MIDDLEBY CORP Form 10-Q November 10, 2016

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

x Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the quarterly period ended October 1, 2016

o Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Commission File No. 1-9973

THE MIDDLEBY CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 36-3352497

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (IRS Employer Identification Number)

1400 Toastmaster Drive, Elgin, Illinois 60120 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (847) 741-3300

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "accelerated filer, large accelerated filer and smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

As of November 4, 2016, there were 57,539,766 shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding.

THE MIDDLEBY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

QUARTER ENDED OCTOBER 1, 2016

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

THE MIDDLEBY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In Thousands, Except Share Data)

(Unaudited)

ASSETS	Oct 1, 2016	Jan 2, 2016
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$61,780	\$55,528
Accounts receivable, net of reserve for doubtful accounts of \$9,446 and \$8,839	329,066	282,534
Inventories, net	385,444	354,150
Prepaid expenses and other	42,792	39,801
Prepaid taxes	10,930	11,426
Current deferred taxes	_	51,723
Total current assets	830,012	795,162
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$112,254 and \$100,345	227,435	199,750
Goodwill	1,109,341	983,339
Other intangibles, net of amortization of \$162,416 and \$139,279	701,839	749,430
Long-term deferred tax assets	16,292	11,438
Other assets	30,549	22,032
Total assets	\$2,915,468	\$2,761,151
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities:		
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$6,811	\$32,059
Accounts payable	147,104	157,758
Accrued expenses	331,692	320,154
Total current liabilities	485,607	509,971
Long-term debt	826,510	734,002
Long-term deferred tax liability	68,026	113,010
Accrued pension benefits	157,107	207,564
Other non-current liabilities	31,757	29,774
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; nonvoting; 2,000,000 shares authorized; none issued	_	
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 95,000,000 shares authorized; 62,445,315 and 62,168,346	144	144
shares issued in 2016 and 2015, respectively		
Paid-in capital	345,203	328,686
Treasury stock, at cost; 4,905,549 and 4,862,264 shares in 2016 and 2015, respectively		(200,862)
Retained earnings	1,318,554	1,115,274
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(76,412)
Total stockholders' equity	1,346,461	1,166,830
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$2,915,468	\$2,761,151

THE MIDDLEBY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands, Except Per Share Data) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months	s Ended	
	Oct 1,	Oct 3,	Oct 1,	Oct 3,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Net sales	\$574,224	\$449,004	\$1,671,035	\$1,291,891	
Cost of sales	342,496	271,822	1,009,032	784,258	
Gross profit	231,728	177,182	662,003	507,633	
Selling and distribution expenses	56,568	44,477	168,282	136,918	
General and administrative expenses	52,572	46,929	165,849	128,922	
Restructuring expenses	1,149	5,746	8,145	11,823	
Income from operations	121,439	80,030	319,727	229,970	
Interest expense and deferred financing amortization, net	6,440	4,224	17,775	12,021	
Other expense (income), net	3,152	1,941	(1,486)	6,136	
Earnings before income taxes	111,847	73,865	303,438	211,813	
Provision for income taxes	35,996	25,040	100,158	70,490	
Net earnings	\$75,851	\$48,825	\$203,280	\$141,323	
Net earnings per share:					
Basic	\$1.33	\$0.86	\$3.56	\$2.48	
Diluted	\$1.33	\$0.86	\$3.56	\$2.48	
Weighted average number of shares					
Basic	57,022	56,963	57,032	56,948	
Dilutive common stock equivalents ¹	_	3		2	
Diluted	57,022	56,966	57,032	56,950	
Comprehensive income	\$55,345	\$35,077	\$167,532	\$118,308	

¹There were no anti-dilutive equity awards excluded from common stock equivalents for any period presented.

See accompanying notes

THE MIDDLEBY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands) (Unaudited)

	Nine Mor Oct 1, 2016	ntl	hs Ended Oct 3, 2015	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net earnings	\$203,280)	\$141,323	3
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by operating activities				
Depreciation and amortization	44,409		33,983	
Non-cash share-based compensation	17,346		11,686	
Deferred income taxes	19,325		(1,536)
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions				
Accounts receivable, net	(35,984)	4,502	
Inventories, net	(35,229)	(25,596)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(8,354)	3,800	
Accounts payable	(12,933)	6,534	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(16,763)	(7,120)
Net cash provided by operating activities	175,097		167,576	
Cash flows from investing activities				
Additions to property and equipment	(18,799)	(17,992)
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(210,921)	(261,923)
Net cash used in investing activities	(229,720)	(279,915)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Net proceeds (repayments) under Credit Facility	100,362		129,000	
Net repayments under international credit facilities	(25,954)	(1,385)
Net repayments under other debt arrangement	(26)	(26)
Repurchase of treasury stock	(4,418)	(4,836)
Debt issuance costs	(6,254)	_	
Excess tax (detriment) benefit related to share-based compensation	(830)	2,396	
Net cash provided by financing activities	62,880		125,149	
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	(2,005)	(1,693)
Changes in cash and cash equivalents				
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	6,252		11,117	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	55,528		43,945	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$61,780		\$55,062	

See accompanying notes

THE MIDDLEBY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OCTOBER 1, 2016

(Unaudited)

Summary of Significant Accounting

Policies

A)Basis of Presentation

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by The Middleby Corporation (the "company" or "Middleby"), pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The financial statements are unaudited and certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although the company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information not misleading. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes contained in the company's 2015 Form 10-K. The company's interim results are not necessarily indicative of future full year results for the fiscal year 2016.

In the opinion of management, the financial statements contain all adjustments, which are normal and recurring in nature, necessary to present fairly the financial position of the company as of October 1, 2016 and January 2, 2016, the results of operations for the three and nine months ended October 1, 2016 and October 3, 2015 and cash flows for the nine months ended October 1, 2016 and October 3, 2015.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses. Significant estimates and assumptions are used for, but are not limited to, allowances for doubtful accounts, reserves for excess and obsolete inventories, long-lived and intangible assets, warranty reserves, insurance reserves, income tax reserves and post-retirement obligations. Actual results could differ from the company's estimates.

