PUTNAM HIGH INCOME SECURITIES FUND Form N-CSR October 29, 2015

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM N-CSR

CERTIFIED SHAREHOLDER REPORT OF REGISTERED MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES

Investment Company Act file

number:

(811-05133)

Exact name of registrant as

specified in charter:

Putnam High Income Securities Fund

offices:

Address of principal executive One Post Office Square, Boston, Massachusetts 02109

service:

Name and address of agent for Robert T Burns, Vice President One Post Office Square

Boston, Massachusetts 02109

Bryan Chegwidden, Esq. Copy to:

Ropes & Gray LLP

1211 Avenue of the Americas New York, New York 10036

Registrant's telephone number, (617) 292-1000

including area code:

Date of fiscal year end: August 31, 2015

Date of reporting period: September 1, 2014 - August 31, 2015

Item 1. Report to Stockholders:

The following is a copy of the report transmitted to stockholders pursuant to Rule 30e-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940:

Putnam High Income Securities Fund

Annual report 8 | 31 | 15

Message from the Trustees	1
About the fund	2
Performance snapshot	4
Interview with your fund's portfolio managers	5
Your fund's performance	11
Terms and definitions	13
Other information for shareholders	14
Important notice regarding Putnam's privacy policy	15
Summary of dividend reinvestment plans	16
Trustee approval of management contract	18
Financial statements	23
Federal tax information	61
Shareholder meeting results	62
About the Trustees	63
Officers	65

Consider these risks before investing: Lower-rated bonds may offer higher yields in return for more risk. Bond investments are subject to interest-rate risk (the risk of bond prices falling if interest rates rise) and credit risk (the risk of an issuer defaulting on interest or principal payments). Interest-rate risk is greater for longer-term bonds, and credit risk is greater for below-investment-grade bonds. Unlike bonds, funds that invest in bonds have fees and

expenses. Bond prices may fall or fail to rise over time for several reasons, including general financial market conditions, changing market perceptions of the risk of default, changes in government intervention, and factors related to a specific issuer or industry. These factors may also lead to periods of high volatility and reduced liquidity in the bond markets. You can lose money by investing in the fund. The fund's shares trade on a stock exchange at market prices, which may be lower than the fund's net asset value.

Message from the Trustees

Dear Fellow Shareholder:

A string of negative developments has kept markets on edge in recent months. Greece's debt crisis flared, oil prices dropped again, and the People's Bank of China, in an effort to stem a slumping economy, unexpectedly devalued the yuan. The cumulative effect of these events appeared to contribute to a brief correction in global stock markets during late summer.

Through it all, the U.S. economy has remained resilient, which is likely to prompt the Federal Reserve to raise interest rates for the first time in over a decade. If higher interest rates in the U.S. markets attract global capital, regions outside of the United States could experience greater market volatility and constrained growth.

In contrast, central banks in Europe, Japan, and China appear committed, for the foreseeable future, to low-interest-rate policies to foster growth. The different trajectories of central bank policies may be another source of volatility.

Amid changing market conditions, you may find it reassuring to know that Putnam's portfolio managers have deep experience and research-driven viewpoints that guide their investment decisions. The interview in the following pages provides you with additional insight into economic and market conditions, as well as a review of your fund's performance. We also would encourage you to consult with your financial advisor to discuss whether your mix of investments requires any adjustment to stay on track toward your long-term goals.

In closing, we would like to recognize Charles Curtis, who recently retired as a Putnam Trustee, for his 14 years of dedicated service. And, as always, thank you for investing with Putnam.

Data are historical. Past performance does not guarantee future results. More recent returns may be less or more than those shown. Investment return and net asset value will fluctuate, and you may have a gain or a loss when you sell your shares. Performance assumes reinvestment of distributions and does not account for taxes. Fund returns in the bar chart are at NAV. See pages 5 and 11–12 for additional performance information, including fund returns at market price. Index and Lipper results should be compared with fund performance at NAV.

* The fund's blended benchmark is an unmanaged index administered by Putnam Management, 50% of which is the JPMorgan Developed High Yield Index and 50% of which is the BofA Merrill Lynch All-Convertibles Speculative Quality Index. The BofA Merrill Lynch All-Convertibles Speculative Quality Index and the JPMorgan Developed High Yield Index were introduced on 12/31/92 and 12/31/94, respectively, which post-date the inception of the fund. The blended benchmark was previously shown as two individual indexes.

Interview with your fund's portfolio managers

What was the market environment like for convertibles and high-yield bonds during the 12-month period ended August 31, 2015?

Eric: Conditions were challenging for both asset classes, with prices closing the fiscal year in negative territory. Convertibles experienced some volatility in the earlier part of the period, but then delivered strong results through early July due to the outperformance of their underlying equities. High-yield bonds also struggled in the first part of the fiscal year, rallied intermittently through April, and then experienced volatility in June. Prices in both asset classes ended the 12 months on a downward trend.

Rob: Conditions in the two markets were affected by many of the same factors. Weaker U.S. economic data — which caused the markets to anticipate that the Federal Reserve [Fed] might hold off on an interest-rate hike — and a more stable trading range for the price of oil were often key drivers of rallies. Conversely, concerns about rising U.S. interest rates, weak international economic data — particularly in China and Europe — as well as volatile equity and commodity markets, plunging oil prices, and the uncertainty and turbulent debt negotiations with Greece, caused prices to retreat. Toward the end of the period, short-term rallies were derailed by China's surprise currency

*The fund's blended benchmark is an unmanaged index administered by Putnam Management, 50% of which is the JPMorgan Developed High Yield Index and 50% of which is the BofA Merrill Lynch All-Convertibles Speculative Quality Index.

This comparison shows your fund's performance in the context of broad market indexes for the 12 months ended 8/31/15. See pages 4 and 11–12 for additional fund performance information. Index descriptions can be found on page 13.

High Income Securities Fund 5

devaluation, stock market volatility, declining commodity prices, and continued uncertainty about the timing of a Fed rate increase.

What sectors and security types had the best and worst performance?

Eric: Transportation, communication services, and health care had the highest absolute returns in the benchmark for the convertible portfolio. In contrast, basic materials, energy, capital goods, and technology experienced the steepest declines in the benchmark, also based on absolute return. All of these results — both upside and downside — were in the double digits.

Rob: In the high-yield bond benchmark, the top-performing industries were health care, food/beverages, and housing, while metals/mining and energy were by far the worst performers, producing double-digit declines. From a rating standpoint, higher-quality, split Baa-rated and Ba-rated securities generated the best performance, while lower-quality Caa-rated bonds had the worst results. [Split-rated bonds are those that receive slightly different credit ratings from the major rating agencies.]

The fund's absolute return at net asset value was negative — but its overall performance was somewhat better than the blended benchmark. What holdings had the greatest impact on the fund's results, and what holdings gave the fund its relative edge over the benchmark?

Eric: The fund's results stemmed from a combination of sector and security selection within both asset classes. The performance of convertible holdings was supported by the

Credit qualities are shown as a percentage of the fund's net assets as of 8/31/15. A bond rated Baa or higher (Prime-3 or higher, for short-term debt) is considered investment grade. The chart reflects Moody's ratings; percentages may include bonds or derivatives not rated by Moody's but rated by Standard & Poor's (S&P) or, if unrated by S&P, by Fitch ratings, and then included in the closest equivalent Moody's rating based on analysis of these agencies' respective ratings criteria. Moody's ratings are used in recognition of its prominence among rating agencies and breadth of coverage of rated securities. Ratings may vary over time.

Cash and net other assets, if any, represent the market value weights of cash, derivatives, short-term securities, and other unclassified assets in the portfolio. The fund itself has not been rated by an independent rating agency.

6 High Income Securities Fund

fund's overweight allocation to communication services and underweight positioning in technology, as well as by security selection within consumer staples. Conversely, a significant underweight to the consumer cyclicals sector, as well as security selection — particularly within health care and energy — detracted from returns. At the issuer level, an underweight position in SanDisk Corp. and an out-of-benchmark holding in T-Mobile US, Inc. helped build returns. The fund also did not hold convertibles in Alpha Natural Resources, which benefited results. The biggest individual detractors to performance included an underweight position in Chesapeake Energy Corp., an overweight allocation to AK Steel Corp., which was sold by period end, and not holding Omnicare, Inc. convertibles.

Rob: The largest contributor to returns in the high-yield portion of the portfolio was an underweight allocation to the metals and mining sector relative to the benchmark, as pressure continued to mount on commodities prices throughout the year. The other major contributors to returns were an overweight to the housing sector and an underweight to paper and packaging. In terms of security selection, the fund's underweights in Peabody Energy Corp. and Energy XXI Ltd., [both sold

This table shows the fund's top 10 individual holdings and the percentage of the fund's net assets that each represented as of 8/31/15. Short-term investments and derivatives, if any, are excluded. Holdings may vary over time.

High Income Securities Fund 7

by period-end] relative to the benchmark, and its overweight to Penn National Gaming, Inc. added to returns.

The biggest detractors to performance were security selection in the cable and satellite sector, along with an underweight allocation to technology and an overweight allocation to utilities. In terms of securities, the fund's slight overweight allocations to Vantage Drilling Co. [convertible securities and common stock], Paragon Offshore PLC, and Seventy Seven Energy, Inc. had a negative impact on performance.

What is your outlook for the next few months?

Eric: Our overall outlook is constructive. For convertibles, we believe that it may be a good time for buying opportunities. The market median bond price has fallen significantly, and volatility risk — measured by the standard deviation of the long-term price average — is a third of what it was at the beginning of the year.

We believe that the hybrid nature of convertibles has important benefits as we look ahead. Convertibles tend to have about only two thirds of the volatility of equities, as well as higher yields. Further, their conversion feature gives them favorable, asymmetric tracking to equities: The upside tracking of convertibles to equities is 70%–80%, whereas their downside tracking to equities is 50%–60%.

The fixed-income aspect of convertibles is another meaningful quality, as convertibles have a low duration, and we expect the Fed to raise rates. Duration is a measure of interest-rate sensitivity that is expressed in

This chart shows how the fund's weightings have changed over the past six months. Allocations are shown as a percentage of the fund's net assets. Cash and net other assets, if any, represent the market value weights of cash, derivatives, short-term securities, and other unclassified assets in the portfolio. Current period summary information may differ from the portfolio schedule included in the financial statements due to the inclusion of derivative securities, any interest accruals, and the use of different classifications of securities for presentation purposes. Holdings and allocations may vary over time.

8 High Income Securities Fund

years; a lower duration reflects less interest-rate sensitivity, and a higher duration means there is greater sensitivity to changes in rates.

The duration of convertibles is half of that of high-yield bonds and a third of that of the Barclays U.S. Bond Aggregate Index, which represents the U.S. investment-grade bond market. Therefore, we believe that convertibles should exhibit greater price stability than other fixed-income securities. The duration of convertibles and high-yield bonds are based, respectively, on the BofA Merrill Lynch All-Convertibles Speculative Quality Index and the IPMorgan Developed High Yield Index.

Rob: Our outlook for high-yield bonds is favorable as well. The low-rate environment of the past few years has helped many companies improve their financial health — so, with the exception of the energy and commodities sectors, many companies are in a strong position to pay interest on their debt, in our view. There's also an abundance of new issuance on the horizon, which we believe bodes well for the market. Further, the combination of a widening of high-yield spreads during August's equity market sell-off and a decline in the average bond price in the JPMorgan Developed High Yield Index improves the market's potential to rebound, in our view. Spreads are the incremental yield an investor is paid to take on additional risk; wider spreads mean that investors are paid more additional yield to take on greater risk, and narrowing spreads mean that investors are paid less of a yield premium to take on that extra risk.

How is the fund positioned to take advantage of these outlooks?

Eric: We have implemented several strategies that are intended to help cushion the convertibles portfolio from ongoing equity volatility. For example, since April, we have continued to lower the portfolio's exposure to convertible bonds that are sensitive to equity volatility. In retrospect, we would have liked to have been slightly more aggressive with

ABOUT DERIVATIVES

Derivatives are an increasingly common type of investment instrument, the performance of which is *derived* from an underlying security, index, currency, or other area of the capital markets. Derivatives employed by the fund's managers generally serve one of two main purposes: to implement a strategy that may be difficult or more expensive to invest in through traditional securities, or to hedge unwanted risk associated with a particular position.

For example, the fund's managers might use currency forward contracts to capitalize on an anticipated change in exchange rates between two currencies. This approach would require a significantly smaller outlay of capital than purchasing traditional bonds denominated in the underlying currencies. In another example, the managers may identify a bond that they believe is undervalued relative to its risk of default, but may seek to reduce the interest-rate risk of that bond by using interest-rate swaps, a derivative through which two parties "swap" payments based on the movement of certain rates.

Like any other investment, derivatives may not appreciate in value and may lose money. Derivatives may amplify traditional investment risks through the creation of leverage and may be less liquid than traditional securities. And because derivatives typically represent contractual agreements between two financial institutions, derivatives entail "counterparty risk," which is the risk that the other party is unable or unwilling to pay. Putnam monitors the counterparty risks we assume. For example, Putnam often enters into collateral agreements that require the counterparties to post collateral on a regular basis to cover their obligations to the fund. Counterparty risk for exchange-traded futures and centrally cleared swaps is mitigated by the daily exchange of margin and other safeguards against default through their respective clearinghouses.

High Income Securities Fund 9

this strategy. We also have made a subtle, but measurable, shift toward raising the portfolio's average quality.

Rob: In high yield, we've positioned the fund for the potential of higher interest rates, as well as for constrained marketplace liquidity, by continuing to maintain a meaningful cash allocation. We also plan to keep the portfolio's interest-rate sensitivity slightly below that of the benchmark.

At the end of the period, the majority of high-yield holdings were in mid-tier split Ba-rated or B-rated bonds. From a sector perspective, we favored telecommunications, gaming/lodging/leisure, financials, utilities, housing, and broadcasting. Conversely, we maintained underweights in energy, technology, metals/mining, food/beverage, transportation, consumer products, and cable/satellite.

Thanks for your time and for bringing us up to date, gentlemen.

The views expressed in this report are exclusively those of Putnam Management and are subject to change. They are not meant as investment advice.

Please note that the holdings discussed in this report may not have been held by the fund for the entire period. Portfolio composition is subject to review in accordance with the fund's investment strategy and may vary in the future. Current and future portfolio holdings are subject to risk.

Portfolio Manager **Eric N. Harthun** has an M.B.A. from The University of Chicago Booth School of Business and a B.S. from San Diego State University. Eric joined Putnam in 2000 and has been in the investment industry since 1994.

Portfolio Manager **Robert L. Salvin** has an M.B.A. from The University of Chicago Booth School of Business and a B.S. from the Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania. He joined Putnam in 2000 and has been in the investment industry since 1986.

IN THE NEWS

Collapsing commodity prices caused turbulence in global markets this summer. One of the leading factors pressuring prices was the economic slowdown in China. China remains the world's second-largest economy and the largest consumer of most commodities, representing about 40% to 50% of global commodity demand. Much of China's slowdown has been attributed to government efforts to transform the economy by changing the engine of growth from exports to consumer spending. With less need to build new infrastructure, the demand for commodities such as oil, copper, and steel has fallen. As a result, global prices of such commodities have dropped nearly 20% year to date. Furthermore, the price of crude oil is more than 50% below levels seen in 2014, although supply and demand factors outside China have played a significant role in the price movements for this commodity. Global oil supplies surged as North American companies increased production, and the United States emerged as one of the world's largest producers. Meanwhile, OPEC has continued to maintain last year's levels of oil production, but demand growth has moderated.

Your fund's performance

This section shows your fund's performance, price, and distribution information for periods ended August 31, 2015, the end of its most recent fiscal year. In accordance with regulatory requirements for mutual funds, we also include performance information as of the most recent calendar quarter-end. Performance should always be considered in light of a fund's investment strategy. Data represent past performance. Past performance does not guarantee future results. More recent returns may be less or more than those shown. Investment return, net asset value, and market price will fluctuate, and you may have a gain or a loss when you sell your shares.

Fund performance Total return for periods ended 8/31/15

	NAV	Market price
Annual average		
Life of fund (since 7/9/87)	8.65%	8.04%
10 years	83.90	80.30
Annual average	6.28	6.07
5 years	43.06	18.90
Annual average	7.42	3.52
3 years	21.70	3.61
Annual average	6.76	1.19
1 year	-5.57	-10.87

Performance assumes reinvestment of distributions and does not account for taxes.

Performance is shown net of expenses.

Comparative index returns For periods ended 8/31/15

	Fund's blended benchmark (50% JPMorgan Developed High Yield Index/50% BofA Merrill Lynch All-Convertibles Speculative Quality Index)	Lipper Convertible Securities Funds (closed-end) category average*
Annual average		
Life of fund (since 7/9/87)	<u></u> -t	8.22%
10 years	104.18%	75.59
Annual average	7.40	5.75

5 years	50.73	50.44
Annual average	8.55	8.44
3 years	23.05	26.42
Annual average	7.16	8.11
1 year	-6.29	-5.92

Index and Lipper results should be compared to fund performance at net asset value.

High Income Securities Fund 11

Fund price and distribution information For the 12-month period ended 8/31/15

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Distributions		
Number		12
Income	\$	0.3708
Capital gains		_
Total	\$	0.3708
Share value	NAV	Market price
3/31/14	\$9.56	\$8.61
8/31/15	8.67	7.33
Current rate (end of period)	NAV	Market price
Current dividend rate*	4.28%	5.06%

^{*} Over the 1-year, 3-year, 5-year, 10-year, and life-of-fund periods ended 8/31/15, there were 11, 11, 11, 9, and 2 funds, respectively, in this Lipper category.

[†] The fund's blended benchmark is an unmanaged index administered by Putnam Management, 50% of which is the JPMorgan Developed High Yield Index and 50% of which is the BofA Merrill Lynch All-Convertibles Speculative Quality Index. The BofA Merrill Lynch All-Convertibles Speculative Quality Index and the JPMorgan Developed High Yield Index were introduced on 12/31/92 and 12/31/94, respectively, which post-date the inception of the fund.

The classification of distributions, if any, is an estimate. Final distribution information will appear on your year-end tax forms.

Fund performance as of most recent calendar quarter

Total return for periods ended 9/30/15

	NAV	Market price
Annual average		
Life of fund (since 7/9/87)	8.51%	7.88%
10 years	78.92	75.19
Annual average	5.99	5.77
5 years	32.84	8.30
Annual average	5.84	1.61
3 years	15.61	-1.98
Annual average	4.95	-0.66
1 year	-5.73	-11.23

See the discussion following the fund performance table on page 11 for information about the calculation of fund performance.

12 High Income Securities Fund

Terms and definitions

Important terms

Total return shows how the value of the fund's shares changed over time, assuming you held the shares through the entire period and reinvested all distributions in the fund.

Net asset value (NAV) is the value of all your fund's assets, minus any liabilities, divided by the number of outstanding shares.

Market price is the current trading price of one share of the fund. Market prices are set by transactions between buyers and sellers on exchanges such as the New York Stock Exchange.

Fixed-income terms

^{*} Most recent distribution, including any return of capital and excluding capital gains, annualized and divided by NAV or market price at end of period.

Current rate is the annual rate of return earned from dividends or interest of an investment. Current rate is expressed as a percentage of the price of a security, fund share, or principal investment.

Yield curve is a graph that plots the yields of bonds with equal credit quality against their differing maturity dates, ranging from shortest to longest. It is used as a benchmark for other debt, such as mortgage or bank lending rates.

Comparative indexes

Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index is an unmanaged index of U.S. investment-grade fixed-income securities.

The fund's blended benchmarkis an unmanaged index administered by Putnam Management, 50% of which is the JPMorgan Developed High Yield Index and 50% of which is the BofA Merrill Lynch All-Convertibles Speculative Quality Index.

BofA Merrill Lynch All-Convertibles Speculative Quality Index is an unmanaged index of U.S. convertible securities.

BofA Merrill Lynch U.S. 3-Month Treasury Bill Index is an unmanaged index that seeks to measure the performance of U.S. Treasury bills available in the marketplace.

JPMorgan Developed High Yield Index is an unmanaged index of high-yield fixed-income securities issued in developed countries.

S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged index of common stock performance.

Indexes assume reinvestment of all distributions and do not account for fees. Securities and performance of a fund and an index will differ. You cannot invest directly in an index.

Lipper is a third-party industry-ranking entity that ranks mutual funds. Its rankings do not reflect sales charges. Lipper rankings are based on total return at net asset value relative to other funds that have similar current investment styles or objectives as determined by Lipper. Lipper may change a fund's category assignment at its discretion. Lipper category averages reflect performance trends for funds within a category.

High Income Securities Fund 13

Other information for shareholders

Important notice regarding share repurchase program

In September 2015, the Trustees of your fund approved the renewal of a share repurchase program that had been in effect since 2005. This renewal allows your fund to repurchase, in the 12 months beginning October 8, 2015, up to 10% of the fund's common shares outstanding as of October 7, 2015.

Important notice regarding delivery of shareholder documents

In accordance with Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) regulations, Putnam sends a single copy of annual and semiannual shareholder reports, prospectuses, and proxy statements to Putnam shareholders who share the same address, unless a shareholder requests otherwise. If you prefer to receive your own copy of these documents, please call Putnam at 1-800-225-1581, and Putnam will begin sending individual copies within 30 days.

Proxy voting

Putnam is committed to managing our mutual funds in the best interests of our shareholders. The Putnam funds' proxy voting guidelines and procedures, as well as information regarding how your fund voted proxies relating to portfolio securities during the 12-month period ended June 30, 2015, are available in the Individual Investors section of putnam.com, and on the SEC's website, www.sec.gov. Ifyou have questions about finding forms on the SEC's website, you may call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. You may also obtain the Putnam funds' proxy voting guidelines and procedures at no charge by calling Putnam's Shareholder Services at 1-800-225-1581.

Fund portfolio holdings

The fund will file a complete schedule of its portfolio holdings with the SEC for the first and third quarters of each fiscal year on Form N-Q. Shareholders may obtain the fund's Form N-Q on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. In addition, the fund's Form N-Q may be reviewed and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, D.C. You may call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for information about the SEC's website or the operation of the Public Reference Room.

Trustee and employee fund ownership

Putnam employees and members of the Board of Trustees place their faith, confidence, and, most importantly, investment dollars in Putnam mutual funds. As of August 31, 2015, Putnam employees had approximately \$492,000,000 and the Trustees had approximately \$137,000,000 invested in Putnam mutual funds. These amounts include investments by the Trustees' and employees' immediate family members as well as investments through retirement and deferred compensation plans.

14 High Income Securities Fund

Important notice regarding Putnam's privacy policy

In order to conduct business with our shareholders, we must obtain certain personal information such as account holders' names, addresses, Social Security numbers, and dates of birth. Using this information, we are able to maintain accurate records of accounts and transactions.

It is our policy to protect the confidentiality of our shareholder information, whether or not a shareholder currently owns shares of our funds. In particular, it is our policy not to sell information about you or your accounts to outside marketing firms. We have safeguards in place designed to prevent unauthorized access to our computer systems and procedures to protect personal information from unauthorized use.

Under certain circumstances, we must share account information with outside vendors who provide services to us, such as mailings and proxy solicitations. In these cases, the service providers enter into confidentiality agreements with us, and we provide only the information necessary to process transactions and perform other services related to your account. Finally, it is our policy to share account information with your financial representative, if you've listed one on your Putnam account.

High Income Securities Fund 15

Summary of Putnam Closed-End Funds' Amended and Restated Dividend Reinvestment Plans

Putnam High Income Securities Fund, Putnam Managed Municipal Income Trust, Putnam Master Intermediate Income Trust, Putnam Municipal Opportunities Trust and Putnam Premier Income Trust (each, a "Fund" and collectively, the "Funds") each offer **dividend reinvestment plan** (each, a "Plan" and collectively, the "Plans"). If you participate in a Plan, all income dividends and capital gain distributions are **automatically reinvested** in Fund shares by the Fund's agent, Putnam Investor Services, Inc. (the "Agent"). If you are not participating in a Plan, every

month you will receive all dividends and other distributions in cash, paid by check and mailed directly to you.

Upon a purchase (or, where applicable, upon registration of transfer on the shareholder records of a Fund) of shares of a Fund by a registered shareholder, each such shareholder will be deemed to have elected to participate in that Fund's Plan. Each such shareholder will have all distributions by a Fund automatically reinvested in additional shares, unless such shareholder elects to terminate participation in a Plan by instructing the Agent to pay future distributions in cash. Shareholders who were not participants in a Plan as of January 31, 2010, will continue to receive distributions in cash but may enroll in a Plan at any time by contacting the Agent.

If you participate in a Fund's Plan, the Agent will automatically reinvest subsequent distributions, and the Agent will send you a confirmation in the mail telling you how many additional shares were issued to your account.

To change your enrollment status or to request additional information about the Plans, you may contact the Agent either in writing, at P.O. Box 8383, Boston, MA 02266-8383, or by telephone at 1-800-225-1581 during normal East Coast business hours.

How you acquire additional shares through a Plan If the market price per share for your Fund's shares (plus estimated brokerage commissions) is greater than or equal to their net asset value per share on the payment date for a distribution, you will be issued shares of the Fund at a value equal to the higher of the net asset value per share on that date or 95% of the market price per share on that date.

If the market price per share for your Fund's shares (plus estimated brokerage commissions) is less than their net asset value per share on the payment date for a distribution, the Agent will buy Fund shares for participating accounts in the open market. The Agent will aggregate open-market purchases on behalf of all participants, and the average price (including brokerage commissions) of all shares purchased by the Agent will be the price per share allocable to each participant. The Agent will generally complete these open-market purchases within five business days following the payment date. If, before the Agent has completed open-market purchases, the market price per share (plus estimated brokerage commissions) rises to exceed the net asset value per share on the payment date, then the purchase price may exceed the net asset value per share, potentially resulting in the acquisition of fewer shares than if the distribution had been paid in newly issued shares.

How to withdraw from a Plan Participants may withdraw from a Fund's Plan at any time by notifying the Agent, either in writing or by telephone. Such withdrawal will be effective immediately if notice is received by the Agent with sufficient time prior to any distribution record date; otherwise, such withdrawal will be effective with respect to any subsequent

16 High Income Securities Fund

distribution following notice of withdrawal. There is no penalty for withdrawing from or not participating in a Plan.

Plan administration The Agent will credit all shares acquired for a participant under a Plan to the account in which the participant's common shares are held. Each participant will be sent reasonably promptly a confirmation by the Agent of each acquisition made for his or her account.

About brokerage fees Each participant pays a proportionate share of any brokerage commissions incurred if the Agent purchases additional shares on the open market, in accordance with the Plans. There are no brokerage charges applied to shares issued directly by the Funds under the Plans.

