BankFinancial CORP Form 10-Q October 26, 2018

## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the Quarterly Period ended September 30, 2018 or ..TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For transition period from to Commission File Number 0-51331

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION (Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

Maryland75-3199276(State or Other Jurisdiction(I.R.S. Employerof Incorporation)Identification No.)

15W060 North Frontage Road, Burr Ridge, Illinois 60527 (Address of Principal Executive Offices) Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (800) 894-6900 Not Applicable (Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company", and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer "Accelerated filer x Non-accelerated filer "Smaller reporting company x Emerging growth company "

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No x.

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock as of the latest practicable date. At October 24, 2018, there were 16,996,173 shares of Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, outstanding.

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION Form 10-Q September 30, 2018 Table of Contents

## <u>PART I</u>

Item 1. Item 2. Item 3. Item 4.	<u>Financial Statements</u> <u>Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u> <u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure about Market Risk</u> <u>Controls and Procedures</u>	$     \frac{1}{25}     \frac{40}{42} $
Item 1A. Item 2. Item 3. Item 4.	PART II Legal Proceedings Risk Factors Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds Defaults Upon Senior Securities Mine Safety Disclosures Other Information Exhibits	$     \begin{array}{r}             \underline{43} \\             $
Signatur	es	<u>45</u>

Page Number

#### BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION (In thousands, except share and per share data) - Unaudited

September 30, December 31, 2018 2017 Assets Cash and due from other financial institutions \$ 12,473 \$13,572 Interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions 74.461 114,020 Cash and cash equivalents 86.934 127,592 Securities, at fair value 103,921 93,383 Loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses: 1,267,787 1,314,651 September 30, 2018, \$8,103 and December 31, 2017, \$8,366 Other real estate owned, net 985 2,351 Stock in Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") and Federal Reserve Bank ("FRB"), at cost 8,026 8,290 Premises held-for-sale 5,667 Premises and equipment, net 24,856 24.473 Accrued interest receivable 4.974 4.619 Core deposit intangible 123 286 Bank owned life insurance 18.781 22.859 Deferred taxes 12,563 8.911 Other assets 7,569 8,441 Total assets \$1,532,484 \$1,625,558 Liabilities Deposits Noninterest-bearing \$ 225,446 \$234,354 Interest-bearing 1,070,324 1,105,697 Total deposits 1,295,770 1,340,051 Borrowings 21,232 60,768 Advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance 11,015 11,645 Accrued interest payable and other liabilities 12,384 15,460 Total liabilities 1,340,401 1,427,924 Stockholders' equity Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value, 25,000,000 shares authorized, none issued or outstanding Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized; 17,206,303 shares 172 179 issued at September 30, 2018 and 17,958,723 issued at December 31, 2017 Additional paid-in capital 141.230 153.811 **Retained earnings** 43,274 50,437 Accumulated other comprehensive income 244 370 Total stockholders' equity 192,083 197,634 Total liabilities and stockholders' equity \$1,532,484 \$1,625,558

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

## BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (In thousands, except share and per share data) - Unaudited

	Three Months EndedSeptember 30,20182017		Nine Mor Septembe 2018	
Interest and dividend income				
Loans, including fees	\$14,248	\$ 13,345	\$42,045	\$ 39,061
Securities	627	389	1,637	1,095
Other	498	387	1,459	976
Total interest income	15,373	14,121	45,141	41,132
Interest expense				
Deposits	2,278	1,419	5,632	3,903
Borrowings	130	196	542	444
Total interest expense	2,408	1,615	6,174	4,347
Net interest income	12,965	12,506	38,967	36,785
Recovery of loan losses	(23)	(225)	(258)	(15)
Net interest income after recovery of loan losses	12,988	12,731	39,225	36,800
Noninterest income				
Deposit service charges and fees	1,003	1,018	2,970	2,964
Loan fee income	71	89	231	212
Commercial mortgage brokerage fees	12		138	
Residential mortgage banking fees	34	41	88	172
Loss on sales of equity securities			(14)	
Gain on sale of premises held-for-sale			93	
Trust and insurance commissions and annuities income	207	210	670	704
Earnings on bank-owned life insurance	35	67	146	196
Bank-owned life insurance death benefit	—		1,389	
Other	208	198	492	526
Total noninterest income	1,570	1,623	6,203	4,774
Noninterest expense				
Compensation and benefits	5,120	5,330	16,232	16,792
Office occupancy and equipment	1,629	1,693	5,022	4,914
Advertising and public relations	194	167	611	807
Information technology	717	638	2,066	2,070
Supplies, telephone, and postage	341	337	1,070	1,027
Amortization of intangibles	20	123	163	374
Nonperforming asset management	60	84	313	215
Operations of other real estate owned	59	403	355	861
FDIC insurance premiums	115	150	338	462
Other	1,170	1,275	3,429	3,551
Total noninterest expense	9,425	10,200	29,599	31,073
Income before income taxes	5,133	4,154	15,829	10,501
Income tax expense	1,396	594	3,903	2,488
Net income	\$3,737	\$3,560	\$11,926	\$ 8,013
Basic earnings per common share	\$0.22	\$ 0.20	\$0.68	\$ 0.44
Diluted earnings per common share	\$0.22	\$ 0.20	\$0.68	\$ 0.44
Weighted average common shares outstanding	17,365,67	918,139,659	17,641,30	8,368,742

# Edgar Filing: BankFinancial CORP - Form 10-Q

Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding 17,365,6798,140,109 17,641,3088,369,170

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

2

## BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In thousands) - Unaudited

	Three Months	Nine Months
	Ended	Ended
	September 30,	September 30,
	2018 2017	2018 2017
Net income	\$3,737 \$3,560	\$11,926 \$8,013
Unrealized holding gain (loss) arising during the period	(49) 16	(173)(67)
Tax effect	13 (9	) 47 22
Net of tax	(36) 7	(126) (45)
Comprehensive income	\$3,701 \$3,567	\$11,800 \$7,968