B) Non-Cash Share-Based Compensation

The company estimates the fair value of market-based stock awards and stock options at the time of grant and recognizes compensation cost over the vesting period of the awards and options. Non-cash share-based compensation expense was \$6.2 million and \$4.3 million for the third quarter periods ended October 1, 2016 and October 3, 2015, respectively. Non-cash share-based compensation expense was \$17.3 million and \$11.7 million for the nine months ended October 1, 2016 and October 3, 2015, respectively.

During the first quarter ended April 4, 2015, the company issued restricted shares under its 2011 Stock Incentive Plan. These amounts are contingent on the attainment of certain performance objectives. The aggregate grant-date fair value of these awards was \$31.0 million, based on the closing share price of the company's stock at the date of the grant. C)Income Taxes

As of January 2, 2016, the total amount of liability for unrecognized tax benefits related to federal, state and foreign taxes was approximately \$14.4 million (of which \$14.1 million would impact the effective tax rate if recognized) plus approximately \$1.9 million of accrued interest and \$3.8 million of penalties. The company recognizes interest and penalties accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense. As of October 1, 2016, the company recognized a tax expense of \$1.4 million for unrecognized tax benefits related to current year tax exposures. It is reasonably possible that the amounts of unrecognized tax benefits associated with state, federal and foreign tax positions may decrease over the next twelve months due to expiration of a statute or completion of an audit. The company believes that it is reasonably possible that approximately \$2.0 million of its remaining unrecognized tax benefits may be recognized over the next twelve months as a result of lapses of statutes of limitations.

A summary of the tax years that remain subject to examination in the company's major tax jurisdictions are:

United States - federal 2012 - 2015

United States - federal	2012 - 2015
United States - states	2006 - 2015
Australia	2011 - 2015
Brazil	2011 - 2015
Canada	2009 - 2015
China	2006 - 2015
Czech Republic	2013 - 2015
Denmark	2013 - 2015
France	2013 - 2015
Germany	2013 - 2015
India	2013 - 2015
Ireland	2010 - 2015
Italy	2011 - 2015
Luxembourg	2011 - 2015
Mexico	2011 - 2015
Netherlands	2004 - 2015
Philippines	2013 - 2015
Poland	2010 - 2015
Romania	2006 - 2015
South Korea	2011
Spain	2012 - 2015
Sweden	2009 - 2015
Switzerland	2008 - 2015
Taiwan	2011 - 2012
United Kingdom	2014 - 2015

D) Fair Value Measures

ASC 820 "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" defines fair value as the price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value into the following levels:

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs, other than quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs based on our own assumptions.

The company's financial liabilities that are measured at fair value and are categorized using the fair value hierarchy are as follows (in thousands):

As of October 1, 2016

Financial Liabilities:

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Interest rate swaps $ —$ 295 $— $295
Contingent consideration $ —$ — $7,181 $7,181
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As of January 2, 2016

Financial Liabilities:

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Interest rate swaps $ —$ 412 $— $412 Contingent consideration $ —$ — $11,065 $11,065
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The contingent consideration as of October 1, 2016 relates to the earnout provisions recorded in conjunction with the acquisitions of PES, Desmon, Goldstein Eswood and Induc.

The contingent consideration as of January 2, 2016 relates to the earnout provisions recorded in conjunction with the acquisitions of Spooner Vicars, PES, Concordia, Desmon, Goldstein Eswood and Induc.

The earnout provisions associated with these acquisitions are based upon performance measurements related to sales and earnings, as defined in the respective purchase agreements. On a quarterly basis the company assesses the projected results for each of the acquired businesses in comparison to the earnout targets and adjusts the liability accordingly.

E) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Cash paid for interest was \$15.7 million and \$11.0 million for the nine months ended October 1, 2016 and October 3, 2015, respectively. Cash payments totaling \$80.3 million and \$64.7 million were made for income taxes for the nine months ended October 1, 2016 and October 3, 2015, respectively.

2) Acquisitions and Purchase Accounting

The company operates in a highly fragmented industry and has completed numerous acquisitions over the past several years as a component of its growth strategy. The company has acquired industry leading brands and technologies to position itself as a leader in the commercial foodservice equipment, food processing equipment and residential kitchen equipment industries.

The company has accounted for all business combinations using the acquisition method to record a new cost basis for the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The difference between the purchase price and the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed has been recorded as goodwill in the financial statements. The results of operations are reflected in the consolidated financial statements of the company from the dates of acquisition.

Market Forge

On January 7, 2014, the company completed its acquisition of certain assets of Market Forge Industries, Inc. ("Market Forge"), a leading manufacturer of steam cooking equipment for the commercial foodservice industry, for a purchase price of approximately \$7.0 million. During the first quarter of 2014, the company finalized the working capital provision provided for by the purchase agreement resulting in an additional payment to the seller of \$0.2 million. Additional deferred payments of \$3.0 million in aggregate were paid to the seller during the second and third quarters of 2014. An additional contingent payment of \$1.5 million was paid to the seller during the first quarter of 2015 upon the achievement of certain financial targets for the fiscal year 2014.

