

ORRSTOWN FINANCIAL SERVICES INC

Form 10-Q

August 09, 2007

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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

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**FORM 10 - Q**

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**x QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2007

Or

**.. TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_.

Commission File Number 33-18888

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**ORRSTOWN FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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Commonwealth of Pennsylvania  
(State or other jurisdiction of

incorporation or organization)

23-2530374  
(I.R.S. Employer

Identification No.)

77 East King Street, P.O. Box 250, Shippensburg, Pennsylvania

17257

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(Address of principal executive offices)

(717) 532-6114

(Zip Code)

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES  NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES  NO

As of June 30, 2007, 6,425,720 shares of common stock, no par value, of the registrant were outstanding.

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## PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. Financial Statements

## ORRSTOWN FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars in Thousands)	(Unaudited) June 30, 2007	(Audited)* December 31, 2006
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Cash and due from banks	\$ 17,421	\$ 20,730
Federal funds sold	11,395	18,404
Cash and cash equivalents	28,816	39,134
Interest bearing deposits with banks	547	895
Member stock, at cost which approximates market value	4,117	3,850
Securities available for sale	79,675	87,543
Loans	653,193	618,827
Allowance for loan losses	(5,593)	(5,520)
Net Loans	647,600	613,307
Premises and equipment, net	20,563	19,852
Goodwill and intangible assets	21,493	21,567
Cash surrender value of life insurance	15,789	15,573
Accrued interest receivable	3,363	3,279
Other assets	6,351	4,031
Total assets	\$ 828,314	\$ 809,031
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY</b>		
Deposits:		
Non-interest bearing	\$ 86,399	\$ 85,420
Interest bearing	567,362	553,299
Total deposits	653,761	638,719
Short term borrowings	48,449	41,703
Long term debt	28,482	32,440
Accrued interest payable	929	1,111
Other liabilities	4,803	5,670
Total liabilities	736,424	719,643
Common stock, no par value - \$ .05205 stated value per share; 50,000,000 shares authorized; 6,451,435 and 6,145,049 shares issued		
	336	320
Additional paid - in capital	82,356	72,023
Retained earnings	10,091	16,934
Accumulated other comprehensive income	19	507

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Treasury stock, 25,715 and 10,717 shares, at cost	(912)	(396)
Total shareholders' equity	91,890	89,388
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 828,314	\$ 809,031

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\* Condensed from audited financial statements

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

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## ORRSTOWN FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended	
	June	June
(Dollars in Thousands)	2007	2006
<b>INTEREST INCOME</b>		
Interest and fees on loans	\$ 11,857	\$ 9,656
Interest and dividends on investment securities	974	939
Interest on short term investments	189	250
<b>Total interest income</b>	<b>13,020</b>	<b>10,845</b>
<b>INTEREST EXPENSE</b>		
Interest on deposits	4,665	3,244
Interest on short-term borrowings	580	444
Interest on long-term debt	415	292
<b>Total interest expense</b>	<b>5,660</b>	<b>3,980</b>
<b>Net interest income</b>	<b>7,360</b>	<b>6,865</b>
Provision for loan losses	90	36
<b>Net interest income after provision for loan losses</b>	<b>7,270</b>	<b>6,829</b>
<b>OTHER INCOME</b>		
Service charges on deposits	1,393	1,146
Other service charges	554	666
Trust department income	648	626
Brokerage income	383	340
Other income	176	166
Non-recurring revenue	219	0
Securities gains / (losses)	16	10
<b>Total other income</b>	<b>3,389</b>	<b>2,954</b>
<b>OTHER EXPENSES</b>		
Salaries and employee benefits	3,588	3,288
Occupancy and equipment	898	828
Data processing	194	248
Advertising	108	122
Non-recurring expense	78	0
Other operating expense	1,259	864
<b>Total other expense</b>	<b>6,125</b>	<b>5,350</b>
<b>Income before income taxes</b>	<b>4,534</b>	<b>4,433</b>
Income tax expense	1,314	1,287
<b>Net income</b>	<b>\$ 3,220</b>	<b>\$ 3,146</b>

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PER SHARE DATA

Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.51
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.49
Dividends per share	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.19

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

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## ORRSTOWN FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	Six Months Ended June	
(Dollars in Thousands)	2007	2006
<b>INTEREST INCOME</b>		
Interest and fees on loans	\$ 23,198	\$ 17,773
Interest and dividends on investment securities	1,980	1,690
Interest on short term investments	401	462
<b>Total interest income</b>	<b>25,579</b>	<b>19,925</b>
<b>INTEREST EXPENSE</b>		
Interest on deposits	9,168	5,698
Interest on short-term borrowings	1,080	772
Interest on long-term debt	811	716
<b>Total interest expense</b>	<b>11,059</b>	<b>7,186</b>
<b>Net interest income</b>	<b>14,520</b>	<b>12,739</b>
Provision for loan losses	150	72
<b>Net interest income after provision for loan losses</b>	<b>14,370</b>	<b>12,667</b>
<b>OTHER INCOME</b>		
Service charges on deposits	2,621	2,073
Other service charges	1,040	1,018
Trust department income	1,258	1,174
Brokerage income	739	653
Other income	367	311
Non-recurring revenue	219	0
Securities gains / (losses)	70	12
<b>Total other income</b>	<b>6,314</b>	<b>5,241</b>
<b>OTHER EXPENSES</b>		
Salaries and employee benefits	7,292	6,004
Occupancy and equipment	1,795	1,570
Data processing	418	432
Advertising	186	199
Non-recurring expense	78	0
Other operating expense	2,325	1,693
<b>Total other expense</b>	<b>12,094</b>	<b>9,898</b>
<b>Income before income taxes</b>	<b>8,590</b>	<b>8,010</b>
Income tax expense	2,507	2,366
<b>Net income</b>	<b>\$ 6,083</b>	<b>\$ 5,644</b>



