## STANDARD ENERGY CORP

Form 10QSB November 09, 2007

U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED September 30, 2007

OR

[ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER: 0-9336

STANDARD ENERGY CORPORATION

(Name of Small Business Issuer as specified in its charter)

Utah 87-0338149
(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

447 Bearcat Drive

Salt Lake City, Utah 84115-2517 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Issuer's telephone number, including area code: (801) 364-9000

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act: None

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act: \$.01 Par Value Common Stock

Check whether the Issuer (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act") during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No .

Common Stock outstanding at November 9, 2007: 189,346,974 shares of \$0.01 par value Common Stock.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:

None

1 FORM 10-OSB

Financial Statements and Schedules

STANDARD ENERGY CORPORATION

For six months Ended September 30, 2007

The following table of contents of financial statements and other information of the registrant and its consolidated subsidiaries are submitted herewith:

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PART I - ITEM 1

STANDARD ENERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS

	2007 (Unaudited)	2007		
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable Marketable Securities	\$ 37,516 8,068 68,625	\$ 27,503 8,510 347.919		
Total Current Assets	114,209	383,932		
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net	115,807	123,096		
OTHER ASSETS				
Cash surrender value - life insurance Oil and gas leases held for resale Pledged drilling bonds	20,804 49,754 25,000	20,804 49,754 25,000		
Total Other Assets	95,558	95 <b>,</b> 558		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 325,574	\$ 602,586		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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## STANDARD ENERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Continued)

## LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

CURRENT LIABILITIES	September 30 2007 (Unaudited)	March 31 2007
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Revolving lines of credit Notes payable current portion	\$ 35,887 102,925 9,300	\$ 55,778 269,376 9,576
Total Current Liabilities	148,112	334,730
LONG TERM DEBT		
Note payable	34,009	37,415

Total Long Term Debt		34,009		37,415
Total Liabilities		182,121		372 <b>,</b> 145
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Preferred stock, par value \$.01 per share: 10,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share: 200,000,000 shares authorized, 189,346,974 and 187,846,974 shares		0		0
issued and outstanding respectively	1	,893,469	1	,878,469
Additional paid-in capital	8	,043,591	7	,996,091
Treasury stock		(83 <b>,</b> 253)		(83,253)
Accumulated other comprehensive income		(24,197)		27,069
Accumulated deficit	(9	,686,157)	(9	,587,935)
Total Stockholders' Equity		143,453		230,441
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	325,574	\$	602,586

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# 4 STANDARD ENERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended		For the For the Six Months Six Months Ended Ended September 30, September 2007 200		ix Months Ended	
REVENUES						
Oil and gas services Oil production		1,050 5,592	\$	900 33 <b>,</b> 348		
Total Revenues	2	6,642		34,248		
EXPENSES						
Oil and gas activities Depreciation, depletion and amortization Biofuels project costs General and administrative	6	7,314 7,289 3,780 8,504		3,798 3,603 77,975 55,345		
Total Expenses	16	6 <b>,</b> 887		140,721		
OPERATING LOSS	(14	0,245)		(106,473)		

OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)

Interest and other income Gain on sale of marketable securities Interest expense	5,467 47,088 (10,532)	662 33,191 (5,911)
Total Other Income (Expense)	42,023	27,942
NET LOSS	(98,222)	(78,531)
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities Total Comprehensive Loss	(51,266) \$ (149,488)	25,339 \$ (53,192)
BASIC LOSS PER SHARE OF COMMON STOCK	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES OUTSTANDING	186,907,915	186,499,554

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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STANDARD ENERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2007	
REVENUES	2007	2000
Oil and gas services Oil production	\$ 450 14,803	\$ 450 19,278
Total Revenues	15,253	19,728
EXPENSES		
Oil and gas activities Depreciation, depletion and amortization Biofuels project costs General and administrative	(5,408) 3,645 25,971 23,529	(4,476) 2,244 54,714 22,111
Total Expenses	47,737	74,593
OPERATING LOSS	(32,484)	(54,865)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)		
Interest and other income Gain on sale of marketable securities Interest expense	4,394 0 (4,319)	407 (5,309) (3,237)
Total Other Income (Expense)	75	(8,139)
NET LOSS	(32,409)	(63,004)

Change in unrealized loss on marketable				
securities		(24, 197)		(23,592)
Total Comprehensive Loss	\$	(56,606)	\$	(86,596)
BASIC LOSS PER SHARE OF COMMON STOCK	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.00)
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES				
OUTSTANDING	187	,005,206	186	<b>,</b> 499 <b>,</b> 554

