

VERAMARK TECHNOLOGIES INC

Form 10-Q

November 12, 2009

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**FORM 10-Q  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

**Quarterly Report Under Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**  
**or**  
 **Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**  
**For Quarter Ended September 30, 2009**  
**Commission File Number 0-13898**  
**Veramark Technologies, Inc.**  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

16-1192368

(State or other jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

(IRS Employer Identification Number)

3750 Monroe Avenue, Pittsford, NY 14534  
(Address of principal executive offices)(Zip Code)  
(585) 381-6000  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES  NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES  NO

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller Reporting Company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). YES  NO

The number of shares of Common Stock, \$.10 par value, outstanding on September 30, 2009 was 9,913,731.

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**Table of Contents****PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION****VERAMARK TECHNOLOGIES, INC.  
CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS**

|  | (Unaudited)<br>September 30,<br>2009 | December 31,<br>2008 |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>  |                                      |                      |
| CURRENT ASSETS:  |                                      |                      |
| Cash and cash equivalents  | \$ 612,231                           | \$ 1,014,669         |
| Short-term Investments   | 445,154                              | 982,331              |
| Accounts receivable, trade (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$21,000 and \$30,000, respectively) | 1,148,064                            | 1,047,527            |
| Inventories, net   | 25,231                               | 35,055               |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets  | 438,321                              | 244,511              |
| Total Current Assets   | 2,669,001                            | 3,324,093            |
| PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT   |                                      |                      |
| Cost   | 3,535,043                            | 3,862,879            |
| Less accumulated depreciation  | (3,176,612)                          | (3,406,882)          |
| Property and Equipment (Net)   | 358,431                              | 455,997              |
| OTHER ASSETS:  |                                      |                      |
| Software development costs (net of accumulated amortization of \$2,958,639 and \$3,332,886, respectively)  | 2,896,932                            | 2,719,787            |
| Pension assets   | 2,875,354                            | 3,160,639            |
| Deposits and other assets  | 995,766                              | 905,761              |
| Total Other Assets   | 6,768,052                            | 6,786,187            |
| TOTAL ASSETS   | \$ 9,795,484                         | \$ 10,566,277        |

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.*

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**VERAMARK TECHNOLOGIES, INC.  
CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS**

|  | <b>(Unaudited)<br/>September 30,<br/>2009</b> | <b>December 31,<br/>2008</b> |
|--|---|------------------------------|
| <b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY</b>   |   |                              |
| <b>CURRENT LIABILITIES:</b>  |   |                              |
| Accounts payable   | \$ 468,016                                    | \$ 270,842                   |
| Accrued compensation and related taxes   | 553,686                                       | 466,150                      |
| Deferred revenue   | 3,615,028                                     | 3,746,488                    |
| Current portion of pension obligation  | 502,059                                       | 486,059                      |
| Other accrued liabilities  | 86,676  | 94,954                       |
| <br>   |   |                              |
| Total Current Liabilities  | 5,225,465                                     | 5,064,493                    |
| <br>   |   |                              |
| Pension obligation   | 4,800,149                                     | 5,000,010                    |
| <br>   |   |                              |
| Total Liabilities  | 10,025,614                                    | 10,064,503                   |
| <br>   |   |                              |
| <b>STOCKHOLDERS (DEFICIT) EQUITY:</b>  |   |                              |
| Common Stock, par value \$.10; shares authorized, 40,000,000; shares issued and outstanding, 9,993,956 and 9,852,954 | 999,396                                       | 985,295                      |
| Additional paid-in capital   | 22,363,118                                    | 22,293,688                   |
| Accumulated deficit  | (23,111,572)                                  | (22,039,196)                 |
| Treasury stock (80,225 shares, at cost)  | (385,757)                                     | (385,757)                    |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income   | (95,315)                                      | (352,256)                    |
| <br>   |   |                              |
| Total Stockholders (Deficit) Equity  | (230,130)                                     | 501,774                      |
| <br>   |   |                              |
| <b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY</b>   | <b>\$ 9,795,484</b>                           | <b>\$ 10,566,277</b>         |

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.*

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**VERAMARK TECHNOLOGIES, INC.**  
**CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)**

|                                      | <b>Three Months Ended</b> |             | <b>Nine Months Ended</b> |              |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|--------------|
|                                      | <b>September 30,</b>      |             | <b>September 30,</b>     |              |
|                                      | <b>2009</b>               | <b>2008</b> | <b>2009</b>              | <b>2008</b>  |
| NET SALES                            |                           |             |                          |              |
| Product sales                        | \$ 382,445                | \$ 777,691  | \$ 1,232,973             | \$ 1,931,852 |
| Service sales                        | 2,128,070                 | 1,946,605   | 6,279,611                | 6,002,373    |
| Total Net Sales                      | 2,510,515                 | 2,724,296   | 7,512,584                | 7,934,225    |
| <br>                                 |                           |             |                          |              |
| COSTS AND OPERATING EXPENSES:        |                           |             |                          |              |
| Cost of sales                        | 720,212                   | 721,239     | 2,042,082                | 2,144,146    |
| Engineering and software development | 220,571                   | 385,836     | 793,735                  | 1,017,937    |
| Selling, general and administrative  | 1,936,556                 | 1,682,512   | 5,759,288                | 5,325,415    |
| Total Costs and Operating Expenses   | 2,877,339                 | 2,789,587   | 8,595,105                | 8,487,498    |
| LOSS FROM OPERATIONS                 | (366,824)                 | (65,291)    | (1,082,521)              | (553,273)    |
| NET INTEREST INCOME                  | 16,499                    | 29,032      | 10,145                   | 63,178       |
| LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAXES             | (350,325)                 | (36,259)    | (1,072,376)              | (490,095)    |
| INCOME TAXES                         |                           |             |                          |              |
| NET LOSS                             | \$ (350,325)              | \$ (36,259) | \$ (1,072,376)           | \$ (490,095) |
| NET LOSS PER SHARE                   |                           |             |                          |              |
| Basic                                | \$ (0.04)                 | \$ 0.00     | \$ (0.11)                | \$ (0.05)    |
| Diluted                              | \$ (0.04)                 | \$ 0.00     | \$ (0.11)                | \$ (0.05)    |

