

NUTRI SYSTEM INC /DE/
Form 10-Q
November 02, 2015
UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended September 30, 2015

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Transition Period From _____ to _____

Commission File Number 0-28551

Nutrisystem, Inc.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 23-3012204
(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

Fort Washington Executive Center
600 Office Center Drive
Fort Washington, Pennsylvania 19034
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

(215) 706-5300

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

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Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of “large accelerated filer,” “accelerated filer” and “smaller reporting company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock as of October 22, 2015:

Common Stock, \$.001 par value 29,178,246 shares

NUTRISYSTEM, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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NUTRISYSTEM, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited, in thousands, except par value amounts)

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 28,049	\$ 12,620
Short term investments	19,211	16,627
Receivables	10,393	12,206
Inventories	17,474	26,899
Prepaid income taxes	2,477	0
Deferred income taxes	1,456	1,051
Other current assets	5,858	7,095
Total current assets	84,918	76,498
FIXED ASSETS, net	26,619	26,851
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	5,043	5,461
OTHER ASSETS	1,062	1,082
Total assets	\$ 117,642	\$ 109,892
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$ 27,490	\$ 34,261
Accrued payroll and related benefits	6,275	6,550
Income taxes payable	0	301
Deferred revenue	5,869	4,424
Other accrued expenses and current liabilities	5,970	6,131
Total current liabilities	45,604	51,667
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	2,319	2,710
Total liabilities	47,923	54,377
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 6)		
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Preferred stock, \$.001 par value (5,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding)	0	0
Common stock, \$.001 par value (100,000 shares authorized; shares issued – 29,569 at September 30, 2015 and 28,990 at December 31, 2014)	29	29
Additional paid-in capital	39,716	29,992
Treasury stock, at cost, 386 shares at September 30, 2015 and 249 shares at December 31, 2014	(5,610)	(3,062)
Retained earnings	35,537	28,552
Accumulated other comprehensive income	47	4
Total stockholders' equity	69,719	55,515
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 117,642	\$ 109,892

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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NUTRISYSTEM, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited, in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014
REVENUE	\$ 104,877	\$ 90,570	\$ 372,363	\$ 323,850
COSTS AND EXPENSES:				
Cost of revenue	51,749	44,043	180,188	160,605
Marketing	25,566	22,388	103,880	90,122
General and administrative	14,228	14,769	47,536	46,455
Depreciation and amortization	2,304	2,076	6,761	5,747
Total costs and expenses	93,847	83,276	338,365	302,929
Operating income	11,030	7,294	33,998	20,921
INTEREST EXPENSE, net	61	41	140	133
Income before income tax expense	10,969	7,253	33,858	20,788
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	3,660	2,177	11,521	6,785
Net income	\$ 7,309	\$ 5,076	\$ 22,337	\$ 14,003
BASIC INCOME PER COMMON SHARE	\$0.25	\$0.18	\$0.77	\$0.49
DILUTED INCOME PER COMMON SHARE	\$0.25	\$0.17	\$0.76	\$0.48
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING:				
Basic	28,831	28,274	28,618	28,287
Diluted	29,273	28,681	29,094	28,694
DIVIDENDS DECLARED PER COMMON SHARE	\$0.175	\$0.175	\$0.525	\$0.525

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NUTRISYSTEM, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited, in thousands)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014
Net income	\$ 7,309	\$ 5,076	\$ 22,337	\$ 14,003
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS):				
Short term investments:				
Unrealized gain (loss) on short term investments, net of income				
tax expense (benefit) of \$17, (\$11), \$22 and (\$2), respectively	34	(20)	43	(4)
Comprehensive income	\$ 7,343	\$ 5,056	\$ 22,380	\$ 13,999

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NUTRISYSTEM, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited, in thousands)

	Common Shares	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Treasury Stock	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total
BALANCE, January 1, 2015	28,990	\$ 29	\$ 29,992	\$(3,062)	\$28,552	\$ 4	\$55,515
Net income	0	0	0	0	22,337	0	22,337
Share-based compensation expense	299	0	4,255	0	0	0	4,255
Exercise of stock options	280	0	2,762	0	0	0	2,762
Equity compensation awards, net	0	0	2,707	0	0	0	2,707
Cash dividends	0	0	0	0	(15,352)	0	(15,352)
Employee tax withholdings related to							
the vesting of equity awards	0	0	0	(2,548)	0	0	(2,548)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	0	0	0	0	0	43	43
BALANCE, September 30, 2015	29,569	\$ 29	\$ 39,716	\$(5,610)	\$35,537	\$ 47	\$69,719

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NUTRISYSTEM, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited, in thousands)

	Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,	2014
	2015	2014
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$22,337	\$14,003
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	6,761	5,747
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	16	7
Share-based compensation expense	4,255	4,443
Deferred income tax benefit	0	(1,391)
Other non-cash charges	24	17
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Receivables	1,813	1,338
Inventories	9,425	8,598
Other assets	1,257	158
Accounts payable	(6,628)	(932)
Accrued payroll and related benefits	(275)	299
Deferred revenue	1,445	828
Income taxes	(2,884)	1,678
Other accrued expenses and liabilities	(938)	(1,576)
Net cash provided by operating activities	36,608	33,217
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchases of short term investments	(12,117)	(6,729)
Proceeds from sales of short term investments	9,574	6,669
Capital additions	(6,302)	(5,260)
Net cash used in investing activities	(8,845)	(5,320)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Exercise of stock options	2,762	248
Taxes related to equity compensation awards, net	256	(705)
Payment of dividends	(15,352)	(15,270)
Net cash used in financing activities	(12,334)	(15,727)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	15,429	12,170
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period	12,620	9,772
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	\$28,049	\$21,942