The final allocation of cash paid for the Market Forge acquisition is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	(as initially reported) Jan 7, 2014	Measuremen Period Adjustments	(as adjusted) Jan 7, 2014
Current assets	\$2,051	\$ (100)	\$1,951
Property, plant and equipment	120		120
Goodwill	5,252	654	5,906
Other intangibles	4,191		4,191
Current liabilities	(4,374)	(554)	(4,928)
Consideration paid at closing	\$7,240	\$ —	\$7,240
Deferred payments	3,000	_	3,000
Contingent consideration	1,374	126	1,500

Net assets acquired and liabilities assumed \$11,614 \$ 126 \$11,740

The goodwill and \$2.9 million of other intangibles associated with the trade name are subject to the non-amortization provisions of ASC 350 "Intangibles - Goodwill and Other." Other intangibles also includes \$1.1 million allocated to customer relationships, \$0.2 million allocated to developed technology and less than \$0.1 million allocated to backlog, which are to be amortized over periods of 4 years, 5 years and 3 months, respectively. Goodwill and other intangibles of Market Forge are allocated to the Commercial Foodservice Equipment Group for segment reporting purposes. These assets are expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Viking Distributors 2014

The company, through Viking, purchased certain assets of two of Viking's former distributors ("Viking Distributors 2014"). The aggregate purchase price of these transactions as of January 31, 2014 was approximately \$44.5 million. This included \$6.0 million in forgiveness of liabilities owed to Viking resulting from pre-existing relationships with Viking.

The final allocation of cash paid for the Viking Distributors 2014 acquisition is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	(as initially reported) Jan 31, 2014	Measurement Period Adjustments	(as adjusted) Jan 31, 2014
Current assets	\$35,909	\$ (8,101)	\$27,808
Property, plant and equipment	2,000	(291)	1,709
Goodwill	7,552	8,647	16,199
Current liabilities	(1,005)	(255)	(1,260)
Net assets acquired and liabilities assumed	\$44,456	\$ —	\$44,456
Forgiveness of liabilities owed to Viking	(5,971)	_	(5,971)
Consideration paid at closing	\$38,485	\$ —	\$38,485

The goodwill is subject to the non-amortization provisions of ASC 350 and is allocated to the Residential Kitchen Equipment Group for segment reporting purposes. These assets are expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Process Equipment Solutions

On March 31, 2014, the company completed its acquisition of substantially all of the assets of Processing Equipment Solutions, Inc. ("PES"), a leading manufacturer of water jet cutting equipment for the food processing industry, for a purchase price of approximately \$15.0 million. An additional payment is also due upon the achievement of certain financial targets. During the third quarter of 2014, the company finalized the working capital provision provided by the purchase agreement resulting in no adjustment to the original purchase price.

The final allocation of cash paid for the PES acquisition is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	(as initially reported) Mar 31, 2014	Measurement Period Adjustments	(as adjusted) Mar 31, 2014
Current assets	\$2,211	\$ (153)	\$2,058
Property, plant and equipment	3,493	_	3,493
Goodwill	10,792	332	11,124
Other intangibles	1,600	18	1,618
Other assets	21	(21)	
Current liabilities	(816)		(816)
Other non-current liabilities	(2,301)	(176)	(2,477)
Consideration paid at closing	\$15,000	\$ —	\$15,000
Contingent consideration	2,301	176	2,477

Net assets acquired and liabilities assumed \$17,301 \$ 176 \$17,477

The goodwill is subject to the non-amortization provisions of ASC 350. Other intangibles includes \$1.0 million allocated to customer relationships, \$0.6 million allocated to developed technology and less than \$0.1 million allocated to backlog, which are being amortized over periods of 5 years, 5 years and 3 months, respectively. Goodwill and other intangibles of PES are allocated to the Food Processing Equipment Group for segment reporting purposes. These assets are expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

The PES purchase agreement includes an earnout provision providing for a contingent payment due to the sellers to the extent certain financial targets are exceeded. This earnout is payable within the first quarter of 2017, if PES exceeds certain sales targets for fiscal 2014, 2015 and 2016. The contractual obligation associated with the contingent earnout provision recognized on the acquisition date is \$2.5 million.

Concordia

On September 8, 2014, the company completed its acquisition of all of the capital stock of Concordia Coffee Company, Inc. ("Concordia"), a leading manufacturer of automated and self-service coffee and espresso machines for the commercial foodservice industry, for a purchase price of approximately \$12.5 million, net of cash acquired. During the first quarter of 2015, the company finalized the working capital provision provided by the purchase agreement resulting in a return from the seller of \$0.1 million.

The final allocation of cash paid for the Concordia acquisition is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	initially reported) Sep 8, 2014	Measuremen Period Adjustments	(as adjusted) Sep 8, 2014
Cash	\$345	\$ —	\$345
Current deferred tax asset		726	726
Current assets	3,767	(497)	3,270
Goodwill	11,255	(5,720)	5,535
Other intangibles	4,500	(1,200)	3,300
Long-term deferred tax asset	_	3,264	3,264
Current liabilities	(2,296)	(842)	(3,138)
Other non-current liabilities	(4,710)	4,189	(521)
Consideration paid at closing	\$12,861	\$ (80	\$12,781
Contingent consideration	4,710	(4,189)	521

Net assets acquired and liabilities assumed \$17,571 \$ (4,269) \$13,302

The current and long term deferred tax assets amounted to \$0.7 million and \$3.3 million, respectively. These net assets are comprised of \$4.1 million related to federal net operating loss carry forwards, \$1.1 million of assets arising from the difference between the book and tax basis of tangible asset and liability accounts, net of \$1.2 million of deferred tax liabilities related to the difference between the book and tax basis of identifiable intangible assets. Federal net operating loss carry forwards are subject to carry forward limitations for income tax purposes.

The goodwill and \$1.1 million of other intangibles associated with the trade name are subject to the non-amortization provisions of ASC 350. Other intangibles include \$2.2 million allocated to customer relationships, which is being amortized over a period of 10 years. Goodwill and other intangibles of Concordia are allocated to the Commercial Foodservice Equipment Group for segment reporting purposes. These assets are not expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

U-Line

On November 5, 2014, the company completed its acquisition of all of the capital stock of U-Line Corporation ("U-Line"), a leading manufacturer of premium residential built-in modular ice making, refrigeration and wine preservation products for the residential industry, for a purchase price of approximately \$142.0 million, net of cash acquired. During the first quarter of 2015, the company finalized the working capital provision provided by the purchase agreement resulting in a return from the seller of \$0.3 million.