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

## BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (In thousands, except per share data) - Unaudited

	Commo Stock	Additional <sup>n</sup> Paid-in Capital	Retained	Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehen-s Income	Total
Balance at January 1, 2017	\$ 192	\$173,047	\$39,483	\$(8,318)	\$ 376	\$204,780
Net income	_	_	8,013	_		8,013
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	_	_		_	(45)	(45)
Net exercise of stock options (198,026 shares)	2	(1,239)				(1,237)
Prepayment of ESOP Share Acquisition Loan	(8)	(7,185)		8,318		1,125
Repurchase and retirement of common stock (614,673 shares)	(6)	(9,142)	·	_	—	(9,148)
Cash dividends declared on common stock (\$0.20 per share)		—	(3,710)			(3,710)
Balance at September 30, 2017	\$ 180	\$155,481	\$43,786	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ 331	\$199,778
Balance at January 1, 2018 Net income Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	\$ 179 	\$153,811 — —	\$43,274 11,926 —	\$	\$ 370 	\$197,634 11,926 (126)
Nonvested stock awards-stock-based compensation expense	_	6	_	_	_	6
Repurchase and retirement of common stock (752,174 shares)	(7)	(12,587)		_		(12,594)
Cash dividends declared on common stock (\$0.27 per share)	—	—	(4,763)		_	(4,763)
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$ 172	\$141,230	\$50,437	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ 244	\$192,083

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

## BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands) - Unaudited

	Nine Mor Ended Septembe 2018	
Cash flows from operating activities	¢ 1 1 0 <b>0</b> (	¢ 0 010
Net income	\$11,926	\$8,013
Adjustments to reconcile to net income to net cash from operating activities	(050)	(15)
Recovery of loan losses	(258)	(15)
Prepayment of ESOP Share Acquisition Loan		1,125
Stock-based compensation expense	6	
Depreciation and amortization	2,513	2,846
Amortization of premiums and discounts on securities and loans	9	(72)
Amortization of core deposit intangible	163 70	374
Amortization of servicing assets	79 52	86
Net change in net deferred loan origination costs	53	343
Loss on sale of other real estate owned	56	100
Net gain on sale of loans		(70)
Loss on sale of equity securities	14	
Gain on sale of premises held-for-sale	````	<u> </u>
Loans originated for sale		(1,291)
Proceeds from sale of loans		1,361
Other real estate owned valuation adjustments	27	301
Net change in:	(255	(100)
Accrued interest receivable		(188)
Earnings on bank owned life insurance	(146)	
Other assets	3,540	
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities		(1,966)
Net cash from operating activities	14,458	14,778
Cash flows from investing activities		
Securities		
Proceeds from maturities	76,164	
Proceeds from principal repayments	2,970	2,461
Proceeds from sale of equity securities	487	
Purchases of securities	(90,355)	(43,808)
Loans receivable		
Loan participations sold		3,615
Principal payments on loans receivable	729,474	459,706
Purchase of loans		(23,451)
Originated for investment		(465,562)
Purchase of FHLB and FRB stock		(154)
Redemption of FHLB and FRB stock	285	3,514
Bank-owned life insurance death benefit	4,224	_
Proceeds from sale of premises held-for-sale	5,485	
Proceeds from sale of other real estate owned	2,172	1,966
Purchase of premises and equipment, net	(512)	(906)

Net cash from (used in) investing activities

46,688 (12,924)

Continued

5

## BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands) - Unaudited

	Nine Months Ended		
	September 30,		
	2018	2017	
Cash flows from financing activities			
Net change in deposits	\$(44,281)	\$31,699	
Net change in borrowings	(39,536)	9,859	
Net change in advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	(630)	(358	)
Repurchase and retirement of common stock	(12,594)	(9,148	)
Cash dividends paid on common stock	(4,763)	(3,710	)
Shares retired for tax liability		(1,219	)
Net cash from (used in) financing activities	(101,804)	27,123	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(40,658)	28,977	
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	127,592	96,684	
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$86,934	\$125,66	1
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:			
Interest paid	\$5,960	\$4,269	
Income taxes paid	250	198	
Loans transferred to other real estate owned	1,241	2,041	

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation: BankFinancial Corporation, a Maryland corporation headquartered in Burr Ridge, Illinois, is the owner of all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of BankFinancial, NA (the "Bank"). The interim unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts and transactions of BankFinancial Corporation, the Bank, and the Bank's wholly-owned subsidiaries, Financial Assurance Services, Inc. and BFIN Asset Recovery Company, LLC (collectively, "the Company"), and reflect all normal and recurring adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, considered necessary for a fair presentation of the financial condition and results of operations for the periods presented. Such adjustments are the only adjustments reflected in the accompanying financial statements. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. The results of operations for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2018 or for any other period.

Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Use of Estimates: To prepare financial statements in conformity with GAAP, management makes estimates and assumptions based on available information. These estimates and assumptions affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the disclosures provided, and future results could differ.

Reclassifications: Certain reclassifications have been made in the prior period's financial statements to conform them to the current period's presentation.

These unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the FASB issued an update (ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers) creating FASB Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The guidance in this update affects any entity that either enters into contracts with customers to transfer goods or services or enters into contracts for the transfer of nonfinancial assets unless those contracts are within the scope of other standards (for example, insurance contracts or lease contracts). The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The guidance provides steps to follow to achieve the core principle. An entity should disclose sufficient information to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. Qualitative and quantitative information is required about contracts with customers, significant judgments and changes in judgments, and assets recognized from the costs to obtain or fulfill a contract. The amendments in this update became effective for annual periods and interim periods within those annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017. We have evaluated the impact of adopting the update and have concluded that it does not have a significant impact to our consolidated financial statements. The Company's revenue streams that are in-scope from the update include: financed OREO sales; deposit fees, including ATM fees, overdraft fees, maintenance fees and dormancy fees; debit card fees, and trust fees. For the in-scope revenue streams, our current revenue recognition is not different than our prior revenue recognition under the update. The Company has infrequently financed an OREO sale. Our customer contracts generally do not have performance obligations and fees are assessed and collected as the transaction occurs. The Company's fee income is not material for any individual income streams. The adoption of ASC 606 did not result in a change to the accounting for any of the in-scope revenue stream; as such, no cumulative effect adjustment was recorded. Refer to Note 8 - Revenue for Contracts with Customers for further discussion on the Company's accounting policies for revenue sources within the scope of ASC 606.

## Edgar Filing: BankFinancial CORP - Form 10-Q

In January 2016, the FASB issued an update (ASU No. 2016-01, Financial Instruments - Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Liabilities). The new guidance is intended to improve the recognition and measurement of financial instruments by requiring: equity investments (other than equity method or consolidation) to be measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income; public business entities to use the exit price notion when measuring the fair value of financial instruments for disclosure purposes; separate presentation of financial assets and financial liabilities by measurement category and form of financial assets (i.e., securities or loans and receivables) on the balance sheet or the accompanying notes to the financial statements; eliminating the requirement to disclose the fair value of financial instruments measured at amortized cost for organizations that are not public business entities; eliminating the requirement for non-public business entities to disclose the method(s) and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value that is to be required to be disclosed for financial instruments measured at amortized

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

cost on the balance sheet; and requiring a reporting organization to present separately in other comprehensive income the portion of the total change in fair value of a liability resulting from the change in the instrument-specific credit risk (also referred to as "own credit") when the organization has elected to measure the liability at fair value in accordance with the fair value option for financial instruments. The new guidance became effective for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. The new pronouncement does not have a significant impact on our Statement of Operations, as we had one equity security that was valued at \$499,000 at December 31, 2017 and none at September 30, 2018.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)" ("ASU 2016-02"). The standard requires a lessee to recognize assets and liabilities on the balance sheet for leases with lease terms greater than 12 months. ASU 2016-02 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2018, and early adoption is permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact that the standard will have on our consolidated financial statements. Our preliminary finding is that the new pronouncement will not have a significant impact on our consolidated financial statements as the projected minimum lease payments under existing leases subject to the new pronouncement are less than one percent of our current total assets.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, "Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments" ("ASU 2016-13"). These amendments require the measurement of all expected credit losses for financial assets held at the reporting date based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. Financial institutions and other organizations will now use forward-looking information to better inform their credit loss estimates. Many of the loss estimation techniques applied today will still be permitted, although the inputs to those techniques will change to reflect the full amount of expected credit losses. In addition, the ASU amends the accounting for credit losses on available-for-sale debt securities and purchased financial assets with credit deterioration. ASU 2016-13 is effective for SEC filers for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2019 (i.e., January 1, 2020, for calendar year entities). Early application will be permitted for all organizations for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2018. We are currently evaluating the impact that the standard will have on our consolidated financial statements. Our initial review indicates that we have maintained sufficient historical loan data to support the requirements of this pronouncement. In addition, we have begun tracking the average life of the various segments of our loan portfolio. We are currently evaluating various loss methodologies to determine their correlation to our various loan categories' historical performance. In August 2018, we contracted with a third-party vendor to provide a model and assist with assessing processes, portfolio segmentation, and model development. In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-08, "Receivables-Nonrefundable Fees and Other Costs (Subtopic 310-20): Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities" ("ASU 2017-08"). This guidance shortens the amortization period for premiums on certain callable debt securities to the earliest call date (with an explicit, noncontingent call feature that is callable at a fixed price and on a preset dates), rather than contractual maturity date as currently required under GAAP. The ASU does not impact instruments without preset call dates such as mortgage-backed securities. For instruments with contingent call features, once the contingency is resolved and the security is callable at a fixed price and preset date, the security is within the scope of the ASU. ASU 2017-08 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those fiscal years, and early adoption is permitted. Effective January 2017, we early adopted the pronouncement. Adoption of the new pronouncement was immaterial to the consolidated financial statements.

## NOTE 2 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

Amounts reported in earnings per share reflect earnings available to common stockholders for the period divided by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period, exclusive of unearned BankFinancial, NA Employee Stock Ownership Plan (the "ESOP") shares in 2017 and unvested restricted stock shares. Stock options and restricted stock are regarded as potential common stock and are considered in the diluted earnings per share calculations to the extent that they would have a dilutive effect if converted to common stock.

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Mor Septembe	nths Ended er 30,
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Net income available to common stockholders	\$3,737	\$ 3,560	\$11,926	\$ 8,013
Average common shares outstanding	17,365,	61789,140,599	17,641,74	318,567,796
Less:				
Unearned ESOP shares				(198,114)
Unvested restricted stock shares		(940)	(435)	(940)
Weighted average common shares outstanding	17,365,	61789,139,659	17,641,30	8,368,742
Add - Net effect of dilutive unvested restricted stock		450		428
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	17,365,	61789,140,109	17,641,30	8,369,170
Basic earnings per common share	\$0.22	\$ 0.20	\$0.68	\$ 0.44
Diluted earnings per common share	\$0.22	\$ 0.20	\$0.68	\$ 0.44

## NOTE 3 - SECURITIES

The fair value of securities and the related gross unrealized gains and losses recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income are shown below.

