market price per share on that date will be the closing price for such shares on the NYSE or, if no sale is reported for such day, the average of their electronically reported bid and asked prices. If NMFC uses newly issued shares to implement the plan, NMFC will receive, on a one-for-one basis, additional units of the Operating Company in exchange for cash distributions that are reinvested in shares of NMFC's common stock under the dividend reinvestment plan.

If the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited to stockholders' accounts is less than 110.0% of the last determined net asset value of the shares, NMFC will either issue new shares or instruct the plan administrator to purchase shares in the open market to satisfy the additional shares required. Shares purchased in open market transactions by the plan administrator will be allocated to a stockholder based on the average purchase price, excluding any brokerage charges or other charges, of all shares of common stock purchased in the open market. The number of shares of NMFC's common stock to be outstanding after giving effect to payment of the distribution cannot be established until the value per share at which additional shares will be issued has been determined and elections of NMFC's stockholders have been tabulated.

**Foreign securities** The accounting records of the Operating Company are maintained in U.S. dollars. Investment securities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars based on the rate of exchange of such currencies on the date of valuation. Purchases and sales of investment securities and income and expense items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars based on the rate of exchange of such currencies on the respective dates of the transactions. The Operating Company does not isolate that portion of the results of operations resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on investments from the fluctuations arising from changes in market

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**Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

prices of securities held. Such fluctuations are included with "Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments" and "Net realized gains (losses) on investments" in the Operating Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Investments denominated in foreign currencies may be negatively affected by movements in the rate of exchange between the U.S. dollar and such foreign currencies. This movement is beyond the control of the Operating Company and cannot be predicted.

*Use of estimates* The preparation of the Companies' financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the Companies' financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets, and other metrics used in determining these estimates could cause actual results to differ from the estimates used, and the differences could be material.

Dividend income recorded related to distributions received from flow-through investments is an accounting estimate based on the most recent estimate of the tax treatment of the distribution. During the quarter ended September 30, 2013, the Operating Company changed an accounting estimate related to the classification of dividend income for a distribution recorded in the prior quarter from one of the Operating Company's warrant investments. Based on tax projections received during the quarter ended September 30, 2013, the Operating Company reduced the warrant cost basis by \$466 and corresponding dividend income previously recorded by \$1,799, and recorded a realized gain of \$1,333 to agree to the tax treatment on the investment. This resulted in a reclass of \$360 from incentive fee to capital gains incentive fee. Based on updated tax projections received during the quarter ended December 31, 2013, the Operating Company increased dividend income previously recorded by \$224 and reduced the realized gain previously recorded by \$224 to agree to the tax treatment on the investment. This resulted in a reclass of \$45 from capital gains incentive fee to incentive fee.

**Note 3. Investments**

At December 31, 2013 the Operating Company's investments consisted of the following:

**Investment Cost and Fair Value by Type**

	<b>Cost</b>	<b>Fair Value</b>
First lien	\$ 550,534	\$ 553,549
Second lien	460,078	468,945
Subordinated	25,152	26,863
Equity and other	58,316	66,294
<b>Total investments</b>	<b>\$ 1,094,080</b>	<b>\$ 1,115,651</b>

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**December 31, 2013**

(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)

**Note 3. Investments (Continued)**

**Investment Cost and Fair Value by Industry**

	<b>Cost</b>	<b>Fair Value</b>
Software	\$ 243,158	\$ 249,174
Education	225,214	235,787
Business Services	140,797	145,465
Distribution & Logistics	120,156	120,247
Federal Services	84,965	83,888
Healthcare Services	78,295	80,331
Energy	69,757	69,255
Media	42,808	45,932
Healthcare Products	40,285	41,772
Consumer Services	14,918	15,628
Industrial Services	13,858	14,263
Healthcare Information Technology	13,454	7,324
Information Technology	6,415	6,585
<b>Total investments</b>	<b>\$ 1,094,080</b>	<b>\$ 1,115,651</b>

At December 31, 2012 the Operating Company's investments consisted of the following:

**Investment Cost and Fair Value by Type**

	<b>Cost</b>	<b>Fair Value</b>
First lien	\$ 496,931	\$ 493,502
Second lien	433,829	441,073
Subordinated	43,097	45,148
Equity and other	2,386	10,097
<b>Total investments</b>	<b>\$ 976,243</b>	<b>\$ 989,820</b>

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**December 31, 2013**

(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)

**Note 3. Investments (Continued)**

**Investment Cost and Fair Value by Industry**

	Cost	Fair Value
Software	\$ 241,742	\$ 246,696
Education	155,047	150,151
Healthcare Services	139,370	143,724
Business Services	140,426	143,420
Federal Services	95,150	95,428
Distribution & Logistics(1)	51,320	51,834
Consumer Services	41,173	41,625
Media	26,582	34,001
Healthcare Products	25,659	27,220
Industrial Services	13,825	14,105
Retail	11,597	12,146
Healthcare Information Technology	14,550	10,291
Energy	9,852	10,072
Information Technology	6,476	6,711
Power Generation	3,474	2,396
Total investments	\$ 976,243	\$ 989,820

(1)

Industries were disclosed separately in previously issued financial statements.

During the quarter ended December 31, 2013, the Operating Company sold its first lien position in ATI Acquisition Company, resulting in a realized loss of \$4,306. Prior to the sale, this investment had a cost basis of \$4,306, a zero fair value and total unearned interest income of \$611 for the year ended. As of December 31, 2013, the Operating Company's two super priority first lien positions in ATI Acquisition Company remained on non-accrual status due to the inability of the portfolio company to service its interest payment for the year then ended and uncertainty about its ability to pay such amounts in the future. During the third quarter of 2013, the Operating Company received preferred shares and warrants in Ancora Acquisition LLC, in relation to the two super priority first lien positions in ATI Acquisition Company. As of December 31, 2013, the Operating Company's investment in ATI Acquisition Company and Ancora Acquisition LLC had an aggregate cost basis of \$1,611, an aggregate fair value of \$419 and total unearned interest income of \$316 for the year then ended. As of December 31, 2012, the Operating Company's original first lien position in ATI Acquisition Company was put on non-accrual status, with a cost basis of \$4,306, a fair value of zero and total unearned interest income of \$653 for the year then ended. The Operating Company's two super priority first lien debt investments in ATI Acquisition Company had a combined cost basis of \$1,611 and a combined fair value of \$752 as of December 31, 2012. During the third quarter of 2012, the Operating Company placed the super priority first lien positions on non-accrual status as well, resulting in total unearned interest income of \$310 for the year ended December 31, 2012. As of December 31, 2012, the

**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements of  
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**(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)**

**Note 3. Investments (Continued)**

Operating Company's total investment in ATI Acquisition Company had an aggregate cost basis of \$5,917 and an aggregate fair value of \$752. As of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, unrealized gains (losses) include a fee that the Operating Company would receive upon maturity of the two super priority first lien debt investments.

As of December 31, 2013, the Operating Company had unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities and bridge facilities of \$15,500 and \$0, respectively. The Operating Company did not have any unfunded commitments in the form of a delayed draw or other future funding commitments as of December 31, 2013. The unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities are disclosed on the Operating Company's Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of December 31, 2013.

As of December 31, 2012, the Operating Company had unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities and bridge facilities of \$10,500 and \$0, respectively. The Operating Company did not have any unfunded commitments in the form of a delayed draw or other future funding commitments as of December 31, 2012. The unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities are disclosed on the Operating Company's Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of December 31, 2012.

**Investment risk factors** First and second lien debt that the Operating Company invests in is entirely, or almost entirely, rated below investment grade or may be unrated. These loans are considered speculative because of the credit risk of the issuers. Such issuers are considered more likely than investment grade issuers to default on their payments of interest and principal and such defaults could reduce the net asset value and income distributions of the Operating Company. First and second lien debt may also lose significant market value before a default occurs. Furthermore, an active trading market may not exist for these first and second lien loans. This illiquidity may make it more difficult to value the debt.

Subordinated debt is generally subject to similar risks as those associated with first and second lien debt, except that such debt is subordinated in payment and /or lower in lien priority. Subordinated debt is subject to the additional risk that the cash flow of the borrower and the property securing the debt, if any, may be insufficient to meet scheduled payments after giving effect to the senior secured and unsecured obligations of the borrower.

**Note 4. Fair Value**

Fair value is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Accounting Standards Codification 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* ("ASC 820"), establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes and ranks the inputs to valuation techniques used in measuring investments at fair value. The hierarchy classifies the inputs used in measuring fair value into three levels as follows:

Level I Quoted prices (unadjusted) are available in active markets for identical investments and the Operating Company has the ability to access such quotes as of the reporting date. The type of investments which would generally be included in Level I include active exchange-traded equity securities and exchange-traded derivatives. As required by ASC 820, the Operating Company, to

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**Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)**

the extent that it holds such investments, does not adjust the quoted price for these investments, even in situations where the Operating Company holds a large position and a sale could reasonably impact the quoted price.

Level II Pricing inputs are observable for the investments, either directly or indirectly, as of the reporting date, but are not the same as those used in Level I. Level II inputs include the following:

Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;

Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in non-active markets (examples include corporate and municipal bonds, which trade infrequently);

Pricing models whose inputs are observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability (examples include most over-the-counter derivatives, including foreign exchange forward contracts); and

Pricing models whose inputs are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data through correlation or other means for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level III Pricing inputs are unobservable for the investment and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the investment.

The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels. In all instances when the inputs fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. As such, a Level III fair value measurement may include inputs that are both observable (Levels I and II) and unobservable (Level III). Gains and losses for such assets categorized within the Level III table below may include changes in fair value that are attributable to both observable inputs (Levels II and III) and unobservable inputs (Level III).

The inputs into the determination of fair value require significant judgment or estimation by management and consideration of factors specific to each investment. A review of the fair value hierarchy classifications is conducted on a quarterly basis. Changes in the observability of valuation inputs may result in the transfer of certain investments within the fair value hierarchy from period to period. Reclassifications impacting the fair value hierarchy are reported as transfers in/out of the respective leveling categories as of the beginning of the quarter in which the reclassifications occur.



