

PARALLEL PETROLEUM CORP

Form 10-Q

August 04, 2008

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**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20549
FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2008 or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Transition period from _____ to

Commission File Number 000-13305

PARALLEL PETROLEUM CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

75-1971716

(State of other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1004 N. Big Spring, Suite 400,
Midland, Texas

79701

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(Zip Code)

(432) 684-3727

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)
Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year,
if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

At July 28, 2008, 41,549,746 shares of the Registrant's Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, were outstanding.

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PART 1 FINANCIAL INFORMATION
ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PARALLEL PETROLEUM CORPORATION
Consolidated Balance Sheets
(\$ in thousands)

	June 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
	<i>(unaudited)</i>	
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,910	\$ 7,816
Accounts receivable:		
Oil and natural gas sales	33,334	20,499
Joint interest owners and other, net of allowance for doubtful account of \$50	1,905	2,460
Affiliates and joint ventures	6	3,970
	35,245	26,929
Other current assets	548	600
Deferred tax asset	21,461	10,293
Total current assets	66,164	45,638
Property and equipment, at cost:		
Oil and natural gas properties, full cost method (including \$109,761 and \$86,402 not subject to depletion)	782,492	648,576
Other	3,033	2,877
	785,525	651,453
Less accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization	(165,196)	(145,482)
Net property and equipment	620,329	505,971
Restricted cash	80	78
Investment in pipelines and gathering system ventures	328	8,638
Other assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$1,711 and \$1,425	3,886	2,768
	\$ 690,787	\$ 563,093
Liabilities and Stockholders Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 62,917	\$ 47,848
Asset retirement obligations	877	598
Derivative obligations	62,962	30,424

Put obligations	302	
Total current liabilities	127,058	78,870
Revolving credit facility	137,000	60,000
Senior notes (principal amount \$150,000)	145,630	145,383
Asset retirement obligations	4,729	4,339
Derivative obligations	47,836	13,194
Put obligations	3,029	
Deferred tax liability	19,916	26,045
Total long-term liabilities	358,140	248,961
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity:		
Series A preferred stock par value \$0.10 per share, authorized 50,000 shares		
Common stock par value \$0.01 per share, authorized 60,000,000 shares, issued and outstanding 41,545,114 and 41,252,644	415	412
Additional paid-in capital	198,726	196,457
Retained earnings	6,448	38,393
Total stockholders' equity	205,589	235,262
	\$ 690,787	\$ 563,093

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements

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PARALLEL PETROLEUM CORPORATION
Consolidated Statements of Operations
(unaudited)
(in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended June		Six Months Ended June	
	2008	30, 2007	2008	30, 2007
Oil and natural gas revenues:				
Oil and natural gas sales	\$ 56,075	\$ 27,354	\$ 100,016	\$ 50,470
Cost and expenses:				
Lease operating expense	7,254	5,576	14,233	9,975
Production taxes	2,996	1,194	5,285	2,248
Production tax refund		(1,209)		(1,209)
General and administrative	3,265	2,580	5,833	5,245
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	10,483	7,150	19,835	13,859
Total costs and expenses	23,998	15,291	45,186	30,118
Operating income	32,077	12,063	54,830	20,352
Other income (expense), net:				
Loss on derivatives not classified as hedges	(71,609)	(2,170)	(93,495)	(6,605)
Interest and other income	32	56	65	108
Interest expense	(5,368)	(4,312)	(10,886)	(8,020)
Other expense	(1)	21	(1)	(15)
Equity in gain (loss) of pipelines and gathering system ventures	165	(289)	382	(594)
Total other income (expense), net	(76,781)	(6,694)	(103,935)	(15,126)
Income (loss) before income taxes	(44,704)	5,369	(49,105)	5,226
Income tax benefit (expense), deferred	15,499	(1,905)	17,160	(1,858)
Net income (loss)	\$ (29,205)	\$ 3,464	\$ (31,945)	\$ 3,368
Net income (loss) per common share:				
Basic	\$ (0.70)	\$ 0.09	\$ (0.77)	\$ 0.09
Diluted	\$ (0.70)	\$ 0.09	\$ (0.77)	\$ 0.09
Weighted average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	41,446	37,786	41,359	37,667

Diluted	41,446	38,769	41,359	38,763
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

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PARALLEL PETROLEUM CORPORATION
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
Six Months Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007
(unaudited)
(\$ in thousands)

	2008	2007
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$ (31,945)	\$ 3,368
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	19,835	13,859
Gain on sale of automobiles	(4)	
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	187	164
Accretion of senior notes discount	247	
Deferred income tax (benefit) expense	(17,160)	1,858
Loss on derivatives not classified as hedges	93,495	6,605
Accretion of interest on put obligations	6	
Common stock issued to directors	217	
Stock option expense	227	59
Equity in (gain) loss of pipelines and gathering system ventures	(382)	594
Bad debt expense		(30)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Other assets, net	(480)	(88)
Restricted cash	(2)	273
Accounts receivable	(8,316)	5,889
Other current assets	(99)	293
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	15,069	1,831
Net cash provided by operating activities	70,895	34,675
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Additions to oil and natural gas properties	(124,727)	(73,553)
Proceeds from disposition of oil and natural gas properties		1,764
Additions to other property and equipment	(273)	(214)
Settlements on derivative instruments	(22,839)	(5,862)
Net investment in pipelines and gathering system ventures	(15)	(2,848)
Net cash used in investing activities	(147,854)	(80,713)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Borrowings from bank line of credit	77,000	46,000
Payments on bank line of credit		(1,500)
Deferred financing cost	(270)	(175)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options and warrants	1,323	1,318

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Net cash provided by financing activities	78,053	45,643
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,094	(395)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	7,816	5,910
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 8,910	\$ 5,515
Non-cash financing and investing activities:		
Deferred purchase of derivative puts	\$ 3,325	\$
Oil and natural gas properties asset retirement obligations	\$ 482	\$ (385)
Property transfer:		
Transfer to oil and natural gas properties	\$ 8,707	\$
Transfer from equity investment	\$ (8,707)	\$
Non-cash exchange of oil and natural gas properties:		
Properties received in exchange	\$	\$ 6,463
Properties delivered in exchange	\$	\$ (5,495)
Other transactions:		
Interest paid	\$ 9,901	\$ 8,474

The accompany notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

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PARALLEL PETROLEUM CORPORATION
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders Equity
Year-Ended December 31, 2007 and Year-to-Date June 30, 2008
(unaudited)
(in thousands)

	Common stock		Additional	Retained	Total
	Number		paid-in	earnings	stockholders
	of	Amount	capital		equity
	shares				
Balance					
December 31, 2007	41,253	\$ 412	\$ 196,457	\$ 38,393	\$ 235,262
Common stock issued to directors	18		217		217
Warrants exercised	149	1	891		892
Fees associated with warrant exercise			(74)		(74)
Options exercised	125	2	503		505
Stock offering costs			368		368
Stock option expense			227		227
Tax benefit of stock option exercise in excess of compensation			137		137
Net loss				(31,945)	(31,945)
Balance					
June 30, 2008	41,545	\$ 415	\$ 198,726	\$ 6,448	\$ 205,589

The accompany notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

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**PARALLEL PETROLEUM CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Parallel was incorporated in Texas on November 26, 1979, and reincorporated in the State of Delaware on December 18, 1984.

Parallel Petroleum Corporation, or Parallel, is engaged in the acquisition, development and exploitation of long-lived oil and natural gas reserves and, to a lesser extent, exploring for new oil and natural gas reserves. The majority of our producing properties are in the:

Permian Basin of west Texas and New Mexico; and

Fort Worth Basin of north Texas.

The financial information included herein is unaudited. The balance sheet as of December 31, 2007 has been derived from our audited Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31, 2007. The unaudited financial information includes all adjustments (consisting solely of normal recurring adjustments), which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of the results of operations for the interim periods. The results of operations for the interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for an entire year.

Certain information, accounting policies and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q pursuant to certain rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The financial statements included in this report should be read in conjunction with the audited Consolidated Financial Statements and notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

Unless otherwise indicated or unless the context otherwise requires, all references to we, us, our, Parallel, or Company mean the registrant, Parallel Petroleum Corporation and, where applicable, its former consolidated subsidiaries.

NOTE 2. STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

Parallel accounts for stock based compensation in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), *Share-Based Payment* (SFAS 123(R)).

Options

For the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, Parallel recognized compensation expense of approximately \$227,000 and \$59,000, respectively, with a tax benefit of approximately \$77,000 and \$20,000, respectively, associated with our stock option grants. During the second quarter of 2007, we revised our estimate of expected forfeitures of stock options granted to directors due to the resignation of a director and the subsequent forfeiture of 40,000 stock options held by him. As a result, we revised our estimate of the grant date fair value of shares expected to ultimately vest under our stock option plan by approximately \$283,000. As a consequence, general and administrative expenses during the three months ended June 30, 2007 were reduced by approximately \$154,000 which includes a cumulative adjustment for amounts previously expensed and associated with options estimated to be forfeited or surrendered.

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The following table presents future stock-based compensation expense for our outstanding stock options which we expect to recognize during the indicated vesting periods:

	(\$ in thousands)
Third quarter 2008	\$ 559
Fourth quarter 2008	535
2009	1,534
2010	789
2011 and 2012	480
Total	\$ 3,897

At June 30, 2008, options to purchase 310,045 shares of common stock were outstanding and vested. At that same date, options to purchase 476,250 shares were outstanding and unvested. During the six months ended June 30, 2008, options to purchase 355,000 shares were granted to the officers and employees, options to purchase 126,205 shares of common stock were exercised and no options expired or were forfeited.

The fair value of each option award is estimated on the date of grant. The fair values of stock options granted prior to and remaining outstanding at June 30, 2008 and that covered shares subject to future vesting at that date were determined using the Black-Scholes option valuation method and the assumptions noted in the following table. Expected volatilities are based on implied volatilities from traded options and historical volatility of our stock. The expected term of the options granted used in the Black-Scholes model represent the period of time that options granted are expected to be outstanding. Risk free rates are based on the U.S. Treasury, Daily Treasury Yield Curve Rate.

	2008	2007	2005	2001
Expected volatility	46.50%	52.52%	54.20%	57.95%
Weighted-average volatility	46.50%	52.52%	54.20%	57.95%
Expected dividends	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Expected term (in years)	6.25	5.75	6.50	7.50
Risk-free rate	3.81%-3.86%	4.89%	4.20%	5.05%

A summary of the stock option activity as of June 30, 2008 is presented below:

	Options (in thousands)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)
Outstanding December 31, 2007	558	\$ 7.03		
Granted	355	\$ 21.02		
Exercised	(126)	\$ 3.99		
Surrendered		\$		
Outstanding June 30, 2008	787	\$ 13.84	9.1	\$ 4,949

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Exercisable at June 30, 2008	310	\$	6.45	4.4	\$	4,242
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						<i>(\$ in thousands)</i>
Average weighted grant date fair value of options issued and unvested, June 30, 2008						\$ 4,596
Average weighted grant date fair value of options issued and outstanding, June 30, 2008						\$ 5,750
	(6)					

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We have outstanding stock options granted under six separate plans. Options expire 10 years from the date of grant and become exercisable at rates ranging from 10% each year up to 50% each year. The exercise price cannot be less than the fair market value per share of common stock on the date of grant.

For the six months ended June 30, 2008 cash received from the exercise of stock options was approximately \$505,000 with an associated \$137,000 tax benefit.

Restricted Stock

On June 12, 2008, 10,000 shares of restricted stock were awarded to a non-employee director under our 2008 Long-Term Incentive Plan. The fair value of the restricted stock awarded was based on the last sales price of our common stock on the Nasdaq Global Market on the date of grant. For the six months ended June 30, 2008, compensation expense of approximately \$57,000 was recognized with the restricted stock. These shares vest in four equal increments on June 12th of each year, commencing on June 12, 2008

The following table presents future stock-based compensation expense for the restricted stock award, which we expect to recognize during the indicated vesting periods:

	(\$ in thousands)
Third quarter 2008	\$ 24
Fourth quarter 2008	24
2009	67
2010	29
2011	7
Total	\$ 151

A summary of restricted stock activity as of June 30, 2008 is presented below:

	Restricted Stock	Award Date Fair Value	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (years)
Outstanding December 31, 2007		\$	
Granted	10,000	\$ 20.91	
Vested	(2,500)	\$ 20.91	
Surrendered		\$	
Non-vested shares at June 30, 2008	7,500	\$ 20.91	2.9

Stock Awards

On June 12, 2008, each of our four non-employee Directors was awarded 1,912 shares of common stock under our 2008 Long-Term Incentive Plan, representing compensation expense in the amount of \$160,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2008. The fair value of the common stock awarded was based on the last sales price of our common stock on the Nasdaq Global Market on the date of grant. The shares vested 100% on the date of the grant.

Warrants

On April 15, 2008, our registration statement relating to 300,030 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding warrants was declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission. The warrants

were issued in our initial public offering in 1980, as a component
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of the units sold by us. Pursuant to the terms of the warrants, holders of the warrants were entitled to purchase one share of common stock for each warrant exercised. The warrants were exercisable at \$6.00 per share at any time on or before 5:00 p.m., Mountain Time, on May 15, 2008, at which time the warrants expired. Between April 15, 2008 and May 15, 2008 a total of 148,637 warrants were exercised for net proceeds of approximately \$818,000.

NOTE 3. CREDIT FACILITIES

In the past, we have maintained two separate credit facilities. One of these credit facilities is our Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated May 16, 2008, or *Revolving Credit Agreement*, with a group of bank lenders that provide us with a revolving line of credit having a borrowing base limitation of \$230.0 million at June 30, 2008. The total amount that we can borrow and have outstanding at any one time is limited to the lesser of \$600.0 million or the borrowing base established by the lenders. At June 30, 2008, the principal amount outstanding under our revolving credit facility was \$137.0 million, excluding \$445,000 reserved for our letters of credit. Unamortized fees in the amount of \$875,000 related to the prior *Revolving Credit Agreement* have been rolled into the current *Revolving Credit Agreement*, as amended, and will be amortized over the remaining term of five years.

Our second credit facility was a five year term loan facility provided to us under a *Second Lien Term Loan Agreement*, or the *Second Lien Agreement*, with a group of banks and other lenders. The *Second Lien Agreement* was paid off and terminated on July 31, 2007 with our payment to the lenders of \$50.2 million, including interest.