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NUTRISYSTEM, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited, in thousands, except per share amounts)

1. BACKGROUND

Nature of the Business

Nutrisystem, Inc. (the “Company” or “Nutrisystem”) is a provider of weight management products and services, including nutritionally balanced weight loss programs, multi-day kits available at select retail locations and digital tools to support weight loss. The weight loss programs are designed for women and men. Additionally, the Nutrisystem® D® program is designed specifically to help people with Type 2 diabetes who want to lose weight and manage their diabetes. The Nutrisystem® programs are based on over 40 years of nutrition research. The Company’s pre-packaged foods are sold directly to weight loss program participants primarily through the Internet and telephone (including the redemption of prepaid program cards), referred to as the direct channel, through QVC, a television shopping network, and select retailers.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Presentation of Financial Statements

The Company’s consolidated financial statements include 100% of the assets and liabilities of Nutrisystem, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Interim Financial Statements

The Company’s consolidated financial statements as of and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 are unaudited and, in the opinion of management, include all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the Company’s financial position and results of operations for these interim periods. Accordingly, readers of these consolidated financial statements should refer to the Company’s audited consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”), and the related notes thereto, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, which are included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014 (the “2014 Annual Report”) as certain footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted from this report pursuant to the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”). The results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2015.

Cash Equivalents and Short Term Investments

Cash equivalents include only securities having a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase. At September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, demand accounts and money market funds comprised all of the Company’s cash and cash equivalents.

Short term investments consist of investments in government and agency securities and corporate debt securities with original maturities of greater than three months at the time of purchase. The Company classifies these investments as available-for-sale securities. These investments are reported at fair value with the related unrealized gains and losses included in accumulated other comprehensive income, a component of stockholders’ equity, net of related tax effects.

At September 30, 2015, cash, cash equivalents and short term investments consisted of the following:

	Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Cash	\$26,394	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$26,394
Money market funds	1,655	0	0	1,655
Government and agency securities	12,669	64	0	12,733
Corporate debt securities	6,471	23	(16)	6,478
	\$47,189	\$ 87	\$ (16)	\$47,260

At December 31, 2014, cash, cash equivalents and short term investments consisted of the following:

	Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Cash	\$12,471	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$12,471
Money market funds	149	0	0	149
Government and agency securities	9,912	31	(8)	9,935
Corporate debt securities	6,709	25	(42)	6,692
	\$29,241	\$ 56	\$ (50)	\$29,247

Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost. Depreciation expense is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets, which are generally two to seven years. Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the lesser of the estimated useful life of the asset or the related lease term. Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred, while major renewals and improvements are capitalized.

Included in fixed assets is the capitalized cost of internal-use software and website development incurred during the application development stage. Capitalized costs are amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset, which is generally two to five years. Costs incurred related to planning or maintenance of internal-use software and website development are charged to expense as incurred. The net book value of capitalized software was \$14,171 and \$13,162 at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue from direct to consumer product sales is recognized when the earnings process is complete, which is upon transfer of title to the product. Recognition of revenue upon shipment meets the revenue recognition criteria in that persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred, the selling price is fixed or determinable and collection is reasonably assured. The Company also sells prepaid program cards to wholesalers and retailers. Revenue from these cards is recognized after the card is redeemed online at the Company's website or via telephone by the customer and the product is shipped to the customer. Revenue from the retail programs is recognized when the product is received at the seller's location.

Deferred revenue consists primarily of unredeemed prepaid gift cards and unshipped food. When a customer orders the frozen program, two separate shipments are delivered. One contains Nutrisystem's standard shelf-stable food and the second contains the frozen foods. Both shipments qualify as separate units of accounting and the fair value is based on estimated selling prices of both units.

Direct to consumer customers may return unopened shelf-stable products within 30 days of purchase in order to receive a refund or credit. Frozen products are non-returnable and they are non-refundable unless the order is canceled within 14 days of delivery. Estimated returns are accrued at the time the sale is recognized and actual returns are tracked monthly.

The Company reviews the reserves for customer returns at each reporting period and adjusts them to reflect data available at that time. To estimate reserves for returns, the Company considers actual return rates in preceding periods

and changes in product offerings or marketing methods that might impact returns going forward. To the extent the estimate of returns changes, the Company will adjust the reserve, which will impact the amount of revenue recognized in the period of the adjustment. The provision for estimated returns for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 was \$3,424 and \$11,293, respectively, and \$2,783 and \$10,893 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively. The reserve for estimated returns incurred but not received and processed was \$1,130 and \$762 at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, and has been included in other accrued expenses and current liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Revenue from product sales includes amounts billed for shipping and handling and is presented net of estimated returns and billed sales tax. Revenue from the retail programs is also net of any trade allowances, reclamation reserves or broker commissions. Revenue from shipping and handling charges was \$647 and \$2,121 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, and \$483 and \$1,625 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively. Shipping-related costs are included in cost of revenue in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

Dependence on Suppliers

Approximately 18% and 18% of inventory purchases for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 were from two suppliers. The Company has a supply arrangement with one of these suppliers that requires the Company to make minimum purchases. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, these suppliers provided approximately 16% and 12% of inventory purchases.

The Company outsources 100% of its fulfillment operations to a third-party provider and more than 96% of its orders are shipped by one third-party provider.

