

ICONIX BRAND GROUP, INC.
Form 10-Q
May 05, 2010

United States
Securities and Exchange Commission
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2010

OR

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Transition Period From _____ to _____.

Commission file number 0-10593

ICONIX BRAND GROUP, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or
organization)

11-2481903
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1450 Broadway, New York, NY
(Address of principal executive offices)

10018
(Zip Code)

(212) 730-0030
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

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Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non - accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act)
Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of Common Stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common Stock, \$.001 Par Value – 72,184,712 shares as of May 3, 2010.

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Part I. Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements

Iconix Brand Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(in thousands, except par value)

	March 31, 2010 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2009
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash (including restricted cash of \$8,536 in 2010 and \$6,163 in 2009)	\$ 194,495	\$ 201,544
Accounts receivable	61,029	62,667
Deferred income tax assets	1,985	1,886
Prepaid advertising and other	16,523	14,549
Total Current Assets	274,032	280,646
Property and equipment:		
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	9,084	9,060
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(2,931)	(2,611)
	6,153	6,449
Other Assets:		
Restricted cash	15,866	15,866
Marketable securities	7,284	6,988
Goodwill	170,737	170,737
Trademarks and other intangibles, net	1,252,592	1,254,689
Deferred financing costs, net	4,378	4,803
Investments and joint ventures	56,855	36,568
Other assets – non-current	25,018	25,867
	1,532,730	1,515,518
Total Assets	\$ 1,812,915	\$ 1,802,613
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 30,092	\$ 24,446
Deferred revenue	16,471	14,802
Current portion of long-term debt	62,526	93,251
Other current liabilities	4,000	-
Total current liabilities	113,089	132,499
Non-current deferred income taxes	121,899	117,090
Long-term debt, less current maturities	548,107	569,128
Long-term deferred revenue	11,431	11,831
Other liabilities	14,316	2,293
Total Liabilities	808,842	832,841
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' Equity		
	73	73

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Common stock, \$.001 par value shares authorized 150,000; shares issued 73,152 and 72,759 respectively

Additional paid-in capital	732,994	725,504
Retained earnings	220,243	195,469
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(3,675)	(4,032)
Less: Treasury stock – 1,219 and 1,219 shares at cost, respectively	(7,861)	(7,861)
Total Iconix Stockholders' Equity	941,774	909,153
Non-controlling interest	62,299	60,619
Total Stockholders' Equity	1,004,073	969,772
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 1,812,915	\$ 1,802,613

See Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Iconix Brand Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Income Statements
(in thousands, except earnings per share data)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Licensing and other revenue	\$ 71,704	\$ 50,501
Selling, general and administrative expenses	22,318	16,270
Expenses related to specific litigation	6	54
Operating income	49,380	34,177
Other expenses		
Interest expense	11,029	10,438
Interest and other income	(1,054)	(603)
Equity earnings on joint ventures	(1,113)	(37)
Other expenses - net	8,862	9,798
Income before income taxes	40,518	24,379
Provision for income taxes	14,064	8,730
Net income	\$ 26,454	\$ 15,649
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interest	\$ 1,680	\$ -
Net income attributable to Iconix Brand Group, Inc.	\$ 24,774	\$ 15,649
Earnings per share:		
Basic	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.27
Diluted	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.26
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:		
Basic	71,537	58,044
Diluted	74,426	60,892

See Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Iconix Brand Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity

Three Months Ended March 31, 2010

(in thousands)

	Common Shares	Stock Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Treasury Stock	Non- Controlling Interest	Total
Balance at January 1, 2010	72,759	\$ 73	\$ 725,504	\$ 195,469	\$ (4,032)	\$ (7,861)	\$ 60,619	\$ 969,772
Shares issued on exercise of stock options	53	-	515	-	-	-	-	515
Shares issued on vesting of restricted stock	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shares issued for earn-out on acquisition	301	-	4,719	-	-	-	-	4,719
Tax benefit of stock option exercises	-	-	28	-	-	-	-	28
Amortization expense in connection with restricted stock	-	-	2,228	-	-	-	-	2,228
Comprehensive income:								
Net income	-	-	-	24,774	-	-	1,680	26,454
Realization of cash flow hedge, net of tax	-	-	-	-	61	-	-	61
Change in fair value of securities, net of tax	-	-	-	-	296	-	-	296
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,811
Balance at March 31, 2010	73,152	\$ 73	\$ 732,994	\$ 220,243	\$ (3,675)	\$ (7,861)	\$ 62,299	\$ 1,004,073

See Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Iconix Brand Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(in thousands)

	Three Months Ended March	
	2010	2009
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 26,454	\$ 15,649
Depreciation of property and equipment	320	336
Amortization of trademarks and other intangibles	2,106	1,787
Amortization of deferred financing costs	573	605
Amortization of convertible note discount	3,670	3,340
Stock-based compensation expense	2,228	1,612
Change in non-controlling interest	-	(146)
Allowance for doubtful accounts	1,750	416
Accrued interest on long-term debt	2,013	1,644
(Earnings) loss on equity investment in joint venture	(1,113)	108
Deferred income taxes	4,568	5,623
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of business acquisitions:		
Accounts receivable	(112)	(551)
Prepaid advertising and other	(1,974)	1,655
Other assets	849	(468)
Deferred revenue	1,269	(4,826)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	9,275	(1,067)
Other liabilities	23	-
Net cash provided by operating activities	51,899	25,717
Cash flows used in investing activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(24)	(11)
Additions to trademarks	(9)	(58)
Acquisition of 50% interest in joint venture	(4,000)	-
Payment of expenses related to acquisitions	(173)	-
Distributions to equity partners	999	-
Earn-out payment on acquisition	(719)	(6,667)
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,926)	(6,736)
Cash flows used in financing activities:		
Proceeds from exercise of stock options and warrants	515	136
Shares repurchased on vesting of restricted stock and exercise of stock options	-	(30)
Expiration of cash flow hedge	-	34
Shares repurchased on the open market	-	(1,455)
Payment of long-term debt	(55,564)	(44,077)
Non-controlling interest contribution	-	2,066
Excess tax benefit from share-based payment arrangements	27	261
Restricted cash - current	(2,373)	(4,228)
Net cash used in financing activities	(57,395)	(47,293)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(9,422)	(28,312)
Cash, beginning of period	195,381	66,404
Cash, end of period	\$ 185,959	\$ 38,092

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Balance of restricted cash - current	8,536	5,103
Total cash including current restricted cash, end of period	\$ 194,495	43,195

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Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Cash paid during the period:		
Income taxes	\$ -	\$ 302
Interest	\$ 4,131	\$ 4,874

Supplemental disclosures of non-cash investing and financing activities:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Acquisitions:		
Common stock issued	\$ 4,719	\$ -

See Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Iconix Brand Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
March 31, 2010

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management of Iconix Brand Group, Inc. (the "Company", "we", "us", or "our"), all adjustments (consisting primarily of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2010 ("Current Quarter") are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for a full fiscal year.

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.

For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 ("2009").

2. Investments and Joint Ventures

Scion LLC ("Scion") is a brand management and licensing company formed by the Company with Shawn "Jay-Z" Carter in March 2007 to buy, create and develop brands across a spectrum of consumer product categories. On November 7, 2007, Scion, through its wholly-owned subsidiary Artful Holdings LLC ("Artful Holdings"), purchased Artful Dodger, an exclusive, high end urban apparel brand for a purchase price of \$15.0 million. The Artful Dodger brand is currently licensed to Roc Apparel Group LLC ("Roc Apparel") in the United States and its territories.

The Artful Dodger brand has been licensed to wholesale partners and distributors in Canada and Europe.

At inception, the Company determined that it would consolidate Scion since, under Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 810 "Consolidation", the Company is the primary beneficiary of the variable interest entity.

In March 2009, the Company, through its investment in Scion, effectively acquired a 16.6% interest in Roc Apparel, its licensee for the Roc Apparel and Artful Dodger brands, for \$1. The Company has determined that Roc Apparel is a variable interest entity as defined by ASC Topic 810. However, the Company is not the primary beneficiary. The investment in Roc Apparel is accounted for under the cost method of accounting. As part of the transaction, the Company and its Scion partner each contributed approximately \$2.1 million to Scion, totaling approximately \$4.1 million, which was deposited as cash collateral under the terms of Roc Apparel's financing agreements. The total contributed cash of approximately \$4.1 million, which is owned by Scion, is included as short-term restricted cash in the Company's balance sheet. The Company's maximum exposure for this investment is \$2.1 million, the amount of the original guarantee. During the Current Quarter, the Company recognized \$0.5 million in dividends from its investment in Roc Apparel, which is included in interest and other income in the unaudited condensed consolidated income statement.