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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## STANDARD ENERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

(ollaudiced)				
	Mon	the Six ths Ended tember 30, 2007	Mon	the Six ths Ended tember 30, 2006
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net loss	\$	(98 <b>,</b> 222)	\$	(78,531)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to				
net cash used by operating activities:				
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		7,289		3,604
Contributed capital for services				
rendered by an officer		25,000		25,000
Realized gain on sale of marketable		(47,000)		(22 101)
securities		(47,088)		(33, 191)
Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		442		(411)
Increase (decrease) in accounts		442		(411)
payable and accrued expenses		(19,891)		2,168
Net Cash Used by		(19,091)		2,100
Operating Activities		(132,470)		(81,361)
operating necessities		(132) 170)		(01/001)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from sale of marketable				
securities		367,938		146,708
Payments for purchase of marketable				
securities		(92,822)		(98,138)
Payments for purchase of fixed assets		0		(26,597)
Net cash provided by Investing Activities		275,116		21,973
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Payments on notes payable & lines of credit		(170 <b>,</b> 133)		(2,518)
Proceeds from sale of stock		37 <b>,</b> 500		0
Proceeds from notes payable & lines of				
credit		0		22,874
Net Cash Provided by (used by)		(100 600)		00 056
Financing activities		(132,633)		20,356
NET INCREASE IN CASH		10,013		(39,032)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD		27,503		47,005
CASH AT END OF PERIOD	\$	37 <b>,</b> 516	\$	7,973
OTTO II TIND OF THISTON	Y	J / , J ± 0	Y	1,513

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION

CASH PAID FOR:

011011 111120 1 011.		
Interest	\$ 4,389	\$ 0
Income Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0
NON CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Contributed capital for services rendered		
by an officer	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. 7

STANDARD ENERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2007 (Unaudited)

#### NOTE A - BASIS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements have been prepared by the Company pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted in accordance with such rules and regulations. The information furnished in the interim condensed financial statements include normal recurring adjustments and reflects all adjustments, which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of such financial statements. Although management believes the disclosures and information presented are adequate to make the information not misleading, it is suggested that these interim condensed financial statements be read in conjunction with the Company's most recent audited financial statements and notes thereto included in its March 31, 2007 Annual Report on Form 10-KSB. Operating results for the six months ended September 30, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending March 31, 2008.

#### NOTE B - GOING CONCERN

These financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. The Company has incurred significant losses in the past which have resulted in working capital and accumulated deficits. These deficits have been caused primarily from the Company's investment in Biomass International, Inc. (a development stage company) and significantly reduced revenues from sales of its oil and gas leasehold interests and information services. Because of the currently changing conditions in the oil and gas industry, coupled with the Company's cash flow difficulties, the Company's ability to retain and ultimately recover its investments in oil and gas leaseholds held for resale and other assets of the Company, is uncertain at this time. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in this regard are to seek additional financing through loans or through the issuance of equity securities and to seek increased sales related to its oil and gas businesses. However, management can give no assurance that it will be successful in its endeavor to resolve its cash flow difficulties or that it will be able to retain and ultimately recover its cost in oil and gas leaseholds held for resale and the other assets of the Company. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverably and classification of liabilities, income or expenses that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

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#### NOTE C - CAR AND USE OF COMPANY CREDIT CARD

The Company continues to provide Rowell with credit cards and two automobiles at a cost of approximately \$10,000 per year, this cost will increase as needed by Mr. Rowell.

#### NOTE D - LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

On August 30, 2007 a Complaint of Civil Action was filed in the Third Judicial District Court, State of Utah in and for the County of Salt Lake. Salt Lake Department, against Standard Energy Corporation (the "Company"), and Dean W. Rowell, individually ("its affiliates"). The Complaint alleges that the Company and its affiliates failed to make payments as required by said Contract with Wells Fargo Bank. The Complaint asserts a claim for an the sum of \$105,243.55, plus interest thereafter at the Contract rate of 19.80% per annum, until paid in full and a claim for court-ordered attorneys costs. The Company and its affiliates believe the Complaint to be highly inflated and will vigorously defend its position. The Company and its affiliates have discussed this case with its attorneys and believe that the amount accrued on the balance sheet is more than enough to cover the claim. The Company and its affiliates have engaged the law firm of Cohne, Rappaport & Segal to represent their interest in this matter.