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealiz Losses	zed	Fair Value
September 30, 2018					
Certificates of deposit	\$89,175	\$ —	\$ —		\$89,175
Mortgage-backed securities - residential	10,593	393	(61	)	10,925
Collateralized mortgage obligations - residential	3,819	13	(11	)	3,821
	\$103,587	\$ 406	\$ (72	)	\$103,921
December 31, 2017					
Certificates of deposit	\$75,916	\$ —	\$ —		\$75,916
Equity mutual fund	500		(1	)	499
Mortgage-backed securities - residential	11,969	520	(17	)	12,472
Collateralized mortgage obligations - residential	4,481	16	(11	)	4,486
SBA-guaranteed loan participation certificates	10				10
	\$92,876	\$ 536	\$ (29	)	\$93,383

## NOTE 3 - SECURITIES (continued)

The mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations reflected in the preceding table were issued by U.S. government-sponsored entities or agencies, Freddie Mac, Fannie Mae and Ginnie Mae, and are obligations which the government has affirmed its commitment to support. All securities reflected in the preceding table were classified as available-for-sale at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

The amortized cost and fair values of securities by contractual maturity are shown below. Securities not due at a single maturity date are shown separately. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

				Septembe	r 30, 2018
				Amortized	dFair
				Cost	Value
Due in on	e year or less			\$89,175	\$89,175
Mortgage	-backed securities	- residen	tial	10,593	10,925
Collateral	ized mortgage obl	igations -	- residential	3,819	3,821
				\$103,587	\$103,921

			\$105	,007	φ105.	921					
	Three Months Ended September 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,									
	2018 2017	2018 2017									
Proceeds	\$\$ -	-\$487 \$									
Gross gains											
Gross losses	s— —	(14) —									
Securities w	ith unrealize	d losses not recognized	in inco	ome	are as	follows:					
			Less Mont		12	12 More	nths or		Total		
			Fair	Un	realize	1 Fair	Unrealiz	zed	Fair	Unrealiz	zed
			Value	Los	s	Value	Loss		Value	Loss	
September 3	30, 2018										
Mortgage-b	acked securit	ties - residential	\$924	\$	(6)	\$1,004	\$ (55	)	\$1,928	\$ (61	)
Collateraliz	ed mortgage	obligations - residential				1,796	(11	)	1,796	(11	)
			\$924	\$	(6)	\$2,800	\$ (66	)	\$3,724	\$ (72	)
December 3	1 2017										
Equity mut			\$499	\$	(1)	\$—	\$ —		\$499	\$ (1	)
· ·		ties - residential	Ψ-77	Ψ	(1)	ф 1,149		)	1,149	(17) (17)	)
		obligations - residential				-	(11		2,083	(11)	)
Conderanz	eu montgage	oongations - residential		¢	(1)	-			-		,
			\$499		( )	- 5 4 / 4 /	\$ (28		\$ 3 / 31	\$ 1.9	)

The Company evaluates marketable investment securities with significant declines in fair value on a quarterly basis to determine whether they should be considered other-than-temporarily impaired under current accounting guidance, which generally provides that if a marketable security is in an unrealized loss position, whether due to general market conditions or industry or issuer-specific factors, the holder of the securities must assess whether the impairment is other-than-temporary.

## NOTE 3 - SECURITIES (continued)

Certain mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations that the Company holds in its investment portfolio were in an unrealized loss position at September 30, 2018, but the unrealized losses were not considered significant under the Company's impairment testing methodology. In addition, the Company does not intend to sell these securities, and it is likely that the Company will not be required to sell these securities before their anticipated recovery occurs.

## NOTE 4 - LOAN RECEIVABLE

Loans receivable are as follows:

	September 30,	December 3	1,
	2018	2017	
One-to-four family residential real estate	\$77,591	\$97,814	
Multi-family mortgage	581,880	588,383	
Nonresidential real estate	148,010	169,971	
Construction and land	1,130	1,358	
Commercial loans	167,547	152,552	
Commercial leases	297,103	310,076	
Consumer	1,416	1,597	
	1,274,677	1,321,751	
Net deferred loan origination costs	1,213	1,266	
Allowance for loan losses	(8,103)	(8,366	)
Loans, net	\$1,267,787	\$1,314,651	

The following tables present the balance in the allowance for loan losses and the loans receivable by portfolio segment and based on impairment method:

	Allowance for loan losses		Loan B	alances	
	Individentially ly		Individ	u Collige Collectively	
	ev <b>ækælteat</b> ed	Total	evaluated evaluated		Total
	forfor	Total	for	for	Total
	im <b>papaient</b> ent		impairn	niempairment	
September 30, 2018					
One-to-four family residential real estate	\$ <del>-\$</del> 762	\$762	\$2,724	\$74,867	\$77,591
Multi-family mortgage	—3,722	3,722	661	581,219	581,880
Nonresidential real estate	—1,410	1,410		148,010	148,010
Construction and land	—27	27		1,130	1,130
Commercial loans	—1,482	1,482		167,547	167,547
Commercial leases	684	684		297,103	297,103
Consumer	—16	16		1,416	1,416
	\$-\$ 8,103	\$8,103	\$3,385	\$1,271,292	1,274,677
Net deferred loan origination costs					1,213
Allowance for loan losses					(8,103)
Loans, net					\$1,267,787

## NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

	Allowance for losses In <b>Gividentily</b> ely ev <b>aluateat</b> ed forfor im <b>pajraieme</b> nt		evaluated for f	lances <b>Gby</b> lectively <b>e</b> valuated for <b>im</b> pairment	Total
December 31, 2017 One-to-four family residential real estate Multi-family mortgage Nonresidential real estate Construction and land Commercial loans Commercial leases Consumer	\$-\$ 850 3,849 1,605 32 1,357 655 18 \$-\$ 8,366	\$850 3,849 1,605 32 1,357 655 18 \$8,366		\$93,549 587,434 169,971 1,358 152,552 310,076 1,597 \$1,316,537	\$97,814 588,383 169,971 1,358 152,552 310,076 1,597 1,321,751
Net deferred loan origination costs Allowance for loan losses Loans, net Activity in the allowance for loan losses	is as follows: Three Months Ended	Nine Ende	e Months ed		1,266 (8,366 \$1,314,651
Beginning balance Loans charged off: One-to-four family residential real estate Multi-family mortgage Nonresidential real estate Commercial loans Consumer	September 30, 2018 2017 \$8,179 \$8,12 (84 ) (89 (7  (6 ) (7 (90 ) (103	2018	<ul> <li>366 \$8,12</li> <li>366 \$8,12</li> <li>366 \$8,12</li> <li>366 \$8,12</li> <li>366 \$8,12</li> <li>366 \$8,12</li> <li>366 \$100</li> &lt;</ul>	, 27 ) ) )	
Recoveries: One-to-four family residential real estate Multi-family mortgage Nonresidential real estate Construction and land Commercial loans Commercial leases Consumer Net recoveries (charge-offs) Recovery of loan losses Ending balance		$ \begin{array}{c} 130\\ 26\\ -\\ 2\\ 227\\ 5\\ 1\\ 391\\ (5\\ ) (258) \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 100\\62\\10\\-\\552\\2\\-\\726\\)\ 262\\3\end{array} $	)	

)

## NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

Impaired loans Several of the following disclosures are pre- the investment in a loan, which is not net of investment." The following represents the c Loan principal balance Less unapplied payments Plus negative unapplied balance Less escrow balance Plus negative escrow balance Plus unamortized net deferred loan costs Less unamortized net deferred loan fees Plus unamortized premium Less unamortized discount Less previous charge-offs Plus recorded accrued interest Less reserve for uncollected interest = Recorded investment	a valuati omponen	on allowa ts of recor	nce, but wh ded invest	nich doe: ment:	s reflect any direc	
The following tables present loans individua	ally evalu	ated for in	npairment	-	Three months ended September 30, 2018	Nine months ended September 30, 2018
	Loan Balance	Recorded e Investme	d Partial enCharge-o	Loan	ance Average Interest Investment in Impaired Loans ted	Average Interest Income in Impaired ized Recognized Loans
September 30, 2018 With no related allowance recorded: One-to-four family residential real estate	\$3,322	\$ 2,677	\$ 656	\$	-\$3,154 \$ 13	\$3,584 \$ 35
One-to-four family residential real estate -	86	46	43		46 —	110 —
non-owner occupied Multi-family mortgage - Illinois	661 \$4,069	665 \$ 3,388	 \$699	\$	666 10 \$3,866 \$ 23	836 30 \$4,530 \$ 65

	Loan Balance	Recorded Investment	Partial Charge-off	for Loan	December 31, 2017 Average Interest Investment in Impaired Recognized Loans
December 31, 2017					
With no related allowance recorded:					
One-to-four family residential real estate	\$5,049	\$ 4,248	\$ 806	\$ -	-\$4,212 \$ 197
Multi-family mortgage - Illinois	958	948		—	847 41

Year ended

Edgar Filing: BankFinancial CORP - Form 10-Q							
	\$6,007	\$ 5,196 \$	806 \$	-\$5,059 \$ 238			
13							

## NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

#### Nonaccrual Loans

The following tables present the recorded investment in nonaccrual loans and loans past due over 90 days still on accrual by class of loans:

	Loan Balance	Recorded Investment	90
September 30, 2018			
One-to-four family residential real estate	\$ 1,646	\$ 1,313	\$ 
One-to-four family residential real estate - non-owner occupied	95	56	
Multi-family mortgage - Illinois	102	102	
	\$ 1,843	\$ 1,471	\$ 
December 31, 2017			
One-to-four family residential real estate	\$ 3,413	\$ 1,918	\$ 
One-to-four family residential real estate - non-owner occupied	308	109	
Multi-family mortgage - Illinois	376	363	
	\$4,097	\$ 2,390	\$ 

Nonaccrual loans and impaired loans are defined differently. Some loans may be included in both categories, and some loans may only be included in one category. Nonaccrual loans include both smaller balance homogeneous loans that are collectively evaluated for impairment and individually classified impaired loans.

The Company's reserve for uncollected loan interest was \$36,000 and \$103,000 at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. When a loan is on nonaccrual status and the ultimate collectability of the total principal of an impaired loan is in doubt, all payments are applied to principal under the cost recovery method. Alternatively, when a loan is on non-accrual status but there is doubt concerning only the ultimate collectability of interest, contractual interest is credited to interest income only when received, under the cash basis method pursuant to the provisions of FASB ASC 310–10, as applicable. In all cases, the average balances are calculated based on the month–end balances of the financing receivables within the period reported pursuant to the provisions of FASB ASC 310–10, as applicable.