In December 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued guidance under ASC Topic 810 regarding non-controlling interests in consolidated financial statements. This guidance requires the recognition of a non-controlling interest (formerly known as a "minority interest") as equity in the consolidated financial statements and separate from the parent's equity. For the Current Quarter, the amount of net loss attributable to the non-controlling

interest is approximately \$0.3 million and has been included in net income attributable to non-controlling interest in the unaudited condensed consolidated income statement. The impact of consolidating the joint venture in the three months ended March 31, 2009 (“Prior Year Quarter”) decreased net income by \$0.2 million.

At March 31, 2010, the impact of consolidating the joint venture on the Company’s unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet has increased current assets by \$4.6 million, non-current assets by \$13.9 million and current liabilities by \$0.9 million. At December 31, 2009, the impact of consolidating the joint venture on the Company’s consolidated balance sheet had increased current assets by \$4.6 million, non-current assets by \$14.2 million and current liabilities by \$1.3 million.

At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the carrying value of the consolidated assets that are collateral for the variable interest entity’s obligations total \$13.4 million and \$13.7 million, respectively, which is comprised of the Artful Dodger trademark.

Iconix China

In September 2008, the Company and Novel Fashions Holdings Limited (“Novel”) formed a joint venture (“Iconix China”) to develop and market the Company's brands in the People’s Republic of China, Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan (the “China Territory”). Pursuant to the terms of this transaction, the Company contributed to Iconix China substantially all rights to its brands in the China Territory and committed to contribute an additional \$5.0 million, and Novel committed to contribute \$20 million. Upon closing of the transaction, the Company contributed \$2.0 million and Novel contributed \$8.0 million. In September 2009, the parties amended the terms of the transaction documents to eliminate the obligation of the Company to make any additional contributions and to reduce Novel’s remaining contribution commitment to \$9.0 million, payable as follows: \$4.0 million payable on or prior to August 1, 2010, \$3.0 million payable on or prior to June 1, 2011, and \$2.0 million payable on or prior to June 1, 2012. Each of these payments is subject to reduction by mutual agreement of the parties.

At inception, the Company determined, in accordance with ASC Topic 810, based on the corporate structure, voting rights and contributions of the Company and Novel, Iconix China is a variable interest entity and not subject to consolidation, as, under ASC Topic 810, the Company is not the primary beneficiary of Iconix China. The Company has recorded its investment under the equity method of accounting.

At March 31, 2010, Iconix China’s balance sheet included approximately \$5.0 million in current assets, \$21.9 million in total assets, \$0.6 million in current liabilities, and \$0.6 million in total liabilities. At December 31, 2009, Iconix China’s balance sheet included approximately \$5.7 million in current assets, \$22.6 million in total assets, \$0.4 million in current liabilities, and \$0.4 million in total liabilities.

For the Current Quarter, Iconix China’s statement of operations reflects less than \$0.1 million in revenue and approximately \$0.6 million in operating expenses. As a result, for the Current Quarter, the Company recorded an equity loss of approximately \$0.3 million on its equity investment in the Iconix China joint venture, representing the Company's 50% equity interest in Iconix China. For the Prior Year Quarter, the Company recorded an equity loss of approximately \$0.3 million on its equity investment in the Iconix China joint venture.

Iconix Latin America

In December 2008, the Company contributed substantially all rights to its brands in Mexico, Central America, South America, and the Caribbean (the “Latin America Territory”) to Iconix Latin America LLC (“Iconix Latin America”), a then newly formed subsidiary of the Company. On December 29, 2008, New Brands America LLC (“New Brands”), an affiliate of the Falic Group, purchased a 50% interest in Iconix Latin America. In consideration for its 50% interest in Iconix Latin America, New Brands agreed to pay \$6.0 million to the Company. New Brands paid \$1.0 million upon closing of this transaction and has committed to pay an additional \$5.0 million over the 30-month period following closing. As of March 31, 2010, the balance owed to the Company under this obligation is \$3.0 million. The current portion of \$2.5 million is included in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet in prepaid advertising and other and the long term portion of \$0.5 million is included in other assets – non-current.

Based on the corporate structure, voting rights and contributions of the Company and New Brands, Iconix Latin America is not subject to consolidation. This conclusion was based on the Company’s determination that the entity met the criteria to be considered a “business,” and therefore was not subject to consolidation due to the “business scope exception” of ASC Topic 810. As such, the Company has recorded its investment under the equity method of accounting.

At March 31, 2010, Iconix Latin America’s balance sheet included approximately \$1.3 million in current assets, \$1.5 million in total assets, \$0.3 million in current liabilities, and \$0.3 million in total liabilities. At December 31, 2009,

Iconix Latin America's balance sheet included approximately \$1.0 million in current assets, \$1.2 million in total assets, \$0.2 million in current liabilities, and \$0.2 million in total liabilities. For the Current Quarter, Iconix Latin America's statement of operations reflects that it had approximately \$0.6 million in revenue and approximately \$0.1 million in operating expenses. As a result, during the Current Quarter, the Company recorded equity earnings of approximately \$0.2 million on its equity investment in the Iconix Latin America joint venture, representing the Company's 50% equity interest in Iconix Latin America. For the Prior Year Quarter, the Company recorded equity earnings of approximately \$0.2 million on its equity investment in the Iconix Latin America joint venture.

Ed Hardy

In May 2009, the Company acquired a 50% interest in Hardy Way LLC ("Hardy Way"), the owner of the Ed Hardy brands and trademarks, for \$17.0 million, comprised of \$9.0 million in cash and 588,688 shares of the Company's common stock valued at \$8.0 million. In addition, the sellers of the 50% interest received an additional \$1.0 million in shares of the Company's common stock pursuant to an earn-out based on royalties received by Hardy Way for the year ending December 31, 2009. As of December 31, 2009, the Company had determined that the sellers had met the threshold of royalties received by Ed Hardy to trigger this earn-out.

Based on the corporate structure, voting rights and contributions of the Company and Hardy Way, Hardy Way is not subject to consolidation. This conclusion was based on the Company's determination that the entity met the criteria to be considered a "business," and therefore was not subject to consolidation due to the "business scope exception" of ASC Topic 810. As such, the Company has recorded its investment under the equity method of accounting.

At March 31, 2010, Hardy Way's balance sheet included approximately \$1.8 million in current assets, \$1.8 million in total assets, \$0.2 million in current liabilities, and \$0.2 million in total liabilities. At December 31, 2009, Hardy Way's balance sheet included approximately \$1.9 million in current assets, \$1.9 million in total assets, \$0.2 million in current liabilities, and \$0.2 million in total liabilities. For the Current Quarter, Hardy Way's statement of operations reflects that it had approximately \$2.1 million in revenue and approximately \$0.2 million in operating expenses. As a result, during the Current Quarter, the Company recorded equity earnings of approximately \$1.0 million on its equity investment in the Hardy Way joint venture, representing the Company's 50% equity interest in Hardy Way. As of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Company's equity at risk in Hardy Way was approximately \$19.6 million and \$19.7 million, respectively.

IPH Unltd

In October 2009, the Company consummated, through a newly formed subsidiary, IP Holdings Unltd LLC ("IPH Unltd"), a transaction with the sellers of the Ecko portfolio of brands, including Ecko and Zoo York (the "Ecko Assets"), pursuant to which the sellers sold and/or contributed the Ecko Assets to IPH Unltd joint venture in exchange for a 49% membership interest in IPH Unltd and \$63.5 million in cash which had been contributed to IPH Unltd by the Company. As a result of this transaction, the Company owns a 51% controlling membership interest in IPH Unltd. In addition, IPH Unltd borrowed \$90.0 million from a third party to repay certain indebtedness of the sellers. Approximately \$0.7 million in costs associated with this transaction were expensed in 2009.