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PER SHARE DATA

Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.95	\$ 0.95
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.90	\$ 0.91
Dividends per share	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.362

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

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ORRSTOWN FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	<b>Three Months Ended June</b>	
<b>(Dollars in Thousands)</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
<b>COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>		
Net Income	\$ 3,220	\$ 3,146
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		
Unrealized gain (loss) on investment securities available for sale	(535)	(376)
<b>Comprehensive Income</b>	<b>\$ 2,685</b>	<b>\$ 2,770</b>

	<b>Six Months Ended June</b>	
<b>(Dollars in Thousands)</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
<b>COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>		
Net Income	\$ 6,083	\$ 5,644
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		
Unrealized gain (loss) on investment securities available for sale	(488)	(532)
<b>Comprehensive Income</b>	<b>\$ 5,595</b>	<b>\$ 5,112</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

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## ORRSTOWN FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June</b>	<b>June</b>
<b>(Dollars in Thousands)</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net income	\$ 6,083	\$ 5,644
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	937	708
Provision for loan losses	150	72
Other, net	(1,829)	(597)
<b>Net cash provided by operating activities</b>	<b>5,341</b>	<b>5,827</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net decrease in interest bearing deposits with banks	348	2,680
Purchases of available for sale securities	(4,109)	(783)
Sales and maturities of available for sale securities	11,178	4,764
Purchase of intangible assets	51	0
Net (increase) in loans	(34,443)	(42,777)
Purchases of bank premises and equipment	(2,861)	(1,908)
Purchase price of shares exchanged for cash	0	(8,882)
Cash acquired in acquisition	0	13,031
Other, net	(542)	640
<b>Net cash (used) by investing activities</b>	<b>(30,378)</b>	<b>(33,235)</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net increase in deposits	15,042	50,378
Dividends paid	(2,573)	(2,208)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	1	135
Purchase of treasury stock	(589)	(368)
Net proceeds from issuance of treasury stock	73	0
Net change in short-term borrowings	6,746	(138)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	4,000	0
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(7,958)	(17,059)
Other, net	(23)	224
<b>Net cash provided by financing activities</b>	<b>14,719</b>	<b>30,964</b>
<b>Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>(10,318)</b>	<b>3,556</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period</b>	<b>39,134</b>	<b>35,331</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of period</b>	<b>\$ 28,816</b>	<b>\$ 38,887</b>
<b>Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:</b>		
<b>Cash paid during the period for:</b>		
Interest	\$ 11,241	\$ 6,978
Income Taxes	2,725	2,525
<b>Supplemental schedule of noncash investing and financing activities:</b>		

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Unrealized gain (loss) on investments available for sale (net of deferred taxes of \$(263) and \$(274) at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively)

(488)

(532)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

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ORRSTOWN FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

June 30, 2007

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The unaudited financial statements of Orrstown Financial Services, Inc. (the Corporation or Orrstown) and its subsidiary are presented at and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 and have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and instructions to Form 10-Q. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. However, unaudited information reflects all adjustments (consisting solely of normal recurring adjustments) that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim period. Information presented at December 31, 2006 is condensed from audited year-end financial statements. For further information, refer to the audited consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto, included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Operating

Orrstown Financial Services, Inc. is a financial holding company including its wholly-owned subsidiary, Orrstown Bank. As of the close of business on June 15, 2007, Orrstown Bank and The First National Bank of Newport collapsed the two banks charters into one bank with Orrstown Bank as the surviving bank. All significant intercompany transactions and accounts have been eliminated.

Operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2007.

Cash Flows

For purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents include Cash and due from banks and Federal funds sold. As permitted by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 104, the Corporation has elected to present the net increase or decrease in deposits with banks, loans and deposits in the Statement of Cash Flows.

Federal Income Taxes

For financial reporting purposes, the provision for loan losses charged to operating expense is based on management's judgment, whereas for federal income tax purposes the amount allowable under present tax law is deducted. Additionally, deferred compensation is charged to operating expense in the period the liability is incurred for financial reporting purposes, whereas for federal income tax purposes these expenses are deducted when paid. As a result of the aforementioned timing differences plus the timing differences associated with depreciation expense, deferred income taxes are provided in the financial statements. Income tax expense is less than the amount calculated using the statutory tax rate primarily as a result of tax exempt income earned from state and political subdivision obligations.

Investment Securities

Management determines the appropriate classification of securities at the time of purchase. If management has the intent and the Corporation has the ability at the time of purchase to hold securities until maturity, they are classified as securities held to maturity and carried at amortized historical cost. Securities to be held for indefinite periods of time, and not intended to be held to maturity, are classified as available for sale and carried at fair value. Securities held for indefinite periods of time include securities that management intends to use as part of its asset and liability management strategy and that may be sold in response to changes in interest rates, resultant prepayment risk, and other factors related to interest rate and resultant prepayment risk changes.