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.*

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**VERAMARK TECHNOLOGIES, INC.**  
**CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)**

|  | <b>Nine Months Ended</b> |                  |
|--|--------------------------|------------------|
|  | <b>September 30,</b>     |                  |
|  | <b>2009</b>              | <b>2008</b>      |
| <b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>   |                          |                  |
| Net Loss   | \$ (1,072,376)           | \$ (490,095)     |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash flows provided by operating activities |                          |                  |
| Depreciation and amortization  | 1,096,417                | 1,067,467        |
| Bad debt expense (recovery)  | (7,738)                  | 11,333           |
| Share based compensation expense   | 69,250                   | 76,882           |
| Pension assets   | (24,715)                 | 4,015            |
| Loss on disposal of fixed assets   | 1,096                    | 17,623           |
| Unrealized gain on sale of investments   | (6,376)                  | (29,879)         |
| <br>   |                          |                  |
| Changes in assets and liabilities  |                          |                  |
| Accounts receivable  | (92,799)                 | (41,329)         |
| Inventories  | 9,824                    | (8,099)          |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets  | (193,810)                | (91,911)         |
| Deposits and other assets  | (90,005)                 | (75,005)         |
| Accounts payable   | 197,174                  | (51,160)         |
| Accrued compensation and related taxes   | 87,536                   | (344,943)        |
| Deferred revenue   | (131,460)                | 258,758          |
| Other accrued liabilities  | (8,278)                  | (106,062)        |
| Pension obligation   | 79,456                   | (134,234)        |
| <br>   |                          |                  |
| Net cash flows provided (used) by operating activities                               | (86,804)                 | 63,361           |
| <br>   |                          |                  |
| <b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>   |                          |                  |
| Sale of investments  | 537,177                  | 493,290          |
| Capitalized software development costs   | (1,040,423)              | (635,488)        |
| Additions to property and equipment  | (136,669)                | (151,485)        |
| <br>   |                          |                  |
| Net cash flows used by investing activities:   | (639,915)                | (293,683)        |
| <br>   |                          |                  |
| <b>FINANCING ACTIVITY:</b>   |                          |                  |
| Transfer of Cash Surrender Values  | 310,000                  |                  |
| Exercise of stock options  |                          | 57,150           |
| Proceeds from employee stock purchase plan   | 14,281                   | 11,743           |
| <br>   |                          |                  |
| Net cash flows provided by financing activities                                      | 324,281                  | 68,893           |
| <br>   |                          |                  |
| <b>NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>                                     | <b>(402,438)</b>         | <b>(161,429)</b> |
| <br>   |                          |                  |
| <b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD</b>                                | <b>1,014,669</b>         | <b>713,342</b>   |

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|  |            |            |
|--|------------|------------|
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD | \$ 612,231 | \$ 551,913 |
|--|------------|------------|

SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Cash Transactions:

|                        |          |           |
|------------------------|----------|-----------|
| Income taxes paid, net | \$ 4,350 | \$ 13,129 |
|------------------------|----------|-----------|

|               |          |        |
|---------------|----------|--------|
| Interest paid | \$ 1,462 | \$ 553 |
|---------------|----------|--------|

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.*



**Table of Contents****NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Unaudited)

**(1) GENERAL**

The accompanying unaudited financial statements include all adjustments of a normal and recurring nature which, in the opinion of Company's management, are necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position as of September 30, 2009, the results of its operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, and cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. These condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K to the Securities and Exchange Commission for the year ended December 31, 2008.

The results of operations and cash flows for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year's operation.

**(2) PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

The major classifications of property and equipment at September 30, 2009, and December 31, 2008 were:

|                                | <b>September 30,<br/>2009</b> | <b>December 31,<br/>2008</b> |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Machinery and equipment        | \$ 125,607                    | \$ 128,390                   |
| Computer hardware and software | 1,170,506                     | 1,224,343                    |
| Furniture and fixtures         | 853,133                       | 1,124,349                    |
| Leasehold improvements         | 1,385,797                     | 1,385,797                    |
|                                | <b>\$ 3,535,043</b>           | <b>\$ 3,862,879</b>          |

For the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Company recorded depreciation expense of \$233,139.

Depreciation expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 was \$215,783.