The final allocation of cash paid for the U-Line acquisition is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	initially reported) Nov 5, 2014	Measurement Period Adjustments	(as adjusted) Nov 5, 2014
Cash	\$12,764	\$ —	\$12,764
Current deferred tax asset	657	114	771
Current assets	12,237	_	12,237
Property, plant and equipment	3,376		3,376
Goodwill	89,501	(8,000)	81,501
Other intangibles	57,500	17,700	75,200
Current liabilities	(6,032)	(1,973)	(8,005)
Long-term deferred tax liability	(13,095)	(4,657)	(17,752)
Other non-current liabilities	(2,111)	(3,459)	(5,570)

Net assets acquired and liabilities assumed \$154,797 \$ (275) \$154,522

The current deferred tax assets and long term deferred tax liabilities amounted to \$0.8 million and \$17.8 million, respectively. These net assets are comprised of \$5.7 million related to federal and state net operating loss carry forwards, \$1.5 million of assets arising from the difference between the book and tax basis of tangible asset and liability accounts, net of \$24.2 million of deferred tax liabilities related to the difference between the book and tax basis of identifiable intangible assets. Federal and state net operating loss carry forwards are subject to carry forward limitations for income tax purposes.

The goodwill and \$52.7 million of other intangibles associated with the trade name are subject to the non-amortization provisions of ASC 350. Other intangibles includes \$20.7 million allocated to customer relationships and \$1.8 million allocated to backlog, which are being amortized over a period of 6 years and 5 months, respectively. Goodwill and other intangibles of U-Line are allocated to the Residential Kitchen Equipment Group for segment reporting purposes. These assets are not expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Desmon

On January 7, 2015, the company completed its acquisition of all of the capital stock of Desmon Food Service Equipment Company ("Desmon"), a leading manufacturer of blast chillers and refrigeration for the commercial foodservice industry located in Nusco, Italy, for a purchase price of approximately \$13.5 million, net of cash acquired. An additional payment is also due upon the achievement of certain financial targets. During the fourth quarter of 2015, the company finalized the working capital provision provided by the purchase agreement resulting in a return from the seller of \$0.4 million.

The final allocation of cash paid for the Desmon acquisition is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	initially reported) Jan 7, 2015	Measurement Period Adjustments		(as adjusted) Jan 7, 2015
Cash	\$441	\$ (12)	\$429
Current deferred tax asset	535			535
Current assets	8,639	(1,105))	7,534
Property, plant and equipment	7,989			7,989
Goodwill	7,175	53		7,228
Other intangibles	3,129	(899))	2,230
Current liabilities	(8,668)	998		(7,670)
Long-term deferred tax liability	(2,389)	282		(2,107)
Other non-current liabilities	(2,463)	269		(2,194)
Consideration paid at closing	\$14,388	\$ (414)	\$13,974
Contingent consideration	2,416	(269))	2,147

Net assets acquired and liabilities assumed \$16,804 \$ (683) \$16,121

The current deferred tax assets and long term deferred tax liabilities amounted to \$0.5 million and \$2.1 million, respectively. These net liabilities are comprised of \$0.7 million of deferred tax liabilities related to the difference between the book and tax basis of identifiable intangible assets, \$1.1 million of liabilities arising from the difference between the book and tax basis of tangible asset and liability accounts, net of \$0.2 million of assets related to foreign net operating loss carry forwards.

The goodwill and \$1.3 million of other intangibles associated with the trade name are subject to the non-amortization provisions of ASC 350. Other intangibles also includes \$0.6 million allocated to customer relationships and \$0.3 million allocated to developed technology, which are to be amortized over periods of 9 years and 7 years, respectively. Goodwill and other intangibles of Desmon are allocated to the Commercial Foodservice Equipment Group for segment reporting purposes. These assets are not expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

The Desmon purchase agreement includes an earnout provision providing for a contingent payment due to the sellers to the extent certain financial targets are exceeded. This earnout is payable within the second quarter of each of the fiscal years 2016, 2017 and 2018, respectively, if Desmon exceeds certain sales targets for fiscal 2015, 2016 and 2017, respectively. The contractual obligation associated with the contingent earnout provision recognized on the acquisition date is \$2.1 million.

Goldstein Eswood

On January 30, 2015, the company completed its acquisition of substantially all of the assets of J. Goldstein & Co. Pty. Ltd. ("Goldstein") and Eswood Australia Pty. Ltd. ("Eswood" and together with Goldstein, "Goldstein Eswood") for a purchase price of approximately \$27.4 million. Goldstein is a leading manufacturer of cooking equipment including ranges, ovens, griddles, fryers and warming equipment and Eswood is a leading manufacturer of dishwashing equipment, both for the commercial foodservice industry and located in Smithfield, Australia. An additional payment is also due upon the achievement of certain financial targets. During the third quarter of 2015, the company finalized the working capital provision provided by the purchase agreement resulting in no adjustment to the original purchase price.

The final allocation of cash paid for the Goldstein acquisition is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	(as initially reported) Jan 30, 2015	Measurement Period Adjustments	(as adjusted) Jan 30, 2015
Current assets	\$8,036	\$ —	\$8,036
Property, plant and equipment	8,690	_	8,690
Goodwill	8,493	(2,727)	5,766
Other intangibles	5,648	3,113	8,761
Current liabilities	(1,806)	(202)	(2,008)
Other non-current liabilities	(1,655)	(184)	(1,839)
Consideration paid at closing	\$27,406	\$ —	\$27,406
Contingent consideration	1,655	183	1,838

Net assets acquired and liabilities assumed \$29,061 \$ 183 \$29,244

The goodwill and \$2.8 million of other intangibles associated with the trade name are subject to the non-amortization provisions of ASC 350. Other intangibles also includes \$5.9 million allocated to customer relationships and less than \$0.1 million allocated to backlog, which are to be amortized over periods of 7 years and 3 months, respectively. Goodwill and other intangibles of Goldstein Eswood are allocated to the Commercial Foodservice Equipment Group for segment reporting purposes. These assets are expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

The Goldstein Eswood purchase agreement includes an earnout provision providing for a contingent payment due to the sellers to the extent certain financial targets are exceeded. This earnout is payable within the second quarter of each of the fiscal years 2016 and 2017, respectively, if Goldstein Eswood exceeds certain sales targets for fiscal 2015 and 2016, respectively. The contractual obligation associated with the contingent earnout provision recognized on the acquisition date is \$1.8 million.