Realized gains and losses on dispositions are based on the net proceeds and the adjusted book value of the securities sold, using the specific identification method. Unrealized gains and losses on investment securities available for sale are based on the difference between book value and fair value of each security. These gains and losses are credited or charged to other comprehensive income, whereas realized gains and losses

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flow through the Corporation's results of operations.

The Corporation has classified all investment securities as available for sale. At December 31, 2006, fair value exceeded amortized cost by \$390,000 and at June 30, 2007 fair value exceeded amortized cost by \$30,000. In shareholders' equity, the balance of accumulated other comprehensive income decreased to \$19,000 from \$507,000 at December 31, 2006.

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## Stock-Based Compensation

The Corporation maintains two stock-based compensation plans. These plans provide for the granting of stock options to the Corporation's directors and the Bank's employees. FAS Statement No 123R, Share-Based Payment requires financial statement recognition of compensation cost for stock options and other stock-based awards. Both of the Corporation's stock-based compensation plans are fully vested when granted and, therefore, are expensed on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

## Earnings per share of common stock

Basic earnings per share represent income available to common stockholders divided by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share reflect the addition of an incremental number of shares added as a result of converting common stock equivalents. A reconciliation of the weighted average shares outstanding used to calculate basic net income per share and diluted net income per share follows. There is no adjustment to net income to arrive at diluted net income per share.

Earnings per share for the three and six months ended June 30, have been computed as follows:

	Three Months Ended June		Six Months Ended June	
(In Thousands, except per share data)	2007	2006	2007	2006
Net Income	\$ 3,220	\$ 3,146	\$ 6,083	\$ 5,644
Weighted average shares outstanding (basic)	6,431	6,206	6,434	5,960
Impact of common stock equivalents	291	261	289	258
Weighted average shares outstanding (diluted)	6,722	6,467	6,723	6,218
Per share information:				
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.51	\$ 0.95	\$ 0.95
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.90	\$ 0.91
Recent Accounting Pronouncements				

In July 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes: An Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 (FIN 48). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an entity's financial statements in accordance with SFAS 109. The Interpretation prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement principles for the financial statement recognition and measurement of tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. The Corporation does not expect the implementation of FIN 48 to have a material impact on its financial statements.

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, Fair Value Measurements (SFAS 157). SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 does not require any new fair value measurements but may change current practice for some entities. This Statement is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 and interim periods within those years. The Corporation does not expect the implementation of SFAS 157 to have a material impact on its financial statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities. The fair value option established by this SFAS permits all entities to choose to measure eligible items at fair value at specified election dates. A business entity shall report unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. This SFAS is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. Early adoption is permitted as of the fiscal year that begins before November 15, 2007, provided the entity also elects to apply the provisions of SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurement. The Corporation has decided not to adopt SFAS No. 159 early.

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Note 2: Other Commitments

In the normal course of business, the bank makes various commitments and incurs certain contingent liabilities which are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements. These commitments include various guarantees and commitments to extend credit. Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. The Corporation's subsidiary bank evaluates each customer's credit-worthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary upon extension of credit, is based on management's credit evaluation of the customer. Standby letters of credit and financial guarantees written are conditional commitments to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. Those guarantees are primarily issued to support public and private borrowing arrangements. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loans to customers. The bank holds collateral supporting those commitments when deemed necessary by management. As of June 30, 2007, \$25,545,000 of performance standby letters of credit have been issued. The Corporation does not anticipate any losses as a result of these transactions.

Note 3: Changes in Common Stock

On April 26, 2007, the Board of Directors of Orrstown Financial Services, Inc. approved a 5% stock dividend, payable on June 15, 2007 to shareholders of record on May 25, 2007. Under this stock dividend, shareholders received one additional share of common stock for every twenty shares owned as of the record date. Fractional shares were paid in cash. All per share amounts have been adjusted to give retroactive recognition to the 5% stock dividend.



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**PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

**OVERVIEW**

Orrstown Financial Services, Inc. (the Corporation) is a financial holding company with a wholly-owned bank subsidiary, Orrstown Bank. On May 1, 2006, Orrstown Financial Services, Inc. completed the acquisition of The First National Bank of Newport (First National); therefore, First National is not included in the first four months of results in 2006. During January 2007, both bank boards executed documents allowing the collapse of the two banks charters into one bank. The consolidation of the companies took place as of the close of business on June 15, 2007.

The following is a discussion of our consolidated financial condition at June 30, 2007 and results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and three and six months ended June 30, 2006. Throughout this discussion, the yield on earning assets is stated on a fully taxable-equivalent basis and balances represent average daily balances unless otherwise stated.

Some statements and information may contain forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: general political and economic conditions, unforeseen changes in the general interest rate environment, developments concerning credit quality in various corporate lending industry sectors, legislative or regulatory developments, legal proceedings, and pending or proposed changes in accounting rules, policies, practices, and procedures. Each of these factors could affect estimates and assumptions used to produce forward looking statements causing actual results to differ materially from those anticipated. Future results could also differ materially from historical performance.

**Critical Accounting Policies**

The Bank policy related to the allowance for loan losses is considered to be a critical accounting policy because the allowance for loan losses represents a particularly sensitive accounting estimate. The amount of the allowance is based on management's evaluation of the collectibility of the loan portfolio, including the nature of the loan portfolio, credit concentrations, trends in historical loss experience, specific impaired loans, and economic conditions.