About taxes and Plan amendments Reinvesting dividend and capital gain distributions in shares of the Funds does not relieve you of tax obligations, which are the same as if you had received cash distributions. The Agent supplies tax information to you and to the IRS annually. Each Fund reserves the right to amend or terminate its Plan upon 30 days' written notice. However, the Agent may assign its rights, and delegate its duties, to a successor agent with the prior consent of a Fund and without prior notice to Plan participants.

If your shares are held in a broker or nominee name If your shares are held in the name of a broker or nominee offering a dividend reinvestment service, consult your broker or nominee to ensure that an appropriate election is made on your behalf. If the broker or nominee holding your shares does not provide a reinvestment service, you may need to register your shares in your own name in order to participate in a Plan.

In the case of record shareholders such as banks, brokers or nominees that hold shares for others who are the beneficial owners of such shares, the Agent will administer the Plan on the basis of the number of shares certified by the record shareholder as representing the total amount registered in such shareholder's name and held for the account of beneficial owners who are to participate in the Plan.

High Income Securities Fund 17

Trustee approval of management contract

General conclusions

The Board of Trustees of The Putnam Funds oversees the management of each fund and, as required by law, determines annually whether to approve the continuance of your fund's management contract with Putnam Investment Management, LLC ("Putnam Management") and the sub-management contract with respect to your fund between Putnam Management and its affiliate, Putnam Investments Limited ("PIL"). The Board, with the assistance of its Contract Committee, requests and evaluates all information it deems reasonably necessary under the circumstances in connection with its annual contract review. The Contract Committee consists solely of Trustees who are not "interested persons" (as this term is defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act")) of The Putnam Funds ("Independent Trustees").

At the outset of the review process, members of the Board's independent staff and independent legal counsel met with representatives of Putnam Management to review the annual contract review materials furnished to the Contract Committee during the course of the previous year's review and to discuss possible changes in these materials that might be necessary or desirable for the coming year. Following these discussions and in consultation with the Contract Committee, the Independent Trustees' independent legal counsel requested that Putnam Management and its affiliates furnish specified information, together with any additional information that Putnam Management considered relevant, to the Contract Committee. Over the course of several months ending in June 2015, the Contract Committee met on a number of occasions with representatives of Putnam Management, and separately in executive session, to consider the information that Putnam Management provided, as well as supplemental information provided in response to additional requests made by the Contract Committee. Throughout this process, the Contract Committee was assisted by the members of the Board's independent staff and by independent legal counsel for The Putnam Funds and the Independent Trustees.

In May 2015, the Contract Committee met in executive session to discuss and consider its recommendations with respect to the continuance of the contracts. At the Trustees' June 19, 2015 meeting, the Contract Committee met in executive session with the other Independent Trustees to review a summary of the key financial, performance and other data that the Contract Committee considered in the course of its review. The Contract Committee then presented its written report, which summarized the key factors that the Committee had considered and set forth its recommendations. The Contract Committee then recommended, and the Independent Trustees approved, the continuance of your fund's management and sub-management contracts, effective July 1, 2015. (Because PIL is an affiliate of Putnam Management and Putnam Management remains fully responsible for all services provided by PIL, the Trustees have not attempted to evaluate PIL as a separate entity, and all subsequent references to Putnam Management below should be deemed to include reference to PIL as necessary or appropriate in the context.)

The Independent Trustees' approval was based on the following conclusions:

•That the fee schedule in effect for your fund represented reasonable compensation in light of the nature and quality of the services being provided to the fund, the fees paid by competitive funds, and the costs incurred by Putnam Management in providing services to the fund; and

18 High Income Securities Fund

•That the fee schedule in effect for your fund represented an appropriate sharing between fund shareholders and Putnam Management of such economies of scale as may exist in the management of the fund at current asset levels.

These conclusions were based on a comprehensive consideration of all information provided to the Trustees and were not the result of any single factor. Some of the factors that figured particularly in the Trustees' deliberations and how the Trustees considered these factors are described below, although individual Trustees may have evaluated the information presented differently, giving different weights to various factors. It is also important to recognize that the management arrangements for your fund and the other Putnam funds are the result of many years of review and discussion between the Independent Trustees and Putnam Management, that some aspects of the arrangements may receive greater scrutiny in some years than others, and that the Trustees' conclusions may be based, in part, on their consideration of fee arrangements in previous years.

Management fee schedules and total expenses

The Trustees reviewed the management fee schedules in effect for all Putnam funds, including fee levels and breakpoints. The Trustees also reviewed the total expenses of each Putnam fund, recognizing that in most cases management fees represented the major, but not the sole, determinant of total costs to shareholders.

In reviewing fees and expenses, the Trustees generally focus their attention on material changes in circumstances — for example, changes in assets under management, changes in a fund's investment style, changes in Putnam Management's operating costs or profitability, or changes in competitive practices in the mutual fund industry — that suggest that consideration of fee changes might be warranted. The Trustees concluded that the circumstances did not warrant changes to the management fee structure of your fund.

Under its management contract, your fund has the benefit of breakpoints in its management fee schedule that provide shareholders with economies of scale in the form of reduced fee levels as the fund's assets under management increase. The Trustees noted, however, that because your fund is a closed-end management investment company, it has relatively stable levels of assets under management and is not expected to be affected significantly by breakpoints in its management fee schedule. The Trustees concluded that the fee schedule in effect for your fund represented an appropriate sharing of economies of scale between fund shareholders and Putnam Management.

The Trustees reviewed comparative fee and expense information for a custom group of competitive funds selected by Lipper Inc. ("Lipper"). This comparative information included your fund's percentile ranking for effective management fees and total expenses, which provides a general indication of your fund's relative standing. In the custom peer group, your fund ranked in the first quintile in effective management fees (determined for your fund and the other funds in the custom peer group based on fund asset size and the applicable contractual management fee schedule) and in the first quintile in total expenses as of December 31, 2014 (the first quintile representing the least expensive funds and the fifth quintile the most expensive funds). The fee and expense data reported by Lipper as of December 31, 2014 reflected the most recent fiscal year-end data available in Lipper's database at that time.

In connection with their review of fund management fees and total expenses, the Trustees also reviewed the costs of the services provided and the profits realized by Putnam Management and its affiliates from their contractual relationships with the funds. This information included trends in revenues, expenses and profitability

High Income Securities Fund 19

of Putnam Management and its affiliates relating to the investment management, investor servicing and distribution services provided to the funds. In this regard, the Trustees also reviewed an analysis of Putnam Management's revenues, expenses and profitability, allocated on a fund-by-fund basis, with respect to the funds'

management, distribution, and investor servicing contracts. For each fund, the analysis presented information about revenues, expenses and profitability for each of the agreements separately and for the agreements taken together on a combined basis. The Trustees concluded that, at current asset levels, the fee schedules in place represented reasonable compensation for the services being provided and represented an appropriate sharing of such economies of scale as may exist in the management of the Putnam funds at that time.

The information examined by the Trustees as part of their annual contract review for the Putnam funds has included for many years information regarding fees charged by Putnam Management and its affiliates to institutional clients such as defined benefit pension plans, college endowments, and the like. This information included comparisons of those fees with fees charged to the Putnam funds, as well as an assessment of the differences in the services provided to these different types of clients. The Trustees observed that the differences in fee rates between institutional clients and mutual funds are by no means uniform when examined by individual asset sectors, suggesting that differences in the pricing of investment management services to these types of clients may reflect historical competitive forces operating in separate markets. The Trustees considered the fact that in many cases fee rates across different asset classes are higher on average for mutual funds than for institutional clients, as well as the differences between the services that Putnam Management provides to the Putnam funds and those that it provides to its institutional clients. The Trustees did not rely on these comparisons to any significant extent in concluding that the management fees paid by your fund are reasonable.

Investment performance

The quality of the investment process provided by Putnam Management represented a major factor in the Trustees' evaluation of the quality of services provided by Putnam Management under your fund's management contract. The Trustees were assisted in their review of the Putnam funds' investment process and performance by the work of the investment oversight committees of the Trustees, which meet on a regular basis with the funds' portfolio teams and with the Chief Investment Officer and other senior members of Putnam Management's Investment Division throughout the year. The Trustees concluded that Putnam Management generally provides a high-quality investment process — based on the experience and skills of the individuals assigned to the management of fund portfolios, the resources made available to them, and in general Putnam Management's ability to attract and retain high-quality personnel — but also recognized that this does not guarantee favorable investment results for every fund in every time period.

The Trustees considered that 2014 was a year of strong competitive performance for many of the Putnam funds, with generally strong results for the U.S. equity, money market and global asset allocation funds, but relatively mixed results for the international and global equity and fixed income funds. They noted that the longer-term performance of the Putnam funds continued to be strong, exemplified by the fact that the Putnam funds were recognized by Barron's as the sixth-best performing mutual fund complex for the five-year period ended December 31, 2014. They also noted, however, the disappointing investment performance of some funds for periods ended December 31, 2014 and considered information provided by Putnam Management regarding

20 High Income Securities Fund

the factors contributing to the underperformance and actions being taken to improve the performance of these particular funds. The Trustees indicated their intention to continue to monitor performance trends to assess the effectiveness of these efforts and to evaluate whether additional actions to address areas of underperformance are warranted.

For purposes of evaluating investment performance, the Trustees generally focus on competitive industry rankings for the one-year, three-year and five-year periods. For a number of Putnam funds with relatively unique investment mandates for which meaningful competitive performance rankings are not considered to be available, the Trustees evaluated performance based on comparisons of fund returns with the returns of selected investment benchmarks. In the case of your fund, the Trustees considered that its common share cumulative total return performance at net asset value was in the following quartiles of its Lipper peer group (Lipper Convertible Securities Funds (closed-end)) for the one-year, three-year and five-year periods ended December 31, 2014 (the first quartile representing the best-performing funds and the fourth quartile the worst-performing funds):

One-year period	2nd
Three-year period	3rd
Five-year period	3rd

Over the one-year, three-year and five-year periods ended December 31, 2014, there were 11, 11 and 11 funds, respectively, in your fund's Lipper peer group. (When considering performance information, shareholders should be mindful that past performance is not a guarantee of future results.)

The Trustees also considered Putnam Management's continued efforts to support fund performance through initiatives including structuring compensation for portfolio managers and research analysts to enhance accountability for fund performance, emphasizing accountability in the portfolio management process, and affirming its commitment to a fundamental-driven approach to investing. The Trustees noted further that Putnam Management continued to strengthen its fundamental research capabilities by adding new investment personnel.

Brokerage and soft-dollar allocations; investor servicing

The Trustees considered various potential benefits that Putnam Management may receive in connection with the services it provides under the management contract with your fund. These include benefits related to brokerage allocation and the use of soft dollars, whereby a portion of the commissions paid by a fund for brokerage may be used to acquire research services that are expected to be useful to Putnam Management in managing the assets of the fund and of other clients. Subject to policies established by the Trustees, soft dollars generated by these means are used primarily to acquire brokerage and research services that enhance Putnam Management's investment capabilities and supplement Putnam Management's internal research efforts. However, the Trustees noted that a portion of available soft dollars continues to be used to pay fund expenses. The Trustees indicated their continued intent to monitor regulatory and industry developments in this area with the assistance of their Brokerage Committee and also indicated their continued intent to monitor the allocation of the Putnam funds' brokerage in order to ensure that the principle of seeking best price and execution remains paramount in the portfolio trading process.

Putnam Management may also receive benefits from payments that the funds make to Putnam Management's affiliates for investor services. In conjunction with the annual review of your fund's management and sub-management contracts, the Trustees reviewed your fund's investor servicing agreement with

High Income Securities Fund 21

Putnam Investor Services, Inc. ("PSERV"), which is an affiliate of Putnam Management. The Trustees concluded that the fees payable by the funds to PSERV for such services are reasonable in relation to the nature and quality of such services, the fees paid by competitive funds, and the costs incurred by PSERV in providing such services.

22 High Income Securities Fund

Financial statements

These sections of the report, as well as the accompanying Notes, preceded by the Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm, constitute the fund's financial statements.

The fund's portfoliolists all the fund's investments and their values as of the last day of the reporting period. Holdings are organized by asset type and industry sector, country, or state to show areas of concentration and diversification.

Statement of assets and liabilities shows how the fund's net assets and share price are determined. All investment and non-investment assets are added together. Any unpaid expenses and other liabilities are subtracted from this total. The result is divided by the number of shares to determine the net asset value per share. (For funds with preferred shares, the amount subtracted from total assets includes the liquidation preference of preferred shares.)

Statement of operations shows the fund's net investment gain or loss. This is done by first adding up all the fund's earnings — from dividends and interest income — and subtracting its operating expenses to determine net investment income (or loss). Then, any net gain or loss the fund realized on the sales of its holdings — as well as any unrealized gains or losses over the period — is added to or subtracted from the net investment result to determine the fund's net gain or loss for the fiscal year.

Statement of changes in net assets shows how the fund's net assets were affected by the fund's net investment gain or loss, by distributions to shareholders, and by changes in the number of the fund's shares. It lists distributions and their sources (net investment income or realized capital gains) over the current reporting period and the most recent fiscal year-end. The distributions listed here may not match the sources listed in the Statement of operations because the distributions are determined on a tax basis and may be paid in a different period from the one in which they were earned.

Financial highlights provide an overview of the fund's investment results, per-share distributions, expense ratios, net investment income ratios, and portfolio turnover in one summary table, reflecting the five most recent reporting periods. In a semiannual report, the highlights table also includes the current reporting period.

High Income Securities Fund 23

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Trustees and Shareholders of Putnam High Income Securities Fund:

In our opinion, the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities, including the portfolio, and the related statements of operations and of changes in net assets and the financial highlights present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Putnam High Income Securities Fund (the "fund") at August 31, 2015, and the results of its operations, the changes in its net assets and the financial highlights for each of the periods indicated, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements and financial highlights (hereafter referred to as "financial statements") are the responsibility of the fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these financial statements in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits, which included confirmation of investments owned at August 31, 2015 by correspondence with the custodian, brokers, and transfer agent, provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Boston, Massachusetts October 16. 2015

The fund's portfolio8/31/15

CORPORATE BONDS AND NOTES (40.8%)*	Principal amount	Value
Basic materials (4.2%) A Schulman, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub.		
notes 6 7/8s, 2023	\$150,000	\$149,250
ArcelorMittal SA sr. unsec. bonds 10.6s, 2019 (France)	105,000	122,325
ArcelorMittal SA sr. unsec. unsub. bonds 6 1/8s, 2025 (France)	60,000	55,200
ArcelorMittal SA sr. unsec. unsub. notes 7 3/4s, 2039 (France)	65,000	60,288
Boise Cascade Co. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 3/8s, 2020	130,000	135,363
Builders FirstSource, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 10 3/4s, 2023	70,000	71,050
Celanese US Holdings, LLC company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 4 5/8s, 2022 (Germany)	85,000	82,663
Celanese US Holdings, LLC sr. notes 5 7/8s, 2021 (Germany)	140,000	146,650
Cemex SAB de CV 144A company guaranty sr. notes 5 7/8s, 2019 (Mexico)	320,000	323,001
Chemours Co. (The) 144A sr. unsec. notes 7s, 2025	40,000	34,200
Chemours Co. (The) 144A sr. unsec. notes 6 5/8s, 2023	60,000	52,200
Compass Minerals International, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 4 7/8s, 2024	120,000	115,500
CPG Merger Sub, LLC 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 8s, 2021	245,000	249,288
Eldorado Gold Corp. 144A sr. unsec. notes 6 1/8s, 2020 (Canada)	15,000	12,750

First Quantum Minerals, Ltd. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 7s, 2021 (Canada)	85,000	60,988
First Quantum Minerals, Ltd. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 3/4s, 2020 (Canada)	125,000	89,375
HD Supply, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 7 1/2s, 2020	160,000	170,800
HD Supply, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 11 1/2s, 2020	80,000	91,600
HD Supply, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. notes 5 1/4s, 2021	135,000	138,713
Hexion, Inc. company guaranty sr. notes 6 5/8s, 2020	45,000	41,963
HudBay Minerals, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 9 1/2s, 2020 (Canada)	230,000	207,000
Huntsman International, LLC company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 4 7/8s, 2020	130,000	127,400
Huntsman International, LLC 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 1/8s, 2022	30,000	28,500
JM Huber Corp. 144A sr. unsec. notes 9 7/8s, 2019	160,000	168,200
JMC Steel Group, Inc. 144A sr. unsec. notes 8 1/4s, 2018	55,000	43,588
Louisiana-Pacific Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 7 1/2s, 2020	55,000	58,163
Mercer International, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 7 3/4s, 2022 (Canada)	125,000	128,750
Mercer International, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 7s, 2019 (Canada)	60,000	61,425
Momentive Performance Materials, Inc. company guaranty sr. notes 3.88s, 2021	5,000	4,266
Momentive Performance Materials, Inc. escrow company guaranty sr. notes 8 7/8s, 2020 F	5,000	1

CORPORATE BONDS AND NOTES (40.8%)* cont.	Principal amount	Value
Basic materials cont. New Gold, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 7s, 2020 (Canada)	\$60,000	\$57,600
New Gold, Inc. 144A sr. unsec. notes 6 1/4s, 2022 (Canada)	45,000	38,025
Norbord, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. notes 6 1/4s, 2023 (Canada)	90,000	89,776
Pactiv, LLC sr. unsec. unsub. notes 7.95s, 2025	70,000	67,550
Perstorp Holding AB 144A company guaranty sr. notes 8 3/4s, 2017 (Sweden)	200,000	205,500
Platform Specialty Products Corp. 144A sr. unsec. notes 6 1/2s, 2022	100,000	96,875
PQ Corp. 144A sr. notes 8 3/4s, 2018	80,000	83,400
Roofing Supply Group, LLC/Roofing Supply Finance, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 10s, 2020	65,000	69,875
Ryerson, Inc./Joseph T Ryerson & Son, Inc. company guaranty sr. notes 9s, 2017	150,000	136,875
SBA Communications Corp. sr. sub. unsec. notes 4 7/8s, 2022	145,000	143,731
Sealed Air Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 7/8s, 2033	30,000	30,225
Sealed Air Corp. 144A sr. unsec. bonds 5 1/2s, 2025	30,000	30,975
Sealed Air Corp. 144A sr. unsec. notes 6 1/2s, 2020	75,000	83,063
Sealed Air Corp. 144A sr. unsec. notes 5 1/4s, 2023	100,000	102,250

Sealed Air Corp. 144A sr. unsec. notes 5 1/8s, 2024	50,000	50,594
Sealed Air Corp. 144A sr. unsec. notes 4 7/8s, 2022	35,000	35,000
Smurfit Kappa Treasury Funding, Ltd. company guaranty sr. unsub. notes 7 1/2s, 2025 (Ireland)	75,000	93,563
Steel Dynamics, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6 3/8s, 2022	20,000	20,650
Steel Dynamics, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6 1/8s, 2019	25,000	25,906
Steel Dynamics, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 1/2s, 2024	70,000	67,988
Steel Dynamics, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 1/4s, 2023	10,000	9,713
Steel Dynamics, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 1/8s, 2021	20,000	19,610
TMS International Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 7 5/8s, 2021	175,000	167,125
TPC Group, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. notes 8 3/4s, 2020	90,000	80,550
Univar, Inc. 144A sr. unsec. notes 6 3/4s, 2023	35,000	34,825
USG Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 7/8s, 2021	20,000	20,850
USG Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 1/2s, 2025	100,000	99,500
Weekley Homes, LLC/Weekley Finance Corp. sr. unsec. bonds 6s, 2023	140,000	130,200
WR Grace & Co Conn. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 5/8s, 2024	160,000	165,000
WR Grace & Co Conn. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 1/8s, 2021	70,000	70,875

CORPORATE BONDS AND NOTES (40.8%)* cont.	Principal amount	Value
Capital goods (3.5%) ADS Waste Holdings, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes		
8 1/4s, 2020 	\$325,000	\$336,375
American Axle & Manufacturing, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 7 3/4s, 2019	240,000	267,600
Amstead Industries, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 3/8s, 2024	80,000	78,000
Amstead Industries, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5s, 2022	165,000	165,000
ATS Automation Tooling Systems, Inc. 144A sr. unsec. notes 6 1/2s, 2023 (Canada)	65,000	65,163
Belden, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. sub. notes 5 1/2s, 2022	70,000	68,950
Belden, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. sub. notes 5 1/4s, 2024	80,000	75,800
Berry Plastics Corp. company guaranty notes 5 1/2s, 2022	55,000	53,213
Berry Plastics Corp. company guaranty unsub. notes 5 1/8s, 2023	35,000	32,725
Bombardier, Inc. 144A sr. unsec. notes 7 3/4s, 2020 (Canada)	40,000	33,400
Bombardier, Inc. 144A sr. unsec. notes 7 1/2s, 2025 (Canada)	95,000	71,963
Briggs & Stratton Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 7/8s, 2020	150,000	162,660
Crown Cork & Seal Co., Inc. sr. unsec. bonds 7 3/8s, 2026	65,000	71,988

DH Services Luxembourg Sarl 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 7 3/4s, 2020 (Luxembourg)	125,000	127,500
Gates Global, LLC/Gates Global Co. 144A sr. unsec. notes 6s, 2022	350,000	287,000
Huntington Ingalls Industries, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5s, 2021	55,000	56,788
KLX, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 7/8s, 2022	120,000	117,600
Legrand France SA sr. unsec. unsub. debs 8 1/2s, 2025 (France)	160,000	214,688
Manitowoc Co., Inc. (The) company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 7/8s, 2022	175,000	186,657
MasTec, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 4 7/8s, 2023	115,000	94,300
Moog, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 1/4s, 2022	50,000	50,500
Novelis, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 8 3/4s, 2020	220,000	219,450
Omega US Sub, LLC 144A sr. unsec. notes 8 3/4s, 2023	100,000	91,500
Oshkosh Corp. company guaranty sr. sub. unsec. notes 5 3/8s, 2025	105,000	105,000
Oshkosh Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 3/8s, 2022	130,000	131,300
Owens-Brockway Glass Container, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 3/8s, 2025	50,000	48,375
Pittsburgh Glass Works, LLC 144A company guaranty sr. notes 8s, 2018	174,000	180,960
Reynolds Group Issuer, Inc./Reynolds Group Issuer, LLC/ Reynolds Group Issuer Lu company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 8 1/4s, 2021 (New Zealand)	205,000	210,894

Tenneco, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes

CORPORATE BONDS AND NOTES (40.8%)* cont.	Principal amount	Value
Capital goods cont.		
Terex Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6s, 2021	\$245,000	\$247,450
TransDigm, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. sub. notes 7 1/2s, 2021	85,000	90,525
TransDigm, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. sub. notes 6 1/2s, 2024	25,000	24,438
TransDigm, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. sub. notes 5 1/2s, 2020	105,000	102,916
ZF North America Capital, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 4 3/4s, 2025	150,000	142,125
ZF North America Capital, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 4 1/2s, 2022	150,000	145,313
		4,476,854
Communication services (4.7%)		
Altice SA 144A company guaranty sr. notes 7 3/4s, 2022 (Luxembourg)	400,000	389,953
Cablevision Systems Corp. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 8 5/8s, 2017	140,000	152,950
Cablevision Systems Corp. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 8s, 2020	35,000	37,888
Cablevision Systems Corp. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 7 3/4s, 2018	40,000	43,096
CCO Holdings, LLC/CCO Holdings Capital Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 1/2s, 2021	110,000	114,950
CCO Holdings, LLC/CCO Holdings Capital Corp. company		
guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 1/4s, 2022	20,000	20,

125,000 35,000	125,000
35,000	
33,000	36,838
100,000	97,250
25,000	24,938
130,000	119,113
175,000	183,094
55,000	56,444
85,000	78,880
65,000	67,925
200,000	183,500
80,000	72,900
10,000	9,129
30,000	27,150
50,000	43,750
95,000	92,031
110,000	80,850
	25,000 130,000 175,000 55,000 85,000 200,000 30,000 50,000 95,000

Intelsat Luxembourg SA company guaranty sr. unsec. bonds

CORPORATE BONDS AND NOTES (40.8%)* cont.		Principal amount	Value
Communication services cont. Level 3 Communications, Inc. sr. unsec. unsub. notes			
5 3/4s, 2022		\$100,000	\$99,750
Level 3 Financing, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 7s, 2020		100,000	105,250
Level 3 Financing, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6 1/8s, 2021		40,000	41,900
Level 3 Financing, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 3/8s, 2022		90,000	90,319
Numericable-SFR SAS 144A sr. notes 6s, 2022 (France)		200,000	200,000
Quebecor Media, Inc. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 3/4s, 2023 (Canada)		80,000	81,080
Quebecor Media, Inc. 144A sr. unsec. notes 7 3/8s, 2021 (Canada)	CAD	75,000	59,431
Qwest Corp. sr. unsec. notes 6 3/4s, 2021		\$30,000	32,550
Qwest Corp. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 7 1/4s, 2025		65,000	71,538
SBA Telecommunications, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 3/4s, 2020		35,000	36,531
Sprint Capital Corp. company guaranty 6 7/8s, 2028		260,000	223,600
Sprint Communications, Inc. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 8 3/8s, 2017		80,000	84,600
Sprint Communications, Inc. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 7s, 2020		60,000	59,250

Sprint Communications, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 9s, 2018	115,000	128,081
Sprint Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 7 7/8s, 2023	275,000	264,344
Sprint Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 7 1/4s, 2021	265,000	257,713
T-Mobile USA, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6.836s, 2023	75,000	78,938
T-Mobile USA, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6.633s, 2021	45,000	47,025
T-Mobile USA, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6 5/8s, 2023	145,000	150,800
T-Mobile USA, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6.464s, 2019	45,000	46,294
T-Mobile USA, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6 3/8s, 2025	220,000	224,840
T-Mobile USA, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6 1/4s, 2021	165,000	170,569
T-Mobile USA, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6 1/8s, 2022	125,000	128,750
T-Mobile USA, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6s, 2023	40,000	40,780
Videotron, Ltd. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5s, 2022 (Canada)	195,000	195,488
West Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 3/8s, 2022	180,000	170,100
WideOpenWest Finance, LLC/WideOpenWest Capital Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 10 1/4s, 2019	215,000	222,525
Wind Acquisition Finance SA 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. bonds 7 3/8s, 2021 (Luxembourg)	200,000	204,500