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**Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)**

The following table summarizes the levels in the fair value hierarchy that the Operating Company's portfolio investments fall into as of December 31, 2013:

	<b>Total</b>	<b>Level I</b>	<b>Level II</b>	<b>Level III</b>
First lien	\$ 553,549	\$	\$ 525,138	\$ 28,411
Second lien	468,945		413,407	55,538
Subordinated	26,863		21,692	5,171
Equity and other	66,294	1,694		64,600
<b>Total investments</b>	<b>\$ 1,115,651</b>	<b>\$ 1,694</b>	<b>\$ 960,237</b>	<b>\$ 153,720</b>

The following table summarizes the levels in the fair value hierarchy that the Operating Company's portfolio investments fall into as of December 31, 2012:

	<b>Total</b>	<b>Level I</b>	<b>Level II</b>	<b>Level III</b>
First lien	\$ 493,502	\$	\$ 450,617	\$ 42,885
Second lien	441,073		397,818	43,255
Subordinated	45,148		22,257	22,891
Equity and other	10,097			10,097
<b>Total investments</b>	<b>\$ 989,820</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 870,692</b>	<b>\$ 119,128</b>

The following table summarizes the changes in fair value of Level III portfolio investments for the year ended December 31, 2013, as well as the portion of appreciation (depreciation) included in

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**Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)**

income attributable to unrealized appreciation (depreciation) related to those assets and liabilities still held by the Operating Company at December 31, 2013:

	Total	First Lien	Second Lien	Subordinated	Equity and other(3)
<b>Fair value, December 31, 2012</b>	\$ 119,128	\$ 42,885	\$ 43,255	\$ 22,891	\$ 10,097
Total gains or losses included in earnings:					
Net realized (losses) gains on investments	(1,623)	(3,986)	380	380	1,603
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	5,251	4,319	843	506	(417)
Purchases, including capitalized PIK and revolver fundings	120,147	28,874	31,060	2,620	57,593
Proceeds from sales and paydowns of investments	(85,910)	(41,417)	(20,000)	(21,226)	(3,267)
Transfers into Level III	6,574	6,574(1)			
Transfers out of Level III	(9,847)	(8,838)(1)			(1,009)(2)
<b>Fair value, December 31, 2013</b>	<b>\$ 153,720</b>	<b>\$ 28,411</b>	<b>\$ 55,538</b>	<b>\$ 5,171</b>	<b>\$ 64,600</b>

Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) for the period relating to those Level III assets that were still held by the Operating Company at the end of the period:

	\$ 821	\$ (333)	\$ 722	\$ 409	\$ 23
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- (1) As of December 31, 2013, the portfolio investments were transferred into Level III from Level II and out of Level III into Level II at fair value as of the beginning of the quarter in which the reclassifications occurred.
- (2) As of December 31, 2013, the portfolio investments were transferred out of Level III into Level I at fair value as of the beginning of the quarter in which the reclassifications occurred.
- (3) During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Operating Company received dividends of \$5,049 from its equity and other investments, which were recorded as dividend income. Estimates related to the tax characterization of these distributions were provided as of December 31, 2013.

The following table summarizes the changes in fair value of Level III portfolio investments for the year ended December 31, 2012, as well as the portion of appreciation (depreciation) included in

**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements of  
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**Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)**

income attributable to unrealized appreciation (depreciation) related to those assets and liabilities still held by the Operating Company at December 31, 2012:

	Total	First Lien	Second Lien	Subordinated	Equity and other
<b>Fair value, December 31, 2011</b>	\$ 90,967	\$ 33,141	\$ 48,405	\$ 6,571	\$ 2,850
Total gains or losses included in earnings:					
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	4,950	4,927	23		
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation	(185)	(7,918)	(173)	(75)	7,981
Purchases, including capitalized PIK and revolver fundings	75,647	49,205	10,020	16,395	27
Proceeds from sales and paydowns of investments	(36,555)	(30,328)	(5,000)		(1,227)
Transfers into Level III(1)	20,347	19,881			466(2)
Transfers out of Level III(1)	(36,043)	(26,023)	(10,020)		
<b>Fair value, December 31, 2012</b>	\$ 119,128	\$ 42,885	\$ 43,255	\$ 22,891	\$ 10,097

Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) for the period relating to those Level III assets that were still held by the Operating Company at the end of the period:

	\$ 3,689	\$ (4,216)	\$ (1)	\$ (75)	\$ 7,981
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(1) As of December 31, 2012, the portfolio investments were transferred into Level III from Level II and out of Level III into Level II at fair value as of the beginning of the quarter in which the reclassifications occurred.

(2) This Level III transfer relates to the Operating Company's investment in warrants of YP Equity Investors LLC, which was valued with YP Holdings LLC's second lien debt as of June 30, 2012.

Except as noted in the tables above, there were no other transfers in or out of Level I, II, or III during the years ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012. Transfers into Level III occurred as quotations obtained through pricing services were not deemed representative of fair value as of the balance sheet date and such assets were internally valued. As quotations obtained through pricing services were substantiated through additional market sources, investments were transferred out of Level III. The Operating Company invests in revolving credit facilities. These investments are categorized as Level III investments as these assets are not actively traded and their fair values are often implied by the term loans of the respective portfolio companies.

The Operating Company generally uses the following framework when determining the fair value of investments where there are little, if any, market activity or observable pricing inputs.



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**Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)**

**Company Performance, Financial Review, and Analysis:** Prior to investment, as part of its due diligence process, the Operating Company evaluates the overall performance and financial stability of the portfolio company. Post investment, the Operating Company analyzes each portfolio company's current operating performance and relevant financial trends versus prior year and budgeted results, including, but not limited to, factors affecting its revenue and earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization ("EBITDA") growth, margin trends, liquidity position, covenant compliance and changes to its capital structure. The Operating Company also attempts to identify and subsequently track any developments at the portfolio company, within its customer or vendor base or within the industry or the macroeconomic environment, generally, that may alter any material element of its original investment thesis. This analysis is specific to each portfolio company. The Operating Company leverages the knowledge gained from its original due diligence process, augmented by this subsequent monitoring, to continually refine its outlook for each of its portfolio companies and ultimately form the valuation of its investment in each portfolio company. When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent sale occurs, the Operating Company will consider the pricing indicated by the external event to corroborate the private valuation.

**Market Based Approach:** The Operating Company typically estimates the total enterprise value of each portfolio company by utilizing market value cash flow (EBITDA) multiples of publicly traded comparable companies. The Operating Company considers numerous factors when selecting the appropriate companies whose trading multiples are used to value its portfolio companies. These factors include, but are not limited to, the type of organization, similarity to the business being valued, relevant risk factors, as well as size, profitability and growth expectations. The Operating Company generally applies an average of various relevant comparable company EBITDA multiples to the portfolio company's latest twelve month ("LTM") EBITDA or projected EBITDA to calculate portfolio company enterprise value. In applying the market based approach as of December 31, 2013, the Operating Company used the relevant EBITDA ranges set forth in the table below to determine the enterprise value of investments in six of its portfolio companies. The Operating Company believes this was a reasonable range in light of current comparable company trading levels and the specific companies involved.

**Income Based Approach:** The Operating Company also typically uses a discounted cash flow analysis to estimate the fair value of the investment. Projected cash flows represent the relevant security's contractual interest, fee and principal payments plus the assumption of full principal recovery at the investment's expected maturity date. These cash flows are discounted at a rate established utilizing a yield calibration approach, which incorporates changes in the credit quality (as measured by relevant statistics) of the portfolio company, as compared to changes in the yield associated with comparable credit quality market indices, between the date of origination and the valuation date. In

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**Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)**

applying the income based approach as of December 31, 2013, the Operating Company used the discount ranges set forth in the table below to value investments in eight of its portfolio companies.

Type	Fair Value	Approach	Unobservable Input	Range		Weighted Average
				Low	High	
First lien	\$ 28,411	Market approach	EBITDA multiple	7.0x	10.0x	8.5x
		Income approach	Discount rate	9.2%	10.2%	9.7%
Second lien	55,538	Market approach	EBITDA multiple	5.0x	7.5x	6.2x
		Income approach	Discount rate	10.1%	11.7%	11.1%
Subordinated	5,171	Market approach	EBITDA multiple	7.0x	9.0x	8.0x
		Income approach	Discount rate	13.0%	15.0%	14.0%
Equity and other	64,600	Market approach	EBITDA multiple	1.3x	7.5x	4.7x
		Income approach	Discount rate	8.0%	20.0%	13.6%
	\$ 153,720	Black Scholes analysis	Expected life in years	2.0	4.0	2.6
			Volatility	21.0%	36.6%	27.9%
			Discount rate	0.3%	3.0%	0.8%

Based on a comparison to similar BDC credit facilities, the terms and conditions of the Holdings Credit Facility and the SLF Credit Facility (as defined in Note 7, *Borrowing Facilities*) are representative of market. The carrying values of the Holdings Credit Facility and SLF Credit Facility approximate fair value as of December 31, 2013, as both facilities are continually monitored and examined by both the borrower and the lender. Both facilities were amended and restated during the year ended December 31, 2012 to lower the applicable interest rate spread by 0.25% and to increase the maximum amount of revolving borrowings available under the respective facilities. Additionally for the year ended December 31, 2013, the Holdings Credit Facility was amended and restated to further increase the maximum amount of revolving borrowings available. See Note 7, *Borrowing Facilities*, for details. The fair value of other financial assets and liabilities approximates their carrying value based on the short term nature of these items. The fair value disclosures discussed in this paragraph are considered Level III.

**Fair value risk factors** The Operating Company seeks investment opportunities that offer the possibility of attaining substantial capital appreciation. Certain events particular to each industry in which the Operating Company's portfolio companies conduct their operations, as well as general economic and political conditions, may have a significant negative impact on the operations and profitability of the Operating Company's investments and/or on the fair value of the Operating Company's investments. The Operating Company's investments are subject to the risk of non-payment of scheduled interest or principal, resulting in a reduction in income to the Operating Company and thus the income of NMFC and AIV Holdings, and their corresponding fair valuations. Also, there may be risk associated with the concentration of investments in one geographic region or in certain industries. These events are beyond the control of the Operating Company and cannot be predicted. Furthermore, the ability to liquidate investments and realize value is subject to uncertainties.

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**Note 5. Agreements**

On May 19, 2011, NMFC entered into a joinder agreement with respect to the Limited Liability Company Agreement, as amended and restated, of the Operating Company pursuant to which NMFC was admitted as a member of the Operating Company and agreed to acquire from the Operating Company a number of units of the Operating Company equal to the number of shares of common stock outstanding of NMFC. Additionally on May 19, 2011, in connection with the contribution by Guardian AIV of its units to AIV Holdings, AIV Holdings entered into a joinder agreement with respect to the Limited Liability Company Agreement, as amended and restated, of the Operating Company pursuant to which AIV Holdings was also admitted as a member of the Operating Company.

The Operating Company entered into an investment advisory and management agreement, as amended and restated (the "Investment Management Agreement") with the Investment Adviser. Under the Investment Management Agreement, the Investment Adviser manages the day-to-day operations of, and provides investment advisory services to, the Operating Company. For providing these services, the Investment Adviser receives a fee from the Operating Company, consisting of two components a base management fee and an incentive fee.

The base management fee is calculated at an annual rate of 1.75% of the Operating Company's gross assets less (i) the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility (as defined in Note 7, *Borrowing Facilities*) and (ii) cash and cash equivalents. The base management fee is payable quarterly in arrears, and is calculated based on the average value of the Operating Company's gross assets, borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility, and cash and cash equivalents at the end of each of the two most recently completed calendar quarters, and appropriately adjusted on a pro rata basis for any equity capital raises or repurchases during the current calendar quarter.

The incentive fee consists of two parts. The first part is calculated and payable quarterly in arrears and equals 20.0% of the Operating Company's "Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income" for the immediately preceding quarter, subject to a "preferred return", or "hurdle", and a "catch-up" feature. "Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income" means interest income, dividend income and any other income (including any other fees (other than fees for providing managerial assistance), such as commitment, origination, structuring, diligence and consulting fees or other fees that the Operating Company receives from portfolio companies) accrued during the calendar quarter, minus the Operating Company's operating expenses for the quarter (including the base management fee, expenses payable under an administration agreement, as amended and restated (the "Administration Agreement"), with the Administrator, and any interest expense and distributions paid on any issued and outstanding preferred membership units (of which there are none as of December 31, 2013), but excluding the incentive fee). Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income includes, in the case of investments with a deferred interest feature (such as original issue discount, debt instruments with PIK interest and zero coupon securities), accrued income that the Operating Company has not yet received in cash. Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital appreciation or depreciation.