The allowance for loan losses is established through a provision for loan losses charged to expense. Loans are charged against the allowance for loan losses when management believes that the collectibility of the principal is unlikely. The allowance is an amount that management believes will be adequate to absorb possible losses on existing loans that may become uncollectible, based on evaluations of the collectibility of loans and prior loan loss experience. The evaluations take into consideration such factors as changes in the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, overall portfolio quality, grouping of like loans, grading of individual loan quality, review of specific problem loans, the examination of underlying collateral and current economic conditions that may affect the borrowers' ability to pay.

**SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL RESULTS**

Orrstown Financial Services, Inc. recorded net income of \$3,220,000 for the second quarter of 2007 compared to \$3,146,000 for the same period in 2006, representing an increase of \$74,000 or 2.4%. Basic earnings per share (EPS) decreased \$0.01 to \$0.50 in the recent quarter from the \$0.51 earned during the second quarter of 2006. Diluted earnings per share for the second quarter were \$0.48 versus \$0.49 last year.

Net income for the first six months of 2007 was \$6,083,000 compared to \$5,644,000 for the same period in 2006, representing an increase of \$439,000 or 7.8%. Basic earnings per share for the first half of 2007 and 2006 remained level at \$.95. Diluted earnings per share for the first six months were \$0.90 versus \$0.91 last year. All per share amounts have been restated to reflect the 5% stock dividend paid to shareholders on June 15, 2007.

Included below are ratios for the return on average tangible assets (ROTA) and return on average tangible equity (ROTE) which exclude intangibles from the balance sheet and related amortization and tax expense from net income due to the associated goodwill and intangibles from the acquisition of First National and the acquisition of other investment companies and deposits.

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The following statistics compare the second quarter and year-to-date performance of 2007 to that of 2006:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June	June	June	June
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Return on average assets	1.57%	1.79%	1.51%	1.74%
Return on average tangible assets	1.63%	1.84%	1.57%	1.78%
Return on average equity	14.16%	16.54%	13.56%	16.97%
Return on average tangible equity	18.75%	20.76%	18.04%	19.57%
Average equity / Average assets	11.07%	10.81%	11.10%	10.27%

**RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

Quarter ended June 30, 2007 compared to Quarter ended June 30, 2006

Net Interest Income

Net interest income for the second quarter of 2007 was \$7,360,000 representing a growth of \$495,000, or 7.2% over the \$6,865,000 realized during the second quarter last year. On a fully taxable equivalent basis (FTE), net interest income for the second quarter of 2007 and 2006 was \$7,612,000 and \$7,122,000, respectively.

The table that follows states rates on a fully taxable equivalent basis (FTE):

	June 2007		Three Months Ended		June 2006	
	Average Balance	Equivalent Interest	Equivalent Rate	Average Balance	Equivalent Interest	Equivalent Rate
<b>(Dollars in thousands)</b>						
<b>Interest Earning Assets:</b>						
Federal funds sold & interest bearing bank balances	\$ 14,040	\$ 189	5.40%	\$ 19,972	\$ 250	5.02%
Investment securities	87,136	1,143	5.28%	88,076	1,103	5.03%
Total loans	647,956	11,940	7.32%	536,255	9,749	7.22%
<b>Total interest-earning assets</b>	<b>749,132</b>	<b>13,272</b>	<b>7.04%</b>	<b>644,303</b>	<b>11,102</b>	<b>6.85%</b>
<b>Interest Bearing Liabilities:</b>						
Interest bearing demand deposits	\$ 193,930	\$ 939	1.94%	\$ 156,500	\$ 399	1.02%
Savings deposits	76,421	382	2.00%	90,530	520	2.30%
Time deposits	288,371	3,344	4.65%	232,429	2,325	4.01%
Short term borrowings	46,960	580	4.95%	38,832	444	4.59%
Long term borrowings	34,787	415	4.73%	26,762	292	4.38%
<b>Total interest bearing liabilities</b>	<b>640,469</b>	<b>5,660</b>	<b>3.54%</b>	<b>545,053</b>	<b>3,980</b>	<b>2.93%</b>
<b>Net interest income / net interest spread</b>		<b>\$ 7,612</b>	<b>3.49%</b>		<b>\$ 7,122</b>	<b>3.92%</b>
<b>Net interest margin</b>			<b>4.01%</b>			<b>4.38%</b>
<b>Interest income FTE</b>						

FTE interest income totaled \$13,272,000 for the second quarter of 2007 versus \$11,102,000 for the same period last year, a difference of \$2,170,000, or 19.5%. The rate on earning assets rose from 6.85% during the second quarter 2006 to 7.04% during the same quarter this year.

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Key interest rates were rising during the first half of 2006, but have remained stable since. The prime lending rate has remained at 825 basis points from July 2006 to the present. Total earning assets grew \$104.8 million, or 16.3%, from \$644.3 million for the second quarter of 2006 to \$749.1 million during the second quarter 2007. The acquisition of First National effective May 1, 2006 and continued commercial loan demand have fueled this growth.

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Interest expense

Interest expense increased \$1,680,000 or 42.2%, to \$5,660,000. Interest bearing liabilities increased to \$640.5 million from \$545.1 million, or 17.5%. Savings account balances have declined \$14 million from the second quarter 2006 as interest bearing demand deposits have increased in volume by \$37 million. Time deposit accounts continue to be attractive to customers in this rate environment and have increased by \$55.9 million over the second quarter of 2006.

As a result of the inverted yield curve and the popularity of higher cost deposit products, the cost of funds has increased more rapidly than the yield on earning assets. Thus, net interest spreads have decreased from 3.92% to 3.49% and the net interest margin has decreased from 4.38% during second quarter 2006 to 4.01% during second quarter 2007. The increase in net interest income is due primarily to volume factors as growth has continued, particularly in the commercial loan portfolio.