The following table is a reconciliation of cash paid to sellers and the fair value of the sellers non-controlling interest:

(000's omitted)

Cash paid to sellers	\$ 63,500
Fair value of 49% non-controlling interest to sellers	57,959
	\$ 121,459

The estimated fair value of the assets acquired, less long-term debt issued, is allocated as follows:

(000's omitted)

Trademarks	\$ 203,515
License agreements	6,830
Non-compete agreement	400
Goodwill	714
Long-term debt issued	(90,000)
	\$ 121,459

ASC Topic 810 affirms that consolidation is appropriate when one entity has a controlling financial interest in another entity. The Company owns a 51% membership interest in IPH Unltd compared to the minority owner's 49% membership interest. Further, the Company believes that the voting and veto rights of the minority shareholder are merely protective in nature and does not provide them with substantive participating rights in IPH Unltd. As such, IPH Unltd is subject to consolidation with the Company, which is reflected in the Company's financial statements as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009.

In accordance with ASC Topic 810, the Company recognizes the non-controlling interest of IPH Unltd as equity in the consolidated financial statements and separate from the parent's equity. As such, for the Current Quarter, the amount of net income attributable to the non-controlling interest is approximately \$1.9 million and has been included in net income attributable to non-controlling interest in the unaudited condensed consolidated income statement.

The Ecko and Zoo York trademarks have been determined by management to have an indefinite useful life and accordingly, consistent with ASC Topic 350, no amortization is being recorded in the Company's consolidated income statements. The goodwill and trademarks are subject to a test for impairment on an annual basis. Any adjustments resulting from the finalization of the purchase price allocations will affect the amount assigned to the Company's Consolidated Income Statement. The \$0.7 million of goodwill is deductible for income tax purposes. The licensing contracts are being amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining contractual periods of approximately 1 to 9 years.

At March 31, 2010, the impact of consolidating the joint venture on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet has increased current assets by \$21.2 million, non-current assets by \$210.9 million, current liabilities by \$22.4 million and total liabilities by \$99.9 million. At December 31, 2009, the impact of consolidating the joint venture on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet has increased current assets by \$15.4 million, non-current assets by \$211.2 million, current liabilities by \$21.2 million and total liabilities by \$101.2 million.

At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the carrying value of the consolidated assets that are collateral for the variable interest entity's obligations total \$210.1 million and \$210.3 million, respectively, which is comprised of trademarks and license agreements. The assets of the Company are not available to the variable interest entity's creditors.

Iconix Europe

In December 2009, the Company contributed substantially all rights to its brands in all member states and candidate states of the European Union and certain other European countries ("European Territory") to Iconix Europe LLC, a newly formed wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("Iconix Europe"). Also in December 2009 and shortly after the formation of Iconix Europe, an investment group led by The Licensing Company and Albion Equity Partners LLC purchased a 50% interest in Iconix Europe through Brand Investments Vehicles Group 3 Limited ("BIV"), to assist the Company in developing, exploiting, marketing and licensing the Company's brands in the European Territory. In consideration for its 50% interest in Iconix Europe, BIV agreed to pay \$4.0 million, of which \$3.0 million was paid upon closing of this transaction in December 2009, the remaining \$1.0 million to be paid in December 2010, and is included in prepaid advertising and other on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009.

At inception, the Company determined, in accordance with ASC 810, based on the corporate structure, voting rights and contributions of the Company and BIV, that Iconix Europe is not a variable interest entity and not subject to consolidation. The Company has recorded its investment under the equity method of accounting.

At March 31, 2010, Iconix Europe's balance sheet included approximately \$0.4 million in current assets, \$26.9 million in total assets, \$0.1 million in current liabilities, and \$0.1 million in total liabilities. At December 31, 2009, Iconix Europe's balance sheet included approximately \$26.5 million in total assets.

For the Current Quarter, Iconix Europe's statement of operations reflects \$0.4 million in revenue and approximately \$0.1 million in operating expenses. As a result, for the Current Quarter, the Company recorded equity earnings of approximately \$0.2 million, representing the Company's 50% equity investment in the Iconix Europe joint venture.

MG Icon

In March 2010, the Company acquired a 50% interest in MG Icon LLC ("MG Icon"), the owner of the Material Girl brands and trademarks and other rights associated with the artist, performer and celebrity known as "Madonna", from Purim LLC ("Purim") for \$20.0 million, \$4.0 million of which was paid at closing. Of the remaining \$16.0 million owed to Purim, \$4.0 million is included in other current liabilities and \$12.0 million is included in other liabilities. In addition, Purim may be entitled to receive an additional consideration pursuant to an earn-out based on certain qualitative criteria.

At inception, the Company determined, in accordance with ASC 810, based on the corporate structure, voting rights and contributions of the Company and Purim, that MG Icon is not a variable interest entity and not subject to consolidation. The Company has recorded its investment under the equity method of accounting.

3. Fair Value Measurements

ASC Topic 820 “Fair Value Measurements”, which the Company adopted on January 1, 2008, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and requires expanded disclosures about fair value measurement. While ASC 820 does not require any new fair value measurements in its application to other accounting pronouncements, it does emphasize that a fair value measurement should be determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. As a basis for considering market participant assumptions in fair value measurements, ASC 820 established the following fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between (1) market participant assumptions developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity (observable inputs) and (2) the reporting entity's own assumptions about market participant assumptions developed based on the best information available in the circumstances (unobservable inputs):

Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets

Level 2: Other inputs that are observable directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or market-corroborated inputs

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for which there is little or no market data and which requires the owner of the assets or liabilities to develop its own assumptions about how market participants would price these assets or liabilities

The valuation techniques that may be used to measure fair value are as follows:

(A) Market approach - Uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities

(B) Income approach - Uses valuation techniques to convert future amounts to a single present amount based on current market expectations about those future amounts, including present value techniques, option-pricing models and excess earnings method

(C) Cost approach - Based on the amount that would currently be required to replace the service capacity of an asset (replacement cost)

To determine the fair value of certain financial instruments, the Company relies on Level 2 inputs generated by market transactions of similar instruments where available, and Level 3 inputs using an income approach when Level 1 and Level 2 inputs are not available. The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment and may affect the valuation of financial assets and financial liabilities and their placement within the fair value hierarchy. The following table summarizes the instruments measured at fair value at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009:

Carrying Amount as of
March 31, 2010

(000's omitted)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Valuation Technique
Marketable Securities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,284	(B)
Cash Flow Hedge	\$ -	\$ 1	\$ -	(A)

December 31, 2009
(000's omitted)

(000's omitted)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Valuation Technique
Marketable Securities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,988	(B)
Cash Flow Hedge	\$ -	\$ 1	\$ -	(A)

Marketable Securities

Marketable securities, which are accounted for as available-for-sale, are stated at fair value in accordance with ASC Topic 320 "Investments – Debt and Equity" and consist of auction rate securities ("ARS"). Temporary changes in fair market value are recorded as other comprehensive income or loss, whereas other than temporary markdowns will be realized through the Company's income statement.

As of March 31, 2010, the Company held ARS with a face value of \$13.0 million and a fair value of approximately \$7.3 million. In December 2008, the insurer of the ARS exercised its put option to replace the underlying securities of the ARS with its preferred securities. Prior to the second quarter of 2009 the ARS had paid cash dividends according to their stated terms. During the second quarter of 2009, the Company received notice from the insurer that payment of cash dividends ceased as of July 31, 2009 and would be resumed only if the board of directors of the insurer declared such cash dividends to be payable at a later date. The insurer's board of directors temporarily reinstated dividend payments for the 4-week period from December 23, 2009 to January 15, 2010. In January 2010, the Company commenced a lawsuit against the broker-dealer of these ARS alleging, among other things, fraud, and

seeking full recovery of the \$13.0 million face value of the ARS, as well as legal costs and punitive damages. Prior to June 30, 2009, the Company estimated the fair value of its ARS with a discounted cash flow model where the Company used the expected rate of cash dividends to be received. As the cash dividend payments have ceased, the Company has changed its methodology for estimating the fair value of the ARS. Beginning June 30, 2009, the Company has estimated the fair value of its ARS using the present value of the weighted average of several scenarios of recovery based on management's assessment of the probability of each scenario. The Company considered a variety of factors in its model including: credit rating of the issuer and insurer, comparable market data (if available), current macroeconomic market conditions, quality of the underlying securities, and the probabilities of several levels of recovery and reinstatement of the cash dividend payments. As a result of its evaluation, during the Current Quarter the Company has recorded an unrealized pre-tax gain of approximately \$0.3 million in accumulated other comprehensive loss as an increase to stockholders' equity to reflect a temporary increase in the fair value of the ARS. The Company believes the cumulative decrease in fair value since inception is temporary due to general macroeconomic market conditions. Further, the Company has the ability and intent to hold the ARS until an anticipated full redemption. These funds will not be available to the Company unless a successful auction occurs, a buyer is found outside the auction process, or if recovery is realized through settlement or legal judgment of the action brought against the broker-dealer. As the ARS have failed to auction and may not auction successfully in the near future, the Company has classified its ARS as non-current. The Company continues to monitor the auction rate securities market as well as the financial condition of the insurer of the ARS and considers its impact, if any, on the fair value of its ARS. The following table summarizes the activity for the period:

Auction Rate Securities (000's omitted)

	2010	2009
Balance at January 1	\$ 6,988	\$ 7,522
Additions	-	-
Gains (losses) reported in earnings	-	-
Gains (losses) reported in accumulated other comprehensive loss	296	(66)
Balance at March 31	\$ 7,284	\$ 7,456

Cash Flow Hedge

On July 26, 2007, the Company purchased a hedge instrument from Lehman Brothers Special Financing Inc. ("LBSF") to mitigate the cash flow risk of rising interest rates on the Term Loan Facility (see Note 5 for a description of this credit agreement). This hedge instrument caps the Company's exposure to rising interest rates at 6.00% for LIBOR for 50% of the forecasted outstanding balance of the Term Loan Facility ("Interest Rate Cap"). Based on management's assessment, the Interest Rate Cap qualifies for hedge accounting under ASC Topic 815 "Derivatives and Hedging". On a quarterly basis, the value of the hedge is adjusted to reflect its current fair value, with any adjustment flowing through other comprehensive income. The fair value of this instrument is obtained by comparing the characteristics of this cash flow hedge with similarly traded instruments, and is therefore classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy. At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the fair value of the Interest Rate Cap was approximately \$1. On October 3, 2008, LBSF filed a petition for bankruptcy protection under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. The Company does not believe that the LBSF bankruptcy filing and its potential impact on LBSF will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Financial Instruments

At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, receivables and accounts payable and accrued expenses approximated their carrying values due to the short-term nature of these instruments. The fair value of the note receivable from New Brands (see Note 2) approximates its \$3.0 million carrying value; the fair value of the note receivable due from the purchasers of the Canadian trademark for Joe Boxer approximates its \$4.0 million carrying value; and, the fair value of the note payable to Purim LLC approximates its \$16.0 million carrying value. The fair value of the estimated fair values of other financial instruments subject to fair value disclosures, determined based on broker quotes or quoted market prices or rates for the same or similar instruments, and their related carrying amounts are as follows:

(000's omitted)	March 31, 2010		December 31, 2009	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Long-term debt, including current portion	\$ 610,633	\$ 626,228	\$ 662,379	\$ 650,732

Financial instruments expose the Company to counterparty credit risk for nonperformance and to market risk for changes in interest. The Company manages exposure to counterparty credit risk through specific minimum credit standards, diversification of counterparties and procedures to monitor the amount of credit exposure. The Company's financial instrument counterparties are substantial investment or commercial banks with significant experience with such instruments.

Non-Financial Assets and Liabilities

On January 1, 2009, the Company adopted the provisions of ASC Topic 820 with respect to its non-financial assets and liabilities requiring non-recurring adjustments to fair value using a market participant approach. The Company uses a discounted cash flow model with level 3 inputs to measure the fair value of its non-financial assets and

liabilities. The Company had no impairment adjustments for the Current Quarter or Prior Year Quarter. The Company also adopted the provisions of ASC 820 as it relates to purchase accounting for its acquisitions. The Company has goodwill, which is tested for impairment at least annually, as required by ASC Topic 350 “Intangibles – Goodwill and Other”. Further, in accordance with ASC Topic 350, the Company’s indefinite-lived trademarks are tested for impairment at least annually, on an individual basis as separate single units of accounting. Similarly, consistent with ASC Topic 360 as it relates to accounting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets, the Company assesses whether or not there is impairment of the Company’s definite-lived trademarks. There was no impairment, and therefore no write-down, of any of the Company’s long-lived assets during the Current Quarter or the Prior Year Quarter.

4. Trademarks and Other Intangibles, net

Trademarks and other intangibles, net consist of the following:

(000's omitted)	Estimated Lives in Years	March 31, 2010		December 31, 2009	
		Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization
Indefinite life trademarks	Indefinite(1)	\$ 1,229,705	\$ 9,498	\$ 1,229,695	\$ 9,498
Definite life trademarks	10-15	19,571	4,079	19,571	3,715
Non-compete agreements	2-15	10,475	8,072	10,475	7,644
Licensing agreements	1-9	29,023	14,624	29,023	13,338
Domain names	5	570	479	570	450
		\$ 1,289,344	\$ 36,752	\$ 1,289,334	\$ 34,645

(1) The amortization for the Candie's and Bongo trademarks is as of June 30, 2005. Effective July, 1 2005, the Company changed their useful lives to indefinite.

Amortization expense for intangible assets for the Current Quarter and the Prior Year Quarter was \$2.1 million and \$1.8 million, respectively. The trademarks of Candie's, Bongo, Joe Boxer, Rampage, Mudd, London Fog, Mossimo, Ocean Pacific, Danskin, Rocawear, Cannon, Royal Velvet, Fieldcrest, Charisma, Starter, Waverly, Ecko and Zoo York have been determined to have an indefinite useful life and accordingly, consistent with SFAS 142, no amortization will be recorded in the Company's consolidated income statements. Instead, each of these intangible assets are tested for impairment at least annually on an individual basis as separate single units of accounting, with any related impairment charge recorded to the statement of operations at the time of determining such impairment. Similarly, consistent with SFAS 144 "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets", there was no impairment of the definite-lived trademarks.

5. Debt Arrangements

The Company's debt is comprised of the following:

(000's omitted)	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Convertible Notes	\$ 251,365	\$ 247,696
Term Loan Facility	170,577	217,632
Asset-Backed Notes	89,005	94,865
Promissory Note	87,500	90,000
Sweet Note	12,186	12,186
Total	\$ 610,633	\$ 662,379

Convertible Notes

On June 20, 2007, the Company completed the issuance of \$287.5 million principal amount of the Company's 1.875% convertible senior subordinated notes due June 2012 ("Convertible Notes") in a private offering to certain institutional investors. The net proceeds received by the Company from the offering were approximately \$281.1 million.

The Convertible Notes bear interest at an annual rate of 1.875%, payable semi-annually in arrears on June 30 and December 31 of each year, beginning December 31, 2007. However, the Company recognizes an effective interest rate of 7.85% on the carrying amount of the Convertible Notes. The effective rate is based on the rate for a similar instrument that does not have a conversion feature. The Convertible Notes will be convertible into cash and, if applicable, shares of the Company's common stock based on a conversion rate of 36.2845 shares of the Company's common stock, subject to customary adjustments, per \$1,000 principal amount of the Convertible Notes (which is equal to an initial conversion price of approximately \$27.56 per share) only under the following circumstances: (1) during any fiscal quarter beginning after September 30, 2007 (and only during such fiscal quarter), if the closing price of the Company's common stock for at least 20 trading days in the 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter is more than 130% of the conversion price per share, which is \$1,000 divided by the then applicable conversion rate; (2) during the five business day period immediately following any five consecutive trading day period in which the trading price per \$1,000 principal amount of the Convertible Notes for each day of that period was less than 98% of the product of (a) the closing price of the Company's common stock for each day in that period and (b) the conversion rate per \$1,000 principal amount of the Convertible Notes; (3) if specified distributions to holders of the Company's common stock are made, as set forth in the indenture governing the Convertible Notes ("Indenture"); (4) if a "change of control" or other "fundamental change," each as defined in the Indenture, occurs; (5) if the Company chooses to redeem the Convertible Notes upon the occurrence of a "specified accounting change," as defined in the Indenture; and (6) during the last month prior to maturity of the Convertible Notes. If the holders of the Convertible Notes exercise the conversion provisions under the circumstances set forth, the Company will need to remit the lower of the principal balance of the Convertible Notes or their conversion value to the holders in cash. As such, the Company would be required to classify the entire amount outstanding of the Convertible Notes as a current liability in the following quarter. The evaluation of the classification of amounts outstanding associated with the Convertible Notes will occur every quarter.