**(3) STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION**

The Company's share-based compensation consists of restricted stock and stock options, generally vesting over periods ranging from one to four years. For the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Company awarded restricted stock grants totaling 107,000 shares vesting over three years, and 40,000 stock options vesting over four years. During the first nine months of 2008 the Company awarded 470,000 restricted shares, and 140,500 stock options.

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A summary of the status of the Company's stock option plan as of September 30, 2009 is presented below:

|   | Shares    | Average<br>Exercise<br>Price | Average<br>Grant-Date<br>Fair Value | Remaining<br>Contractual<br>Term (Yrs) | Intrinsic<br>Value |
|---|-----------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------|
| Outstanding as of December 31, 2008       | 1,899,583 | \$ 1.28                      | \$ 1.07                             | 4.7                                    | \$ 344,300         |
| Granted                                   | 40,000    | \$ 0.40                      |                                     |  |                    |
| Exercised                                 |           |                              |                                     |  |                    |
| Canceled                                  | (133,040) | 5.76                         |                                     |  | (134,934)          |
| Outstanding as of September 30, 2009      | 1,806,543 | \$ 0.93                      | \$ 0.84                             | 4.4                                    | \$ 209,366         |
| Options exercisable at September 30, 2009 | 1,679,293 | \$ 0.96                      | \$ 0.87                             | 4.0                                    | \$ 209,366         |

As of September 30, 2009, there was \$37,755 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock options granted under the Plan and \$154,832 of unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested restricted stock grants. The compensation cost for stock options will be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.3 years. The compensation costs of restricted stock will be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.0 years.

**(4) TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)**

Total comprehensive income (loss) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 were as follows:

|   | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>September 30,</b> |             | <b>Nine Months Ended<br/>September 30,</b> |              |
|---|---|-------------|--|--------------|
|   | <b>2009</b>                                 | <b>2008</b> | <b>2009</b>                                | <b>2008</b>  |
| Net loss                                      | \$ (350,325)                                | \$ (36,259) | \$ (1,072,376)                             | \$ (490,095) |
| Reclassification to net periodic benefit cost |   | 22,122      |  | 66,367       |
| Unrealized change pension                     | 80,000                                      | (36,247)    | 263,317                                    | (108,741)    |
| Unrealized change on investments              | (6,605)                                     | (36,947)    | (6,376)                                    | (29,879)     |
| Total comprehensive loss                      | \$ (276,930)                                | \$ (87,331) | \$ (815,435)                               | \$ (562,348) |

**(5) NET INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE (EPS)**

ASC 260-10 (SFAS 128) Earnings Per Share as amended in September 2009, requires the Company to calculate net income (loss) per share based on basic and diluted net income (loss) per share, as defined. Basic EPS excludes dilution and is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock. The dilutive effect of outstanding options issued by the Company are reflected in diluted EPS using the treasury stock method. Under the treasury stock method, options will only have a dilutive effect when the average market price of common stock during the period exceeds the exercise price of the options.

**Table of Contents****Calculations of Earnings (Loss) Per Share**

|   | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>September 30,</b> |             | <b>Nine Months Ended<br/>September 30,</b> |              |
|---|---|-------------|--|--------------|
|   | <b>2009</b>                                 | <b>2008</b> | <b>2009</b>                                | <b>2008</b>  |
| <b>Basic</b>  |   |             |  |              |
| Net Loss  | \$ (350,325)                                | \$ (36,259) | \$ (1,072,376)                             | \$ (490,095) |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding  | 9,913,731                                   | 9,620,814   | 9,855,829                                  | 9,490,905    |
| Net loss per common share   | \$ (0.04)                                   | \$ 0.00     | \$ (0.11)                                  | \$ (0.05)    |
| <b>Diluted</b>  |   |             |  |              |
| Net loss  | \$ (350,325)                                | \$ (36,259) | \$ (1,072,376)                             | \$ (490,095) |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding  | 9,913,731                                   | 9,620,814   | 9,855,829                                  | 9,490,905    |
| Additional dilutive effect of stock options and warrants after application of treasury stock method |   |             |  |              |
| Weighted average dilutive shares outstanding  | 9,913,731                                   | 9,620,814   | 9,855,829                                  | 9,490,905    |
| Net loss per common share assuming full obligation  | \$ (0.04)                                   | \$ 0.00     | \$ (0.11)                                  | \$ (0.05)    |

There were no dilutive effects of stock options for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 or 2008, as the effect would have been anti-dilutive.

**(6) INDEMNIFICATION OF CUSTOMERS**

Our agreements with customers generally require us to indemnify the customer against claims that our software infringes third party patent, copyright, trademark or other proprietary rights. Such indemnification obligations are generally limited in a variety of industry-standard respects, including our right to replace an infringing product. As of September 30, 2009 we had not experienced any material losses related to these indemnification obligations and no material claims with respect thereto were outstanding. We do not expect significant claims related to these indemnification obligations, and consequently, we have not established any related reserves.

**(7) BENEFIT PLANS**

The Company sponsors an employee incentive savings plan under Section 401(k) for all eligible employees. The Company's contributions to the plan are discretionary. During the first nine months of 2009, the Company contributed \$23,868 to employees' 401k accounts. There were no contributions to the plan during the first nine months of 2008.