Noninterest Income

Total non-interest income, excluding securities gains, increased \$429,000, or 14.6%, from \$2,944,000 to \$3,373,000. Net securities gains in the second quarter 2006 were \$10,000 compared to the \$16,000 of net gains taken in the second quarter of 2007. Service charges on deposits increased 21.6% or \$247,000. An increase of \$213,000 was realized in overdraft protection fees. Revenue from debit card utilization grew \$39,000.

Other service charges decreased by \$112,000, or 16.8%. The sale of Orrstown's interest in CBIA, a property and casualty insurance business, was completed in May of 2007. Due to the sale, no insurance income from CBIA was recorded for 2007. This, in turn, largely contributed to insurance revenue decreasing by \$96,000 versus the second quarter last year. Although insurance revenue was down, the sale on the investment provided a nonrecurring pretax gain of \$219,000. Secondary mortgage servicing fees decreased by \$21,000 this quarter. ATM fees grew by \$20,000 over last year due in part to the addition of five ATMs that were part of the First National acquisition last year. Asset management fees contributed an additional \$22,000 and brokerage fees increased \$43,000, or 12.6%, over the second quarter last year.

Noninterest Expense

Other expenses rose from \$5,350,000 during the second quarter 2006 to \$6,125,000 during the second quarter of 2007, an increase of \$775,000, or 14.5%. Nonrecurring pretax expenses related to the combination of the two bank charters amounted to \$78,000 this quarter and are included in the above total for 2007. The \$78,000 of nonrecurring expense was made up of severance payments, printing expenses, postage, legal fees and other costs.

The increase in salaries and benefits of 9.1%, or \$300,000 was a major contributor to non-interest expense. The addition of First National's employee base, annual salary increases for previously employed staff, new hires to support the growth in operation areas and new branch offices, plus rising health care costs all contributed to the increase.

Occupancy and equipment expense rose only 8.5%, or \$70,000, over the prior year. Overall this increase was minimal as compared to past quarters. Maintenance on buildings and equipment contributed about \$55,000 of the growth in expense.

Data processing costs dropped by \$54,000 over last year due to the conversion of First National's core processing system in June 2006. Other operating expense increased by 45.7%, or \$395,000. Legal expenses were up in the second quarter of 2007 with new proxy rules and disclosures a factor. Pennsylvania shares tax expense rose \$34,000, while printing and supplies increased by \$31,000.

The Corporation's overhead efficiency ratio increased to 55.13% for the current quarter versus the second quarter 2006 ratio of 52.45%. The acquisition of First National in 2006 served to increase the efficiency ratio versus prior results. Cost reduction measures and the consolidation of the banks should gradually improved the ratio.

**Table of Contents**Six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to Six months ended June 30, 2006

## Net Interest Income

Net interest income for the first six months of 2007 was \$14,520,000 representing a growth of \$1,781,000, or 14.0% over the \$12,739,000 realized during the same period last year. On a fully taxable equivalent basis (FTE), net interest income for the first six months of 2007 and 2006 was \$15,014,000 and \$13,201,000, respectively.

The table that follows states rates on a fully taxable equivalent basis (FTE):

(Dollars in thousands)	Six Months Ended					
	Average Balance	June 2007 Tax Equivalent Interest	Tax Equivalent Rate	Average Balance	June 2006 Tax Equivalent Interest	Tax Equivalent Rate
<b>Interest Earning Assets:</b>						
Federal funds sold & interest bearing bank balances	\$ 15,098	\$ 401	5.36%	\$ 19,619	\$ 462	4.75%
Investment securities	88,581	2,316	5.26%	79,578	1,993	5.04%
Total loans	636,870	23,356	7.32%	501,551	17,932	7.13%
<b>Total interest-earning assets</b>	<b>740,549</b>	<b>26,073</b>	<b>7.03%</b>	<b>600,748</b>	<b>20,387</b>	<b>6.77%</b>
<b>Interest Bearing Liabilities:</b>						
Interest bearing demand deposits	\$ 186,970	\$ 1,693	1.83%	\$ 148,220	\$ 726	0.99%
Savings deposits	78,734	806	2.06%	86,469	1,017	2.37%
Time deposits	290,530	6,669	4.63%	203,509	3,955	3.92%
Short term borrowings	43,890	1,080	4.89%	35,837	772	4.28%
Long term borrowings	33,946	811	4.75%	33,298	716	4.28%
<b>Total interest bearing liabilities</b>	<b>634,070</b>	<b>11,059</b>	<b>3.52%</b>	<b>507,333</b>	<b>7,186</b>	<b>2.86%</b>
<b>Net interest income / net interest spread</b>		<b>\$ 15,014</b>	<b>3.51%</b>		<b>\$ 13,201</b>	<b>3.92%</b>
<b>Net interest margin</b>			<b>4.02%</b>			<b>4.36%</b>
<b>Interest income FTE</b>						

Interest income totaled \$26,073,000 for the first six months of 2007 versus \$20,387,000 for the same period last year, a growth of 27.9%. The Corporation's earning asset yield increased 26 basis points from the prior year's 6.77% to 7.03% for the first six months of 2007. The 23.3% growth in the volume of total earning assets was the leading factor in the growth of interest income. About 13.6% of the growth in volume of interest earning assets in 2007 was due to the acquisition of First National. The total loan portfolio increased by \$135.3 million, or 27.0%, over the same period last year, about 15.8% of this is organic growth. The majority of the growth continues to be in the commercial loan portfolio which increased from \$333.6 million to \$421.9 or 26.4%. The volume growth in earning assets and the increase in the tax equivalent rate have increased total interest income by \$5,686,000 or 27.9% versus the first six months of 2006.