Supplier Rebate

One of the Company's suppliers provides for rebates based on purchasing levels. The Company accounts for this rebate on an accrual basis as purchases are made at a rebate percentage determined based upon the estimated total purchases from the supplier. The estimated rebate is recorded as a receivable from the supplier with a corresponding reduction in the carrying value of purchased inventory and is reflected in the consolidated statements of operations when the associated inventory is sold. The rebate period is June 1 through May 31 of each year. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company reduced cost of revenue by \$0 and \$698, respectively, for these rebates. For the comparable periods of 2014, the cost of revenue was reduced by \$172 and \$718, respectively. At September 30, 2015, no receivable was recorded but at December 31, 2014, \$360 was recorded in receivables in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Effective June 1, 2015, the Company entered into a new agreement with the supplier that includes lower initial pricing and higher levels of purchases required to earn rebates resulting in no rebate being earned during the three months ended September 30, 2015. Historically, the actual rebate received from the supplier has closely matched the estimated rebate recorded. An adjustment is made to the estimate upon determination of the final rebate.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

A three-tier fair value hierarchy has been established by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") to prioritize the inputs used in measuring fair value. These tiers are as follows:

Level 1—Valuations based on quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in active markets.

Level 2—Valuations based on observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3—Valuations based on unobservable inputs reflecting the Company's own assumptions, consistent with reasonably available assumptions made by other market participants. These valuations require significant judgment.

The fair values of the Company's Level 1 instruments are based on quoted prices in active exchange markets for identical assets. The Company had no Level 2 or 3 instruments at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

The following table summarizes the Company's financial assets measured at fair value at September 30, 2015:

Total	Quoted
Fair	Prices in

	Value	Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)
Money market funds	\$1,655	\$1,655
Government and agency securities	12,733	12,733
Corporate debt securities	6,478	6,478
Total assets	\$20,866	\$20,866

The following table summarizes the Company's financial assets measured at fair value at December 31, 2014:

	Total Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)
Money market funds	\$ 149	\$ 149
Government and agency securities	9,935	9,935
Corporate debt securities	6,692	6,692
Total assets	\$ 16,776	\$ 16,776

Earnings Per Share

The Company uses the two-class method to calculate earnings per share ("EPS") as the unvested restricted stock issued under the Company's equity incentive plans are participating shares with nonforfeitable rights to dividends. Under the two-class method, earnings per common share are computed by dividing the sum of distributed earnings to common stockholders and undistributed earnings allocated to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. In applying the two-class method, undistributed earnings are allocated to both common shares and participating securities based on the number of weighted average shares outstanding during the period. Undistributed losses are not allocated to unvested restricted stock as the restricted stockholders are not obligated to share in the losses. The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted EPS:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014
Net income	\$ 7,309	\$ 5,076	\$ 22,337	\$ 14,003
Net income allocated to unvested restricted stock	(74)	(89)	(276)	(277)
Net income allocated to common shares	\$ 7,235	\$ 4,987	\$ 22,061	\$ 13,726
Weighted average shares outstanding:				
Basic	28,831	28,274	28,618	28,287
Effect of dilutive securities	442	407	476	407
Diluted	29,273	28,681	29,094	28,694
Basic income per common share	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.77	\$ 0.49
Diluted income per common share	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.76	\$ 0.48

In the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, common stock equivalents representing 165 and 262 shares of common stock, respectively, were excluded from weighted average shares outstanding for diluted income per

common share purposes because the effect would be anti-dilutive or the minimum performance requirements have not yet been met. In the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, common stock equivalents representing 434 and 411 shares of common stock, respectively, were excluded from weighted average shares outstanding for diluted income per common share purposes or the minimum performance requirements have not yet been met.

Cash Flow Information

The Company made payments for income taxes of \$11,602 and \$6,118 in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Interest payments in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 were \$144 and \$134, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company had non-cash capital additions of \$726 and \$399, respectively, of unpaid invoices in accounts payable and other accrued expenses and current liabilities.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers," ("ASU 2014-09"). ASU 2014-09 outlines a new, single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes most current revenue recognition guidance, including industry-specific guidance. This new revenue recognition model provides a five-step analysis in determining when and how revenue is recognized. The new model will require an entity to recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects what it expects in exchange for the goods or services. It also requires more detailed disclosures to enable users of financial statements to understand the

nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. This guidance is effective for annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2017, including interim reporting periods within that reporting period. The Company is currently assessing the impact that adopting this new accounting standard will have on the consolidated financial statements and footnote disclosures.

In July 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-11, "Inventory (Topic 330): Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory." An entity using an inventory method other than last-in, first out or the retail inventory method should measure inventory at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The new guidance clarifies that net realizable value is the estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal, and transportation. This guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim reporting periods within that reporting period. The Company is currently assessing the impact that adopting this new accounting standard will have on its consolidated financial statements and footnote disclosures.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and operating expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

3. CREDIT FACILITY

On November 8, 2012, the Company entered into a \$40,000 secured revolving credit facility, as amended, (the "Credit Facility") with a lender. The Credit Facility can be drawn upon through November 8, 2015, at which time all amounts must be repaid. There were no borrowings outstanding at September 30, 2015 or December 31, 2014. The Company is currently in negotiations to enter into a new credit facility and expects it to be in place upon the expiration of the existing Credit Facility.