Marsal

On February 10, 2015, the company completed its acquisition of certain assets of Marsal & Sons, Inc. ("Marsal"), a leading manufacturer of deck ovens for the commercial foodservice industry, for a purchase price of approximately \$5.5 million. During the second quarter of 2015, the company finalized the working capital provision provided by the purchase agreement resulting in no adjustment to the purchase price.

The final allocation of cash paid for the Marsal acquisition is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	(as initially reported) Feb 10, 2015	Measu Period Adjust		(as adjusted) Feb 10, 2015	
Current assets	\$ 455	\$		\$ 455	
Property, plant and equipment	201	(6)	195	
Goodwill	3,012	6		3,018	
Other intangibles	2,027	_		2,027	
Current liabilities	(195)	_		(195)	

Net assets acquired and liabilities assumed \$5,500 \$ — \$5,500

The goodwill and \$1.3 million of other intangibles associated with the trade name are subject to the non-amortization provisions of ASC 350. Other intangibles also includes \$0.5 million allocated to customer relationships, \$0.1 million allocated to developed technology and less than \$0.1 million allocated to backlog, which are to be amortized over periods of 4 years, 5 years and 3 months, respectively. Goodwill and other intangibles of Marsal are allocated to the Commercial Foodservice Equipment Group for segment reporting purposes. These assets are expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Thurne

On April 7, 2015, the company completed its acquisition of certain assets of the High Speed Slicing business unit of Marel ("Thurne"), a leading manufacturer of slicing equipment for the food processing industry located in Norwich, United Kingdom, for a purchase price of approximately \$12.6 million. During the second quarter of 2015, the company finalized the working capital provision provided for by the purchase agreement resulting in a refund from the seller of \$2.7 million.

The final allocation of cash paid for the Thurne acquisition is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	(as initially reported) Apr 7, 2015	Measurement Period Adjustments	(as adjusted) Apr 7, 2015
Current assets	\$3,419	\$ (275)	\$ 3,144
Property, plant and equipment	3,334	_	3,334
Goodwill	609	2,378	2,987
Other intangibles	3,625	(2,024)	1,601
Current liabilities	(1,115)	_	(1,115)

Net assets acquired and liabilities assumed \$9,872 \$ 79 \$9,951

The goodwill and \$0.4 million of other intangibles associated with the trade name are subject to the non-amortization provisions of ASC 350. Other intangibles also includes \$0.6 million allocated to customer relationships, \$0.6 million allocated to developed technology and \$0.1 million allocated to backlog, which are to be amortized over periods of 9 years, 7 years, and 3 months, respectively. Goodwill and other intangibles of Thurne are allocated to the Food Processing Equipment Group for segment reporting purposes. These assets are expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Induc

On May 30, 2015, the company completed its acquisition of certain assets of the Induc Commercial Electronics Co. Ltd. ("Induc"), a leading manufacturer of induction cooking equipment for the commercial foodservice industry located in Qingdao, China, for a purchase price of approximately \$10.6 million. An additional deferred payment of approximately \$1.5 million is also due to the seller on the second anniversary of the acquisition. An additional payment is also due upon the achievement of certain financial targets. During the second quarter of 2016, the company finalized the working capital provision provided for by the purchase agreement resulting in an additional payment to the seller of \$0.2 million.

The final allocation of cash paid for the Induc acquisition is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	initially reported) May 30, 2015	Measureme Period Adjustment		(as adjusted) May 30, 2015
Current assets	\$1,705	\$ (325)	\$1,380
Property, plant and equipment	536	353		889
Goodwill	13,496	(979)	12,517
Other intangibles	1,500	(300)	1,200
Other assets	32	(32)	_
Current liabilities	(854)	854		_
Other non-current liabilities	(5,793)	586		(5,207)
Consideration paid at closing	\$10,622	\$ 157		\$10,779
Deferred payment Contingent consideration	1,516 4,276	(44 (541)	1,472 3,735

Net assets acquired and liabilities assumed \$16,414 \$ (428) \$15,986

The goodwill and \$0.5 million of other intangibles associated with the trade name are subject to the non-amortization provisions of ASC 350. Other intangibles also includes \$0.7 million allocated to customer relationships, which is to be amortized over a period of 9 years. Goodwill and other intangibles of Induc are allocated to the Commercial Foodservice Equipment Group for segment reporting purposes. These assets are expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

The Induc purchase agreement includes an earnout provision providing for a contingent payment due to the sellers to the extent certain financial targets are exceeded. This earnout is payable within the first quarter of each of the fiscal years 2018, 2019 and 2020, respectively, if Induc exceeds certain sales and earnings targets for fiscal 2017, 2018 and 2019, respectively. The contractual obligation associated with the contingent earnout provision recognized on the acquisition date is \$3.7 million.

AGA

On September 23, 2015, the company completed its acquisition of all of the capital stock of AGA Rangemaster Group plc ("AGA") a leading manufacturer of residential kitchen equipment including ranges, ovens and refrigeration for a purchase price of approximately \$184.7 million, net of cash acquired. AGA is headquartered in Leamington Spa, United Kingdom. During the fourth quarter of 2015, the company completed the purchase of the minority interest of an AGA subsidiary for approximately \$4.3 million.