Upon conversion, a holder will receive an amount in cash equal to the lesser of (a) the principal amount of the Convertible Note or (b) the conversion value, determined in the manner set forth in the Indenture. If the conversion value exceeds the principal amount of the Convertible Note on the conversion date, the Company will also deliver, at its election, cash or the Company's common stock or a combination of cash and the Company's common stock for the conversion value in excess of the principal amount. In the event of a change of control or other fundamental change, the holders of the Convertible Notes may require the Company to purchase all or a portion of their Convertible Notes at a purchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. If a specified accounting change occurs, the Company may, at its option, redeem the Convertible Notes in whole for cash, at a price equal to 102% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. Holders of the Convertible Notes who convert their Convertible Notes in connection with a fundamental change or in connection with a redemption upon the occurrence of a specified accounting change may be entitled to a make-whole premium in the form of an increase in the conversion rate.

Pursuant to guidance issued under ASC Topic 815, the Convertible Notes are accounted for as convertible debt in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet and the embedded conversion option in the Convertible Notes has not been accounted for as a separate derivative. For a discussion of the effects of the Convertible Notes and the Convertible Note Hedge and Sold Warrants discussed below on earnings per share, see Note 7.

In June 2008, the FASB issued guidance under ASC Topic 815 regarding the determination of whether an instrument (or an embedded feature) is indexed to an entity's own stock. This guidance provides that an entity should use a two step approach to evaluate whether an equity-linked financial instrument (or embedded feature) is indexed to its own stock, including evaluating the instrument's contingent exercise and settlement provisions. It also clarifies on the impact of foreign currency denominated strike prices and market-based employee stock option valuation instruments on the evaluation. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company has

evaluated the impact of this guidance, and has determined it will have no impact on the Company's results of operations and financial position in 2010, and will have no impact on the Company's results of operations and financial position in future fiscal periods.

At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the amount of the Convertible Notes accounted for as a liability was approximately \$251.4 million and \$247.7 million, and is reflected on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as follows:

(000's omitted)	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Equity component carrying amount	\$ 41,309	\$ 41,309
Unamortized discount	36,135	39,804
Net debt carrying amount	251,365	247,696

For the Current Quarter and the Prior Year Quarter, the Company recorded additional non-cash interest expense of \$3.4 million and \$3.1 million, respectively, representing the difference between the stated interest rate on the Convertible Notes and the rate for a similar instrument that does not have a conversion feature.

For both the Current Quarter and the Prior Year Quarter, cash interest expense relating to the Convertible Notes was approximately \$1.3 million.

The Convertible Notes do not provide for any financial covenants.

In connection with the sale of the Convertible Notes, the Company entered into hedges for the Convertible Notes (“Convertible Note Hedges”) with respect to its common stock with two entities, one of which was Lehman Brothers OTC Derivatives Inc. (“Lehman OTC” and together with the other counterparty, the “Counterparties”). Pursuant to the agreements governing these Convertible Note Hedges, the Company purchased call options (the “Purchased Call Options”) from the Counterparties covering up to approximately 10.4 million shares of the Company's common stock of which 40% were purchased from Lehman OTC. These Convertible Note Hedges are designed to offset the Company's exposure to potential dilution upon conversion of the Convertible Notes in the event that the market value per share of the Company's common stock at the time of exercise is greater than the strike price of the Purchased Call Options (which strike price corresponds to the initial conversion price of the Convertible Notes and is simultaneously subject to certain customary adjustments). On June 20, 2007, the Company paid an aggregate amount of approximately \$76.3 million of the proceeds from the sale of the Convertible Notes for the Purchased Call Options, of which \$26.7 million was included in the balance of deferred income tax assets at June 30, 2007 and is being recognized over the term of the Convertible Notes. As of March 31, 2010, the balance of deferred income tax assets related to this transaction was approximately \$12.1 million.

The Company also entered into separate warrant transactions with the Counterparties whereby the Company, pursuant to the agreements governing these warrant transactions, sold to the Counterparties warrants (the “Sold Warrants”) to acquire up to 3.6 million shares of the Company's common stock of which 40% were sold to Lehman OTC, at a strike price of \$42.40 per share of the Company's common stock. The Sold Warrants will become exercisable on September 28, 2012 and will expire by the end of 2012. The Company received aggregate proceeds of approximately \$37.5 million from the sale of the Sold Warrants on June 20, 2007.

Pursuant to guidance issued under ASC Topic 815 Derivatives and Hedging as it relates to accounting for derivative financial instruments indexed to, and potentially settled in, a company's own stock, the Convertible Note Hedge and the proceeds received from the issuance of the Sold Warrants were recorded as a charge and an increase, respectively, in additional paid-in capital in stockholders' equity as separate equity transactions. As a result of these transactions, the Company recorded a net reduction to additional paid-in-capital of \$12.1 million in June 2007.

The Company has evaluated the impact of adopting guidance issued under ASC Topic 815 regarding embedded features as it relates to the Sold Warrants, and has determined it will have no impact on the Company's results of operations and financial position in 2010, and will have no impact on the Company's results of operations and financial position in future fiscal periods.

As the Convertible Note Hedge transactions and the warrant transactions were separate transactions entered into by the Company with the Counterparties, they are not part of the terms of the Convertible Notes and will not affect the holders' rights under the Convertible Notes. In addition, holders of the Convertible Notes will not have any rights with respect to the Purchased Call Options or the Sold Warrants.

If the market value per share of the Company's common stock at the time of conversion of the Convertible Notes is above the strike price of the Purchased Call Options, the Purchased Call Options entitle the Company to receive from the Counterparties net shares of the Company's common stock, cash or a combination of shares of the Company's common stock and cash, depending on the consideration paid on the underlying Convertible Notes, based on the excess of the then current market price of the Company's common stock over the strike price of the Purchased Call Options. Additionally, if the market price of the Company's common stock at the time of exercise of the Sold Warrants exceeds the strike price of the Sold Warrants, the Company will owe the Counterparties net shares of the Company's common stock or cash, not offset by the Purchased Call Options, in an amount based on the excess of the then current market price of the Company's common stock over the strike price of the Sold Warrants.

These transactions will generally have the effect of increasing the conversion price of the Convertible Notes to \$42.40 per share of the Company's common stock, representing a 100% percent premium based on the last reported sale price of the Company's common stock of \$21.20 per share on June 14, 2007.

On September 15, 2008 and October 3, 2008, respectively, Lehman Brothers Holdings Inc. ("Lehman Holdings") and its subsidiary, Lehman OTC, filed for protection under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code in the United States Bankruptcy Court in the Southern District of New York ("Bankruptcy Court"). On September 17, 2009, the Company filed proofs of claim with the Bankruptcy Court relating to the Lehman OTC Convertible Note Hedges. The Company will continue to monitor the bankruptcy filings of Lehman Holdings and Lehman OTC with respect to such claims. The Company currently believes that the bankruptcy filings and their potential impact on these entities will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows. The terms of the Convertible Notes and the rights of the holders of the Convertible Notes are not affected in any way by the bankruptcy filings of Lehman Holdings or Lehman OTC.

Term Loan Facility

In connection with the acquisition of the Rocawear brand, in March 2007, the Company entered into a \$212.5 million credit agreement with Lehman Brothers Inc., as lead arranger and bookrunner, and Lehman Commercial Paper Inc. ("LCPI"), as syndication agent and administrative agent (the "Credit Agreement" or "Term Loan Facility"). At the time, the Company pledged to LCPI, for the benefit of the lenders under the Term Loan Facility (the "Lenders"), 100% of the capital stock owned by the Company in its subsidiaries, OP Holdings and Management Corporation, a Delaware corporation ("OPHM"), and Studio Holdings and Management Corporation, a Delaware corporation ("SHM"). The Company's obligations under the Credit Agreement are guaranteed by each of OPHM and SHM, as well as by two of its other subsidiaries, OP Holdings LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("OP Holdings"), and Studio IP Holdings LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Studio IP Holdings").

On October 3, 2007, in connection with the acquisition of Official-Pillowtex, a Delaware limited liability company (“Official-Pillowtex”), with the proceeds of the Convertible Notes, the Company pledged to LCPI, for the benefit of the Lenders, 100% of the capital stock owned by the Company in Mossimo, Inc., a Delaware corporation (“MI”), and Pillowtex Holdings and Management Corporation, a Delaware corporation (“PHM”), each of which guaranteed the Company’s obligations under the Credit Agreement. Simultaneously with the acquisition of Official-Pillowtex, each of Mossimo Holdings LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (“Mossimo Holdings”), and Official-Pillowtex guaranteed the Company’s obligations under the Credit Agreement. On September 10, 2008, PHM was converted into a Delaware limited liability company, Pillowtex Holdings and Management LLC (“PHMLLC”), and the Company’s membership interest in PHMLLC was pledged to LCPI in place of the capital stock of PHM.