The Credit Facility provides for interest at either a base rate or a LIBOR rate, in each case plus an applicable margin. The base rate will be the highest of (i) the Administrative Agent's prime rate, (ii) 0.50% above the Federal Funds Rate and (iii) the LIBOR rate for deposits in dollars for a one-month interest period as determined three business days prior to such date, plus 1.50%. The LIBOR rate is equal to the London Inter-Bank Offered Rate for the relevant term. The applicable margin is subject to adjustment based on the Company's consolidated fixed charge coverage ratio and ranges from 0.25-1.25% per year for base rate loans and from 1.75-2.75% per year for LIBOR rate loans. The Company will also pay an unused line fee. The unused line fee is subject to adjustment based on the Company's consolidated fixed charge coverage ratio and ranges from 0.25-0.375% per year. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company incurred no interest expense and \$25 and \$88 in an unused line fee, respectively. In the comparable periods of 2014, the Company incurred no interest expense and \$32 and \$103 in unused line fees, respectively. Interest payments and unused line fees are classified within interest expense, net in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

The Credit Facility contains financial and other covenants including a minimum consolidated fixed charge coverage ratio, a minimum consolidated tangible net worth and a minimum consolidated liquidity ratio, and includes limitations on, among other things, capital expenditures, additional indebtedness, acquisitions and restrictions on paying dividends in certain circumstances. As of September 30, 2015, the Company was in compliance with all covenants contained in the Credit Facility. Any obligations under the Credit Facility, as well as certain banking services and

hedging obligations, are secured by substantially all of the assets of the Company and certain subsidiaries.

At September 30, 2015, the Company had \$10 of unamortized debt issuance costs associated with the Credit Facility that are being amortized over the remaining term of the Credit Facility.

4. CAPITAL STOCK

Common Stock

The Company issued 280 and 25 shares of common stock upon the exercise of stock options in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and received proceeds of \$2,762 and \$248, respectively. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, employees surrendered to the Company 137 and 75 shares of common stock, respectively, valued at \$2,548 and \$1,185, respectively, in satisfaction of minimum tax withholding obligations associated with the vesting of equity awards. These shares are included in treasury stock. Also, in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company issued 22 and 29 shares of common stock, respectively, as compensation to board members and consultants. Costs recognized for these stock grants issued were \$509 and \$485 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. During each of the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company paid a dividend of \$0.175 per share to all stockholders of record.

Preferred Stock

The Company has authorized 5,000 shares of preferred stock issuable in series upon resolution of the Board of Directors. Unless otherwise required by law, the Board of Directors can, without stockholder approval, issue preferred stock in the future with voting and conversion rights that could adversely affect the voting power of the common stock. The issuance of preferred stock may have the effect of delaying, averting or preventing a change in control of the Company.

5. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION EXPENSE

The following table summarizes the Company's stock option activity during the nine months ended September 30, 2015:

	Number of Shares	Weighted-Average Exercise Price Per Share	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Life (years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding, January 1, 2015	892	\$ 9.97		
Granted	133	18.98		
Exercised	(280)	9.87		
Forfeited/expired	(19)	11.04		
Outstanding, September 30, 2015	726	\$ 11.63	4.87	\$ 10,843
Exercisable, September 30, 2015	137	\$ 9.69	4.25	\$ 2,347
Expected to vest at September 30, 2015	712	\$ 11.61	4.87	\$ 10,643

The Company recorded compensation expense of \$159 and \$492 in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, for stock option awards. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company recorded compensation expense of \$118 and \$311, respectively. The total intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 was \$2,665 and \$4,677, respectively, and \$0 and \$140, respectively, for the comparable periods of 2014.

The Company has issued restricted stock to employees generally with vesting terms ranging from two to four years. The fair value is equal to the market price of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. Expense for restricted stock is amortized ratably over the vesting period. The following table summarizes the restricted stock activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2015:

	Number of Shares	Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Nonvested, January 1, 2015	422	\$ 13.56	
Granted	87	19.66	
Vested	(174)	11.26	
Forfeited	(47)	13.18	
Nonvested, September 30, 2015	288	\$ 16.87	\$ 7,617

Additionally, the Company grants performance-based and market-based restricted stock units. The performance-based units have performance conditions and service-based vesting conditions. Each vesting tranche is treated as an individual award and the compensation expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for each tranche. The requisite service period is a combination of the performance period and the subsequent vesting period based on continued service. The level of achievement of such goals may cause the actual amount of units that ultimately vest to range from 0% to 200% of the original units granted. The Company recognizes expense ratably over the vesting period for performance-based restricted stock units when it is probable that the performance criteria specified will be achieved. The fair value is equal to the market price of the Company's common stock on the date of grant.

In 2012, grants of restricted stock units contained market-based conditions. Market-based awards entitle employees to vest in a number of units determined by the Company's stock price return as compared to a set of comparator companies over a period, and will range from 0% to 200% of the original units granted. The fair value is calculated using a Monte Carlo simulation model on the date of grant. Compensation expense is recognized over the derived service periods using the straight-line method regardless of the outcome of the market conditions, so long as the award holder remains an employee through the requisite service period. These awards contained different measurement periods.

The following table summarizes the restricted stock unit activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2015:

	Number of Restricted Stock Units	Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Nonvested, January 1, 2015	366	\$ 9.81	
Granted	71	17.56	
Vested	(237)	8.64	
Forfeited	(1)	17.56	
Nonvested, September 30, 2015	199	\$ 13.93	\$ 5,287

The Company recorded compensation expense of \$1,050 and \$3,254 in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, and \$1,415 and \$3,647, respectively, for the comparable periods of 2014 in connection with the issuance of the restricted stock and restricted stock units. As of September 30, 2015, 275 shares of restricted stock and 195 restricted stock units were expected to vest.

As of September 30, 2015, there was \$5,441 of total unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested share-based compensation arrangements, including market-based units, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.1 years. The total unrecognized compensation expense will be fully charged to expense through the third quarter of 2018.

6.COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The Company is involved in various claims and routine litigation matters. In the opinion of management, after consultation with legal counsel, the outcomes of such matters are not anticipated to have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows in future years.