CORPORATE BONDS AND NOTES (40.8%)* cont.	Principal amount	Value
Communication services cont. Windstream Services, LLC company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub.	+200,000	4162.002
notes 7 3/4s, 2021	\$200,000	\$163,002
Windstream Services, LLC company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6 3/8s, 2023	45,000	33,026
Consumor syclicals (9.49/)		5,953,944
Consumer cyclicals (8.4%) AMC Entertainment, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. sub. notes 5 7/8s, 2022	70,000	71,050
AMC Entertainment, Inc. 144A sr. unsec. notes 5 3/4s, 2025	65,000	64,675
American Tire Distributors, Inc. 144A sr. unsec. sub. notes 10 1/4s, 2022	130,000	133,250
Autonation, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 1/2s, 2020	105,000	114,581
Bon-Ton Department Stores, Inc. (The) company guaranty notes 10 5/8s, 2017	106,000	104,410
Bon-Ton Department Stores, Inc. (The) company guaranty notes 8s, 2021	100,000	65,000
Boyd Gaming Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. sub. notes 6 7/8s, 2023	75,000	77,063
Brookfield Residential Properties, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 1/2s, 2020 (Canada)	145,000	144,638
Brookfield Residential Properties, Inc./Brookfield Residential US Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 1/8s,	05.000	02.003
Building Materials Corp. of America 144A sr. unsec. notes	85,000	82,892
6 3/4s, 2021	45,000	47,081

Building Materials Corp. of America 144A sr. unsec. notes		
5 3/8s, 2024	160,000	160,000
CCM Merger, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 9 1/8s, 2019	80,000	85,100
Cedar Fair LP/Canada's Wonderland Co./Magnum Management Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 3/8s, 2024	30,000	30,450
Cedar Fair LP/Canada's Wonderland Co./Magnum Management Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 1/4s, 2021	60,000	61,050
Cinemark USA, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 1/8s, 2022	65,000	65,000
Cinemark USA, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 4 7/8s, 2023	65,000	63,375
Cinemark USA, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. sub. notes 7 3/8s, 2021	15,000	15,863
Clear Channel Worldwide Holdings, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 7 5/8s, 2020	190,000	196,175
Clear Channel Worldwide Holdings, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6 1/2s, 2022	330,000	340,890
Cumulus Media Holdings, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 7 3/4s, 2019	55,000	45,650
Dana Holding Corp. sr. unsec. notes 5 1/2s, 2024	65,000	63,700
Dana Holding Corp. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6s, 2023	125,000	125,938
Eldorado Resorts, Inc. 144A sr. unsec. notes 7s, 2023	125,000	124,063
Entercom Radio, LLC company guaranty sr. unsec. sub. notes 10 1/2s, 2019	100,000	105,875

CORPORATE BONDS AND NOTES (40.8%)* cont.		Principal amount	Value
Consumer cyclicals cont. Family Tree Escrow, LLC 144A sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 3/4s, 2023		\$45,000	\$47,138
Family Tree Escrow, LLC 144A sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 1/4s, 2020		30,000	31,425
FCA US, LLC/CG Co-Issuer, Inc. company guaranty notes 8 1/4s, 2021		200,000	214,540
First Cash Financial Services, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6 3/4s, 2021 (Mexico)		45,000	46,350
Garda World Security Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 7 1/4s, 2021 (Canada)		100,000	93,770
General Motors Co. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5.2s, 2045		20,000	18,840
Gibson Brands, Inc. 144A sr. notes 8 7/8s, 2018		80,000	76,000
GLP Capital LP/GLP Financing II, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 4 7/8s, 2020		140,000	144,900
GLP Capital LP/GLP Financing II, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 4 3/8s, 2018		40,000	41,200
Gray Television, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 7 1/2s, 2020		185,000	191,299
Great Canadian Gaming Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 5/8s, 2022 (Canada)	CAD	170,000	132,772
Howard Hughes Corp. (The) 144A sr. unsec. notes 6 7/8s, 2021		\$220,000	229,350
Igloo Holdings Corp. 144A sr. unsec. unsub. notes 8 1/4s, 2017 #		180,000	181,350
iHeartCommunications, Inc. company guaranty sr. notes 9s, 2021		215,000	190,544

notes 9s, 2019	255,000	240,019
Isle of Capri Casinos, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 7/8s, 2021	95,000	97,850
JC Penney Corp, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. bonds 8 1/8s, 2019	45,000	45,675
JC Penney Corp, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5.65s, 2020	20,000	18,300
Jo-Ann Stores Holdings, Inc. 144A sr. unsec. notes 9 3/4s, 2019 ‡‡	80,000	67,200
Jo-Ann Stores, Inc. 144A sr. unsec. notes 8 1/8s, 2019	165,000	153,656
L Brands, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 5/8s, 2021	85,000	95,519
L Brands, Inc. sr. unsec. notes 5 5/8s, 2022	50,000	53,438
Lamar Media Corp. company guaranty sr. sub. notes 5 7/8s, 2022	75,000	78,375
Lamar Media Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 3/8s, 2024	45,000	45,900
Lender Processing Services, Inc./Black Knight Lending Solutions, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 3/4s, 2023	144,000	152,280
Lennar Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 4 3/4s, 2022	125,000	124,375
Lennar Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 4 1/2s, 2019	125,000	127,750
LIN Television Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 3/8s, 2021	40,000	40,500

CORPORATE BONDS AND NOTES (40.8%)* cont.	Principal amount	Value
Consumer cyclicals cont. M/I Homes, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 8 5/8s, 2018	\$210,000	\$217,088
Masonite International Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 5/8s, 2023	45,000	45,225
Mattamy Group Corp. 144A sr. unsec. notes 6 1/2s, 2020 (Canada)	130,000	125,450
Media General Financing Sub, Inc. 144A sr. unsec. notes 5 7/8s, 2022	45,000	44,775
MGM Resorts International company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 3/4s, 2020	110,000	117,150
MGM Resorts International company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 1/4s, 2020	125,000	125,625
MGM Resorts International company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 8 5/8s, 2019	70,000	78,204
MGM Resorts International company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6 5/8s, 2021	65,000	69,225
Navistar International Corp. sr. notes 8 1/4s, 2021	104,000	90,090
Neiman Marcus Group, LLC (The) company guaranty sr. notes 7 1/8s, 2028	140,000	139,300
Neiman Marcus Group, Ltd. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 8 3/4s, 2021 #	175,000	187,250
Neiman Marcus Group, Ltd. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 8s, 2021	60,000	63,300
Nielsen Co. Luxembourg Sarl (The) 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 1/2s, 2021 (Luxembourg)	190,000	192,850
Nortek, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 8 1/2s, 2021	100,000	107,125
Outfront Media Capital, LLC/Outfront Media Capital Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 7/8s, 2025	90,000	91,800

125,000	127,969
10,000	10,300
38,000	45,062
140,000	142,100
160,000	164,800
90,000	90,225
75,000	77,156
55,000	55,963
95,000	109,963
45,000	43,256
90,000	89,100
80,000	80,500
54,000	56,295
135,000	143,100
100,000	98,000
	10,000 38,000 140,000 160,000 90,000 75,000 95,000 45,000 90,000 80,000 54,000

CORPORATE BONDS AND NOTES (40.8%)* cont.	Principal amount	Value
Consumer cyclicals cont. Scientific Games Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. sub. notes 8 1/8s, 2018	\$35,000	\$32,550
Scientific Games International, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 10s, 2022	280,000	256,900
Scientific Games International, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. sub. notes 6 1/4s, 2020	35,000	26,075
Scientific Games International, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. notes 7s, 2022	95,000	97,138
Sinclair Television Group, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 3/8s, 2021	80,000	81,600
Sinclair Television Group, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 3/8s, 2021	45,000	44,831
Sinclair Television Group, Inc. sr. unsec. notes 6 1/8s, 2022	5,000	5,025
Sinclair Television Group, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 5/8s, 2024	45,000	42,806
Sirius XM Radio, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6s, 2024	130,000	133,575
Sirius XM Radio, Inc. 144A sr. unsec. bonds 5 7/8s, 2020	205,000	213,200
Six Flags Entertainment Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 1/4s, 2021	220,000	223,300
Spectrum Brands, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 5/8s, 2022	5,000	5,350
Spectrum Brands, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 3/8s, 2020	10,000	10,588
Spectrum Brands, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 3/4s, 2025	65,000	66,950

Spectrum Brands, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec.

unsub. notes 6 1/8s, 2024	55,000	57,200
Standard Pacific Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 1/4s, 2021	90,000	95,625
Standard Pacific Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 7/8s, 2024	55,000	56,375
SugarHouse HSP Gaming Prop. Mezz LP/SugarHouse HSP Gaming Finance Corp. 144A sr. notes 6 3/8s, 2021	180,000	171,000
Taylor Morrison Communities, Inc./Monarch Communities, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 5/8s, 2024	45,000	44,156
Taylor Morrison Communities, Inc./Monarch Communities, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 1/4s, 2021	75,000	75,375
TEGNA, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. bonds 5 1/8s, 2020	60,000	61,800
TEGNA, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. bonds 5 1/8s, 2019	15,000	15,488
TEGNA, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 4 7/8s, 2021	30,000	29,625
Tri Pointe Holdings, Inc. sr. unsec. notes 5 7/8s, 2024	175,000	172,375
Tribune Media Co. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 7/8s, 2022	90,000	90,675
TRW Automotive, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 4 1/2s, 2021	30,000	29,738
Univision Communications, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. notes 5 1/8s, 2025	30,000	29,100
Univision Communications, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 8 1/2s, 2021	180,000	187,897

10,752,647

CORPORATE BONDS AND NOTES (40.8%)* cont.	Principal amount	Value
Consumer staples (2.6%) Ashtead Capital, Inc. 144A company guaranty notes	4000 000	
5 5/8s, 2024	\$200,000	\$199,500
Ashtead Capital, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. notes 6 1/2s, 2022	145,000	150,800
Avis Budget Car Rental, LLC/Avis Budget Finance, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 1/2s, 2023	45,000	44,620
Avis Budget Car Rental, LLC/Avis Budget Finance, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 1/8s, 2022	40,000	39,450
BC ULC/New Red Finance, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. notes 4 5/8s, 2022 (Canada)	45,000	45,169
BC ULC/New Red Finance, Inc. 144A notes 6s, 2022 (Canada)	230,000	236,900
BlueLine Rental Finance Corp. 144A sr. notes 7s, 2019	155,000	146,475
CEC Entertainment, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 8s, 2022	70,000	70,000
Ceridian HCM Holding, Inc. 144A sr. unsec. notes 11s, 2021	195,000	192,563
Constellation Brands, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 4 1/4s, 2023	95,000	95,713
Constellation Brands, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 7 1/4s, 2016	105,000	109,988
Constellation Brands, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6s, 2022	115,000	126,788
Corrections Corp. of America company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 4 5/8s, 2023 R	205,000	200,900
Corrections Corp. of America company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 4 1/8s, 2020 R	25,000	25,063
Dean Foods Co. 144A sr. unsec. notes 6 1/2s, 2023	90,000	90,788

175,000	110,250
40,000	42,150
135,000	140,906
35,000	36,531
35,000	36,225
220,000	235,125
55,000	56,238
90,000	89,325
165,000	163,350
120,000	123,150
16,000	16,920
30,000	32,325
20,000	19,700
85,000	81,813
	40,000 135,000 35,000 220,000 55,000 90,000 165,000 16,000 30,000

Consumer staples cont.		
United Rentals North America, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6 1/8s, 2023	\$125,000	\$127,500
Vander Intermediate Holding II Corp. 144A sr. unsec. notes 9 3/4s, 2019 #	115,000	100,338
WhiteWave Foods Co. (The) company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 3/8s, 2022	130,000	134,388
Engrav. (2.00/)		3,320,951
Energy (3.9%) Antero Resources Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 1/8s, 2022	85,000	76,943
Antero Resources Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 5/8s, 2023	65,000	59,150
Antero Resources Finance Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 3/8s, 2021	90,000	82,800
Baytex Energy Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 5/8s, 2024 (Canada)	95,000	79,279
Baytex Energy Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 1/8s, 2021 (Canada)	15,000	12,809
Calfrac Holdings LP 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 7 1/2s, 2020	60,000	40,200
California Resources Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6s, 2024	220,000	163,130
California Resources Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5s, 2020	70,000	55,111
Chaparral Energy, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 8 1/4s, 2021	125,000	56,875
CHC Helicopter SA company guaranty sr. notes 9 1/4s, 2020 (Canada)	90,000	54,225

Chesapeake Energy Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes

5 3/4s, 2023	195,000	145,374
Chesapeake Energy Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 4 7/8s, 2022	60,000	43,500
Chesapeake Oilfield Operating, LLC/Chesapeake Oilfield Finance, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6 5/8s, 2019	115,000	75,900
Concho Resources, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 1/2s, 2022	120,000	121,350
Concho Resources, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 1/2s, 2023	140,000	138,250
Concho Resources, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 1/2s, 2022	50,000	49,125
CONSOL Energy, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 7/8s, 2022	140,000	100,100
Denbury Resources, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. sub. notes 6 3/8s, 2021	65,000	51,838
Denbury Resources, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. sub. notes 5 1/2s, 2022	75,000	53,438
EXCO Resources, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 7 1/2s, 2018	75,000	26,625
Exterran Partners LP/EXLP Finance Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6s, 2022	160,000	127,200

CORPORATE BONDS AND NOTES (40.8%)* cont.	Principal amount	Value
Energy cont.		
Exterran Partners LP/EXLP Finance Corp. company guaranty sr.		
unsec. notes 6s, 2021	\$70,000	\$56,000

Freeport-McMoran Oil & Gas, LLC/FCX Oil & Gas, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 3/4s, 2022	60,000	54,600
Freeport-McMoran Oil & Gas, LLC/FCX Oil & Gas, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6 7/8s, 2023	30,000	26,925
FTS International, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. FRN 7.783s, 2020	55,000	41,518
Gulfport Energy Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 7 3/4s, 2020	155,000	150,738
Gulfport Energy Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 5/8s, 2023	70,000	65,100
Halcon Resources Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 9 3/4s, 2020	40,000	14,600
Halcon Resources Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 8 7/8s, 2021	235,000	77,550
Halcon Resources Corp. 144A company guaranty notes 8 5/8s, 2020	60,000	52,650
Hiland Partners LP/Hiland Partners Finance Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. notes 7 1/4s, 2020	90,000	95,175
Hiland Partners LP/Hiland Partners Finance Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 1/2s, 2022	30,000	30,525
Hilcorp Energy I LP/Hilcorp Finance Co. 144A sr. unsec. notes 5s, 2024	45,000	38,930
Key Energy Services, Inc. company guaranty unsec. unsub. notes 6 3/4s, 2021	135,000	56,700
Lightstream Resources, Ltd. 144A sr. unsec. notes 8 5/8s, 2020 (Canada)	115,000	23,000
Linn Energy, LLC/Linn Energy Finance Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 1/2s, 2021	25,000	9,563
Linn Energy, LLC/Linn Energy Finance Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 1/2s, 2019	145,000	61,988

Linn Energy, LLC/Linn Energy Finance Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 1/4s, 2019	150,000	58,500
Lone Pine Resources Canada, Ltd. escrow company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 10 3/8s, 2017 (Canada) F	45,000	2
Milagro Oil & Gas, Inc. company guaranty notes 10 1/2s, 2016 (In default) †	120,000	36,600
Newfield Exploration Co. sr. unsec. notes 5 3/4s, 2022	210,000	206,325
Newfield Exploration Co. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 3/8s, 2026	65,000	60,450
Oasis Petroleum, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 7/8s, 2023	50,000	40,500
Oasis Petroleum, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6 7/8s, 2022	225,000	186,750
Offshore Group Investment, Ltd. company guaranty sr. notes 7 1/2s, 2019 (Cayman Islands)	220,000	102,850
Offshore Group Investment, Ltd. company guaranty sr. notes 7 1/8s, 2023 (Cayman Islands)	55,000	25,300
Paragon Offshore PLC 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 3/4s, 2022	115,000	23,000

CORPORATE BONDS AND NOTES (40.8%)* cont.	Principal amount	Value
Energy cont. Paragon Offshore PLC 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 7 1/4s, 2024	\$195,000	\$39,000
Rose Rock Midstream LP/Rose Rock Finance Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 5/8s, 2022	55,000	50,050

Rose Rock Midstream LP/Rose Rock Finance Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 5/8s, 2023	65,000	58,175
Sabine Pass Liquefaction, LLC company guaranty sr. notes 5 5/8s, 2023	230,000	223,388
Sabine Pass LNG LP company guaranty sr. notes 7 1/2s, 2016	130,000	133,900
Sabine Pass LNG LP company guaranty sr. notes 6 1/2s, 2020	45,000	45,675
Samson Investment Co. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 9 3/4s, 2020 (In default) †	245,000	613
SandRidge Energy, Inc. 144A company guaranty notes 8 3/4s, 2020	130,000	88,400
Seven Generations Energy, Ltd. 144A sr. unsec. bonds 6 3/4s, 2023 (Canada)	65,000	59,800
Seven Generations Energy, Ltd. 144A sr. unsec. notes 8 1/4s, 2020 (Canada)	120,000	119,400
Seventy Seven Energy, Inc. sr. unsec. notes 6 1/2s, 2022	105,000	46,200
Shelf Drilling Holdings, Ltd. 144A sr. notes 8 5/8s, 2018	100,000	77,000
SM Energy Co. sr. unsec. notes 6 1/2s, 2021	50,000	48,500
SM Energy Co. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6 1/2s, 2023	20,000	19,200
Tervita Corp. 144A sr. unsec. notes 10 7/8s, 2018 (Canada)	30,000	17,400
Triangle USA Petroleum Corp. 144A sr. unsec. notes 6 3/4s, 2022	55,000	33,000
Unit Corp. company guaranty sr. sub. notes 6 5/8s, 2021	150,000	129,188
Whiting Petroleum Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 3/4s, 2021	230,000	205,850
Williams Cos., Inc. (The) sr. unsec. notes 7 7/8s, 2021	71,000	78,197
Williams Partners LP/ACMP Finance Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6 1/8s, 2022	35,000	35,678

Williams Partners LP/ACMP Finance Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 4 7/8s, 2023	240,000	226,200
WPX Energy, Inc. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6s, 2022	65,000	54,925
Financials (5.1%) Alliance Data Systems Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec.		4,998,800
notes 5 3/8s, 2022	185,000	182,688
Ally Financial, Inc. company guaranty sr. notes 6 1/4s, 2017	90,000	95,850
Ally Financial, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 8s, 2031	175,000	207,195
Ally Financial, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 8s, 2020	60,000	70,200
Ally Financial, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 7 1/2s, 2020	50,000	58,000
Ally Financial, Inc. unsec. sub. notes 8s, 2018	65,000	72,150
American International Group, Inc. jr. sub. FRB 8.175s, 2058	100,000	132,000
Bank of America Corp. jr. unsec. sub. FRN Ser. AA, 6.1s, perpetual maturity	55,000	53,900
Bank of America Corp. jr. unsec. sub. FRN Ser. Z, 6 1/2s, perpetual maturity	50,000	51,500

CORPORATE BONDS AND NOTES (40.8%)* cont.	Principal amount	Value
Financials cont. BBVA International Preferred SAU company guaranty jr. unsec. sub. FRB 5.919s, perpetual maturity (Spain)	\$105,000	\$107,100

CBRE Services, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 1/4s, 2025	50,000	51,291
CBRE Services, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5s, 2023	75,000	75,715
CIT Group, Inc. sr. unsec. notes 5s, 2023	65,000	65,650
CIT Group, Inc. sr. unsec. notes 5s, 2022	100,000	101,625
CIT Group, Inc. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 3/8s, 2020	80,000	83,600
CIT Group, Inc. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 3 7/8s, 2019	45,000	45,000
CIT Group, Inc. 144A company guaranty notes 6 5/8s, 2018	135,000	144,450
CIT Group, Inc. 144A company guaranty notes 5 1/2s, 2019	185,000	194,481
CNG Holdings, Inc./OH 144A sr. notes 9 3/8s, 2020	125,000	71,875
CNO Financial Group, Inc. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 1/4s, 2025	60,000	61,875
CNO Financial Group, Inc. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 4 1/2s, 2020	65,000	66,950
Community Choice Financial, Inc. company guaranty sr. notes 10 3/4s, 2019	75,000	27,375
Credit Acceptance Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. bonds 6 1/8s, 2021	110,000	109,175
Credit Acceptance Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 7 3/8s, 2023	50,000	51,250
DFC Finance Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. notes 10 1/2s, 2020	160,000	89,600
Dresdner Funding Trust I 144A bonds 8.151s, 2031	240,000	299,700
E*Trade Financial Corp. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 3/8s, 2022	90,000	94,050
E*Trade Financial Corp. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 4 5/8s, 2023	105,000	105,000
Genworth Holdings, Inc. company guaranty jr. unsec. sub. FRB 6.15s, 2066	50,000	25,215

Hub Holdings, LLC/Hub Holdings Finance, Inc. 144A sr. unsec. notes 8 1/8s, 2019 ##		70,000	68,600
HUB International, Ltd. 144A sr. unsec. notes 7 7/8s, 2021		155,000	154,613
Icahn Enterprises LP/Icahn Enterprises Finance Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6s, 2020		215,000	222,493
Icahn Enterprises LP/Icahn Enterprises Finance Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 7/8s, 2022		125,000	126,281
International Lease Finance Corp. sr. unsec. notes 6 1/4s, 2019		80,000	86,100
International Lease Finance Corp. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 7/8s, 2022		60,000	64,650
iStar, Inc. sr. unsec. notes 5s, 2019 R		5,000	4,850
Liberty Mutual Group, Inc. 144A company guaranty jr. unsec. sub. bonds 7.8s, 2037		75,000	87,375
Lloyds Bank PLC jr. unsec. sub. FRN Ser. EMTN, 13s, perpetual maturity (United Kingdom)	GBP	100,000	265,775
Lloyds Banking Group PLC jr. unsec. sub. FRB 7 1/2s, perpetual maturity (United Kingdom)		\$249,000	259,894
MPT Operating Partnership LP/MPT Finance Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 7/8s, 2021 R		50,000	52,500
MPT Operating Partnership LP/MPT Finance Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6 3/8s, 2022 R		125,000	132,500

CORPORATE BONDS AND NOTES (40.8%)* cont.	Principal amount	Value
Financials cont.		
Nationstar Mortgage, LLC/Nationstar Capital Corp. company		
guaranty sr. unsec. notes 7 7/8s, 2020	\$100,000	\$94,500

Nationstar Mortgage, LLC/Nationstar Capital Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6 1/2s, 2021	85,000	74,906
Neuberger Berman Group, LLC/Neuberger Berman Finance Corp. 144A sr. unsec. notes 5 7/8s, 2022	110,000	116,050
Ocwen Financial Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 7 1/8s, 2019	105,000	95,550
OneMain Financial Holdings, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 3/4s, 2019	135,000	141,075
OneMain Financial Holdings, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 7 1/4s, 2021	90,000	93,150
PHH Corp. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 7 3/8s, 2019	30,000	29,925
PHH Corp. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6 3/8s, 2021	140,000	128,800
Provident Funding Associates LP/PFG Finance Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 3/4s, 2021	155,000	146,088
Royal Bank of Scotland Group PLC jr. sub. unsec. FRN Ser. U, 7.64s, perpetual maturity (United Kingdom)	100,000	104,750
Royal Bank of Scotland Group PLC jr. unsec. sub. FRB 7.648s, perpetual maturity (United Kingdom)	265,000	332,575
Springleaf Finance Corp. sr. unsec. notes 5 1/4s, 2019	45,000	44,888
Springleaf Finance Corp. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 7 3/4s, 2021	30,000	32,700
Springleaf Finance Corp. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6s, 2020	135,000	137,025
Stearns Holdings, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. notes 9 3/8s, 2020	90,000	90,113
TMX Finance, LLC/TitleMax Finance Corp. 144A sr. notes 8 1/2s, 2018	170,000	137,913
USI, Inc./NY 144A sr. unsec. notes 7 3/4s, 2021	125,000	121,250

Walter Investment Management Corp. company guaranty sr.

unsec. unsub. notes 7 7/8s, 2021	90,000	81,900
Wayne Merger Sub, LLC 144A sr. unsec. notes 8 1/4s, 2023	110,000	106,975
Health care (3.7%)		6,430,224
Acadia Healthcare Co., Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 1/8s, 2021	155,000	160,038
Acadia Healthcare Co., Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 1/8s, 2022	75,000	75,375
AMAG Pharmaceuticals, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 7 7/8s, 2023	150,000	153,563
Capsugel SA 144A sr. unsec. notes 7s, 2019 (Luxembourg) #	95,000	95,713
Centene Corp. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 4 3/4s, 2022	110,000	111,443
CHS/Community Health Systems, Inc. company guaranty sr. notes 5 1/8s, 2021	150,000	154,125
CHS/Community Health Systems, Inc. company guaranty sr. notes 5 1/8s, 2018	40,000	40,950
CHS/Community Health Systems, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 7/8s, 2022	25,000	26,570
Concordia Healthcare Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 7s, 2023 (Canada)	180,000	184,950
Crimson Merger Sub, Inc. 144A sr. unsec. notes 6 5/8s, 2022	165,000	147,469

CORPORATE BONDS AND NOTES (40.8%)* cont.	Principal amount	Value
Health care cont.		
DPx Holdings BV 144A sr. unsec. notes 7 1/2s,		
2022 (Netherlands)	\$135,000	\$140,738

Endo Finance, LLC 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 3/4s, 2022	170,000	173,825
Endo Finance, LLC/Endo Finco, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 3/8s, 2023	100,000	100,500
Halyard Health, Inc. 144A sr. unsec. notes 6 1/4s, 2022	125,000	129,297
HCA, Inc. company guaranty sr. notes 3 3/4s, 2019	65,000	65,650
HCA, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. bonds 5 3/8s, 2025	35,000	35,525
HCA, Inc. sr. notes 6 1/2s, 2020	275,000	305,250
HCA, Inc. sr. unsec. notes 7 1/2s, 2022	30,000	34,350
Hologic, Inc. 144A sr. unsec. notes 5 1/4s, 2022	65,000	66,219
JLL/Delta Dutch Pledgeco BV 144A sr. unsec. notes 8 3/4s, 2020 (Netherlands) ‡‡	85,000	87,125
Kinetic Concepts, Inc./KCI USA, Inc. company guaranty notes 10 1/2s, 2018	165,000	172,838
Mallinckrodt International Finance SA/Mallinckrodt CB, LLC 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 1/2s, 2025 (Luxembourg)	125,000	124,063
Omega Healthcare Investors, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 4.95s, 2024 R	85,000	87,558
Service Corporation International sr. unsec. notes 7s, 2017	65,000	69,875
Service Corporation International sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 3/8s, 2024	255,000	265,200
Service Corporation International sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 3/8s, 2022	125,000	131,094
Sterigenics-Nordion Holdings, LLC 144A sr. unsec. notes 6 1/2s, 2023	130,000	132,597
Teleflex, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 1/4s, 2024	25,000	25,063

Tenet Healthcare Corp. company guaranty sr. bonds 4 1/2s, 2021	40,000	40,200
Tenet Healthcare Corp. company guaranty sr. bonds 4 3/8s, 2021	60,000	60,000
Tenet Healthcare Corp. company guaranty sr. notes 6 1/4s, 2018	225,000	243,000
Tenet Healthcare Corp. company guaranty sr. notes 6s, 2020	140,000	149,800
Tenet Healthcare Corp. company guaranty sr. notes 4 3/4s, 2020	25,000	25,484
Tenet Healthcare Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. FRN 3.786s, 2020	110,000	110,605
Valeant Pharmaceuticals International 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 7s, 2020	20,000	20,700
Valeant Pharmaceuticals International 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 3/8s, 2020	150,000	156,000
Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 5/8s, 2021	10,000	10,175
Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 1/2s, 2023	55,000	55,413
Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. 144A sr. unsec. notes 6 1/8s, 2025	100,000	103,250
Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. 144A sr. unsec. notes 5 7/8s, 2023	110,000	112,475

40 High Income Securities Fund

CORPORATE BONDS AND NOTES (40.8%)* cont. Principal amount Value

Health care cont.

Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. 144A sr. unsec. notes

5 3/8s, 2020	\$110,000	\$111,650
WellCare Health Plans, Inc. sr. unsec. notes 5 3/4s, 2020	210,000	220,238
		4,715,953
Miscellaneous (0.1%)		
Jaguar Holding Co. II/Pharmaceutical Product Development,	105.000	104.055
LLC 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 3/8s, 2023	105,000	104,055
		104,055
Technology (2.0%)		
ACI Worldwide, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 6 3/8s, 2020	75,000	78,563
Avaya, Inc. 144A company guaranty notes 10 1/2s, 2021	300,000	199,500
Avaya, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. notes 7s, 2019	285,000	255,788
CommScope Technologies Finance, LLC 144A sr. unsec.		
notes 6s, 2025	75,000	72,938
First Data Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes		
12 5/8s, 2021	85,000	97,644
First Data Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes		
11 1/4s, 2021	8,000	8,840
First Data Corp. company guaranty sr. unsec. sub. notes		
11 3/4s, 2021	109,000	122,789
First Data Corp. 144A company guaranty notes 8 1/4s, 2021	195,000	205,238
First Data Corp. 144A sr. notes 5 3/8s, 2023	105,000	106,313
Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr.		
notes 5s, 2021	60,000	60,450
Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. 144A sr. notes 6s, 2022	70,000	73,150
Infor US, Inc. 144A sr. notes 5 3/4s, 2020	60,000	60,150
Infor US, Inc. 144A sr. unsec. notes 6 1/2s, 2022	195,000	182,813

Iron Mountain, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub.

notes 6s, 2023 R	105,000	107,363
Micron Technology, Inc. sr. unsec. bonds 5 7/8s, 2022	105,000	103,425
Micron Technology, Inc. 144A sr. unsec. notes 5 1/4s, 2023	145,000	135,213
Plantronics, Inc. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 1/2s, 2023	170,000	170,850
SoftBank Corp. 144A sr. unsec. notes 4 1/2s, 2020 (Japan)	200,000	200,000
Syniverse Holdings, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 9 1/8s, 2019	140,000	121,450
Zebra Technologies Corp. 144A sr. unsec. unsub. notes 7 1/4s, 2022	145,000	155,150
		2,517,627
Transportation (0.3%) Air Medical Merger Sub Corp. 144A sr. unsec. notes 6 3/8s, 2023	135,000	126,900
Watco Cos., LLC/Watco Finance Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 3/8s, 2023	205,000	208,670
		335,570
Utilities and power (2.3%) AES Corp./Virginia (The) sr. unsec. notes 8s, 2020	85,000	98,230
AES Corp./Virginia (The) sr. unsec. notes 5 1/2s, 2025	270,000	253,800
AES Corp./Virginia (The) sr. unsec. unsub. notes 7 3/8s, 2021	145,000	156,238
AES Corp./Virginia (The) sr. unsec. unsub. notes 4 7/8s, 2023	45,000	42,300
Calpine Corp. sr. unsec. notes 5 3/4s, 2025	225,000	217,969
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CORPORATE BONDS AND NOTES (40.8%)* cont.	Principal amount Va	alue

Utilities and power cont.

Calpine Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. notes 6s, 2022	\$30,000	\$32,100
Calpine Corp. 144A company guaranty sr. notes 5 7/8s, 2024	25,000	26,281
Colorado Interstate Gas Co., LLC sr. unsec. debs. 6.85s, 2037	95,000	95,033
DPL, Inc. sr. unsec. notes 6 1/2s, 2016	28,000	28,700
Dynegy, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 7 3/8s, 2022	10,000	10,350
Dynegy, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 3/4s, 2019	180,000	186,638
Dynegy, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 7 5/8s, 2024	80,000	83,264
El Paso Natural Gas Co., LLC sr. unsec. debs. 8 5/8s, 2022	40,000	48,163
Energy Transfer Equity LP company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 7 1/2s, 2020	107,000	114,626
EP Energy, LLC/Everest Acquisition Finance, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 6 3/8s, 2023	50,000	42,500
EP Energy, LLC/Everest Acquisition Finance, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 7 3/4s, 2022	65,000	59,800
EP Energy, LLC/Everest Acquisition Finance, Inc. sr. unsec. notes 9 3/8s, 2020	155,000	149,188
GenOn Americas Generation, LLC sr. unsec. notes 9 1/8s, 2031	100,000	84,000
GenOn Americas Generation, LLC sr. unsec. notes 8 1/2s, 2021	145,000	126,150
GenOn Energy, Inc. sr. unsec. notes 9 7/8s, 2020	125,000	118,125
GenOn Energy, Inc. sr. unsec. notes 9 1/2s, 2018	25,000	24,031
NRG Energy, Inc. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 7 7/8s, 2021	325,000	335,563
NRG Yield Operating, LLC company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 5 3/8s, 2024	90,000	86,625

Regency Energy Partners LP/Regency Energy Finance Corp.		
company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 7/8s, 2022	140,000	144,068
Regency Energy Partners LP/Regency Energy Finance Corp.		
company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 1/2s, 2023	75,000	72,910
Regency Energy Partners LP/Regency Energy Finance Corp.		
company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5s, 2022	55,000	53,879
Regency Energy Partners LP/Regency Energy Finance Corp.		
company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 4 1/2s, 2023	80,000	74,234
Southern Star Central Corp. 144A sr. unsec. notes 5 1/8s, 2022	130,000	126,750
Texas Competitive Electric Holdings Co., LLC/TCEH Finance, Inc.		
144A company guaranty sr. notes 11 1/2s, 2020 (In default) †	60,000	27,600

2,919,115

Total corporate bonds and notes (cost \$54,546,621)

\$51,883,869

CONVERTIBLE BONDS AND NOTES (35.3%)*	Principal amount	Value
Basic materials (0.3%)		
Cemex SAB de CV cv. unsec. sub. notes 3 3/4s, 2018 (Mexico)	\$355,000	\$384,066
		384,066
Capital goods (1.0%)		
General Cable Corp. cv. unsec. sub. notes stepped-coupon		
4 1/2s (2 1/4s, 11/15/19) 2029 ††	740,000	524,475
Trinity Industries, Inc. cv. unsec. sub. notes 3 7/8s, 2036	570,000	729,600

1,254,075

42 High Income Securities Fund

CONVERTIBLE BONDS AND NOTES (35.3%)* cont.	Principal amount	Value

Communication services (1.3%)

Clearwire Communications, LLC/Clearwire Finance, Inc. 144A cv. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 8 1/4s, 2040	\$199,000	\$210,940
Novatel Wireless, Inc. 144A cv. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 1/2s, 2020	369,000	330,024
Powerwave Technologies, Inc. cv. unsec. sub. notes 3 7/8s, 2027 (In default) †	1,160,000	116
TeleCommunication Systems, Inc. cv. sr. unsec. notes 7 3/4s, 2018	1,075,000	1,048,797
		1,589,877
Consumer cyclicals (7.3%) Callaway Golf Co. cv. sr. unsec. bonds 3 3/4s, 2019	308,000	365,558
CBIZ, Inc. 144A cv. sr. sub. notes 4 7/8s, 2015	332,000	437,618
Host Hotels & Resorts LP 144A cv. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 2 1/2s, 2029 R	391,000	545,015
Jarden Corp. company guaranty cv. sr. unsec. bonds 1 1/8s, 2034	650,000	752,781
Lennar Corp. 144A cv. sr. notes 2 3/4s, 2020	344,000	788,190
Liberty Interactive, LLC cv. sr. unsec. unsub. bonds 3/4s, 2043	833,000	1,292,712
Liberty Interactive, LLC cv. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 3 1/2s, 2031	890,000	455,013
Macquarie Infrastructure Corp. cv. sr. unsec. sub. notes 2 7/8s, 2019	725,000	834,203
Navistar International Corp. cv. sr. unsec. sub. bonds 4 3/4s, 2019	644,000	481,793
Priceline Group, Inc. (The) cv. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 1s, 2018	510,000	717,825
Ryland Group, Inc. (The) cv. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 1 5/8s, 2018	480,000	688,800
Standard Pacific Corp. cv. company guaranty sr. unsec. unsub. notes 1 1/4s, 2032	365,000	431,384

Tesla Motors, Inc. cv. sr. unsec. notes 1 1/4s, 2021	1,570,000	1,475,800
		9,266,692
Consumer staples (0.7%)		
Vector Group, Ltd. cv. sr. unsec. FRN 2 1/2s, 2019	585,000	865,206
Energy (3.3%)		865,206
Chesapeake Energy Corp. cv. company guaranty sr. unsec.		
notes 2 1/4s, 2038	2,310,000	1,709,400
Cobalt International Energy, Inc. cv. sr. unsec. unsub. notes		
2 5/8s, 2019 	1,104,000	793,500
Energy XXI, Ltd. cv. sr. unsec. bonds 3s, 2018 (acquired various		
dates from 11/19/13 to 1/24/14, cost \$446,469) ΔΔ	451,000	47,355
Goodrich Petroleum Corp. cv. company guaranty sr. unsec.		
unsub. notes 5s, 2032	399,000	79,800
Hornbeck Offshore Services, Inc. cv. company guaranty sr.		
unsec. notes 1 1/2s, 2019	377,000	302,543
SEACOR Holdings, Inc. cv. sr. unsec. bonds 3s, 2028	621,000	499,905
Stone Energy Corp. cv. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes		
1 3/4s, 2017	840,000	687,750
SunEdison, Inc. 144A cv. sr. unsec. notes 2 5/8s, 2023	159,000	94,406
Trico Marine Services, Inc. cv. sr. unsec. debs. 3s, 2027		
(In default) † ^F	500,000	13,750
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4,228,409

CONVERTIBLE BONDS AND NOTES (35.3%)* cont.	Principal amount	Value
Financials (5.0%)		
Ares Capital Corp. cv. sr. unsec. notes 5 3/4s, 2016	\$627,000	\$633,270

Blackstone Mortgage Trust, Inc. cv. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 5 1/4s, 2018 R	511,000	539,424
Cowen Group, Inc. cv. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 3s, 2019	458,000	528,704
Forest City Enterprises, Inc. cv. sr. unsec. notes 4 1/4s, 2018	656,000	760,140
Hercules Technology Growth Capital, Inc. cv. sr. unsec. notes 6s, 2016	453,000	460,644
iStar, Inc. cv. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 3s, 2016 R	330,000	376,406
Prospect Capital Corp. cv. sr. unsec. bonds 5 7/8s, 2019	595,000	578,638
Radian Group, Inc. cv. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 3s, 2017	430,000	690,150
Starwood Property Trust, Inc. cv. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 4s, 2019 R	631,000	660,184
TCP Capital Corp. cv. sr. unsec. bonds 5 1/4s, 2019 (acquired 6/11/14, cost \$827,000) $\Delta\Delta$	827,000	844,057
Walter Investment Management Corp. cv. sr. unsec. sub. notes 4 1/2s, 2019	312,000	226,980
		6,298,597
Health care (5.4%) Accuray, Inc. cv. sr. unsec. notes 3 3/4s, 2016	694,000	714,820
Aegerion Pharmaceuticals, Inc. cv. sr. unsec. bonds 2s, 2019	770,000	629,475
Brookdale Senior Living, Inc. cv. sr. unsec. unsub. notes 2 3/4s, 2018	720,000	816,750
China Medical Technologies, Inc. cv. sr. unsec. bonds Ser. CMT, 4s, 2016 (China) (In default) †	763,000	61,040
China Medical Technologies, Inc. 144A cv. sr. unsec. notes 6 1/4s, 2016 (China) (In default) †	445,000	31,150
Gilead Sciences, Inc. cv. sr. unsec. notes 1 5/8s, 2016	225,000	1,118,250
HealthSouth Corp. cv. sr. unsec. sub. notes 2s, 2043	709,000	863,651

Hologic, Inc. cv. sr. unsec. unsub. notes stepped-coupon 2s (zero %, 3/1/18) 2042 ††	880,000	1,176,450
Jazz Investments I, Ltd. cv. company guaranty sr. unsec. sub. bonds 1 7/8s, 2021 (Ireland)	951,000	1,084,140
Medidata Solutions, Inc. cv. sr. unsec. notes 1s, 2018	370,000	413,475
		6,909,201
Technology (9.8%) Avid Technology, Inc. 144A cv. sr. unsec. notes 2s, 2020	274,000	197,451
Brocade Communications Systems, Inc. cv. sr. unsec. notes 1 3/8s, 2020	365,000	361,350
Ciena Corp. cv. sr. unsec. notes 4s, 2020	618,000	839,708
j2 Global, Inc. cv. sr. unsec. notes 3 1/4s, 2029	570,000	670,463
Jazz Technologies, Inc. cv. company guaranty sr. unsec. bonds 8s, 2018	223,000	308,158
Microchip Technology, Inc. 144A cv. sr. unsec. sub. notes Ser. G, 1 5/8s, 2025	560,000	525,000
Micron Technology, Inc. cv. sr. unsec. bonds Ser. E, 1 5/8s, 2033	765,000	1,224,000
Micron Technology, Inc. cv. sr. unsec. unsub. bonds 3s, 2043	890,000	778,750
Novellus Systems, Inc. cv. company guaranty sr. unsec. notes 2 5/8s, 2041	370,000	793,650
NVIDIA Corp. cv. sr. unsec. bonds 1s, 2018	985,000	1,214,628
ON Semiconductor Corp. cv. company guaranty sr. unsec. sub. notes Ser. B, 2 5/8s, 2026	442,000	497,526

⁴⁴ High Income Securities Fund

\$970,000	\$1,147,025
600,000	734,625
620,000	596,363
424,000	528,145
435,000	401,016
695,000	592,053
1,130,000	1,157,544
	12,567,455
394,000	346,474
385,000	351,794
747,000	768,943
	1,467,211
	\$44,830,789
Shares	Value
20,158	\$703,514
65,720	657
15,650	767,828
	1,471,999
	600,000 620,000 424,000 435,000 695,000 1,130,000 394,000 747,000 Shares 20,158 65,720

Cincinnati Bell, Inc. Ser. B, \$3.378 cum. cv. pfd.	21,872	1,075,144
Crown Castle International Corp. Ser. A, \$4.50 cv. pfd. R	7,809	815,182
Frontier Communications Corp. Ser. A, \$11.125 cum. cv. pfd. †	6,790	683,668
Iridium Communications, Inc. Ser. B, 6.75% cv. pfd.	1,405	409,558
T-Mobile US, Inc. Ser. A, \$2.75 cv. pfd.	16,339	1,127,554
		5,436,780
Consumer cyclicals (3.1%) FelCor Lodging Trust, Inc. Ser. A, \$0.488 cum. cv. pfd. R	37,550	947,552
Fiat Chrysler Automobiles NV Ser. FCAU, \$7.875 cv. pfd. (United Kingdom) †	15,943	1,981,555
Stanley Black & Decker, Inc. \$6.25 cv. pfd.	8,385	953,794
		3,882,901
Consumer staples (0.8%) Tyson Foods, Inc. \$2.375 cv. pfd.	18,767	965,750
		965,750
Energy (0.9%) Chesapeake Energy Corp. 144A 5.75% cv. pfd.	1,338	625,515
Halcon Resources Corp. Ser. A, 5.75% cv. pfd.	610	118,950
Southwestern Energy Co. Ser. B, \$3.125 cv. pfd.	11,845	455,085
		1,199,550
Financials (5.7%) Alexandria Real Estate Equities, Inc. Ser. D, \$1.75 cv. pfd. R	22,100	604,298
AMG Capital Trust II \$2.575 cv. pfd.	21,285	1,215,906
Banc of California, Inc. \$4.00 cv. pfd.	8,217	483,242
Bank of America Corp. Ser. L, 7.25% cv. pfd.	1,718	1,900,538
EPR Properties Ser. C, \$1.438 cv. pfd. R	37,670	834,036

12,177

726,434

High Income Securities Fund 45

CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED STOCKS (20.3%)* cont.	Shares	Value
Financials cont.		
Maiden Holdings, Ltd. Ser. B, \$3.625 cv. pfd. (Bermuda)	12,175	\$623,238
Wells Fargo & Co. Ser. L, 7.50% cv. pfd.	815	960,681
		7,348,373
Health care (2.7%)		
Alere, Inc. Ser. B, 3.00% cv. pfd.	1,410	500,198
Allergan PLC Ser. A, 5.50% cv. pfd.	2,220	2,279,807
Anthem, Inc. \$2.63 cv. pfd.	14,240	695,624
		3,475,629
Utilities and power (1.6%)		
Dominion Resources, Inc./VA \$3.188 cv. pfd.	14,543	736,603
Dynegy, Inc. Ser. A, \$5.375 cv. pfd.	3,886	366,022
El Paso Energy Capital Trust I \$2.375 cv. pfd.	1,069	55,287
Exelon Corp. \$3.25 cv. pfd.	18,828	843,871

2,001,783

Total convertible preferred stocks (cost \$25,982,972)

\$25,782,765

COMMON STOCKS (0.6%)*	Shares	Value
Ally Financial, Inc. †	4,650	\$101,649
Berry Plastics Group, Inc. †	940	27,824

PREFERRED STOCKS (0.1%)*	Shares	Value
Total senior loans (cost \$196,455)		\$192,395
Caesars Entertainment Operating Co., Inc. bank term loan FRN Ser. B6, 11s, 2017	\$203,234	\$192,395
SENIOR LOANS (0.2%)* C	Principal amount	Value
Total common stocks (cost \$945,721)		\$725,442
Vantage Drilling Co. †	36,191	5,009
Spectrum Brands Holdings, Inc.	655	64,373
Seventy Seven Energy, Inc. †	2,750	7,893
Penn National Gaming, Inc. †	6,025	109,414
Lone Pine Resources, Inc. Class A (Canada) †	5,612	224
Lone Pine Resources Canada, Ltd. (Canada) †	5,612	224
Live Nation Entertainment, Inc. †	1,215	29,913
Huntsman Corp.	3,400	56,202
Hilton Worldwide Holdings, Inc. †	2,130	52,888
General Motors Co.	1,650	48,576
EP Energy Corp. Class A †	5,301	37,584
Eldorado Resorts, Inc. †	2,320	21,854
DISH Network Corp. Class A †	1,525	90,387
Connacher Oil and Gas, Ltd. (Canada) †	2,338	1,663
CIT Group, Inc.	1,606	69,765

Ally Financial, Inc. 144A 7.00% cum. pfd.	88	\$88,982
Citigroup, Inc. Ser. K, \$1.719 ARP	1,200	32,016
M/I Homes, Inc. Ser. A, \$2.438 pfd.	2,305	59,354
Total preferred stocks (cost \$162,726)		\$180,352

46 High Income Securities Fund

SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS (2.4%)*	Shares	Value
Putnam Short Term Investment Fund 0.13% L	3,016,424	\$3,016,424
Total short-term investments (cost \$3,016,424)		\$3,016,424
TOTAL INVESTMENTS		
Total investments (cost \$131,570,918)		\$126,612,036

Key to holding's currency abbreviations

CAD Canadian Dollar
GBP British Pound
USD/\$ United States Dollar

Key to holding's abbreviations

ARP Adjustable Rate Preferred Stock: the rate shown is the current interest rate at the close of the reporting period
EMTN Euro Medium Term Notes
FRB Floating Rate Bonds: the rate shown is the current interest rate at the close of the reporting period
FRN Floating Rate Notes: the rate shown is the current interest rate or yield at the close of the reporting period

Notes to the fund's portfolio

Unless noted otherwise, the notes to the fund's portfolio are for the close of the fund's reporting period, which ran from September 1, 2014 through August 31, 2015 (the reporting period). Within the following notes to the portfolio, references to "ASC 820" represent Accounting Standards Codification 820 Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures and references to "OTC", if any, represent over-the-counter.

- * Percentages indicated are based on net assets of \$127,026,736.
- † This security is non-income-producing.
- †† The interest rate and date shown parenthetically represent the new interest rate to be paid and the date the fund will begin accruing interest at this rate.

\(\Delta \) is restricted with regard to public resale. The total fair value of this security and any other restricted securities (excluding 144A securities), if any, held at the close of the reporting period was \$891,412, or 0.7% of net assets.

- ## Income may be received in cash or additional securities at the discretion of the issuer.
- ^c Senior loans are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, but contain certain restrictions on resale and cannot be sold publicly. These loans pay interest at rates which adjust periodically. The interest rates shown for senior loans are the current interest rates at the close of the reporting period. Senior loans are also subject to mandatory and/or optional prepayment which cannot be predicted. As a result, the remaining maturity may be substantially less than the stated maturity shown (Notes 1 and 6).
- **F** This security is valued at fair value following procedures approved by the Trustees. Securities may be classified as Level 2 or Level 3 for ASC 820 based on the securities' valuation inputs (Note 1).
- L Affiliated company (Note 5). The rate quoted in the security description is the annualized 7-day yield of the fund at the close of the reporting period.
- R Real Estate Investment Trust.

At the close of the reporting period, the fund maintained liquid assets totaling \$3,283 to cover certain derivative contracts.

Debt obligations are considered secured unless otherwise indicated.

144A after the name of an issuer represents securities exempt from registration under Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. These securities may be resold in transactions exempt from registration, normally to qualified institutional buyers.

The dates shown on debt obligations are the original maturity dates.

High Income Securities Fund 47

FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS at 8/31/15 (aggregate face value \$549,423)

Counterparty	Currency	Contract type	Delivery date	Value	Aggregate face value	Unrealized appreciation/ (depreciation)
Bank of America	N.A. Canadian Dollar	Sell	10/21/15	\$26,600	\$27,845	\$1,245

Barclays Bank PLC

	Canadian Dollar	Buy	10/21/15	63,005	65,958	(2,953)		
JPMorgan Cha	JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A.							
	British Pound	Sell	9/16/15	229,235	227,846	(1,389)		
	Canadian Dollar	Sell	10/21/15	31,161	32,620	1,459		
State Street Bank and Trust Co.								
	Canadian Dollar	Sell	10/21/15	130,114	136,201	6,087		
WestPac Banking Corp.								
	Canadian Dollar	Sell	10/21/15	56,317	58,953	2,636		

ASC 820 establishes a three-level hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurements. The valuation hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of the fund's investments. The three levels are defined as follows:

Level 1: Valuations based on quoted prices for identical securities in active markets.

Total

Level 2: Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The following is a summary of the inputs used to value the fund's net assets as of the close of the reporting period:

Valuation inputs

Investments in securities:	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Common stocks*:			
Basic materials	\$56,202	\$—	\$—
Capital goods	27,824	_	_
Communication services	90,387	_	_
Consumer cyclicals	262,645	_	_
Consumer staples	64,373	_	
Energy	52,149	_	448
Financials	171,414	_	

\$7,085

Total common stocks	724,994	_	448
Convertible bonds and notes	_	44,724,733	106,056
Convertible preferred stocks	2,278,263	23,503,845	657
Corporate bonds and notes	_	51,883,866	3
Preferred stocks	32,016	148,336	
Senior loans	_	192,395	
Short-term investments	3,016,424	_	
Totals by level	\$6,051,697	\$120,453,175	\$107,164

48 High Income Securities Fund

Valuation inputs

Other financial instruments:	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Forward currency contracts	\$—	\$7,085	\$—
Totals by level	\$—	\$7,085	*—

^{*} Common stock classifications are presented at the sector level, which may differ from the fund's portfolio presentation.

Transfers between level 1 and level 2 during the reporting period, totaling \$2,063,716, are the result of changing to a pricing service as the source for the securities prices.