## Interest expense

Total interest expense increased \$3,873,000 from \$7,186,000 to \$11,059,000 or 53.9% over the first six months of 2006. Interest bearing demand deposits have increased over the first six months of 2006 by \$38.8 million. Non-interest demand deposits have increased by \$10.0 million in the same period. Growth in money market deposit accounts of \$40.8 million offset the decrease in the prime savings product of \$16.2 million. Time deposits balances have increased by \$87.0 million, or 42.8%, due in large part to increases in time deposit rates. Approximately 20.1% of the growth in time deposits was due to the acquisition of First National. Short term borrowings have increased in volume due to the popularity of our repurchase agreements product.

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While earning asset yields have increased by 26 basis points, the rate on interest bearing liabilities has increased by 66 basis points. The acquisition of First National and disintermediation caused, in part, by the inverted yield curve has served to compress our net interest spread and net interest margin. The interest spread decreased from 3.92% to 3.51% and the interest margin, which factors in noninterest bearing funds, decreased from 4.36% during the first six months of 2006 to 4.02% during the first six months of 2007.

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Noninterest Income

Other income, excluding securities gains, increased \$1,015,000, or 19.4%, from \$5,229,000 to \$6,244,000. Securities gains (losses) increased from \$12,000 of net gains in 2006 to \$70,000 in 2007. \$45,000 of net gains were taken in the first quarter of 2007 from the sale of equity securities which were replaced, in part, by other equity securities with greater potential. Service charges on deposits increased 26.4% or \$548,000. Overdraft protection revenue increased \$411,000, while debit card fees added \$71,000 and merchant account service charges added \$53,000.

Other service charges increased by \$22,000. ATM fees increased by \$80,000 and loan fees generated an additional \$50,000 versus the prior year. Income related to insurance affiliates decreased by \$102,000 due in part to the sale of the investment in CBIA as discussed above. The sale of this investment contributed \$219,000 of nonrecurring gains.

The asset management area continued to grow during 2007, with trust increasing revenue by \$84,000 while brokerage income increased \$86,000, or 13.2%, over the first six months of 2006. Trust assets under management reached \$413 million at June 30, 2007.

Noninterest Expense

Other expenses rose from \$9,898,000 during the first six months of 2006 to \$12,094,000 during the same period of 2007, an increase of \$2,196,000, or 22.2%. Salaries increased by \$1,057,000 due in part to the addition of the First National employment base. Overall growth throughout the Corporation also contributed to the increase. Benefit expense grew overall by \$231,000. Employee insurance plan expense increased by \$153,000, and employment tax expense increased by \$127,000, both due in part to the addition of First National personnel. Profit sharing expense grew by \$91,000.

Occupancy and equipment expense rose \$225,000, or 14.3%. The addition of First National's branches were a significant factor here. Depreciation expense contributed \$94,000 of the increase along with an increase of \$97,000 in maintenance and repairs. Data processing expense decreased \$14,000 versus 2006 due to combination of the core processing systems of the two Banks.

Other operating expenses increased by \$632,000, or 37.3%. Legal expense increased \$83,000, Pennsylvania shares tax expense grew by \$78,000, telephone expense rose by \$75,000 and printing and supplies expense increased \$65,000 over last year. Amortization expense increased \$56,000 given the amortization of intangibles from the First National acquisition. ATM expense grew \$43,000 and postage expense added an additional \$38,000 to noninterest expense. Nonrecurring expense of \$78,000 arose with the combination of the two bank subsidiaries in to one bank charter in June 2007, and included payments for severance, printing expenses, postage, legal fees and other costs. The combination should serve to help control expenses moving forward.

The overhead efficiency ratio increased to 56.27% for the first six months of 2007 compared to the 52.89% last year. Growth in interest and noninterest expense has outpaced increases in interest and noninterest income creating an increase in the efficiency ratio. Despite the increased ratio, Orrstown has held its efficiency ratio below 60% consistently, which is quite admirable for a banking company with less than \$1 billion of assets.

INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Income tax expense increased \$27,000, or 2.1%, during the second quarter of 2007 versus the second quarter of 2006. For the first six months of 2007 the income tax expense rose \$141,000 or 6.0% over the same period 2006. The marginal federal income tax bracket is 35% for 2007 and 2006.

Effective income tax rates were as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 2007	June 2006	June 2007	June 2006
Effective income tax rate	29.0%	29.0%	29.2%	29.5%

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## PROVISION AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES

The allowance for loan losses is established through a provision for loan losses charged to expense. Loans are charged against the allowance for loan losses when management believes that collectibility of the principal is unlikely. The allowance is an amount that management believes will be adequate to absorb possible losses on existing loans that may become uncollectible based on evaluations of the collectibility of loans and prior loan loss experience. The evaluations take into consideration factors such as changes in the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, overall portfolio quality, review of specific problem loans, and current economic conditions that may affect the borrowers' ability to pay. Through this review and evaluation process, an amount deemed adequate to meet current growth and future loss expectations is charged to operations. The unallocated portion of the reserve ensures that any additional unforeseen losses that are not otherwise identifiable will be able to be absorbed. It is intended to provide for imprecise estimates in assessing projected losses, uncertainties in economic conditions and allocating pool reserves. Management deems the total of the allocated and unallocated portions of the allowance for loan losses to be adequate to absorb any losses at this time.