On December 17, 2007, in connection with the acquisition of the Starter brand, the Company borrowed an additional \$63.2 million pursuant to the Term Loan Facility (the “Additional Borrowing”). The net proceeds received by the Company from the Additional Borrowing were \$60 million.

As of March 31, 2010, the Company may borrow an additional \$36.8 million under the terms of the Term Loan Facility.

The guarantees under the Term Loan Facility are secured by a pledge to LCPI, for the benefit of the Lenders, of, among other things, the Ocean Pacific/OP, Danskin, Rocawear, Mossimo, Cannon, Royal Velvet, Fieldcrest, Charisma, Starter and Waverly trademarks and related intellectual property assets, license agreements and proceeds therefrom. Amounts outstanding under the Term Loan Facility bear interest, at the Company’s option, at the Eurodollar rate or the prime rate, plus an applicable margin of 2.25% or 1.25%, as the case may be, per annum. The Credit Agreement provides that the Company is required to repay the outstanding term loan in equal quarterly installments in annual aggregate amounts equal to 1.00% of the aggregate principal amount of the loans outstanding, subject to adjustment for prepayments, in addition to an annual payment equal to 50% of the excess cash flow from the subsidiaries subject to the Term Loan Facility, as described in the Credit Agreement, with any remaining unpaid principal balance to be due on April 30, 2013 (the “Loan Maturity Date”). Upon completion of the Convertible Notes offering, the Loan Maturity Date was accelerated to January 2, 2012. The Term Loan Facility can be prepaid, without penalty, at any time. On March 11, 2008, the Company paid to LCPI, for the benefit of the Lenders, \$15.6 million, representing 50% of the excess cash flow from the subsidiaries subject to the Term Loan Facility for 2007. As a result of such payment, the Company is no longer required to pay the quarterly installments described above. The Term Loan Facility requires the Company to repay the principal amount of the term loan outstanding in an amount equal to 50% of the excess cash flow of the subsidiaries subject to the Term Loan Facility for the most recently completed fiscal year. On March 17, 2010, the Company paid to LCPI, for the benefit of the Lenders, \$47.2 million, representing 50% of the excess cash flow from the subsidiaries subject to the Term Loan Facility for the year ended December 31, 2009. As of March 31, 2010, \$15.6 million has been classified as current portion of long-term debt, which represents 50% of the estimated excess cash flow for the Current Quarter of the subsidiaries subject to the Term Loan Facility. The aggregate amount of 50% of the excess cash flow for all four quarters in 2010 is payable during the first quarter of 2011. For the Current Quarter and the Prior Year Quarter, the effective interest rate of the Term Loan Facility was 2.49% and 3.71%, respectively. At March 31, 2010, the balance of the Term Loan Facility was \$170.6 million. As of March 31, 2010, the Company was in compliance with all material covenants set forth in the Credit Agreement. The \$272.5 million in proceeds from the Term Loan Facility were used by the Company as follows: \$204.0 million was used to pay the cash portion of the initial consideration for the acquisition of the Rocawear brand; \$2.1 million was used to pay the costs associated with the Rocawear acquisition; \$60 million was used to pay the consideration for the acquisition of the Starter brand; and \$3.9 million was used to pay costs associated with the Term Loan Facility. The costs of \$3.9 million relating to the Term Loan Facility have been deferred and are being amortized over the life of the loan, using the effective interest method. As of March 31, 2010, the subsidiaries subject to the Term Loan Facility were Studio IP Holdings, SHM, OP Holdings, OPHM, Mossimo Holdings, MI, Official-Pillowtex and PHMLLC (collectively, the “Term Loan Facility Subsidiaries”). As of March 31, 2010, the Term Loan Facility

Subsidiaries, directly or indirectly, owned the following trademarks, excluding certain territories covered by the Iconix China, Iconix Latin America, and Iconix Europe joint ventures (see Note 2): Danskin, Rocawear, Starter, Ocean Pacific/OP, Mossimo, Cannon, Royal Velvet, Fieldcrest, Charisma and Waverly.

On July 26, 2007, the Company purchased a hedge instrument to mitigate the cash flow risk of rising interest rates on the Term Loan Facility. See Note 3 for further information.

On February 24, 2010, Barclays Bank PLC was appointed as successor Administrative Agent under the Credit Agreement.

Asset-Backed Notes

The financing for certain of the Company's acquisitions has been accomplished through private placements by its subsidiary, IP Holdings LLC ("IP Holdings") of asset-backed notes ("Asset-Backed Notes") secured by intellectual property assets (trade names, trademarks, license agreements and payments and proceeds with respect thereto relating to the Candie's, Bongo, Joe Boxer, Rampage, Mudd and London Fog brands) of IP Holdings. At March 31, 2010, the balance of the Asset-Backed Notes was \$89.0 million, \$24.7 million of which is included in the current portion of long-term debt on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet.

Cash on hand in the bank account of IP Holdings is restricted at any point in time up to the amount of the next debt principal and interest payment required under the Asset-Backed Notes. Accordingly, \$4.4 million and \$2.0 million as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively, are included as restricted cash within the Company's current assets. Further, in connection with IP Holdings' issuance of Asset-Backed Notes, a reserve account has been established and the funds on deposit in such account will be applied to the final principal payment with respect to the Asset-Backed Notes. Accordingly, as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, \$15.9 million has been classified as non-current and disclosed as restricted cash within other assets on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Interest rates and terms on the outstanding principal amount of the Asset-Backed Notes as of March 31, 2010 are as follows: \$30.2 million principal amount bears interest at a fixed interest rate of 8.45% with a six year term, \$13.4 million principal amount bears interest at a fixed rate of 8.12% with a six year term, and \$45.4 million principal amount bears interest at a fixed rate of 8.99% with a six and a half year term. The Asset-Backed Notes have no financial covenants by which the Company or its subsidiaries need comply. The aggregate principal amount of the Asset-Backed Notes is required to be fully paid by February 22, 2013.

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries (other than IP Holdings) is obligated to make any payment with respect to the Asset-Backed Notes, and the assets of the Company and its subsidiaries (other than IP Holdings) are not available to IP Holdings' creditors. The assets of IP Holdings are not available to the creditors of the Company or its subsidiaries (other than IP Holdings).

Promissory Note

In connection with the Ecko transaction, IPH Unltd issued a promissory note ("Promissory Note") to a third party creditor for \$90.0 million. IPH Unltd's obligations under the Promissory Note are secured by the Ecko portfolio of trademarks and related intellectual property assets (including Ecko and Zoo York), further guaranteed personally by the minority owner of IPH Unltd. Amounts outstanding under the Promissory Note bear interest at 7.50% per annum, with minimum principal payable in equal quarterly installments of \$2.5 million, with any remaining unpaid principal balance and accrued interest to be due on June 30, 2014, the Promissory Note maturity date. The Promissory Note may be prepaid without penalty, and would be applied to the scheduled quarterly principal payments in the order of their maturity. As of March 31, 2010, the total principal balance of the Promissory Note is \$87.5 million, of which \$10.0 million is included in the current portion of long-term debt on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet.

Sweet Note

On April 23, 2002, the Company acquired the remaining 50% interest in Unzipped (see Note 8) from Sweet Sportswear, LLC ("Sweet") for a purchase price comprised of 3,000,000 shares of its common stock and \$11.0 million in debt, which was evidenced by the Company's issuance of the 8% Senior Subordinated Note due in 2012 ("Sweet Note"). Prior to August 5, 2004, Unzipped was managed by Sweet pursuant to the Management Agreement (as defined in Note 8), which obligated Sweet to manage the operations of Unzipped in return for, commencing in the fiscal year ended January 31, 2003 ("Fiscal 2003"), an annual management fee based upon certain specified percentages of net income achieved by Unzipped during the three- year term of the agreement. In addition, Sweet guaranteed that the net income, as defined in the agreement, of Unzipped would be no less than \$1.7 million for each year during the term, commencing with Fiscal 2003. In the event that the guarantee was not met for a particular year, Sweet was obligated under the Management Agreement to pay the Company the difference between the actual net income of Unzipped, as defined, for such year and the guaranteed \$1.7 million. That payment, referred to as the shortfall payment, could be offset against the amounts due under the Sweet Note at the option of either the Company or Sweet. As a result of such offsets, the balance of the Sweet Note was reduced by the Company to \$3.1 million as of December 31, 2006 and \$3.0 million as of December 31, 2005 and was reflected in Long- term debt. This note bears interest at the rate of 8% per year and matures in April 2012.