The final allocation of cash paid for the AGA acquisition is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	initially reported) Sep 23, 2015	Measurement Period Adjustments	(as adjusted) Sep 23, 2015
Cash	\$15,316	\$ 1,013	\$16,329
Current assets	163,216	(27,193)	136,023
Property, plant and equipment	61,423	16,309	77,732
Goodwill	144,645	69,483	214,128
Other intangibles	190,000	(67,020)	122,980
Deferred tax asset	5,306	5,436	10,742
Other assets	1,573	978	2,551
Current portion long-term debt	(30,703)	21	(30,682)
Current liabilities	(147,279)	(11,360)	(158,639)
Long term debt	(138)	(89)	(227)
Long-term deferred tax liability			
Other non-current liabilities	(202,312)	12,422	(189,890)

Net assets acquired and liabilities assumed \$201,047 \$ — \$201,047

The long-term deferred tax asset amounted to \$10.7 million. These net assets are comprised of \$31.7 million of assets related to pension liabilities, \$2.4 million of assets related to federal net operating loss carry forwards and \$3.5 million of assets related to the difference between the book and tax basis of tangible assets and liability accounts, net of \$26.9 million of deferred tax liabilities related to the difference between the book and tax basis of identifiable intangible assets. Net operating loss carryforwards are subject to carryforward limitations.

The goodwill and \$89.9 million of other intangibles associated with the trade name are subject to the non-amortization provisions of ASC 350. Other intangibles also includes \$32.2 million allocated to customer relationships and \$0.8 million allocated to backlog, which are to be amortized over a period of 7 years and 3 months, respectively. Goodwill and other intangibles of AGA are allocated to the Residential Kitchen Equipment Group for segment reporting purposes. These assets are not expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Lynx

On December 15, 2015, the company completed its acquisition of all of the capital stock of Lynx Grills, Inc. ("Lynx"), a leading manufacturer of premium residential outdoor equipment located in Downey, California, for a purchase price of approximately \$84.0 million, net of cash acquired. During the third quarter of 2016, the company finalized the working capital provision provided for by the purchase agreement resulting in an additional payment to the seller of \$0.3 million.

The following estimated fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed are provisional and are based on the information that was available as of the acquisition date to estimate the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed (in thousands):

	(as initially reported) Dec 15, 2015	Preliminary Measurement Period Adjustments	(as adjusted) Dec 15, 2015
Cash	\$276	\$ —	\$276
Current deferred tax asset	467	1,319	1,786
Current assets	18,630	(296)	18,334
Property, plant and equipment	1,690		1,690
Goodwill	42,502	(86)	42,416
Other intangibles	39,800		39,800
Other assets	130		130
Current liabilities	(6,208)	(1,219)	(7,427)
Long term deferred tax liability	(12,589)	2,591	(9,998)
Other non-current liabilities	(666)	(2,023)	(2,689)

Net assets acquired and liabilities assumed \$84,032 \$ 286 \$84,318

The current deferred tax assets and long term deferred tax liabilities amounted to \$1.8 million and \$10.0 million, respectively. These net liabilities are comprised of \$14.0 million of deferred tax liabilities related to the difference between book and tax basis of identifiable intangible assets, net of \$4.2 million related to federal and state net operating loss carryforwards and \$1.6 million of assets arising from the difference between the book and tax basis of tangible assets and liability accounts. Federal and state net operating loss carryforwards are subject to carryforward limitations.

The goodwill and \$30.0 million of other intangibles associated with the trade name are subject to the non-amortization provisions of ASC 350. Other intangibles also includes \$9.0 million allocated to customer relationships and \$0.8 million allocated to backlog, which is to be amortized over a period of 5 years and 3 months respectively. Goodwill and other intangibles of Lynx are allocated to the Residential Kitchen Equipment Group for segment reporting purposes. These assets are not expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

The company believes that information gathered to date provides a reasonable basis for estimating the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed but the company is waiting for additional information necessary to finalize those fair values. Thus, the provisional measurements of fair value set forth above are subject to change. The company expects to complete the purchase price allocation as soon as practicable but no later than one year from the acquisition date.

Emico

On May 20, 2016, the company completed its acquisition of certain assets of Emico Automated Bakery Equipment Solutions ("Emico"), manufacturer of high speed dough make-up bakery equipment located in Sante Fe Springs, California, for a purchase price of approximately \$1.0 million. Additional deferred payments of approximately \$1.6 million in aggregate are also due to the seller during the two year period subsequent to the acquisition. The following estimated fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed are provisional and are based on the information that was available as of the acquisition date to estimate the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed (in thousands):

	(as initially reported) May 20, 2016	Preliminary Measureme Period Adjustment	ent	(as adjusted May 20, 2016	_
Current assets	\$ 746	(65)	681	
Goodwill	1,816	110		1,926	
Current liabilities	(934)	(27)	(961)
Other non-current liabilities	(628)	(18)	(646)
Consideration paid at closing	\$ 1,000	\$ —		\$ 1,000	
Deferred payments	1,559	45		1,604	

Net assets acquired and liabilities assumed \$2,559 \$ 45 \$2,604

The goodwill is subject to the non-amortization provisions of ASC 350 and is expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

The company believes that information gathered to date provides a reasonable basis for estimating the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed but the company is waiting for additional information necessary to finalize those fair values. Thus, the provisional measurements of fair value set forth above are subject to change. The company expects to complete the purchase price allocation as soon as practicable but no later than one year from the acquisition date.

Follett

On May 31, 2016, the company completed its acquisition of substantially all of the assets of Follett Corporation ("Follett"), a leading manufacturer of ice machines, ice and water dispensing equipment, ice storage and transport products and medical grade refrigeration products for the foodservice and healthcare industries headquartered in Easton, Pennsylvania, for a purchase price of approximately \$207.7 million, net of cash acquired. The purchase price is subject to adjustment based upon a working capital provision provided by the purchase agreement. The company expects to finalize this in the fourth quarter of 2016.