Revolving Credit Facility

Our *Revolving Credit Agreement* allows us to borrow, repay and reborrow amounts available under the revolving credit facility. The amount of the borrowing base is based primarily upon the estimated value of our oil and natural gas reserves. The borrowing base is redetermined by the lenders semi-annually on or about April 1 and October 1 of each year or at other times required by the lenders or at our request. If, as a result of the lenders' redetermination of the borrowing base, the outstanding principal amount of our loans exceeds the borrowing base, we must either provide additional collateral to the lenders or repay the outstanding principal of our revolving credit facility in an amount equal to the excess. Except for principal payments that may be required because of our outstanding loans being in excess of the borrowing base, interest only is payable monthly.

Loans made to us under this revolving credit facility bear interest at the bank's base rate or the LIBOR rate, at our election. Generally, the bank's base rate is equal to its prime rate as announced by it from time to time.

The LIBOR rate is generally equal to the sum of (a) the rate designated as *British Bankers Association Interest Settlement Rates* and offered in one, two, three, six or twelve month interest periods for deposits of \$1.0 million, and (b) a margin ranging from 2.00% to 2.50%, depending upon the outstanding principal amount of our loan. If the principal amount outstanding is equal to or greater than 75% of the borrowing base, the margin is 2.50%. If the principal amount outstanding is equal to or greater than 50%, but less than 75% of the borrowing base, the margin is 2.25%. If the principal amount outstanding is less than 50% of the borrowing base, the margin is 2.00%.

The interest rate we are required to pay on our borrowings, including the applicable margin, may never be less than 4.75%. At June 30, 2008, our base rate, plus the applicable margin, was 5.0% on \$137.0 million, the outstanding principal amount of our revolving loan on that same date.

In the case of base rate loans, interest is payable on the last day of each month. In the case of LIBOR loans, interest is payable on the last day of each applicable interest period; provided that if the applicable interest period is longer than three months, interest is payable at three-month intervals following the first day of such interest period.

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If the total outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit facility are less than the borrowing base, we are required to pay an unused commitment fee to the lenders in an amount equal to .25% of the daily average of the unadvanced portion of the borrowing base. The fee is payable quarterly.

If the borrowing base is increased, we are also required to pay a fee of .375% on the amount of any increase.

The Revolving Credit Agreement contains various restrictive covenants, including (i) maintenance of a minimum current ratio, (ii) maintenance of a maximum ratio of funded indebtedness to earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation, depletion and amortization, (iii) maintenance of a minimum net worth, (iv) prohibition of payment of dividends and (v) restrictions on incurrence of additional debt. We have pledged substantially all of our producing oil and natural gas properties to secure the repayment of our indebtedness under the Revolving Credit Agreement.

All outstanding principal and accrued and unpaid interest under the revolving credit facility is due and payable on December 31, 2013. The maturity date of our outstanding loans may be accelerated by the lenders upon the occurrence of an event of default under the Revolving Credit Agreement.

As of June 30, 2008 we were in compliance with all of the covenants in our Revolving Credit Agreement.

Senior Notes

On July 31, 2007, we completed a private offering of unsecured senior notes, or the senior notes in the principal amount of \$150.0 million. The senior notes mature on August 1, 2014 and bear interest at 10.25% which is payable semi-annually beginning on February 1, 2008. Prior to August 1, 2010, we may redeem up to 35% of the senior notes for a price equal to 110.250% of the original principal amount of the senior notes with the proceeds of certain equity offerings. On or after August 1, 2011 we may redeem all or some of the senior notes at a redemption price that will decrease from 105.125% of the principal amount of the senior notes to 100% of the principal amount on August 1, 2013. In addition, prior to August 1, 2011, we may redeem some or all of the senior notes at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the senior notes to be redeemed, plus a make-whole premium, plus any accrued and unpaid interest. Generally, the make-whole premium is an amount equal to the greater of (a) 1% of the principal amount of the senior notes being redeemed and (b) the excess of the present value of the redemption price of such notes as of August 1, 2011 plus all required interest payments due through August 1, 2011 (computed at a discount rate equal to a specified U.S. Treasury Rate plus 50 basis points), over the principal amount of the senior notes being redeemed.

The indenture governing the senior notes restricts our ability to: (i) borrow money; (ii) issue redeemable and preferred stock; (iii) pay distributions or dividends; (iv) make investments; (v) create liens without securing the senior notes; (vi) enter into agreements that restrict dividends from subsidiaries; (vii) sell certain assets or merge with or into other companies; (viii) enter into transactions with affiliates; (ix) guarantee indebtedness; and (x) enter into new lines of business.

Interest Accrued

For the six months ended June 30, 2008, the aggregate interest accrued under our revolving credit facility and our senior notes was approximately \$10.3 million. Bank fees and note discount amortization was approximately \$621,000 and interest capitalized was approximately \$44,000.

NOTE 4. PROPERTY EXCHANGE AND ACQUISITIONS

On February 23, 2007, we entered into a property exchange agreement with an unrelated third party. As a result of the exchange, we acquired an additional 9,233 net undeveloped acres in our New Mexico Wolfcamp project area with an estimated fair value of approximately \$6.5 million. We are the operator of wells drilled on this undeveloped acreage. Under the terms of the exchange agreement, we assigned to the third party interests in 37 non-operated wells and 3,250 net undeveloped non-operated acres in the New

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Mexico Wolfcamp project area, along with cash of approximately \$969,000. In accordance with the full cost method of accounting, no gain or loss was recorded on the transaction.

On June 26, 2008 we exercised a preferential right and purchased the interests owned by an unrelated third party, in our operated Diamond M properties in Scurry County, Texas, effective May 1, 2008. The purchase price, approximately \$35.5 million, was financed with borrowings under our revolving credit facility.

The acquired interest consisted of two components, including an 89% working interest in the Base production and reserves and a 22.3% working interest in the production and reserves above the Base. As used in our original trade agreement with the unrelated third party, the Base production and reserves generally referred to and meant future production and reserves defined by an established base production decline curve as of December 19, 2001. Prior to this acquisition, we did not own an interest in the Base production and reserves but owned a 65.7% working interest in the production and reserves above the Base. This acquisition resulted in an increase in our current ownership in the Base production and reserves from zero to an approximate 89% working interest (77% net revenue interest), and an increase in the production and reserves above the Base from a 65.7% working interest to an 88% working interest (76% net revenue interest).

As described in Note 10 below, in June 2008 we acquired all of the assets of the Hagerman Gas Gathering System Joint Venture.

NOTE 5. FULL COST CEILING TEST

We use the full cost method to account for our oil and natural gas producing activities. Under the full cost method of accounting, the net book value of oil and natural gas properties, less related deferred income taxes, may not exceed a calculated ceiling. The ceiling limitation is the discounted estimated after-tax future net cash flows from proved oil and natural gas properties. The net book value of oil and natural gas properties, less related deferred income taxes, is compared to the ceiling on a quarterly and annual basis. Any excess of the net book value, less related deferred income taxes, is generally written off as an expense. Under rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, the excess above the ceiling may not be written off if, subsequent to the end of the quarter or year but prior to the release of the financial results, prices have increased sufficiently that such excess above the ceiling would not have existed if the increased prices were used in the calculations.

At June 30, 2008, the net book value of our oil and gas properties, less related deferred income taxes, was below the calculated ceiling. As a result, we were not required to record a reduction of our oil and gas properties under the full cost method of accounting.

Under the full cost method of accounting, all costs incurred in the acquisition, exploration and development of oil and natural gas properties, including a portion of our overhead, are capitalized. In the six month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, overhead costs capitalized were approximately \$842,000 and \$725,000, respectively.

NOTE 6. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

General

We enter into derivative contracts to provide a measure of stability in the cash flows associated with our oil and natural gas production and interest rate payments and to manage exposure to commodity price and interest rate risk. Our objective is to lock in a range of oil and natural gas prices and to limit variability in our cash interest payments. In addition, our revolving credit facility requires us to maintain derivative financial instruments which limit our exposure to fluctuating commodity prices covering at least 50% of our estimated monthly production of oil and natural gas extending 24 months into the future.

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Derivative contracts not designated as hedges are marked-to-market at each period end and the increases or decreases in fair values recorded to earnings.

We are exposed to credit risk in the event of nonperformance by the counterparties to these contracts, BNP Paribas and Citibank, N.A. However, we periodically assess the creditworthiness of the counterparties to mitigate this credit risk.

Adoption of SFAS No. 157

We adopted SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements, effective January 1, 2008 for all financial assets and liabilities. SFAS No. 157 provides standards and disclosures for assets and liabilities that are measured and reported at fair value. In February 2008, the FASB issued FSP No. 157-2, which delayed the effective date of SFAS No. 157 by one year for nonfinancial assets and liabilities. Beginning January 1, 2009, we will apply SFAS 157 fair value requirements to nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities that are not recognized or disclosed on a recurring basis. As defined in SFAS No. 157, fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (exit price). SFAS No. 157 requires disclosure that establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure about fair value measurements. The statement requires fair value measurements be classified and disclosed in one of the following categories:

- Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities. We consider active markets as those in which transactions for the assets or liabilities occur in sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

- Level 2: Quoted prices in markets that are not active, or inputs which are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability. This category includes those derivative instruments that we value using observable market data. Substantially all of these inputs are observable in the marketplace throughout the full term of the derivative instrument, can be derived from observable data, or supported by observable levels at which transactions are executed in the marketplace. Instruments in this category include non-exchange traded derivatives such as over-the-counter commodity price swaps and interest rate swaps.

- Level 3: Measured based on prices or valuation models that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and less observable from objective sources (i.e., supported by little or no market activity). Our valuation models are primarily industry-standard models that consider various inputs including: (a) quoted forward prices for commodities, (b) time value, (c) volatility factors and (d) current market and contractual prices for the underlying instruments, as well as other relevant economic measures. Level 3 instruments primarily include derivative instruments, such as commodity price collars and puts. Although we review our counterparty's valuation and assess the reasonableness of our prices and valuation techniques, we do not have sufficient corroborating market evidence to support classifying these price collars and put assets and liabilities as Level 2.

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As required by SFAS No. 157, financial assets and liabilities are classified based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment, and may affect the valuation of the fair value of assets and liabilities and their placement within the fair value hierarchy levels. The following table summarizes the valuation of our derivative financial instruments by SFAS No. 157 pricing levels as of June 30, 2008 (in thousands):

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Fair Value at June 30, 2008
Interest Swaps	\$	\$ (2,123)	\$	\$ (2,123)
Oil Swaps	\$	\$ (23,557)	\$	\$ (23,557)
Oil & Gas Collars	\$	\$	\$ (88,018)	\$ (88,018)
Oil Puts	\$	\$	\$ 2,900	\$ 2,900
	\$	\$ (25,680)	\$ (85,118)	\$ (110,798)

The determination of the fair values above incorporates various factors required under SFAS No. 157. These factors include not only the impact of our nonperformance risk on our liabilities but also the credit standing of the counterparties involved.

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of changes in the fair value of financial assets and liabilities classified as level 3 in the fair value hierarchy (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2008		Six Months Ended June 30, 2008	
	Derivative Collars	Derivative Puts	Derivative Collars	Derivative Puts
Beginning balance	\$ (31,389)	\$	\$ (15,852)	\$
Total losses	(60,743)	(425)	(77,489)	(425)
Settlements	4,114		5,323	
Purchases		3,325		3,325
Transfers in and/or out of level 3				
Ending balance	\$ (88,018)	\$ 2,900	\$ (88,018)	\$ 2,900
Change in unrealized losses included in earnings relating to derivatives still held as of June 30, 2008 ⁽¹⁾	\$ (56,629)	\$ (425)	\$ (72,166)	\$ (425)

(1) Gains and losses (realized and unrealized) included in earnings for the three months and six months

ended June 30,
2008 are
reported in
Other Income
on the
Consolidated
Statement of
Operations.

Interest Rate Sensitivity

We have employed fixed interest rate swap contracts with BNP Paribas and Citibank, N.A. based on the 90-day LIBOR rates at the time of the contracts. These contracts are accounted for by mark to market accounting as prescribed in SFAS 133. We view these contracts as protection against future interest rate volatility. As of June 30, 2008, the fair market value of these interest rate swaps was a liability of approximately \$2.1 million.

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The table below recaps the nature of these interest rate swaps and the fair market value of these contracts as of June 30, 2008.

Period of Time	Notional Amounts (\$ in millions)	Weighted Average Fixed Interest Rates	Estimated Fair Market Value (\$ in thousands)
July 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008	\$ 100	4.86%	\$ (997)
January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2009	\$ 50	5.06%	(774)
January 1, 2010 through October 31, 2010	\$ 50	5.15%	(352)
Total Fair Market Value			\$ (2,123)

Commodity Price Sensitivity

All of our commodity derivatives are accounted for using mark-to-market accounting as prescribed in SFAS 133.

Put Options. Puts are an option to sell an asset. For any put transaction, the counterparty is required to make a payment to the Company if the reference floating price for any settlement period is less than the put or floor price for such contract.

In June 2008 we entered into multiple put contracts with BNP Paribas. In lieu of making premium payments for the puts at the time of entering into our put contracts, we deferred payment until the settlement dates of the contract. Future payments will be netted against any payments that the counterparty may owe to us based on the floating price. We have accrued a liability as of June 30, 2008 of \$3.331 million for the purchase price of the puts, and we will pay a premium for these puts due to the deferral of the payments until the settlement dates. The premiums associated with these puts will be treated as interest expense and will have an effective interest rate between 4.3% and 5.7%.

A summary of our put positions at June 30, 2008 is as follows:

Period of Time	Barrels of Oil	Floor	Estimated Fair Market Value (\$ in thousands)
January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2009	109,500	\$ 100.00	\$ 505
January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2010	134,100	\$ 100.00	1,087
January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011	146,000	\$ 100.00	1,308
Total Fair Market Value			\$ 2,900

Collars. Collars are contracts which combine both a put option or floor and a call option or ceiling. These contracts may or may not involve payment or receipt of cash at inception, depending on the ceiling and floor pricing.