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The Company also sponsors an unfunded Supplemental Executive Retirement Program ( SERP ), which is a non-qualified plan that provides certain key employees defined pension benefits. Periodic pension expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 consists of the following:

|                                    | Three Months Ended |             | Nine Months Ended |             |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------|
|                                    | September 30,      |             | September 30,     |             |
|                                    | 2009               | 2008        | 2009              | 2008        |
| Current Service Cost               |                    | \$ (38,063) |                   | \$ (13,355) |
| Amortization of Prior Service Cost |                    | 22,122      |                   | 66,367      |
| Interest Cost                      | 130,000            | 82,688      | 176,683           | 248,064     |
| Unrealized change                  | 80,000             | (36,247)    | 263,317           | (108,741)   |
| Pension Expense                    | \$ 210,000         | \$ 30,500   | \$ 440,000        | \$ 192,335  |

The Company paid pension obligations of \$360,544 for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and \$326,569 for the nine months ended September 30, 2008.

The discount rate used in determining the actuarial present value of the projected benefit obligation was 6.0% for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008.

The Company maintains life insurance covering certain key employees under its Supplemental Executive Retirement Program with the Company named as beneficiary. The Company intends to use the death benefits of these policies, as well as loans against the accumulating cash surrender value of the policies, to fund future pension obligations. The total death benefit associated with these policies is \$10.2 million, with an associated accumulated cash surrender value of approximately \$2,875,000 at September 30, 2009. The accumulated cash surrender values of these policies at December 31, 2008 was approximately \$3,161,000.

The projected pension benefits paid or expected to be paid under this plan are as follows, assuming retirement at 65 and a life expectancy of 80 years for all participants:

**Period Ending December 31, Unless Stated Otherwise,**

|             |           |
|-------------|-----------|
| Q4 2009     | 125,515   |
| 2010        | 502,059   |
| 2011        | 471,925   |
| 2012        | 506,918   |
| 2013        | 522,159   |
| 2014 - 2018 | 2,607,898 |

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The Company has a contractual obligation to maintain certain health benefits for two of its former chief executive officers. These benefits are accounted for as Post Retirement Healthcare Benefits, ( PRHB ). Periodic PRHB expensed and paid for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 consists of the following:

|                      | <b>Three Months Ended</b> |             | <b>Nine Months Ended</b> |             |
|----------------------|---------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------|
|                      | <b>September 30,</b>      |             | <b>September 30,</b>     |             |
|                      | <b>2009</b>               | <b>2008</b> | <b>2009</b>              | <b>2008</b> |
| Current Service Cost | \$ 2,005                  | \$ 1,892    | \$ 6,015                 | \$ 5,876    |
| Interest Cost        | 1,408                     | 1,521       | 4,222                    | 4,563       |
| <br>                 |                           |             |                          |             |
| PRHB Expense         | \$ 3,413                  | \$ 3,413    | \$ 10,237                | \$ 10,439   |

The projected PRHB paid or expected to be paid are as follows:

**Period Ending December 31, Unless Stated Otherwise,**

|             |        |
|-------------|--------|
| Q4 2009     | 3,413  |
| 2010        | 13,649 |
| 2011        | 13,649 |
| 2012        | 13,649 |
| 2013        | 13,649 |
| 2014 - 2018 | 36,745 |

**(8) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Subsequent events were evaluated through November 12, 2009, the date the financial statements were issued.

**Table of Contents****Item 2 Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**  
**Results of Operations**

Management's Discussion and Analysis contains statements that are forward-looking. Such statements are identified by the use of words like plans, expects, intends, believes, will, anticipates, estimates and other words having that meaning in conjunction with, among other things, discussions of future operations, financial performance, the Company's strategy for growth, product development, regulatory approvals, market position and expenditures. Forward-looking statements are based on management's expectations as of the date of this report. The Company cannot guarantee that any forward-looking statement will be accurate, although the Company believes that it has been reasonable in its expectations and assumptions. Forward-looking statements are subject to the risks identified in Issues and Risks and elsewhere in this report. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements and are advised to review the risks identified in Issues and Risks and elsewhere in this report. The Company has no obligation to update forward-looking statements.

**Overview**

Revenues of \$2,511,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2009 decreased 8% from revenues of \$2,724,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2008. For the nine months ended September 30, 2009, revenues of \$7,513,000 decreased 5% from revenues of \$7,934,000 for the first nine months of 2008. The net loss of \$350,000, or \$0.04 per share, for the three months ended September 30, 2009, and \$1,072,000, or \$0.11 per share, for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, compare with losses of \$36,000, or \$0.00 per share, and \$490,000, or \$0.05 per share, for the same three and nine month periods of 2008. The third quarter 2009 loss of \$350,000 was an improvement from the loss of \$542,000 incurred for the second quarter of the year.

Orders booked for the quarter ended September 30, 2009 of \$2,794,000 increased 19% from orders booked of \$2,340,000 in the second quarter of 2009. For the nine months ended September 30, 2009, orders booked of \$8,525,000 increased 9% from orders booked for the first nine months of 2008, including a 269% increase in orders for Telecom Expense Management (TEM), Business Process Outsourcing (BPO), and SaaS (Software as a Service) offerings. As a result, the value of embedded revenues has grown 15% from approximately \$6.4 million at the end of 2008 to over \$7.4 million at September 30, 2009. Embedded revenues represent the value of orders received for services to be performed in future periods, at which time the associated revenue will be recognized in the Company's Statement of Operations. Embedded revenues consist of TEM, BPO, and SaaS services provided on a monthly basis pursuant to multi-year contracts, in addition to maintenance, training and installation services provided in conjunction with the direct sale of software products.