Contractual Commitments

The Company has entered into agreements with various food suppliers. Several of these agreements provide for annual pricing, annual purchase obligations, as well as exclusivity in the production of certain products, with terms of five years or less. One agreement also provides rebates if certain volume thresholds are exceeded. The Company anticipates it will meet all annual purchase obligations in 2015.

7.INCOME TAXES

The Company recorded income taxes at an estimated effective income tax rate applied to income before income tax expense of 33.4% and 34.0% in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, as compared to 30.0% and 32.6% in the comparable periods of 2014. The Company offsets taxable income for state tax purposes with net operating loss carryforwards. At December 31, 2014, the Company had net operating loss carryforwards of

\$29,474 for state tax purposes. For state tax purposes, there is a limitation on the amount of net operating loss carryforwards that can be utilized in a given year to offset state taxable income and management believes that some of the net operating loss carryforwards will be subject to this annual limit in 2015. State net operating loss carryforwards will begin to expire in 2025. The total amount of gross unrecognized tax benefits as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 was \$345 and \$332, respectively. The total amount of unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized, would affect the effective income tax rate is approximately \$224 and \$216 as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

From time to time, information provided by us, including but not limited to statements in this Quarterly Report, or other statements made by or on our behalf, may contain “forward-looking” information within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Words such as “believe,” “estimate,” “will be,” “will,” “would,” “expect,” “anticipate,” “plan,” “project,” “intend,” “could,” “should,” or other similar words or expressions often identify forward-looking statements.

Such statements are based on current expectations only, and are subject to certain risks, uncertainties, and assumptions, many of which are beyond our control. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results, performance, or achievements may vary materially from those anticipated, estimated, or projected. Among the factors that could cause actual results to materially differ include:

- competition from other weight management industry participants or the development of more effective or more favorably perceived weight management methods;
- our ability to continue to develop innovative new programs and enhance our existing programs, or the failure of our programs to continue to appeal to the market;
- the effectiveness of our marketing and advertising programs;
- loss, or disruption in the business of, any of our food suppliers;
- loss, or disruption in the business, of our fulfillment provider;
- disruptions in the shipping of our food products;
- claims that our personnel are unqualified to provide proper weight loss advice and other health or advertising related claims by consumers;
- failure to attract or negative publicity with respect to any of our spokespersons or negative publicity with respect to the weight loss industry;
- our ability to successfully make acquisitions or enter into joint ventures, including our ability to successfully integrate, operate or realize the projected benefits of such businesses;
- general business and economic conditions;
- the seasonal nature of our business;
- loss of any of our third-party retailer agreements and any obligations associated with such loss;
- our ability to enforce our intellectual property rights, as well as the impact of our involvement in any claims related to intellectual property rights;
- uncertainties regarding the satisfactory operation of our information technology or systems;
- risks associated with unauthorized penetration of our information security;
- the impact of existing and future laws and regulations;
- exposure to product liability claims if the use of our products results in illness or injury;
- the impact of our restrictive debt covenants;
- our inability to recruit and retain key executive officers;
- potential litigation from our competitors;
- provisions in our certificate of incorporation may deter or delay an acquisition or prevent a change in control; and
- other risks and uncertainties, including those detailed herein and from time to time in our periodic reports filed with the SEC.

We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

Our 2014 Annual Report listed various important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from projected and historic results. We note these factors for investors as permitted by the Private Securities Litigation

Reform Act of 1995. Readers can find

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them in Part I, Item 1A, of that filing under the heading “Risk Factors.” We incorporate that section of the 2014 Annual Report in this filing and investors should refer to it. Reference is also made to Part II, Item 1A, “Risk Factors,” of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. You should understand that it is not possible to predict or identify all such factors. Consequently, you should not consider any such list to be a complete set of all potential risks or uncertainties.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the financial information included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Overview

Nutrisystem, Inc. (the “Company” or “Nutrisystem”) is a provider of weight management products and services, including nutritionally balanced weight loss programs, multi-day kits available at select retail locations and digital tools to support weight loss. The weight loss programs are designed for women and men. Additionally, our Nutrisystem® D® program is designed specifically to help people with Type 2 diabetes who want to lose weight and manage their diabetes. Our programs are based on over 40 years of nutrition research. Our food is created to be nutritious, delicious and portioned for weight loss and management. Our pre-packaged foods are sold directly to weight loss program participants primarily through the Internet and telephone (including the redemption of prepaid program cards), referred to as the direct channel, through QVC, a television shopping network, and select retailers.

Revenue consists primarily of food sales. For both the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014, the direct channel accounted for 91% of revenue compared to 6% for retail and 3% for QVC. We incur significant marketing expenditures to support our brand as we continue to advertise across various media channels. New media channels are tested on a continual basis and we consider our media mix to be diverse. We market our weight management system through television, print, direct mail, Internet, public relations and social media. We review and analyze a number of key operating and financial metrics to manage our business, including the number of new customers, revenue per customer, total revenue, marketing per new customer, operating margins and reactivation revenue.

Our mix of revenue for the direct channel can be divided into three categories. First, new customer revenue is all revenue within a quarter from customers joining within that quarter. New customer revenue is the main driver of revenue growth. Second, on-program revenue is all revenue from customers who joined in previous quarters but who are still within their first nine months on the program. Third, reactivation revenue is all revenue generated from customers who are more than nine months from their initial purchase.