14

#### NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

## Past Due Loans

The following tables present the aging of the recorded investment of loans at September 30, 2018 by class of loans:

			90			
			Days			
	30-59 Day	/s60-89 Da	yor	Total Pas	t Loans Not	Tatal
	Past Due	Past Due	Greater	Due	Past Due	Total
			Past			
			Due			
One-to-four family residential real estate loans	\$ 392	\$ —	\$1,329	\$ 1,721	\$59,925	\$61,646
One-to-four family residential real estate loans –	34	8	48	90	15,817	15,907
non-owner occupied	54	0	-0	<i>J</i> 0	13,017	15,707
Multi-family mortgage - Illinois			102	102	275,714	275,816
Multi-family mortgage - Other					299,469	299,469
Nonresidential real estate	607			607	146,394	147,001
Construction					932	932
Land		_			198	198
Commercial loans:						
Regional commercial banking					50,105	50,105
Health care					69,248	69,248
Direct commercial lessor					48,942	48,942
Commercial leases:						
Investment rated commercial leases	787			787	181,402	182,189
Other commercial leases					116,651	116,651
Consumer	12	5		17	1,410	1,427
	\$ 1,832	\$ 13	\$1,479	\$ 3,324	\$1,266,207	\$1,269,531

#### NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

The following tables present the aging of the recorded investment of loans at December 31, 2017 by class of loans:

			90 D		·	
	30-59 Day Past Due	vs 60-89 Day Past Due	Days ysor Greater Past Due	Total Past Due	Loans Not Past Due	Total
One-to-four family residential real estate loans	\$ 86	\$ 99		\$1,986	\$74,216	\$76,202
One-to-four family residential real estate loans – non-owner occupied	10	3	86	99	20,944	21,043
Multi-family mortgage - Illinois	172		364	536	287,171	287,707
Multi-family mortgage - Other	_				296,440	296,440
Nonresidential real estate	608	—		608	166,071	166,679
Construction	—	—			1,103	1,103
Land		—			259	259
Commercial loans:						
Regional commercial banking		_			40,935	40,935
Health care		—			71,738	71,738
Direct commercial lessor		—			40,237	40,237
Commercial leases:						
Investment rated commercial leases	934	_		934	207,747	208,681
Other commercial leases	288	—		288	102,873	103,161
Consumer	—	—			1,605	1,605
	\$ 2,098	\$ 102	\$2,251	\$4,451	\$1,311,339	\$1,315,790
m						

Troubled Debt Restructurings

The Company evaluates loan extensions or modifications in accordance with FASB ASC 310–40 with respect to the classification of the loan as a Troubled Debt Restructuring ("TDR"). In general, if the Company grants a loan extension or modification to a borrower experiencing financial difficulties for other than an insignificant period of time that includes a below–market interest rate, principal forgiveness, payment forbearance or other concession intended to minimize the economic loss to the Company, the loan extension or loan modification is classified as a TDR. In cases where borrowers are granted new terms that provide for a reduction of either interest or principal then due and payable, management measures any impairment on the restructured loan in the same manner as for impaired loans as noted above.

The Company had \$17,000 of TDRs at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. No specific valuation reserves were allocated to those loans at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. The Company had no outstanding commitments to borrowers whose loans were classified as TDRs at either date.

The following table presents loans classified as TDRs:

September 30, December 31, 2018 2017

One-to-four family residential real estate - nonaccrual \$ 17 \$ 17 During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, there were no loans modified and classified as TDRs.

### NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

The following table presents TDRs for which there was a payment default within twelve months following the modification.

2018 2017 Number Number of investment loans la factoria de la fact

One-to-four family residential real estate — \$ —1 \$ 17

A TDR is considered to be in payment default once it is 90 days contractually past due under the modified terms. There were no payment defaults on TDRs within twelve months following the modification during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018.

There were no loan modifications during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018. There were certain loan modifications during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 that did not meet the definition of a TDR. These loans had a total recorded investment of \$149,000 at September 30, 2017. The modification of these loans involved either a modification of the terms of a loan to borrowers who were not experiencing financial difficulties or a delay in a payment that was considered to be insignificant.

In order to determine whether a borrower is experiencing financial difficulty, an evaluation is performed of the probability that the borrower will be in payment default on any of its debt in the foreseeable future without the modification. This evaluation is performed under the Company's internal underwriting policy. Credit Ouality Indicators

The Company categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt, including current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, public information, and current economic trends, among other factors. The Company analyzes loans individually by classifying the loans based on credit risk. This analysis includes non-homogeneous loans, such as commercial and commercial real estate loans. This analysis is performed on a monthly basis. The Company uses the following definitions for risk ratings:

Special Mention. A Special Mention asset has potential weaknesses that deserve management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the asset or in the institution's credit position at some future date. Special Mention assets are not adversely classified and do not expose an institution to sufficient risk to warrant adverse classification.

Substandard. Loans categorized as Substandard continue to accrue interest, but exhibit a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that may jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. The loans continue to accrue interest because they are well secured and collection of principal and interest is expected within a reasonable time. The risk rating guidance published by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency clarifies that a loan with a well-defined weakness does not have to present a probability of default for the loan to be rated Substandard, and that an individual loan's loss potential does not have to be distinct for the loan to be rated Substandard.

Nonaccrual. An asset classified Nonaccrual has all the weaknesses inherent in one classified Substandard with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions, and values, highly questionable and improbable.

Loans not meeting the criteria above that are analyzed individually as part of the above described process are considered "Pass" rated loans.

#### NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

As of September 30, 2018, based on the most recent analysis performed, the risk categories of loans by class of loans are as follows:

are as follows.					
	Pass	Special Mention	Substandar	dNonaccrua	lTotal
One-to-four family residential real estate loans	\$59,714	\$310	\$ 372	\$ 1,314	\$61,710
One-to-four family residential real estate loans – non-owner occupied	<sup>r</sup> 15,755	33	37	56	15,881
Multi-family mortgage loans - Illinois	276,398	_	310	102	276,810
Multi-family mortgage loans - Other	305,070	_		_	305,070
Nonresidential real estate loans	147,911	_	99	_	148,010
Construction loans	929	_		_	929
Land loans	201				201
Commercial loans:					
Regional commercial banking	45,170	4,815		_	49,985
Health care	64,374	_	4,699	_	69,073
Direct commercial lessor	48,489	_		_	48,489
Commercial leases:					
Investment rated commercial leases	180,383	748		_	181,131
Other commercial leases	115,972	_		_	115,972
Consumer	1,401	5	10	_	1,416
	\$1,261,767	\$5,911	\$ 5,527	\$ 1,472	\$1,274,677