Under GAAP, NMFC's IPO did not step-up the cost basis of the Operating Company's existing investments to fair market value at the IPO date. Since the total value of the Operating Company's

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**Note 5. Agreements (Continued)**

investments at the time of the IPO was greater than the investments' cost basis, a larger amount of amortization of purchase or original issue discount, as well as different amounts in realized gain and unrealized appreciation, may be recognized under GAAP in each period than if the step-up had occurred. This will remain until such predecessor investments are sold or mature in the future. The Operating Company tracks the transferred (or fair market) value of each of its investments as of the time of the IPO and, for purposes of the incentive fee calculation, adjusts Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income to reflect the amortization of purchase or original issue discount on the Operating Company's investments as if each investment was purchased at the date of the IPO, or stepped up to fair market value. This is defined as "Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income". The Operating Company also uses the transferred (or fair market) value of each of its investments as of the time of the IPO to adjust capital gains ("Adjusted Realized Capital Gains") or losses ("Adjusted Realized Capital Losses") and unrealized capital appreciation ("Adjusted Unrealized Capital Appreciation") and unrealized capital depreciation ("Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation").

Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income, expressed as a rate of return on the value of the Operating Company's net assets at the end of the immediately preceding calendar quarter, will be compared to a "hurdle rate" of 2.0% per quarter (8.0% annualized), subject to a "catch-up" provision measured as of the end of each calendar quarter. The hurdle rate is appropriately pro-rated for any partial periods. The calculation of the Operating Company's incentive fee with respect to the Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income for each quarter is as follows:

No incentive fee is payable to the Investment Adviser in any calendar quarter in which the Operating Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income does not exceed the hurdle rate of 2.0% (the "preferred return" or "hurdle").

100.0% of the Operating Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income with respect to that portion of such Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income, if any, that exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than or equal to 2.5% in any calendar quarter (10.0% annualized) is payable to the Investment Adviser. This portion of the Operating Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income (which exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than or equal to 2.5%) is referred to as the "catch-up". The catch-up provision is intended to provide the Investment Adviser with an incentive fee of 20.0% on all of the Operating Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income as if a hurdle rate did not apply when the Operating Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income exceeds 2.5% in any calendar quarter.

20.0% of the amount of the Operating Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income, if any, that exceeds 2.5% in any calendar quarter (10.0% annualized) is payable to the Investment Adviser once the hurdle is reached and the catch-up is achieved.

The second part will be determined and payable in arrears as of the end of each calendar year (or upon termination of the Investment Management Agreement) and will equal 20.0% of the Operating Company's Adjusted Realized Capital Gains, if any, on a cumulative basis from inception through the



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**(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)**

**Note 5. Agreements (Continued)**

end of each calendar year, computed net of all Adjusted Realized Capital Losses and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation on a cumulative basis, less the aggregate amount of any previously paid capital gain incentive fee.

In accordance with GAAP, the Operating Company accrues a hypothetical capital gains incentive fee based upon the cumulative net Adjusted Realized Capital Gains and Adjusted Realized Capital Losses and the cumulative net Adjusted Unrealized Capital Appreciation and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation on investments held at the end of each period. Actual amounts paid to the Investment Adviser are consistent with the Investment Management Agreement and are based only on actual Adjusted Realized Capital Gains computed net of all Adjusted Realized Capital Losses and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation on a cumulative basis from inception through the end of each calendar year as if the entire portfolio was sold at fair value.

The Operating Company has revised its presentation of incentive fees on the Consolidated Statements of Assets, Liabilities and Members' Capital and the Consolidated Statements of Operations to disclose the two parts of the incentive fee incurred by the Operating Company for net investment income related incentive fees and capital gains related incentive fees.

The following table summarizes the management fees and incentive fees incurred by the Operating Company for the years ended December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011.

	Years ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011(1)
Management fee	\$ 14,905	\$ 11,109	\$ 4,938
Incentive fee, excluding accrued capital gains incentive fees	16,502	11,537	3,522
Accrued capital gains incentive fees(2)	3,229	4,407	

(1) For the period from May 19, 2011 (effective date of the Investment Management Agreement) to December 31, 2011.

(2) As of December 31, 2013, approximately \$1,113 of capital gains incentive fees was owed under the Investment Management Agreement, as cumulative net Adjusted Realized Capital Gains exceeded cumulative Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation. As of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, no actual capital gains incentive fee was owed under the Investment Management Agreement, as cumulative net Adjusted Realized Capital Gains did not exceed cumulative Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation. As of December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, no payments have been made relating to the capital gains incentive fee.

The Operating Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations below are adjusted as if the step-up in cost basis to fair market value had occurred at the IPO date, May 19, 2011.

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**Note 5. Agreements (Continued)**

The following Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2013 is adjusted to reflect this step-up to fair market value.

	<b>Year ended December 31, 2013</b>	<b>Stepped-up Cost Basis Adjustments</b>	<b>Adjusted year ended December 31, 2013</b>
<b>Investment income</b>			
Interest income(1)	\$ 107,027	\$ (896)	\$ 106,131
Dividend income	5,049		5,049
Other income	2,836		2,836
<b>Total investment income</b>	<b>114,912</b>	<b>(896)</b>	<b>114,016</b>
<b>Total net expenses pre-incentive fee(2)</b>	<b>31,504</b>		<b>31,504</b>
<b>Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income</b>	<b>83,408</b>	<b>(896)</b>	<b>82,512</b>
<b>Incentive fee(3)</b>	<b>19,731</b>		<b>19,731</b>
<b>Post-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income</b>	<b>63,677</b>	<b>(896)</b>	<b>62,781</b>
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	7,253(4)	(3,158)	4,095
Net change in unrealized appreciation of investments	7,994	4,054	12,048
<b>Net increase in members' capital resulting from operations</b>	<b>\$ 78,924</b>		<b>\$ 78,924</b>

(1) Includes \$3,428 in payment-in-kind interest from investments.

(2) Includes expense waivers and reimbursements of \$3,233.

(3)

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For the year ended December 31, 2013, the Operating Company incurred total incentive fees of \$19,731, of which \$3,229 related to capital gains incentive fees on a hypothetical liquidation basis.

(4)

Includes \$1,722 of realized gains on investments resulting from the modification of terms on one debt investment that was accounted for as an extinguishment.

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**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements of  
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**Note 5. Agreements (Continued)**

The following Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2012 is adjusted to reflect this step-up to fair market value.

	Year ended December 31, 2012	Stepped-up Cost Basis Adjustments	Adjusted year ended December 31, 2012
<b>Investment income</b>			
Interest income	\$ 83,646	\$ (3,476)	\$ 80,170
Dividend income	812		812
Other income	1,328		1,328
<b>Total investment income</b>	<b>85,786</b>	<b>(3,476)</b>	<b>82,310</b>
Total expenses pre-incentive fee(1)	24,625		24,625
<b>Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income</b>	<b>61,161</b>	<b>(3,476)</b>	<b>57,685</b>
Incentive fee(2)	15,944		15,944
<b>Post-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income</b>	<b>45,217</b>	<b>(3,476)</b>	<b>41,741</b>
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	18,851	(6,958)	11,893
Net change in unrealized appreciation of investments	9,928	10,434	20,362
<b>Net increase in members' capital resulting from operations</b>	<b>\$ 73,996</b>		<b>\$ 73,996</b>

(1) Includes expense waivers and reimbursements of \$2,460.

(2) For the year ended December 31, 2012, the Operating Company incurred total incentive fees of \$15,944, of which \$4,407 related to capital gains incentive fees on a hypothetical liquidation basis.



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**Note 5. Agreements (Continued)**

The following Statement of Operations for the Operating Company for the period May 19, 2011 (effective date of the Investment Management Agreement) to December 31, 2011 is adjusted to reflect this step-up to fair market value.

	<b>Period from May 19, 2011 to December 31, 2011</b>	<b>Stepped-up Cost Basis Adjustments</b>	<b>Adjusted period from May 19, 2011 to December 31, 2011</b>
<b>Investment income</b>			
Interest income	\$ 38,836	\$ (2,019)	\$ 36,817
Other income	670		670
Total investment income	39,506	(2,019)	37,487
Total expenses pre-incentive fee(1)	11,863		11,863
<b>Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income</b>	27,643	(2,019)	25,624
Incentive fee(2)	3,522		3,522
<b>Post-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income</b>	24,121	(2,019)	22,102
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	3,298	(2,422)	876
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of investments	(15,538)	4,441	(11,097)
<b>Net increase in members' capital resulting from operations</b>	<b>\$ 11,881</b>		<b>\$ 11,881</b>

(1) Includes expense waivers and reimbursements of \$2,186.

(2)

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For the year ended December 31, 2011, the Operating Company had no incentive fees related to capital gains incentive fees on a hypothetical liquidation basis.

The Companies have entered into an Administration Agreement with the Administrator under which the Administrator provides administrative services. The Administrator performs, or oversees the performance of, the Companies' financial records, prepares reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, generally monitors the payment of the Companies' expenses, and watches the performance of administrative and professional services rendered by others. The Operating Company will reimburse the Administrator for the Companies' allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by the Administrator in performing its obligations to the Companies under the Administration Agreement. Pursuant to the Administration Agreement and further restricted by the Operating Company, expenses payable to the Administrator by the Operating Company as well as other direct and indirect expenses (excluding interest, other credit facility expenses, trading expenses and management and incentive fees) have been capped at \$3,500 for the time period from April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013 and capped at \$4,250 for the time period from April 1, 2013 to March 31, 2014.

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**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements of  
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**Note 5. Agreements (Continued)**

The Operating Company has revised its presentation of expenses and expense waivers and reimbursements for the years ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011. Expenses were previously presented net of waivers and reimbursements, which had been included parenthetically. The revised presentation shows total gross expenses with a separate reduction for expense waivers and reimbursements.

The Operating Company incurred the following expenses in excess of the expense cap for the years ended December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011:

	Years ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Professional fees	\$ 1,773	\$ 1,070	\$ 1,315
Administrative expenses	1,460	1,390	871
Other general and administrative expenses			
Total expense waivers and reimbursements	\$ 3,233	\$ 2,460	\$ 2,186

As of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, \$459 and \$534, respectively, of the expense waivers and reimbursements was receivable from an affiliate.

The Companies, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator have also entered into a Trademark License Agreement, as amended, with New Mountain Capital, L.L.C., pursuant to which New Mountain Capital, L.L.C. has agreed to grant the Companies, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator, a non-exclusive, royalty-free license to use the "New Mountain" and the "New Mountain Finance" names. Under the Trademark License Agreement, as amended, subject to certain conditions, the Companies, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator will have a right to use the "New Mountain" and "New Mountain Finance" names, for so long as the Investment Adviser or one of its affiliates remains the investment adviser of the Operating Company. Other than with respect to this limited license, the Companies, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator will have no legal right to the "New Mountain" or the "New Mountain Finance" names.

NMFC entered into a Registration Rights Agreement with AIV Holdings, Steven B. Klinsky (the Chairman of the Companies' board of directors), an entity related to Steven B. Klinsky and the Investment Adviser. Subject to several exceptions, AIV Holdings and the Investment Adviser have the right to require NMFC to register for public resale under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act of 1933"), all registerable securities that are held by any of them and that they request to be registered. Registerable securities subject to the Registration Rights Agreement are shares of NMFC's common stock issued or issuable in exchange for units and any other shares of NMFC's common stock held by AIV Holdings, the Investment Adviser and any of their transferees. The rights under the Registration Rights Agreement can be conditionally exercised by AIV Holdings or the Investment Adviser, meaning that prior to the effectiveness of the registration statement related to the shares, AIV Holdings or the Investment Adviser can withdraw their request to have the shares registered. AIV Holdings and the Investment Adviser may each assign their rights to any person that



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**Note 5. Agreements (Continued)**

acquires registerable securities subject to the Registration Rights Agreement and who agrees to be bound by the terms of the Registration Rights Agreement. Steven B. Klinsky and a related entity will have the right to "piggyback", or include their own registerable securities in such a registration. Shares held by AIV Holdings and Steven B. Klinsky were registered on a shelf registration statement on Form N-2.