Our ecommerce, direct-to-consumer business model provides flexibility which allows us to manage marketing spend according to customer demand. We believe this flexibility is especially valuable as it allows us to react to changing market conditions relatively quickly. Additionally, we are continually looking to make investments to improve lifetime customer economics, length of stay and overall customer satisfaction. We are able to test new commercials, offers and website configurations to allow us to be more responsive to customer needs and attempt to drive conversion.

We offer a customizable 28-day program. Included in the customer’s initial order is our Fast 5+ kit, a one-week starter kit that can help customers lose five pounds plus one inch off their waist in their first week of dieting. Customers are given a meal plan, access to trackers and tools via NuMi, educational digital content and exercise suggestions and are also encouraged to check in periodically with a Nutrisystem counselor as their needs change in response to weight loss.

Additionally, our multi-day weight loss kits are available at select retailers and represent a significant departure from our traditional 28-day program. The retail channel provides us with great brand exposure, offering consumers who

may not be aware of our program an opportunity to sample Nutrisystem at an attractive price point. We are actively developing our retail product pipeline and have multiple kits and single items available for purchase.

We believe these new program and product innovations are resonating well with our customers. Additionally, we had an effective acquisition marketing campaign with increased pricing and reduced promotional incentives which drove increases in customer activations, average selling price, length of stay and gross margins for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the comparable period of 2014. We have continued to attract more customers to our brand at our targeted marketing efficiency through the use of expanded media channels. Revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased 15% from the comparable period of 2014 to \$372.4 million. The revenue growth was primarily attributable to increases in on-program revenue, new customers and reactivation revenue from the direct channel. Retail and QVC revenue also increased for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the comparable period of 2014. Reactivation revenue increased due to higher volumes building off of recent increases in customer counts and marketing efforts to past customers. Retail revenue growth was primarily from expanded product offerings and product placement.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP. Our significant accounting policies are described in Note 2 of the consolidated financial statements included in Item 8 of our 2014 Annual Report.

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Management develops, and changes periodically, these estimates and assumptions based on historical experience and on various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. The accounting estimates we consider critical include reserves for returns, excess and obsolete inventory and income taxes. These critical accounting estimates are discussed with our audit committee quarterly.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we did not make any material change to our critical accounting policies.

Results of Operations

Revenue and expenses consist of the following components:

Revenue. Revenue consists primarily of food sales. Food sales include sales of food, supplements, shipping and handling charges billed to customers and sales credits and adjustments, including product returns. Revenue from the retail programs is also net of any trade allowances, reclamation reserves or broker commissions. No revenue is recorded for food products provided at no charge as part of promotions.

Cost of Revenue. Cost of revenue consists primarily of the cost of the products sold, including compensation related to fulfillment, the costs of outside fulfillment, incoming and outgoing shipping costs, charge card fees and packing material. Cost of products sold includes products provided at no charge as part of promotions and the non-food materials provided with customer orders.

Marketing Expense. Marketing expense includes media, advertising production, marketing and promotional expenses and payroll-related expenses, including share-based payment arrangements, for personnel engaged in these activities. Internet advertising expense is recorded based on either the rate of delivery of a guaranteed number of impressions over the advertising contract term or on a cost per customer acquired, depending upon the terms. Direct-mail advertising costs are capitalized if the primary purpose was to elicit sales to customers who could be shown to have responded specifically to the advertising and results in probable future economic benefits. The capitalized costs are amortized to expense over the period during which the future benefits are expected to be received. All other advertising costs are charged to expense as incurred or the first time the advertising takes place.

General and Administrative Expense. General and administrative expense consists of compensation for administrative, information technology, counselors, customer service and sales personnel, share-based payment arrangements for related employees, facility expenses, website development costs, professional service fees and other general corporate expenses.

Interest Expense, Net. Interest expense, net consists of interest expense and unused line fees on our revolving credit facility net of interest income earned on cash balances and short term investments.

Income Tax Expense. We are subject to corporate level income taxes and record income taxes based on an effective income tax rate for the year.

Overview of the Direct Channel

In both the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, the direct channel represented 91% of our revenue. Revenue through the direct channel was \$96.4 million and \$338.5 million in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$83.4 million and \$296.1 million in the same period of 2014. Revenue is primarily generated through customer starts, reactivation of former customers and the customer ordering behavior, including length of time on our program and the diet program selection. The revenue increase in 2015 was primarily attributable to an increase in on-program revenue, new customers and reactivation revenue. Additionally, we had a higher average selling price in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2014. Critical to increasing customer starts is our ability to deploy marketing dollars while maintaining marketing effectiveness. Factors influencing our marketing effectiveness include the quality of the advertisements, promotional activity by our competitors, as well as the price and availability of appropriate media.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2014

	Three Months Ended September 30,			
	2015	2014	\$ Change	% Change
	(in thousands)			
REVENUE	\$104,877	\$90,570	\$14,307	16 %
COSTS AND EXPENSES:				
Cost of revenue	51,749	44,043	7,706	17 %
Marketing	25,566	22,388	3,178	14 %
General and administrative	14,228	14,769	(541)	(4)%
Depreciation and amortization	2,304	2,076	228	11 %
Total costs and expenses	93,847	83,276	10,571	13 %
Operating income	11,030	7,294	3,736	51 %
INTEREST EXPENSE, net	61	41	20	49 %
Income before income tax expense	10,969	7,253	3,716	51 %
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	3,660	2,177	1,483	68 %
Net income	\$7,309	\$5,076	\$2,233	44 %
% of revenue				
Gross margin	50.7 %	51.4 %		
Marketing	24.4 %	24.7 %		
General and administrative	13.6 %	16.3 %		
Operating income	10.5 %	8.1 %		

Revenue. Revenue increased to \$104.9 million in the third quarter of 2015 from \$90.6 million for the third quarter of 2014. The increase in revenue is primarily attributable to an increase in on-program revenue, new customers, retail revenue and reactivation revenue partially offset by a decrease in QVC revenue. Additionally, we had a higher average selling price in the third quarter of 2015 as compared to the same period of 2014. In the third quarter of 2015, the direct channel accounted for 92% of revenue compared to 6% for retail and 2% for QVC. In the third quarter of 2014, the direct channel accounted for 92% of revenue compared to 5% for retail and 3% for QVC.