As of December 31, 2017, the risk categories of loans by class of loans are as follows:

	Pass	Special Mention	Substandar	dNonaccrua	lTotal
One-to-four family residential real estate loans	\$74,437	<b>\$</b> —	\$ 255	\$ 1,914	\$76,606
One-to-four family residential real estate loans – non-owner occupied	<sup>r</sup> 21,059		40	109	21,208
Multi-family mortgage loans - Illinois	290,765		225	368	291,358
Multi-family mortgage loans - Other	297,025				297,025
Nonresidential real estate loans	169,817		154		169,971
Construction loans	1,099			_	1,099
Land loans	259				259
Commercial loans:					
Regional commercial banking	36,373	4,528			40,901
Health care	69,480		2,248		71,728
Direct commercial lessor	39,923				39,923
Commercial leases:					
Investment rated commercial leases	207,460				207,460
Other commercial leases	102,616				102,616
Consumer	1,597			_	1,597
	\$1,311,910	\$4,528	\$ 2,922	\$ 2,391	\$1,321,751

## NOTE 5 - OTHER REAL ESTATE OWNED

Real estate that is acquired through foreclosure or a deed in lieu of foreclosure is classified as other real estate owned ("OREO") until it is sold. When real estate is acquired through foreclosure or by deed in lieu of foreclosure, it is recorded at its fair value, less the estimated costs of disposal. If the fair value of the property is less than the loan balance, the difference is charged against the allowance for loan losses.

balance, the unreference is er	September 30, 2018					Decem	17		
	Balance	Valuatic Allowar	)n DCe	Net ORI Bala		Balance	Valuation	n	Net OREO Balance
One-to-four family residen	ti <b>\$1</b> 634	\$ —		\$ 63	34	\$836	\$ (9	)	\$ 827
Multi-family mortgage	276 -			276					
Nonresidential real estate	74 -			74		1,772	(252	)	1,520
Land	24	(23	)	1		48	(44	)	4
	\$1,008	\$ (23	)	\$ 98	85	\$2,656	\$ (305	)	\$ 2,351
The following represents th	e roll forw	ard of C	ORE	O an	nd the	e compos	sition of C	)RI	EO properties:
]	For the Th	ree	For	the I	Nine				
]	Months Er	nded	Mor	nths ]	Ende	d			
	September		_		er 30				
			201		2017				
6 6		-	\$2,3	351	\$3,8	395			
New foreclosed properties			1,24	-1	2,04	-1			
5	(1) (2	,	(27		(301	/			
1 2	. , .	1,205)				,			
Ę		,	\$98	5	\$3,5	569			
Activity in the valuation all			ws:						
	For		Fo	r the	Nine	e,			
	Thre			onth		-			
	Mor			ded					
	End			ptem	nber				
	-	tember	30	•					
	30,					_			
		8 2017	20		2017				
Beginning balance	\$44		\$3		\$449	ŧ			
Additions charged to expen		227	27		301	`			
Reductions from sales of O					(278	,			
Ending balance	\$23	\$472	\$2	3	\$472	2			

At September 30, 2018, the balance of OREO included no foreclosed residential real estate properties recorded as a result of obtaining physical possession of the property without title. At December 31, 2017 the balance of OREO included \$352,000 of foreclosed residential real estate properties recorded as a result of obtaining physical possession of the property without title. At September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the recorded investment of consumer mortgage loans secured by residential real estate properties for which formal foreclosure proceedings were in process was \$603,000 and \$1.5 million, respectively.

## NOTE 6 - SECURITIES SOLD UNDER AGREEMENTS TO REPURCHASE

Securities sold under agreements to repurchase, included with borrowings on the consolidated balance sheet, are shown below.

	Overnight and Continuous	Up 30 to 30 90 days day	Than 90	r Total
September 30, 2018 Repurchase agreements and repurchase-to-maturity transactions Gross amount of recognized liabilities for repurchase agreement		\$ —\$ t of Conditi		\$1,232 \$1,232
December 31, 2017 Repurchase agreements and repurchase-to-maturity transactions Gross amount of recognized liabilities for repurchase agreement Condition		\$ — <del>\$</del> t of	\$	\$768 \$768

Securities sold under agreements to repurchase were secured by mortgage-backed securities with a carrying amount of \$2.7 million and \$3.7 million at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. Also included in total borrowings were advances from the FHLB of \$20.0 million at September 30, 2018 and \$60.0 million at December 31, 2017.

Because security values fluctuate due to market conditions, the Company has no control over the market value of securities sold under agreements to repurchase. The Company is contractually obligated to promptly transfer additional securities to the counterparty if the market value of the securities falls below the repurchase price. NOTE 7 – FAIR VALUE

Fair value is the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair values:

Level 1 – Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.

Level 2 – Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 – Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a company's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

The Company used the following methods and significant assumptions to estimate the fair value of each type of financial instrument:

Securities: The fair values of marketable equity securities are generally determined by quoted prices, in active markets, for each specific security (Level 1). If Level 1 measurement inputs are not available for a marketable equity security, we determine its fair value based on the quoted price of a similar security traded in an active market (Level 2). The fair values of debt securities are generally determined by matrix pricing, which is a mathematical technique widely used in the industry to value debt securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for the specific securities, but rather by relying on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted securities (Level 2). Impaired Loans: The fair value of impaired loans with specific allocations of the allowance for loan losses is generally based on recent real estate appraisals. These appraisals may utilize a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches including comparable sales and the income approach. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal

## Edgar Filing: BankFinancial CORP - Form 10-Q

process by the independent appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available for similar loans and collateral underlying such loans. Non-real estate collateral may be valued using an appraisal, net book value per the borrower's financial statements, or aging reports, adjusted or discounted based on management's historical knowledge, changes in market conditions from the time of the valuation, and management's expertise and knowledge of the client and client's business, resulting in a Level 3 fair value classification. Impaired loans are evaluated on a quarterly basis for additional impairment and adjusted in accordance with the allowance policy.