**Revenues**

Revenues from managed service contracts for TEM, BPO, and SaaS services increased 78% and 35% respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 as compared with the same three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2008. Revenues from the sales of premise based software products and services, the segment of the market most impacted by current economic conditions, decreased 22% for the three months ended September 30, 2009 and 13% for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 from the same three and nine months periods of 2008.

**Gross Margin**

Gross margin (sales less cost of sales) of \$1,790,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2009 decreased 11% from the gross margin of \$2,003,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2008. For the nine months ended September 30, 2009 gross margin of \$5,471,000 decreased 6% from the margin of \$5,790,000 earned for the first nine months of 2008. For both nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, as a percentage of revenues, gross margins remained stable at 73%.

**Table of Contents****Operating Expenses**

Net engineering and software development expenses of \$221,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2009 and \$794,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 decreased 43% and 22%, respectively, from the same three and nine month periods of 2008. The reduction in expense levels result from a higher percentage of software development costs capitalized in 2009 than occurred in 2008. For the first nine months of 2009 we capitalized \$1,040,000 of software developments costs versus \$636,000 of software developments costs for the first nine months of 2008. The chart below summarizes gross expenses for engineering and software developments costs, costs capitalized, and the resulting net engineering and software developments costs included in the Statement of Operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008.

|   | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>September 30,<br/>2009</b> |             | <b>Nine Months Ended<br/>September 30,<br/>2009</b> |              |
|---|--|-------------|---|--------------|
|   | <b>2009</b>  | <b>2008</b> | <b>2009</b>   | <b>2008</b>  |
| Gross expenditures for engineering & software development | \$ 624,000   | \$ 609,000  | \$ 1,834,000  | \$ 1,654,000 |
| Less: Software development costs capitalized              | (403,000)  | (223,000)   | (1,040,000)   | (636,000)    |
| Net expense for engineering and software                  | \$ 221,000   | \$ 386,000  | \$ 794,000  | \$ 1,018,000 |

Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses of \$1,937,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2009 increased 15% from the same quarter of 2008. SG&A expenses of \$5,759,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, increased 8% from the same period of 2008. A major factor in the increased SG&A expenses, for both periods of 2009 as compared with the prior year, was a major realignment of our direct sales force to better position ourselves in the TEM/BPO/SaaS marketplace.

**Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Our total cash position (cash plus short term investments) was \$1,057,000 at September 30, 2009, which compares with \$1,378,000 at June 30, 2009 and \$1,997,000 at December 31, 2008. In addition to the cash availability referenced above, the Company maintains a line of credit arrangement with a local bank for up to \$400,000, as well as access to approximately \$2.9 million of cash surrender values associated with Company-owned life insurance contracts available to augment cash flows should that become necessary. We do not anticipate a requirement to access either the credit line or cash surrender values during the fourth quarter of 2009.

Accounts receivable at September 30, 2009 were \$1,148,000, net of a reserve for bad debts of \$21,000. At December 31, 2008, accounts receivables totaled \$1,047,000, net of a reserve for bad debts of \$30,000. The reduction in bad debt reserve, despite the increase in total receivables, reflects the payment record of our customer base.

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Prepaid expenses and other current assets of \$438,000 at September 30, 2009 increased from \$244,000 at December 31, 2008. The increase results primarily from an increase in prepaid commissions paid our direct sales force on long term managed service contracts, the revenues and commissions costs of which will be recognized in future periods.

Property and equipment, net of depreciation at September 30, 2009 was \$358,000, down 21% from the December 31, 2008 balance of \$456,000. During the first nine months of 2009, we purchased \$137,000 of new capital equipment which compares with \$151,000 of capital purchases for the first nine months of 2008. \$465,000 of obsolete and outdated assets have been retired in 2009, virtually all of which had been fully depreciated.

Capitalized development costs at September 30, 2009 of \$2,897,000, increased 7% from the December 31, 2008 total of \$2,720,000. Software development costs capitalized in 2009 were \$403,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2009 and \$1,040,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2009. Capitalized development costs for the same three and nine months periods of 2008 were \$223,000 and \$636,000, respectively. Amortization expenses associated with completed development projects are charged to cost of sales in the Company's statement of operations. Amortization expenses totaled \$263,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2009 and \$863,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2009. For 2008, amortization expenses were \$302,000 and \$852,000 for the same three and nine month periods.

Pension assets consist of the cash surrender values on a series of company-owned life insurance policies. The cash surrender values, which total \$2,876,000 at September 30, 2009, along with the associated death benefit of those policies, are designed fund future pension obligations. The death benefits attached to those policies totals \$10.2 million and are not included on the Company's balance sheets. As referenced above, the cash surrender values are available to fund current or future operations, if management and the Board of Directors deems appropriate.

Current liabilities of \$5,225,000 at September 30, 2009 increased 3%, or \$161,000 from the December 31, 2008 total of \$5,064,000, as a result of a \$197,000 increase in accounts payable and an \$88,000 increase in accrued compensation. The increase in accounts payable includes telecom bills to be paid in the fourth quarter on behalf of one of our BPO clients. The increase in accrued compensation is due to the timing of the Company's bi-weekly payroll.