At the start and close of the reporting period, Level 3 investments in securities represented less than 1% of the fund's net assets and were not considered a significant portion of the fund's portfolio.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

High Income Securities Fund 49

Statement of assets and liabilities 8/31/15

ASSETS

Investment in securities, at value (Note 1): Unaffiliated issuers (identified cost \$128,554,494) Affiliated issuers (identified cost \$3,016,424) (Note 5)	\$123,595,612 3,016,424
Animated issuers (identified cost \$5,010,424) (Note 5)	5,010,424
Cash	1,677
Dividends, interest and other receivables	1,480,768
Receivable for investments sold	156,277
Unrealized appreciation on forward currency contracts (Note 1)	11,427
Prepaid assets	7,916
Total assets	128,270,101
LIABILITIES	
Payable for investments purchased	88,581
Payable for shares of the fund repurchased (Note 4)	233,142
Payable for compensation of Manager (Note 2)	240,445
Payable for custodian fees (Note 2)	8,886
Payable for investor servicing fees (Note 2)	10,859
Payable for Trustee compensation and expenses (Note 2)	89,445
Payable for administrative services (Note 2)	486
Payable for auditing and tax fees	90,060
Distributions payable to shareholders	454,890
Unrealized depreciation on forward currency contracts (Note 1)	4,342
Other accrued expenses	22,229
Total liabilities	1,243,365
Net assets	\$127,026,736

R	FP	R	FS	F١	JT	FD	B)	1

Paid-in capital (Unlimited shares authorized) (Note 4)	\$146,000,713
Undistributed net investment income (Note 1)	515,521
Accumulated net realized loss on investments and foreign currency transactions (Note 1)	(14,537,642)
Net unrealized depreciation of investments and assets and liabilities in foreign currencies	(4,951,856)
Total — Representing net assets applicable to capital shares outstanding	\$127,026,736
COMPUTATION OF NET ASSET VALUE	
Net asset value per share	
(\$127,026,736 divided by 14,648,291 shares)	\$8.67

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

50 High Income Securities Fund

Statement of operations Year ended 8/31/15

INVESTMENT INCOME

Interest (including interest income of \$2,953 from investments in affiliated issuers) (Note 5)	\$4,933,381
Dividends (net of foreign tax of \$1,356)	1,734,234
Total investment income	6,667,615
EXPENSES	
Compensation of Manager (Note 2)	980,750
Investor servicing fees (Note 2)	70,043
Custodian fees (Note 2)	19,530

Trustee compensation and expenses (Note 2)	5,156
Administrative services (Note 2)	3,552
Auditing and tax fees	91,745
Other	93,719
Total expenses	1,264,495
Expense reduction (Note 2)	(251)
Net expenses	1,264,244
Net investment income	5,403,371
Net realized gain on investments (Notes 1 and 3)	4,764,882
Net realized gain on foreign currency transactions (Note 1)	66,798
Net unrealized depreciation of assets and liabilities in foreign currencies during the year	(5,053)
Net unrealized depreciation of investments during the year	(19,321,378)
Net loss on investments	(14,494,751)
Net decrease in net assets resulting from operations	\$(9,091,380)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

High Income Securities Fund 51

Statement of changes in net assets

INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS	Year ended 8/31/15	Year ended 8/31/14	
Operations: Net investment income	\$5,403,371	\$5,868,110	
Net realized gain on investments and foreign currency transactions	4,831,680	7,023,720	

Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and assets and liabilities in foreign currencies	(19,326,431)	6,295,619	
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	(9,091,380)	19,187,449	
Distributions to shareholders (Note 1):			
From ordinary income Net investment income	(5,647,300)	(6,887,772)	
Decrease from capital shares repurchased (Note 4)	(9,893,490)	(6,189,863)	
Total increase (decrease) in net assets	(24,632,170)	6,109,814	
NET ASSETS			
Beginning of year	151,658,906	145,549,092	
End of year (including undistributed net investment income of \$515,521 and distributions in excess of net investment income of \$551,359, respectively)	\$127,026,736	\$151,658,906	
NUMBER OF FUND SHARES			
Shares outstanding at beginning of year	15,867,867	16,617,625	
Shares repurchased (Note 4)	(1,219,576)	(749,758)	
Shares outstanding at end of year	14,648,291	15,867,867	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

52 High Income Securities Fund

Financial highlights (For a common share outstanding throughout the period)

PER-SHARE OPERATING PERFORMANCE

 Year ended				
8/31/15	8/31/14	8/31/13	8/31/12	8/31/11

Net asset value, beginning of period Investment operations:	\$9.56	\$8.76	\$8.21	\$8.12	\$7.93
Net investment income (loss) ^a	.35	.36	.44	.49	.50
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	(.95)	.82	.56	.13	.22
Total from investment operations Less distributions:	(.60)	1.18	1.00	.62	.72
From net investment income	(.37)	(.43)	(.48)	(.53)	(.53)
Total distributions	(.37)	(.43)	(.48)	(.53)	(.53)
Increase from shares repurchased	.08	.05	.03	_	<u>d</u>
Net asset value, end of period	\$8.67	\$9.56	\$8.76	\$8.21	\$8.12
Market price, end of period	\$7.33	\$8.61	\$7.68	\$8.27	\$8.10
Total return at market price (%) ^b	(10.87)	17.94	(1.44)	9.08	5.22
RATIOS AND SUPPLEMENTAL DATA					
Net assets, end of period (in thousands)	\$127,027	\$151,659	\$145,549	\$141,003	\$139,120
Ratio of expenses to average net assets (%) c	.90	.94	.90	.93	.91
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets (%)	3.86	3.91	5.10	6.04	5.86
Portfolio turnover (%)	35	41	48	36	63

 $^{^{\}mathbf{a}}$ Per share net investment income (loss) has been determined on the basis of the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period.

b Total return assumes dividend reinvestment.

^c Includes amounts paid through expense offset and brokerage/service arrangements, if any (Note 2).

^d Amount represents less than \$0.01 per share.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

High Income Securities Fund 53

Notes to financial statements 8/31/15

Within the following Notes to financial statements, references to "State Street" represent State Street Bank and Trust Company, references to "the SEC" represent the Securities and Exchange Commission, references to "Putnam Management" represent Putnam Investment Management, LLC, the fund's manager, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Putnam Investments, LLC and references to "OTC", if any, represent over-the-counter. Unless otherwise noted, the "reporting period" represents the period from September 1, 2014 through August 31, 2015.

Putnam High Income Securities Fund (the fund) is a Massachusetts business trust, which is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, as a diversified closed-end management investment company. The goal of the fund is to provide high current income as a primary objective and capital appreciation as a secondary objective. The fund pursues its objective primarily by investing in both convertible bonds and convertible preferred stocks, which share many of the same characteristics as convertible bonds, but offer greater potential for capital appreciation. The fund also invests significantly in high-yielding non-convertible securities with the potential for capital appreciation.

The fund's shares trade on a stock exchange at market prices, which may be lower than the fund's net asset value.

In the normal course of business, the fund enters into contracts that may include agreements to indemnify another party under given circumstances. The fund's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown as this would involve future claims that may be, but have not yet been, made against the fund. However, the fund's management team expects the risk of material loss to be remote.

Note 1: Significant accounting policies

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies consistently followed by the fund in the preparation of its financial statements. The preparation of financial statements is in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the reported amounts of increases and decreases in net assets from operations. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Subsequent events after the Statement of assets and liabilities date through the date that the financial statements were issued have been evaluated in the preparation of the financial statements.

Security valuation Portfolio securities and other investments are valued using policies and procedures adopted by the Board of Trustees. The Trustees have formed a Pricing Committee to oversee the implementation of these procedures and have delegated responsibility for valuing the fund's assets in accordance with these procedures to Putnam Management. Putnam Management has established an internal Valuation Committee that is responsible for making fair value determinations, evaluating the effectiveness of the pricing policies of the fund and reporting to the Pricing Committee.

Investments for which market quotations are readily available are valued at the last reported sales price on their principal exchange, or official closing price for certain markets, and are classified as Level 1 securities under Accounting Standards Codification 820 Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (ASC 820). If no sales are reported, as in the case of some securities that are traded OTC, a security is valued at its last reported bid price and is generally categorized as a Level 2 security.

Investments in open-end investment companies (excluding exchange-traded funds), if any, which can be classified as Level 1 or Level 2 securities, are valued based on their net asset value. The net asset value of such investment companies equals the total value of their assets less their liabilities and divided by the number of their outstanding shares.

Market quotations are not considered to be readily available for certain debt obligations and other investments; such investments are valued on the basis of valuations furnished by an independent pricing service approved by the Trustees or dealers selected by Putnam Management. Such services or dealers determine valuations for normal institutional-size trading units of such securities using methods based on market transactions for comparable securities and various relationships, generally recognized by institutional traders, between securities (which consider such factors as security prices, yields, maturities and ratings). These securities will generally be categorized as Level 2. Short-term securities with remaining maturities of 60 days or less may be valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value, and are classified as Level 2 securities.

Many securities markets and exchanges outside the U.S. close prior to the close of the New York Stock Exchange and therefore the closing prices for securities in such markets or on such exchanges may not fully reflect events

54 High Income Securities Fund

that occur after such close but before the close of the New York Stock Exchange. Accordingly, on certain days, the fund will fair value foreign equity securities taking into account multiple factors including movements in the U.S. securities markets, currency valuations and comparisons to the valuation of American Depository Receipts, exchange-traded funds and futures contracts. These securities, which would generally be classified as Level 1 securities, will be transferred to Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy when they are valued at fair value. The number of days on which fair value prices will be used will depend on market activity and it is possible that fair value prices will be used by the fund to a significant extent. Securities quoted in foreign currencies, if any, are translated into U.S. dollars at the current exchange rate.

To the extent a pricing service or dealer is unable to value a security or provides a valuation that Putnam Management does not believe accurately reflects the security's fair value, the security will be valued at fair value by Putnam Management in accordance with policies and procedures approved by the Trustees. Certain investments, including certain restricted and illiquid securities and derivatives, are also valued at fair value following procedures approved by the Trustees. These valuations consider such factors as significant market or specific security events such as interest rate or credit quality changes, various relationships with other securities, discount rates, U.S. Treasury, U.S. swap and credit yields, index levels, convexity exposures, recovery rates, sales and other multiples and resale restrictions. These securities are classified as Level 2 or as Level 3 depending on the priority of the significant inputs.

To assess the continuing appropriateness of fair valuations, the Valuation Committee reviews and affirms the reasonableness of such valuations on a regular basis after considering all relevant information that is reasonably available. Such valuations and procedures are reviewed periodically by the Trustees. The fair value of securities is generally determined as the amount that the fund could reasonably expect to realize from an orderly disposition of such securities over a reasonable period of time. By its nature, a fair value price is a good faith estimate of the value of a security in a current sale and does not reflect an actual market price, which may be different by a material amount.

Security transactions and related investment income Security transactions are recorded on the trade date (the date the order to buy or sell is executed). Gains or losses on securities sold are determined on the identified cost basis.

Interest income, net of any applicable withholding taxes, is recorded on the accrual basis. Dividend income, net of any applicable withholding taxes, is recognized on the ex-dividend date except that certain dividends from foreign securities, if any, are recognized as soon as the fund is informed of the ex-dividend date. Non-cash dividends, if any, are recorded at the fair value of the securities received. Dividends representing a return of capital or capital gains, if any, are reflected as a reduction of cost and/or as a realized gain.

All premiums/discounts are amortized/accreted on a yield-to-maturity basis.

The fund earned certain fees in connection with its senior loan purchasing activities. These fees are treated as market discount and are amortized into income in the Statement of operations.

Foreign currency translation The accounting records of the fund are maintained in U.S. dollars. The fair value of foreign securities, currency holdings, and other assets and liabilities is recorded in the books and records of the fund after translation to U.S. dollars based on the exchange rates on that day. The cost of each security is determined using historical exchange rates. Income and withholding taxes are translated at prevailing exchange rates when earned or incurred. The fund does not isolate that portion of realized or unrealized gains or losses resulting from changes in the foreign exchange rate on investments from fluctuations arising from changes in the market prices of the securities. Such gains and losses are included with the net realized and unrealized gain or loss on investments. Net realized gains and losses on foreign currency transactions represent net realized exchange gains or losses on closed forward currency contracts, disposition of foreign currencies, currency gains and losses realized between the trade and settlement dates on securities transactions and the difference between the amount of investment income and foreign withholding taxes recorded on the fund's books and the U.S. dollar equivalent amounts actually received or paid. Net unrealized appreciation and depreciation of assets and liabilities in foreign currencies arise from changes in the value of open forward currency contracts and assets and liabilities other than investments at the period end, resulting from changes in the exchange rate.

Forward currency contracts The fund buys and sells forward currency contracts, which are agreements between two parties to buy and sell currencies at a set price on a future date. These contracts are used for hedging currency exposures and to gain exposure to currencies.

The U.S. dollar value of forward currency contracts is determined using current forward currency exchange rates supplied by a quotation service. The fair value of the contract will fluctuate with changes in currency exchange rates. The contract is marked to market daily and the change in fair value is recorded as an unrealized gain or loss.

High Income Securities Fund 55

The fund records a realized gain or loss equal to the difference between the value of the contract at the time it was opened and the value at the time it was closed when the contract matures or by delivery of the currency. The fund could be exposed to risk if the value of the currency changes unfavorably, if the counterparties to the contracts are unable to meet the terms of their contracts or if the fund is unable to enter into a closing position. Risks may exceed amounts recognized on the Statement of assets and liabilities.

Forward currency contracts outstanding at period end, if any, are listed after the fund's portfolio.

Master agreements The fund is a party to ISDA (International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc.) Master Agreements (Master Agreements) with certain counterparties that govern OTC derivative and foreign exchange contracts entered into from time to time. The Master Agreements may contain provisions regarding, among other things, the parties' general obligations, representations, agreements, collateral requirements, events of default and early termination. With respect to certain counterparties, in accordance with the terms of the Master Agreements, collateral posted to the fund is held in a segregated account by the fund's custodian and, with respect to those amounts which can be sold or repledged, is presented in the fund's portfolio.

Collateral pledged by the fund is segregated by the fund's custodian and identified in the fund's portfolio. Collateral can be in the form of cash or debt securities issued by the U.S. Government or related agencies or other securities as agreed to by the fund and the applicable counterparty. Collateral requirements are determined based on the fund's net position with each counterparty.

Termination events applicable to the fund may occur upon a decline in the fund's net assets below a specified threshold over a certain period of time. Termination events applicable to counterparties may occur upon a decline in the counterparty's long-term and short-term credit ratings below a specified level. In each case, upon occurrence, the other party may elect to terminate early and cause settlement of all derivative and foreign exchange contracts outstanding, including the payment of any losses and costs resulting from such early termination, as reasonably determined by the terminating party. Any decision by one or more of the fund's counterparties to elect early termination could impact the fund's future derivative activity.

At the close of the reporting period, the fund had a net liability position of \$2,953 on open derivative contracts subject to the Master Agreements. There was no collateral posted by the fund at period end for these agreements.

Interfund lending The fund, along with other Putnam funds, may participate in an interfund lending program pursuant to an exemptive order issued by the SEC. This program allows the fund to lend to other Putnam funds that permit such transactions. Interfund lending transactions are subject to each fund's investment policies and borrowing and lending limits. Interest earned or paid on the interfund lending transaction will be based on the average of certain current market rates. During the reporting period, the fund did not utilize the program.

Federal taxes It is the policy of the fund to distribute all of its taxable income within the prescribed time period and otherwise comply with the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code), applicable to regulated investment companies. It is also the intention of the fund to distribute an amount sufficient to avoid imposition of any excise tax under Section 4982 of the Code.

The fund is subject to the provisions of Accounting Standards Codification 740 *Income Taxes* (ASC 740). ASC 740 sets forth a minimum threshold for financial statement recognition of the benefit of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The fund did not have a liability to record for any unrecognized tax benefits in the accompanying financial statements. No provision has been made for federal taxes on income, capital gains or unrealized appreciation on securities held nor for excise tax on income and capital gains. Each of the fund's federal tax returns for the prior three fiscal years remains subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service.

The fund may also be subject to taxes imposed by governments of countries in which it invests. Such taxes are generally based on either income or gains earned or repatriated. The fund accrues and applies such taxes to net investment income, net realized gains and net unrealized gains as income and/or capital gains are earned. In some cases, the fund may be entitled to reclaim all or a portion of such taxes, and such reclaim amounts, if any, are reflected as an asset on the fund's books. In many cases, however, the fund may not receive such amounts for an extended period of time, depending on the country of investment.

66 High Income Securities Fund

At August 31, 2015, the fund had a capital loss carryover of \$14,026,989 available to the extent allowed by the Code to offset future net capital gain, if any. The amount of the carryover and the expiration date is:

Loss carryover

Expiration	Total	Long-term	Short-term
August 31, 2018	\$14,026,989	N/A	\$14,026,989

Under the Regulated Investment Company Modernization Act of 2010, the fund will be permitted to carry forward capital losses incurred in taxable years beginning after December 22, 2010 for an unlimited period. However, any losses incurred will be required to be utilized prior to the losses incurred in pre-enactment tax years. As a result of this ordering rule, pre-enactment capital loss carryforwards may be more likely to expire unused. Additionally, post-enactment capital losses that are carried forward will retain their character as either short-term or long-term capital losses rather than being considered all short-term as under previous law.

Distributions to shareholders Distributions to shareholders from net investment income are recorded by the fund on the ex-dividend date. Distributions from capital gains, if any, are recorded on the ex-dividend date and paid at least annually. The amount and character of income and gains to be distributed are determined in accordance with income tax regulations, which may differ from generally accepted accounting principles. These differences include temporary and/or permanent differences from foreign currency gains and losses, from contingent payment debt, from nontaxable dividends, from dividends payable, from amortization and accretion and from deemed distributions. Reclassifications are made to the fund's capital accounts to reflect income and gains available for distribution (or available capital loss carryovers) under income tax regulations. At the close of the reporting period, the fund reclassified \$1,310,809 to decrease distributions in excess of net investment income, \$27,454 to increase paid-in-capital and \$1,338,263 to increase accumulated net realized loss.

The tax basis components of distributable earnings and the federal tax cost as of the close of the reporting period were as follows:

Unrealized appreciation Unrealized depreciation	\$6,724,405 (12,193,940)
- Constitution	(12,155,540)
Net unrealized depreciation	(5,469,535)
Undistributed ordinary income	1,060,731
Capital loss carryforward	(14,026,989)
Cost for federal income tax purposes	\$132,081,571

Note 2: Management fee, administrative services and other transactions

The fund pays Putnam Management for management and investment advisory services quarterly based on the average net assets (including assets, but excluding liabilities, attributable to leverage for investment purposes) of the fund. The fee is based on the following annual rates:

0.700%	of the first \$500 million of average net assets,	0.430%	of the next \$5 billion of average net assets,
0.600%	of the next \$500 million of average net assets,	0.420%	of the next \$5 billion of average net assets,
0.550%	of the next \$500 million of average	0.410%	of the next \$5 billion of average net

	net assets,		assets,
0.500%	of the next \$5 billion of average net assets,	0.400%	of the next \$5 billion of average net assets,
0.475%	of the next \$5 billion of average net assets,	0.390%	of the next \$5 billion of average net assets,
0.455%	of the next \$5 billion of average net assets,	0.380%	of the next \$8.5 billion of average net assets and
0.440%	of the next \$5 billion of average net assets,	0.370%	of any excess thereafter.

High Income Securities Fund 57

Putnam Investments Limited (PIL), an affiliate of Putnam Management, is authorized by the Trustees to manage a separate portion of the assets of the fund as determined by Putnam Management from time to time. Putnam Management pays a quarterly sub-management fee to PIL for its services at an annual rate of 0.40% of the average net assets (including assets, but excluding liabilities, attributable to leverage for investment purposes) of the portion of the fund managed by PIL.

The fund reimburses Putnam Management an allocated amount for the compensation and related expenses of certain officers of the fund and their staff who provide administrative services to the fund. The aggregate amount of all such reimbursements is determined annually by the Trustees.

Custodial functions for the fund's assets are provided by State Street. Custody fees are based on the fund's asset level, the number of its security holdings and transaction volumes.

Putnam Investor Services, Inc., an affiliate of Putnam Management, provides investor servicing agent functions to the fund. Putnam Investor Services, Inc. was paid a monthly fee for investor servicing at an annual rate of 0.05% of the fund's average daily net assets. The amounts incurred for investor servicing agent functions during the reporting period are included in Investor servicing fees in the Statement of operations.

The fund has entered into expense offset arrangements with Putnam Investor Services, Inc. and State Street whereby Putnam Investor Services, Inc.'s and State Street's fees are reduced by credits allowed on cash balances. The fund also reduced expenses through brokerage/service arrangements. For the reporting period, the fund's expenses were not reduced under the expense offset arrangements and were reduced by \$251 under the brokerage/service arrangements.

Each Independent Trustee of the fund receives an annual Trustee fee, of which \$79, as a quarterly retainer, has been allocated to the fund, and an additional fee for each Trustees meeting attended. Trustees also are reimbursed for expenses they incur relating to their services as Trustees.

The fund has adopted a Trustee Fee Deferral Plan (the Deferral Plan) which allows the Trustees to defer the receipt of all or a portion of Trustees fees payable on or after July 1, 1995. The deferred fees remain invested in certain Putnam funds until distribution in accordance with the Deferral Plan.

The fund has adopted an unfunded noncontributory defined benefit pension plan (the Pension Plan) covering all Trustees of the fund who have served as a Trustee for at least five years and were first elected prior to 2004. Benefits under the Pension Plan are equal to 50% of the Trustee's average annual attendance and retainer fees for the three years ended December 31, 2005. The retirement benefit is payable during a Trustee's lifetime, beginning the year following retirement, for the number of years of service through December 31, 2006. Pension expense for the fund is included in Trustee compensation and expenses in the Statement of operations. Accrued pension liability is included in Payable for Trustee compensation and expenses in the Statement of assets and liabilities. The Trustees have terminated the Pension Plan with respect to any Trustee first elected after

2003.

Note 3: Purchases and sales of securities

During the reporting period, the cost of purchases and the proceeds from sales, excluding short-term investments, were as follows:

	Cost of purchases	Proceeds from sales
Investments in securities (Long-term)	\$47,568,516	\$57,960,169
U.S. government securities (Long-term)	_	
Total	\$47,568,516	\$57,960,169

Note 4: Shares repurchased

In September 2015, the Trustees approved the renewal of the repurchase program to allow the fund to repurchase up to 10% of its outstanding common shares over the 12-month period ending October 7, 2016 (based on shares outstanding as of October 7, 2015). Prior to this renewal, the Trustees had approved a repurchase program to allow the fund to repurchase up to 10% of its outstanding common shares over the 12-month period ending October 7, 2015 (based on shares outstanding as of October 7, 2014). Repurchases are made when the fund's shares are trading at less than net asset value and in accordance with procedures approved by the fund's Trustees.

58 High Income Securities Fund

For the reporting period, the fund repurchased 1,219,576 common shares for an aggregate purchase price of \$9,893,490, which reflects a weighted-average discount from net asset value per share of 11.44%. The weighted-average discount reflects the payment of commissions by the fund to execute repurchase trades.

At the close of the reporting period, Putnam Investments, LLC owned approximately 373 shares of the fund (less than 0.01% of the fund's shares outstanding), valued at \$3,234 based on net asset value.

Note 5: Affiliated transactions

Transactions during the reporting period with Putnam Short Term Investment Fund, which is under common ownership and control, were as follows:

Name of affiliate	Fair value at the beginning of the reporting period	Purchase cost	Sale proceeds	Investment income	Fair value at the end of the reporting period
Putnam Short Term Investment Fund*	\$673,606	\$35,145,922	\$32,803,104	\$2,953	\$3,016,424

^{*} Management fees charged to Putnam Short Term Investment Fund have been waived by Putnam Management.

Note 6: Senior loan commitments

Senior loans are purchased or sold on a when-issued or delayed delivery basis and may be settled a month or more after the trade date, which from time to time can delay the actual investment of available cash balances; interest income is accrued based on the terms of the securities. Senior loans can be acquired through an agent, by assignment from another holder of the loan, or as a participation interest in another holder's portion of the loan. When the fund invests in a loan or participation, the fund is subject to the risk that an intermediate participant between the fund and the borrower will fail to meet its obligations to the fund, in addition to the risk that the borrower under the loan may default on its obligations.

Note 7: Market, credit and other risks

In the normal course of business, the fund trades financial instruments and enters into financial transactions where risk of potential loss exists due to changes in the market (market risk) or failure of the contracting party to the transaction to perform (credit risk). The fund may be exposed to additional credit risk that an institution or other entity with which the fund has unsettled or open transactions will default. Investments in foreign securities involve certain risks, including those related to economic instability, unfavorable political developments, and currency fluctuations. The fund may invest in higher-yielding, lower-rated bonds that may have a higher rate of default.

Note 8: Summary of derivative activity

The volume of activity for the reporting period for any derivative type that was held during the period is listed below and was as follows based on an average of the holdings at the end of each fiscal quarter:

Forward currency contracts (contract amount)	\$620,000
Warrants (number of warrants)	130,000

The following is a summary of the fair value of derivative instruments as of the close of the reporting period:

Fair value of derivative instruments as of the close of the reporting period

	Asset derivatives		Liability derivat	tives
Derivatives not accounted for as hedging instruments under ASC 815	Statement of assets and liabilities location	Fair value	Statement of assets and liabilities location	Fair value
Foreign exchange contracts	Receivables	\$11,427	Payables	\$4,342
Total		\$11,427		\$4,342

High Income Securities Fund 59

The following is a summary of realized and change in unrealized gains or losses of derivative instruments on the Statement of operations for the reporting period (see Note 1):

Amount of realized gain or (loss) on derivatives recognized in net gain or (loss) on investments

Derivatives not accounted for as hedging	Forward currency			
instruments under ASC 815	Warrants	contracts	Total	
Foreign exchange contracts	\$—	\$68,356	\$68,356	
Equity contracts	(33,755)	_	\$(33,755)	
Total	\$(33,755)	\$68,356	\$34,601	

Change in unrealized appreciation or (depreciation) on derivatives recognized in net gain or (loss) on investments

Derivatives not accounted for as hedging instruments under ASC 815	F Warrants	Forward currency contracts	Total		
- Instruments under ASC 515	- Trailes	Contracts			
Foreign exchange contracts	\$—	\$(5,030)	\$(5,030)		
Equity contracts	33,754	_	\$33,754		
Total	\$33,754	\$(5,030)	\$28,724		

Note 9: Offsetting of financial and derivative assets and liabilities

The following table summarizes any derivatives, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements, at the end of the reporting period, that are subject to an enforceable master netting agreement or similar agreement. For securities lending transactions or borrowing transactions associated with securities sold short, if any, see Note 1. For financial reporting purposes, the fund does not offset financial assets and financial liabilities that are subject to the master netting agreements in the Statement of assets and liabilities.

	Bank of America N.A.	Barclays Bank PLC	JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A.	State Street Bank and Trust Co.	WestPac Banking Corp.	Total
Assets:						
Forward currency contracts#	\$1,245	\$—	\$1,459	\$6,087	\$2,636	\$11,427
Total Assets	\$1,245	\$—	\$1,459	\$6,087	\$2,636	\$11,427

Liabilities:

Forward currency contracts#	\$—	\$2,953	\$1,389	\$—	\$—	\$4,342
Total Liabilities	\$—	\$2,953	\$1,389	\$—	\$—	\$4,342
Total Financial and Derivative Net Assets	\$1,245	\$(2,953)	\$70	\$6,087	\$2,636	\$7,085
Total collateral received (pledged)##	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	
Net amount	\$1,245	\$(2,953)	\$70	\$6,087	\$2,636	

†Additional collateral may be required from certain brokers based on individual agreements.

#Covered by master netting agreement (Note 1).

##Any over-collateralization of total financial and derivative net assets is not shown. Collateral may include amounts related to unsettled agreements.

60 High Income Securities Fund

Federal tax information (Unaudited)

The fund designated 10.93% of ordinary income distributions as qualifying for the dividends received deduction for corporations.

For the reporting period, the fund hereby designates 12.37%, or the maximum amount allowable, of its taxable ordinary income distributions as qualified dividends taxed at the individual net capital gain rates.

The Form 1099 that will be mailed to you in January 2016 will show the tax status of all distributions paid to your account in calendar 2015.