The provision for loan losses amounted to \$90,000 and \$36,000 for the second quarter of 2007 and 2006, respectively. These provisions compared to net charge-offs of \$67,000 during the second quarter 2007 and \$28,000 during the same period last year. The reserve to loan ratio for the Corporation was 0.86% at June 30, 2007 compared to 0.90% on June 30, 2006.

For the first six months of 2007 the provision for loan losses was \$150,000 compared to \$72,000 taken in the first half of 2006. The year to date net charge-offs for 2007 were \$77,000 compared to \$43,000 of net charge-offs for the same period 2006. On May 1, 2006, an addition of \$720,000 was established for the provision of the loans acquired with First National Bank of Newport.

The provision for loan losses and the other changes in the allowance for loan losses are shown below:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June	June	June	June
<b>(Dollars in Thousands)</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 5,570	\$ 4,449	\$ 5,520	\$ 4,428
Provision for loan losses	90	36	150	72
Recoveries	7	7	17	13
Loan charge-offs	(74)	(35)	(94)	(56)
Additions established for acquired credit risk	0	720	0	720
Balance at end of period	\$ 5,593	\$ 5,177	\$ 5,593	\$ 5,177

## NONPERFORMING ASSETS / RISK ELEMENTS

Nonperforming assets at June 30, are as follows:

<b>(Dollars in Thousands)</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
Loans on nonaccrual (cash) basis	\$ 46	\$ 302
Loans whose terms have been renegotiated	0	0
OREO	387	950
Total nonperforming loans and OREO	433	1,252
Loans past due 90 or more days and still accruing	2,573	674
Total nonperforming and other risk assets	\$ 3,006	\$ 1,926
Ratio of total risk assets to total loans and OREO	0.46%	0.33%



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Ratio of total risk assets to total assets	0.36%	0.25%
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Any loans classified for regulatory purposes as loss, doubtful, substandard or special mention that have not been disclosed under Item III of Industry Guide 3 do not represent or result from trends or uncertainties which management reasonably expects will materially impact future operating results, liquidity or capital resources.

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## CAPITAL

Orrstown Financial Services, Inc. is a financial holding company and, as such, must maintain a well capitalized status in its bank subsidiary. Management foresees no problem in maintaining capital ratios well in excess of regulatory minimums. A comparison of Orrstown Financial Services, Inc.'s capital ratios to regulatory minimum requirements at June 30, 2007 are as follows:

	<b>Orrstown</b>	<b>Regulatory</b>	
	<b>Financial Services, Inc.</b>	<b>Regulatory Minimum</b>	<b>Well Capitalized Minimum</b>
Leverage Ratio	8.70%	4%	5%
Risk Based Capital Ratios:			
Tier I Capital Ratio	11.06%	4%	6%
Total (Tier I & II) Capital Ratio (core capital plus allowance for loan losses)	11.97%	8%	10%

All growth experienced during 2007 has been supported by capital growth in the form of retained earnings. Equity represented 11.09% of assets at June 30, 2007 and 11.05% at December 31, 2006.

Management is not aware of any current recommendations by regulatory authorities which, if implemented, would have a material effect on the Corporation's liquidity, capital resources or operations.

## LIQUIDITY

The primary function of asset/liability management is to assure adequate liquidity while minimizing interest rate risk. Liquidity management involves the ability to meet the cash flow requirements of customers who may be either depositors wanting to withdraw funds or borrowers needing assurance that sufficient funds will be available to meet their credit needs. Sources of liquidity include investment securities, loan and lease income and payments, and increases in customer's deposit accounts. Additionally, Orrstown Bank is a Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) member, and standard credit arrangements available to FHLB members provide increased liquidity. Funds provided from financing activities were the primary source of liquidity for the first six months of 2007, additional liquidity was also provided by operating activities.

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Market risk is defined as the exposure to interest rate risk, foreign currency exchange rate risk, commodity price risk, and other relevant market rate or price risks. For domestic banks, the majority of market risk is related to interest rate risk.

Interest rate sensitivity management requires the maintenance of an appropriate balance between interest sensitive assets and liabilities. Interest bearing assets and liabilities that are maturing or repricing should be adequately balanced to avoid fluctuating net interest margins and to enhance consistent growth of net interest income through periods of changing interest rates. The Corporation has consistently followed a strategy of pricing assets and liabilities according to prevailing market rates while largely matching maturities, within the guidelines of sound marketing and competitive practices. Rate sensitivity is measured by monthly gap analysis, quarterly rate shocks, and periodic simulation. The cumulative gap position at 12 months is slightly negative as of June 30, 2007. The cumulative gap was a negative \$37,673,000 and the RSA/ RSL cumulative ratio was 0.89% which has increased from the 0.88% at December 31, 2006. The cumulative RSA/RSL at June 30, 2007 is 0.89% at three months and 0.80% at six months, however, so the Corporation enjoys a closely balanced position that does not place it at undue risk under any interest rate scenarios. Many of the deposit dollars in transaction accounts are discretionarily priced so management maintains significant pricing flexibility.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

(a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures:

The Corporation's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have evaluated the effectiveness of the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-14(c) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of June 30, 2007. Based on such evaluation, such officers have concluded that, as of June 30, 2007, the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures are effective in alerting them on a timely basis to material information relating to the Corporation (including its consolidated subsidiaries) required to be included in the Corporation's periodic filings under the Exchange Act.