Costs and Expenses. Cost of revenue increased to \$51.7 million in the third quarter of 2015 from \$44.0 million in the third quarter of 2014. Gross margin as a percent of revenue decreased to 50.7% in the third quarter of 2015 from 51.4% for the third quarter of 2014. The decrease in gross margin is primarily attributable to higher product and freight costs and a higher mix of lower margin products.

Marketing expense increased to \$25.6 million in the third quarter of 2015 from \$22.4 million in the third quarter of 2014. Marketing expense as a percent of revenue decreased to 24.4% in the third quarter of 2015 from 24.7% for the third quarter of 2014. Substantially all marketing spending promoted the direct business. The increase in marketing expense was attributable to increased spending for advertising media (\$2.9 million) primarily for short form television media and Internet advertising. In total, media spending was \$21.2 million in the third quarter of 2015 and \$18.3 million in the third quarter of 2014.

General and administrative expense decreased to \$14.2 million in the third quarter of 2015 compared to \$14.8 million in the third quarter of 2014. General and administrative expense as a percent of revenue decreased to 13.6% in the third quarter of 2015 from 16.3% for the third quarter of 2014. The decrease in spending was primarily attributable to lower compensation and benefits

(\$777,000) and lower non-cash expense for share-based payment arrangements (\$328,000). These decreases were partially offset by increased spending for program and product innovation (\$679,000).

Depreciation and amortization expense increased to \$2.3 million in the third quarter of 2015 compared to \$2.1 million in the third quarter of 2014 due to increased capital expenditures for our website and digital tools.

Interest Expense, net. Interest expense, net was \$61,000 in the third quarter of 2015 compared to \$41,000 in the comparable period of 2014.

Income Tax Expense. In the third quarter of 2015, we recorded income tax expense of \$3.7 million, which reflects an effective income tax rate of 33.4%. In the third quarter of 2014, we recorded income tax expense of \$2.2 million, which reflects an effective income tax rate of 30.0%. In the third quarter of 2014, we recorded a discrete income tax benefit for a tax depreciation adjustment.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014

	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2015	2014	\$ Change	% Change
	(in thousands)			
REVENUE	\$372,363	\$323,850	\$48,513	15 %
COSTS AND EXPENSES:				
Cost of revenue	180,188	160,605	19,583	12 %
Marketing	103,880	90,122	13,758	15 %
General and administrative	47,536	46,455	1,081	2 %
Depreciation and amortization	6,761	5,747	1,014	18 %
Total costs and expenses	338,365	302,929	35,436	12 %
Operating income	33,998	20,921	13,077	63 %
INTEREST EXPENSE, net	140	133	7	5 %
Income before income tax expense	33,858	20,788	13,070	63 %
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	11,521	6,785	4,736	70 %
Net income	\$22,337	\$14,003	\$8,334	60 %
% of revenue				
Gross margin	51.6 %	50.4 %		
Marketing	27.9 %	27.8 %		
General and administrative	12.8 %	14.3 %		
Operating income	9.1 %	6.5 %		

Revenue. Revenue increased to \$372.4 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 from \$323.9 million in the comparable period of 2014. The increase in revenue is primarily attributable to an increase in on-program revenue, new customers, reactivation revenue and retail revenue. Additionally, we had a higher average selling price in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the same period of 2014. In both the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, the direct channel accounted for 91% of revenue compared to 6% for retail and 3% for QVC.

Costs and Expenses. Cost of revenue increased to \$180.2 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 from \$160.6 million in the comparable period of 2014. Gross margin as a percent of revenue increased to 51.6% in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 from 50.4% for the comparable period of 2014. The increase in gross margin was primarily attributable to selling price increases and the discontinuation of the promotional offer of a free week of food and was partially offset by increased product costs, freight costs and a higher mix of lower margin products.

Marketing expense increased to \$103.9 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 from \$90.1 million in the comparable period of 2014. Marketing expense as a percent of revenue increased to 27.9% in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 from 27.8% for the comparable period of 2014. Substantially all marketing spending promoted the direct business. The increase in marketing expense was primarily attributable to increased spending for advertising media (\$12.2 million) primarily for short form television media and Internet advertising, marketing consulting (\$875,000), public relations (\$472,000) and marketing compensation and benefits (\$382,000). These increases were partially offset by a decrease in television production (\$356,000). In total, media spending was \$90.1 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and \$77.9 million in the comparable period of 2014.

General and administrative expense increased to \$47.5 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 from \$46.5 million in the comparable period of 2014. General and administrative expense as a percent of revenue decreased to 12.8% in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 from 14.3% in the comparable period of 2014. The increase in spending was due to spending for program and product innovation (\$1.6 million) partially offset by decreased professional, outside and computer services expenses (\$229,000) and lower non-cash expense for share-based payment arrangements (\$237,000).

Depreciation and amortization expense increased to \$6.8 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$5.7 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 due to increased capital expenditures for our website and digital tools.

Interest Expense, net. Interest expense, net was \$140,000 in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$133,000 in the comparable period of 2014.