AIV Holdings and the Investment Adviser may require NMFC to use its reasonable best efforts to register under the Securities Act of 1933 all or any portion of these registerable securities upon a "demand request". The demand registration rights are subject to certain limitations.

The Registration Rights Agreement includes limited blackout and suspension periods. In addition, AIV Holdings and the Investment Adviser may also require NMFC to file a shelf registration statement on Form N-2 for the resale of their registerable securities if NMFC is eligible to use Form N-2 at that time.

Holders of registerable securities have "piggyback" registration rights, including AIV Holdings, which means that these holders may include their respective shares in any future registrations of NMFC's equity securities, whether or not that registration relates to a primary offering by NMFC or a secondary offering by or on behalf of any of NMFC's stockholders. AIV Holdings, the Investment Adviser and Steven B. Klinsky (and a related entity) have priority over NMFC in any registration that is an underwritten offering.

AIV Holdings, the Investment Adviser and Steven B. Klinsky (and a related entity) will be responsible for the expenses of any demand registration (including underwriters' discounts or commissions) and their pro-rata share of any "piggyback" registration. NMFC has agreed to indemnify AIV Holdings, the Investment Adviser and Steven B. Klinsky (and a related entity) with respect to liabilities resulting from untrue statements or omissions in any registration statement filed pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement, other than untrue statements or omissions resulting from information furnished to NMFC by such parties. AIV Holdings, the Investment Adviser and Steven B. Klinsky (and a related entity) have also agreed to indemnify NMFC with respect to liabilities resulting from untrue statements or omissions furnished by them to NMFC relating to them in any registration statement.

**Note 6. Related Parties**

The Companies have entered into a number of business relationships with affiliated or related parties. NMFC and AIV Holdings own all the outstanding units of the Operating Company. As of December 31, 2013, NMFC and AIV Holdings own approximately 94.4% and 5.6%, respectively, of the units of the Operating Company.

The Operating Company has entered into the Investment Management Agreement with the Investment Adviser, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital. Therefore, New Mountain Capital is entitled to any profits earned by the Investment Adviser, which includes any fees payable to the Investment Adviser under the terms of the Investment Management Agreement, less expenses incurred by the Investment Adviser in performing its services under the Investment Management Agreement.

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**Note 6. Related Parties (Continued)**

The Companies have entered into an Administration Agreement with the Administrator, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital. The Administrator arranges office space for the Companies and provides office equipment and administrative services necessary to conduct their respective day-to-day operations pursuant to the Administration Agreement. The Operating Company reimburses the Administrator for the allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by it in performing its obligations to the Companies under the Administration Agreement including rent, the fees and expenses associated with performing administrative, finance and compliance functions, and the compensation of the Companies' chief financial officer and chief compliance officer and their respective staffs. Pursuant to the Administration Agreement and further restricted by the Operating Company, expenses payable to the Administrator by the Operating Company as well as other direct and indirect expenses (excluding interest, other credit facility expenses, trading expenses and management and incentive fees) have been capped at \$3,500 for the time period from April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013 and capped at \$4,250 for the time period from April 1, 2013 to March 31, 2014. The expense cap will expire on March 31, 2014. Thereafter, the Administrator may, in its own discretion, submit to the Operating Company for reimbursement some or all of the expenses that the Administrator has incurred on behalf of the Operating Company during any quarterly period. As a result, the amount of expenses for which the Operating Company will have to reimburse the Administrator may fluctuate in future quarterly periods and there can be no assurance given as to when, or if, the Administrator may determine to limit the expenses that the Administrator submits to the Operating Company for reimbursement in the future. However, it is expected that the Administrator will continue to support part of the expense burden of the Operating Company in the near future.

The Companies, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator have entered into a royalty-free Trademark License Agreement, as amended, with New Mountain Capital, L.L.C., pursuant to which New Mountain Capital, L.L.C. has agreed to grant the Companies, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator, a non-exclusive, royalty-free license to use the name "New Mountain" and "New Mountain Finance".

The Companies have adopted a formal code of ethics that governs the conduct of their respective officers and directors. These officers and directors also remain subject to the duties imposed by the 1940 Act, the Delaware General Corporation Law and the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act.

The Investment Adviser and its affiliates may also manage other funds in the future that may have investment mandates that are similar, in whole and in part, with the Operating Company' investment mandates. The Investment Adviser and its affiliates may determine that an investment is appropriate for the Operating Company and for one or more of those other funds. In such event, depending on the availability of such investment and other appropriate factors, the Investment Adviser or its affiliates may determine that the Operating Company should invest side-by-side with one or more other funds. Any such investments will be made only to the extent permitted by applicable law and interpretive positions of the Securities and Exchange Commission and its staff, and consistent with the Investment Adviser's allocation procedures.

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**Note 6. Related Parties (Continued)**

Concurrently with the IPO, NMFC sold an additional 2,172,000 shares of its common stock to certain executives and employees of, and other individuals affiliated with, New Mountain Capital in the Concurrent Private Placement.

**Note 7. Borrowing Facilities**

*Holdings Credit Facility* The Loan and Security Agreement, as amended and restated, dated May 19, 2011 (the "Holdings Credit Facility") among the Operating Company as the Borrower and Collateral Administrator, Wells Fargo Securities, L.L.C. as the Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as the Collateral Custodian, is structured as a revolving credit facility and matures on October 27, 2016, as amended on May 8, 2012. The Operating Company became a party to the Holdings Credit Facility upon the IPO of NMFC. The Holdings Credit Facility amends and restates the credit facility of the Predecessor Entities (the "Predecessor Credit Facility").

The maximum amount of revolving borrowings available under the Holdings Credit Facility is \$280,000, as amended on October 28, 2013. As of December 31, 2013, the Operating Company was permitted to borrow up to 45.0% or 25.0% of the purchase price of pledged first lien or non-first lien debt securities, and up to 70.0% and 45.0% of the purchase price of specified first lien debt securities and specified non-first lien debt securities, respectively, subject to approval by Wells Fargo Bank, National Association. The Holdings Credit Facility is collateralized by all of the investments of the Operating Company on an investment by investment basis. All fees associated with the origination or upsizing of the Holdings Credit Facility are capitalized on the Operating Company's Consolidated Statement of Assets, Liabilities, and Members' Capital and charged against income as other credit facility expenses over the life of the Holdings Credit Facility. The Holdings Credit Facility contains certain customary affirmative and negative covenants and events of default, including the occurrence of a change in control. In addition, the Holdings Credit Facility requires the Operating Company to maintain a minimum asset coverage ratio. However, the covenants are generally not tied to mark to market fluctuations in the prices of the Operating Company's investments, but rather to the performance of the underlying portfolio companies.

The Holdings Credit Facility bears interest at a rate of the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus 2.75% per annum, as amended on May 8, 2012, and charges a non-usage fee, based on the unused facility amount multiplied by the Non-Usage Fee Rate (as defined in the credit agreement).

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**Note 7. Borrowing Facilities (Continued)**

The following table summarizes the interest expense and non-usage fees incurred by the Operating Company on the Holdings Credit Facility for the years ended December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011.

	Years ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Interest expense	\$ 5,487	\$ 4,172	\$ 2,043
Non-usage fee	\$ 367	\$ 281	\$ 608
Weighted average interest rate	2.9%	3.1%	3.2%
Average debt outstanding	\$ 184,124	\$ 133,600	\$ 61,561

The outstanding balance of Holdings Credit Facility as of December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011 was \$221,849, \$206,938 and \$129,038, respectively, and the Operating Company was not aware of any instances of non-compliance related to the Holdings Credit Facility on such dates.

*SLF Credit Facility* NMF SLF's Loan and Security Agreement, as amended and restated, dated October 27, 2010 (the "SLF Credit Facility") among NMF SLF as the Borrower, the Operating Company as the Collateral Administrator, Wells Fargo Securities, L.L.C. as the Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as the Collateral Custodian, is structured as a revolving credit facility and matures on October 27, 2016, as amended on May 8, 2012. The maximum amount of revolving borrowings available under the SLF Credit Facility is \$215,000, as amended on December 18, 2012. The loan is non-recourse to the Operating Company and secured by all assets owned by the borrower on an investment by investment basis. All fees associated with the origination or upsizing of the SLF Credit Facility are capitalized on the Consolidated Statement of Assets, Liabilities, and Members' Capital and charged against income as other credit facility expenses over the life of the SLF Credit Facility. The SLF Credit Facility contains certain customary affirmative and negative covenants and events of default, including the occurrence of a change in control. The covenants are generally not tied to mark to market fluctuations in the prices of our investments, but rather to the performance of the underlying portfolio companies. Due to an amendment to the SLF Credit Facility on October 27, 2011, NMF SLF is no longer restricted from the purchase or sale of loans with an affiliate. Therefore, specified loans can be moved as collateral between the Holdings Credit Facility and the SLF Credit Facility.

As of December 31, 2013, the SLF Credit Facility permits borrowings of up to 70.0% of the purchase price of pledged first lien debt securities and up to 25.0% of the purchase price of specified second lien loans, of which, up to 25.0% of the aggregate outstanding loan balance of all pledged debt securities in the SLF Credit Facility is allowed to be derived from second lien loans, subject to approval by Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as amended on March 11, 2013.

The SLF Credit Facility bears interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 2.00% per annum for first lien loans and 2.75% for second lien loans, respectively, as amended on March 11, 2013. A non-usage fee is

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**Note 7. Borrowing Facilities (Continued)**

paid, based on the unused facility amount multiplied by the Non-Usage Fee Rate (as defined in the credit agreement).

The following table summarizes the interest expense and non-usage fees incurred by the Operating Company on the SLF Credit Facility for the years ended December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011.

	Years ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Interest expense	\$ 4,891	\$ 4,274	\$ 3,369
Non-usage fee	\$ 3	\$ 22	\$ 94
Weighted average interest rate	2.3%	2.3%	2.5%
Average debt outstanding	\$ 214,317	\$ 181,395	\$ 133,825

The outstanding balance as of December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011 was \$214,668, \$214,262 and \$165,928, respectively, and NMF SLF was not aware of any instances of non-compliance related to the SLF Credit Facility on such dates.

**Leverage risk factors** The Operating Company utilizes and may utilize leverage to the maximum extent permitted by the law for investment and other general business purposes. The Operating Company's lenders will have fixed dollar claims on certain assets that are superior to the claims of the Operating Company's unit holders, and therefore NMFC's common stockholders, and the Operating Company would expect such lenders to seek recovery against these assets in the event of a default. The use of leverage also magnifies the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested. Leverage may magnify interest rate risk (particularly on the Operating Company's fixed-rate investments), which is the risk that the prices of portfolio investments will fall or rise if market interest rates for those types of securities rise or fall. As a result, leverage may cause greater changes in the Operating Company's net asset value. Similarly, leverage may cause a sharper decline in the Operating Company's income than if the Operating Company had not borrowed. Such a decline could negatively affect the Operating Company's ability to make dividend payments to its unit holders. Leverage is generally considered a speculative investment technique. The Operating Company's ability to service any debt incurred will depend largely on financial performance and will be subject to prevailing economic conditions and competitive pressures.