The following estimated fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed are provisional and are based on the information that was available as of the acquisition date to estimate the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed (in thousands):

	(as initially reported) May 31, 2016	Preliminary Measurement Period Adjustments	(as adjusted) May 31, 2016	
Cash	\$22,620	\$ 1,359	\$23,979	
Current assets	41,602	(124)	41,478	
Property, plant and equipment	19,868	_	19,868	
Goodwill	76,220	(463)	75,757	
Other intangibles	82,450	_	82,450	
Other assets	1,358	_	1,358	
Current liabilities	(11,779)	(772)	(12,551)	
Other non-current liabilities	(616)	_	(616)	

Net assets acquired and liabilities assumed \$231,723 \$ — \$231,723

The goodwill and \$55.0 million of other intangibles associated with the trade name are subject to the non-amortization provisions of ASC 350. Other intangibles also includes \$22.5 million allocated to customer relationships, \$4.5 million allocated to developed technology and \$0.5 million allocated to backlog, which are to be amortized over periods of 6 years, 6 years, and 3 months, respectively. These assets are expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

The company believes that information gathered to date provides a reasonable basis for estimating the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed but the company is waiting for additional information necessary to finalize those fair values. Thus, the provisional measurements of fair value set forth above are subject to change. The company expects to complete the purchase price allocation as soon as practicable but no later than one year from the acquisition date.

Pro Forma Financial Information

In accordance with ASC 805 "Business Combinations", the following unaudited pro forma results of operations for the nine months ended October 1, 2016 and October 3, 2015, assumes the 2015 acquisitions of Goldstein Eswood, Marsal, Thurne, Induc, AGA and Lynx and the 2016 acquisition of Follett were completed on January 4, 2015 (first day of fiscal year 2015). The following pro forma results include adjustments to reflect additional interest expense to fund the acquisitions, amortization of intangibles associated with the acquisitions, and the effects of adjustments made to the carrying value of certain assets (in thousands, except per share data):

	Nine Month	s Ended		
	October 1, October			
	2016	2015		
Net sales	\$1,738,535	\$1,716,740		
Net earnings	207,939	143,117		
Net earnings per share:				
Basic	3.65	2.51		
Diluted	3.65	2.51		

The supplemental pro forma financial information presented above has been prepared for comparative purposes and is not necessarily indicative of either the results of operations that would have occurred had the acquisitions of these companies been effective on January 4, 2015 nor are they indicative of any future results. Also, the pro forma financial information does not reflect the costs which the company has incurred or may incur to integrate Goldstein Eswood, Marsal, Thurne, Induc, AGA, Lynx and Follett.

3) Litigation Matters

From time to time, the company is subject to proceedings, lawsuits and other claims related to products, suppliers, employees, customers and competitors. The company maintains insurance to partially cover product liability, workers compensation, property and casualty, and general liability matters. The company is required to assess the likelihood of any adverse judgments or outcomes to these matters as well as potential ranges of probable losses. A determination of the amount of accrual required, if any, for these contingencies is made after assessment of each matter and the related insurance coverage. The required accrual may change in the future due to new developments or changes in approach such as a change in settlement strategy in dealing with these matters. The company does not believe that any pending litigation will have a material effect on its financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

4) Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In May 2014, the Financial Accounts Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers". This update amends the current guidance on revenue recognition related to contracts with customers. Under ASU No. 2014-09, an entity should recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. ASU No. 2014-09 also requires additional disclosure about the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts, including significant judgments and changes in judgments and assets recognized from costs incurred to obtain or fulfill a contract. In early 2016, the FASB issued additional updates: ASU No. 2016-10, 2016-11 and 2016-12. These updates provide further guidance and clarification on specific items within the previously issued update. In July 2015, the FASB decided to delay the effective date of the new revenue standard to be effective for interim and annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2017 for public companies. Companies may elect to adopt the standard at the original effective date which, for the company is, for interim and annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2016, but not earlier. The guidance can be applied using one of two retrospective application methods. The company is evaluating the impact the application of these ASU's will have, if any, on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-12, "Compensation - Stock Compensation". This update requires that a performance target that affects vesting and that could be achieved after the requisite service period be treated as a performance condition. As such, the performance target should not be reflected in estimating the grant date fair value of the award. This update is effective for annual and corresponding interim reporting periods beginning on or after December 15, 2015. The adoption of this guidance did not have an impact on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In January 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-01, "Income Statement - Extraordinary and Unusual Items". This update eliminates the concept of extraordinary items from the current guidance. This update is effective for annual and corresponding interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The adoption of this guidance did not have an impact on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-03, "Interest - Imputation of Interest: Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs", which requires debt issuance costs to be recorded as a direct reduction of the debt liability on the balance sheet rather than as an asset. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015. The new guidance was applied retrospectively to each prior period presented. The adoption of this guidance by the company did not result in a material reclassification of debt issuance costs.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-04, "Practical Expedient for the Measurement Date of an Employer's Defined Benefit Obligation and Plan Assets". This ASU is intended to provide a practical expedient for the measurement date of defined benefit plan assets and obligations. The practical expedient allows employers with fiscal year-end dates that do not fall on a calendar month-end (e.g., companies with a 52/53-week fiscal year) to measure pension and post-retirement benefit plan assets and obligations as of the calendar month-end date closest to the fiscal year-end. The FASB also provided a similar practical expedient for interim remeasurements for significant events. This ASU requires perspective application and is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015 and interim periods within those fiscal years. The adoption of this guidance did not have an impact on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-15, "Interest - Imputation of Interest" which relates to the presentation of debt issuance costs. This standard clarifies the guidance set forth in FASB ASU 2015-03, which required that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented on the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the debt liability rather than as an asset. The new pronouncement clarifies that debt issuance costs related to line-of-credit arrangements could continue to be presented as an asset and be subsequently amortized over the term of the line-of-credit arrangement, regardless of whether there are any outstanding borrowings on the arrangement. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on its consolidated balance sheets.