As a result of the operating losses incurred for the first three quarters of 2009, stockholders equity at September 30, 2009 declined to a negative \$230,000, from a positive \$502,000 at December 31, 2008.

Despite the decrease in equity, it is management's opinion that given the Company's total cash position, projected operating expense levels, and the absence of debt, sufficient resources exist to fund operations and strategic objectives for the next twelve months and beyond.



**Table of Contents****Accounting Pronouncements**

- 1) In December 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Codification ( ASC ) 805-10, formerly Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ( SFAS ) No. 141(R), Business Combinations . ASC 805-10 establishes principles and requirements for how the acquirer recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree, recognizes and measures the goodwill acquired in the business combination or a gain from a bargain purchase, and determines what information to disclose to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. ASC 805-10 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning on or after December 15, 2008. As such, the Company adopted these provisions at the beginning of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2009. Adoption of ASC 805-10 did not have a material effect on the Company s financial statements.
- 2) In December 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASC 810-10, formerly SFAS No. 160, Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements, an amendment of ARB No. 51 . ASC 810-10 establishes accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. SFAS 160 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning on or after December 15, 2008. As such, the Company adopted these provisions at the beginning of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2009. Adoption of ASC 810-10 did not have a material effect on the Company s financial statements.
- 3) In March 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASC 815-10, formerly ( SFAS ) No. 161, *Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133* . ASC 815-10 requires enhanced disclosures about an entity s derivative and hedging activities. ASC 815-10 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008 with early application encouraged. As such, the Company adopted these provisions at the beginning of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009. Adoption of ASC 815-10 did not have a material effect on the Company s financial statements.
- 4) In May 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASC 944, formerly SFAS No. 163, *Accounting for Financial Guarantee Insurance Contracts an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 60* ( SFAS 163 ). ASC 944 interprets Statement 60 and amends existing accounting pronouncements to clarify their application to the financial guarantee insurance contracts included within the scope of that Statement. ASC 944 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, and all interim periods within those fiscal years. As such, the Company adopted these provisions at the beginning of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009. Adoption of ASC 944 did not have a material effect on the Company s financial statements.
- 5) In June 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASC 260-10, formerly FASB Staff Position (FSP) EITF 03-6-1, *Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions are Participating Securities* . ASC 260-10 clarifies that share-based payment awards that entitle their holders to receive nonforfeitable dividends or dividend equivalents before vesting should be considered participating securities. We have granted and expect to continue to grant restricted stock that contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends and will be considered participating securities upon adoption of ASC 260-10. As participating securities, we will be required to include these instruments in the calculation of our basic earnings per share ( EPS ), and we will need to calculate basic EPS using the two-class method. Restricted stock is currently included in our dilutive EPS calculation using the treasury stock method. The two-class method of computing EPS is an earnings allocation formula that determines EPS for each class of common stock and participating security according to dividends declared (or accumulated) and participation rights in undistributed earnings. ASC 260-10 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, and all interim periods within those fiscal years. As such, the Company adopted these provisions at the beginning of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009. Adoption of ASC 260-10 did not have a material effect on the Company s financial statements.



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- 6) In December 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASC 715-20, formerly FASB Staff Position (FSP) SFAS 132(R)-1, *Employer's Disclosures about Postretirement Benefit Plan Assets*, ( FSP SFAS 132(R)-1 ). ASC 715-20 requires additional disclosures about assets held in an employer's defined benefit pension or other postretirement plan. ASC 715-20 is effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2009. As such, the Company adopted these provisions at the beginning of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009. Adoption of ASC 715-10 did not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.
- 7) In May 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASC 855-10, formerly SFAS No. 165, *Subsequent Events* ( SFAS 165 ). ASC 855-10 establishes principles and requirements for the reporting of events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date, but before financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. ASC 855-10 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods ending after June 15, 2009. As such, the Company adopted these provisions at the beginning of the interim period ended June 30, 2009. Adoption of ASC 855-10 did not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.
- 8) In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASC 105-10, formerly SFAS No. 168, *The FASB Accounting Standards Codification™ and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles – a replacement of FASB Statement No. 162* ( SFAS 168 ). ASC 105-10 replaces Statement 162 and establishes the FASB Accounting Standards Codification™ (Codification) as the source of authoritative accounting principles recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. ASC 105-10 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods ending after September 15, 2009. As such, the Company adopted these provisions at the beginning of the interim period ending September 30, 2009. The adoption of ASC 105-10 did not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

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**Critical Accounting Policies**

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported therein. The most significant of these involving difficult or complex judgments include:

Revenue recognition

Capitalization of software development costs

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Pension liability

In each situation, management is required to make estimates about the effects of matters or future events that are inherently uncertain.

The Company's revenue consists of revenues from the licensing of software to resellers and end user customers; fees for services rendered to include installation, training, implementation, and customer maintenance contracts; and the outsourcing or hosting of services.

The Company recognizes software license revenue under ASC 985-605, formerly Statement of Position No 97-2 Software Revenue Recognition as amended by Statement of Position No. 98-9, Software Revenue Recognition With Respect to Certain Transactions, and under ASC 605-25, formerly Emerging Issues Task Force 00-21, Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Deliverables, and related interpretations.