In November 2007, the Company received a signed judgment related to the Sweet Sportswear/Unzipped litigation. See Note 10.

The judgment stated that the Sweet Note (originally \$11.0 million when issued by the Company upon the acquisition of Unzipped from Sweet in 2002) should total approximately \$12.2 million as of December 31, 2007. The recorded balance of the Sweet Note, prior to any adjustments related to the judgment was approximately \$3.2 million. The

Company increased the Sweet Note by approximately \$6.2 million and recorded the expense as an expense related to specific litigation. The Company further increased the Sweet Note by approximately \$2.8 million to record the related interest and included the charge in interest expense. As of March 31, 2010, the Sweet Note is approximately \$12.2 million and included in the current portion of long-term debt. The Sweet Note bears interest, which was accrued for during the Current Quarter and the Prior Year Quarter and included in accounts payable and accrued expenses, at the rate of 8% per year.

In addition, in November 2007 the Company was awarded a judgment of approximately \$12.2 million for claims made by it against Hubert Guez and Apparel Distribution Services, Inc. ("ADS"). As a result, the Company recorded a receivable of approximately \$12.2 million and recorded the benefit in special charges during the year ended December 31, 2007. This receivable is included in other assets - non-current and bears interest, which was accrued for during Current Quarter and the Prior Year Quarter, at the rate of 8% per year.

Debt Maturities

As of March 31, 2010, the Company's debt maturities on a calendar year basis are as follows:

(000's omitted)	Total	April 1 through December 31,				
		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Convertible Notes ¹	\$ 251,365	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 251,365	\$ -	\$ -
Term Loan Facility	170,577	-	15,600	154,977	-	-
Asset-Backed Notes	89,005	18,356	26,380	33,468	10,801	-
Promissory Note	87,500	7,500	10,000	10,000	10,000	50,000
Sweet Note	12,186	12,186	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ 610,633	\$ 38,042	\$ 51,980	\$ 449,810	\$ 20,801	\$ 50,000

¹ Reflects the net debt carrying amount of the Convertible Notes on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2010, in accordance with accounting for convertible notes. The principal amount owed to the holders of the Convertible Notes is \$287.5 million.

6. Stockholders' Equity

Public Offering

On June 9, 2009, the Company completed a public offering of common stock pursuant to a registration statement that had been declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission. All 10,700,000 shares of common stock offered by the Company in the final prospectus were sold at \$15.00 per share. Net proceeds to the Company from the offering amounted to approximately \$152.8 million.

2009 Equity Incentive Plan

On August 13, 2009, the Company's stockholders approved the Company's 2009 Equity Incentive Plan ("2009 Plan"). The 2009 Plan authorizes the granting of common stock options or other stock-based awards covering up to 3,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. All employees, directors, consultants and advisors of the Company, including those of the Company's subsidiaries, are eligible to be granted non-qualified stock options and other stock-based awards (as defined) under the 2009 Plan, and employees are also eligible to be granted incentive stock options (as defined) under the 2009 Plan. No new awards may be granted under the Plan after August 13, 2019.

Stockholder Rights Plan

In January 2000, the Company's Board of Directors adopted a stockholder rights plan. Under the plan, each stockholder of common stock received a dividend of one right for each share of the Company's outstanding common stock, entitling the holder to purchase one thousandth of a share of Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock, par value, \$0.01 per share of the Company, at an initial exercise price of \$6.00. The rights become exercisable and will trade separately from the common stock ten business days after any person or group acquires 15% or more of the common stock, or ten business days after any person or group announces a tender offer for 15% or more of the outstanding common stock. This plan expired by its terms on January 26, 2010.

Stock Repurchase Program

On November 3, 2008, the Company announced that its Board of Directors had authorized the repurchase of up to \$75 million of the Company's common stock over a period of approximately three years (the "Program"). The Program replaces any prior plan or authorization. The Program does not obligate the Company to repurchase any specific number of shares and may be suspended at any time at management's discretion. During 2009, the Company repurchased 200,000 shares under the Program for approximately \$1.5 million. No shares were repurchased under the Program by the Company during the Current Quarter.

Stock Options

The Black-Scholes option valuation model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of traded options which have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. In addition, option valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions including the expected stock price volatility. Because the Company's employee stock options have characteristics significantly different from those of traded options, and because changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, in management's opinion, the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of its employee stock options.

The fair value for these options and warrants for all years was estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions:

Expected Volatility	30 - 45%
Expected Dividend Yield	0%
Expected Life (Term)	3 - 7 years
Risk-Free Interest Rate	3.00 - 4.75%

The options that the Company granted under its plans expire at various times, either five, seven or ten years from the date of grant, depending on the particular grant.

Summaries of the Company's stock options, warrants and performance related options activity, and related information for the year Current Quarter are as follows:

Options	Options	Weighted-Average Exercise Price
Outstanding January 1, 2010	3,094,079	\$ 4.48
Granted	-	-
Canceled	-	-
Exercised	(53,334)	9.65
Expired/Forfeited	(16,844)	1.31
Outstanding March 31, 2010	3,023,901	\$ 4.41
Exercisable at March 31, 2010	3,020,567	\$ 4.40

Warrants

	Warrants	Weighted-Average Exercise Price
Outstanding January 1, 2010	286,900	\$ 16.99
Granted	-	-
Canceled	-	-
Exercised	-	-
Expired/Forfeited	-	-
Outstanding March 31, 2010	286,900	\$ 16.99
Exercisable at March 31, 2010	286,900	\$ 16.99

All warrants issued in connection with acquisitions are recorded at fair market value using the Black Scholes model and are recorded as part of purchase accounting. Certain warrants are exercised using the cashless method.

The Company values other warrants issued to non-employees at the commitment date at the fair market value of the instruments issued, a measure which is more readily available than the fair market value of services rendered, using the Black Scholes model. The fair market value of the instruments issued is expensed over the vesting period.

Restricted stock

Compensation cost for restricted stock is measured as the excess, if any, of the quoted market price of the Company's stock at the date the common stock is issued over the amount the employee must pay to acquire the stock (which is generally zero). The compensation cost, net of projected forfeitures, is recognized over the period between the issue date and the date any restrictions lapse, with compensation cost for grants with a graded vesting schedule recognized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for each separately vesting portion of the award as if the award was, in substance, multiple awards. The restrictions do not affect voting and dividend rights.

The following tables summarize information about unvested restricted stock transactions (shares in thousands):

Shares	Weighted-Average
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			Grant Date Fair Value
Non-vested, January 1, 2010	2,041,126	\$	17.28
Granted	255,412		13.95
Vested	(800)		20.89
Forfeited/Canceled	-		-
Non-vested, March 31, 2010	2,295,738	\$	16.91

Compensation expense related to restricted stock grants for the Current Quarter and the Prior Year Quarter was approximately \$2.2 million and \$1.6 million, respectively. An additional amount of \$19.1 million is expected to be expensed over a period of approximately three years. During both the Current Quarter and the Prior Year Quarter the Company withheld shares valued at less than \$0.1 million of its restricted common stock in connection with net share settlement of restricted stock grants and option exercises.

Shares Reserved for Issuance

At March 31, 2010, 1,918,566 common shares were reserved for issuance under the 2009 Plan, and 76,653 common shares were reserved for issuance of stock options under the 2006 Stock Option Plan. There were no common shares available for issuance under the 2002, 2001, and 2000 Stock Option Plans.

7. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share includes no dilution and is computed by dividing net income available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings per share reflect, in periods in which they have a dilutive effect, the effect of restricted stock-based awards and common shares issuable upon exercise of stock options and warrants. The difference between basic and diluted weighted-average common shares results from the assumption that all dilutive stock options outstanding were exercised and all convertible notes have been converted into common stock.

As of March 31, 2010, of the total potentially dilutive shares related to restricted stock-based awards, stock options and warrants, 1.8 million were anti-dilutive, compared to 1.8 million as of December 31, 2009.