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A summary of our collar positions at June 30, 2008 is as follows:

Period of Time	Barrels of Oil	NYMEX Oil Prices		Estimated Fair Market Value (\$ in thousands)
		Floor	Cap	
July 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008	174,800	\$ 63.42	\$ 83.86	\$ (9,941)
January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2009	620,500	\$ 63.53	\$ 80.21	(36,970)
January 1, 2010 through October 31, 2010	486,400	\$ 63.44	\$ 78.26	(28,180)
	MMBtu of Natural Gas	WAHA Gas Prices		
		Floor	Cap	
July 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008	1,840,000	\$ 7.38	\$ 9.28	(5,455)
January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2009	3,285,000	\$ 7.06	\$ 9.93	(7,472)
Total Fair Market Value				\$ (88,018)

Commodity Swaps. Generally, swaps are an agreement to buy or sell a specified commodity for delivery in the future, at an agreed fixed price. Swap transactions convert a floating or market price into a fixed price. For any particular swap transaction, the counterparty is required to make a payment to the Company if the reference price for any settlement period is less than the swap or fixed price for such contract, and the Company is required to make a payment to the counterparty if the reference price for any settlement period is greater than the swap or fixed price for such contract.

We have entered into oil swap contracts with BNP Paribas. A recap for the period of time, number of barrels and swap prices are as follows:

Period of Time	Barrels of Oil	NYMEX Oil Swap Price	Estimated Fair Market Value (\$ in thousands)

NOTE 7. NET INCOME (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE

Basic earnings per share (EPS) exclude any dilutive effects of option, warrants and convertible securities and is computed by dividing income (loss) available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings per share are computed similar to basic earnings per share. However, diluted earnings per share reflect the assumed conversion of all potentially dilutive securities.

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The following table provides the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	<i>(in thousands, except per share data)</i>			
Basic EPS Computation:				
Numerator-				
Net income (loss)	\$ (29,205)	\$ 3,464	\$ (31,945)	\$ 3,368
Denominator-				
Weighted average common shares outstanding	41,446	37,786	41,359	37,667
Basic EPS:				
Net income (loss) per share	\$ (0.70)	\$ 0.09	\$ (0.77)	\$ 0.09
Diluted EPS Computation:				
Numerator-				
Net income (loss)	\$ (29,205)	\$ 3,464	\$ (31,945)	\$ 3,368
Denominator -				
Weighted average common shares outstanding	41,446	37,786	41,359	37,667
Employee stock options		714		812
Warrants		269		284
Weighted average common shares for diluted earnings per share assuming conversion	41,446	38,769	41,359	38,763
Diluted EPS:				
Net income (loss) per share	\$ (0.70)	\$ 0.09	\$ (0.77)	\$ 0.09

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, the effects of all potentially dilutive securities (including options and warrants) were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share because we had a net loss from continuing operations and therefore, the effect would have been antidilutive. Options and warrants to purchase approximately 370,000 and 429,000 shares of common stock were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively, because their inclusion would have been antidilutive.

NOTE 8. ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

The following table summarizes our asset retirement obligation transactions:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	<i>(\$ in thousands)</i>			
Beginning asset retirement obligation	\$ 5,802	\$ 5,034	\$ 4,937	\$ 5,063
Additions related to new properties	554	48	706	66
Revisions in estimated cash flows	(851)	(55)	(209)	(167)
Deletions related to property disposals	(3)	(265)	(15)	(284)

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Accretion expense	104	80	187	164
Ending asset retirement obligation	\$ 5,606	\$ 4,842	\$ 5,606	\$ 4,842

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In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* (SFAS 157), which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This statement does not require any new fair value measurements but may require some entities to change their measurement practices. We adopted SFAS No. 157 effective January 1, 2008 and the adoption did not have a significant effect on our financial position or operating results.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, Including an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 115*, (FAS 159) which became effective on January 1, 2008. FAS 159 permits entities to measure eligible financial assets, financial liabilities and firm commitments at fair value, on an instrument-by-instrument basis, that are otherwise not permitted to be accounted for at fair value under other generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value measurement election is irrevocable and subsequent changes in fair value must be recorded in earnings. This statement, for us, became effective in the first quarter of 2008 and it did not have any effect on our financial position or operating results as we did not elect to apply the Fair Value Method.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007), *Business Combinations* (SFAS 141(R)), which replaces FASB Statement No. 141. SFAS 141(R) establishes principles and requirements for how an acquirer recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the goodwill acquired. The statement also establishes disclosure requirements that will enable users to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. SFAS 141(R) is effective for acquisitions that occur in an entity's fiscal year that begins after December 15, 2008, which will be our fiscal year 2009. The impact, if any, will depend on the nature and size of business combinations that we consummate after the effective date.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, *Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements an amendment of ARB No. 51* (SFAS 160). SFAS 160 requires that accounting and reporting for minority interests will be recharacterized as noncontrolling interests and classified as a component of equity. SFAS 160 also establishes reporting requirements that provide sufficient disclosures that clearly identify and distinguish between the interests of the parent and the interests of the noncontrolling owners. SFAS 160 applies to all entities that prepare consolidated financial statements, except not-for-profit organizations, but will affect only those entities that have an outstanding noncontrolling interest in one or more subsidiaries or that deconsolidate a subsidiary. This statement is effective as of the beginning of our first fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2008, which will be our fiscal year 2009. Based upon our balance sheet, the statement would have no impact.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, *Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*, an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133 (SFAS 161). This statement is intended to improve transparency in financial reporting by requiring enhanced disclosures of an entity's derivative instruments and hedging activities and their effects on the entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. SFAS 161 applies to all derivative instruments within the scope of SFAS 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities* (SFAS 133), as well as related hedged items, bifurcated derivatives, and nonderivative instruments that are designated and qualify as hedging instruments. Entities with instruments subject to SFAS 161 must provide more robust qualitative disclosures and expanded quantitative disclosures. SFAS 161 is effective prospectively for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008, with early application permitted. We are currently evaluating the disclosure implications of this statement.

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NOTE 10. INVESTMENT IN GAS GATHERING SYSTEMS

As of June 30, 2008 we had total equity investments of \$328,000 in West Fork Pipeline II, L.P. Our current investment percentage in this limited partnership is 23.25848%. For the three months ended June 30, 2008 we recorded a gain of \$3,000, compared to a gain of \$2,000 for the three month period ended June 30, 2007. For the six months ended June 30, 2008, we recorded a gain of \$1,000, compared to a gain of \$5,000 for the six month period ended June 30, 2007. West Fork Pipeline II, L.P. is currently acquiring the necessary easements and permits to begin transmission of natural gas.

In June 2008, we acquired all of the assets of the Hagerman Gas Gathering System Joint Venture in connection with winding up and terminating the Joint Venture. At the time we acquired the assets, we had a net investment of approximately \$8.7 million in the Joint Venture. For the three months ended June 30, 2008, we recorded an equity gain of \$162,000, compared to a loss of \$(291,000) for the three month period ended June 30, 2007. For the six months ended June 30, 2008, we recorded a gain of \$381,000, compared to a loss of \$(599,000) for the six months ended June 30, 2007. The increase in income from period to period is the result of greater gas volumes flowing through the gathering system in 2008, as compared to 2007.

The winding up of the Joint Venture commenced on June 19, 2008. At the time of the winding up of the Joint Venture, the investment was transferred into oil and natural gas properties.

NOTE 11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

From time to time, we are party to ordinary routine litigation incidental to our business.

On April 14, 2008, we were added as a defendant to a lawsuit filed in 2007, styled Brady Briscoe vs. Capstar Drilling, L.P. (Capstar), Cause No. 21,287, in the 259th District Court of Jones County, Texas. The plaintiff has alleged that he was injured as the result of an accident while he was working, as an employee of an unrelated third party, on a drilling rig operated by Capstar. Capstar was conducting drilling operations for us. The plaintiff has asserted general allegations of negligence as to Capstar and, specifically, a failure to properly equip its drilling rig, further alleging that we were in charge of the drilling rig and the operational details of the plaintiff's work. The plaintiff has sued for an amount of actual damages of up to \$15.0 million, together with pre-judgment interest, post-judgment interest and exemplary damages. Capstar recently settled with the plaintiff and Capstar has been (or is soon to be) dismissed from the lawsuit. If judgment is entered against us, we would be entitled to a credit for the amount that the plaintiff has already received from Capstar.

Even though we cannot predict the ultimate outcome of this matter, we believe we have meritorious defenses and intend to vigorously contest this lawsuit. We have not established a reserve with respect to the plaintiff's claims.

On March 24, 2008, a lawsuit was filed in the 24th District Court of Jackson County, Texas, against us and twenty-two other defendants in Cause No. 07-6-13069, styled Tony Kubenka, Carolyn Kubenka, Dennis J. Kallus, David J. Kallus, Mary L. Kallus, Patricia Kallus, Nova Deleon, Janie Figuerova, and Larkin Thedford, Plaintiffs v. Tri-C Resources, Inc., Marie S. Adian, Laura E. Adian, Glenn A. Fiew, Lynn Kramer, Debra Boysen, Carol J. Gleason, Alana Sue Curlee, Connie W. Marthiljohni, Claire E. Adian, Zachary D. Adian, Donald R. Starkweather, Inc., D.A. Webernick, Danette Bundick, Johnny A. Webernick, Donna Gail Glover, Sherry Shulze, William H. Webernick, Jr., TAC Resources, Inc., New Century Exploration, Inc., Allegro Investments, Inc. and Welper Interests, LP .

The nine plaintiffs in this lawsuit have named us and the other working interest owners, including Tri-C Resources, Inc., the operator, as defendants. The plaintiffs in this lawsuit allege that they are royalty owners under oil and gas leases which are part of a pooled gas unit (the unit) located in Jackson County,

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Texas, and that the defendants, including us, are owners of the leasehold estate under the plaintiffs' leases and others forming the unit. Plaintiffs also assert that one of the leases (other than plaintiffs' leases) forming part of the unit has terminated and, as a result, the defendants have not properly computed the royalties due to plaintiffs from unit production and have failed to properly pay royalties due to them. Plaintiffs have sued for an unspecified amount of damages, including exemplary damages, under theories of breach of contract (including breach of express and implied covenants of their leases) and conversion, and seek an accounting, a declaratory judgment to declare the rights of the parties under the leases, and attorneys' fees, interest and court costs.

If a judgment adverse to the defendants was entered, as a working interest owner in the leases comprising the unit, we believe our liability would be proportionate to the ownership of the other working interest owners in the leases. We have filed an answer denying any liability. Although an initial exchange of discovery has occurred, we cannot predict the ultimate outcome of this matter, we believe we have meritorious defenses and intend to vigorously contest this lawsuit. We have not established a reserve with respect to plaintiffs' claims.

We received a Notice of Proposed Adjustment from the Internal Revenue Service, or the Service in May 2007 advising us of proposed adjustments to federal income tax of approximately \$2.0 million for the years 2004 and 2005. Subsequent discussions with the Service placed the issues contested in a development status. In November 2007, the Service issued a letter on the matter giving the company 30 days to agree or disagree with a final examination report. The final examination report reflected revisions of the previous proposed adjustments resulting in a reduced \$1.1 million of additional income tax and interest charges. The decrease in proposed tax was the result of information supplied by us to the examiner as well as discussions of the applicable tax statutes and regulations. In December 2007, we filed a protest documenting our complete disagreement with the adjustments proposed on the final examination report and requested a conference with the appeals office of the Service. The examination office of the Service filed a response to our protest in February 2008 with the appeals office. On June 4, 2008, our representatives met with the Service's Appeals Officer to review specific issues related to our calculation of net income from oil and gas and the associated treatment of certain deductions. During this meeting we were advised that a request to issue an advisory opinion had been submitted to the National Office of the Service. Pending issuance of this advisory opinion, we will submit an amendment to our initial protest in further support of our position. We intend to vigorously contest the adjustment proposed by the Service and believe that we will ultimately prevail in our position. We have not recorded a liability for tax, interest, or penalties related to this matter based on our analysis. If a liability for additional income tax should later be determined to be more likely than not, we anticipate the adjustment to increase the federal income tax liability would be offset by an increase to a deferred tax asset and would not result in a charge to earnings. Any interest or penalties resulting from a subsequent determination of increased tax liability would require a charge to earnings. We believe that the effects of this matter would not have a material effect on our results of operations for the fiscal quarter in which we actually incur or establish a reserve account for interest or penalties.

We are also presently a named defendant in one other lawsuit arising out of our operations in the normal course of business, which we believe is not material.

We are not aware of any legal or governmental proceedings against us, or contemplated to be brought against us, under the various environmental protection statutes to which we are subject, nor have we been a party to any bankruptcy, receivership, reorganization, adjustment or similar proceeding.

Effective January 1, 2005, we established a 401(k) Plan and Trust for eligible employees. For the three months ended June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007 we made contributions to the 401(k) Plan and Trust of approximately \$77,000 and \$67,000, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007, we made contributions to the 401(k) Plan and Trust of approximately \$152,000 and \$134,000, respectively.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with management's discussion and analysis contained in our 2007 Annual Report on Form 10-K, as well as the unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

OVERVIEW

Strategy

Conduct Exploitation Activities on Our Existing Assets. We seek to maximize economic return on our existing assets by maximizing production rates and ultimate recovery, while managing operational efficiency to minimize direct lifting costs. Development and production growth activities include infill and extension drilling of new wells, re-completion, pay adds and re-stimulation of existing wells and implementation and management of enhanced oil recovery projects such as waterflood operations. Operational efficiencies and cost reduction measures include optimization of surface facilities, such as fluid handling systems, gas compression or artificial lift installations. Efficiencies are also increased through aggressive monitoring and management of electrical power consumption, injection water quality programs, chemical and corrosion prevention programs and the use of production surveillance equipment and software. In all instances, a proactive approach is taken to achieve the desired result while ensuring minimal environmental impact.

Use of Horizontal Drilling and Fracture Stimulation Activities in Gas Resource Plays. We believe the use of horizontal drilling and fracture stimulations has enabled us to develop reserves economically, such as our Barnett Shale and Wolfcamp Carbonate gas projects.

Use Advanced Technologies and Production Techniques. We believe that 3-D seismic surveys, horizontal drilling, fracture stimulation and other advanced technologies and production techniques are useful tools that help improve normal drilling operations and enhance our production and returns. We believe that our use of these technologies and production techniques in exploring for, developing and exploiting oil and natural gas properties can reduce drilling risks, lower finding costs, provide for more efficient production of oil and natural gas from our properties and increase the probability of locating and producing reserves that might not otherwise be discovered.

Acquire Long-Lived Properties with Enhancement Opportunities. Our acquisition strategy is focused on leveraging our geographical expertise in our core areas of operation and seeking assets located in and around these areas. We selectively evaluate acquisition opportunities and expect that they will continue to play a role in increasing our reserve base and future drilling inventory. When identifying target assets, we focus primarily on reserve quality and assets in new development plays with upside potential. Through this approach, we have traditionally targeted smaller asset acquisitions which allow us to absorb, enhance and exploit properties without taking on significant integration risk.