Income Tax Expense. In the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we recorded income tax expense of \$11.5 million, which reflects an estimated annual effective income tax rate of 34.0%. In the comparable period of 2014, we recorded income tax expense of \$6.8 million, which reflects an estimated annual effective income tax rate of 32.6%. In the third quarter of 2014, we recorded a discrete income tax benefit for a tax depreciation adjustment.

Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments

As of September 30, 2015, our principal commitments consisted of obligations under agreements with food suppliers, an agreement with our outside fulfillment provider, agreements with our internet and networking providers, operating leases and employment contracts. Although we have no material commitments for capital expenditures, we anticipate continuing requirements for capital expenditures.

Liquidity, Capital Resources and Other Financial Data

At September 30, 2015, we had working capital of \$39.3 million as compared to \$24.8 million at December 31, 2014. Cash and cash equivalents at September 30, 2015 were \$28.0 million, an increase of \$15.4 million from the balance of \$12.6 million at December 31, 2014. In addition, we had \$19.2 million invested in short term investments at September 30, 2015, as compared to \$16.6 million at December 31, 2014, an increase of \$2.6 million. Our principal sources of liquidity during this period were cash flows from operations.

On November 8, 2012, we entered into a \$40.0 million secured revolving credit facility, as amended, with a lender. The credit facility provides for interest on borrowings at either a base rate or the London Inter-Bank Offered Rate, in each case plus an applicable margin and is also subject to an unused fee payable quarterly. The credit facility contains financial and other covenants, including a minimum consolidated fixed charge coverage ratio, a minimum consolidated tangible net worth and a minimum consolidated liquidity ratio, and includes limitations on, among other things, capital expenditures, additional indebtedness, acquisitions and restrictions on paying dividends in certain circumstances. The credit facility can be drawn upon through November 8, 2015, at which time all amounts must be repaid. As of September 30, 2015, no amounts were outstanding under the credit facility. We are currently in negotiations to enter into a new credit facility and expect it to be in place upon the expiration of the existing credit facility.

In the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we generated cash flows of \$36.6 million from operating activities, an increase of \$3.4 million from the same period of 2014. The increase in cash flows from operations was primarily attributable to an increase in net income partially offset by net changes in operating assets and liabilities.

In the nine months ended September 30, 2015, net cash used in investing activities was \$8.8 million, an increase of \$3.5 million from the same period of 2014. The increase was primarily due to an increased level of purchases of short term investments and capital additions.

In the nine months ended September 30, 2015, net cash used in financing activities was \$12.3 million primarily for the payment of dividends partially offset by increased proceeds from the exercise of stock options.

Subsequent to September 30, 2015, our Board of Directors declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.175 per share payable on November 19, 2015 to stockholders of record as of November 9, 2015. Although we intend to continue to pay regular quarterly dividends, the declaration and payment of future dividends are discretionary and will be subject to quarterly determination by our Board of Directors following its review of our financial performance.

We believe that our available capital resources are sufficient to fund our working capital requirements, capital expenditures, income tax obligations and dividends for the foreseeable future.

Seasonality

Typically in the weight loss industry, revenue is greatest in the first calendar quarter and lowest in the fourth quarter. We believe our business experiences seasonality, driven primarily by the predisposition of dieters to initiate a diet at certain times of the year and the placement of our advertising, which is based on the price and availability of certain media at such times.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We believe that we are not subject to any material risks arising from changes in foreign currency exchange rates, commodity prices, equity prices or other market changes that affect market risk instruments. Our cash and cash equivalents at September 30, 2015 of \$28.0 million were maintained in bank and money market funds. Additionally, we invested \$19.2 million in short term investments, which are classified as available-for-sale securities and are reported at fair value in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. As such, a change in interest rates of 1 percentage point would not have a material impact on our operating results and cash flows.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

(a) **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.** The SEC defines the term “disclosure controls and procedures” to mean a company’s controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms. Based on the evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures by our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, as of the end of the period covered by this report, our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures at the end of the period covered by this report were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms, and (ii) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure.

(b) **Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting.** No change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) occurred during the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2015 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II -- OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Litigation

The Company is involved in various claims and routine litigation matters. In the opinion of management, after consultation with legal counsel, the outcomes of such matters are not anticipated to have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows in future years.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in Part 1, Item 1A in our 2014 Annual Report under the heading "Risk Factors."

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

None.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

There were no reportable purchases during the quarter ended September 30, 2015, provided however that 6,752 shares of common stock, at an average purchase price of \$26.20, were surrendered by employees to the Company during such quarter for the payment of the minimum tax liability withholding obligations upon the vesting of shares of restricted stock.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

- 31.1 Certifying Statement of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certifying Statement of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certifying Statement of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 1350 of Title 18 of the United States Code.
- 32.2 Certifying Statement of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 1350 of Title 18 of the United States Code.

101.INS XBRL Instance Document

101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document

101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document

101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document

101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Nutrisystem, Inc.

BY: /S/ Dawn M. Zier November
Dawn M. Zier 2, 2015
President and Chief
Executive Officer

BY: /S/ Michael P. Monahan November 2, 2015
Michael P. Monahan
Executive Vice President,
Chief Financial Officer and
Principal Accounting Officer

Exhibit Index

No.	Description
31.1	Certifying Statement of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certifying Statement of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certifying Statement of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 1350 of Title 18 of the United States Code.
32.2	Certifying Statement of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 1350 of Title 18 of the United States Code.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document

101.CALXBRL

Taxonomy
Extension
Calculation
Linkbase
Document

101.LABXBRL

Taxonomy
Extension Label
Linkbase
Document

101.PRE XBRL

Taxonomy
Extension
Presentation
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