NOTE 7 - FAIR VALUE (continued)

Other Real Estate Owned: Assets acquired through or instead of loan foreclosure are initially recorded at fair value less costs to sell when acquired, establishing a new cost basis. These assets are subsequently accounted for at lower of cost or fair value less estimated costs to sell. Fair value is commonly based on recent real estate appraisals which are updated no less frequently than annually. These appraisals may utilize a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches including comparable sales and the income approach with data from comparable properties. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process by the independent appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available. Real estate owned properties are evaluated on a quarterly basis for additional impairment and adjusted accordingly.

The following table sets forth the Company's financial assets that were accounted for at fair value and are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

then entirely sused on the lowest level of input	inat is	Significant t	s the run vuru	e measareme
	Fair V	/alue Measu	rements Using	g
	Quote	ed		
	Prices	8		
	Identi Asset (Leve	Observable ets for Inputs (Level 2) s	Significant Unobservabl Inputs (Level 3)	e Fair Value
	1)			
September 30, 2018				
Securities:				
Certificates of deposit	\$—	\$ 89,175	\$ -	—\$89,175
Mortgage-backed securities – residential		10,925		10,925
Collateralized mortgage obligations - residentia	ıl—	3,821		3,821
	\$—	\$ 103,921	\$ -	-\$103,921
December 31, 2017				
Securities:				
Certificates of deposit	\$—	\$75,916	\$ -	-\$75,916
Equity mutual fund	499			499
Mortgage-backed securities - residential	_	12,472		12,472
Collateralized mortgage obligations – residentia	ıl—	4,486		4,486
SBA-guaranteed loan participation certificates		10		10
	\$499	\$ 92,884	\$ -	-\$93,383
		. ,		. , -

#### NOTE 7 - FAIR VALUE (continued)

The following table sets forth the Company's assets that were measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis:

	Fair Value Measurement				
	Using				
	Quoted				
	Prices in				
	Active Significat Observab for Inputs Identical (Level 2) (Level	Iı	Significant Jnobservable nputs Level 3)	Fair Value	
	1)				
September 30, 2018					
Other real estate owned:					
Land	\$ <b>_</b> \$	—\$	1	\$1	
December 31, 2017 Other real estate owned:					
One-to-four family residential real estate	\$ <del>_\$</del>	—\$	102	\$102	
Nonresidential real estate		8	14	814	
	\$ <b>_</b> \$	—\$	916	\$916	

At September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 there were no impaired loans that were measured for impairment using the fair value of the collateral for collateral-dependent loans and which had specific valuation allowances. OREO, which is carried at the lower of cost or fair value less costs to sell, and had a carrying value of \$24,000 less a valuation allowance of \$23,000, or \$1,000 at September 30, 2018, compared to a carrying value of \$1.2 million less a valuation allowance of \$261,000, or \$916,000, at December 31, 2017. There were \$27,000 and \$301,000 of valuation adjustments of OREO recorded for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The following table presents quantitative information, based on certain empirical data with respect to Level 3 fair value measurements for financial instruments measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis:

	Fair Value	Valuation Technique(s)	Significant Unobservable Input(s)	Range (Weighted Average)
September 30, 2018 Other real estate owned: Land	1 \$ 1	Sales comparison	Discount applied to valuation	12.3%
December 31, 2017 Other real estate owned One-to-four family residential real estate	\$ 102	Sales comparison	Discount applied to valuation	5.6%
Nonresidential real estate	814	Sales comparison	Comparison between sales and income approaches	-3.66% to 15.22%

\$ 916

22

### NOTE 7 - FAIR VALUE (continued)

The carrying amount and estimated fair value of financial instruments are as follows:

	~ .	Fair Value Measurements at September 30, 2018 Using:			
	Carrying Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	3 Total
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$86,934	\$12,473	\$74,461	\$	\$86,934
Securities	103,921		103,921		103,921
Loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses	1,267,787			1,265,9	906 1,265,906
FHLB and FRB stock	8,026				N/A
Accrued interest receivable	4,974		4,974		4,974
Financial liabilities					
Noninterest-bearing demand deposits	\$225,446	\$—	\$225,446	\$	-\$225,446
NOW and money market accounts	549,631		549,631	—	549,631
Savings deposits	155,232		155,232		155,232
Certificates of deposit	365,461		362,670		362,670
Borrowings	21,232		21,214		21,214
Accrued interest payable	361		361		361
		Fair Value Measurements			
		at			
		December 31, 2017			
		Using:			
	Carrying Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents		-	\$114,020		\$127,592
Securities	93,383	499	92,884		93,383
Loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses			1,323,139		1,323,139
FHLB and FRB stock	8,290				N/A
Accrued interest receivable	4,619		4,619	<u> </u>	4,619
Financial liabilities					
Noninterest-bearing demand deposits	\$234,354	\$—	\$234,354	\$ -	\$234,354
NOW and money market accounts	589,238		589,238		589,238
Savings deposits	160,501		160,501		160,501
Certificates of deposit	355,958		353,969		353,969
Borrowings	60,768		60,627		60,627
Accrued interest payable	147		147		147

For purposes of the above, the following assumptions were used:

Cash and Cash Equivalents: The estimated fair values for cash and cash equivalents are based on their carrying value due to the short-term nature of these assets.

Loans: At September 30, 2018, the exit price observations are obtained from an independent third-party using i