Conduct Exploratory Activities. Although we do not emphasize exploratory drilling, we will selectively undertake exploratory projects that have known geological and reservoir characteristics that are in close proximity to existing wells so data from the existing wells can be correlated with seismic data on or near the prospect being evaluated, and that could have a potentially meaningful impact on our reserves.

The extent to which we are able to implement and follow through with our business strategy is influenced by:
the prices we receive for the oil and natural gas we produce;

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the results of reprocessing and reinterpreting our 3-D seismic data;

the results of our drilling activities;

the costs of obtaining high quality field services;

our ability to find and consummate acquisition opportunities; and

our ability to negotiate and enter into work to earn arrangements, joint ventures or other similar arrangements on terms acceptable to us.

Significant changes in the prices we receive for the oil and natural gas we produce, or the occurrence of unanticipated events beyond our control, may cause us to defer or deviate from our business strategy, including the amounts we have budgeted for our activities.

Operating Performance

Our operating performance is influenced by several factors, the most significant of which are the prices we receive for our oil and natural gas and the quantities of oil and natural gas that we are able to produce. The world price for oil has overall influence on the prices that we receive for our oil production. The prices received for different grades of oil are based upon the world price for oil, which is then adjusted based upon the particular grade. Typically, light oil is sold at a premium, while heavy grades of crude are discounted. Natural gas prices we receive are influenced by:

seasonal demand;

weather;

hurricane conditions in the Gulf of Mexico;

availability of pipeline transportation to end users;

proximity of our wells to major transportation pipeline infrastructures; and

to a lesser extent, world oil prices.

Additional factors influencing our overall operating performance include:

production expenses;

overhead requirements;

costs of capital; and

effects of derivative contracts.

Our oil and natural gas exploration, development and acquisition activities require substantial and continuing capital expenditures. Historically, the sources of financing to fund our capital expenditures have included:

cash flow from operations;

sales of our equity and debt securities;

bank borrowings; and

industry joint ventures.

For the three months ended June 30, 2008 (the Current Quarter), the sale price we received for

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our crude oil production averaged \$119.42 per barrel, compared with \$59.24 per barrel for the three months ended June 30, 2007 (the Comparable Quarter). The average sales price we received for natural gas for the Current Quarter was \$9.95 per Mcf, compared with \$6.79 per Mcf for the Comparable Quarter. For information regarding prices received, refer to the selected operating data table under -Results of Operations on page 22.

For the six months ended June 30, 2008 (the Current Period), the sale price we received for our crude oil production averaged \$106.32 per barrel, compared with \$55.56 per barrel for the six months ended June 30, 2007 (the Comparable Period). The average sales price we received for natural gas for the Current Period was \$8.90 per Mcf, compared with \$6.34 per Mcf for the Comparable Period. For information regarding prices received, refer to the selected operating data table under -Results of Operations on page 22.

Our oil and natural gas producing activities are accounted for using the full cost method of accounting. Under this accounting method, we capitalize all costs incurred in connection with the acquisition of oil and natural gas properties and the exploration for and development of oil and natural gas reserves. These costs include lease acquisition costs, geological and geophysical expenditures, costs of drilling productive and non-productive wells, and overhead expenses directly related to land and property acquisition and exploration and development activities. Proceeds from the disposition of oil and natural gas properties are accounted for as a reduction in capitalized costs, with no gain or loss recognized unless a disposition involves a material change in reserves, in which case the gain or loss is recognized.

Depletion of the capitalized costs of oil and natural gas properties, including estimated future development costs, is provided using the equivalent unit-of-production method based upon estimates of proved oil and natural gas reserves and production, which are converted to a common unit of measure based upon their relative energy content. Unproved oil and natural gas properties are not amortized, but are individually assessed for impairment. The cost of any impaired property is transferred to the balance of oil and natural gas properties being depleted.

Results of Operations

Our business activities are characterized by frequent, and sometimes significant, changes in our:
reserve base;

sources of production;

product mix (gas versus oil volumes); and

the prices we receive for our oil and natural gas production.

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Year-to-year or other periodic comparisons of the results of our operations can be difficult and may not fully and accurately describe our condition. The following table shows selected operating data for each of the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007.

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	6/30/2008	6/30/2007	6/30/2008	6/30/2007
	<i>(in thousands, except per unit data)</i>			
Production Volumes:				
Oil (Bbls)	237	270	484	543
Natural gas (Mcf)	2,790	1,679	5,452	3,200
BOE ⁽¹⁾	702	550	1,393	1,076
BOE per day	7.7	6.0	7.7	5.9
Sales Prices:				
Oil (per Bbl)	\$ 119.42	\$ 59.24	\$ 106.32	\$ 55.56
Natural gas (per Mcf)	\$ 9.95	\$ 6.79	\$ 8.90	\$ 6.34
BOE price	\$ 79.86	\$ 49.81	\$ 71.80	\$ 46.89
Operating Revenues				
Oil	\$ 28,322	\$ 15,956	\$ 51,491	\$ 30,167
Natural gas	27,753	11,398	48,525	20,303
	\$ 56,075	\$ 27,354	\$ 100,016	\$ 50,470
Operating Expenses:				
Lease operating expense	\$ 7,254	\$ 5,576	\$ 14,233	\$ 9,975
Production taxes	2,996	1,194	5,285	2,248
Production tax refund		(1,209)		(1,209)
General and administrative	3,265	2,580	5,833	5,245
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	10,483	7,150	19,835	13,859
	\$ 23,998	\$ 15,291	\$ 45,186	\$ 30,118
Operating income	\$ 32,077	\$ 12,063	\$ 54,830	\$ 20,352

⁽¹⁾ A BOE means one barrel of oil equivalent using the ratio of six Mcf of gas to one barrel of oil.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007:**

Our oil and natural gas revenues and production product mix are displayed in the following table for the Current and Comparable Quarters.

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	Revenues		Production	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Oil	51%	58%	34%	49%
Natural gas	49%	42%	66%	51%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

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The following table shows our production volumes, product sales prices and operating revenues for the indicated periods.

	Three Months Ended		Increase (Decrease)	% Increase (Decrease)
	June 30, 2008	2007		
<i>(in thousands except per unit data)</i>				
Production Volumes				
Oil (Bbls)	237	270	(33)	(12)%
Natural gas (Mcf)	2,790	1,679	1,111	66%
BOE	702	550	152	28%
BOE/Day	7.7	6.0	1.7	28%
Sales Price				
Oil (per Bbl)	\$ 119.42	\$ 59.24	\$ 60.18	102%
Natural gas (per Mcf)	\$ 9.95	\$ 6.79	\$ 3.16	47%
BOE price	\$ 79.86	\$ 49.81	\$ 30.05	60%
Operating Revenues				
Oil	\$ 28,322	\$ 15,956	\$ 12,366	78%
Natural gas	27,753	11,398	16,355	143%
Total	\$ 56,075	\$ 27,354	\$ 28,721	105%

Oil revenues

Average wellhead realized crude oil prices increased \$60.18 per Bbl, or 102%, to \$119.42 per Bbl in the Current Quarter, over the Comparable Quarter. This price increase resulted in increased revenues by approximately \$14.3 million for the Current Quarter, as compared to the Comparable Quarter. Oil production decreased 12%, which was attributable to natural production declines of approximately 33,000 Bbls. This decrease in production is largely due to natural declines in the Permian Basin area. The decrease in oil production resulted in decreased revenue of approximately \$1.9 million for the Current Quarter.

Natural gas revenues

Average realized wellhead natural gas prices increased \$3.16 per Mcf, or 47%, to \$9.95 per Mcf in the Current Quarter, over the Comparable Quarter. This price increase accounted for an increase in revenue of approximately \$8.8 million. Natural gas production increased 66% in the Current Quarter primarily due to new wells in the New Mexico Wolf Camp and Barnett Shale areas where volumes were up approximately 444,000 Mcf and 743,000 Mcf, respectively, over the Comparable Quarter. The overall increase in natural gas volumes increased revenue approximately \$7.6 million for the Current Quarter.

Cost and Expenses

	Three months ended June 30,		Increase (Decrease)	% Increase (Decrease)
	2008	2007		
<i>(\$ in thousands)</i>				
Lease operating expense	\$ 7,254	\$ 5,576	\$ 1,678	30%
Production taxes	2,996	1,194	1,802	151%

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Production tax refund		(1,209)	1,209	(100)%
General and administrative	3,265	2,580	685	27%
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	10,483	7,150	3,333	47%
Total	\$ 23,998	\$ 15,291	\$ 8,707	57%

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Table of Contents*Lease operating expense*

Lease operating expense increased approximately \$1.7 million, or 30%, to \$7.3 million during the Current Quarter, compared to \$5.6 million for the Comparable Quarter. Lifting cost (excluding production taxes) increased to \$10.33 per BOE for the Current Quarter, compared to \$10.15 per BOE in the Comparable Quarter. The increase was due primarily to higher workover expense from casing repairs and an increase in gathering and treating costs associated with increased production in the New Mexico Wolfcamp area. Ad valorem taxes increased in the Current Quarter by \$468,000 over the Comparable Quarter due to an overall increase in our producing property values.

Production taxes

Production taxes increased \$1.8 million for the Current Quarter, as compared to the Comparable Quarter. Production taxes were 5.3% of revenue for the Current Quarter compared to 4.4% of revenue for the Comparable Quarter. The increase is related to higher natural gas production and higher tax rates in the New Mexico area. Production taxes in future periods will be a function of product mix, production volumes, product prices and tax rates.

General and administrative

General and administrative expenses increased 27%, or \$685,000, for the Current Quarter, over the Comparable Quarter. This increase was primarily due to an increase in staffing, salary and stock based compensation. This increase over the Comparable Quarter was partially offset by lower franchise taxes, and fees associated with consulting and related services in the Current Quarter. On a BOE basis, general and administrative costs were \$4.65 per BOE in the Current Quarter, as compared to \$4.69 per BOE in the Comparable Quarter.

Depreciation, depletion and amortization

Depreciation depletion and amortization expense increased 47%, or \$3.3 million, in the Current Quarter, over the Comparable Quarter. Total depreciation, depletion and amortization per BOE was \$14.93 for the Current Quarter and \$13.00 for the Comparable Quarter. This increase is attributable to an overall increase in actual and anticipated drilling costs. Increased cost levels affect both the depletable amounts of capitalized costs in 2008 and the depletion attributable to amounts of estimated future development costs on proved undeveloped properties. Our drilling over the past year and our future drilling plans are focused on our natural gas resource projects which have higher associated per BOE drilling and development costs due to the nature of the wellbores. These factors, when combined with the increase in the absolute level of our capital expenditures during this time period, have led to a significant increase in our depletion rate per BOE.

Other income (expense)

	Three months ended June 30,		Increase	%
	2008	2007	(Decrease)	Increase
	(\$ in thousands)			(Decrease)
Loss on derivatives not classified as hedges	\$ (71,609)	\$ (2,170)	\$ (69,439)	3,200%
Interest and other income	32	56	(24)	(43)%
Interest expense	(5,368)	(4,312)	(1,056)	24%
Other expense	(1)	21	(22)	(105)%
Equity in gain (loss) of pipelines and gathering system ventures	165	(289)	454	157%
Total	\$ (76,781)	\$ (6,694)	\$ (70,087)	1,047%
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Loss on derivatives not classified as hedges

We recorded a loss of \$(71.6) million in the Current Quarter for derivatives not classified as hedges, as compared to a loss of \$(2.2) million for the Comparable Quarter. The greatest impact of the change in fair market valuation was within our crude oil contracts due to the significant increase in oil prices through June 30, 2008. We settled in cash a net of \$14.6 million in derivative contracts during the Current Quarter. See Note 6 to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Interest expense

Interest expense increased approximately \$1.1 million. The Current Quarter included higher interest expense of approximately \$758,000 primarily due to higher average outstanding debt balances over the Comparable Quarter. The Current Quarter had increased bank fees and note discount of approximately \$159,000 primarily due to the amortized discount on the Senior Notes. Capitalized interest for the Current Quarter was approximately \$(19,000) and \$(156,000) for the Comparable Quarter. Our weighted average interest rate decreased to 8.33% for the Current Quarter, from 8.53% for the Comparable Quarter.

Equity in gain (loss) of pipelines and gathering system ventures

For the Current Quarter, our investment in the Hagerman Gas Gathering System Joint Venture recorded a gain of \$162,000, compared to a loss of \$(291,000) for the Comparable Quarter. This increase in earnings of \$453,000 is the result of increased volumes flowing through the gathering system from period to period.

In June 2008, we acquired all of the assets of the Hagerman Gas Gathering System. Subsequent to the acquisition, the results of operations of the Hagerman Gas Gathering System will be included in our operating income and not as an equity gain / loss item in our Consolidated Statement of Operations. See Note 10 to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Income taxes

Income tax benefit was approximately \$15.5 million in the Current Quarter, as compared to an expense of approximately \$1.9 million in the Comparable Quarter. Income tax expense (benefit) for 2008 will be dependent on our earnings and is expected to be approximately 35% of income (loss) before income taxes.

Basic and diluted net income (loss)

We had basic and diluted net income (loss) per share of \$(.70) and \$.09 for Current Quarter and the Comparable Quarter, respectively. Basic weighted average common shares outstanding increased from 37.8 million shares in the Comparable Quarter to 41.4 million shares in the Current Quarter. The increase in common shares was primarily due to our public offering of 3.0 million shares of common stock in December 2007 and the exercise of employee and nonemployee stock options in 2007 and 2008 and the exercise of warrants during 2008.

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Table of Contents**RESULTS OF OPERATIONS****For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007:**

Percentages of our revenues and production, by product mix, are shown in the following table for the Current Period and Comparable Period.

	Revenues		Production	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Oil	51%	60%	35%	50%
Natural gas	49%	40%	65%	50%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

The following table shows our production volumes, product sale prices and operating revenues for the following periods.