#### NOTE E - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Diane Neeley and Karen Rowell are Mr. Rowell's daughters. Mr. Rowell hired them on an as needed consulting basis for additional research and marketing. They bill the Company as services are rendered. Ms. Neeley is paid \$30 per hour and Ms. Rowell bills the Company per project on a agreed upon project amount. The cost to the Company during the period ended September 30, 2007 was approximately \$11,257.00.

PART I - ITEM 2

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

General

The Company's principal business is, and historically has been, the acquisition of unproven oil and gas leaseholds, with the intent of reselling or drilling and developing such leaseholds with third-parties. Historically, the Company has acquired primarily federal oil and gas leaseholds through the BLM leasing program. The Company also obtains leases through purchases in competitive bidding programs offered by various state agencies, principally the States of Utah and Wyoming.

Fundamentally, the Company has three principal businesses. They are its traditional oil and gas lease activities, its producing and non-producing lease and royalty holdings and its "Biofuel Projects".

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During the 2008 fiscal period, the Company continues to research and develop (R&D) its Biofuel Technologies for the recycle of ordinary municipal solid waste (MSW), garbage, trash, paper and plastic material streams into recycled saleable products and the recovery of cellulosic

materials ("Celmat") believed by the Company to be convertible into:
 Approximately (1/3) lignin fuel for generating electric power,
 Approximately (1/3) commercial-grade bottled CO2 gas,
 Approximately (1/3) ethanol-based E85 gasoline.

As a result of its R&D efforts management believes that the Company has developed what appears to be a commercial application of its biofuel technologies for the future recovery of Celmat inorganic materials from the recycle of "Municipal Waste". A Biofuels Project would most likely be located in the western and Northeast U.S. where Municipal Waste landfills and transfer stations charge the highest dump rates ("Tip Fee") in the U.S. for the disposal of Municipal Waste and other cellulosic waste materials.

There can be no assurance that the required capital will be available to construct a Biofuels Project and there can be no assurance that the biofuels technologies will perform on a commercial basis. The Company's future operating results will depend on its ability to obtain adequate financing to construct a Biofuels Project. Expenses incurred for a Biofuels Project would be accounted for under line item "Biofuel Project Costs".

#### Results of Operations

The Company realized revenues of \$26,642 for the six-month period ended September 30, 2007, compared with \$34,248 for the corresponding period ended September 30, 2006. Cash requirements during the period were obtained from a combination of internally generated cash flow from operations, loans, asset sales, and the sale of Rule 144 investment stock to private individuals.

Revenues from the Company's oil and gas lease services were \$1,050 for the six-month period ended September 30, 2007, compared with \$900 for the corresponding period ended September 30, 2006. Recent world crude oil and natural gas price increases may stimulate domestic drilling activity which would, once again, create a need for the Company's geologic information services. Revenue from oil production was \$25,592 for the six-month period ended September 30, 2007, compared to \$33,348 for the corresponding period ended September 30, 2006.

The Company incurred expenses related to its oil and gas activities were \$7,314 for the six-month period ended September 30, 2007, compared to \$3,798 for the comparable period ended September 30, 2006. General and administrative expenses for the period ended September 30, 2007 were \$88,504, compared to \$55,345 for the comparable period ended September 30, 2006. These low figures reflect the Company's basic inactivity in its oil and gas sector.

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During the 2005 fiscal period, the Company created a line item for R&D costs to better distinguish expenses between general and administrative expenses and the expenses related to its various biofuels plant projects. These costs are being accounted for under line item Biofuel Project Costs and were \$63,780 for the six-month period ended September 30, 2007, compared to \$77,975 for the comparable period ended September 30, 2006.

The Company's net loss for the six-month period ended September 30, 2007 was (\$98,222), compared to a net loss of (\$78,531) for the comparable six-month period ended September 30, 2006, and the Company expects to operate at a loss for the 2008 fiscal period, due to continued R&D costs incurred for a Biofuels Project, and costs related to its oil and gas

business.

The Company does not expect to realize significant cash flows from its oil and gas activities during fiscal 2008, nor does it expect significant leasehold sales in the foreseeable future, as the domestic oil industry activity continues to change due to uncertain world crude oil and natural gas price fluctuations.

The Company has available at March 31, 2007, unused tax operating loss carry forward of approximately \$2,100,000 that may be applied against future taxable income through 2027. No tax benefit has been reported in the financial statements, because the Company believes there is a 50% or greater chance the carry forwards will expire unused. Accordingly, the potential tax benefits of the loss carry forwards are offset by a valuation account of the same amount.