As of March 31, 2010, of the performance related restricted stock-based awards issued in connection with the Company's employment agreement with its chairman, chief executive officer and president, 1.3 million of such awards (which is included in the total 1.8 million anti-dilutive stock-based awards described above) were anti-dilutive and therefore not included in this calculation.

Warrants issued in connection with the Company's Convertible Notes financing were anti-dilutive and therefore not included in this calculation. Portions of the Convertible Notes that would be subject to conversion to common stock were anti-dilutive as of March 31, 2010 and therefore not included in this calculation.

A reconciliation of shares used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share follows:

(000's omitted)	For the Three Months ended	
	March 31,	
	2010	2009
Basic	71,537	58,044
Effect of exercise of stock options	1,940	2,023
Effect of contingent common stock issuance	353	589
Effect of assumed vesting of restricted stock	596	236
	74,426	60,892

8. Unzipped Apparel, LLC ("Unzipped")

On October 7, 1998, the Company formed Unzipped with its then joint venture partner Sweet, the purpose of which was to market and distribute apparel under the Bongo label. The Company and Sweet each had a 50% interest in Unzipped. Pursuant to the terms of the joint venture, the Company licensed the Bongo trademark to Unzipped for use

in the design, manufacture and sale of certain designated apparel products.

On April 23, 2002, the Company acquired the remaining 50% interest in Unzipped from Sweet for a purchase price of three million shares of the Company's common stock and \$11 million in debt evidenced by the Sweet Note. See Note 5. In connection with the acquisition of Unzipped, the Company filed a registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") for the three million shares of the Company's common stock issued to Sweet, which was declared effective by the SEC on July 29, 2003.

Prior to August 5, 2004, Unzipped was managed by Sweet pursuant to a management agreement (the "Management Agreement"). Unzipped also had a supply agreement with Azteca Productions International, Inc. ("Azteca") and a distribution agreement with ADS. All of these entities are owned or controlled by Hubert Guez.

On August 5, 2004, Unzipped terminated the Management Agreement with Sweet, the supply agreement with Azteca and the distribution agreement with ADS and commenced a lawsuit against Sweet, Azteca, ADS and Hubert Guez. See Note 10.

There were no transactions with these related parties during the Current Quarter or Prior Year Quarter.

In November 2007, a judgment was entered in the Unzipped litigation, pursuant to which the \$3.1 million in accounts payable to ADS/Azteca (previously shown as “accounts payable - subject to litigation”) was eliminated and recorded in the income statement as a benefit to the “expenses related to specific litigation”.

As a result of the judgment, in 2007 the balance of the \$11.0 million principal amount Sweet Note, originally issued by the Company upon the acquisition of Unzipped from Sweet in 2002, including interest, was increased from approximately \$3.2 million to approximately \$12.2 million as of December 31, 2007. Of this increase, approximately \$6.2 million was attributed to the principal of the Sweet Note and the expense was recorded as an expense related to specific litigation. The remaining \$2.8 million of the increase was attributed to related interest on the Sweet Note and recorded as interest expense. As of March 31, 2010, the full \$12.2 million current balance of the Sweet Note and \$2.2 million of accrued interest are included in the current portion of long term debt and accounts payable and accrued expenses, respectively.

In addition, in November 2007 the Company was awarded a judgment of approximately \$12.2 million for claims made by it against Hubert Guez and ADS. As a result, the Company recorded a receivable of approximately \$12.2 million and recorded the benefit in special charges for 2007. As of March 31, 2010, this receivable and the associated accrued interest of \$2.2 million are included in other assets - non-current.

9. Expenses Related to Specific Litigation

Expenses related to specific litigation consist of legal expenses and costs related to the Unzipped litigation. For the Current Quarter and the Prior Year Quarter, the Company recorded expenses related to specific litigation of less than \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million, respectively.

10. Commitments and Contingencies

Sweet Sportswear/Unzipped litigation

In August 2004, the Company commenced a lawsuit in the Superior Court of California, Los Angeles County, against Unzipped’s former manager, supplier and distributor Sweet, Azteca and ADS and Hubert Guez, a principal of these entities and former member of the Company’s board of directors (collectively referred to as the Guez defendants) alleging numerous causes of action, including fraud, breach of contract, breach of fiduciary duty and trademark infringement. Sweet, Azteca and ADS filed counterclaims against the Company claiming damages resulting from, among other things, a variety of alleged contractual breaches.

In April 2007, a jury returned a verdict of approximately \$45 million in the Company’s favor on every claim that the Company pursued, and against the Guez defendants on every counterclaim they asserted. Additionally, the jury found that all of the Guez defendants acted with “malice, fraud or oppression” with regard to each of the tort claims asserted by the Company and, in addition, awarded the Company \$5 million in punitive damages against Guez personally.

In November 2007, the Court, among other things, reduced the total damages awarded against the Guez defendants by approximately 50% and reduced the amount of punitive damages assessed against Guez to \$4 million. The Court also entered judgments against Guez in the amount of approximately \$11 million and ADS in the amount of

approximately \$1.3 million. It also entered judgment against all of the Guez defendants on every counterclaim that they pursued in the litigation, including ADS's and Azteca's unsuccessful efforts to recover against Unzipped any account balances claimed to be owed, totaling approximately \$3.5 million and Sweet's efforts to accelerate the principal balance of a note and other fees totaling approximately \$15 million (these orders are collectively referred to as the "judgments"). The Court also issued an order confirming an additional aggregate of approximately \$6.8 million of the jury's verdicts against Sweet and Azteca (referred to as the "confirmed verdicts") but declined to enter judgment against these entities since it had ordered a new trial with regard to certain of the jury's other damage awards against these entities.

In May 2008, the Court awarded the Company statutory litigation costs (jointly and severally against the Guez defendants) of approximately \$650,000. In October 2008, the Court granted the Company's petition for attorneys' fees with respect to approximately \$7.7 million of fees (mostly against Sweet and Azteca), but did not award any non-statutory (contractual) costs. In December 2008, the earlier judgments were amended to add the cost award against all the Guez defendants, as well as \$100,000 of attorneys' fees awarded against ADS.

In sum, the trial court entered judgment in the Company's favor of over \$12 million and has confirmed, but not reduced to judgment, additional amounts owed of approximately \$15 million, which consists of the confirmed verdicts plus the fee and cost awards against Sweet and Azteca. All of these amounts accrue interest at an annual rate of 10%. All parties have filed notices of appeal. The Company's notice of appeal relates to, among other things, those parts of the jury's verdicts vacated by the Court. In December 2008, the Company also filed a notice of appeal from the Court's orders relating to attorneys' fees awarded against ADS, statutory costs and non-statutory costs. The Guez defendants have posted an aggregate of approximately \$51.7 million in undertakings with the Court to secure the judgments. The Company is unable to pursue collection of the monetary portions of the judgments during the pendency of the appeals.

The Company intends to vigorously pursue its appeals, and vigorously defend against the Guez defendants' appeal.

Normal Course litigation

From time to time, the Company is also made a party to litigation incurred in the normal course of business. While any litigation has an element of uncertainty, the Company believes that the final outcome of any of these routine matters will not have a material effect on the Company's financial position or future liquidity.

11. Related Party Transactions

The Candie's Foundation

The Candie's Foundation, a charitable foundation founded by Neil Cole for the purpose of raising national awareness about the consequences of teenage pregnancy, owed the Company \$0.8 million and \$0.8 million at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively. In February 2010, the Candie's Foundation received a contribution of approximately \$0.7 million from a licensee of the Company. The Candie's Foundation intends to pay-off the entire borrowing from the Company during 2010, although additional advances will be made as and when necessary.

Travel

The Company recorded expenses of approximately \$20,000 and \$178,000 for the Current Quarter and Prior Year Quarter, respectively, for the hire and use of aircraft solely for business purposes owned by a company in which the Company's chairman, chief executive officer and president is the sole owner. Management believes that all transactions were made on terms and conditions no less favorable than those available in the marketplace from unrelated parties.

12. Segment and Geographic Data

The Company has one reportable segment, licensing and commission revenue generated from its brands. The geographic regions consist of the United States and Other (which principally represents Canada, Japan and Europe). Long lived assets are substantially all located in the United States. Revenues attributed to each region are based on the location in which licensees are located.

The net revenues by type o