**Note 8. Regulation**

NMFC and AIV Holdings have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as RICs under Subchapter M of the Code. In order to continue to qualify as RICs, among other things, NMFC and AIV Holdings are required to timely distribute to their stockholders at least 90.0% of investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code, for each year. NMFC and AIV Holdings, among other things, intend to make and continue to make the requisite distributions to their stockholders, which will generally relieve NMFC and AIV Holdings from

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**Note 8. Regulation (Continued)**

U.S. federal, state, and local income taxes (excluding excise taxes which may be imposed under the Code). However, under certain circumstances, the distributions that the Operating Company makes to its members may not be sufficient for AIV Holdings to satisfy the annual distribution requirement necessary for AIV Holdings to continue to qualify as a RIC. In that case, it is expected that Guardian AIV would consent to be treated as if it received distributions from AIV Holdings sufficient to satisfy the annual distribution requirement. Guardian AIV would be required to include the consent dividend in its taxable income as dividend from AIV Holdings, which would result in phantom (i.e., non-cash) taxable income to Guardian AIV.

Additionally as BDCs, the Companies must not acquire any assets other than "qualifying assets" specified in the 1940 Act unless, at the time the acquisition is made, at least 70.0% of its total assets are qualifying assets (with certain limited exceptions).

**Note 9. Commitments and Contingencies**

In the normal course of business, the Companies may enter into contracts that contain a variety of representations and warranties and which provide general indemnifications. The Operating Company may also enter into future funding commitments such as revolving credit facilities, bridge financing commitments, or delayed draw commitments. As of December 31, 2013, the Operating Company had unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities of \$15,500, and no outstanding bridge financing commitments or other future funding commitments. The unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities are disclosed on the Operating Company's Consolidated Schedule of Investments. As of December 31, 2012, the Operating Company had unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities of \$10,500 and no outstanding bridge financing commitments or other future funding commitments, all of which are disclosed on the Operating Company's Consolidated Schedule of Investments.

The Operating Company also has revolving borrowings available under the Holdings Credit Facility and the SLF Credit Facility as of December 31, 2013. See Note 7, *Borrowing Facilities*, for details.

The Operating Company may from time to time enter into financing commitment letters. As of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Operating Company did not enter into any commitment letters to purchase debt investments, which could require funding in the future.

**Note 10. Distributions**

Differences between taxable income and the results of operations for financial reporting purposes may be permanent or temporary in nature. Permanent differences are reclassified among capital accounts in the financial statements to reflect their tax character. Differences in classification may also result from the treatment of short-term gains as ordinary income for tax purposes. During the years ended December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, NMFC did not have any reclassifications of amounts for book purposes arising from permanent book/tax differences. During the years ended December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, AIV Holdings had

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**(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)**

**Note 10. Distributions (Continued)**

reclassifications of amounts for book purposes arising from permanent book/tax differences related to return of capital distributions and consent dividends, respectively.

	December 31, 2013		December 31, 2012		December 31, 2011	
	NMFC	AIV Holdings	NMFC	AIV Holdings	NMFC	AIV Holdings
Undistributed net investment income	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Distributions in excess of net realized gains		(21,821)		(9,707)		(1,536)
Additional paid-in-capital		21,821		9,707		1,536

For federal income tax purposes, distributions paid to stockholders of NMFC and AIV Holdings are reported as ordinary income, return of capital, long term capital gains or a combination thereof. The tax character of distributions paid by NMFC and AIV Holdings for the years ended December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011 were estimated to be as follows:

	Years ended December 31,					
	2013		2012		2011	
	NMFC	AIV Holdings	NMFC	AIV Holdings	NMFC	AIV Holdings
Ordinary income(non-qualified)	\$ 44,778	\$ 19,972	\$ 26,218	\$ 40,692	\$ 8,944	\$ 14,694
Ordinary income (qualified)	2,742	716				
Capital gains	4,324		501	2,056	256	2,697
Return of capital		181,476		48,128		
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 51,844</b>	<b>\$ 202,164</b>	<b>\$ 26,719</b>	<b>\$ 90,876</b>	<b>\$ 9,200</b>	<b>\$ 17,391</b>

As of December 31, 2013, the costs of investments for NMFC and AIV Holdings for tax purposes were \$642,704 and \$68,547, respectively. As of December 31, 2012, the costs of investments for NMFC and AIV Holdings for tax purposes were \$343,248 and \$245,659, respectively. As of December 31, 2013, NMFC and AIV Holdings had capital loss carryforwards of approximately zero and \$15,772, respectively.

At December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the components of distributable earnings on a tax basis differ from the amounts reflected per NMFC's and AIV Holdings' respective Statements of Assets and Liabilities by temporary book/tax differences primarily arising from differences between the tax and book basis of NMFC's and AIV Holdings' respective investment in the Operating Company and undistributed income.

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**Note 10. Distributions (Continued)**

As of December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the components of accumulated earnings / (deficit) on a tax basis were as follows:

	Years ended December 31,					
	2013		2012		2011	
	NMFC	AIV Holdings	NMFC	AIV Holdings	NMFC	AIV Holdings
Accumulated capital gains / (losses)	\$	\$ (15,772)	\$	\$	\$	\$
Other temporary differences	10,070	(4,982)	7,942	(5,032)		
Undistributed ordinary income	3,856		528		66	1,778
Unrealized (appreciation) / depreciation	2,346	(2,830)	(2,274)	(10,970)	823	(886)
Components of distributable earnings	\$ 16,272	\$ (23,584)	\$ 6,196	\$ (16,002)	\$ 889	\$ 892

NMFC and AIV Holdings are subject to a 4.0% nondeductible federal excise tax on certain undistributed income unless NMFC and AIV Holdings distribute, in a timely manner as required by the Code, an amount at least equal to the sum of (1) 98.0% of their respective net ordinary income earned for the calendar year and (2) 98.2% of their respective capital gain net income for the one-year period ending October 31 in the calendar year. For the year ended December 31, 2012, both NMFC and AIV Holdings had no accrued estimated excise taxes. For the year ended December 31, 2013, NMFC and AIV Holdings accrued estimated excise taxes of \$2.3 and zero, respectively.



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**Note 11. Stockholders' Equity**

The table below illustrates the effect of certain transactions on the capital accounts of NMFC:

	Common Stock		Paid in Capital in Excess of Par	Undistributed Net Investment Income	Accumulated		Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Par Amount			Undistributed Net Realized Gains	Net		
Balance at December 31, 2010		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Issuances of common stock in the IPO(1)	7,272,727	73	99,927					100,000
Issuances of common stock in private placement(2)	2,172,000	22	29,843					29,865
Issuances of common stock to New Mountain Guardian(3)	1,252,964	12	18,477					18,489
Deferred offering costs allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.			(3,998)					(3,998)
Dividends declared				(8,345)	(855)			(9,200)
Net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations				8,345	1,141	845		10,331
Balance at December 31, 2011	10,697,691	\$ 107	\$ 144,249	\$	\$ 286	\$ 845	\$	145,487
Issuances of common stock	13,628,560	136	191,561					191,697
Deferred offering costs allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.			(323)					(323)
Dividends declared				(19,792)	(6,927)			(26,719)
Net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations				19,792	7,593	4,399		31,784
Balance at December 31, 2012	24,326,251	\$ 243	\$ 335,487	\$	\$ 952	\$ 5,244	\$	341,926
Issuances of common stock	20,898,504	209	298,177					298,386
Deferred offering costs allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.			(281)					(281)
Dividends declared				(50,521)	(1,323)			(51,844)
Net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations				50,521	5,427	5,972		61,920
Balance at December 31, 2013	45,224,755	\$ 452	\$ 633,383	\$	\$ 5,056	\$ 11,216	\$	650,107

(1) On May 19, 2011, NMFC priced its IPO of 7,272,727 shares of common stock at a public offering price of \$13.75 per share.

(2)

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Concurrently with the closing of the IPO and at the public offering price of \$13.75 per share, NMFC sold an additional 2,172,000 shares of its common stock to certain executives and employees of, and other individuals affiliated with, New Mountain Capital in the Concurrent Private Placement.

(3)

On May 19, 2011, NMFC issued 1,252,964 share of common stock to New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. for their respective ownership interest in the Predecessor Entities.

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December 31, 2013

(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)

**Note 11. Stockholders' Equity (Continued)**

The table below illustrates the effect of certain transactions on the capital accounts of AIV Holdings:

	Common Stock		Paid in Capital in Excess of Par	Undistributed Net Investment Income	Distributions In Excess of Net Realized Gains	Net Unrealized (Depreciation) Appreciation	Total Stockholder's Equity
	Shares	Par Amount					
Balance at December 31, 2010		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Issuance of common stock to New Mountain Guardian AIV, L.P.(2)	100	(1)	298,407				298,407
Deferred offering costs allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.			(7,559)				(7,559)
Dividends declared				(15,775)	(1,616)		(17,391)
Net increase (decrease) in stockholder's equity resulting from operations				15,775	2,158	(16,375)	1,558
Tax reclassifications related to consent dividends (See Note 10)			1,536		(1,536)		
Balance at December 31, 2011	100	\$	(1\$ 292,384	\$	\$	(994)	\$ (16,375) \$ 275,015
Deferred offering costs allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.			(241)				(241)
Dividends declared				(25,426)	(7,234)		(32,660)
Distribution to New Mountain Guardian AIV, L.P.			(57,835)		(381)		(58,216)
Net increase in stockholder's equity resulting from operations				25,426	11,640	7,049	44,115
Tax reclassifications related to return of capital distributions (See Note 10)			9,707		(9,707)		
Balance at December 31, 2012	100	\$	(1\$ 244,015	\$	\$	(6,676)	\$ (9,326) \$ 228,013
Deferred offering costs allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.			(50)				(50)
Dividends declared				(13,155)	(141)		(13,296)
Distribution to New Mountain Guardian AIV, L.P.			(203,793)		14,925		(188,868)
Net increase (decrease) in stockholder's equity resulting from operations				13,155	(13,099)	12,554	12,610
Tax reclassifications related to return of capital distributions (See Note 10)			21,821		(21,821)		
Balance at December 31, 2013	100	\$	(1\$ 61,993	\$	\$	(26,812)	\$ 3,228 \$ 38,409

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- (1) As of December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the par amount of the total common stock was \$1.
- (2) On May 19, 2011, AIV Holdings issued 100 shares of common stock to New Mountain Guardian AIV, L.P. for their respective ownership interest in the Predecessor Entities.

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**Note 12. Earnings Per Share**

The following information sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net increase in NMFC's net assets per share resulting from operations for the year ended December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and the period from May 19, 2011 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2011:

	Years ended December 31,		May 19, 2011 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2011
	2013	2012	
Numerator for basic earnings per share:	\$ 61,920	\$ 31,784	\$ 10,331
Denominator for basic weighted average share:	35,092,722	14,860,838	10,697,691
Basic earnings per share:	\$ 1.76	\$ 2.14	\$ 0.97
Numerator for diluted earnings per share(a):	\$ 78,924	\$ 73,996	\$ 11,881
Denominator for diluted weighted average share(b):	44,021,920	34,011,738	30,919,629
Diluted earnings per share:	\$ 1.79	\$ 2.18	\$ 0.38

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(a) Includes the full income at the Operating Company for the period. For the period May 19, 2011 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2011, NMFC's unrealized appreciation in the Operating Company resulting from the IPO is netted against AIV Holdings' unrealized depreciation in the Operating Company resulting from the IPO.