	Six Months Ended June		Increase (Decrease)	% Increase (Decrease)
	2008	30, 2007		
<i>(in thousands except per unit data)</i>				
Production Volumes				
Oil (Bbls)	484	543	(59)	(11)%
Natural gas (Mcf)	5,452	3,200	2,252	70%
BOE	1,393	1,076	317	29%
BOE/Day	7.7	5.9	1.8	31%
Sales Price				
Oil (per Bbl)	\$ 106.32	\$ 55.56	\$ 50.76	91%
Natural gas (per Mcf)	\$ 8.90	\$ 6.34	\$ 2.56	40%
BOE price	\$ 71.80	\$ 46.89	\$ 24.91	53%
Operating Revenues				
Oil	\$ 51,491	\$ 30,167	21,324	71%
Natural gas	48,525	20,303	28,222	139%
Total	\$ 100,016	\$ 50,470	\$ 49,546	98%

Oil revenues

Oil revenues increased \$21.3 million, or 71%, in the Current Period, over the Comparable Period. Oil production decreased largely due to natural declines in the Permian Basin area. The decrease in oil production decreased revenue approximately \$3.3 million for 2008. Wellhead average realized crude oil prices increased \$50.76 per Bbl, or 91%, to \$106.32 per Bbl for 2008 over the Comparable Period. The increase in oil prices increased revenue approximately \$24.6 million for the Current Period.

Natural gas revenues

Natural gas revenues increased \$28.2 million, or 139%, in the Current Period, over the Comparable Period. Natural gas production increased 70%, which was attributable to new wells in our New Mexico and Barnett Shale areas increasing production approximately 2.4 Bcf, partially offset by natural declines in our other producing areas. The increase in natural gas volumes increased revenue approximately \$14.3 million in the Current Period. Average realized wellhead natural gas prices increased \$2.56 per Mcf or 40% to \$8.90 Mcf in the Current Period over the

Comparable Period, causing an increase in revenue of \$13.9 million in the Current Period.

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Table of Contents**Cost and Expenses**

	Six months ended June			%
	2008	30, 2007	Increase (Decrease)	Increase (Decrease)
	(\$ in thousands)			
Lease operating expense	\$ 14,233	\$ 9,975	\$ 4,258	43%
Production taxes	5,285	2,248	3,037	135%
Production tax refund		(1,209)	1,209	(100)%
General and administrative	5,833	5,245	588	11%
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	19,835	13,859	5,976	43%
Total	\$ 45,186	\$ 30,118	\$ 15,068	50%

Lease operating expense

Lease operating costs increased approximately \$4.3 million, or 43%, to \$14.2 million during the Current Period, from \$10.0 million in the Comparable Period. Lifting cost (excluding production taxes) increased to \$10.22 per BOE for the Current Period, compared to \$9.27 per BOE in the Comparable Period. The increase was due primarily to higher workover expense from casing repairs and an increase in gathering and treating costs associated with increased production in the New Mexico Wolfcamp area. Ad valorem taxes increased in the Current Period by \$900,000 over the Comparable Quarter due to an overall increase in our producing property values.

Production taxes

Production tax increased \$3.0 million, in the Current Period, over the Comparable Period primarily due to a \$49.5 million increase in revenue. Production taxes in future periods will be a function of product mix, production volumes, product prices and tax rates.

A production tax refund was received in June 2007 in the amount of \$1.2 million for gas production taxes on non-operated wells in the Wilcox area of south Texas for production during the period from March 2005 through January 2007. These refunds were received by the operator of these wells after the operator's application for tax abatement was approved by state regulatory agencies. The reduction in our production tax expense was recognized only when approval of the application for tax abatement was granted by the state.

General and Administrative

Total general and administrative expenses increased 11%, or approximately \$588,000, in the Current Period, over the Comparable Period. The increase in general and administrative costs is due to higher employee compensation, related benefit costs, stock based compensation and consulting and contract employees. General and administrative expenses capitalized to the full cost pool were \$842,000 in the Current Period compared to \$725,000 in the Comparable Period. On a BOE basis, general and administrative costs decreased to \$4.19 per BOE in the Current Period from \$4.87 per BOE in the Comparable Period.

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Table of Contents*Depreciation, depletion and amortization*

Depreciation, depletion and amortization expense increased 43%, or \$6.0 million, in the Current Period, over the Comparable Period. Total depreciation, depletion and amortization expense per BOE was \$14.24 for the Current Period and \$12.88 for the Comparable Period. This increase is attributable to an overall increase in actual and anticipated drilling costs and related oilfield service costs. Increased cost levels affect both the depletable amounts of capitalized costs in 2008 and the depletion attributable to amounts of estimated future development costs on proved undeveloped properties. Our drilling over the past year and our future drilling plans are focused on our natural gas resource projects which have higher associated per BOE drilling and development costs than our drilling projects in the Permian Basin of west Texas and onshore gulf coast of south Texas due to the use of horizontal drilling and multi-stage stimulation techniques. These factors, when combined with the increase in the absolute level of our capital expenditures during this time period, have led to a significant increase in our depletion rate per BOE.

Other income (expense)

	Six months ended June 30,		Increase	%
	2008	2007	(Decrease)	Increase
	(\$ in thousands)			(Decrease)
Loss on derivatives not classified as hedges	\$ (93,495)	\$ (6,605)	\$ (86,890)	1,316%
Interest and other income	65	108	(43)	(40)%
Interest expense	(10,886)	(8,020)	(2,866)	36%
Other expense	(1)	(15)	14	(93)%
Equity in gain (loss) of pipelines and gathering system ventures	382	(594)	976	(164)%
Total	\$ (103,935)	\$ (15,126)	\$ (88,809)	587%

Loss on derivatives not classified as hedges

We recorded a loss of \$(93.5) million in the Current Period for derivatives not classified as hedges, as compared to a loss of \$(6.6) million for the Comparable Period. The greatest impact of the change in fair market valuation was within our crude oil contracts due to the significant increase in oil prices through June 30, 2008. We settled in cash a net of \$22.8 million in derivative contracts during the Current Period. See Note 6 to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Interest expense

Interest expense increased approximately \$2.9 million. The Current Period included higher interest expense of approximately \$2.1 million primarily due to higher average outstanding debt balances over the Comparable Period. The Current Period had increased bank fees and note discount of approximately \$489,000 primarily due to the amortized discount on the Senior Notes. Capitalized interest for the Current Period was approximately \$(44,000) and \$(345,000) for the Comparable Period. Our weighted average interest rate increased to 8.78% for the Current Period, from 8.52% for the Comparable Period.

Equity in gain (loss) of pipelines and gathering system ventures

For the Current Period, our investment in the Hagerman Gas Gathering System Joint Venture recorded a gain of \$381,000. This gain compares to a loss of \$(599,000) for the Comparable Period. This increase in earnings of \$980,000 is the result of increased volumes flowing through the system from period to period.

In June 2008, we acquired all of the assets of the Hagerman Gas Gathering System. Subsequent to the acquisition, the results of operations of the Hagerman Gas Gathering System will be included in our operating income and not as an equity gain/loss item in our Consolidated Statement of Operations. See Note 10 to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Income taxes

Income tax benefit was \$17.2 million in the Current Period, compared to an expense of \$(1.9) million in the Comparable Period. Income tax benefit (expense) for 2008 will be dependent on our earnings and is expected to be approximately 35% of income before income taxes.

Basic and diluted net income (loss)

We had basic and diluted net income (loss) per share of \$(0.77) and \$0.09 for 2008 and 2007, respectively. Basic weighted average common shares outstanding increased from approximately 37.7 million shares in 2007 to approximately 41.4 million shares in 2008. The increase was primarily due to our public offering of 3.0 million shares of common stock in December 2007 and the exercise of employee and nonemployee stock options in 2007 and 2008 and warrant exercises in 2008.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our capital resources consist primarily of cash flows from our oil and natural gas properties and bank borrowings supported by our oil and natural gas reserves. Our level of earnings and cash flows depend on many factors, including the prices we receive for oil and natural gas we produce.

Our working capital deficit increased approximately \$27.7 million as of June 30, 2008, compared with December 31, 2007. Current liabilities exceeded current assets by approximately \$60.9 million at June 30, 2008. The working capital deficit increase was due to an increase in accounts payable of approximately \$15.1 million and an increase in current derivative obligations of approximately \$32.5 million, offset by an increase in accounts receivable of approximately \$8.3 million and an increase in deferred tax assets of approximately \$11.2 million.

We incurred net property costs of \$125.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, compared to \$74.9 million for the same period in 2007. The increase is primarily related to drilling activity in the Barnett Shale and in the New Mexico Wolfcamp areas, as well as acquisitions in our core properties. Included in our property basis for the first six months of 2008 and 2007 were net changes in asset retirement costs of approximately \$482,000 and \$(385,000), respectively. See Note 8 to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Our capital investment budget will be funded from our estimated operating cash flows and our bank borrowings. If our cash flows and bank borrowings are not sufficient to fund all of our estimated capital expenditures, we may fund any shortfall with proceeds from the sale of our debt or equity securities, reduce our capital budget or effect a combination of these alternatives. The amount and timing of our expenditures are subject to change based upon market conditions, results of expenditures, new opportunities and other factors.

If our revenues or the borrowing base under our revolving credit facility decrease as a result of lower oil and natural gas prices, operating difficulties, declines in reserves or for any other reason, we may have limited ability to obtain the capital necessary to undertake or complete future drilling projects. We may, from time to time, seek additional financing, either in the form of increased bank borrowings, sale of debt or equity securities or other forms of financing and there can be no assurance as to the availability of any additional financing upon terms acceptable to us.

Stockholders' equity at June 30, 2008 was \$205.6 million, as compared to \$235.3 million at December 31, 2007. The decrease is primarily attributable to our net loss of approximately \$(31.9) million.

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Table of Contents***Bank Borrowings***

In the past, we have maintained two separate credit facilities. One of these credit facilities is our Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated May 16, 2008, or Revolving Credit Agreement, with a group of bank lenders which provide us with a revolving line of credit having a borrowing base limitation of \$230.0 million at June 30, 2008. The total amount that we can borrow and have outstanding at any one time is limited to the lesser of \$600.0 million or the borrowing base established by the lenders. At June 30, 2008, the principal amount outstanding under our revolving credit facility was \$137.0 million, excluding \$445,000 reserved for our letters of credit. Unamortized fees in the amount of \$875,000 related to the prior Revolving Credit Agreement have been rolled into the current Revolving Credit Agreement, as amended, and will be amortized over the remaining term of five years.

Our second credit facility was a five year term loan facility provided to us under a Second Lien Term Loan Agreement, or the Second Lien Agreement, with a group of banks and other lenders. The Second Lien Agreement was paid off and terminated on July 31, 2007 with our payment to the lenders of \$50.2 million, including interest.

Revolving Credit Facility

Our Revolving Credit Agreement allows us to borrow, repay and reborrow amounts available under the revolving credit facility. The amount of the borrowing base is based primarily upon the estimated value of our oil and natural gas reserves. The borrowing base is redetermined by the lenders semi-annually on or about April 1 and October 1 of each year or at other times required by the lenders or at our request. If, as a result of the lenders redetermination of the borrowing base, the outstanding principal amount of our loans exceeds the borrowing base, we must either provide additional collateral to the lenders or repay the outstanding principal of our revolving credit facility in an amount equal to the excess. Except for principal payments that may be required because of our outstanding loans being in excess of the borrowing base, interest only is payable monthly.

Loans made to us under this revolving credit facility bear interest at the bank's base rate or the LIBOR rate, at our election. Generally, the bank's base rate is equal to its prime rate as announced by it from time to time.

The LIBOR rate is generally equal to the sum of (a) the rate designated as British Bankers Association Interest Settlement Rates and offered in one, two, three, six or twelve month interest periods for deposits of \$1.0 million, and (b) a margin ranging from 2.00% to 2.50%, depending upon the outstanding principal amount of our loan. If the principal amount outstanding is equal to or greater than 75% of the borrowing base, the margin is 2.50%. If the principal amount outstanding is equal to or greater than 50%, but less than 75% of the borrowing base, the margin is 2.25%. If the principal amount outstanding is less than 50% of the borrowing base, the margin is 2.00%.

The interest rate we are required to pay on our borrowings, including the applicable margin, may never be less than 4.75%. At June 30, 2008, base rate plus the applicable margin, was 5.0% on \$137.0 million, the outstanding principal amount of our revolving loan on that same date.

In the case of base rate loans, interest is payable on the last day of each month. In the case of LIBOR loans, interest is payable on the last day of each applicable interest period; provided that if the applicable interest period is longer than three months, interest is payable at three-month intervals following the first day of such interest period.

If the total outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit facility are less than the borrowing base, we are required to pay an unused commitment fee to the lenders in an amount equal to .25% of the daily average of the unadvanced portion of the borrowing base. The fee is payable quarterly.

If the borrowing base is increased, we are also required to pay a fee of .375% on the amount of any increase.

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The Revolving Credit Agreement contains various restrictive covenants, including (i) maintenance of a minimum current ratio, (ii) maintenance of a maximum ratio of funded indebtedness to earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation, depletion and amortization, (iii) maintenance of a minimum net worth, (iv) prohibition of payment of dividends and (v) restrictions on incurrence of additional debt. We have pledged substantially all of our producing oil and natural gas properties to secure the repayment of our indebtedness under the Revolving Credit Agreement.

All outstanding principal and accrued and unpaid interest under the revolving credit facility is due and payable on December 31, 2013. The maturity date of our outstanding loans may be accelerated by the lenders upon the occurrence of an event of default under the Revolving Credit Agreement.

As of June 30, 2008 we were in compliance with all of the covenants in our Revolving Credit Agreement.

Senior Notes

On July 31, 2007, we completed a private offering of unsecured senior notes, or the senior notes, in the principal amount of \$150.0 million. The senior notes mature on August 1, 2014 and bear interest at 10.25% which is payable semi-annually beginning on February 1, 2008. Prior to August 1, 2010, we may redeem up to 35% of the senior notes for a price equal to 110.250% of the original principal amount of the senior notes with the proceeds of certain equity offerings. On or after August 1, 2011 we may redeem all or some of the senior notes at a redemption price that will decrease from 105.125% of the principal amount of the senior notes to 100% of the principal amount on August 1, 2013. In addition, prior to August 1, 2011, we may redeem some or all of the senior notes at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the senior notes to be redeemed, plus a make-whole premium, plus any accrued and unpaid interest. Generally, the make-whole premium is an amount equal to the greater of (a) 1% of the principal amount of the senior notes being redeemed and (b) the excess of the present value of the redemption price of such notes as of August 1, 2011 plus all required interest payments due through August 1, 2011 (computed at a discount rate equal to a specified U.S. Treasury Rate plus 50 basis points), over the principal amount of the senior notes being redeemed.

The indenture governing the senior notes restricts our ability to: (i) borrow money; (ii) issue redeemable and preferred stock; (iii) pay distributions or dividends; (iv) make investments; (v) create liens without securing the senior notes; (vi) enter into agreements that restrict dividends from subsidiaries; (vii) sell certain assets or merge with or into other companies; (viii) enter into transactions with affiliates; (ix) guarantee indebtedness; and (x) enter into new lines of business.