High Income Securities Fund 61

Shareholder meeting results (Unaudited)

April 23, 2015 annual meeting

At the meeting, a proposal to fix the number of Trustees at fourteen was approved, as follows:

Votes	Votes		Broker
for	against	Abstentions	non-votes

13,022,633 671,061 290,292 —

At the meeting, each of the nominees for Trustees was elected, as follows:

	Votes for	Votes withheld
Liaquat Ahamed	11,992,049	1,991,943
Ravi Akhoury	11,964,226	2,019,766
Barbara M. Baumann	12,060,184	1,923,808
Jameson A. Baxter	12,031,964	1,952,028
Charles B. Curtis*	12,048,895	1,935,097
Robert J. Darretta	12,069,281	1,914,711
Katinka Domotorffy	12,024,199	1,959,793
John A. Hill	12,051,060	1,932,932
Paul L. Joskow	12,038,012	1,945,980
Kenneth R. Leibler	12,014,061	1,969,931
Robert E. Patterson	12,018,401	1,965,591
George Putnam, III	12,030,659	1,953,333
Robert L. Reynolds	12,078,042	1,905,950
W. Thomas Stephens	12,058,470	1,925,522
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

A proposal to convert the fund from closed-end to open-end status was not approved, as follows:

Votes Votes Broker

for	against	Abstentions	non-votes
2,395,725	5,002,505	281,949	_

All tabulations are rounded to the nearest whole number.

*Charles Curtis retired from the Board of Trustees of the Putnam Funds effective June 30, 2015.

62 High Income Securities Fund

About the Trustees

Independent Trustees

High Income Securities Fund 63

* Mr. Reynolds is an "interested person" (as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940) of the fund and Putnam Investments. He is President and Chief Executive Officer of Putnam Investments, as well as the President of your fund and each of the other Putnam funds.

The address of each Trustee is One Post Office Square, Boston, MA 02109.

As of August 31, 2015, there were 117 Putnam funds. All Trustees serve as Trustees of all Putnam funds.

Each Trustee serves for an indefinite term, until his or her resignation, retirement at age 75, removal, or death.

64 High Income Securities Fund

Officers

In addition to Robert L. Reynolds, the other officers of the fund are shown below:

Jonathan S. Horwitz (Born 1955)
Executive Vice President, Principal Executive
Officer, and Compliance Liaison
Since 2004

Steven D. Krichmar (Born 1958) Vice President and Principal Financial Officer Janet C. Smith (Born 1965)
Vice President, Principal Accounting Officer, and Assistant Treasurer
Since 2007
Director of Fund Administration Services,
Putnam Investments and Putnam Management

Since 2002

Chief of Operations, Putnam Investments and Putnam Management

Robert T. Burns (Born 1961)

Vice President and Chief Legal Officer
Since 2011
General Counsel. Putnam Investments

General Counsel, Putnam Investments, Putnam Management, and Putnam Retail Management

Robert R. Leveille (Born 1969)

Vice President and Chief Compliance Officer

Since 2007

Chief Compliance Officer, Putnam Investmen

Chief Compliance Officer, Putnam Investments, Putnam Management, and Putnam Retail Management

Michael J. Higgins (Born 1976)

Vice President, Treasurer, and Clerk Since 2010

Manager of Finance, Dunkin' Brands (2008–2010); Senior Financial Analyst, Old Mutual Asset Management (2007–2008); Senior Financial Analyst, Putnam Investments (1999–2007)

Susan G. Malloy (Born 1957)

Vice President and Assistant Treasurer Since 2007

Director of Accounting & Control Services,
Putnam Investments and Putnam Management

James P. Pappas (Born 1953)

Vice President
Since 2004
Director of Trustee Relations,
Putnam Investments and Putnam Management

Mark C. Trenchard (Born 1962)

Vice President and BSA Compliance Officer Since 2002
Director of Operational Compliance,
Putnam Investments and Putnam
Retail Management

Nancy E. Florek (Born 1957)

Vice President, Director of Proxy Voting and Corporate Governance, Assistant Clerk, and Associate Treasurer Since 2000

The principal occupations of the officers for the past five years have been with the employers as shown above, although in some cases they have held different positions with such employers. The address of each officer is One Post Office Square, Boston, MA 02109.

High Income Securities Fund 65

Putnam family of funds

The following is a list of Putnam's open-end mutual funds offered to the public. Investors should carefully consider the investment objective, risks, charges, and expenses of a fund before investing. For a prospectus, or a summary prospectus if available, containing this and other information for any Putnam fund or product, contact your financial advisor or call Putnam Investor Services at 1-800-225-1581. Please read the prospectus carefully before investing.

Growth

Growth Opportunities Fund International Growth Fund Multi-Cap Growth Fund Small Cap Growth Fund Voyager Fund

Blend

International Value Fund Multi-Cap Value Fund Small Cap Value Fund

Income

American Government Income Fund Diversified Income Trust Emerging Markets Income Fund

Asia Pacific Equity Fund
Capital Opportunities Fund
Capital Spectrum Fund

Emerging Markets Equity Fund

Equity Spectrum Fund Europe Equity Fund Global Equity Fund

International Capital Opportunities Fund

International Equity Fund

Investors Fund

Low Volatility Equity Fund Multi-Cap Core Fund Research Fund

Strategic Volatility Equity Fund

Value

Convertible Securities Fund
Equity Income Fund
Global Dividend Fund
The Putnam Fund for Growth and Income

Floating Rate Income Fund Global Income Trust

High Yield Advantage Fund

High Yield Trust Income Fund

Money Market Fund*

Short Duration Income Fund U.S. Government Income Trust

Tax-free Income

AMT-Free Municipal Fund
Intermediate-Term Municipal Income Fund
Short-Term Municipal Income Fund
Tax Exempt Income Fund
Tax Exempt Money Market Fund*

Tax-Free High Yield Fund

State tax-free income fundst:
Arizona, California, Massachusetts, Michigan,
Minnesota, New Jersey, New York, Ohio,
and Pennsylvania.

* An investment in a money market fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Although the fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the fund.

† Not available in all states.

66 High Income Securities Fund

Absolute Return

Absolute Return 100 Fund® Absolute Return 300 Fund® Absolute Return 500 Fund® Absolute Return 700 Fund®

Global Sector

Global Consumer Fund
Global Energy Fund
Global Financials Fund
Global Health Care Fund
Global Industrials Fund
Global Natural Resources Fund

Global Sector Fund

Global Technology Fund

Global Telecommunications Fund

Retirement Income Lifestyle Funds — portfolios with managed allocations to stocks, bonds, and money market

investments to generate retirement income.

Retirement Income Fund Lifestyle 1 Retirement Income Fund Lifestyle 2 Retirement Income Fund Lifestyle 3

RetirementReady® Funds — portfolios with adjusting allocations to stocks, bonds, and money market instruments, becoming more

conservative over time.

RetirementReady® 2055 Fund RetirementReady® 2050 Fund

Global Utilities Fund

Asset Allocation

George Putnam Balanced Fund

Global Asset Allocation Funds — four investment portfolios that spread your money across a variety of stocks, bonds, and money market instruments.

Dynamic Asset Allocation Balanced Fund Dynamic Asset Allocation Conservative Fund Dynamic Asset Allocation Growth Fund Dynamic Risk Allocation Fund RetirementReady® 2045 Fund RetirementReady® 2040 Fund RetirementReady® 2035 Fund RetirementReady® 2030 Fund RetirementReady® 2025 Fund RetirementReady® 2020 Fund RetirementReady® 2015 Fund

Check your account balances and the most recent month-end performance in the Individual Investors section at putnam.com.

High Income Securities Fund 67

Fund information

Founded over 75 years ago, Putnam Investments was built around the concept that a balance between risk and reward is the hallmark of a well-rounded financial program. We manage over 100 funds across income, value, blend, growth, asset allocation, absolute return, and global sector categories.

investinent manager			
Putnam Investment			
Management, LLC			
One Post Office Square			
Boston, MA 02109			

Investment Manager

Investment Sub-Manager

Putnam Investments Limited 57–59 St James's Street London, England SW1A 1LD

Marketing Services

Putnam Retail Management One Post Office Square Boston, MA 02109

Custodian

State Street Bank and Trust Company

Legal Counsel

Trustees

Jameson A. Baxter, *Chair* Liaquat Ahamed Ravi Akhoury Barbara M. Baumann

Robert J. Darretta Katinka Domotorffy

John A. Hill Paul L. Joskow

Paul L. Joskow

Kenneth R. Leibler Robert E. Patterson

George Putnam, III

Robert L. Reynolds W. Thomas Stephens

Officers

Robert L. Reynolds President

Jonathan S. Horwitz

Executive Vice President,

Robert T. Burns

Vice President and Chief Legal Officer

Robert R. Leveille Vice President and Chief Compliance Officer

Michael J. Higgins

Vice President, Treasurer,

and Clerk

Janet C. Smith *Vice President,*

Principal Accounting Officer, and Assistant Treasurer

Susan G. Malloy Vice President and Assistant Treasurer

Ropes & Gray LLP Principal Executive Officer, and James P. Pappas

Compliance Liaison Vice President

Independent RegisteredPublic Accounting FirmSteven D. KrichmarMark C. TrenchardPricewaterhouseCoopers LLPVice President and
Principal Financial OfficerVice President and
BSA Compliance Officer

Nancy E. Florek
Vice President, Director of
Proxy Voting and Corporate
Governance, Assistant Clerk,
and Associate Treasurer

Call 1-800-225-1581 Monday through Friday between 8:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m. Eastern Time, or visit putnam.com anytime for up-to-date information about the fund's NAV.

Item 2. Code of Ethics:

(a) The Fund's principal executive, financial and accounting officers are employees of Putnam Investment Management, LLC, the Fund's investment manager. As such they are subject to a comprehensive Code of Ethics adopted and administered by Putnam Investments which is designed to protect the interests of the firm and its clients. The Fund has adopted a Code of Ethics which incorporates the Code of Ethics of Putnam Investments with respect to all of its officers and Trustees who are employees of Putnam Investment Management, LLC. For this reason, the Fund has not adopted a separate code of ethics governing its principal executive, financial and accounting officers.

Item 3. Audit Committee Financial Expert:

The Funds' Audit, Compliance and Distributions Committee is comprised solely of Trustees who are "independent" (as such term has been defined by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") in regulations implementing Section 407 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (the "Regulations")). The Trustees believe that each of the members of the Audit, Compliance and Distributions Committee also possess a combination of knowledge and experience with respect to financial accounting matters, as well as other attributes, that qualify them for service on the Committee. In addition, the Trustees have determined that each of Mr. Darretta, Mr. Patterson, Mr. Hill, and Ms. Baumann qualifies as an "audit committee financial expert" (as such term has been defined by the Regulations) based on their review of his or her pertinent experience and education. The SEC has stated, and the funds' amended and restated agreement and Declaration of Trust provides, that the designation or identification of a person as an audit committee financial expert pursuant to this Item 3 of Form N-CSR does not impose on such person any duties, obligations or liability that are greater than the duties, obligations and liability imposed on such person as a member of the Audit, Compliance and Distribution Committee and the Board of Trustees in the absence of such designation or identification.

Item 4. Principal Accountant Fees and Services:

The following table presents fees billed in each of the last two fiscal years for services rendered to the fund by the fund's independent auditor:

Fiscal year ended	Audit Fees	Audit-Related Fees	Tax Fees	All Other Fees
August 31, 2015	\$74,100	\$ —	\$17,581	\$ —
August 31, 2014	\$72,242	\$ —	\$16,223	\$ —

For the fiscal years ended August 31, 2015 and August 31, 2014, the fund's independent auditor billed aggregate non-audit fees in the amounts of \$697,257 and \$592,397 respectively, to the fund, Putnam Management and any entity controlling, controlled by or under common control with Putnam Management that provides ongoing services to the fund.

Audit Fees represent fees billed for the fund's last two fiscal years relating to the audit and review of the financial statements included in annual reports and registration statements, and other services that are normally provided in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements.

Audit-Related Fees represent fees billed in the fund's last two fiscal years for services traditionally performed by the fund's auditor, including accounting consultation for proposed transactions or concerning financial accounting and reporting standards and other audit or attest services not required by statute or regulation.

Tax Fees represent fees billed in the fund's last two fiscal years for tax compliance, tax planning and tax advice services. Tax planning and tax advice services include assistance with tax audits, employee benefit plans and requests for rulings or technical advice from taxing authorities.

Pre-Approval Policies of the Audit, Compliance and Distributions Committee. The Audit, Compliance and Distributions Committee of the Putnam funds has determined that, as a matter of policy, all work performed for the funds by the funds' independent auditors will be pre-approved by the Committee itself and thus will generally not be subject to pre-approval procedures.

The Audit, Compliance and Distributions Committee also has adopted a policy to pre-approve the engagement by Putnam Management and certain of its affiliates of the funds' independent auditors, even in circumstances where pre-approval is not required by applicable law. Any such requests by Putnam Management or certain of its affiliates are typically submitted in writing to the Committee and explain, among other things, the nature of the proposed engagement, the estimated fees, and why this work should be performed by that particular audit firm as opposed to another one. In reviewing such requests, the Committee considers, among other things, whether the provision of such services by the audit firm are compatible with the independence of the audit firm.

The following table presents fees billed by the fund's independent auditor for services required to be approved pursuant to paragraph (c)(7)(ii) of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X.

Fiscal year ended	Audit-Related Fees	Tax Fees	All Other Fees	Total Non-Audit Fees
August 31, 2015	\$ —	\$679,676	\$ —	\$ —
August 31, 2014	\$ —	\$576,174	\$ —	\$ —

Item 5. Audit Committee of Listed Registrants

(a) The fund has a separately-designated Audit, Compliance and Distributions Committee established in accordance with Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The Audit, Compliance and Distribution Committee of the fund's Board of Trustees is composed of the following persons:

Robert J. Darretta (Chairperson)

Ravi Akhoury

Robert E. Patterson

John A. Hill

Barbara M. Baumann

Katinka Domotorffy

(b) Not applicable

Item 6. Schedule of Investments:

The registrant's schedule of investments in unaffiliated issuers is included in the report to shareholders in Item 1 above.

<u>Item 7. Disclosure of Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures For Closed-End Management Investment Companies:</u>

Proxy voting guidelines of the Putnam funds

The proxy voting guidelines below summarize the funds' positions on various issues of concern to investors, and give a general indication of how fund portfolio securities will be voted on proposals dealing with particular issues. The funds' proxy voting service is instructed to vote all proxies relating to fund portfolio securities in accordance with these guidelines, except as otherwise instructed by the Director of Proxy Voting and Corporate Governance ("Proxy Voting Director"), a member of the Office of the Trustees who is appointed to assist in the coordination and voting of the funds' proxies.

The proxy voting guidelines are just that – guidelines. The guidelines are not exhaustive and do not address all potential voting issues. Because the circumstances of individual companies are so varied, there may be instances when the funds do not vote in strict adherence to these guidelines. For example, the proxy voting service is expected to bring to the Proxy Voting Director's attention proxy questions that are company-specific and of a non-routine nature and that, even if covered by the guidelines, may be more appropriately handled on a case-by-case basis.

Similarly, Putnam Management's investment professionals, as part of their ongoing review and analysis of all fund portfolio holdings, are responsible for monitoring significant corporate developments, including proxy proposals submitted to shareholders, and notifying the Proxy Voting Director of circumstances where the interests of fund shareholders may warrant a vote contrary to these quidelines. In such instances, the investment professionals submit a written recommendation to the

Proxy Voting Director and the person or persons designated by Putnam Management's Legal and Compliance Department to assist in processing referral items under the funds' "Proxy Voting Procedures." The Proxy Voting Director, in consultation with a senior member of the Office of the Trustees and/or the Chair of the Board Policy and Nominating Committee, as appropriate, will determine how the funds' proxies will be voted. When indicated, the Chair of the Board Policy and Nominating Committee may consult with other members of the Committee or the full Board of Trustees.

The following guidelines are grouped according to the types of proposals generally presented to shareholders. Part I deals with proposals submitted by management and approved and recommended by a company's board of directors. Part II deals with proposals submitted by shareholders. Part III addresses unique considerations pertaining to non-U.S. issuers.

The Trustees of the Putnam funds are committed to promoting strong corporate governance practices and encouraging corporate actions that enhance shareholder value through the judicious voting of the funds' proxies. It is the funds' policy to vote their proxies at all shareholder meetings where it is practicable to do so. In furtherance of this, the funds' have requested that their securities lending agent recall each domestic issuer's voting securities that are on loan, in advance of the record date for the issuer's shareholder meetings, so that the funds may vote at the meetings.

The Putnam funds will disclose their proxy votes not later than August 31 of each year for the most recent 12-month period ended June 30, in accordance with the timetable established by SEC rules.

I. BOARD-APPROVED PROPOSALS

The vast majority of matters presented to shareholders for a vote involve proposals made by a company itself (sometimes referred to as "management proposals"), which have been approved and recommended by its board of directors. In view of the enhanced corporate governance practices currently being implemented in public companies and of the funds' intent to hold corporate boards accountable for their actions in promoting shareholder interests, the funds' proxies generally will be voted <u>for</u> the decisions reached by majority independent boards of directors, except as otherwise indicated in these guidelines. Accordingly, the funds' proxies will be voted <u>for</u> board-approved proposals, except as follows:

Matters relating to the Board of Directors

Uncontested Election of Directors

The funds' proxies will be voted **for** the election of a company's nominees for the board of directors, except as follows:

- \square The funds will **withhold votes** from the entire board of directors if
 - the board does not have a majority of independent directors,
 - the board has not established independent nominating, audit, and compensation committees,
 - the board has more than 19 members or fewer than five members, absent special circumstances,
 - the board has not acted to implement a policy requested in a shareholder proposal that received the support of a majority of the shares of the company cast at its previous two annual meetings, or
 - the board has adopted or renewed a shareholder rights plan (commonly referred to as a "poison pill") without shareholder approval during the current or prior calendar year.

The funds will on a **case-by-case basis withhold votes** from the entire board of directors, or from particular directors as may be appropriate, if the board has approved compensation arrangements for one or more company executives that the funds determine are unreasonably excessive relative to the company's performance or has otherwise failed to observe good corporate governance practices.

- ☐ The funds will **withhold votes** from any nominee for director:
 - who is considered an independent director by the company and who has received compensation within the last three years from the company other than for service as a director (e.g., investment banking, consulting, legal, or financial advisory fees),
 - who attends less than 75% of board and committee meetings without valid reasons for the absences (e.g., illness, personal emergency, etc.),
 - of a public company (Company A) who is employed as a senior executive of another company (Company B), if a director of Company B serves as a senior executive of Company A (commonly referred to as an "interlocking directorate"),
 - who serves on more than <u>five</u> unaffiliated public company boards (for the purpose of this guideline, boards of affiliated registered investment companies will count as one board), or
 - who is a member of the governance or other responsible committee, if the company has adopted without shareholder approval a bylaw provision shifting legal fees and costs to unsuccessful plaintiffs in intra-corporate litigation.

Commentary:

Board independence: Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of determining whether a board has a majority of independent directors and independent nominating, audit, and compensation committees, an "independent director" is a director who (1) meets all requirements to serve as an independent director of a company under the NYSE Corporate Governance Rules (*e.g.*, no material business relationships with the company and no present or recent employment relationship with the company including employment of an immediate family member as an executive officer), and (2) has not within the last three years accepted directly or indirectly any consulting, advisory, or other compensatory fee from the company other than in his or her capacity as a member of the board of directors or any board committee. The funds' Trustees believe that the recent (*i.e.*, within the last three years) receipt of any amount of compensation for services other than service as a director raises significant independence issues.

Board size: The funds' Trustees believe that the size of the board of directors can have a direct impact on the ability of the board to govern effectively. Boards that have too many members can be unwieldy and ultimately inhibit their ability to oversee management performance. Boards that have too few members can stifle innovation and lead to excessive influence by management.

Time commitment: Being a director of a company requires a significant time commitment to adequately prepare for and attend the company's board and committee meetings. Directors must be able to commit the time and attention necessary to perform their fiduciary duties in proper fashion, particularly in times of crisis. The funds' Trustees are concerned about over-committed directors. In some cases, directors may serve on too many boards to make a meaningful contribution. This may be particularly true for senior executives of public companies (or other directors with substantially full-time employment) who serve on more than a few outside boards. The funds may withhold votes from such directors on a case-by-case basis where it appears that they may be unable to discharge their duties properly because of excessive commitments.

Interlocking directorships: The funds' Trustees believe that interlocking directorships are inconsistent with the degree of independence required for outside directors of public companies.

Corporate governance practices: Board independence depends not only on its members' individual relationships, but also on the board's overall attitude toward management and shareholders. Independent boards are committed to good corporate governance practices and, by providing objective independent judgment, enhancing shareholder value. The funds may withhold votes on a case-by-case basis from some or all directors who, through their lack of independence or otherwise, have failed to observe good corporate governance practices or, through specific corporate action, have demonstrated a disregard for the interests of shareholders. Such instances may include cases where a board of directors has approved compensation arrangements for one or more members of management that, in the judgment of the funds' Trustees, are excessive by reasonable corporate standards relative to the company's record of performance. It may also represent a disregard for the interests of shareholders if a board of directors fails to register an appropriate response when a director who fails to win the support of a majority of shareholders in an election (sometimes referred to as a "rejected director") continues to serve on the board. While the Trustees recognize that it may in some circumstances be appropriate for a rejected director to continue his or her service on the board, steps should be taken to address the concerns reflected by the shareholders' lack of support for the rejected director. Adopting a fee-shifting bylaw provision without shareholder approval, which may discourage legitimate shareholders lawsuits as well as frivolous ones, is another example of disregard for shareholder interests.

Contested Elections of Directors

The funds will vote on a <u>case-by-case basis</u> in contested elections of directors.

Classified Boards

The funds will vote <u>against</u> proposals to classify a board, absent special circumstances indicating that shareholder interests would be better served by this structure.

<u>Commentary</u>: Under a typical classified board structure, the directors are divided into three classes, with each class serving a three-year term. The classified board structure results in directors serving staggered terms, with usually only a third of the directors up for re-election at any given annual meeting. The funds' Trustees generally believe that it is appropriate for directors to stand for election each year, but recognize that, in special circumstances, shareholder interests may be better served under a classified board structure.

Other Board-Related Proposals

The funds will generally vote **for** proposals that have been approved by a majority independent board, and on a **case-by-case basis** on proposals that have been approved by a board that fails to meet the guidelines' basic independence standards(*i.e.*, majority of independent directors and independent nominating, audit, and compensation committees).

Executive Compensation

The funds generally favor compensation programs that relate executive compensation to a company's long-term performance. The funds will vote on a <u>case-by-case basis</u> on board-approved proposals relating to executive compensation, except as follows:

- Except where the funds are otherwise withholding votes for the entire board of directors, the funds will vote <u>for</u> stock option and restricted stock plans that will result in an average <u>annual</u> dilution of 1.67% or less (based on the disclosed term of the plan and including all equity-based plans).
- The funds will vote <u>against</u> stock option and restricted stock plans that will result in an average <u>annual</u> dilution of greater than 1.67% (based on the disclosed term of the plan and including all

equity-based plans).

- The funds will vote **against** any stock option or restricted stock plan where the company's actual grants of stock options and restricted stock under all equity-based compensation plans during the prior three (3) fiscal years have resulted in an average annual dilution of greater than 1.67%.
- The funds will vote <u>against</u> stock option plans that permit the replacing or repricing of underwater options (and against any proposal to authorize a replacement or repricing of underwater options).
- The funds will vote <u>against</u> stock option plans that permit issuance of options with an exercise price below the stock's current market price.
- Except where the funds are otherwise withholding votes for the entire board of directors, the funds will vote <u>for</u> an employee stock purchase plan that has the following features: (1) the shares purchased under the plan are acquired for no less than 85% of their market value; (2) the offering period under the plan is 27 months or less; and (3) dilution is 10% or less.
- The funds will vote **for** proposals to approve a company's executive compensation program (*i.e.*, "say on pay" proposals in which the company's board proposes that shareholders indicate their support for the company's compensation philosophy, policies, and practices), except that the funds will vote **against** the proposal if the company is assigned to the lowest category, through independent third party benchmarking performed by the funds' proxy voting service, for the correlation of the company's executive compensation program with its performance.
- The funds will vote <u>for</u> bonus plans under which payments are treated as performance-based compensation that is deductible under Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, except that the funds will vote on a <u>case-by-case basis</u> if any of the following circumstances exist:

the amount per employee under the plan is unlimited, or

the plan's performance criteria is undisclosed, or

the company is assigned to the lowest category, through independent third party benchmarking performed by the funds' proxy voting service, for the correlation of the company's executive compensation program with its performance.

Commentary: Companies should have compensation programs that are reasonable and that align shareholder and management interests over the longer term. Further, disclosure of compensation programs should provide absolute transparency to shareholders regarding the sources and amounts of, and the factors influencing, executive compensation. Appropriately designed equity-based compensation plans can be an effective way to align the interests of long-term shareholders with the interests of management. However, the funds may vote against these or other executive compensation proposals on a case-by-case basis where compensation is excessive by reasonable corporate standards, where a company fails to provide transparent disclosure of executive compensation, or, in some instances, where independent third-party benchmarking indicates that compensation is inadequately correlated with performance, relative to peer companies. (Examples of excessive executive compensation may include, but are not limited to, equity incentive plans that exceed the dilution criteria noted above, excessive perquisites, performance-based compensation programs that do not properly correlate reward and performance, "golden parachutes" or other severance arrangements that present conflicts between management's interests and the interests of shareholders, and "golden coffins" or unearned death benefits.) In voting on a proposal relating to executive compensation, the funds will consider whether the proposal has been approved by an independent compensation committee of the board.

Capitalization

Many proxy proposals involve changes in a company's capitalization, including the authorization of

additional stock, the issuance of stock, the repurchase of outstanding stock, or the approval of a stock split. The management of a company's capital structure involves a number of important issues, including cash flow, financing needs, and market conditions that are unique to the circumstances of the company. As a result, the funds will vote on a **case-by-case basis** on board-approved proposals involving changes to a company's capitalization, except that where the funds are not otherwise withholding votes from the entire board of directors:

- The funds will vote <u>for</u> proposals relating to the authorization and issuance of additional common stock (except where such proposals relate to a specific transaction).
- ☐ The funds will vote **for** proposals to effect stock splits (excluding reverse stock splits).
- The funds will vote <u>for</u> proposals authorizing share repurchase programs.

<u>Commentary</u>: A company may decide to authorize additional shares of common stock for reasons relating to executive compensation or for routine business purposes. For the most part, these decisions are best left to the board of directors and senior management. The funds will vote on a case-by-case basis, however, on other proposals to change a company's capitalization, including the authorization of common stock with special voting rights, the authorization or issuance of common stock in connection with a specific transaction (e.g., an acquisition, merger or reorganization), or the authorization or issuance of preferred stock. Actions such as these involve a number of considerations that may affect a shareholder's investment and that warrant a case-by-case determination.

Acquisitions, Mergers, Reincorporations, Reorganizations and Other Transactions

Shareholders may be confronted with a number of different types of transactions, including acquisitions, mergers, reorganizations involving business combinations, liquidations, and the sale of all or substantially all of a company's assets, which may require their consent. Voting on such proposals involves considerations unique to each transaction. As a result, the funds will vote on a **case-by-case basis** on board-approved proposals to effect these types of transactions, except as follows:

The funds will vote <u>for</u> mergers and reorganizations involving business combinations designed solely to reincorporate a company in Delaware.