(b) Assumes all AIV Holdings units in the Operating Company were exchanged for public shares of NMFC during the years ended December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and for the period from May 19, 2011 to December 31, 2011, respectively (see Note 1, *Formation and Business Purpose*).

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**Note 13. Financial Highlights**

The following information sets forth the financial highlights for the Operating Company for the respective years ended December 31st.

	Years ended December 31,				
	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Total return based on net asset value(a)	13.27%	16.61%	10.09%	26.54%	76.38%
Average net assets for the period	\$ 630,156	\$ 474,561	\$ 361,031	\$ 245,951	\$ 195,467
Ratio to average net assets:					
Net investment income	10.10%	9.53%	10.67%	15.23%	10.44%
Total expenses (gross)	8.64%	9.07%	5.59%	1.59%	0.72%
Total expenses (net of reimbursable expenses)	8.13%	8.55%	4.99%	1.59%	0.72%
Net assets, end of year	\$ 688,516	\$ 569,939	\$ 420,502	\$ 241,927	\$ 239,441
Average debt outstanding Holdings Credit Facility	\$ 184,124	\$ 133,600	\$ 61,561	\$ 68,343	\$ 65,014
Average debt outstanding SLF Credit Facility	\$ 214,317	\$ 181,395	\$ 133,825	\$ 27,672	N/A
Weighted average common membership units outstanding for the year	44,021,920	34,011,738	30,919,629(b)	N/A	N/A
Asset coverage ratio	257.73%	235.31%	242.56%	307.43%	407.98%
Portfolio turnover	40.52%	52.02%	42.13%	76.69%	57.50%

N/A Not applicable.

(a)

For the years ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, total return is calculated assuming a purchase at net asset value on the opening of the first day of the year and a sale at net asset value on the last day of the respective year. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of this calculation, to be reinvested at the net asset value on the last day of the respective quarter. For the year ended December 31, 2011, total return is calculated in two parts: (1) from the opening of the first day of the year to NMFC's IPO date, total return is calculated based on net income over weighted average net assets and (2) from NMFC's IPO date to the last day of the year, total return is calculated assuming a purchase at net asset value on NMFC's IPO date and a sale at net asset value on the last day of the year. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of this calculation, to be reinvested at the net asset value on the last day of the respective quarter. For the years ended December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, total return is the ratio of net income compared to capital, adjusted for capital contributions and distributions.

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**Note 13. Financial Highlights (Continued)**

- (b) Weighted average common membership units outstanding presented from May 19, 2011 to December 31, 2011, as the fund became unitized on May 19, 2011, the IPO date.

	Years ended December 31,		May 19, 2011 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2011
	2013	2012	
Per unit data for the Operating Company(a):			
Net asset value, January 1, 2013, January 1, 2012 and May 19, 2011(b), respectively	\$ 14.06	\$ 13.60	\$ 14.08
Net investment income	1.45	1.33	0.78
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	0.35	0.84	(0.40)
Dividends from net investment income	(1.48)	(1.71)	(0.86)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	0.32	0.46	(0.48)
Net asset value, December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively	\$ 14.38	\$ 14.06	\$ 13.60

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- (a) Per unit data is based on weighted average common membership units outstanding.

- (b) Data presented from May 19, 2011 to December 31, 2011 as the fund became unitized on May 19, 2011, the IPO date.

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**(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)**

**Note 13. Financial Highlights (Continued)**

The following information sets forth the financial highlights for NMFC for the year ended December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and the period May 19, 2011 to December 31, 2011. The ratios to average net assets have been annualized for the period May 19, 2011 to December 31, 2011.

	Years ended December 31,		May 19, 2011 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2011
	2013	2012	
<b>Per share data(a):</b>			
Net asset value, January 1, 2013, January 1, 2012 and May 19, 2011(b), respectively	\$ 14.06	\$ 13.60	\$ 13.50
<b>Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.:</b>			
Net investment income	1.45	1.33	0.78
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	0.35	0.84	(0.40)
Total net increase	1.80	2.17	0.38
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.			0.58
Dividends declared	(1.48)	(1.71)	(0.86)
Net asset value, December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively	\$ 14.38	\$ 14.06	\$ 13.60
Per share market value, December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively	\$ 15.04	\$ 14.90	\$ 13.41
Total return based on market value(c)	11.62%	24.84%	4.16%
Total return based on net asset value(d)	13.27%	16.61%	2.82%
Shares outstanding at end of period	45,224,755	24,326,251	10,697,691
Average weighted shares outstanding for the period	35,092,722	14,860,838	10,697,691
Average net assets for the period	\$ 502,822	\$ 196,312	\$ 147,766
<b>Ratio to average net assets(e):</b>			
Total expenses allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	8.13%	8.55%	5.79%
Net investment income allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	10.10%	9.53%	9.08%



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- (a) Per share data is based on the summation of the per share results of operations items over the outstanding shares for the period in which the respective line items were realized or earned.

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**(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)**

**Note 13. Financial Highlights (Continued)**

- (b) Data presented from May 19, 2011 to December 31, 2011 as the fund became unitized on May 19, 2011, the IPO date.
- (c) For the years ended December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and for the period May 19, 2011 to December 31, 2011, total return is calculated assuming a purchase of common stock at the opening of the first day of the years ended 2013 and 2012, and assuming a purchase of common stock at IPO, respectively, and a sale on the closing of the last day of the respective year. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of this calculation, to be reinvested at prices obtained under NMFC's dividend reinvestment plan.
- (d) Total return is calculated assuming a purchase at net asset value on the opening of the first day of the period and a sale at net asset value on the last day of the period. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of this calculation, to be reinvested at the net asset value on the last day of the respective quarter.
- (e) Ratio to average net assets for the years ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 is based on the summation of the results of operations items over the net assets for the period in which the respective line items were realized or earned.

The following information sets forth the financial highlights for AIV Holdings for the year ended December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and the period May 19, 2011 to December 31, 2011. The ratios to average net assets have been annualized for the period May 19, 2011 to December 31, 2011.

	Years ended December 31,		May 19, 2011 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2011
	2013	2012	
Total return based on net asset value(a)	7.69%	18.04%	(5.44)%
Average net assets for the period	\$ 127,334	\$ 270,081	\$ 279,323
Ratio to average net assets(b):			
Total expenses allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	8.13%	8.55%	5.79%
Net investment income allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	10.10%	9.53%	9.08%

- (a) For the years ended December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and for the period May 19, 2011 to December 31, 2011, total return is calculated assuming a purchase at net asset value on the opening of the first day of the period and a sale at net asset value on the last business day of the period. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of this calculation, to be reinvested at the net asset value on the last day of the respective quarter.
- (b) Ratio to average net assets for the years ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 is based on the summation of the results of operations items over the net assets for the period in which the respective line items were realized or earned.

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**Note 14. Selected Quarterly Financial Data (unaudited)**

The below selected quarterly financial data is for the Operating Company.

(in thousands except for per unit data)

Quarter Ended	Investment Income		Net Investment Income		Total Net Realized Gains and Net Changes in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) of Investments		Net Increase (Decrease) in Capital Resulting from Operations	
	Total	Per Unit	Total	Per Unit	Total	Per Unit	Total	Per Unit
December 31, 2013	\$ 28,645	\$ 0.60	\$ 15,848	\$ 0.33	\$ 3,213	\$ 0.07	\$ 19,061	\$ 0.40
September 30, 2013	25,793	0.57	12,659	0.29	7,819	0.17	20,478	0.46
June 30, 2013	35,156	0.82	23,543	0.55	(8,719)	(0.21)	14,824	0.34
March 31, 2013	25,318	0.62	11,627	0.28	12,934	0.32	24,561	0.60
December 31, 2012	\$ 24,713	\$ 0.65	\$ 13,522	\$ 0.36	\$ 3,478	\$ 0.09	\$ 17,000	\$ 0.45
September 30, 2012	21,752	0.60	10,136	0.28	12,109	0.34	22,245	0.62
June 30, 2012	20,299	0.66	11,646	0.38	(561)	(0.02)	11,085	0.36
March 31, 2012	19,022	0.62	9,913	0.32	13,754	0.45	23,667	0.77
December 31, 2011	\$ 17,127	\$ 0.55	\$ 9,540	\$ 0.31	\$ 8,317	\$ 0.27	\$ 17,857	\$ 0.58
September 30, 2011	15,069	0.49	10,002	0.32	(21,255)	(0.68)	(11,253)	(0.36)
June 30, 2011	13,116	0.42	9,554	0.31	(899)	(0.03)	8,655	0.28
March 31, 2011	11,212	N/A	9,429	N/A	6,990	N/A	16,419	N/A
December 31, 2010	\$ 9,820	N/A	\$ 8,335	N/A	\$ 7,978	N/A	\$ 16,313	N/A
September 30, 2010	13,881	N/A	13,145	N/A	5,560	N/A	18,705	N/A
June 30, 2010	8,597	N/A	7,777	N/A	(5,349)	N/A	2,428	N/A
March 31, 2010	9,077	N/A	8,208	N/A	18,138	N/A	26,346	N/A
December 31, 2009	\$ 7,617	N/A	\$ 6,617	N/A	\$ 1,617	N/A	\$ 8,234	N/A
September 30, 2009	6,148	N/A	6,030	N/A	33,709	N/A	39,739	N/A
June 30, 2009	5,092	N/A	4,877	N/A	42,562	N/A	47,439	N/A
March 31, 2009	2,910	N/A	2,883	N/A	27,385	N/A	30,268	N/A

N/A Not applicable, as the Operating Company was not unitized until May 19, 2011.

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**Note 14. Selected Quarterly Financial Data (unaudited) (Continued)**

The below selected quarterly financial data is for NMFC.

(in thousands except for per share data)

Quarter Ended	Net Investment Income allocated from the Operating Company		Total Net Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses)		Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	
	Total	Per Share	Total	Per Share	Total	Per Share
December 31, 2013	\$ 14,826	\$ 0.33	\$ 3,119	\$ 0.07	\$ 17,945	\$ 0.40
September 30, 2013	10,803	0.29	6,664	0.17	17,467	0.46
June 30, 2013	17,674	0.55	(6,682)	(0.21)	10,992	0.34
March 31, 2013	7,218	0.28	8,298	0.33	15,516	0.61
December 31, 2012	\$ 7,759	\$ 0.36	\$ 2,047	\$ 0.09	\$ 9,806	\$ 0.45
September 30, 2012	4,574	0.28	5,381	0.34	9,955	0.62
June 30, 2012	4,029	0.38	(194)	(0.02)	3,835	0.36
March 31, 2012	3,430	0.32	4,758	0.45	8,188	0.77
December 31, 2011	\$ 3,301	\$ 0.31	\$ 2,877	\$ 0.27	\$ 6,178	\$ 0.58
September 30, 2011	3,460	0.32	(7,353)	(0.68)	(3,893)	(0.36)
June 30, 2011	1,584	0.15	6,462	0.60	8,046	0.75
March 31, 2011	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

N/A Not applicable, as NMFC did not commence operations until May 19, 2011.