Financial Condition

On January 11, 2007, Delta Petroleum Corp's (Delta) website deltapetro. com/PressRelease reported . . .

"The GreenTown State 32-42 has been completed in 8 of 12 pay intervals, and production tested at a combined rate of 2.0 million cubic feet of gas per day (Mmcfg/d) and 500 barrels of condensate per day (Bc/d)." And said further . . .

"The GreenTown State 36-11 has been completed in 2 of 12 pay intervals, and production tested at a combined rate of 4.5 Mmcfg/d and 125 Bc/d" and that "the wells are located 7.5 miles apart yet appear very analogous, with 1,077 and 906 feet of potential productive clastics, respectively, over the 12 separate intervals".

Delta also said "it is projecting that future wells will be drilled to an average depth of 9,800' for expected costs of \$3.0 to \$3.5 million each. Initial expectations are that wells will be drilled on 80-acre spacing. Numerous well locations are being permitted and drilling activity should resume within the next 60 days."

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The Company and its affiliate, Trachyte, own 100% interest in approximately 6,000 adjacent federal, state and fee lands to the Delta 32-42 and 36-11 discovery wellls which could be of great potential importance to future Company operations.

Management continues to explore additional financing alternatives for ongoing and future operations of the Company. There is no assurance that the efforts of management to locate and secure additional financing will be successful, and the failure to secure a Biofuels Project financing would substantially alter management's assumptions as herein presented.

Revenue decreases in the Company's overall oil and gas lease royalties reflect the effects of depletion and the worldwide fluctuation of oil and gas prices. The fluctuation of oil and gas prices could also cause a fluctuation of the amount of oil/gas produced by the several and various well operators.

The Company had limited participation in the Leasing Programs for the six-month period ended September 30, 2007, except through its participation agreements with certain unrelated third parties on a limited basis, due to

limited availability of funds and presently has limited funds available to participate in the Leasing Programs. The Company's limited ability to participate in the BLM's leasing program and to obtain oil and gas leaseholds for resale could continue to effect its future operations.

The Company's most significant assets are its oil and gas production income, its oil and gas leaseholds held for resale, approximating 14,000 net acres at September 30, 2007, including leaseholds acquired under its unrelated third-party agreements and its plan for the full development of a Biofuels Project.

There can be no assurance that the required capital will be available to construct a Biofuels Project and there can be no assurance that the biofuels technologies will perform on a commercial basis. The Company's future operating results will depend on its ability to obtain adequate financing to construct a Biofuels Project. Expenses incurred for a Biofuels Project would be accounted for under line item "Biofuel Project Costs".

In order to continue in existence the Company is in need of additional financing from outside sources or from internal operations. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management can give no assurances that it will be successful in its endeavors to resolve its cash flow difficulties or that it will be able to retain and ultimately recover its costs in oil and gas leaseholds held for resale. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the amounts and classification of assets, liabilities, income or expenses that might be necessary should the Company be unable to successfully resolve these uncertainties and continue in existence.

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The Company foresees a need for additional equity financing in order to continue in existence, and may, in the future, seek to raise additional funds through asset sales, bank and/or other loans, debt, or equity offerings. Any such equity offerings, asset sales, or other financing may either be private or public and may result in substantial dilution to the then existing shareholders of the Company. Because of uncertainties existing in the domestic oil and gas industry and a Biofuels Project, the Company is not in a position to forecast future earnings or cash flow. The Company's future is very fluid and largely dependent on factors outside of its management's control.

For the six-month period ended September 30, 2007, Dean W. Rowell, the President of the Company, continues to secure and guarantee loans for the Company and he has guaranteed one credit card up to approximately \$102,925 with an outstanding balance of approximately \$102,925 at the end of the period. It is currently in default.

Since fiscal 1991, Trachyte has materially supported the Company financially largely due to Mr. Rowell's efforts to secure loans from Trachyte for the Company and contribute the value of an assumed salary of \$50,000 per year to additional paid in capital. The several transactions with Trachyte have provided the financial means for the Company to pursue its R&D of the biofuels technologies and the commercialization of a Biofuels Project. Without such additional contributions by Mr. Rowell the Company would have been unable to pursue these goals. Final plans and final financial arrangements had not been completed for a Biofuels Project at November 9, 2007.