<u>Commentary</u>: A company may reincorporate into another state through a merger or reorganization by setting up a "shell" company in a different state and then merging the company into the new company. While reincorporation into states with extensive and established corporate laws – notably Delaware – provides companies and shareholders with a more well-defined legal framework, shareholders must carefully consider the reasons for a reincorporation into another jurisdiction, including especially an offshore jurisdiction.

Anti-Takeover Measures

Some proxy proposals involve efforts by management to make it more difficult for an outside party to take control of the company without the approval of the company's board of directors. These include the adoption of a shareholder rights plan, requiring supermajority voting on particular issues, the adoption of fair price provisions, the issuance of blank check preferred stock, and the creation of a separate class of stock with disparate voting rights. Such proposals may adversely affect shareholder rights, lead to management entrenchment, or create conflicts of interest. As a result, the funds will vote **against** board-approved proposals to adopt such anti-takeover measures, except as follows:

The funds will vote on a <u>case-by-case basis</u> on proposals to ratify or approve shareholder rights plans; and

☐ The funds will vote on a **case-by-case basis** on proposals to adopt fair price provisions.

<u>Commentary</u>: The funds' Trustees recognize that poison pills and fair price provisions may enhance or protect shareholder value under certain circumstances. For instance, where a company has incurred significant operating losses, a shareholder rights plan may be appropriately tailored to protect shareholder value by preserving a company's net operating losses. Thus, the funds will consider proposals to approve such matters on a case-by-case basis.

Other Business Matters

Many proxies involve approval of routine business matters, such as changing a company's name, ratifying the appointment of auditors, and procedural matters relating to the shareholder meeting. For the most part, these routine matters do not materially affect shareholder interests and are best left to the board of directors and senior management of the company. The funds will vote **for** board-approved proposals approving such matters, except as follows:

- The funds will vote on a <u>case-by-case basis</u> on proposals to amend a company's charter or bylaws (except for charter amendments necessary to effect stock splits, to change a company's name or to authorize additional shares of common stock).
- The funds will vote <u>against</u> authorization to transact other unidentified, substantive business at the meeting.
- The funds will vote on a <u>case-by-case basis</u> on proposals to ratify the selection of independent auditors if there is evidence that the audit firm's independence or the integrity of an audit is compromised.
- The funds will vote on a <u>case-by-case basis</u> on other business matters where the funds are otherwise withholding votes for the entire board of directors.

<u>Commentary</u>: Charter and bylaw amendments and the transaction of other unidentified, substantive business at a shareholder meeting may directly affect shareholder rights and have a significant impact on shareholder value. As a result, the funds do not view these items as routine business matters. Putnam Management's investment professionals and the funds' proxy voting service may also bring to the Proxy Voting Director's attention company-specific items that they believe to be non-routine and warranting special consideration. Under these circumstances, the funds will vote on a case-by-case basis.

The fund's proxy voting service may identify circumstances that call into question an audit firm's independence or the integrity of an audit. These circumstances may include recent material restatements of financials, unusual audit fees, egregious contractual relationships, and aggressive accounting policies. The funds will consider proposals to ratify the selection of auditors in these circumstances on a case-by-case basis. In all other cases, given the existence of rules that enhance the independence of audit committees and auditors by, for example, prohibiting auditors from performing a range of non-audit services for audit clients, the funds will vote for the ratification of independent auditors

II. SHAREHOLDER PROPOSALS

SEC regulations permit shareholders to submit proposals for inclusion in a company's proxy statement. These proposals generally seek to change some aspect of the company's corporate governance structure or to change some aspect of its business operations. The funds generally will vote <u>in</u> <u>accordance with the recommendation of the company's board of directors</u> on all shareholder proposals, except as follows:

- The funds will vote on a <u>case-by-case basis</u> on shareholder proposals requiring that the chairman's position be filled by someone other than the chief executive officer.
- The funds will vote <u>for</u> shareholder proposals asking that director nominees receive support from holders of a majority of votes cast or a majority of shares outstanding in order to be (re)elected.
- The funds will vote <u>for</u> shareholder proposals to declassify a board, absent special circumstances which would indicate that shareholder interests are better served by a classified board structure.
- The funds will vote <u>for</u> shareholder proposals to eliminate supermajority vote requirements in the company's charter documents.
- The funds will vote <u>for</u> shareholder proposals to require shareholder approval of shareholder rights plans.
- The funds will vote for shareholder proposals to amend a company's charter documents to permit shareholders to call special meetings, but only if both of the following conditions are met:
 - the proposed amendment limits the right to call special meetings to shareholders holding at least 15% of the company's outstanding shares, and
 - applicable state law does not otherwise provide shareholders with the right to call special meetings.
- The funds will vote **for** shareholder proposals requiring companies to make cash payments under management severance agreements only if both of the following conditions are met:
 - the company undergoes a change in control, and
 - the change in control results in the termination of employment for the person receiving the severance payment.
- The funds will vote **for** shareholder proposals requiring companies to accelerate vesting of equity awards under management severance agreements only if both of the following conditions are met:
 - the company undergoes a change in control, and
 - the change in control results in the termination of employment for the person receiving the severance payment.
- The funds will vote <u>on a case-by-case basis</u> on shareholder proposals to limit a company's ability to make excise tax gross-up payments under management severance agreements.
- The funds will vote **on a case-by-case basis** on shareholder proposals requesting that the board adopt a policy to recoup, in the event of a significant restatement of financial results or significant extraordinary write-off, to the fullest extent practicable, for the benefit of the company, all performance-based bonuses or awards that were paid to senior executives based on the company having met or exceeded specific performance targets to the extent that the specific performance targets were not, in fact, met.
- The funds will vote **for** shareholder proposals calling for the company to obtain shareholder approval for any future golden coffins or unearned death benefits (payments or awards of unearned salary or bonus, accelerated vesting or the continuation of unvested equity awards, perquisites or other payments or awards in respect of an executive following his or her death), and **for** shareholder proposals calling for the company to cease providing golden coffins or unearned death benefits.

The funds will vote **for** shareholder proposals requiring a company to report on its executive retirement benefits (*e.g.*, deferred compensation, split-dollar life insurance, SERPs and pension benefits).

- The funds will vote **for** shareholder proposals requiring a company to disclose its relationships with executive compensation consultants (e.g., whether the company, the board or the compensation committee retained the consultant, the types of services provided by the consultant over the past five years, and a list of the consultant's clients on which any of the company's executives serve as a director).
- The funds will vote <u>for</u> shareholder proposals that are consistent with the funds' proxy voting quidelines for board-approved proposals.
- The funds will vote on a <u>case-by-case basis</u> on other shareholder proposals where the funds are otherwise withholding votes for the entire board of directors.

Commentary: The funds' Trustees believe that effective corporate reforms should be promoted by holding boards of directors – and in particular their independent directors – accountable for their actions, rather than by imposing additional legal restrictions on board governance through piecemeal proposals. As stated above, the funds' Trustees believe that boards of directors and management are responsible for ensuring that their businesses are operating in accordance with high legal and ethical standards and should be held accountable for resulting corporate behavior. Accordingly, the funds will generally support the recommendations of boards that meet the basic independence and governance standards established in these guidelines. Where boards fail to meet these standards, the funds will generally evaluate shareholder proposals on a case-by-case basis. The funds will also consider proposals requiring that the chairman's position be filled by someone other than the company's chief executive officer on a case-by-case basis, recognizing that in some cases this separation may advance the company's corporate governance while in other cases it may be less necessary to the sound governance of the company. The funds will take into account the level of independent leadership on a company's board in evaluating these proposals.

However, the funds generally support shareholder proposals to implement majority voting for directors, observing that majority voting is an emerging standard intended to encourage directors to be attentive to shareholders' interests. The funds also generally support shareholder proposals to declassify a board, to eliminate supermajority vote requirements, or to require shareholder approval of shareholder rights plans. The funds' Trustees believe that these shareholder proposals further the goals of reducing management entrenchment and conflicts of interest, and aligning management's interests with shareholders' interests in evaluating proposed acquisitions of the company. The Trustees also believe that shareholder proposals to limit severance payments may further these goals in some instances. In general, the funds favor arrangements in which severance payments are made to an executive only when there is a change in control and the executive loses his or her job as a result. Arrangements in which an executive receives a payment upon a change of control even if the executive retains employment introduce potential conflicts of interest and may distract management focus from the long term success of the company.

In evaluating shareholder proposals that address severance payments, the funds distinguish between cash and equity payments. The funds generally do not favor cash payments to executives upon a change in control transaction if the executive retains employment. However, the funds recognize that accelerated vesting of equity incentives, even without termination of employment, may help to align management and shareholder interests in some instances, and will evaluate shareholder proposals addressing accelerated vesting of equity incentive payments on a case-by-case basis.

When severance payments exceed a certain amount based on the executive's previous compensation, the payments may be subject to an excise tax. Some compensation arrangements provide for full excise tax gross-ups, which means that the company pays the executive sufficient additional amounts to cover the cost of the excise tax. The funds are concerned that the benefits of providing full excise tax gross-ups to executives may be outweighed by the cost to the company of the gross-up payments. Accordingly, the funds will vote on a case-by-case basis on shareholder proposals to curtail excise tax gross-up payments. The funds generally favor arrangements in which severance payments do not

trigger an excise tax or in which the company's obligations with respect to gross-up payments are limited in a reasonable manner.

The funds' Trustees believe that performance-based compensation can be an effective tool for aligning management and shareholder interests. However, to fulfill its purpose, performance compensation should only be paid to executives if the performance targets are actually met. A significant restatement of financial results or a significant extraordinary write-off may reveal that executives who were previously paid performance compensation did not actually deliver the required business performance to earn that compensation. In these circumstances, it may be appropriate for the company to recoup this performance compensation. The funds will consider on a case-by-case basis shareholder proposals requesting that the board adopt a policy to recoup, in the event of a significant restatement of financial results or significant extraordinary write-off, performance-based bonuses or awards paid to senior executives based on the company having met or exceeded specific performance targets to the extent that the specific performance targets were not, in fact, met. The funds do not believe that such a policy should necessarily disadvantage a company in recruiting executives, as executives should understand that they are only entitled to performance compensation based on the actual performance they deliver.

The funds' Trustees disfavor golden coffins or unearned death benefits, and the funds will generally support shareholder proposals to restrict or terminate these practices. The Trustees will also consider whether a company's overall compensation arrangements, taking all of the pertinent circumstances into account, constitute excessive compensation or otherwise reflect poorly on the corporate governance practices of the company. As the Trustees evaluate these matters, they will be mindful of evolving practices and legislation relevant to executive compensation and corporate governance.

The funds' Trustees also believe that shareholder proposals that are intended to increase transparency, particularly with respect to executive compensation, without establishing rigid restrictions upon a company's ability to attract and motivate talented executives, are generally beneficial to sound corporate governance without imposing undue burdens. The funds will generally support shareholder proposals calling for reasonable disclosure.

III. VOTING SHARES OF NON-U.S. ISSUERS

Many of the Putnam funds invest on a global basis, and, as a result, they may hold, and have an opportunity to vote, shares in non-U.S. issuers – i.e., issuers that are incorporated under the laws of foreign jurisdictions and whose shares are not listed on a U.S. securities exchange or the NASDAQ stock market.

In many non-U.S. markets, shareholders who vote proxies of a non-U.S. issuer are not able to trade in that company's stock on or around the shareholder meeting date. This practice is known as "share blocking." In countries where share blocking is practiced, the funds will vote proxies only with direction from Putnam Management's investment professionals.

In addition, some non-U.S. markets require that a company's shares be re-registered out of the name of the local custodian or nominee into the name of the shareholder for the shareholder to be able to vote at the meeting. This practice is known as "share re-registration." As a result, shareholders, including the funds, are not able to trade in that company's stock until the shares are re-registered back in the name of the local custodian or nominee following the meeting. In countries where share re-registration is practiced, the funds will generally not vote proxies.

Protection for shareholders of non-U.S. issuers may vary significantly from jurisdiction to jurisdiction. Laws governing non-U.S. issuers may, in some cases, provide substantially less protection for shareholders than do U.S. laws. As a result, the guidelines applicable to U.S. issuers, which are premised on the existence of a sound corporate governance and disclosure framework, may not be appropriate under some circumstances for non-U.S. issuers. However, the funds will vote proxies of non-U.S. issuers in accordance with the guidelines applicable to U.S. issuers except as follows:

Uncontested Board Elections

China, India, Indonesia, Philippines, Taiwan and Thailand

- ☐ The funds will **withhold votes** from the entire board of directors if
 - fewer than one-third of the directors are independent directors, or
 - the board has not established audit, compensation and nominating committees each composed of a majority of <u>independent directors</u>.

<u>Commentary</u>: Whether a director is considered "independent" or not will be determined by reference to local corporate law or listing standards.

Europe ex-United Kingdom

- ☐ The funds will **withhold votes** from the entire board of directors if
 - the board has not established audit and compensation committees each composed of a majority of independent, non-executive directors, or
 - the board has not established a nominating committee composed of a majority of <u>independent</u> directors.

<u>Commentary</u>: An "independent director" under the European Commission's guidelines is one who is free of any business, family or other relationship, with the company, its controlling shareholder or the management of either, that creates a conflict of interest such as to impair his judgment. A "non-executive director" is one who is not engaged in the daily management of the company.

Germany

- □ For companies subject to "co-determination," the funds will vote **for** the election of nominees to the supervisory board, except that the funds will vote on a<<u>b> case-by-case basis</u> for any nominee who is either an employee of the company or who is otherwise affiliated with the company (as determined by the funds' proxy voting service).
- The funds will <u>withhold votes</u> for the election of a former member of the company's managerial board to chair of the supervisory board.

Commentary: German corporate governance is characterized by a two-tier board system — a managerial board composed of the company's executive officers, and a supervisory board. The supervisory board appoints the members of the managerial board. Shareholders elect members of the supervisory board, except that in the case of companies with a large number of employees, company employees are allowed to elect some of the supervisory board members (one-half of supervisory board members are elected by company employees at companies with more than 2,000 employees; one-third of the supervisory board members are elected by company employees at companies with more than 500 employees but fewer than 2,000). This "co-determination" practice may increase the chances that the supervisory board of a large German company does not contain a majority of independent members. In this situation, under the Fund's proxy voting guidelines applicable to U.S. issuers, the funds would vote against all nominees. However, in the case of companies subject to "co-determination" and with the goal of supporting independent nominees, the Funds will vote for supervisory board members who are neither employees of the company nor otherwise affiliated with the company.

Consistent with the funds' belief that the interests of shareholders are best protected by boards with strong, independent leadership, the funds will withhold votes for the election of former chairs of the managerial board to chair of the supervisory board.

Hong Kong

- ☐ The funds will **withhold votes** from the entire board of directors if
 - fewer than one-third of the directors are independent directors, or
 - the board has not established audit, compensation and nominating committees each with at least a majority of its members being <u>independent directors</u>, or
 - the chair of the audit, compensation or nominating committee is not an independent director.

<u>Commentary</u>. For purposes of these guidelines, an "independent director" is a director that has no material, financial or other current relationships with the company. In determining whether a director is independent, the funds will apply the standards included in the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited Section 3.13.

Italy

The funds will withhold votes from any director not identified in the proxy materials.

<u>Commentary:</u> In Italy, companies have the right to nominate co-opted directors for election to the board at the next annual general meeting, but do not have to indicate, until the day of the annual meeting, whether or not they are nominating a co-opted director for election. When a company does not explicitly state in its proxy materials that co-opted directors are standing for election, shareholders will not know for sure who the board nominees are until the actual meeting occurs. The funds will withhold support from any such co-opted director on the grounds that there was insufficient information for evaluation before the meeting.

Japan

- ☐ For companies that have established a U.S.-style corporate governance structure, the funds will **withhold votes** from the entire board of directors if
 - the board does not have a majority of outside directors,
 - the board has not established nominating and compensation committees composed of a majority of <u>outside directors</u>, or
 - the board has not established an audit committee composed of a majority of <u>independent</u> directors.
- The funds will <u>withhold votes</u> for the appointment of members of a company's board of statutory auditors if a majority of the members of the board of statutory auditors is not independent.

Commentary:

Board structure: Recent amendments to the Japanese Commercial Code give companies the option to adopt a U.S.-style corporate governance structure (*i.e.*, a board of directors and audit, nominating, and compensation committees). The funds will vote **for** proposals to amend a company's articles of incorporation to adopt the U.S.-style corporate structure.

Definition of outside director and independent director: Corporate governance principles in Japan focus on the distinction between outside directors and independent directors. Under these principles, an outside director is a director who is not and has never been a director, executive, or employee of the company or its parent company, subsidiaries or affiliates. An outside director is "independent" if that person can make decisions completely independent from the managers of the company, its parent, subsidiaries, or affiliates and does not have a material relationship with the company (*i.e.*, major client, trading partner, or other business relationship; familial relationship with current director or executive; etc.). The guidelines have incorporated these definitions in applying the board independence standards above.

Korea

- ☐ The funds will **withhold votes** from the entire board of directors if
 - · fewer than half of the directors are outside directors,
 - the board has not established a nominating committee with at least half of the members being outside directors, or
 - the board has not established an audit committee composed of at least three members and in which at least two-thirds of its members are outside directors.
- The funds will vote <u>withhold votes</u> from nominees to the audit committee if the board has not established an audit committee composed of (or proposed to be composed of) at least three members, and of which at least two-thirds of its members are (or will be) outside directors.

<u>Commentary</u>: For purposes of these guidelines, an "outside director" is a director that is independent from the management or controlling shareholders of the company, and holds no interests that might impair the performance his or her duties impartially with respect to the company, management or controlling shareholder. In determining whether a director is an outside director, the funds will also apply the standards included in Article 415-2(2) of the Korean Commercial Code (*i.e.*, no employment relationship with the company for a period of two years before serving on the committee, no director or employment relationship with the company's largest shareholder, etc.) and may consider other business relationships that would affect the independence of an outside director.

Malaysia

- The funds will withhold votes from the entire board of directors if
 - in the case of a board with an <u>independent director</u> serving as chair, fewer than one-third of the directors are <u>independent directors</u>; or, in the case of a board not chaired by an <u>independent director</u>, less than a majority of the directors are <u>independent directors</u>,
 - the board has not established audit and nominating committees with at least a majority of the members being <u>independent directors</u> and all of the members being <u>non-executive directors</u>, or
 - the board has not established a compensation committee with at least a majority of the members being <u>non-executive directors</u>.

<u>Commentary</u>. For purposes of these guidelines, an "independent director" is a director who has no material, financial or other current relationships with the company. In determining whether a director is independent, the funds will apply the standards included in the Malaysia Code of Corporate Governance, Commentary to Recommendation 3.1. A "non-executive director" is a director who does not take on primary responsibility for leadership of the company.

Russia

The funds will vote on a <u>case-by-case basis</u> for the election of nominees to the board of directors.

<u>Commentary</u>: In Russia, director elections are typically handled through a cumulative voting process. Cumulative voting allows shareholders to cast all of their votes for a single nominee for the board of directors, or to allocate their votes among nominees in any other way. In contrast, in "regular" voting, shareholders may not give more than one vote per share to any single nominee. Cumulative voting can help to strengthen the ability of minority shareholders to elect a director.

In Russia, as in some other emerging markets, standards of corporate governance are usually behind those in developed markets. Rather than vote against the entire board of directors, as the funds generally would in the case of a company whose board fails to meet the funds' standards for independence, the funds may, on a case by case basis, cast all of their votes for one or more independent director nominees. The funds believe that it is important to increase the number of independent directors on the boards of Russian companies to mitigate the risks associated with dominant shareholders.

Singapore

- ☐ The funds will withhold votes from the entire board of directors if
 - in the case of a board with an <u>independent director</u> serving as chair, fewer than one-third of the directors are <u>independent directors</u>; or, in the case of a board not chaired by an <u>independent</u> director, fewer than half of the directors are independent directors.
 - the board has not established audit and compensation committees, each with an <u>independent</u> <u>director</u> serving as chair, with at least a majority of the members being <u>independent directors</u>, and with all of the directors being <u>non-executive directors</u>, or
 - the board has not established a nominating committee, with an <u>independent director</u> serving as chair, and with at least a majority of the members being <u>independent directors</u>.

<u>Commentary</u>: For purposes of these guidelines, an "independent director" is a director that has no material, financial or other current relationships with the company. In determining whether a director is independent, the funds will apply the standards included in the Singapore Code of Corporate Governance, Guideline 2.3. A "non-executive director" is a director who is not employed with the company.

United Kingdom

- \square The funds will **withhold votes** from the entire board of directors if
 - fewer than half of the directors are independent non-executive directors,
 - the board has not established a nomination committee composed of a majority of independent non-executive directors, or
 - the board has not established compensation and audit committees composed of (1) at least three directors (in the case of smaller companies, two directors) and (2) solely independent non-executive directors, provided that, to the extent permitted under the United Kingdom's Combined Code on Corporate Governance, the company chairman may serve on (but not serve as chairman of) the compensation and audit committees if the chairman was considered independent upon his or her appointment as chairman.
- The funds will <u>withhold votes</u> from any nominee for director who is considered an independent director by the company and who has received compensation within the last three years from the

company other than for service as a director, such as investment banking, consulting, legal, or financial advisory fees.

The funds will vote <u>for</u> proposals to amend a company's articles of association to authorize boards to approve situations that might be interpreted to present potential conflicts of interest affecting a director.

Commentary:

Application of guidelines: Although the United Kingdom's Combined Code on Corporate Governance ("Combined Code") has adopted the "comply and explain" approach to corporate governance, the funds' Trustees believe that the guidelines discussed above with respect to board independence standards are integral to the protection of investors in U.K. companies. As a result, these guidelines will generally be applied in a prescriptive manner.

Definition of independence: For the purposes of these guidelines, a non-executive director shall be considered independent if the director meets the independence standards in section A.3.1 of the Combined Code (*i.e.*, no material business or employment relationships with the company, no remuneration from the company for non-board services, no close family ties with senior employees or directors of the company, etc.), except that the funds do not view service on the board for more than nine years as affecting a director's independence. Company chairmen in the U.K. are generally considered affiliated upon appointment as chairman due to the nature of the position of chairman. Consistent with the Combined Code, a company chairman who was considered independent upon appointment as chairman: may serve as a member of, but not as the chairman of, the compensation (remuneration) committee; and, in the case of smaller companies, may serve as a member of, but not as the chairman of, the audit committee.

Smaller companies: A smaller company is one that is below the FTSE 350 throughout the year immediately prior to the reporting year.

Conflicts of interest: The Companies Act 2006 requires a director to avoid a situation in which he or she has, or can have, a direct or indirect interest that conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the company. This broadly written requirement could be construed to prevent a director from becoming a trustee or director of another organization. Provided there are reasonable safeguards, such as the exclusion of the relevant director from deliberations, the funds believe that the board may approve this type of potential conflict of interest in its discretion.

All other jurisdictions

The funds will vote <u>for</u> supervisory board nominees when the supervisory board meets the funds' independence standards, otherwise the funds will vote <u>against</u> supervisory board nominees.

<u>Commentary</u>: Companies in many jurisdictions operate under the oversight of supervisory boards. In the absence of jurisdiction-specific guidelines, the funds will generally hold supervisory boards to the same standards of independence as it applies to boards of directors in the United States.

Contested Board Elections

Italy

The funds will vote <u>for</u> the management- or board-sponsored slate of nominees if the board meets the funds' independence standards, and <u>against</u> the management- or board-sponsored slate of nominees if the board does not meet the funds' independence standards; the funds will not vote on shareholder-proposed slates of nominees.

Commentary: Contested elections in Italy may involve a variety of competing slates of nominees. In

these circumstances, the funds will focus their analysis on the board- or management-sponsored slate.

Corporate Governance

- The funds will vote <u>for</u> proposals to change the size of a board if the board meets the funds' independence standards, and <u>against</u> proposals to change the size of a board if the board does not meet the funds' independence standards.
- The funds will vote <u>for</u> shareholder proposals calling for a majority of a company's directors to be independent of management.
- The funds will vote <u>for</u> shareholder proposals seeking to increase the independence of board nominating, audit, and compensation committees.
- The funds will vote <u>for</u> shareholder proposals that implement corporate governance standards similar to those established under U.S. federal law and the listing requirements of U.S. stock exchanges, and that do not otherwise violate the laws of the jurisdiction under which the company is incorporated.

Australia

The funds will vote on a <u>case-by-case basis</u> on board spill resolutions.

<u>Commentary:</u> The Corporations Amendment (Improving Accountability on Director and Executive Compensation) Bill 2011 provides that, if a company's remuneration report receives a "no" vote of 25% or more of all votes cast at two consecutive annual general meetings, at the second annual general meeting, a spill resolution must be proposed. If the spill resolution is approved (by simple majority), then a further meeting to elect a new board (excluding the managing director) must be held within 90 days. The funds will consider board spill resolutions on a case-by-case basis.

Europe

The funds will vote <u>for</u> proposals to ratify board acts, except that the funds will consider these proposals on a <u>case-by-case basis</u> if the funds' proxy voting service has recommended a vote against the proposal.

Taiwan

The funds will vote **against** proposals to release directors from their non-competition obligations (their obligations not to engage in any business that is competitive with the company), unless the proposal is narrowly drafted to permit directors to engage in a business that is competitive with the company only on behalf of a wholly-owned subsidiary of the company.

Compensation

- The funds will vote <u>for</u> proposals to approve annual directors' fees, except that the funds will consider these proposals on a <u>case-by-case basis</u> in each case in which the funds' proxy voting service has recommended a vote against such a proposal.
- The funds will vote <u>for</u> non-binding proposals to approve remuneration reports, except that the funds will vote <u>against</u> proposals to approve remuneration reports that indicate that awards under a long-term incentive plan are not linked to performance targets.

<u>Commentary:</u> Since proposals relating to directors' fees for non-U.S. issuers generally address relatively modest fees paid to non-executive directors, the funds generally support these proposals,

provided that the fees are consistent with directors' fees paid by the company's peers and do not otherwise appear unwarranted. Consistent with the approach taken for U.S. issuers, the funds generally favor compensation programs that relate executive compensation to a company's long-term performance and will support non-binding remuneration reports unless such a correlation is not made.

Europe and Asia ex-Japan

In the case of proposals that do not include sufficient information for determining average annual dilution, the funds will will vote <u>for</u> stock option and restricted stock plans that will result in an average gross potential dilution of 5% or less.

<u>Commentary:</u> Asia ex-Japan means China, Hong Kong, India, Indonesia, Korea, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, Taiwan and Thailand. In these markets, companies may not disclose the life of the plan and there may not be a specific number of shares requested; therefore, it may not be possible to determine the average annual dilution related to the plan and apply the funds' standard dilution test.