(b) Changes in internal controls:

There have not been any significant changes in the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting or in other factors that could significantly affect such control during the second quarter of 2007.

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## PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

## Item 1 - Legal Proceedings

The nature of Orrstown Financial Services, Inc.'s business generates a certain amount of litigation involving matters arising out of the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, there are no legal proceedings that might have a material effect on the results of operations, liquidity, or the financial position of Orrstown at this time.

## Item 1A - Risk Factors

There are a number of significant risks and uncertainties, including those specified below, that may adversely affect the Corporation's business, financial results or stock price. Additional risks that the Corporation currently does not know about or currently views as immaterial may also impair the Corporation's business or adversely impact its financial results or stock price.

Factors that might cause such differences include, but are not limited to the following: (1) competitive pressures among financial institutions increasing significantly in the markets where the Corporation operates; (2) general business and economic conditions, either nationally or locally being less favorable than expected; (3) changes in the domestic interest rate environment could reduce the Corporation's net interest income; (4) legislation or regulatory changes which adversely affect the ability of the Corporation to conduct its current or future operations; (5) acts or threats of terrorism and political or military actions taken by the United States or other governments and natural disasters globally or nationally could adversely affect general economic or industry conditions; (6) operational losses related to or resulting from: the risk of fraud by employees or persons outside of the Corporation, the execution of unauthorized transactions by employees, errors relating to transaction processing and technology, breaches of the internal control system, business continuation and disaster recovery, as well as security risks associated with hacking and identity theft; (7) negative publicity could damage the Corporation's reputation and adversely impact its business and/or stock trades and prices; (8) acquisitions may not produce revenue enhancements or cost savings at levels or within timeframes originally anticipated and may result in unforeseen integration difficulties; (9) the Corporation relies on other companies to provide key components of business infrastructure in the form of third party vendors. Third party vendors could adversely affect the ability of the Corporation to perform its normal course of business or deliver products and services to its customers; (10) and other risk factors that may occur in current or future operations.

## Item 2 - Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The table below summarizes the Company's repurchase of common equity securities during the quarter ended June 30, 2007:

	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (1)	Maximum Number of Shares that may Yet be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (1)
4/1/07 through 4/30/07	8,000	\$ 34.00		122,251
5/1/07 through 5/31/07	0	0		122,251
6/1/07 through 6/30/07	4,000	33.00	N/A	118,251
Total	12,000	\$ 33.67		

- (1) On April 27, 2006, Orrstown Financial Services, Inc. announced a Stock Repurchase Plan approving the purchase of up to 150,000 shares as conditions allow. The plan may be suspended at any time without prior notice and has no prescribed time limit in which to fill the authorized repurchase amount. As of June 30, 2007, 31,749 shares have been purchased under the program. Orrstown did not sell any unregistered securities.



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Item 3 - Defaults upon Senior Securities

Not applicable

Item 4 - Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

The 2007 Annual Meeting of Shareholders of Orrstown Financial Services, Inc. was held on May 10, 2007. The only matter submitted to a vote of shareholders was the election of four directors to Class B for three year terms expiring in 2010. There was no solicitation in opposition to the nominees of the Board of Directors for election to the Board. All nominees of the Board of Directors were elected. The number of votes cast FOR, as well as the number of votes WITHHELD for each of the nominees was as follows:

Nominee:	Votes FOR	Votes WITHHELD
Gregory A. Rosenberry	4,305,915	80,390
Glenn W. Snoke	4,306,414	79,891
Denver L. Tuckey	4,300,312	85,993
Peter C. Zimmerman	4,292,788	93,517

The following Directors continued their term of office after the meeting:

Anthony F. Ceddia, Jeffrey W. Coy, Andrea Pugh, Kenneth R. Shoemaker, John S. Ward and Joel R. Zullinger.

Item 5 - Other Information

None

Item 6 - Exhibits

- 3.1 Articles of Incorporation. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-4, Registration No. 333-131176.
- 3.2 By-laws. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-4, Registration No. 33-18888.
- 4 Instruments defining the rights of security holders including indentures. The rights of the holders of Registrant's common stock are contained in:
  - (i) Articles of Incorporation of Orrstown Financial Services, Inc., incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-4, Registration No.333-131176.
  - (ii) By-laws of Orrstown Financial Services, Inc., incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-4, Registration No. 33-18888.
- 31.1 Rule 13a - 14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification (Chief Executive Officer) filed herewith
- 31.2 Rule 13a - 14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications (Chief Financial Officer) filed herewith
- 32.1 Section 1350 Certifications (Chief Executive Officer) filed herewith
- 32.2 Section 1350 Certifications (Chief Financial Officer) filed herewith

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

*/s/ Kenneth R. Shoemaker*  
(Kenneth R. Shoemaker, President & CEO)  
(Duly Authorized Officer)

*/s/ Bradley S. Everly*  
(Bradley S. Everly, Senior Vice President & CFO)  
(Chief Financial Officer)

*/s/ Robert B. Russell*  
(Robert B. Russell, Controller)  
(Chief Accounting Officer)

Date: August 6, 2007

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ORRSTOWN FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

EXHIBIT INDEX

- 3.1 Articles of incorporation. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-4, Registration No.333-131176.
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- 32.2 Section 1350 Certifications (Chief Financial Officer) filed herewith