Sales of licensed software sold directly to an end user customer are recognized as revenue upon delivery and installation of the software at the customer site. Sales of licensed software to a reseller are recognized as revenue when delivery is made to the reseller. Regardless of the form of sale no revenue is recognized without persuasive evidence of an arrangement existing. Persuasive evidence is determined to be a signed purchase order received from the customer or an equivalent form for those customers lacking a formalized purchase order system. In the case of VeraSMART sales, a software license agreement signed by both parties is often required in addition to a purchase order or equivalent. Additionally, revenue is only recognized when a selling price is fixed or determinable and collectability of the receivable is deemed to be probable.

Service revenues such as training, installation and implementation are recognized when the service is complete and acknowledged by the customer, regardless as to whether the sale is on a direct basis or through a reseller arrangement. Fees charged to customers for post-contract Customer Support are recognized ratably over the term of the contract. Costs related to maintenance obligations are expensed as incurred.

Sales which constitute a multiple-element arrangement are accounted for by determining if the elements can be accounted for as separate accounting units, and if so, by applying values to those units for which there is vendor specific objective evidence of their fair value. We use the residual method to apply any remaining balance to the remaining elements of the arrangement. More specifically, this methodology applies when there is embedded maintenance (post-contract customer support) involved in the sale of a software license, or when the sale of a software license is made in conjunction with installation services. In the latter case, the recognition of the software license is deferred until installation is completed.

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The Company's revenues generated through hosting solutions are recognized using the proportional performance method. Revenues are recognized in the month services are rendered and earned under service agreements with clients where service fees are fixed or determinable. Contracts can be terminated with 90 days written notice. All services provided by us through the date of cancellation are due and payable under the contract terms.

The Company believes its revenue recognition policies are appropriate, in all circumstances, and that its policies are reflective of complexities arising from customer arrangements involving such features as maintenance, warranty agreements, license agreements, and other normal course of business arrangements.

The Company capitalizes software development costs when technological feasibility has been established for the software in accordance with ASC 985-20, formerly SFAS No. 86, Accounting for the Costs of Computer Software to be Sold, Leased, or Otherwise Marketed. Such capitalized costs are amortized on a product-by-product basis over their economic life or the ratio of current revenues to current and anticipated revenues from such software, whichever provides the greater amortization. The Company periodically reviews the carrying value of capitalized software development costs and impairments are recognized in the results of operations when the expected future undiscounted operating cash flow derived from the capitalized software is less than its carrying value. Should the Company inaccurately determine when a product reaches technological feasibility or the economic life of a product, results could differ materially from those reported. Veramark uses what it believes are reasonable assumptions and where applicable, established valuation techniques in making its estimates.

The Company maintains allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the potential inability of its customers to make required payments. Management specifically analyzes accounts receivable, historical bad debts, credit concentrations and customer payment terms when evaluating the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts.

The Company sponsors an unfunded Supplemental Executive Retirement Program (SERP), which is a nonqualified plan that provides certain key employees a defined pension benefit. In order to properly record the net present value of future pension obligations a number of assumptions are required to be made by Company's management. These assumptions include years of service, life expectancies, and projected future salary increases for each participant. In addition, management must make assumptions with regard to the proper long-term interest and liability discount rates to be applied to these future obligations.

Should the Company need to alter any of these assumptions, there is the potential for significant adjustments to future projected pension liabilities.

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**Risk Factors**

The following factors, among others discussed herein and in the Company's filings under the Act, could cause actual results and future events to differ materially from those set forth or contemplated in this report: economic, competitive, governmental and technological factors, increased operating costs, failure to obtain necessary financing, risks related to natural disasters and financial market fluctuations. Such factors also include:

**Intellectual Property Rights**

Veramark regards its products as proprietary and attempts to protect them with a combination of copyright, trademark and trade secret protections, employee and third-party non-disclosure agreements and other methods of protection. Despite those precautions, it may be possible for unauthorized third parties to copy certain portions of Veramark's products, reverse engineer or obtain and use information that Veramark regards as proprietary. The laws of some foreign countries do not protect Veramark's proprietary rights to the same extent as the laws of the United States. Any misappropriation of Veramark's intellectual property could have a material adverse effect on its business and results of operations. Furthermore, although Veramark takes steps to prevent unlawful infringement of other's intellectual property, there can be no assurance that third parties will not assert infringement claims against Veramark in the future with respect to current or future products. Any such assertion could require Veramark to enter into royalty arrangements or result in costly litigation.

**Existing Customer Base**

We derive an increasingly significant portion of our revenues from multi-year managed service contracts. As a result, if we lose a major customer, or if a managed service contract is delayed, reduced, or cancelled, our revenues could be adversely affected. In addition, customers who have accounted for significant revenues in the past may not generate the same amount of revenues in future periods.

**Product Development**

Veramark has made significant investments in research, development and marketing for new products, services and technologies, including the VeraSMART software offering and its hosted or managed solutions. Significant revenue from new product and service investments may not be achieved for a number of years, if at all. Moreover, if such products or services are profitable, operating margins may not be as high as the margins historically experienced by Veramark. The development of software products is a complex and time-consuming process. New products and enhancements to existing products can require long development and testing periods. Significant delays in new product releases or significant problems in creating new products, particularly any delays in future releases of the VeraSMART suite of products or services, could adversely affect Veramark revenues.