France

The funds will vote **for** an employee stock purchase plan or share save scheme that has the following features: (1) the shares purchased under the plan are acquired for no less than 70% of their market value; (2) the vesting period is greater than or equal to 10 years; (3) the offering period under the plan is 27 months or less; and (4) dilution is 10% or less.

<u>Commentary:</u> To conform to local market practice, the funds support plans or schemes at French issuers that permit the purchase of shares at up to a 30% discount (*i.e.*, shares may be purchased for no less than 70% of their market value). By comparison, for U.S. issuers, the funds do not support employee stock purchase plans that permit shares to be acquired at more than a 15% discount (*i.e.*, for less than 85% of their market value); in the United Kingdom, up to a 20% discount is permitted.

United Kingdom

The funds will vote <u>for</u> an employee stock purchase plan or share save scheme that has the following features: (1) the shares purchased under the plan are acquired for no less than 80% of their market value; (2) the offering period under the plan is 27 months or less; and (3) dilution is 10% or less.

<u>Commentary:</u> These are the same features that the funds require of employee stock purchase plans proposed by U.S. issuers, except that, to conform to local market practice, the funds support plans or schemes at United Kingdom issuers that permit the purchase of shares at up to a 20% discount (*i.e.*, shares may be purchased for no less than 80% of their market value). By comparison, for U.S. issuers, the funds do not support employee stock purchase plans that permit shares to be acquired at more than a 15% discount (*i.e.*, for less than 85% of their market value).

Capitalization

Unless a proposal is directly addressed by a country-specific guideline:

- ☐ The funds will vote **for** proposals
 - to issue additional common stock representing up to 20% of the company's outstanding common stock, where shareholders *do not* have preemptive rights, or
 - to issue additional common stock representing up to 100% of the company's outstanding common stock, where shareholders *do have* preemptive rights.

The funds will vote <u>for</u> proposals to authorize share repurchase programs that are recommended for approval by the funds' proxy voting service; otherwise, the funds will vote <u>against</u> such proposals.

Australia

- The funds will vote **for** proposals to carve out, from the general cap on non-pro rata share issues of 15% of total equity in a rolling 12-month period, a particular proposed issue of shares or a particular issue of shares made previously within the 12-month period, if the company's board meets the funds' independence standards; if the company's board does not meet the funds' independence standards, then the funds will vote **against** these proposals.
- The funds will vote <u>for</u> proposals to approve the grant of equity awards to directors, except that the funds will consider these proposals on a <u>case-by-case basis</u> if the funds' proxy voting service has recommended a vote against the proposal.

China

The funds will vote <u>for</u> proposals to issue and/or to trade in non-convertible, convertible and/or exchangeable debt obligations, except that the funds will consider these proposals on a <u>case-by-case basis</u> if the funds' proxy voting service has recommended a vote against the proposal.

Hong Kong

- The funds will vote <u>for</u> proposals to approve a general mandate permitting the company to engage in non-pro rata share issues of up to 20% of total equity in a year if the company's board meets the funds' independence standards; if the company's board does not meet the funds' independence standards, then the funds will vote <u>against</u> these proposals.
- The funds will **for** proposals to approve the reissuance of shares acquired by the company under a share repurchase program, provided that: (1) the funds supported (or would have supported, in accordance with these guidelines) the share repurchase program, (2) the reissued shares represent no more than 10% of the company's outstanding shares (measured immediately before the reissuance), and (3) the reissued shares are sold for no less than 85% of current market value.

France

- The funds will vote <u>for</u> proposals to increase authorized shares, except that the funds will consider these proposals on a <u>case-by-case basis</u> if the funds' proxy voting service has recommended a vote against the proposal.
- The funds will vote <u>against</u> proposals to authorize the issuance of common stock or convertible debt instruments and against proposals to authorize the repurchase and/or reissuance of shares where those authorizations may be used, without further shareholder approval, as anti-takeover measures.

New Zealand

The funds will vote <u>for</u> proposals to approve the grant of equity awards to directors, except that the funds will consider these proposals on a <u>case-by-case basis</u> if the funds' proxy voting service has recommended a vote against the proposal.

<u>Commentary</u>: In light of the prevalence of certain types of capitalization proposals in Australia, China, Hong Kong, France and New Zealand, the funds have adopted guidelines specific to those jurisdictions.

Other Business Matters

- \Box The funds will vote **for** proposals permitting companies to deliver reports and other materials electronically (e.g., via website posting).
- The funds will vote <u>for</u> proposals permitting companies to issue regulatory reports in English.
- The funds will vote <u>against</u> proposals to shorten shareholder meeting notice periods to fourteen days.

<u>Commentary:</u> Under Directive 2007/36/EC of the European Parliament and the Council of the European Union, companies have the option to request shareholder approval to set the notice period for special meetings at 14 days provided that certain electronic voting and communication requirements are met. The funds believe that the 14 day notice period is too short to provide overseas shareholders with sufficient time to analyze proposals and to participate meaningfully at special meetings and, as a result, have determined to vote against such proposals.

The funds will vote <u>for</u> proposals to amend a company's charter or bylaws, except that the funds will consider these proposals on a <u>case-by-case basis</u> if the funds' proxy voting service has recommended a vote against the proposal.

<u>Commentary:</u> If the substance of any proposed amendment is covered by a specific guideline included herein, then that guideline will govern.

France

- The funds will vote <u>for</u> proposals to approve a company's related party transactions, except that the funds will consider these proposals on a <u>case-by-case basis</u> if the funds' proxy voting service has recommended a vote against the proposal.
- If a company has not proposed an opt-out clause in its articles of association and the implementation of double-voting rights has not been approved by shareholders, the funds will vote **against** the ratification of board acts for the previous fiscal year, will **withhold votes** from the re-election of members of the board's governance committee (or in the absence of a governance committee, against the chair of the board or the next session board member up for re-election) and, if there is no opportunity to vote against ratification of board acts or to withhold votes from directors, will vote **against** the approval of the company's accounts and reports.

<u>Commentary:</u> In France, shareholders are generally requested to approve any agreement between the company and: (i) its directors, chair of the board, CEO and deputy CEOs; (ii) the members of the supervisory board and management board, for companies with a dual structure; and (iii) a shareholder who directly or indirectly owns at least 10% of the company's voting rights. This includes agreements under which compensation may be paid to executive officers after the end of their employment, such as severance payments, supplementary retirement plans and non-competition agreements. The funds will generally support these proposals unless the funds' proxy voting service recommends a vote against, in which case the funds will consider the proposal on a case-by-case basis.

Under French law, shareholders of French companies with shares held in registered form under the same name for at least two years will automatically be granted double-voting rights, unless a company has amended its articles of association to opt out of the double-voting rights regime. Awarding double-voting rights in this manner is likely to disadvantage non-French institutional shareholders. Accordingly, the funds will take actions to signal disapproval of double-voting rights at companies that have not opted-out from the double-voting rights regime and that have not obtained shareholder approval of the double-voting rights regime.

Germany

The funds will vote <u>in accordance with the recommendation of the company's board of directors</u> on shareholder countermotions added to a company's meeting agenda, unless the countermotion is directly addressed by one of the funds' other guidelines.

<u>Commentary:</u> In Germany, shareholders are able to add both proposals and countermotions to a meeting agenda. Countermotions, which must correspond to a proposal on the agenda, generally call for shareholders to oppose the existing proposal, although they may also propose separate voting decisions. Countermotions may be proposed by any shareholder and they are typically added throughout the period between the publication of the meeting agenda and the meeting date. This guideline reflects the funds' intention to focus on the original proposal, which is expected to be presented a reasonable period of time before the shareholder meeting so that the funds will have an appropriate opportunity to evaluate it.

The funds will vote <u>for</u> proposals to approve profit-and-loss transfer agreements between a controlling company and its subsidiaries.

<u>Commentary:</u> These agreements are customary in Germany and are typically entered into for tax purposes. In light of this and the prevalence of these proposals, the funds have adopted a guideline to vote for this type of proposal.

Taiwan

The funds will vote <u>for</u> proposals to amend a Taiwanese company's procedural rules.

<u>Commentary:</u> Since procedural rules, which address such matters as a company's policies with respect to capital loans, endorsements and guarantees, and acquisitions and disposal of assets, are generally adopted or amended to conform to changes in local regulations governing these transactions, the funds have adopted a guideline to vote for these transactions.

As adopted January 23, 2015

Proxy voting procedures of the Putnam funds

The proxy voting procedures below explain the role of the funds' Trustees, proxy voting service and Director of Proxy Voting and Corporate Governance ("Proxy Voting Director"), as well as how the process will work when a proxy question needs to be handled on a case-by-case basis, or when there may be a conflict of interest.

The role of the funds' Trustees

The Trustees of the Putnam funds exercise control of the voting of proxies through their Board Policy and Nominating Committee, which is composed entirely of independent Trustees. The Board Policy and Nominating Committee oversees the proxy voting process and participates, as needed, in the resolution of issues that need to be handled on a case-by-case basis. The Committee annually reviews and recommends, for Trustee approval, guidelines governing the funds' proxy votes, including how the funds vote on specific proposals and which matters are to be considered on a case-by-case basis. The Trustees are assisted in this process by their independent administrative staff ("Office of the Trustees"), independent legal counsel, and an independent proxy voting service. The Trustees also receive assistance from Putnam Investment Management, LLC ("Putnam Management"), the funds' investment advisor, on matters involving investment judgments. In all cases, the ultimate decision on voting proxies rests with the Trustees, acting as fiduciaries on behalf of the shareholders of the funds.

The role of the proxy voting service

The funds have engaged an independent proxy voting service to assist in the voting of proxies. The proxy voting service is responsible for coordinating with the funds' custodian(s) to ensure that all proxy materials received by the custodians relating to the funds' portfolio securities are processed in a timely fashion. To the extent applicable, the proxy voting service votes all proxies in accordance with the proxy voting guidelines established by the Trustees. The proxy voting service will refer proxy questions to the Proxy Voting Director for instructions under circumstances where: (1) the application of the proxy voting guidelines is unclear; (2) a particular proxy question is not covered by the guidelines; or (3) the guidelines call for specific instructions on a case-by-case basis. The proxy voting service is also requested to call to the attention of the Proxy Voting Director specific proxy questions that, while governed by a guideline, appear to involve unusual or controversial issues. The funds also utilize research services relating to proxy questions provided by the proxy voting service and by other firms.

The role of the Proxy Voting Director

The Proxy Voting Director, a member of the Office of the Trustees, assists in the coordination and voting of the funds' proxies. The Proxy Voting Director will deal directly with the proxy voting service and, in the case of proxy questions referred by the proxy voting service, will solicit voting recommendations and instructions from the Office of the Trustees, the Chair of the Board Policy and Nominating Committee, and Putnam Management's investment professionals, as appropriate. The Proxy Voting Director is responsible for ensuring that these questions and referrals are responded to in a timely fashion and for transmitting appropriate voting instructions to the proxy voting service. In addition, the Proxy Voting Director is the contact person for receiving recommendations from Putnam Management's investment professionals with respect to any proxy question in circumstances where the investment professional believes that the interests of fund shareholders warrant a vote contrary to the fund's proxy voting quidelines.

On occasion, representatives of a company in which the funds have an investment may wish to meet with the company's shareholders in advance of the company's shareholder meeting, typically to explain and to provide the company's perspective on the proposals up for consideration at the meeting. As a general matter, the Proxy Voting Director will participate in meetings with these company representatives.

Voting procedures for referral items

As discussed above, the proxy voting service will refer proxy questions to the Proxy Voting Director under certain circumstances. Unless the referred proxy question involves investment considerations (*i.e.*, the proxy question might be seen as having a bearing on the economic interests of a shareholder in the company), the Proxy Voting Director will assist in interpreting the guidelines and, if necessary, consult with a senior staff member of the Office of the Trustees and/or the Chair of the Board Policy and Nominating Committee on how the funds' shares will be voted.

For referred proxy questions that involve investment considerations, the Proxy Voting Director will refer such questions, through an electronic request form, to Putnam Management's investment professionals for a voting recommendation. Such referrals will be made in cooperation with the person or persons designated by Putnam Management's Legal and Compliance Department to assist in processing such referral items. In connection with each item referred to Putnam Management's investment professionals, the Legal and Compliance Department will conduct a conflicts of interest review, as described below under "Conflicts of interest," and provide electronically a conflicts of interest report (the "Conflicts Report") to the Proxy Voting Director describing the results of such review. After receiving a referral item from the Proxy Voting Director, Putnam Management's investment professionals will provide a recommendation electronically to the Proxy Voting Director and the person or persons designated by the Legal and Compliance Department to assist in processing referral items. Such recommendation will set forth (1) how the proxies should be voted; and (2) any contacts the investment professionals have had with respect to the referral item with non-investment personnel of Putnam Management or with outside parties (except for routine communications from proxy solicitors). The Proxy Voting Director will review the recommendation of Putnam Management's investment professionals (and the related Conflicts Report) in determining how to vote the funds' proxies. The

Proxy Voting Director will maintain a record of all proxy questions that have been referred to Putnam Management's investment professionals, the voting recommendation, and the Conflicts Report.

In some situations, the Proxy Voting Director may determine that a particular proxy question raises policy issues requiring consultation with the Chair of the Board Policy and Nominating Committee, who, in turn, may decide to bring the particular proxy question to the Committee or the full Board of Trustees for consideration.

Conflicts of interest

Occasions may arise where a person or organization involved in the proxy voting process may have a conflict of interest. A conflict of interest may exist, for example, if Putnam Management has a business relationship with (or is actively soliciting business from) either the company soliciting the proxy or a third party that has a material interest in the outcome of a proxy vote or that is actively lobbying for a particular outcome of a proxy vote. Any individual with knowledge of a personal conflict of interest (e.g., familial relationship with company management) relating to a particular referral item shall disclose that conflict to the Proxy Voting Director and the Legal and Compliance Department and otherwise remove himself or herself from the proxy voting process. The Legal and Compliance Department will review each item referred to Putnam Management's investment professionals to determine if a conflict of interest exists and will provide the Proxy Voting Director with a Conflicts Report for each referral item that (1) describes any conflict of interest; (2) discusses the procedures used to address such conflict of interest; and (3) discloses any contacts from parties outside Putnam Management (other than routine communications from proxy solicitors) with respect to the referral item not otherwise reported in an investment professional's recommendation. The Conflicts Report will also include written confirmation that any recommendation from an investment professional provided under circumstances where a conflict of interest exists was made solely on the investment merits and without regard to any other consideration.

As adopted March 11, 2005 and revised June 12, 2009 and January 24, 2014.

Item 8. Portfolio Managers of Closed-End Management Investment Companies

(a)(1) **Portfolio Managers.** The officers of Putnam Management identified below are primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the fund's portfolio as of the filing date of this report.

Portfolio Leaders	Joined Fund	Employer	Positions Over Past Five Years
Eric Harthun	2008	Putnam Management 2000 – Present	Portfolio Manager
Robert Salvin	2004	Putnam Management 2000 – Present	Portfolio Manager

(a)(2) Other Accounts Managed by the Fund's Portfolio Managers.

The following table shows the number and approximate assets of other investment accounts (or portions of investment accounts) that the fund's Portfolio Managers managed as of the fund's most recent fiscal year-end. Unless noted, none of the other accounts pays a fee based on the account's performance.

Portfolio Leader or Member	Other SEC-registered open-end and closed-end funds		Other accounts that pool assets from more than one client		Other accounts (including separate accounts, managed account programs and single-sponsor defined contribution plan offerings)	
	Number of accounts	Assets	Number of accounts	Assets	Number of accounts	Assets
Erik Harthun	6	\$1,651,300,000	2	\$20,100,000	4	\$392,400,000
Robert Salvin	14	\$4,241,600,000	19*	\$2,404,300,000	9	\$2,055,900,000

* : 1 account, with total assets of \$31,200,000, pay an advisory fee based on account performance.

<u>Potential conflicts of interest in managing multiple accounts.</u> Like other investment professionals with multiple clients, the fund's Portfolio Managers may face certain potential conflicts of interest in connection with managing both the fund and the other accounts listed under "Other Accounts Managed by the Fund's Portfolio Managers" at the same time. The paragraphs below describe some of these potential conflicts, which Putnam Management believes are faced by investment professionals at most major financial firms. As described below, Putnam Management and the Trustees of the Putnam funds have adopted compliance policies and procedures that attempt to address certain of these potential conflicts.

The management of accounts with different advisory fee rates and/or fee structures, including accounts that pay advisory fees based on account performance ("performance fee accounts"), may raise potential conflicts of interest by creating an incentive to favor higher-fee accounts. These potential conflicts may include, among others:

- The most attractive investments could be allocated to higher-fee accounts or performance fee accounts.
- The trading of higher-fee accounts could be favored as to timing and/or execution price. For example, higher-fee accounts could be permitted to sell securities earlier than other accounts when a prompt sale is desirable or to buy securities at an earlier and more opportune time.
- The trading of other accounts could be used to benefit higher-fee accounts (front-running).
- The investment management team could focus their time and efforts primarily on higher-fee accounts due to a personal stake in compensation.

Putnam Management attempts to address these potential conflicts of interest relating to higher-fee accounts through various compliance policies that are generally intended to place all accounts, regardless of fee structure, on the same footing for investment management purposes. For example, under Putnam Management's policies:

- Performance fee accounts must be included in all standard trading and allocation procedures with all other accounts.
- All accounts must be allocated to a specific category of account and trade in parallel with allocations of similar accounts based on the procedures generally applicable to all accounts in those groups (e.g., based on relative risk budgets of accounts).
- All trading must be effected through Putnam's trading desks and normal queues and procedures must be followed (i.e., no special treatment is permitted for performance fee accounts or higher-fee accounts based on account fee structure).
- Front running is strictly prohibited.
- The fund's Portfolio Manager(s) may not be guaranteed or specifically allocated any portion of a performance fee.

As part of these policies, Putnam Management has also implemented trade oversight and review procedures in order to monitor whether particular accounts (including higher-fee accounts or performance fee accounts) are being favored over time.

Potential conflicts of interest may also arise when the Portfolio Manager(s) have personal investments in other accounts that may create an incentive to favor those accounts. As a general matter and subject to limited exceptions, Putnam Management's investment professionals do not have the opportunity to invest in client accounts, other than the Putnam funds. However, in the ordinary course of business, Putnam Management or related persons may from time to time establish "pilot" or "incubator" funds for the purpose of testing proposed investment strategies and products prior to offering them to clients. These pilot accounts may be in the form of registered investment companies, private funds such as partnerships or separate accounts established by Putnam Management or an affiliate. Putnam Management or an affiliate supplies the funding for these accounts. Putnam employees, including the fund's Portfolio Manager(s), may also invest in certain pilot accounts. Putnam Management, and to the extent applicable, the Portfolio Manager(s) will benefit from the favorable investment performance of those funds and accounts. Pilot funds and accounts may, and frequently do, invest in the same securities as the client accounts. Putnam Management's policy is to treat pilot accounts in the same manner as client accounts for purposes of trading allocation – neither favoring nor disfavoring them except as is legally required. For example, pilot accounts are normally included in Putnam Management's daily block trades to the same extent as client accounts (except that pilot accounts do not participate in initial public offerings).

A potential conflict of interest may arise when the fund and other accounts purchase or sell the same securities. On occasions when the Portfolio Manager(s) consider the purchase or sale of a security to be in the best interests of the fund as well as other accounts, Putnam Management's trading desk may, to the extent permitted by applicable laws and regulations, aggregate the securities to be sold or purchased in order to obtain the best execution and lower brokerage commissions, if any. Aggregation of trades may create the potential for unfairness to the fund or another account if one account is favored over another in allocating the securities purchased or sold – for example, by allocating a disproportionate amount of a security that is likely to increase in value to a favored account. Putnam Management's trade allocation policies generally provide that each day's transactions in securities that are purchased or sold by multiple accounts are, insofar as possible, averaged as to price and allocated between such accounts (including the fund) in a manner which in Putnam Management's opinion is equitable to each account and in accordance with the amount being purchased or sold by each account. Certain exceptions exist for specialty, regional or sector accounts. Trade allocations are reviewed on a periodic basis as part of Putnam Management's trade oversight procedures in an attempt to ensure fairness over time across accounts.

"Cross trades," in which one Putnam account sells a particular security to another account (potentially saving transaction costs for both accounts), may also pose a potential conflict of interest. Cross trades may be seen to involve a potential conflict of interest if, for example, one account is permitted to sell a security to another account at a higher price than an independent third party would pay, or if such trades result in more attractive investments being allocated to higher-fee accounts. Putnam Management and the fund's Trustees have adopted compliance procedures that provide that any transactions between the fund and another Putnam-advised account are to be made at an independent current market price, as required by law.

Another potential conflict of interest may arise based on the different investment objectives and strategies of the fund and other accounts. For example, another account may have a shorter-term investment horizon or different investment objectives, policies or restrictions than the fund. Depending on another account's objectives or other factors, the Portfolio Manager(s) may give advice and make decisions that may differ from advice given, or the timing or nature of decisions made, with respect to the fund. In addition, investment decisions are the product of many factors in addition to basic suitability for the particular account involved. Thus, a particular security may be bought or sold for certain accounts even though it could have been bought or sold for other accounts at the same time. More rarely, a particular security may be bought for one or more accounts managed by the Portfolio Manager(s) when one or more other accounts are selling the security (including short sales). There may be circumstances when purchases or sales of portfolio securities for one or more accounts may have an adverse effect on other accounts. As noted above, Putnam Management has implemented trade oversight and review procedures to monitor whether any account is systematically favored over time.

The fund's Portfolio Manager(s) may also face other potential conflicts of interest in managing the fund, and the description above is not a complete description of every conflict that could be deemed to exist in managing both the fund and other accounts.

(a)(3) **Compensation of portfolio managers.** Putnam's goal for our products and investors is to deliver strong performance versus peers or performance ahead of benchmark, depending on the product, over a rolling 3-year period. Portfolio managers are evaluated and compensated, in part, based on their performance relative to this goal across the products they manage. In addition to their individual performance, evaluations take into account the performance of their group and a subjective component.

Each portfolio manager is assigned an industry competitive incentive compensation target consistent with this goal and evaluation framework. Actual incentive compensation may be higher or lower than the target, based on individual, group, and subjective performance, and may also reflect the performance of Putnam as a firm. Typically, performance is measured over the lesser of three years or the length of time a portfolio manager has managed a product.

Incentive compensation includes a cash bonus and may also include grants of deferred cash, stock or options. In addition to incentive compensation, portfolio managers receive fixed annual salaries typically based on level of responsibility and experience.

For this fund, the peer group Putnam compares fund performance against is its broad investment category as determined by Lipper Inc. and identified in the shareholder report included in Item 1.

(a)(4) **Fund ownership.** The following table shows the dollar ranges of shares of the fund owned by the professionals listed above at the end of the fund's last two fiscal years, including investments by their immediate family members and amounts invested through retirement and deferred compensation plans.

* : Assets in the fund

Year \$0 \$0-\$10,000 \$10,001-\$50,000 \$50,001-\$100,000 \$100,001-\$500,000 \$500,001-\$1,000,000

\$1,000,00 and ove

Harthum, Eric N	2015	*	
	2014	*	
Salvin, Robert L	2015	k	k
	2014	ĸ	k

(b) Not applicable

<u>Item 9. Purchases of Equity Securities by Closed-End Management Investment Companies and Affiliated Purchasers:</u>

Registrant Purchase of Equity Securities

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Announced	Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares hat May Yet Be Purchased under the Plans or Programs**
September 1 – September 30, 2014	150,899	\$8.46	150,899	880,036
October 1 – October 7, 2014	_	. <u> </u>		- 880,036
October 8 – October 31, 2014	78,457	\$8.12	78,457	1,493,240
November 1 – November 30, 2014	89,886	\$8.37	89,886	1,403,354
December 1 – December 31, 2014	131,545	\$8.09	131,545	1,271,809
January 1 – January 31, 2015	117,015	\$8.14	117,015	1,154,794
February 1 – February 28, 2015	84,627	\$8.28	84,627	1,070,167
March 1 – March 31, 2015	113,950	\$8.20	113,950	956,217
April 1 – April 30, 2015	86,058	\$8.25	86,058	870,159
May 1 – May 31, 2015	91,457	\$8.21	91,457	778,702
June 1 – June 30, 2015	76,019	\$8.01	76,019	702,683
July 1 – July 31, 2015	68,359	\$7.75	68,359	634,324
August 1 – August 31, 2015	131,304	\$7.42	131,304	503,020

- * In October 2005, the Board of Trustees of the Putnam Funds initiated the closed-end fund share repurchase program, which, as subsequently amended, authorized the fund to repurchase of up to 10% of its fund's outstanding common shares over the two-years ending October 5, 2007. The Trustees have subsequently renewed the program on an annual basis. The program renewed by the Board in September 2013, which was in effect between October 8, 2013 and October 7, 2014, allowed the fund to repurchase up to 1,648,548 of its shares. The program renewed by the Board in September 2014, which is in effect between October 8, 2014 and October 7, 2015, allows the fund to repurchase up to 1,571,697 of its shares.
- ** Information prior to October 7, 2014 is based on the total number of shares eligible for repurchase under the program, as amended through September 2013. Information from October 8, 2014 forward is based on the total number of shares eligible for repurchase under the program, as amended through September 2014.

In September 2015, the Trustees approved the renewal of the repurchase program of the fund to repurchase up to 10% of its outstanding common shares over the 12-month period ending October 7, 2016 (based on shares outstanding as of October 7, 2015).

Item 10. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders:

Not applicable

Item 11. Controls and Procedures:

- (a) The registrant's principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded, based on their evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days of the filing date of this report, that the design and operation of such procedures are generally effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the registrant in this report is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms.
- (b) Changes in internal control over financial reporting: Not applicable

Item 12. Exhibits:

- (a)(1) The Code of Ethics of The Putnam Funds, which incorporates the Code of Ethics of Putnam Investments, is filed herewith.
- (a)(2) Separate certifications for the principal executive officer and principal financial officer of the registrant as required by Rule 30a-2(a) under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, are filed herewith.
- (b) The certifications required by Rule 30a-2(b) under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, are filed herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Putnam High Income Securities Fund

By (Signature and Title):

<u>/s/ Janet C. Smith</u> Janet C. Smith Principal Accounting Officer

Date: October 29, 2015

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By (Signature and Title):

<u>/s/ Jonathan S. Horwitz</u> Jonathan S. Horwitz Principal Executive Officer

Date: October 29, 2015

By (Signature and Title):

<u>/s/ Steven D. Krichmar</u> Steven D. Krichmar Principal Financial Officer

Date: October 29, 2015