Plan of Operation

There have been no significant changes in capitalization or financial status during the past two years that are not reflected in the financial statements. The Company's plan of operation during the next twelve (12) months includes the following:

- 1. Pursue financing for a Biofuels Project.
- Continue R&D, testing Municipal Waste processing equipment and testing existing and newly developed cellulose enzymes.
- Continue the design and development of a Biofuels Project into three businesses -- Municipal Waste recycle, ethanol fuel production and electric power generation.
- 4. Pursue oil and gas lease acquisition with third party investors and investigate the possibility of entering into the wholesale electric power generation business.
- 5. Continue to receive royalty income through Company owned overriding royalty interests.

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Inflation

Inflation continues to apply moderate upward pressure on the cost of goods and services including those purchased by the Company. Management believes the net effect of inflation on operations has been minimal during the past two years.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

There are no recent accounting pronouncements that will have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Government Regulations

The Company's business is subject to extensive federal, state and local regulation. Management believes that the Company operations are in material compliance with applicable laws, but is unable to predict what additional government regulations, if any, affecting the Company's business, may be enacted in the future; how existing or future laws and regulations might be interpreted; or whether the Company will be able to comply with such laws and regulations either in the markets in which it presently conducts business or wishes to commence business.

There can be no assurance that either the states or the federal government would not impose additional regulations upon the Company's activities which might adversely affect the Company's business.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

There are currently no off-balance sheet arrangements.

Management's Conflicts of Interest

Material conflicts of interest exist and will continue to exist between the Company, Trachyte, and Mr. Rowell, who is also the President of Trachyte, a privately-held Utah corporation, whose current major activities

are the exploration and production of oil and gas resources. The Company's policy is to offer any new oil and gas property purchase first to the Company and then to Trachyte if the Company is unable to accept the financial obligation of any transaction. At November 9, 2007, Mr. Rowell beneficially owned approximately 65% of the common stock of the Company and 100% of the common stock of Trachyte.

Mr. Rowell owes a duty of due care and fair dealing to both the Company and Trachyte and the resolution of duties and conflicts in favor of one company over the other may impair his duties to each company. It is likely that any conflict of interest between the Company and Trachyte requiring a determination may have to be settled in favor of the Company to the detriment of Trachyte, as well as to the detriment of the current and future shareholders of Trachyte.

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Transactions with Management and Others

Geologic and other information which PIC has or develops is available to Rowell as an officer of the Company, and he may use such information for the benefit of the Company in determining which leases to buy or sell. Such information is also available to Rowell, without cost, in connection with Rowell's participation in the Leasing Programs.

During the fifteen year period since fiscal 1991, Trachyte has helped financially support the Company largely due to Rowell's efforts to secure loans from Trachyte for the Company during periodic cash flow difficulties. During such periods, the several transactions with Trachyte have provided the financial means for the Company to pursue commercialization of a Biofuels Project, otherwise the Company would have been unable to pursue this goal. Final plans and final financial arrangements had not been completed for a Biofuels Project as of November 9, 2007.

On July 15, 1996, the Company formed Biofuels, Inc. ("Biofuels"), a wholly-owned subsidiary, for the purpose of investing in and developing the Biofuel Technologies for a Biofuels Project. This effort was centered on management's belief that a Celmat to ethanol technology could be commercialized, based on the Company's extensive experience at its former research center from 1982 through 1992, and its experience in developing a Biofuels Project.

On September 18, 2007, Donald Falls an unrelated third party bought 1,500,000 newly issued shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.025 per share in exchange for \$37,500 cash. These share are to be held for investment purposes.

Research and Development of the Biofuels Technology

Essentially, the Company's oil and gas activities have supported its Biofuel Projects, during the past 20-years and provided in excess of \$15,000,000 to conduct the R&D effort to commercialize the commercial development of its Biofuel Technologies, designed to economically solve the critical problem of disposing of Municipal Waste through the 100% recycle of Municipal Waste into useful recycled products saleable at a profit.

Management of the Company believes its R&D efforts have produced trade secret and know-how protection which, in the future, should produce valuable patent protection to the Company's biofuel technologies from the Company's long experience and work conducted at its current and former "Research Centers".

Based on its R&D efforts, the Company believes a Biofuels Project would be the first business to economically produce ethanol transportation fuel from low-cost organic celmat consisting of mostly paper products easily harvested from Municipal Waste through new generation envirofriendly manufacturing plants fed by Municipal Waste derived paper and woodchips, which Biofuels plants would combine paper waste recycling, lignin based electric power generation, ethanol production and E85 fuels production at several regional Biofuel Plant sites.

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The Company further believes that its innovative Biofuel Technologies would create a profit generating solution for three major contemporary domestic issues.