**Declines in Demand for Software**

If overall market demands for software and computer devices generally, as well as call accounting software or enterprise level products and services specifically, declines, or corporate spending for such products declines, Veramark's revenue will be adversely affected. Additionally, Veramark's revenues would be unfavorably impacted if customers reduce their purchases of new software products or upgrades to existing products.

**New Products and Services**

Veramark is in the process of transforming its business model from a company selling largely premise based software products and services, to one offering hosted solutions providing a wide variety of TEM/BPO processes, such as wireless management, invoice processing and payment, and expanded reporting capabilities. These services are generally provided under multi-year arrangements, and revenues are generally recognized over the life of the arrangements. Consequently, such sales are expected to result in less revenue being recognized at the beginning of a multi-year arrangement than would be recognized with a one-time sale of software.

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**Competition**

Veramark experiences intense competition across all markets for its products and services. Some competing firms have greater name recognition and more financial, marketing and technological resources than Veramark. These competitive pressures may result in decreased sales volumes, price reductions, and/or increased operating costs, such as for marketing and sales incentives, resulting in lower revenues, gross margins and operating income.

**Marketing and Sales**

Veramark's marketing and distribution strategy is founded on building mutually beneficial relationships with companies that have established distribution networks. Some sell privately labeled, customized products developed and manufactured by Veramark to their specific specifications, while others resell Veramark's products. Any loss of the continued availability of those relationships could have a material adverse effect on Veramark's business and results of operations.

**Security and Privacy Breaches in our Systems May Damage Client Relations and Inhibit our Growth**

The uninterrupted operation of our hosted solutions and the confidentiality of third party information that resides on our systems is critical to our business. We have what we believe to be sufficient security in place to prevent major interruptions in service and to prevent unauthorized access. Any failure in our security and privacy measures could have a material adverse impact on our financial position and results of operations.

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**Item 3 Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

The Company has no long-term bank debt obligations. The Company has no foreign currency exchange risk and has no foreign currency exchange contracts.

**Item 4 Controls and Procedures**

Our management evaluated, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this Form 10-Q. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act)), as of the end of such period, are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms. There have been no significant changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting, that occurred during the period covered by this report, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

The Company's disclosure controls and procedures and internal controls over financial reporting provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that all deficiencies in design or operation of those control systems, or all instances of errors or fraud, will be prevented or detected. Those control systems are designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving the goals of those systems in light of the Company's resources and nature of the Company's business operations. The Company's disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting remain subject to risks of human error and the risk that controls can be circumvented for wrongful purposes by one or more individuals in management or non-management positions.

This Quarterly Report does not include an attestation report of the Company's registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by the Company's registered public accounting firm pursuant to temporary rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission that permit the Company to provide only management's report in the Quarterly Report.



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**PART II OTHER INFORMATION**

**Item 5: Other Information**

None

**Item 6: Exhibits**

- (a) Financial Statements as set forth under Item 1 of this report on Form 10-Q
- (b) Exhibits required to be filed by Item 601 of Regulation S-K

- 3.1 Restated Certificate of Incorporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-18 (File No. 2-96787) filed on March 22, 1985)
- 3.2 Bylaws (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed on October 5, 1992)
- 10.2 Letter Agreement dated as of March 29, 2007 by and between the Company and David G. Mazzella (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 3, 2007)
- 10.3 Letter Agreement dated as of July 30, 2007 by and between the Company and Martin LoBiondo (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 3, 2007)
- 10.4\* Amended and Restated Board of Directors Deferred Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 26, 2007)
- 10.5 Consulting Agreement dated as of December 12, 2007 by and between the Company and David G. Mazzella (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 13, 2007)
- 10.6\* Employment Agreement dated as of December 17, 2007 by and between the Company and Anthony C. Mazzullo (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 19, 2007)
- 10.7\* Letter Agreement dated as of February 4, 2008 by and between the Company and Douglas F. Smith (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 4, 2008)
- 10.8\* Restricted Stock Award Agreement dated as of January 1, 2008 by and between the Company and Anthony C. Mazzullo (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 25, 2008)
- 10.9\* 2008 Incentive Plan for Management and Key Employees (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 2, 2008)

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- 10.10\* 2008 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit F to the Company's Proxy Statement for its 2008 Annual Meeting of Shareholders filed on April 29, 2008)
- 10.11\* Description of non-employee director compensation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 18, 2008)
- 10.12\* Amended Salary Continuation Agreement dated as of October 10, 2008 by and between the Company and Ronald C. Lundy (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 17, 2008)
- 10.13\* Form of 2008 Employee Stock Purchase Plan Enrollment Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-8 (File No. 333-155286) filed on November 12, 2008)
- 14 Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (incorporated by reference to Exhibit E to the Company's Proxy Statement for its 2008 Annual Meeting of Shareholders filed on April 29, 2008)
- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

\* Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement  
(c) Schedules required to be filed by Regulation S-X

none

All other schedules are omitted because they are not applicable or the required information is shown in the financial statements or notes thereto.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

VERAMARK TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

REGISTRANT

Date: November 12, 2009

/s/ Anthony C. Mazzullo

Anthony C. Mazzullo

President and CEO

Date: November 12, 2009

/s/ Ronald C. Lundy

Ronald C. Lundy

Vice President of Finance and CFO