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of New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation (Continued)**

**December 31, 2013**

(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)

**Note 14. Selected Quarterly Financial Data (unaudited) (Continued)**

The below selected quarterly financial data is for AIV Holdings.

(in thousands)

Quarter Ended	Net Investment Income allocated from the Operating Company	Total Net Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses)	Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Resulting from Operations
December 31, 2013	\$ 1,022	\$ (1,614)	\$ (592)
September 30, 2013	1,855	1,156	3,011
June 30, 2013	5,869	(3,078)	2,791
March 31, 2013	4,409	2,991	7,400
December 31, 2012	\$ 5,764	\$ 1,431	\$ 7,195
September 30, 2012	5,562	8,630	14,192
June 30, 2012	7,617	(367)	7,250
March 31, 2012	6,483	8,995	15,478
December 31, 2011	\$ 6,240	\$ 5,439	\$ 11,679
September 30, 2011	6,542	(13,902)	(7,360)
June 30, 2011	2,994	(5,755)	(2,761)
March 31, 2011	N/A	N/A	N/A

N/A Not applicable, as AIV Holdings did not commence operations until May 19, 2011.

**Note 15. Recent Accounting Standards Updates**

In June 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2013-08, *Financial Services Investment Companies (Topic 946) Amendments to the Scope, Measurement and Disclosure Requirements ("ASU 2013-08")*, which contains new guidance on assessing whether an entity is an investment company, requiring non-controlling ownership interests in investment companies to be measured at fair value and requiring certain additional disclosures. ASU 2013-08 is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2013. The adoption of ASU 2013-08 is not expected to have a material impact on the Companies' financial statements.

**Note 16. Subsequent Events**

On January 27, 2014, NMFC announced that the U.S. Small Business Administration ("SBA") issued a "green light" letter inviting NMFC to continue its application process to obtain a license to form and operate a Small Business Investment Company ("SBIC") subsidiary. If approved, a SBIC license would provide NMFC with an incremental source of attractive long-term capital.

**Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements of  
New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.,  
the Financial Statements of New Mountain Finance Corporation and the Financial Statements  
of New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation (Continued)**

**December 31, 2013**

**(in thousands, except units/shares and per unit/share data)**

**Note 16. Subsequent Events (Continued)**

Receipt of a green light letter from the SBA does not assure an applicant that the SBA will ultimately issue an SBIC license, and NMFC has received no assurance or indication from the SBA that it will receive a SBIC license, or of the timeframe in which it would receive a license, should one ultimately be granted.

On February 3, 2014, NMFC completed an underwritten secondary public offering of 2,325,000 shares of its common stock on behalf of a selling stockholder, AIV Holdings, at a public offering price of \$14.70 per share. In connection with the underwritten secondary public offering, the underwriters purchased an additional 346,938 shares of NMFC's common stock from AIV Holdings with the exercise of the over-allotment option to purchase up to an additional 346,938 shares of common stock. NMFC did not receive any proceeds from the sale of shares of NMFC's common stock by AIV Holdings. The Operating Company and NMFC did not bear any expenses in connection with this offering. The offering expenses were borne by the selling stockholder, AIV Holdings. As of February 3, 2014, AIV Holdings no longer owns any units of the Operating Company and NMFC owns 100.0% of the outstanding units of the Operating Company. As a result, the Companies' current organizational structure may be collapsed or simplified in the future.

On March 4, 2014, the Operating Company's board of directors, and subsequently NMFC's board of directors, declared a first quarter 2014 distribution of \$0.34 per unit/share payable on March 31, 2014 to holders of record as of March 17, 2014.

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**\$150,000,000**

**New Mountain Finance Corporation**

**Common Stock  
Preferred Stock  
Subscription Rights  
Warrants  
Debt Securities**

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**PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS**

**, 2014**

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**PART C**  
**Other Information**

**Item 25. Financial Statements And Exhibits**

(1)

*Financial Statements*

The following financial statements of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., formerly known as New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C. ("NMF Holdings"), New Mountain Finance Corporation ("NMFC") and New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation ("AIV Holdings") are included in Part C of this Registration Statement. NMF Holdings is the sole investment of NMFC and of AIV Holdings.

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### *Exhibits*

- (a)(1) Certificate of Incorporation of New Mountain Guardian Corporation(2)
- (a)(2) Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation of New Mountain Guardian Corporation changing its name to New Mountain Finance Corporation(1)
- (a)(3) Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of New Mountain Finance Corporation(3)
- (a)(4) Certificate of Formation of New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C.(1)
- (a)(5) Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Formation of New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C. changing its name to New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.(4)
- (a)(6) Certificate of Change of Registered Agent and/or Registered Office of New Mountain Finance Corporation(5)
- (b)(1) Bylaws of New Mountain Finance Corporation(2)
- (b)(2) Amended and Restated Bylaws of New Mountain Finance Corporation(3)
- (b)(3) Second Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.(21)
- (b)(4) Form of Second Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C.(1)
- (d)(1) Form of Stock Certificate of New Mountain Finance Corporation(1)
- (d)(2) Form of Indenture(16)
- (d)(3) Indenture by and between New Mountain Finance Corporation, as Issuer, and U.S. National Bank Association, as Trustee, dated June 3, 2014(22)
- (d)(4) Form of Global Note 5.00% Convertible Senior Note Due 2019 (included as part of Exhibit (d)(3))(22)
- (e) Dividend Reinvestment Plan(3)
- (f)(1) Letter Agreement relating to entry into Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement by and among New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., as Borrower and Collateral Administrator, each of the lenders thereto, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Collateral Custodian.(1)
- (f)(2) Form of Variable Funding Note of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., as the Borrower(1)
- (f)(3) Form of Amended and Restated Account Control Agreement, among New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., Wells Fargo Securities, LLC as the Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Securities Intermediary(1)
- (f)(4) First Amendment to Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement between New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., as Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Lender(6)
- (f)(5) Second Amendment to Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement between New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., as Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Lender(6)

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- (f)(6) Third Amendment to Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement between New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., as Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities LLC, As Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Lender(6)
- (f)(7) Sixth Amendment to Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement between New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., as Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Lender(9)
- (f)(8) Seventh Amendment to Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement between New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., as Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Collateral Custodian(10)
- (f)(9) Eighth Amendment to Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement between New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., as Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Collateral Custodian(11)
- (f)(10) Ninth Amendment to Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement between New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., as Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Collateral Custodian(12)
- (f)(11) Tenth Amendment to Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement between New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., as Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Collateral Custodian(14)
- (f)(12) Eleventh Amendment to Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement between New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., as Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Collateral Custodian(15)
- (f)(13) Twelfth Amendment to Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement between New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., as Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Lender and Collateral Custodian(19)
- (f)(14) Thirteenth Amendment to Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement between New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., as Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Lender and Collateral Custodian(21)
- (f)(15) Loan and Security Agreement, by and among New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C., as Collateral Administrator, New Mountain Guardian SPV Funding, L.L.C., as Borrower, each of the lenders party thereto, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Collateral Custodian(1)
- (f)(16) First Amendment to Loan and Security Agreement between New Mountain Guardian SPV Funding, L.L.C., as Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Lender(1)
- (f)(17) Second Amendment to Loan and Security Agreement between New Mountain Guardian SPV Funding, L.L.C., as Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Lender(1)

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- (f)(18) Third Amendment to Loan and Security Agreement between New Mountain Guardian SPV Funding, L.L.C., as Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Lender(6)
- (f)(19) Fourth Amendment to Loan and Security Agreement between New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C., as Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Lender(6)
- (f)(20) Fifth Amendment to Loan and Security Agreement between New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C., as Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Lender(6)
- (f)(21) Ninth Amendment to Loan and Security Agreement between New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C., as Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Lender(9)
- (f)(22) Tenth Amendment to Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement between New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C., as Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Lender(10)
- (f)(23) Eleventh Amendment to Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement between New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C., as Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Lender(11)
- (f)(24) Twelfth Amendment to Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement between New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C. , as Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Lender(13)
- (f)(25) Thirteenth Amendment to Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement between New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C. , as Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Lender(21)
- (f)(26) Account Control Agreement, by and between New Mountain Guardian SPV Funding, L.L.C., as Pledgor, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as Administrative Agent on behalf of the Secured Parties, and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Securities Intermediary.(1)
- (f)(27) Variable Funding Note of New Mountain Guardian SPV Funding, L.L.C., as the Borrower.(1)
- (f)(28) Form of Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, by and between New Mountain Finance Corporation, as Borrower, and Goldman Sachs Bank USA, as Administrative Agent and Syndication Agent, dated June 4, 2014.(23)
- (f)(29) Form of Guarantee and Security Agreement dated June 4, 2014, among New Mountain Finance Corporation, as Borrower, and Goldman Sachs Bank USA, as Administrative Agent.(23)
- (g) Investment Advisory and Management Agreement by and between New Mountain Finance Corporation and New Mountain Finance Advisers BDC, LLC(21)
- (h) Form of Underwriting Agreement(8)
- (j)(1) Form of Safekeeping Agreement among New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., Wells Fargo Securities, LLC as the Administrative Agent and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Safekeeping Agent(1)
- (j)(2) Custody Agreement by and between New Mountain Finance Corporation and U.S. Bank National Association(20)
- (k)(1) Amended and Restated Administration Agreement(6)

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- (k)(2) Form of Trademark License Agreement(1)
  - (k)(3) Amendment No. 1 to Trademark License Agreement(6)
  - (k)(4) Form of Registration Rights Agreement(1)
  - (k)(5) Form of Indemnification Agreement by and between New Mountain Finance Corporation and each director(1)
  - (k)(6) Form of Indemnification Agreement by and between New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. and each director(1)
  - (k)(7) Form of Letter Agreement relating to Lock-Up Period by and among New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. and New Mountain Finance Advisers BDC, L.L.C.(1)
  - (l)(1) Opinion of Sutherland Asbill & Brennan LLP\*
  - (n)(1) Consent of Sutherland Asbill & Brennan LLP (incorporated by reference to exhibit (l)(1) hereto)\*
  - (n)(2) Consent of Deloitte & Touche LLP
  - (n)(3) Report of Deloitte & Touche LLP(17)
  - (n)(4) Awareness Letter of Deloitte & Touche LLP
  - (n)(5) Report of Deloitte & Touche LLP
  - (r) Code of Ethics(1)
  - 99.1 Form of Prospectus Supplement for Common Stock Offerings(8)
  - 99.2 Form of Prospectus Supplement for Preferred Stock Offerings(16)
  - 99.3 Form of Prospectus Supplement for Rights Offerings(16)
  - 99.4 Form of Prospectus Supplement for Warrants Offerings(16)
  - 99.5 Form of Prospectus Supplement for Debt Securities Offerings(16)
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\*

To be filed by pre-effective amendment

- (1) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's registration statement on Form N-2 Pre-Effective Amendment No. 3 (File Nos. 333-168280 and 333-172503) filed on May 9, 2011.
- (2) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's registration statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-168280) filed on July 22, 2010.
- (3) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed on August 11, 2011.
- (4) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.'s quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed on August 11, 2011.
- (5) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation and New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation report on Form 8-K filed on August 25, 2011.
- (6)

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Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed on November 14, 2011.