First, it would provide an opportunity to significantly reduce the volume of Municipal Waste that currently must be landfilled.

Second, it offers a low-cost method of producing ethanol based E85 gasoline, the only known commercially viable and publicly accepted renewable low-polluting transportation fuel, that today is competitive in price at the pump with gasoline.

Third, it offers a low-cost method of producing electric power from low pollution lignin fuel. The reason for such optimism is the high Tip Fee currently paid by U.S. municipalities to landfills for the disposal of Municipal Waste. Paper waste in MSW together with woodchips could be used to make lignin and ethanol fuels convertible into E85 common carrier transportation fuels.

There can be no assurance that the required capital will be available to construct a Biofuels Project and there can be no assurance that the biofuels technologies will perform on a commercial basis. The Company's future operating results will depend on its ability to obtain adequate financing to construct a Biofuels Project. Expenses incurred for a Biofuels Project would be accounted for under line item "Biofuel Project Costs".

#### Forward Looking Statements

The forgoing discussion in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation" contain forward-looking statements, within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act") and Section 21E of the Act, which reflect Managements current views with respect to the future events and financial performance. The Company cautions that words used in this document such as "experts", "anticipates", "believes" and "may" as well as similar words and expressions identify and refer to statements describing events that may or may not occur in the future, including among other things, statements relating to anticipated growth and increased profitability, as well as to statements relating to the Company's strategic plan, including plans to develop a Biofuels Project and to selectively acquire other companies. These forward-looking statements and the matters to which they refer to are subject to considerable risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to be materially different from those described in this document, including, but not limited to future financial performance and future events, competitive pricing for services, costs of obtaining capital as well as national, regional and local economic conditions. Actual results could differ materially from those addressed in the forward-looking statements. Due to such uncertainties and risks, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this Form 10-QSB report.

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#### CONTROL AND PROCEDURES

#### (a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Based on an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of Management, as of a date within 90 days of the filing date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB, the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that the Company disclosures controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-14(c) and 25d-14(c) and 15d-14(c) under the Securities Act of 1934, are effective to ensure the information required to be disclosed in reports that the Company file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time specified in SEC rules and forms.

#### (b) Changes in Internal Controls

There were no significant changes in our internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation. There is a material weakness dealing with timely reconciling of accounts, and therefore corrective actions will be taken. However, the design of any system of controls is based on part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events and there is no certainty that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goal under all potential future considerations, regardless of how remote.

#### PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

On August 30, 2007 a Complaint of Civil Action was filed in the Third Judicial District Court, State of Utah in and for the County of Salt Lake. Salt Lake Department, against Standard Energy Corporation (the "Company"), and Dean W. Rowell, individually ("its affiliates"). The Complaint alleges that the Company and its affiliates failed to make payments as required by said Contract with Wells Fargo Bank. The Complaint asserts a claim for an the sum of \$105,243.55, plus interest thereafter at the Contract rate of 19.80% per annum, until paid in full and a claim for court-ordered attorneys costs. The Company and its affiliates believe the Complaint to be highly inflated and will vigorously defend its position. The Company and its affiliates have discussed this case with its attorneys and believe that the amount accrued on the balance sheet is more than enough to cover the claim. The Company and its affiliates have engaged the law firm of Cohne, Rappaport & Segal to represent their interest in this matter.

- Item 2. Changes in Securities. None.
- Item 3. Defaults On Senior Securities. None.
- Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders. None.
- Item 5. Other Information. None.

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Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K, filed during the quarter ended September 30, 2007.

Exhibit "31" - Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Exhibit "32" - Certification of Chief Executive and Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

#### SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

STANDARD ENERGY CORPORATION (Registrant)

By:

Dean W. Rowell, President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: November 9, 2007

Exhibit 31

CERTIFICATE OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, Dean W. Rowell, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10QSB of Standard Energy Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;

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- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15e and 15d-15e for the registrant and we have:
- a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
- b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report based on such evaluation; and

- c) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dean W. Rowell President, Chief Executive Officer (Chief Financial Officer) and Director

Date: November 9, 2007

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Exhibit 32

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Standard Energy (the "Company") on Form 10-QSB for the period ending September 30, 2007 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Dean W. Rowell, Chief Executive Officer (Chief Financial Officer) of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. subsection 1350, as adopted pursuant to subsection 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge and belief:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all

material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Dean W. Rowell President, Chief Executive Officer (Chief Financial Officer) and Director

Date: November 9, 2007