In July 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-11, "Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory," which is intended to simplify the subsequent measurement of inventories by replacing the current lower of cost or market test with a lower of cost and net realizable value test. The guidance applies only to inventories for which cost is determined by methods other than last-in first-out and the retail inventory method. Application of the standard, which should be applied prospectively, is required for the annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is permitted. The company is evaluating the impact the application of this ASU will have, if any, on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In September 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-16, "Business Combinations (Topic 805): Simplifying the Accounting for Measurement-Period Adjustments", which eliminates the requirement for an acquirer in a business combination to account for measurement-period adjustments retrospectively. Instead, acquirers must recognize measurement-period adjustments during the period in which they determine the amounts, including the effect on earnings of any amounts they would have recorded in previous periods if the accounting had been completed at the acquisition date. The ASU is effective for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The adoption of this guidance did not have an impact on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In November 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-17 "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes". The amendments in ASU 2015-17 simplify the accounting for, and presentation of, deferred taxes by eliminating the need to separately classify the current amount of deferred tax assets or liabilities. Instead, aggregated deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified and reported as non-current assets or liabilities. The update is effective for annual reporting periods, and interim periods within those reporting periods, beginning after December 15, 2016. The company early adopted ASU 2015-17 effective April 3, 2016 on a prospective basis. Adoption of this ASU resulted in a reclassification of the company's net current deferred tax asset to the net non-current deferred tax liability in the company's Consolidated Balance Sheet as of July 2, 2016. No prior periods were retrospectively adjusted.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)". The amendments under this pronouncement will change the way all leases with a duration of one year of more are treated. Under this guidance, lessees will be required to capitalize virtually all leases on the balance sheet as a right-of-use asset and an associated financing lease liability or capital lease liability. The right-of-use asset represents the lessee's right to use, or control the use of, a specified asset for the specified lease term. The lease liability represents the lessee's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease, measured on a discounted basis. Based on certain characteristics, leases are classified as financing leases or operating leases. Financing lease liabilities, those that contain provisions similar to capitalized leases, are amortized like capital leases are under current accounting, as amortization expense and interest expense in the statement of operations. Operating lease liabilities are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease as lease expense in the statement of operations. This update is effective for annual reporting periods, and interim periods within those reporting periods, beginning after December 15, 2018. The company is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on its policies and procedures pertaining to its existing and future lease arrangements, disclosure requirements and on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-05, "Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Effect of Derivative Contract Novations on Existing Hedge Accounting Relationships". The amendments in ASU 2016-05 clarify that a change in the counterparty to a derivative instrument that has been designated as the hedging instrument under Topic 815 does not, in and of itself, require dedesignation of the hedging relationship provided that all other hedge accounting criteria continue to be met. The amendments in this update may be applied on either a prospective basis or a modified retrospective basis. This ASU is effective for annual reporting periods, and interim periods with those reporting periods, beginning after December 15, 2016. The company is evaluating the impact the application of this ASU will have, if any, on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-09, "Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718)". The amendments in ASU-09 simplify the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. This ASU is effective for annual reporting periods, and interim periods with those reporting periods, beginning after December 15, 2016. The company is evaluating the impact the application of this ASU will have, if any, on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-15, "Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments". The amendments in ASU-15 address eight specific cash flow classification issues to reduce current and potential future diversity in practice. This ASU is effective for annual reporting periods, and interim periods with those reporting periods, beginning after December 15, 2017. The company is evaluating the impact the application of this ASU will have, if any, on the company's cash flows.

In October 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-16, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory". The amendments in ASU-16 prohibits the recognition of current and deferred income taxes for an intra-entity asset transfer other than inventory until the asset has been sold to an outside party. This ASU is effective for annual reporting periods, and interim periods with those reporting periods, beginning after December 15, 2017. The company is evaluating the impact the application of this ASU will have, if any, on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

5) Other Comprehensive Income

The company reports changes in equity during a period, except those resulting from investments by owners and distributions to owners, in accordance with ASC 220, "Comprehensive Income".

Changes in accumulated other comprehensive income(1) were as follows (in thousands):

	•		Currency Translation Adjustment			Ga Int	realize in/(Lo erest te Swa	ss)	Total	
Balance as of January 2, 2016			\$ (52,842)	\$(23,579)	\$	9		\$(76,412)
Other comprehensive income before	re reclassification		(40,169)	4,351	(53)	3)	(35,871)
Amounts reclassified from accumu income	lated other compre	ehensive	_		_	123	3		123	
Net current-period other comprehen	nsive income		\$ (40,169)	\$4,351	\$	70		\$(35,748)
Balance as of October 1, 2016			\$ (93,011)	\$(19,228)	\$	79		\$(112,160))

⁽¹⁾ Pension and interest rate swap amounts are net of tax.

Components of other comprehensive income were as follows (in thousands)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Mont	hs Ended
	Oct 1,	Oct 3,	Oct 1,	Oct 3,
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Net earnings	\$75,851	\$48,825	\$203,280	\$141,323
Currency translation adjustment	(20,194)	(13,564)	(40,169)	(22,686)
Pension liability adjustment, net of tax	(505)	17	4,351	42
Unrealized gain on interest rate swaps, net of tax	193	(201)	70	(371)
Comprehensive income	\$55,345	\$35,077	\$167,532	\$118,308

6) Inventories

Inventories are composed of material, labor and overhead and are stated at the lower of cost or market. Costs for inventories at two of the company's manufacturing facilities have been determined using the last-in, first-out ("LIFO") method. These inventories under the LIFO method amounted to \$44.6 million at October 1, 2016 and \$35.6 million at January 2, 2016 and represented approximately 11.6% and 10.1% of the total inventory at each respective period. The amount of LIFO reserve at October 1, 2016 and January 2, 2016 was not material. Costs for all other inventory have been determined using the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method. The company estimates reserves for inventory obsolescence and shrinkage based on its judgment of future realization. Inventories at October 1, 2016 and January 2, 2016 are as follows:

	Oct 1,	Jan 2,
	2016	2016
	(in thousa	nds)
Raw materials and parts	\$162,968	\$139,117
Work-in-process	34,816	34,771
Finished goods	187,660	180,262
-	\$385,444	\$354,150

7)Goodwill

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the nine months ended October 1, 2016 are as follows (in thousands):