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- (7) Previously filed as Annex A to New Mountain Finance Corporation's definitive proxy statement on Schedule 14A filed on March 28, 2012.
- (8) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's registration statement on Form N-2 Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 (File Nos. 333-180689 and 333-180690) filed on July 10, 2012.
- (9) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed on May 8, 2012.
- (10) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed on August 8, 2012.
- (11) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's report on Form 8-K filed on December 21, 2012.
- (12) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.'s report on Form 8-K filed on April 1, 2013.
- (13) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.'s report on Form 8-K filed on March 13, 2013.
- (14) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.'s report on Form 8-K filed on June 26, 2013.
- (15) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.'s report on Form 8-K filed on October 29, 2013.
- (16) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's registration statement on Form N-2 Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 (File Nos. 333-189706 and 333-189707) filed on November 20, 2013.
- (17) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's registration statement on Form N-2 Pre-Effective Amendment No. 2 (File Nos. 333-189706 and 333-189707) filed on December 6, 2013.
- (18) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's registration statement on Form N-2 Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 (File Nos. 333-189706 and 333-189707) filed on January 29, 2014.
- (19) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.'s report on Form 8-K filed on March 25, 2014.
- (20) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's registration statement on Form N-2 Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 (File Nos. 333-189706 and 333-189707) filed on April 11, 2014.
- (21) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's report on Form 8-K filed on May 8, 2014.
- (22) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's report on Form 8-K filed on June 4, 2014.
- (23) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's report on Form 8-K filed on June 10, 2014.

**Item 26. Marketing Arrangements**

The information contained under the heading "Plan of Distribution" in this Registration Statement is incorporated herein by reference.

**Item 27. Other Expenses Of Issuance And Distribution**

SEC registration fee	\$ 19,320
FINRA filing fee	\$ 23,000
New York Stock Exchange listing fee	\$ 40,000
Accounting fees and expenses	\$ 170,000
Legal fees and expenses	\$ 400,000
Printing and engraving	\$ 185,000
Miscellaneous fees and expenses	\$ 5,000

Total \$ 842,320

Note: All listed amounts, except the SEC registration fee and the FINRA filing fee, are estimates.

**Item 28. Persons Controlled By Or Under Common Control**

The following list sets forth each of NMFC's subsidiaries, the state under whose laws the subsidiary is organized and the voting securities owned by NMFC, directly or indirectly, in such subsidiary:

New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. (Delaware)	100.0%
New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C. (Delaware)	100.0%
NMF Ancora Holdings, Inc. (Delaware)	100.0%
NMF YP Holdings, Inc. (Delaware)	100.0%
New Mountain Finance Servicing, L.L.C. (Delaware)	100.0%
New Mountain Finance SBIC G.P., L.L.C. (Delaware)	100.0%
New Mountain Finance SBIC, L.P. (Delaware)	100.0%

Each of NMFC's subsidiaries is consolidated with NMFC for financial reporting purposes.

In addition, we may be deemed to control certain portfolio companies. See "Portfolio Companies" in the prospectus.

**Item 29. Number Of Holders Of Securities**

The following table sets forth the number of record holders of NMFC's common stock as of June 20, 2014.

Title of Class	Number of Record Holders
Common stock, \$0.01 par value	26

**Item 30. Indemnification**

Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law empowers a Delaware corporation to indemnify its officers and directors and specific other persons to the extent and under the circumstances set forth therein.



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Section 102(b)(7) of the Delaware General Corporation Law allows a Delaware corporation to eliminate the personal liability of a director to the corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except for liabilities arising (a) from any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the corporation or its stockholders; (b) from acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law; (c) under Section 174 of the Delaware General Corporation Law; or (d) from any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit.

Subject to the 1940 Act or any valid rule, regulation or order of the SEC thereunder, NMFC's amended and restated bylaws provide that it will indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened action, suit or proceeding whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, by reason of the fact that he or she is or was a director or officer of NMFC, or is or was serving at the request of NMFC as a director or officer of another corporation, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, in accordance with provisions corresponding to Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law. The 1940 Act provides that a company may not indemnify any director or officer against liability to it or its security holders to which he or she might otherwise be subject by reason of his or her willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of his or her office unless a determination is made by final decision of a court, by vote of a majority of a quorum of directors who are disinterested, non-party directors or by independent legal counsel that the liability for which indemnification is sought did not arise out of the foregoing conduct. In addition, NMFC's amended and restated bylaws provide that the indemnification described therein is not exclusive and shall not exclude any other rights to which the person seeking to be indemnified may be entitled under statute, any bylaw, agreement, vote of stockholders or directors who are not interested persons, or otherwise, both as to action in his or her official capacity and to his or her action in another capacity while holding such office.

The above discussion of Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law and NMFC's amended and restated bylaws is not intended to be exhaustive and is respectively qualified in its entirety by such statute and NMFC's amended and restated bylaws.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the Registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the Registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the Registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the Registrant in the successful defense of any action suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the Registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

The Registrant has obtained primary and excess insurance policies insuring our directors and officers against some liabilities they may incur in their capacity as directors and officers. Under such policies, the insurer, on the Registrant's behalf, may also pay amounts for which the Registrant has granted indemnification to the directors or officers.

The Investment Management Agreement provides that, absent willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence in the performance of its duties or by reason of the reckless disregard of its duties and obligations, New Mountain Finance Advisers BDC, L.L.C., or the Investment Adviser, and its officers, managers, agents, employees, controlling persons, members (or their owners) and any other person or

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entity affiliated with it are entitled to indemnification from NMFC for any damages, liabilities, costs and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees and amounts reasonably paid in settlement) arising from the rendering of the Investment Adviser's services under the Investment Management Agreement or otherwise as an investment adviser of NMFC.

The Administration Agreement provides that, absent willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence in the performance of their respective duties or by reason of the reckless disregard of their respective duties and obligations, New Mountain Finance Administration, L.L.C. and its officers, managers, agents, employees, controlling persons, members and any other person or entity affiliated with it are entitled to indemnification from the Registrant for any damages, liabilities, costs and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees and amounts reasonably paid in settlement) arising from the rendering of services under the Administration Agreement or otherwise as administrator for the Registrant.

### **Item 31. Business And Other Connections Of Investment Adviser**

A description of any other business, profession, vocation, or employment of a substantial nature in which the Investment Adviser, and each director or executive officer of the Investment Adviser, is or has been during the past two fiscal years, engaged in for his or her own account or in the capacity of director, officer, employee, partner or trustee, is set forth in Part A of this Registration Statement in the sections entitled "Management Biographical Information Directors", "Portfolio Management Investment Personnel", "Management Biographical Information Executive Officers Who Are Not Directors" and "Investment Management Agreement". Additional information regarding the Investment Adviser and its officers and directors is set forth in its Form ADV, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC File No. 801-71948), and is incorporated herein by reference.

### **Item 32. Location Of Accounts And Records**

All accounts, books and other documents required to be maintained by Section 31(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, and the rules thereunder are maintained at the offices of:

- (1) the Registrant, New Mountain Finance Corporation, 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019;
- (2) the Transfer Agent, American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC, 6201 15th Avenue, Brooklyn, New York 11219;
- (3) the Safekeeping Agent, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, 9062 Old Annapolis Road, Columbia, Maryland 21045;
- (4) the Custodian, U.S. Bank National Association, One Federal Street, 3rd Floor, Boston, Massachusetts 02110;
- (5) the Investment Adviser, New Mountain Finance Advisers BDC, L.L.C., 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019; and
- (6) the Administrator, New Mountain Finance Administration, L.L.C., 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019.

### **Item 33. Management Services**

Not Applicable.

**Item 34. Undertakings**

- (1) Registrant undertakes to suspend the offering of the shares of common stock covered hereby until it amends its prospectus contained herein if (a) subsequent to the effective date of this Registration Statement, its net asset value per share of common stock declines more than 10.0% from its net asset value per share of common stock as of the effective date of this Registration Statement, or (b) its net asset value per share of common stock increases to an amount greater than its net proceeds as stated in the prospectus contained herein.
- (2) Not applicable.
- (3) Registrant undertakes in the event that the securities being registered are to be offered to existing stockholders pursuant to warrants or rights, and any securities not taken by shareholders are to be reoffered to the public, to supplement the prospectus, after the expiration of the subscription period, to set forth the results of the subscription offer, the transactions by the underwriters during the subscription period, the amount of unsubscribed securities to be purchased by underwriters, and the terms of any subsequent underwriting thereof. Registrant further undertakes that if any public offering by the underwriters of the securities being registered is to be made on terms differing from those set forth on the cover page of the prospectus, the Registrant shall file a post-effective amendment to set forth the terms of such offering.
- (4) The Registrant hereby undertakes:
  - (a) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to the registration statement:
    - (i) to include any prospectus required by Section 10(a)(3) of the 1933 Act;
    - (ii) to reflect in the prospectus any facts or events after the effective date of the registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in the registration statement; and
    - (iii) to include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the registration statement or any material change to such information in the registration statement.
  - (b) That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the 1933 Act, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered herein, and the offering of those securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof; and
  - (c) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering; and
  - (d) That, for the purpose of determining liability under the 1933 Act to any purchaser, if the Registrant is subject to Rule 430C: Each prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 497(b), (c), (d) or (e) under the 1933 Act as part of a registration statement relating to an offering, other than prospectuses filed in reliance on Rule 430A under the 1933 Act, shall be deemed to be part of and included in the registration statement as of the date it is first used after effectiveness; Provided, however, that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement or made in a document incorporated or deemed incorporated by reference into the registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such first use, supersede or modify any statement that was made



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in the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or made in any such document immediately prior to such date of first use.

- (e) That, for the purpose of determining liability of the Registrant under the 1933 Act to any purchaser in the initial distribution of securities, the undersigned Registrant undertakes that in a primary offering of securities of the undersigned Registrant pursuant to this registration statement, regardless of the underwriting method used to sell the securities to the purchaser, if the securities are offered or sold to such purchaser by means of any of the following communications, the undersigned Registrant will be a seller to the purchaser and will be considered to offer or sell such securities to the purchaser:
- (i) any preliminary prospectus or prospectus of the undersigned Registrant relating to the offering required to be filed pursuant to Rule 497 under the 1933 Act;
  - (ii) the portion of any advertisement pursuant to Rule 482 under the 1933 Act relating to the offering containing material information about the undersigned Registrant or its securities provided by or on behalf of the undersigned Registrant; and
  - (iii) any other communication that is an offer in the offering made by the undersigned Registrant to the purchaser.
- (f) To file a post-effective amendment to the registration statement, and to suspend any offers or sales pursuant the registration statement until such post-effective amendment has been declared effective under the 1933 Act, in the event the shares of the Registrant is trading below its net asset value and either (i) Registrant receives, or has been advised by its independent registered accounting firm that it will receive, an audit report reflecting substantial doubt regarding the Registrant's ability to continue as a going concern or (ii) Registrant has concluded that a material adverse change has occurred in its financial position or results of operations that has caused the financial statements and other disclosures on the basis of which the offering would be made to be materially misleading.
- (5) (a) For the purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of a registration statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in the form of prospectus filed by the Registrant under Rule 497 (h) under the Securities Act of 1933 shall be deemed to be part of the Registration Statement as of the time it was declared effective.
- (b) For the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of the securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.
- (6) The Registrant undertakes to send by first class mail or other means designed to ensure equally prompt delivery within two business days of receipt of a written or oral request, any Statement of Additional Information.



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Signature

Title

/s/ ALFRED F. HURLEY JR.

Director

Alfred F. Hurley Jr.

/s/ DAVID R. MALPASS

Director

David R. Malpass

/s/ DAVID OGENS

Director

David Ogens

/s/ KURT J. WOLFGRUBER

Director

Kurt J. Wolfgruber

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