Interest Accrued

For the Current Period, the aggregate interest accrued under our Revolving Credit Agreement and our senior notes was approximately \$10.3 million. Bank fees and note discount amortization was approximately \$621,000 for the Current Period and interest capitalized was approximately \$44,000.

Commodity Price Risk Management Transactions and Effects of Derivative Instruments

The purpose of our derivative transactions is to provide a measure of stability in our cash flows. The derivative trade arrangements we have employed include collars, costless collars, floors or purchased puts, and oil, natural gas and interest rate swaps.

At June 30, 2008 we had no derivatives in place that were designated as cash flow hedges. All commodity derivative contracts at June 30, 2008 were accounted for by mark-to-market accounting whereby changes in fair value were charged to earnings. Changes in the fair values of derivatives are recorded in our Consolidated Statements of Operations as these changes occur in Other income (expense),

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net . To the extent these trades relate to production in 2008 and beyond, and oil prices increase, we will report a loss currently, but if there are no further changes in prices, our revenue will be correspondingly higher (than if there had been no price increase) when the production is sold.

All interest rate swaps that we have entered into for 2008 and beyond are accounted for by mark-to-market accounting as prescribed in SFAS 133.

We are exposed to credit risk in the event of nonperformance by the counterparties to our derivative trade instruments. However, we periodically assess the creditworthiness of the counterparties to mitigate this credit risk.

We adopted SFAS No. 157 Fair Value Measurement effective January 1, 2008 to measure fair value of our derivatives which had no significant effect on our financial position or operating results.

Contractual Obligations, Commitments and Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have contractual obligations and commitments that may affect our financial position. However, based on our assessment of the provisions and circumstances of our contractual obligations and commitments, we do not believe there will be an adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, financial condition or liquidity.

The following table is a summary of significant contractual obligations as of June 30, 2008:

	Six Months ending December 31, 2008	Obligation Due in Period					Total
		2009	Years ended December 31,			After 5 years	
Contractual Cash Obligations			2010	2011	2012		
			<i>(\$ in thousands)</i>				
Revolving Credit Facility (secured) ⁽¹⁾	\$ 3,444	\$ 6,850	\$ 6,850	\$ 6,850	\$ 6,869	\$ 143,850	\$ 174,713
Senior Notes (unsecured) ⁽²⁾	7,688	15,375	15,375	15,375	15,375	180,750	249,938
Office Lease (Dinero Plaza)	135	271	107	31			544
Asset retirement obligations ⁽³⁾	736	151	78	75	36	4,530	5,606
Derivative obligations	39,445	44,129	27,224				110,798
Put obligations ⁽⁴⁾		646	1,378	1,689			3,713
Total	\$ 51,448	\$ 67,422	\$ 51,012	\$ 24,020	\$ 22,280	\$ 329,130	\$ 545,312

(1) Outstanding principal of \$137.0 million due December 31, 2013 and estimated interest obligation calculated using the interest rate at June 30, 2008 of 5.0%.

- (2) Outstanding principal of \$150.0 million due August 1, 2014 and interest obligation calculated at an interest rate of 10.25%.
- (3) Asset retirement obligations of oil and natural gas assets, excluding salvage value.
- (4) The put obligations above represent the undiscounted obligation to our counterparty. The will recognize \$382,000 of interest associated with the put obligations over the remaining life of the contracts.

Outlook

The oil and natural gas industry is capital intensive. We make, and anticipate that we will continue to make, substantial capital expenditures in the exploration for, development and acquisition of oil and natural gas reserves. Historically, our capital expenditures have been financed primarily with:

internally generated cash from operations;

proceeds from bank borrowings; and

proceeds from sales of equity and debt securities.

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The continued availability of these capital sources depends upon a number of variables, including:
our proved reserves;

the volumes of oil and natural gas we produce from existing wells;

the prices at which we sell oil and natural gas; and

our ability to acquire, locate and produce new reserves.

Each of these variables materially affects our borrowing capacity. We may from time to time seek additional financing in the form of:

increased bank borrowings;

additional sales of our debt or equity securities;

sales of non-core properties;

other forms of financing; or

a combination of the above.

Except for the revolving credit facility we have with our bank lenders, we do not currently have any agreements for any future financing and there can be no assurance as to the availability or terms of any such future financing.

Inflation

Our drilling and production costs have escalated and we expect this trend to continue. However, over the past several years our commodity prices have increased to offset the effects of cost inflation.

Oil and Natural Gas Price Trends

Changes in oil and natural gas prices significantly affect our revenues, financial condition, cash flows and borrowing capacity. Markets for oil and natural gas have historically been volatile and we expect this trend to continue. Prices for oil and natural gas typically fluctuate in response to relatively minor changes in supply and demand, market uncertainty, seasonal, political and other factors beyond our control. Although we are unable to accurately predict the prices we receive for our oil and natural gas, any significant or sustained declines in oil or natural gas prices may materially adversely affect our financial condition, liquidity, ability to obtain financing and operating results. Lower oil or natural gas prices also may reduce the amount of oil or natural gas that we can produce economically. A decline in oil or natural gas prices could have a material adverse effect on the estimated value and estimated quantities of our oil and natural gas reserves, our ability to fund our operations and our financial condition, cash flow, results of operations and access to capital.

Our capital expenditure budgets are highly dependent on future oil and natural gas prices.

For the six months ended June 30, 2007, the average realized sales price for our oil and natural gas was \$46.89 per BOE. For the six months ended June 30, 2008, our average realized price was \$71.80 per BOE.

Production Trends

Like all other oil and gas exploration and production companies, we experience natural production declines. We recognize that oil and gas production from a given well naturally decreases over time and that

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a downward trend in our overall production could occur unless these natural declines are offset by additional production from drilling, workover or recompletion activity, or acquisitions of producing properties. If any production declines we experience are other than a temporary trend, and if we cannot economically replace our reserves, our results of operations may be materially adversely affected and our stock price may decline. Our future growth will depend upon our ability to continue to add oil and natural gas reserves in excess of production at a reasonable cost.

While we have achieved increased production and revenue in our New Mexico Wolfcamp and Barnett Shale projects as a result of our significant investments in these areas, production growth in our Barnett Shale investments has been restricted due to limited pipeline capacity.

In recent periods, we have concentrated our drilling and development efforts on our resource natural gas projects in our Barnett Shale and New Mexico Wolfcamp projects. Due to limited development, our production has decreased in accordance with normal decline curves for our principal Permian Basin oil properties and south Texas gas properties. We expect our 2008 capital spending for our Permian Basin oil properties to increase.

Lease Operating Expense Trends

The level of drilling, workover and maintenance activity in the primary areas in which we operate and produce continues at a historically high level. Service rates charged by oil field service companies have increased significantly during recent periods. These increased cost levels have affected our per BOE lease operating expense. While we do not expect the rate of increase of service costs to continue at the same pace as in recent periods, further increases are possible and could significantly impact our lease operating expense. However, as we continue to increase our production we also expect to see a leveling off of our per BOE lease operating expenses.

Interest Expense Trends

On July 31, 2007 we completed a private offering of \$150.0 million of senior notes that bear interest at 10.25%. As a result of the issuance of the notes and the increase in our current borrowings, we expect a corresponding increase in our annual interest expense. An increase in interest rates will also negatively impact our interest expense.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* (SFAS 157), which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This statement does not require any new fair value measurements but may require some entities to change their measurement practices. We adopted SFAS No. 157 effective January 1, 2008 and the adoption did not have a significant effect on our financial position or operating results.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, Including an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 115*, (FAS 159) which became effective on January 1, 2008. FAS 159 permits entities to measure eligible financial assets, financial liabilities and firm commitments at fair value, on an instrument-by-instrument basis, that are otherwise not permitted to be accounted for at fair value under other generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value measurement election is irrevocable and subsequent changes in fair value must be recorded in earnings. This statement, for us, became effective in the first quarter of 2008 and it did not have any effect on our financial position or operating results as we did not elect to apply the Fair Value Method.

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In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007), *Business Combinations* (SFAS 141(R)), which replaces FASB Statement No. 141. SFAS 141(R) establishes principles and requirements for how an acquirer recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the goodwill acquired. The statement also establishes disclosure requirements that will enable users to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. SFAS 141(R) is effective for acquisitions that occur in an entity's fiscal year that begins after December 15, 2008, which will be our fiscal year 2009. The impact, if any, will depend on the nature and size of business combinations that we consummate after the effective date.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, *Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements - an amendment of ARB No. 51* (SFAS 160). SFAS 160 requires that accounting and reporting for minority interests will be recharacterized as noncontrolling interests and classified as a component of equity. SFAS 160 also establishes reporting requirements that provide sufficient disclosures that clearly identify and distinguish between the interests of the parent and the interests of the noncontrolling owners. SFAS 160 applies to all entities that prepare consolidated financial statements, except not-for-profit organizations, but will affect only those entities that have an outstanding noncontrolling interest in one or more subsidiaries or that deconsolidate a subsidiary. This statement is effective as of the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2008, which will be our fiscal year 2009. Based upon our balance sheet, the statement would have no impact.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, *Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*, an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133 (SFAS 161). This statement is intended to improve transparency in financial reporting by requiring enhanced disclosures of an entity's derivative instruments and hedging activities and their effects on the entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. SFAS 161 applies to all derivative instruments within the scope of SFAS 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities* (SFAS 133), as well as related hedged items, bifurcated derivatives, and nonderivative instruments that are designated and qualify as hedging instruments. Entities with instruments subject to SFAS 161 must provide more robust qualitative disclosures and expanded quantitative disclosures. SFAS 161 is effective prospectively for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008, with early application permitted. We are currently evaluating the disclosure implications of this statement.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our critical accounting policies are included and discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 20, 2008. These critical accounting policies should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the accompanying notes and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Some statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are forward-looking statements. These forward looking statements relate to, among others, the following:

our future financial and operating performance and results;

our drilling plans and ability to secure drilling rigs to effectuate our plans;

production volumes;

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our business strategy;

market prices;

sources of funds necessary to conduct operations and complete acquisitions;

development costs;

number and location of planned wells;

our future commodity price risk management activities; and

our plans and forecasts.

We have based these forward-looking statements on our current assumptions, expectations and projections about future events.

We use the words may, will, expect, anticipate, estimate, believe, continue, intend, plan, budget, future or reserves or other similar words to identify forward-looking statements. These statements also involve risks and uncertainties that could cause our actual results or financial condition to materially differ from our expectations. We believe the assumptions and expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable. However, we cannot give any assurance that our expectations will prove to be correct or that we will be able to take any actions that are presently planned. All of these statements involve assumptions of future events and risks and uncertainties.

Risks and uncertainties associated with forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to:

fluctuations in prices of oil and natural gas;

dependent on key personnel;

reliance on technological development and technology development programs;

demand for oil and natural gas;

losses due to potential or future litigation;

future capital requirements and availability of financing;

geological concentration of our reserves;

risks associated with drilling and operating wells;

competition;

general economic conditions;

governmental regulations and liability for environmental matters;

receipt of amounts owed to us by purchasers of our production and counterparties to our hedging contracts;

hedging decisions, including whether or not to hedge;

events similar to 911;

actions of third party co-owners of interests in properties in which we also own an interest; and

fluctuations in interest rates and availability of capital.

For these and other reasons, actual results may differ materially from those projected or implied.

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We believe it is important to communicate our expectations of future performance to our investors. However, events may occur in the future that we are unable to accurately predict, or over which we have no control. We caution you against putting undue reliance on forward-looking statements or projecting any future results based on such statements.

Before you invest in our common stock, you should be aware that there are various risks associated with an investment. We have described some of these risks under *Risks Related to Our Business* beginning on page 13 of our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The following quantitative and qualitative information is provided about market risks and derivative instruments to which we were a party at June 30, 2008, and from which we may incur future earnings, gains or losses from changes in market interest rates and oil and natural gas prices.

Interest Rate Sensitivity as of June 30, 2008

Although we are currently protected from interest rate volatility through our senior notes and our interest rate swaps, we believe that in the future we will be exposed to interest rate volatility as our borrowings increase and as our interest rate swaps are settled. Our only financial instruments sensitive to changes in interest rates are our bank debt and interest rate swaps. As the interest rate is variable and reflects current market conditions, the carrying value of our bank debt approximates the fair value. The table below shows principal cash flows and related interest rates by expected maturity dates. Refer to Note 3 of the Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion of our debt that is sensitive to interest rates.

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012 and after	Total
	<i>(\$ in thousands, except interest rates)</i>					
Revolving Credit Facility (secured)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$137,000	\$137,000
Average interest rate	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	
Senior notes	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$150,000	\$150,000
Average interest rate	10.25%	10.25%	10.25%	10.25%	10.25%	

At June 30, 2008, we had outstanding bank loans in the aggregate principal amount of \$137.0 million at a base interest rate of 5.0%. Under our revolving credit facility, we may elect an interest rate based upon the agent bank's base lending rate or the LIBOR rate, plus a margin ranging from 2.00% to 2.50% per annum, depending upon the outstanding principal amount of the loans. The interest rate we are required to pay, including the applicable margin, may never be less than 4.75%.

At June 30, 2008, we had outstanding senior notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$150.0 million bearing interest at a rate of 10.25% per annum. The carrying value of our 10.25% senior notes at June 30, 2008 is approximately \$145.6 million. Interest on our senior notes and their carrying value are not affected by changes in interest rates.

We have employed fixed interest rate swap contracts with BNP Paribas and Citibank, N.A. based on the 90-day LIBOR rates at the time of the contract. These contracts are accounted for by mark-to-market accounting as prescribed in SFAS 133. As of June 30, 2008, the fair market value of these interest rate swaps was a liability of approximately \$2.1 million.

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A recap for the period of time, notional amounts, fixed interest rates, and fair market value of these contracts at June 30, 2008 follows:

Period of Time	Notional Amounts (\$ in millions)	Weighted Average Fixed Interest Rates	Estimated Fair Market Value (\$ in thousands)
July 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008	\$ 100	4.86%	\$ (997)
January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2009	\$ 50	5.06%	(774)
January 1, 2010 through October 31, 2010	\$ 50	5.15%	(352)
Total Fair Market Value			\$ (2,123)

Commodity Price Sensitivity

Our major market risk exposure is in the pricing applicable to our oil and natural gas production. Market risk refers to the risk of loss from adverse changes in oil and natural gas prices. Realized pricing is primarily driven by the prevailing domestic price for crude oil and spot prices applicable to the region in which we produce natural gas. Historically, prices received for oil and natural gas production have been volatile and unpredictable. We expect pricing volatility to continue. NYMEX closing oil prices ranged from a low of \$50.48 per barrel to a high of \$70.68 per barrel during the six months ended June 30, 2007. NYMEX closing natural gas prices during the six months ended June 30, 2007 ranged from a low of \$6.16 per Mcf to a high of \$8.19 per Mcf. During the six months ended June 30, 2008 NYMEX closing oil prices ranged from a low of \$86.99 to a high of \$140.21. NYMEX closing natural gas prices during the six months ended June 30, 2008 ranged from a low of \$7.62 per Mcf to a high of \$13.35 per Mcf. A significant decline in the prices of oil or natural gas could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

We employ various derivative instruments in order to minimize our exposure to the aforementioned commodity price volatility. As of June 30, 2008, we had employed costless collars, puts and swaps in order to protect against this price volatility. Although all of the contracts that we have entered into are viewed as protection against this price volatility, all contracts are accounted for by the mark-to-market accounting method as prescribed in SFAS 133.

At June 30, 2008 we had oil collar, put and swap derivative contracts in place covering future oil production of approximately 1.9 million barrels. Although oil futures prices have decreased since June 30, 2008, the estimated future settlement payments still continue to exceed the capped price for each of our collars. If futures prices remain at these levels we will be required to remit the excess of the NYMEX price for each settlement period over the cap price contained in the respective collar contract as detailed in the tables below. Changes in oil prices will also impact our net settlement payments under commodity swap contracts. While settlement payments on our collar and swap contracts could be significant, these payments should not significantly affect our cash flow since payments made to counterparties to these contracts should be substantially offset by commodity prices received on the actual sale of our production. Changes in oil prices will affect the fair value of our oil contracts as recorded in our balance sheet during future periods and, consequently, our reported net earnings. Changes in the recorded fair value of commodity derivatives are marked to market through earnings. If oil prices increase, this negative effect on earnings will become more significant. However, if oil prices decrease, the negative effect on earnings that we have experienced in recent periods will be reversed to the extent of the price change. We are currently unable to estimate the effects on earnings in future periods, but based on the volume of future oil production covered by the oil derivative contracts, the effects may be material.

At June 30, 2008 we had natural gas collar derivative contracts in place covering future natural gas production of approximately 5.1 Bcf. Natural gas futures prices have decreased since the end of the quarter and we do not anticipate payment to our counterparties for a majority of these contracts at settlement date if prices remain at these levels.

Changes in natural gas prices will affect the fair value of our natural gas contracts as recorded on our balance sheet during future periods and consequently, our reported net
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earnings. Changes in the recorded fair value of commodity derivatives are marked to market through earnings. We are currently unable to estimate the effects on earnings in future periods, but based on the volume of future natural gas production covered by the natural gas derivative contracts, the effects may be material.

Descriptions of our active commodity derivative contracts as of June 30, 2008 are set forth below:

Put Options. Puts are an option to sell an asset. For any put transaction, the counterparty is required to make a payment to the Company if the reference floating price for any settlement period is less than the put or floor price for such contract.

In June 2008 we entered into multiple put contracts with BNP Paribas. In lieu of making premium payments for the puts at the time of entering into our put contracts, we deferred payment until the settlement dates of the contract. Future payments will be netted against any payments that the counterparty may owe to us based on the floating price. We have accrued a liability as of June 30, 2008 of \$3.331 million for the purchase price of the puts, and we will pay a premium for these puts due to the deferral of the payments until the settlement dates. The premiums associated with these puts will be treated as interest expense and will have an effective interest rate between 4.3% and 5.7%.

A summary of our put positions at June 30, 2008 is as follows:

Period of Time	Barrels of Oil	Floor	Estimated Fair Market Value (\$ in thousands)
January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2009	109,500	\$ 100.00	\$ 505
January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2010	134,100	\$ 100.00	1,087
January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011	146,000	\$ 100.00	1,308
Total Fair Market Value			\$ 2,900

Collars. Collars are contracts which combine both a put option or floor and a call option or ceiling. These contracts may or may not involve payment or receipt of cash at inception, depending on the ceiling and floor pricing.

A summary of our collar positions at June 30, 2008 is as follows:

Period of Time	Barrels of Oil	NYMEX Oil Prices		Estimated Fair Market Value (\$ in thousands)
		Floor	Cap	
July 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008	174,800	\$ 63.42	\$ 83.86	\$ (9,941)
January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2009	620,500	\$ 63.53	\$ 80.21	(36,970)
January 1, 2010 through October 31, 2010	486,400	\$ 63.44	\$ 78.26	(28,180)
	MMBtu of Natural Gas	WAHA Gas Prices		
		Floor	Cap	
July 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008	1,840,000	\$ 7.38	\$ 9.28	(5,455)
January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2009	3,285,000	\$ 7.06	\$ 9.93	(7,472)
Total Fair Market Value				\$ (88,018)

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Commodity Swaps. Generally, swaps are an agreement to buy or sell a specified commodity for delivery in the future, at an agreed fixed price. Swap transactions convert a floating or market price into a fixed price. For any particular swap transaction, the counterparty is required to make a payment to the Company if the reference price for any settlement period is less than the swap or fixed price for such contract, and the Company is required to make a payment to the counterparty if the reference price for any settlement period is greater than the swap or fixed price for such contract.

We have entered into oil swap contracts with BNP Paribas. A recap for the period of time, number of barrels, swap prices and fair market values as of June 30, 2008 for these swaps follows:

Period of Time	Barrels of Oil	NYMEX Oil Swap Price	Estimated Fair Market Value (\$ in thousands)
July 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008	220,800	\$ 33.37	\$ (23,557)

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) was evaluated by our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer, Larry C. Oldham (principal executive officer), and our Chief Financial Officer, Steven D. Foster (principal financial officer), in accordance with rules of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Based on that evaluation, Mr. Oldham and Mr. Foster have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2008 to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is accumulated and communicated to management and recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms.

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION**ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

From time to time, we are party to ordinary routine litigation incidental to our business.

On April 14, 2008, we were added as a defendant to a lawsuit filed in 2007, styled Brady Briscoe vs. Capstar Drilling, L.P. (Capstar), Cause No. 21,287, in the 259th District Court of Jones County, Texas. The plaintiff has alleged that he was injured as the result of an accident while he was working, as an employee of an unrelated third party, on a drilling rig operated by Capstar. Capstar was conducting drilling operations for us. The plaintiff has asserted general allegations of negligence as to Capstar and, specifically, a failure to properly equip its drilling rig, further alleging we were in charge of the drilling rig and the operational details of the plaintiff's work. The plaintiff has sued for an amount of actual damages of up to \$15.0 million, together with pre-judgment interest, post-judgment interest and exemplary damages. Capstar recently settled with the plaintiff and Capstar has been (or is soon to be) dismissed from the lawsuit. If judgment is entered against us, we would be entitled to a credit for the amount that the plaintiff has already received from Capstar.

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Even though we cannot predict the ultimate outcome of this matter, we believe we have meritorious defenses and intend to vigorously contest this lawsuit. We have not established a reserve with respect to the plaintiff's claims.

On March 24, 2008, a lawsuit was filed in the 24th District Court of Jackson County, Texas, against us and twenty-two other defendants in Cause No. 07-6-13069, styled Tony Kubenka, Carolyn Kubenka, Dennis J. Kallus, David J. Kallus, Mary L. Kallus, Patricia Kallus, Nova Deleon, Janie Figuerova, and Larkin Thedford, Plaintiffs v. Tri-C Resources, Inc., Marie S. Adian, Laura E. Adian, Glenn A. Fiew, Lynn Kramer, Debra Boysen, Carol J. Gleason, Alana Sue Curlee, Connie W. Marthiljohni, Claire E. Adian, Zachary D. Adian, Donald R. Starkweather, Inc., D.A. Webernick, Danette Bundick, Johnny A. Webernick, Donna Gail Glover, Sherry Shulze, William H. Webernick, Jr., TAC Resources, Inc., New Century Exploration, Inc., Allegro Investments, Inc. and Welper Interests, LP.

The nine plaintiffs in this lawsuit have named us and the other working interest owners, including Tri-C Resources, Inc., the operator, as defendants. The plaintiffs in this lawsuit allege that they are royalty owners under oil and gas leases which are part of a pooled gas unit (the unit) located in Jackson County, Texas, and that the defendants, including us, are owners of the leasehold estate under the plaintiffs' leases and others forming the unit. Plaintiffs also assert that one of the leases (other than plaintiffs' leases) forming part of the unit has terminated and, as a result, the defendants have not properly computed the royalties due to plaintiffs from unit production and have failed to properly pay royalties due to them. Plaintiffs have sued for an unspecified amount of damages, including exemplary damages, under theories of breach of contract (including breach of express and implied covenants of their leases) and conversion, and seek an accounting, a declaratory judgment to declare the rights of the parties under the leases, and attorneys' fees, interest and court costs.

If a judgment adverse to the defendants was entered, as a working interest owner in the leases comprising the unit, we believe our liability would be proportionate to the ownership of the other working interest owners in the leases. We have filed an answer denying any liability. Although an initial exchange of discovery has occurred, we cannot predict the ultimate outcome of this matter, we believe we have meritorious defenses and intend to vigorously contest this lawsuit. We have not established a reserve with respect to plaintiffs' claims.

We received a Notice of Proposed Adjustment from the Internal Revenue Service, or the Service, in May 2007 advising us of proposed adjustments to federal income tax of approximately \$2.0 million for the years 2004 and 2005. Subsequent discussions with the Service placed the issues contested in a development status. In November 2007, the Service issued a letter on the matter giving the company 30 days to agree or disagree with a final examination report. The final examination report reflected revisions of the previous proposed adjustments resulting in a reduced \$1.1 million of additional income tax and interest charges. The decrease in proposed tax was the result of information supplied by us to the examiner as well as discussions of the applicable tax statutes and regulations. In December 2007, we filed a protest documenting our complete disagreement with the adjustments proposed on the final examination report and requested a conference with the appeals office of the Service. The examination office of the Service filed a response to our protest in February 2008 with the appeals office. On June 4, 2008, our representatives met with the Service's Appeals Officer to review specific issues related to our calculation of net income from oil and gas and the associated treatment of certain deductions. During this meeting we were advised that a request to issue an advisory opinion had been submitted to the National Office of the Service. Pending issuance of this advisory opinion, we will submit an amendment to our initial protest in further support of our position. We intend to vigorously contest the adjustment proposed by the Service and believe that we will ultimately prevail in our position. We have not recorded a liability for tax, interest, or penalties related to this matter based on our analysis. If a liability for additional income tax should later be determined to be more likely than not, we anticipate the adjustment to increase the federal income tax liability would be offset by an increase to a deferred tax asset and would not result in a charge to earnings. Any interest or penalties resulting from a subsequent determination of increased tax liability would require a charge to

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earnings. We believe that the effects of this matter would not have a material effect on our results of operations for the fiscal quarter in which we actually incur or establish a reserve account for interest or penalties.

We are also presently a named defendant in one other lawsuit arising out of our operations in the normal course of business, which we believe is not material.

We are not aware of any legal or governmental proceedings against us, or contemplated to be brought against us, under the various environmental protection statutes to which we are subject, nor have we been a party to any bankruptcy, receivership, reorganization, adjustment or similar proceeding.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes from the risk factors as previously disclosed in our Form 10-K Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

At our annual meeting of stockholders held on May 28, 2008, the stockholders approved the Parallel Petroleum Corporation 2008 Long-Term Incentive Plan. As previously reported in our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 18, 2008, a portion of our non-employee Directors' fees was paid on June 12, 2008, in the form of grants of shares of common stock having a fair market value of \$40,000. The number of shares awarded to each non-employee Director was determined by dividing \$40,000 by \$20.91, the closing price of our common stock on the Nasdaq Global Market on the date of grant. A total of 7,648 shares of common stock were granted to four non-employee Directors as follows: Jeffrey G. Shrader 1,912 shares; Edward A. Nash 1,912 shares; Martin B. Oring 1,912 shares; and Ray M. Poage 1,912 shares. In addition, on that same date, an additional restricted stock award was granted to Mr. Nash for 10,000 shares of stock. These shares vest in four equal increments on June 12th of each year, commencing on June 12, 2008. The shares of common stock were issued without registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance on the exemption provided by Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

Under our 2004 Non-Employee Director Stock Grant Plan, each non-employee Director is entitled to receive an annual retainer fee consisting of shares of common stock that are automatically granted on the first day of July in each year. The actual number of shares received is determined by dividing \$25,000 by the average daily closing price of the common stock on the Nasdaq Global Market for the ten consecutive trading days commencing fifteen trading days before the first day of July of each year (\$21.664). Effective July 1, 2008, in accordance with the terms of the plan, a total of 4,612 shares of common stock were granted to four non-employee Directors as follows: Jeffrey G. Shrader 1,153 shares; Edward A. Nash 1,153 shares; Martin B. Oring 1,153 shares; and Ray M. Poage 1,153 shares. The shares of common stock were issued without registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance on the exemption provided by Section 4(2) of the Securities Act. Generally, shares issued under this plan are not transferable as long as the non-employee Director holding the shares remains a Director of the Company.

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Our annual meeting of stockholders was held on May 28, 2008. At the meeting, the following five persons were elected to serve as directors of Parallel for a term of one year expiring in 2009 and until their respective successors are duly qualified and elected: (1) Edward A. Nash, (2) Larry C. Oldham, (3) Martin B. Oring, (4) Ray M. Poage, and (5) Jeffrey G. Shrader. Set forth below is a tabulation of votes with respect to each nominee for director.

NAME	VOTES CAST FOR	VOTES WITHHELD
Edward A. Nash	37,556,042	544,485
Larry C. Oldham	37,719,715	380,812
Martin B. Oring	37,547,737	552,790
Ray M. Poage	37,548,187	552,340
Jeffrey G. Shrader	37,545,847	554,680

Secondly, the stockholders voted on the approval of our 2008 Long-Term Incentive Plan. Set forth below is a tabulation of votes with respect to the approval of our 2008 Long-Term Incentive Plan:

VOTES FOR	VOTES AGAINST	ABSTENTIONS	BROKER NON-VOTES
30,677,807	1,250,362	177,501	5,994,857

Also, the stockholders voted upon and ratified the appointment of BDO Seidman, LLP to serve as our independent public accountants for 2008. Set forth below is a tabulation of votes with respect to the proposal to ratify the appointment of our independent public accountants:

VOTES FOR	VOTES AGAINST	ABSTENTIONS
37,896,866	120,348	83,313

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

(a) Exhibits

The following exhibits are filed herewith or incorporated by reference, as indicated:

No.	Description of Exhibit
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation of Registrant (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Form 10-Q of the Registrant for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2004)
3.2	Bylaws of Registrant (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 30, 2007)
3.3	Certificate of Formation of Parallel, L.L.C. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 3.3 of the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-3, No. 333-119725 filed on October 13, 2004)
3.4	Limited Liability Company Agreement of Parallel, L.L.C. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 3.4 of the Registrant's Statement on Form S-3, No. 333-119725 filed on October 13, 2004)
3.5	Certificate of Limited Partnership of Parallel, L.P. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 3.5 of the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-3, No. 333-119725 filed on October 13, 2004)

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No.	Description of Exhibit
3.6	Agreement of Limited Partnership of Parallel, L.P. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 3.6 of the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-3, No. 333-119725 filed on October 13, 2004)
4.1	Certificate of Designations, Preferences and Rights of Serial Preferred Stock 6% Convertible Preferred Stock (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of Form 10-Q of the Registrant for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2004)
4.2	Certificate of Designations, Preferences and Rights of Series A Preferred Stock (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000)
4.3	Rights Agreement, dated as of October 5, 2000, between the Registrant and Computershare Trust Company, Inc., as Rights Agent (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1 of Form 8-A of the Registrant filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 10, 2000)
4.4	Form of common stock certificate of the Registrant (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 4.6 of the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-3, No. 333-119725 filed on October 13, 2004)
4.5	Warrant Purchase Agreement, dated November 20, 2001, between the Registrant and Stonington Corporation (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.7 of Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004)
4.6	Warrant Purchase Agreement, dated December 23, 2003, between the Registrant and Stonington Corporation (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.8 of Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004)
4.7	Purchase Warrant Agreement, dated as of October 1, 1980, between the Registrant and American Stock Transfer, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.7 of Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006)
4.8	First Amendment to Warrant Agreement, dated as of February 22, 2007, among the Registrant, Computershare Shareholder Services, Inc. and Computershare Trust Company, N.A. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.8 of Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006)
4.9	Form of Rule 144A 10 ¹ / ₄ % Senior Note due 2014 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 1, 2007)
4.10	Form of IAI 10 ¹ / ₄ % Senior Note due 2014 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 1, 2007)
4.11	Form of Regulation S 10 ¹ / ₄ % Senior Note due 2014 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 1, 2007)
4.12	Indenture, dated as of July 31, 2007, among the Registrant as Issuer and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association as Trustee (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 1, 2007)

- 4.13 Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of July 31, 2007, by and among the Registrant, Jefferies & Company, Inc., Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner and Smith Incorporated and BNP Paribas Securities Corp. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 1, 2007)

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No.	Description of Exhibit
4.14	Purchase Agreement, dated as of July 26, 2007, by and among the Registrant, Jefferies & Company, Inc., Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner and Smith Incorporated and BNP Paribas Securities Corp. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 1, 2007)
4.15	Form of 10 ¹ / ₄ % Unrestricted Senior Note due 2014 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.13 of Form S-4 of the Registrant, Registration No. 333-148465)
	Executive Compensation Plans and Arrangements (Exhibit No. s 10.1 through 10.11):
10.1	1992 Stock Option Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004)
10.2	Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated Prototype Simplified Employee Pension Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 of the Registrant's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1995)
10.3	Non-Employee Directors Stock Option Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Registrant's Form 10-Q of the Registrant for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2005)
10.4	1998 Stock Option Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006)
10.5	2001 Non-Employee Directors Stock Option Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 of the Registrant's Form 10-Q Report for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2004)
10.6	2004 Non-Employee Director Stock Grant Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Registrant's Form 8-K Report dated September 22, 2004)
10.7	Incentive and Retention Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 of Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006)
10.8	2008 Long-Term Incentive Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Registrant's Form 8-K Report dated March 27, 2008)
10.9	Form of Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement for nonqualified stock options granted under the Registrant's 2008 Long-Term Incentive Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 18, 2008)
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10.11	Form of Outside Director Restricted Stock Agreement for restricted stock grants under the Registrant's 2008 Long-Term Incentive Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 18, 2008)

- 10.12 First Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated December 20, 2002, by and among Parallel Petroleum Corporation, Parallel, L.P., Parallel, L.L.C., First American Bank, SSB, Western National Bank and BNP Paribas (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of Form 8-K of the Registrant, dated December 20, 2002)
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No.	Description of Exhibit
10.13	Guaranty dated December 20, 2002, between Parallel, L.L.C. and First American Bank, SSB, as Agent (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of Form 8-K of the Registrant, dated December 20, 2002)
10.14	First Amendment to First Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of September 12, 2003, by and among Parallel Petroleum Corporation, Parallel, L.P., Parallel, L.L.C., First American Bank, SSB, Western National Bank, and BNP Paribas (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.29 of Form 10-Q of the Registrant for the quarter ended September 30, 2003)
10.15	Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated September 27, 2004, by and among Parallel Petroleum Corporation, Parallel, L.P., Parallel, L.L.C., First American Bank, SSB, BNP Paribas, Citibank, F.S.B. and Western National Bank (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Registrant's Form 8-K Report dated September 27, 2004 and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 1, 2004)
10.16	Agreement of Limited Partnership of West Fork Pipeline Company LP (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.21 of Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004)
10.17	First Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of December 27, 2004, by and among Parallel Petroleum Corporation, Parallel, L.P., Parallel, L.L.C., First American Bank, SSB, BNP Paribas, Citibank, F.S.B. and Western National Bank (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Registrant's Form 8-K Report dated December 30, 2004 and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 30, 2004)
10.18	Second Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of April 1, 2005, by and among Parallel Petroleum Corporation, Parallel, L.P., Parallel, L.L.C., First American Bank, SSB, BNP Paribas, Citibank, F.S.B. and Western National Bank (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Registrant's Form 8-K Report dated April 4, 2005 and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 8, 2005)
10.19	Third Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Registrant's Form 8-K Report dated October 4, 2005 and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 20, 2005)
10.20	Purchase and Sale Agreement, dated as of October 14, 2005, among Parallel, L.P., Lynx Production Company, Inc., Elton Resources, Inc., Cascade Energy Corporation, Chelsea Energy, Inc., William P. Sutter, Trustee, William P. Sutter Trust, J. Leroy Bell, E. L. Brahaney, Brent Beck, Cavic Interests, LLC and Stanley Talbott (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Registrant's Form 8-K Report dated October 14, 2005 and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 20, 2005)
10.21	Ancillary Agreement to Purchase and Sale Agreement, dated October 14, 2005, between Parallel, L.P. and Lynx Production Company, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Registrant's Form 8-K Report dated October 14, 2005 and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 20, 2005)
10.22	Guarantee of Parallel, L.P., dated October 13, 2004 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of the Registrant's Form 8-K Report dated October 14, 2005 and filed with the Securities and Exchange

Commission on October 20, 2005)

- 10.23 ISDA Master Agreement, dated as of October 13, 2005, between Parallel, L.P. and Citibank, N.A.
(Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 of the Registrant's Form 8-K Report dated October 14, 2005 and
filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 20, 2005)

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No.	Description of Exhibit
10.24	Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of December 23, 2005, among Parallel Petroleum Corporation, Parallel, L.P., Parallel, L.L.C. and Citibank Texas, N.A., BNP Paribas, CitiBank F.S.B., Western National Bank, Compass Bank, Comerica Bank, Bank of Scotland and Fortis Capital Corp. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.1 of the Registrant's Form 8-K Report, dated December 23, 2005, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 30, 2005)
10.25	Second Lien Term Loan Agreement, dated November 15, 2005, among Parallel Petroleum Corporation, Parallel, L.P., BNP Paribas and Citibank Texas, N.A. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.4 of the Registrant's Form 8-K Report, dated November 15, 2005, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 21, 2005)
10.26	Intercreditor and Subordination Agreement, dated November 15, 2005, among Citibank Texas, N.A., BNP Paribas, Parallel Petroleum Corporation, Parallel, L.P. and Parallel, L.L.C. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.5 of the Registrant's Form 8-K Report, dated November 15, 2005, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 21, 2005)
10.27	Guaranty, dated as of December 23, 2005, made by Parallel, L.L.C. to and in favor of Citibank Texas, N.A. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.23 of Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006)
10.28	Third Amended and Restated Pledge Agreement, dated as of December 23, 2005, between Parallel, L.L.C. and Citibank Texas, N.A. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.24 of Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006)
10.29	Second Lien Guarantee and Collateral Agreement, dated as of November 15, 2005, made by Parallel Petroleum Corporation and Parallel, L.P. to and in favor of BNP Paribas (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.25 of Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006)
10.30	Third Amendment to Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of July 31, 2007, among the Registrant, Citibank, N.A., BNP Paribas, Western National Bank, Compass Bank, Comerica Bank, Bank of Scotland, and Fortis Capital Corp. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 1, 2007)
10.31	Fourth Amendment to Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of November 30, 2007, among the Registrant, Citibank, N.A., BNP Paribas, Western National Bank, Compass Bank, Comerica Bank, Bank of Scotland, and Fortis Capital Corp. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.27 of Form S-4 of the Registrant, Registration No. 333-148465)
10.32	Hagerman Gas Gathering System Joint Venture Agreement, dated as of January 16, 2007, among the Registrant, Feagan Gathering Company and Capstone Oil and Gas Company, L.P. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.28 of Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007)
10.33	Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of May 16, 2008, among the Registrant, Citibank, N.A., BNP Paribas, Western National Bank, Compass Bank, Comerica Bank, Bank of Scotland plc, and Texas Capital Bank, N.A. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 22, 2008)

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No.	Description of Exhibit
14	Code of Ethics (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 14 of the Registrant's Form 10-K Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003 and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 22, 2004)
*31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.
*31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.
*32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.
*32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.

* Filed herewith.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

PARALLEL PETROLEUM
CORPORATION

Date: August 4, 2008

BY: /s/ Larry C. Oldham
Larry C. Oldham
President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 4, 2008

BY: /s/ Steven D. Foster
Steven D. Foster,
Chief Financial Officer

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INDEX TO EXHIBITS

No.	Description of Exhibit
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation of Registrant (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Form 10-Q of the Registrant for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2004)
3.2	Bylaws of Registrant (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 30, 2007)
3.3	Certificate of Formation of Parallel, L.L.C. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 3.3 of the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-3, No. 333-119725 filed on October 13, 2004)
3.4	Limited Liability Company Agreement of Parallel, L.L.C. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 3.4 of the Registrant's Statement on Form S-3, No. 333-119725 filed on October 13, 2004)
3.5	Certificate of Limited Partnership of Parallel, L.P. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 3.5 of the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-3, No. 333-119725 filed on October 13, 2004)
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- 4.8 First Amendment to Warrant Agreement, dated as of February 22, 2007, among the Registrant, Computershare Shareholder Services, Inc. and Computershare Trust Company, N.A.
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No.	Description of Exhibit
	(Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.8 of Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006)
4.9	Form of Rule 144A 10 ¹ / ₄ % Senior Note due 2014 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 1, 2007)
4.10	Form of IAI 10 ¹ / ₄ % Senior Note due 2014 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 1, 2007)
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10.4	1998 Stock Option Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006)
10.5	2001 Non-Employee Directors Stock Option Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 of the Registrant's Form 10-Q Report for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2004)

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- 10.6 2004 Non-Employee Director Stock Grant Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Registrant's Form 8-K Report dated September 22, 2004)
 - 10.7 Incentive and Retention Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 of Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006)
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No.	Description of Exhibit
10.8	2008 Long-Term Incentive Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Registrant's Form 8-K Report dated March 27, 2008)
10.9	Form of Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement for nonqualified stock options granted under the Registrant's 2008 Long-Term Incentive Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 18, 2008)
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April 8, 2005)

- 10.19 Third Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Registrant's Form 8-K Report dated October 4, 2005 and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 20, 2005)
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No.	Description of Exhibit
10.20	Purchase and Sale Agreement, dated as of October 14, 2005, among Parallel, L.P., Lynx Production Company, Inc., Elton Resources, Inc., Cascade Energy Corporation, Chelsea Energy, Inc., William P. Sutter, Trustee, William P. Sutter Trust, J. Leroy Bell, E. L. Brahaney, Brent Beck, Cavic Interests, LLC and Stanley Talbott (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Registrant's Form 8-K Report dated October 14, 2005 and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 20, 2005)
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10.22	Guarantee of Parallel, L.P., dated October 13, 2004 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of the Registrant's Form 8-K Report dated October 14, 2005 and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 20, 2005)
10.23	ISDA Master Agreement, dated as of October 13, 2005, between Parallel, L.P. and Citibank, N.A. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 of the Registrant's Form 8-K Report dated October 14, 2005 and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 20, 2005)
10.24	Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of December 23, 2005, among Parallel Petroleum Corporation, Parallel, L.P., Parallel, L.L.C. and Citibank Texas, N.A., BNP Paribas, CitiBank F.S.B., Western National Bank, Compass Bank, Comerica Bank, Bank of Scotland and Fortis Capital Corp. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.1 of the Registrant's Form 8-K Report, dated December 23, 2005, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 30, 2005)
10.25	Second Lien Term Loan Agreement, dated November 15, 2005, among Parallel Petroleum Corporation, Parallel, L.P., BNP Paribas and Citibank Texas, N.A. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 10.4 of the Registrant's Form 8-K Report, dated November 15, 2005, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 21, 2005)
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10.29	Second Lien Guarantee and Collateral Agreement, dated as of November 15, 2005, made by Parallel Petroleum Corporation and Parallel, L.P. to and in favor of BNP Paribas (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.25 of Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006)

- 10.30 Third Amendment to Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of July 31, 2007, among the Registrant, Citibank, N.A., BNP Paribas, Western National Bank, Compass Bank,
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No.	Description of Exhibit
	Comerica Bank, Bank of Scotland, and Fortis Capital Corp. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 1, 2007)
10.31	Fourth Amendment to Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of November 30, 2007, among the Registrant, Citibank, N.A., BNP Paribas, Western National Bank, Compass Bank, Comerica Bank, Bank of Scotland, and Fortis Capital Corp. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.27 of Form S-4 of the Registrant, Registration No. 333-148465)
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14	Code of Ethics (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 14 of the Registrant's Form 10-K Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003 and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 22, 2004)
*31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
*31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
*32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
*32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
*	Filed herewith.